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# Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIV

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1919

NUMBER 46

## MUST GET BLANKS FOR SOFT DRINKS

Blanks to be issued by persons and firms in reporting taxes collected on ice cream, soft drinks, etc., can be had by writing the Internal Revenue office at Milwaukee. Attention is called to the fact that a separate report must be rendered for the months of May and June. The two months should not be included in one report. The Act of December 17th, 1914 as amended by the Act of February 24th, 1919, permits the furnishing of narcotic drugs by means of prescriptions issued by a practitioner for medical uses, but the Supreme Court of the United States has held that an order for morphine issued to an habitual user thereof, not in the course of professional treatment in an attempted cure for the habit, but for the purpose of providing the user with morphine sufficient to keep him comfortable by maintaining his customary use, is not a prescription within the meaning and intent of the Act. In view of the decision the writer of the order, the druggist who fills it, and the person obtaining drugs thereunder, are all to be regarded as guilty of violating the law.

## BILL GRANTING ADDITIONAL PAY TO ENLISTED MEN

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that every person who has served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the war with Germany between April 6, 1917 and November 11, 1918, who has or may hereafter resign or has been or may be honorably discharged or placed on inactive duty, shall be paid, in addition to all other pay and allowances a sum equal to one month's pay for each month, half month or major part of a month, served, to the time of such resignation, discharge or retirement to inactive duty, such pay to be at the highest rate allowed such person on and between the dates above mentioned: Provided, That in no case shall payment be made for one year's nor in any amount exceeding \$1000: Provided further, That the additional pay herein provided for shall not be given to any person whose base pay at any time between the dates mentioned exceeded \$2,400 per annum: Provided further, That any person who is in the military or naval service after this Act takes effect, and who served on or between, the dates above specified and who shall have completed one year of service and is in honorable standing shall be entitled to the additional pay herein provided for in the same manner as though he had been discharged, or had resigned, or been placed on inactive duty at the end of such year.

## KNIFE OFTEN USED UNNECESSARILY

Wrong Diagnosis Often Cause of Reckless Use of Knife.

Entirely too many operations are performed now a days. A simple pain in the abdomen is often pronounced appendicitis, a costly and hasty operation is performed, when in reality there is not the slightest trace of appendicitis found after the sufferer is opened up.

Think of the suffering that could have been avoided, the money saved, and health easily restored, had the right diagnosis been made.

The thorough examination Dr. Karass the well known specialist in Chronic and long standing diseases, makes in each case does away with all the dangers of a mistake. Dr. Karass treats without operation gonorrhea, gall stones, piles, rupture, chronic appendicitis, tumors, and special diseases of women. The doctor also treats diseases of the heart, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, skin, brain, rheumatism, epilepsy, paralysis, catarrh, asthma, deafness, head noises, weak lungs, stomach trouble, bloating, headaches and special diseases. Examination free to all who call. Dr. Karass is in his office in the Republican House, Kewaskum, Wis., every Wednesday. Hours 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.—Adv.

## MILL WILL BE CLOSED

As my mill will be closed for about three weeks after July 23, in order to make necessary repairs, all who wish grinding done should bring in their grain at once, as during the repairs I will not be able to do any grinding. John F. Schrauth.

## Local Overflow

Masters Harvey, Raymond and Sylvester Oppenorth are spending a week with the Jacob Fox family near Campbellsport. —And. Diehls and wife, son Gustave and family of Lomira visited with the John H. Martin family and with Mr. and Mrs. And. Martin and other friends. —John Urban, son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Urban, arrived here this week from overseas duties. He has been honorably discharged from military service. —Ferdinand Raether and daughters Theresa and Esther left Friday for Milwaukee, where they attended the funeral of James Murphy on Saturday forenoon. —Mr. and Mrs. John M. Ockenfels left Thursday morning for Fort Smith, Arkansas, where they will visit several weeks with the former's brothers. —T. F. Flanagan and family and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sullivan and Mrs. Anna Dengel of Campbellsport were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Campbell last Sunday. —Since the peace terms were signed by Germany the ban on mail has been lifted to that country. This order issued by Postmaster General Burleson goes into effect at once.

—Mrs. John Guenther of Wayne visited with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Eberle last week Friday. While here she also called on John H. Martin and family and Mr. and Mrs. And. Martin. —Mr. and Mrs. Albert Oppenorth, son Marcellus and daughters Dorothy and Mildred spent Wednesday and Thursday at Milwaukee. Master Marcellus remained for several weeks' stay. —Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dunst, sons William and Arthur and daughter Marie and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Martin and son Lester of West Bend spent Sunday with John H. Martin and family and with Mr. and Mrs. And. Martin.

FOUND—Between the L. Rosenheimer warehouse and A. G. Koch warehouse on railroad track in this village, on Thursday, a key with the number of 54 upon it. Owner can recover same by calling at this office and paying for this ad. —Mrs. A. C. Backus of Milwaukee spent Wednesday evening with her mother, Mrs. Charlotte Hausmann. She left Thursday morning for Fond du Lac accompanied by her mother, where three of her children, Charlotte, Lucy and August Jr., had their tonsils removed at the St. Agnes hospital. All of them are getting along very nicely.

## VALLEY VIEW

Earl Tuttle of De Pere spent the past week with relatives and friends here.

Harold Johnson and sister, Bernice transacted business at Campbellsport Tuesday.

Miss Agatha Wietor of South Eden called on the James Ayers family last Sunday afternoon.

Messrs. William and Albert Baumhardt of West Eden were Sunday callers in this vicinity.

Miss Ethel Norton was a Sunday afternoon caller at the Fred Seefeld home in South Eden.

The William Brietzke and Charles Seefeld families attended the Byron Camp meeting Sunday.

Mrs. August Brietzke and son Hugo were entertained at the Edward Teske home in Lamartine Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schommer and family of Milwaukee were week-end guests of the M. F. Devine family.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Norton and family were Sunday evening guests of the Sheldon Tuttle family in Auburn.

Leonard Knickel and daughter, Mrs. Louis Tuttle of River View were business callers at George Johnson's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell of North Ashford visited their daughter, Mrs. Frank Ketter and family here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vohs and son Arthur of North Ashford called on Mr. and Mrs. Frank Murray here Sunday evening.

Mrs. J. N. Schommer returned from Menomonee, Wis., Monday and will make her future home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mullen.

Mr. and Mrs. William Brietzke and family, Mrs. G. H. Johnson and the Misses Monica, Geraldine and Kathryn Klotz were Sunday evening callers at the Frank Murray home at Hillside.

## STRUCK BY TRAIN

### DIES FROM INJURIES

The citizens of Kewaskum received a shock this week, when news reached here that James H. Murphy of Milwaukee, a well known conductor on the Chicago & North Western Railway, was struck by a passenger train on Tuesday morning at about 10:30 o'clock near Huron street, Milwaukee. Mr. Murphy was struck while he was walking past an engine standing on the track which blew off steam and no doubt was the cause of the unfortunate man not hearing or seeing the approaching passenger train which was pulling into Milwaukee from Chicago. Murphy was picked up unconscious and immediately taken to the Milwaukee hospital where it was learned that his skull was fractured, and that his condition was serious. The best of medical care was given him in the hope of saving his life, but to no avail for he never regained consciousness and passed away at 3:30 o'clock. Mr. Murphy was born on July 12th, 1884, at Milwaukee, and had attained the age of 35 years and 4 days. When 20 years of age he entered the employment of the Chicago & North Western Railway as a brakeman for which company he performed his duties in a faithful and efficient manner, working his way up to the responsible position of conductor, which position he held at the time of his death. In May 1913 he was married to Miss Amanda Raether, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Raether of this village. No children were born of this union. He leaves to mourn besides his grief stricken wife three sisters and one brother, namely: Kathryn (Mrs. Frank Weber), Mrs. Mamie Cook, Nellie (Mrs. Peter Vaughn) and John, all residing at Milwaukee.

## THROWN FROM MOTOR CYCLE

While on his way to Fond du Lac via the Eden road, with his motor cycle, last week Saturday night, Less Norton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Norton, residing two miles north of Campbellsport suffered the fracture of three ribs, and severe bruises about the body, when he was thrown from the machine. The motor cycle struck a deep rut and turned over throwing him to one side. He will be confined to his home for several weeks.

## NEW BUSINESS FOR THIS VILLAGE

### YOUNG MEN IN BAD AUTO SMASHUP

What probably is considered one of the best moves that has ever been made toward the interest of the cheese business in this community, was pulled off last week when B. Schriber, wholesale cheese dealer of Sheboygan, decided to place a warehouse in this village for the purpose of storing and shipping cheese. Part of the L. Rosenheimer warehouse, located near the malt house has been rented, and equipped with a parapine tank, storing and shipping room. Otto Hammen of Sheboygan has been engaged to take charge of the warehouse, and will take care of all cheese brought to him. Ernest Slyfield, also of Sheboygan will do the buying for Mr. Schriber. The placing of a warehouse in this village by Mr. Schriber was made necessary on account of too much cheese being spoiled while being shipped from Kewaskum to Sheboygan. It is said that cheese shipped from this village on Tuesdays would not reach the warehouse until the following Monday, during which time hundreds of dollars worth of cheese would be spoiled with each shipment. With a warehouse in this village cheese makers can bring their cheese to said place at any time during the forepart of the week instead of one particular day as heretofore, and loading it into a car. When a carload has been received it will be shipped direct to the eastern market. One carload of 25,000 pounds was shipped from here last week, and indications are that the amount of cheese brought here will rapidly increase. Mr. Hammen informed us that it is the intentions of Mr. Schriber to erect a large warehouse in this village as soon as business will warrant it.

## AMUSEMENT

Sunday, July 20—Sunday School Picnic in Mrs. Chas. Koch's grove Beechwood. Good music will be furnished. All are cordially invited to attend.

Sunday, July 20—Sunday School Picnic in Mrs. Chas. Koch's grove, Beechwood, Wis. Good music will be furnished. All are invited to attend.

Monday, July 21st—Grand Soldiers' Ball, Gilboy's Hall, Dundee, Wis. Music will be furnished by Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton.

Sunday, July 21st—Grand dance in the North Side Park hall. Music by the famous Biel Girl orchestra of Beaver Dam. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Sunday, Aug. 10—Grand dance at the South Side Park hall. Music by the Biel Girl's orchestra of Beaver Dam. All are invited to attend.

Sunday Aug. 17th., Grand Picnic and Dance at the North Side Park. Amusements and games of all kinds will be on hand. Music during the afternoon will be furnished by the West Bend Brass Band. While in the evening Pat Netzlers Orchestra will be up things for the dancers.

## LIGHTNING STRIKES RESIDENCE

During the heavy electrical storm which passed over this section last Sunday night, lightning struck the residence of Barney Demarest, located on lower Fond du Lac Ave., The bolt struck the chimney, and traveled along the rafters of the roof. The chimney and the north side of the building were damaged. The loss will amount to several hundred dollars. Mr. and Mrs. Demarest escaped injury.

## THE JOY OF LIVING

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.

## WHAT THE WAR HAS COST

The following is an account of the amount spent by all nations involved in the world war: Human lives in battle, 7,582,000; cash between \$180,000,000,000 and \$195,000,000,000; number of ships 620 with tonnage of 1,882,125; merchant ships, a total dead weight tonnage of 26,005,383; property damage due to battle devastation and troop movements, \$22,000,000,000.

## Metric Denominations.

The metric denominations and values for measures of capacity are as follows: Kiloliter or stere, 1,000 liters, equals one cubic meter; hectoliter, 100 liters, equals one-tenth of a cubic meter; dekoliter, ten liters, equals ten cubic decimeters; liter, equals one-tenth of a cubic decimeter; centiliter, one one-hundredth of a liter, equals ten cubic centimeters; milliliter, equals one-thousandth of a liter, equals one cubic centimeter.

## FIVE CORNERS

### MATINEE RACES AT WEST BEND

The second of a series of matinee races arranged by the West Bend Driving association will be held at West Bend on Sunday, July 20. It is hoped that more interest will be taken at these races, as a new feature has been added to the contest, for the businessmen and manufacturers of West Bend have donated prizes which will be awarded to the winners. The following horses will race in the different classes. CLASS A.—Pace or Trot. Lulu Harvester, by The Harvester. O'Meara Sweet Pay Today by Lay All Up. Pfeifer Queen Oakley by Oakley D. Schwinn Randall W. by Wotan. Lynch First prize, silver cup, donated by West Bend Lithia Co. Second prize, blanket, donated by West Bend Woolen Mills. Third prize, racing halter, donated by A. C. Fuge Hardware Co. Fourth prize, water pail and sponge donated by A. G. Langenbach. CLASS B. Pace and Trot. Klatswell by Klatswah. Huber Mabel S. by Lone Eddie. Schultz Irish Idol by Wilkes Boy. Schactzel First prize, racing bridle, donated by A. G. Schnepf. Second prize, blanket, donated by West Bend Woolen Mills. Third prize, racing whip, donated by George Koch. CLASS C. Pace or Trot. Trampola by Tramp Medium. Present Mark Tell. Eberle Dr. S. Klemk Kitty Knox. Werner Lary M. Klippel First prize, blanket donated by West Bend Woolen Mills. Second prize, bag of oats, donated by Pick Brothers Co. Third prize, driving cap, donated by The Poul Mercantile Co. Fourth prize, curry comb and brush, donated by John W. Barnes. Fifth prize, barn fork, donated by Ed. J. Theilmann. The races will start promptly at two P. M.

## ASHFORD

Miss Martina Thelen is visiting relatives at Wausau.

Miss Angeline Raffenstein is spending a month at Chicago.

The Misses Schill of Edgar visited relatives here recently.

John Strum of Waukesha spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wenzel Janous and son Joe spent Sunday at Milwaukee.

Mike Serwe and family spent Sunday at St. Cloud with the Peter Braun family.

Mrs. Schwab of Milwaukee spent the past week with the A. Krudwig family.

Misses Josephine and Loretta Fox are visiting with their brother Louis Fox and wife.

Dr. Nick Mauel returned to La Crosse after a two weeks' vacation at his home here.

Misses Anna, Loretta and Agnes Schill of Milwaukee spent Sunday at their home here.

Dr. Calray of Fond du Lac and Dr. Raymond of Brownsville spent Tuesday here on business.

Miss Flora Bodden spent the past two weeks with the W. P. Schaefer family at Campbellsport.

Miss Julia Jaeger returned to her home in Chicago after several days' visit with her mother here.

Mr. Bartelt, Alf Serwe and Arnold Krudwig and son John spent Monday at Oshkosh and Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mauel and daughter Eleanor of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with the Leonard Hall family.

Mrs. Peter Jaeger, who underwent an operation at St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac some time ago is slowly recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schmitt and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. George Theison of Elmore spent Sunday here with relatives.

Misses Leona and Olive Theleu and Misses Mayme and Heln Jaeger of Campbellsport spent Tuesday here with relatives.

Mrs. Wm. Mauel and Mrs. Joe Berg will leave Saturday morning for a visit with relatives at Auburndale, Stratford and Colby.

Dr. and Mrs. Frank Weber returned from their wedding trip and are at present with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mauel.

Miss Kate Emmer and Miss Anna Kahut and Mr. and Mrs. German and daughter of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mrs. Barbara Kahut.

## DEMURRAGE RATES TO BE REDUCED.

General Hines, director of the railroads, has made an announcement to the public that there will be a reduction of demurrage rates for obtaining cars to take effect July 20. After which the charge for either loaded or empty cars will be \$2 per day for each of the first four days, and \$5 per day for each succeeding day. Present charges are \$3 per day for the first four days, \$6 a day for each of the next three days, and \$10 per day thereafter. Heretofore however, no charge has been made for cars detained for loading.

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Doing easily what others find difficult is talent; doing what is impossible for talent is genius.—Amiel.

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If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended to those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

GREEN FANCY by GEORGE BARR Mc CUTCHEON Author of "GRAUSTARK," "THE HOLLOW OF HER HAND," "THE PRINCE OF GRAUSTARK," ETC.

"SHE CAN DO NO WRONG"

Synopsis.—Thomas K. Barnes, a wealthy young New Yorker, on a walking trip in New England near the Canadian border, is given a lift in an automobile by a mysterious and attractive girl bound for a house called Green Fancy. At Hart's tavern Barnes finds a stranded troupe of "barn-storming" actors, of which Lyndon Rushcroft is the star and "Miss Thackeray" the leading lady. He learns Green Fancy is a house of mystery. That night Andrew Roan and his servant, guests at the tavern, are shot near Green Fancy. Barnes comes under suspicion and stays to help clear up the double murder. He gets into the Green Fancy grounds; meets the mysterious girl, who gives him the cut direct, and is politely ejected by O'Dowd, an interesting adventurer. Enter at the tavern another man of mystery, Sprouse, "book agent." Barnes visits Green Fancy with the sheriff and stays to dinner. Enter still another mysterious personage, "Loeb," secretary to Curtis, owner of Green Fancy, who does not appear because of illness. Barnes again meets "Miss Cameron," the mysterious girl, who is a ravishing beauty in evening dress. She is a prisoner and secretly appeals to him for help. Sprouse reveals himself as a secret service man.

CHAPTER XI—Continued.

"The dance you say," cried Barnes, "we will get right down to tacks." Sprouse, "My government—which isn't yours, by the way—sent me up here five weeks ago on a certain undertaking. I am supposed to find out what is hatching up at Green Fancy. Having satisfied myself that you are not connected with the gang up there I cheerfully place myself in your hands, Mr. Barnes. You were at Green Fancy last night. So was I. You had an advantage over me, however, for you were on the inside and I was not."

"Confound your impudence! I—" "One of my purposes in revealing myself to you, Mr. Barnes, is to warn you to steer clear of that crowd. You may find yourself in exceedingly hot water later on if you don't. Another purpose, and the real one, is to secure, if possible, your co-operation in beating the game up there. You can help me, and in helping me you may be instrumental in righting one of the gravest wrongs the world has ever known."

"Will you be good enough, Mr. Sprouse, to tell me just what you are trying to get at? I know nothing whatever against Mr. Curtis and his friends. You assume a great deal—that you don't know anything against them, but you suspect a whole lot. To begin with, you suspect that two men were shot to death because they were in wrong with someone at Green Fancy. Now I could tell you who these two men really were and why they were shot. But I shan't do anything of the sort—at least not at present."

Barnes was impressed. "Perhaps you will condescend to tell me who you are, Mr. Sprouse. I am very much in the dark." "I am a special agent—but not a spy—of a government that is friendly to yours. I am known in Washington. My credentials are not to be questioned. At present it would be unwise for me to reveal the name of my government. I dare say if I could afford to trust you, Mr. Barnes, you can afford to trust me. There is too much at stake for me to take the slightest chance with any man. I am ready to chance you, sir, if you will do the same by me."

were under suspicion until I hung up the receiver, I may say. "Jones has been talking to you," said Barnes. "But you said a moment ago that you were up at Green Fancy last night. Not by invitation, I take it."

"I invited myself," said Sprouse succinctly. "Are you inclined to favor my proposition?" "You haven't made one." "My suggestion, Mr. Barnes. It is quite impossible for me to get inside that house. You appear to have the entire. You are working in the dark, guessing at everything. I am guessing at nothing. By combining forces we should bring this thing to a head, and—"

"Just a moment. You expect me to abuse the hospitality of—" "I shall have to speak plainly, I see." He leaned forward, fixing Barnes with a pair of steady, earnest eyes. "Six months ago a certain royal house in Europe was despoiled of its jewels, its privy seal, its most precious state documents and its charter. They have been traced to the United States. I am here to recover them. That is the foundation of my story, Mr. Barnes."

"Without divulging the name of the house I will say that its sympathies have been from the outset friendly to the entente allies—especially with France. There are two branches of the ruling family, one in power, the other practically in exile. The state is a small one, but its integrity is of the highest. Its sons and daughters have married into the royal families of nearly all of the great nations of the continent. The present—or I should say, the late ruler, for he died on a field of battle not many months ago, had no direct heir. He was young and unmarried. I am not permitted to state with what army he was fighting, nor on which front he was killed. It is only necessary to say that his little state was gobbled up by the Teutonic allies. The branch of the family mentioned as being in exile lent its support to the cause of Germany, not for moral reasons but in the hope and with the understanding, I am to believe, that the crown lands would be the reward. The direct heir to the crown is a cousin of the late prince. He is now a prisoner of war in Austria. Other members of the family are held by the Bulgarians as prisoners of war. It is not stretching the imagination very far to picture them as already dead and out of the way. At the close of the war, if Germany is victorious, the crown will be placed upon the head of the pretender branch. Are you following me?"

"Yes," said Barnes, his nerves tingling. He was beginning to see a great light. "Almost under the noses of the forces left by the Teutonic allies to hold the invaded territory the crown jewels, charter and so forth, heretofore mentioned, as they say in legal parlance, were surreptitiously removed from the palace and spirited away by persons loyal to the ruling branch of the family. As I have stated, I am engaged in the effort to recover them."

"Now we come to the present situation. Some months ago a member of the aforesaid royal house arrived in this country by way of Japan. He is a distant cousin of the crown, and in a way remotely looked upon as the heir apparent. Later on he sequestered himself in Canada. Our agents in Europe learned but recently that while he pretends to be loyal to the ruling house he is actually scheming against it. I have been ordered to run him to earth, for there is every reason to believe that the man who secured the treasure have been duped into regarding him as the avowed champion of the crown. Now, Mr. Barnes, without telling you how I have arrived at the conclusion, I am prepared to state that I believe this man to be at Green Fancy, and that in time the loot—to use a harsh word—will be delivered to him there. I am here to get it, one way or another, when that comes to pass."

"What led you to suspect that he is at Green Fancy, Mr. Sprouse?" "History. It is known that this Mr. Curtis has spent a great deal of time in the country allied to. As a matter of fact, his son, who lived in London, had rather extensive business interests there. This son was killed in the Balkan war several years ago. It is said that the man I am looking for was a friend of young Curtis, who married a Miss O'Dowd to London—the honorable Miss O'Dowd, daughter of an Irish peer and sister of the chap you have met at Green Fancy. About six weeks ago a former quarry in the royal household arrived in New York. Through him I learned that the daughter of the gentleman in whose house the senior Mr. Curtis was a frequent guest had been in the United States since some time prior to the beginning

of the war. She was visiting friends in the States and has been unable to return to her own land, for reasons that must be obvious. I may as well confess that her father was, by marriage, an uncle of the late ruler.

"Since the invasion and overthrow of her country by the Teutonic allies she has been endeavoring to raise money here for the purpose of equipping and supporting the remnants of the small army that fought so valiantly in defense of the crown. These men, a few thousand only, are at present interned in a neutral country. I leave you to guess what will happen if she succeeds in supplying them with arms and ammunition. Her work is being carried on with the greatest secrecy. To bring the story to a close, I was instructed to keep close watch on the man O'Dowd. I traced him to this place. I was on the point of reporting to my superiors that he was in no way associated with the much-sought-after crown-coin, and that Green Fancy was as free from taint as the village chapel, when out of a clear sky and almost under my very nose two men were mysteriously done away with at the very gates of the place. The killing of those two men changed the aspect completely. You will certainly agree with me after I have explained to you that the one known as Andrew Roan was no other than the equerry who had undertaken to find the young woman."

Barnes drew a long breath. His mind was made up. He had decided to pool issues with the secret agent, but not until he was convinced that the result of their co-operation would in no way inflict a hardship upon the young woman who had appealed to him for help. He was certain that she was the fair propagandist described by Sprouse.

"And the young woman, what of her? She would, in any case, be held for examination and—"

"My dear sir, I may as well tell you now that she is a loyal subject, and far from being in bad grace at court, is an object of extreme solicitude to the ambassador. From what I can gather she has disappeared completely. Roan was sent over here for the sole purpose of finding her and inducing her to return with him to Paris."

"And to take the treasure with her, I suppose," said Barnes dryly. "Naturally." "Well," began Barnes, introducing a harsh note into his voice, "I should

"Six Months Ago a Royal House Was Despoiled of Its Crown Jewels, Seal and Charter." "I am perfectly aware of that, but it won't do any harm to ask them, will it?" Barnes chuckled. "I see. Establishing myself as an innocent bystander, eh?" "Get O'Dowd on the telephone and ask him if they can come," said Sprouse.

"But there is Jones to consider. The telephone is in his office. What will he think?" "Jones is all right," said Sprouse briefly. "Come along. You can call up from my room." He grinned slyly. "Such a thing as tapping the wire, you know?" Sprouse had installed a telephone in his room, carrying a wire upstairs from an attachment made in the cellar of the Tavern. He closed the door to his little room on the top floor.

"That's just what I want to be sure about," he said. "It was my way of finding out your intentions concerning her." "What do you mean?" "Come with me to my room," said Barnes, suppressing his excitement. "I think I can tell you where she is—and a great deal more that you ought to know." In the little room upstairs he told the whole story. The little man listened without so much as a single word of interruption or interjection. Somewhat breathlessly Barnes came to the end. "And now, Mr. Sprouse, what do you make of it all?" he inquired. Sprouse leaned back in his chair, suddenly relaxing. "I am completely satisfied," he said, and Barnes looked at him in surprise. "By Jove, I thought it would all be as clear as day to you. Here is your man and also your woman, and the traveling bag full of—"

the Canadian line, and why the mobilization? I refer to his army of huskies." "Heirs apparent usually have some sort of a bodyguard, don't they?" Sprouse was staring thoughtfully at the ceiling. When he finally lowered his eyes it was to favor Barnes with a deep inscrutable smile. "I dare say the first thing for me to do is to advise the Canadian authorities to keep a sharp lookout along the border."

CHAPTER XII. The First Wayfarer Accepts an Invitation. Barnes insisted that the first thing to be considered was the release of Miss Cameron. "If we can't think of any other way to get her out of this devilish predicament, Sprouse, I shall apply to Washington for help."

"And he laughed at my friend," said the secret agent. "It is not a matter for the government to meddle in at all." "Well, something has to be done at once," said Barnes doggedly. "She is depending on me. If you could have seen the light that leaped into her glorious eyes when I—"

"Yes, I know. I've heard she is quite a pretty girl. You needn't—" "Quite a pretty girl!" exclaimed Barnes. "Why, she is the loveliest thing that God ever created. She has the face of—"

"I am beginning to understand O'Dowd's interest in her, Mr. Barnes. He has probably fallen in love with her with as little difficulty as you have experienced, and almost as expeditiously. He has seen a little more of her than you, but—"

"Don't talk nonsense. I'm not in love with her." "Can you speak with equal authority for Mr. O'Dowd? He is a very susceptible Irishman, I am told." "I don't believe he will get much encouragement from her, Mr. Sprouse," said Barnes stiffly.

"If she is as clever as I think she is she will encourage him tremendously. I would if I were in her place. Mr. O'Dowd is only human. He isn't immune." "I catch the point, Mr. Sprouse," said Barnes, rather gloomily. He did not like to think of the methods that might have to be employed in the subjugation of Mr. O'Dowd. "There is a rather important question I'd like to ask. Is she even remotely eligible to her country's throne?" "Remotely, yes," said Sprouse. "So remotely that she could marry a chap like O'Dowd without giving much thought to future complications?" "She'd be just as safe in marrying O'Dowd as she would in marrying you," was Sprouse's unsatisfactory response. The man's brow was wrinkled in thought. "See here, Mr. Barnes, I am planning a visit to Green Fancy tonight. How would you like to accompany me?"

"I'd like nothing better," said Barnes, with enthusiasm. "Will you agree to obey instructions? I can't have you muddling things up, you know." "The grounds are carefully guarded," said Barnes, after they had discussed the project for some time. "Miss Cameron is constantly under the watchful eye of one or more of the crowd."

"I know. I passed a couple of them last night," said Sprouse calmly. "By the way, don't you think it would be very polite of you to invite the Green Fancy party over here to have an old-fashioned country dinner with you tonight?" "It would be unwise, Mr. Sprouse. They will not come." "I am perfectly aware of that, but it won't do any harm to ask them, will it?" Barnes chuckled. "I see. Establishing myself as an innocent bystander, eh?" "Get O'Dowd on the telephone and ask him if they can come," said Sprouse.

U. S. TROOPS IN VICTORY PARADE

Pershing, Joffre and Foch Ride Under Arch d'Triomphe in Paris.

WOUNDED HEROES IN LEAD

Thousands Applaud as Great War Leaders Pass President's Stand—Heroes Honored—City Jammed With Visitors.

Paris, July 15.—The conquerors in the great war marched in a victory parade under the Arc de Triomphe, through which only victors may pass. Picked units and individual heroes represented each of the allied armies. Several million grateful persons, mostly French, but with thousands of their allies, struggled forward along the line of march for an opportunity to wave and shout their gratitude to the men who saved them from German imperialism.

The great triumphal arch, conceived by Napoleon to commemorate the victory at the battle of Austerlitz, took on new historic importance when the allies marched through the massive pile of masonry which dominates all Paris and moved down the Champs Elysees toward the Place de la Concorde.

The place of honor in the procession was not accorded to the generals and the smartly equipped troops. It was given to a thousand mutilated soldiers who passed under the arch and in front of the reviewing stand where stood President Poincaré, lustily and out of step, as best they could.

Canon fire which seemed like thunder gave the signal to all Paris when the victory parade reached the Arc de Triomphe. There, where the crowd was most dense, the first sight of the parade called forth tremendous cheering.

Marshal Joffre, the victor of the first battle of the Marne, passed under the Arc de Triomphe at 8:45 o'clock. He rode alone. Behind him came Marshal Foch, commander in chief of the allied forces during the final campaign.

Gen. John J. Pershing, with a number of American generals, came next in line and was received with equal enthusiasm. Forty American organizations, soldiers and marines, marching with wonderful precision, were greeted by a sea of waving handkerchiefs and flags and with deafening cheers.

General Pershing rode at the head of the American troops, which were separated from the French by a space of 300 yards. General Pershing's personal flag, a scarlet field with a row of four white stars, was displayed for the first time. It was borne by a mounted sergeant riding directly behind the American commander in chief.

The American military band was composed of 126 men. Last in the American section came a company of 120 marines, commanded by Lieutenant Meyer. Altogether there were in line a few less than 1,500 Americans.

BIG POTATO YIELD

Western Canada Man Raised 600 Bushels on Two Acres.

He Thinks He Did Pretty Well, but There Were Even Larger Crops in the Neighborhood—Live Stock Men Prosper.

As a by-product the yield of potatoes on the farm of Ben Pawson of Coal-dale, Alberta, was somewhat of a paying proposition. Coal-dale is in the Medicine Hat district of Alberta. Medicine Hat is a place, pictured in the mind of many Americans, where the weather man holds high carnival, and when he wants to put a little fire or spirit into the people just moves the mercury down a few notches. The rascal has thus given Medicine Hat a rather unenviable place on the map. But it isn't half as bad as it is pictured. Anyway, Ben Pawson likes it. Last year he grew six hundred bushels of potatoes on two acres of land that had no special preparation, and only the usual precipitation, or rain, as the less cultured would call it. When he couldn't work at his hay or grain, because of the damp mornings, he gave them some attention. And then evenings between supper and chores and bedtime he gave them some work. Anyway his yield was six hundred bushels, and he sold the whole lot for \$250. Ben is satisfied. Still there were larger yields than this in the neighborhood.

If one might speak of hogs in the same breath in which you speak of potatoes, there is nothing in the ethereal literature that would create a debarment. Taking advantage of this license it will not be out of place to state that large potato yields are not the only feature of interest in this new and interesting country. Amongst others hogs are having a good deal of attention. Not long ago, hogs reached the \$23.00 mark on the Calgary market. It doesn't cost much to raise a hog and very little to bring him to a weight of 200 pounds. Don't cost much! Certainly not. But what about the man who recently paid \$350 for a Duroc Jersey Boar? That was all right. That man knew what he was doing. He was doing what a great many other farmers in Western Canada are doing today. He is acting on the old saw, "It costs no more to raise a good critter than a poor one." That is the reason that Western Canada is looming large in the live stock world. The best is none too good. The same may be said of horses, cattle, pigs, and sheep, too. The very best sires and dams of the best breeds are purchased. And while big prices are paid, it is felt that the demand for pure-bred stock at home and abroad will bring returns which will warrant any reasonable price that may be asked.—Advertisement.

Sure Enough. "I've noticed this about bad umpiring in baseball." "What?" "It never seems to keep a good team from winning ball games."

Many a poor fisherman gets tangled up in a string of lies.

EVERYTHING FAILED Then Mrs. Bozarth Used Doan's for Kidney Trouble. Says Worth Weight in Gold.

"Doan's Kidney Pills are worth their weight in gold for they cured me after all other medicines had failed," says Mrs. B. Bozarth, 87 Water St., Mt. Holly, N. J. "For over three years I was in misery."

"The pain in my back grew worse until I had to go to bed. I did nothing but toss about. The stinging pains shot through my body and my head ached and throbbled. My eyes felt as though they would bulge out of my head. The blinding dizzy spells made me think I was going to lose my mind. Everything would turn dark. The kidney secretions burned, were the color of coffee and passed every few minutes in very small amounts. I felt all a flutter with nervousness. I scarcely ate anything and I lost twenty-four pounds. I felt short of breath and my heart would palpitate. Sometimes I would shake all over and become dizzy. "Doan's Kidney Pills" soon gave relief. I couldn't believe this little box had helped me after the doctors' expensive treatments had brought no results. Three boxes of Doan's cured me." SWORN TO before me, R. J. B. SLACE Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF. will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches, Heals Blisters, Poin Evil, Quittor, Fistulas and Infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and an efficient germicide. Pleasant to use. Does not blister or burn the skin, and yet can kill the bacteria. 50c per bottle delivered. Book 7c free.

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES, NOSE, MOSQUITOES, HOUSE FLIES, HORNETS, BRISTLE CHASE, LARVAE, AND ALL OTHER PESTS. Kills them on contact. No harm to anything. Pleasant to use. Sold by dealers, or direct from manufacturer. Price \$1.00 per bottle. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 1012 Taylor St., Springfield, Mass.

FARMERS ARE WORKING HARDER

And using their feet more than ever before. For all these workers the frequent use of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, increases their efficiency and insures needed physical comfort. It takes the friction from the Shoe, freshens the feet, and prevents tired, aching and blistered feet. Women everywhere are constant users of Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't get foot sore, get Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by dealers everywhere.—Adv.

Ready money is the root of the manufacturing plant.

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—NELLIE B. BRITTINGHAM, 609 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it is well worth any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

MILLIONS Suffer from Acid-Stomach

Millions of people suffer year after year from ailments affecting directly every part of the body, never dreaming that their ill health can be cured directly by acid stomach. Here is the reason: poor digestion means poor nourishment of the different organs and tissues of the body. The blood is impoverished—becomes weak, thin, sluggish. Ailments of many kinds spring from such conditions. Headaches, insomnia, lumbago, sciatica, general weakness, loss of power and energy, indigestion, nervousness, mental depression—even more serious ailments such as catarrh and thrombosis of the stomach, intestinal ulcers, thrombosis of the liver, heart trouble—all of these can often be traced directly to acid stomach. Keep a sharp lookout for the first symptoms of acid-stomach—indigestion, sour burps, belching, food repeating, that awful painful bloating after eating, and sour, easy stomach. EATONIC, the wonderful modern remedy for acid-stomach, is guaranteed to bring quick relief from these stomach ills. Thousands say they never dreamed that anything could bring such speedy relief—and make them feel so much better in every way. Try EATONIC and you, too, will be just as enthusiastic in its praise. Make your life worth living—no aches or pains—no blues or melancholy—no more of that tired, listless feeling—the wall and strong. Get back your physical and mental punch, your vim, vigor and vitality. You will always be weak and listless as long as you have acid-stomach. So get rid of it now. Take EATONIC Tablets—make good—eat what they like a bit of candy. Your druggist has EATONIC—48c cents for a big box. Get a box from him today and if you are not satisfied he will refund your money.

EATONIC (FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

CLEAR YOUR SKIN Save Your Hair With CUTICURA Soap, Oint., Talcum Powder, etc. Sold by all druggists.

Art Talent Must Be Trained to Be of Value MINNEAPOLIS SCHOOL OF ART (Painting, Designing, Sewing, Modeling) 210 East 25th Street, Minneapolis, Minn. 5th Year Opens September 29th, 1919





This summer don't spend hours over a hot stove! Serve Libby's delicate Corned Beef chilled—it will give you an entirely new idea of how easily an appetizing summer meal can be prepared. Get a package from your grocer today.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Comment. "I see there is a war tax on coffins now." "Yep. The sting of death, as like kissing your own wife." "As good as that!"

And Yet Some Are Kicking. "They say that drinking near beer is like kissing your own wife." "As good as that!"

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Western Canada for years has helped to feed the world—the same responsibility of production still rests upon her. While high prices for grain, cattle and sheep are sure to remain, price of land is much below its value. Land capable of yielding 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre can be had on easy terms at from \$15 to \$30 per acre—good grazing land at much less. Many farms paid for from a single year's crop. Raising cattle, sheep and hogs brings equal success. The Government encourages farming and stock raising. Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to Home Seekers. Farms may be stocked by loans at moderate interest. Western Canada offers low taxation, good markets and shipping; free schools, churches and healthful climate. For particulars see our reduced railway rates, location of land, illustrated literature, etc., apply to Dept. of Imm., Ottawa, Can., or GEO. A. HALL, 123 Second Street, MILWAUKEE, WIS. Canadian Government Agent

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Warms a whole house from one register. No large cellar needed; no long pipes. No dirt and mess upstairs. Sanitary, Economical, Clean.

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To handle highest grade PENNSYLVANIA LUBRICATING OIL on the market. Made from Franklin Crude. Our guarantee backs every gallon. Legitimate representative wanted in your territory. Write today for full particulars. This is your opportunity.

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#### Every Woman Wants Partine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50¢ per tin, or postpaid by mail. The Partine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Jes So, "Miller's always in bad company, ain't he?" "Why, I never see him with anyone." "That's true, too."

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Those Mad Wags. "So you've quit carrying around a corkscrew?" "Yes; it was such a bore."

**MURINE** Resists, Refreshes, Soothes, Heals—Keep your Eyes Strong and Healthy. If they Tingle, Smart, Itch, or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Marine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago, U. S. A.

## CALL ON SOLDIERS TO REVIVE W. N. G.

Reorganization Order Is Issued by Adjutant General.

### COMPLIES WITH THE NEW LAW

Commissions to Be Tendered to All Who Served as Officers in U. S. Army in 1917-18—Board to End Strikes.

Madison.—A call for a reorganization of Wisconsin National Guard units in all cities and towns in the state where they existed heretofore was issued by Adj. Gen. Orlando Holway, in accordance with bills passed by the legislature and just approved by Governor Philipp.

Former members of the Wisconsin National Guard and overseas men of other divisions are asked to form the nucleus of the new organizations, "which have rendered in the past such splendid service to the state." These men are asked to enlist for one year, and the same privilege is extended to the members of the state guard. New men without service training will be asked to enlist for three years. Full plans were laid before the legislature and were approved.

"By direction of the governor," says the order of General Holway, sent to the legislature "a commission in the Wisconsin National Guard reserve is tendered to each person of Wisconsin residence who served as an officer of the United States army between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, and who has since been or may hereafter be discharged from federal service, such commission to be of equal grade to that held, or for which definitely recommended in the United States army. This offer is extended both to persons whose commissions as officers originated in the National Guard and to those whose entry into the military service of the United States was made through other channels, and also to those meritorious noncommissioned officers and privates who had been definitely recommended for promotion to officer grade in the United States army previous to the termination of hostilities with Germany."

Already General Holway has received an application from about seventy-five men already who wish to rejuvenate their National Guard unit now, and of the signers about fifty have been in overseas service of one class or another. The letter points out that the privilege of a short-term enlistment is due returning Guardsmen and soldiers because of the recent "dangerous service in cantonment and battle campaigns."

"But it was through the concerted and continued effort of its members that the Wisconsin National Guard has proven no mean factor in national defense," says General Holway's letter. "The men who made its war record have done great things; but, their spirit being that which overcame every obstacle in battle, which won for them the name of terrible fighters enduring to the end, there remains one thing to be done by them and by those other Wisconsin men who have served in the United States army in the war against Germany. They, and they only, can and must form the strong nucleus of every unit of the reorganized and amplified National Guard now in process of formation, if the campaign and battle knowledge which they have gained is to be preserved and imparted to the recruits who will later take their place; if military companies, valuable training and fighting units and long and honorable history are to keep their identity and continue their existence, and if the Wisconsin National Guard retains what it has gained at great cost, is to take a further long step toward that military efficiency which has always been the goal of its members."

The adjutant general points out the long record won by the different units and holds them up to high praise. The letter concludes: "With the better understanding and hearty co-operation of all citizens the Guard becomes an apt and capable instrument to organize and adequately train such number of citizen soldiers as the present or any future national policy may determine."

With the view that all labor troubles in the state can be settled through a board of conciliation that will give publicity to the findings back of the strike the Nolan bill embodying that idea has passed both houses of the legislature and is approved by the executive. This week Governor Philipp intends to send to the senate the names of the three men who are to have charge of the conciliation work in the state.

**Hog Cholera Warning Issued.** Warning to farmers to vaccinate their hogs immediately to save them from cholera was sent out from the veterinary division of the state department and heavy losses have been reported. There is no necessity for such loss, veterinarians say, for cholera can be prevented surely by vaccination. Spring hogs are now of proper age and weight to be protected permanently by use of serum or virus, it is declared.

**Amends Anti-Syndicalism Bill.** The senate has amended the anti-syndicalism bill so that it shall not apply to persons attending unlawful meetings who do not have knowledge that such meetings are unlawful. An amendment by Severson to exempt labor unions, farmers' organizations, picketing and political parties from the provisions of the bill was rejected by a vote of 15 to 9. An amendment by Arnold to strike out that provision of the bill aimed at prohibiting the I. W. W. having headquarters in the state was also rejected.

## New Laws O. K'd by Governor.

Important laws approved by the governor this week were:

Exemption of property of community centers from taxation. Permit to work shall contain the statement, prior to July 1, 1920, that such child has passed successfully the sixth grade in school, and after July 1, 1920, that such child has passed successfully the seventh grade in the public school, or in some school having a substantially equivalent course, or that it has attended school for at least eight years.

Municipal plants may sell electric power to dwellings or places of the city limits and in rural communities. Every company owning a street or interurban railway system in this state shall be deemed to have surrendered all existing licenses, permits or franchises and to have accepted an indeterminate permit unless on or before January 1, 1920, such company shall file with the railroad commission a notice that it elects not to accept an indeterminate permit for its system.

Abolishing the poll tax which has been a law since 1848.

Regulation of private detective agencies and providing a penalty for violations.

Providing for supervision and control by the state board of health of water and ice supplies, water purification, sewage and refuse treatment and disposal and the pollution of streams.

It is the duty of every manufacturer or dealer in motor vehicles in this state to make a monthly report to the secretary of state showing the date of the sale of each motor vehicle sold, date of delivery of same, the name and address of the party to whom sold, number, name of motor vehicle, motor number, style of vehicle, motive power, horse power, new or second-hand motor vehicle.

Making an appropriation of \$500,000 for the relief of sick, wounded or disabled soldiers, sailors or marines during their period of convalescence.

Appropriation of \$32,195 for the purchase of approximately 137 acres of land adjoining the present prison property.

State dairy and food commissioner shall regulate receiving stations or depots used for receiving and shipping milk or cream.

Wards or election districts as established, may be divided into two or more districts in which the supervisors shall deem it for the convenience of the voters.

Counties may establish isolation hospitals.

The expense of the maintenance, care and treatment of each inmate in any state or county hospital or asylum for the insane shall be computed at the rate of \$4.24 per week.

Closed season for prairie chicken in certain counties.

Requiring the cutting of brush and trimming of trees at railroad highway crossings.

There is appropriated to the governor's contingent fund \$1,500 to be expended as advance payments in the preparation of the history of the Thirty-second division.

Repealing the state council of defense act.

To submit to the people an amendment to the constitution which will permit an increase of salary of the members of the legislature.

Increasing the rates for the taxation of grain.

Whenever all persons delivering milk or cream to any one cheese factory or creamery shall file a request with the state department of agriculture asking that all of their cattle over the age of six months and numbering 150 or more shall be subjected to the tuberculin test, the said department shall make such test and pay one-half the cost.

Providing for a license to practice massage or hydrotherapy or educational gymnastics.

The governor vetoed the bill introduced by the assembly committee on agriculture to appropriate \$3,346.27 with which to purchase 95 acres in Waushara county known as the "Hancock experiment station." The land was bought by farmers and maintained as an experiment station under the supervision of the college of agriculture. The farmers asked that the state take it over at cost and operate it as a state farm.

**Rail Board Raps Utility.** The state railroad commission, in its order filed with the Dane county circuit court affirming its former order for \$1.30 gas in La Crosse and other cities served by the utility, severely criticizes the Wisconsin-Minnesota Light and Power company for its neglect to keep either proper income accounts covering the La Crosse Gas company or a failure to properly present essential facts to either the commission or to the court.

The commission's order for \$1.30 gas represented an increase over the \$1.22 order made February 25, 1919. The February order was made on figures assumed correct by the commission. Further investigation showed that the company's books had failed to reveal the exact status of affairs.

**Wilson Saves Daylight Act.** Vetoed Agricultural Bill Because of Amendment Turning Clock Back.

Washington, July 15.—President Wilson vetoed the agricultural bill because of its provision repealing the daylight saving law.

In regard to the agricultural bill the president sent the following communication to the house of representatives:

"I take the liberty of returning H. R. 3157, 'An act making appropriations for the department of agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920,' without my signature.

## WILSON SAVES DAYLIGHT ACT

Vetoed Agricultural Bill Because of Amendment Turning Clock Back.

### WOULD CAUSE HEAVY LOSS

Executive Also Refuses to Approve Sundry Civil Bill—Issues Two Statements Explaining His Action.

Washington, July 15.—President Wilson vetoed the agricultural bill because of its provision repealing the daylight saving law.

In regard to the agricultural bill the president sent the following communication to the house of representatives:

"I take the liberty of returning H. R. 3157, 'An act making appropriations for the department of agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920,' without my signature.

"I realize, of course, the grave inconvenience which may arise from the postponement of the legislation at this time, but feel obliged to withhold my signature because of the clause which provided that 'at and after 2 o'clock a. m. on Sunday, October 26, 1919, next the act entitled 'An act to save daylight and to provide standard time for the United States,' approved March 19, 1918, be and the same hereby is repealed.'

"I believe that the repeal of the act referred to would be of very great inconvenience to the country, and I think that I am justified in saying that it would constitute something more than an inconvenience. It would involve a serious economic loss. The act was intended to place the chief business activities of the country as nearly as might be within the limits of daylight throughout the year."

In regard to the sundry civil bill the president in another communication to the house said:

"Under the vocational rehabilitation bill, which became law June 27, 1918, the congress has sought to fulfill the expectations of the country that their soldier, sailor and marine disabled in the recent war should be given an opportunity to secure at the expense and under the fostering care of the federal government such training as he needs to overcome the handicap of his disability and to resume his place as a civilian able to earn a living upon something like equal footing with those with whom he was associated before he made his great sacrifice for the honor and defense of the country."

"The section of the bill which I now return, which governs the appropriation for this work, provides the sum of \$6,000,000 for all expenses of rehabilitation, including the support of the disabled men in training, and this sum is stated to be in lieu of the appropriation contained in the act approved July 1, 1919, amending section 2 of the act approved June 27, 1918, inasmuch as there are already over 4,000 disabled soldiers, sailors and marines in training and inasmuch as another 4,000 will be put into training now that the amendment to section 2 has become law, it is clear that even at the rate of only \$80 a month, a sum approximating \$8,000,000 will be required for the mere support of these men, and that under the present appropriation nothing will be available for their tuition and travel or for placing them where they can earn a living, and it will be impossible to meet the needs of the new thousands who are every week seeking the benefits of the rehabilitation act."

**CALL MARCH IN FOOD QUIZ**

Chief of Staff Asked to Explain Delay in Keeping Vast Army Stores When Not Needed.

Washington, July 12.—General March, chief of staff, was called by the house committee investigating army food supplies. He was asked to explain the six months' delay in marketing vast stores of army food after it became evident the army could not use it.

Miscalculation as to army food-stuff surpluses delayed its marketing, General March told the house committee. He placed responsibility for the error and delays on the quartermaster corps of the army.

**TURK WAR HEADS TO DIE**

Leaders of Government During World Conflict Condemned to Death by Court-Martial.

Constantinople, July 14.—Enver Pasha, Asma Talat Bey and Bjenal Pasha, leaders of the Turkish government during the war, were condemned to death by a Turkish court-martial.

**Conditions Better in Mexico.** Washington, July 10.—"Vastly improved conditions" were found in Mexico by Ygnacio Bonillas, Mexican ambassador to the United States, he said upon his return to the capital after a month's absence.

**Wilson Confers on Treaty.** Washington, July 16.—President Wilson discussed the peace treaty at some length with Senators King of Utah and McKeller of Tennessee, who were among half a dozen White House callers.

## "BAYER CROSS" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN



"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" to be genuine must be marked with the safety "Bayer Cross." Always buy an unbroken Bayer package which contains proper directions to safely relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Colds and pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents at drug stores—larger packages also. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetioacetic Acid of Salficylic Acid.—Adv.

Sorrow is lessened by sympathy.

## "CAN I BE CURED?" SAYS THE SUFFERER

How often have you heard that sad cry from the victims of disease. Perhaps the disorder has gone too far for help, but often it is just in its first stages and the pains and aches are only nature's first cries for help. Do not despair. Find out the cause and give nature all the help you can and she will repay you with health. Look after the kidneys. The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering and throwing off the poison that constantly accumulates in the system, everything goes wrong. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles and their kindred ailments. They will free your body from pain in short order. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. In three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not help you.—Adv.

Grafters believe in addition for themselves and subtraction for others.

**Important to Mothers** Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

**Prayer and Anger.** Anger is a perfect alienation of the mind from prayer, and therefore contrary to that attention which presents our prayers in a right line to God.

**True Difference.** "You never join in when they sing 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' remarked the reproachful friend. "Ever hear me try to sing?" "No." "Then you don't understand my position. I have too much respect for our national hymn to try to sing it."

**China Exporting Flour.** Before the war China imported large quantities of wheat flour, but in this, as in many other respects, China has been thrown upon its own resources through the war, and is now developing an export trade in this commodity. In 1917 China exported 500,000 barrels of flour, half of which went to Russia.

**At Last.** During the flu epidemic in San Francisco, when all public meeting places were closed and the entire population was compelled to wear masks to prevent the spread of the disease, a drunken man was overheard muttering:

"Well, I'm an old man, but I have lived my time and am ready to quit. I have lived to see four great things come to pass—the end of the war, the churches closed, saloons left open, and the women muzzled."—Judge.

**HEARTY EATERS IN AUSTRALIA**

Citizens of That Country May Claim to Have the Best Appetites on the Planet.

Some surprising statistics were published recently of what the average Australian eats.

To judge from these figures, he has the best appetite, if not the best digestion, of any human being on the planet.

He eats every year 264 pounds of meat, which works out at an average of two sheep and one-fifth of a bullock for every man, woman and baby in Australia! He eats more than twice as much meat as the average Englishman, and three times as much as the average Frenchman, and four times as much as the average German or Swiss.

In addition, he consumes about three and three-quarter hundred-weight of wheat, two and a half hundredweights of potatoes, and almost one hundredweight of sugar.

If he is a Tasmanian he eats a quarter of a ton of potatoes in a year!

**Up to Date.** "We need a patriotic song," said the musical manager; "something modern that will appeal both to the popular ear and the statesman's intelligence."

"I have it," exclaimed the enthusiastic composer; "make it a medley of 'Sweet Land of Liberty' and 'A Life on the Ocean Wave.'"

Wise farmers never attempt to raise their crops in the political field.

## You Hesitate to Give Coffee to Children

Then why give it to grown folks? You can pleasantly solve the question of a table drink by giving all the family

## Postum Cereal

Boiled full 15 minutes after boiling begins, it tastes much like superior coffee. It's an economy.

At Grocers.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c



**POULL'S! The Busy Shopping Center.**

**FEDERAL  
DOUBLE CABLE BASE  
TIRES**

The "Rugged" white scientifically tapered non-skid tread is one of the Federal Double-Cable-Base tires.

**Take Advantage**

of these special prices on Federal Rugged and Plain Tread Tires:

- 30x34 Plain Tread.....\$12.85
- 30x34 Plain Tread.....\$16.95
- 30x34 Rugged Tread.....\$20.00
- 30x34 Traffic Tread.....\$17.95
- 32x4 Rugged Tread.....\$31.25
- 34x4 Arabian Tread.....\$27.75

Federal Tires  
are Good Tires

**Good Things to Eat**

We advised our friends from time to time to buy a larger supply of Coffee and save from 3c to 5c a pound before the next advance came.

**BUY COFFEE NOW**

There will be more advances every week. You will pay 60c for coffee soon. We have a large stock bought at lower prices and we offer them to you at a saving.

SPECIAL SANTOS BLEND, Bulk Coffee, a fine flavored coffee, worth 44c, today special price per pound.....**39c**

**Teas are Advancing**

Our prices on ROYAL GARDEN TEAS have not changed. Take our advice and buy tea now.

**BARGAINS**

in all departments on  
**SUMMER  
MERCHANDISE**

**Gold Medal  
FLOUR**

The government wheat report for June is 75,000,000 bushels less for July than it was for June.

Flour advanced since this report was published. We have a car of Gold Medal old wheat flour and offer it for a short time at

**\$13.00**

a barrel. \$3.25 per sack of 49 pounds.

**Churches and Societies**

that are buying campaign products can make a few extra dollars if they will ask us about our

**First Purchase Plan.**

**The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend, Wisconsin**



**United States Tires  
are Good Tires**

**The Real Thing Right Through**

Put United States Tires under your car and you'll find them the real thing.

They're built to wear—to give you the kind of economical service you want. And that's just what they do.

Hundreds of thousands of regular users will vouch for that—lots of them right around here.

There are five distinct types of United States Tires—one for every need of price or use.

We have *exactly* the ones for your car.

We know United States Tires are good tires. That's why we sell them

A. A. PERSCHBACHER, Kewaskum  
MATH. HERRIGES, St. Michaels

SCHAUB'S GARAGE, Kewaskum  
JOHN LOCHEN, Newburg

**CLASSIFIED COLUMN**

A charge of 5c a line will be made for the first insertion and 3 cents a line for subsequent insertions. Count 7 words to the line. Cash or stamps must accompany order.

**FOR SALE**

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A good piano, which I will sell or trade for some good cow or bellows. Inquire of Henry Damm, Campbellsport, Wis., R. D. 3. 3-28-17

**WANTED**

LADIES WANTED—Ladies interested in fancy work, wishing for profitable employment, write Mrs. C. E. Robinson, 301 Cedar Street, West Bend, Wis. 7-5-17d

**MATH. SCHLAEFER  
OPTOMETRIST**

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted  
Campbellsport, Wisconsin

**LAME SHOULDER**

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.

**MRS BURNS' LETTER**

Here is a letter that is certain to prove of interest to people in this vicinity, as cases of this sort occur in almost every neighborhood, and people should know what to do in like circumstances:

Savannah, Mo., Oct. 12, 1916.

"I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy about nine years ago and it cured me of flux (dysentery). I had another attack of the same complaint some three or four years ago and a few doses of this remedy cured me. I have recommended Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy to dozens of people since I first used it."

**CASCADE**

Charles Ford has purchased a new Buick car from Ratke Brothers.

Joe Gibbons and mother transacted business in Plymouth Tuesday.

Mrs. Skelton and daughter transacted business in Plymouth Monday. Ernest Tracy returned to his home Friday evening after being overseas for the past year.

Miss Marie Lynch of Milwaukee is visiting with friends and relatives at Cascade this week.

A large crowd witnessed "The Divorce" shown at the Cascade Opera House Sunday evening.

Mrs. John Eldridge has returned to her home at Iron Wood, Mich., after visiting her parents the last few months.

The Misses Bid and Libbie Flynn of Milwaukee are visiting with their sister, Mrs. Lawrence O'Reilly of Mitchell this week.

(Too late for last week.) The Dietz show at Farnell Monday was well attended.

Mrs. Art Bastian is quite poor in health the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Reilly of Milwaukee visited at the F. Gahagan home. The Chataqua will be held in Cascade the 18th, 19th and 20th of this month.

Laurence Cahill of Fond du Lac was a social caller in Mitchell Sunday evening.

Mrs. J. P. Long of Milwaukee is visiting with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Gibbons and family.

Mrs. T. Gibbons and Mrs. J. P. Long visited with Mr. and Mrs. E. Reis and family Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Menton of Milwaukee are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Long at Cascade this week.

Ambrose O'Reilly underwent an operation for appendicitis at the St. Nicholas hospital at Sheboygan last week. He is improving nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Long held a family reunion at Lake Ellen Sunday. The following were present: Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schlenker and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Doherty and son Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Menton of Milwaukee, Mrs. J. P. Long of Milwaukee, Mr. and Mrs. B. Agie, son John and daughter Olive of Lima, Wm. Murphy and family of Campbellsport, John Schultz and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Fischer of Manitowoc, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Schultz, Joseph, Mamie and Luella Gibbons.

**ST. MICHAELS**

John Herriges spent Sunday with his wife at Fond du Lac.

Rev. J. F. Beyer left Monday for St. Francis to attend a retreat.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser spent Sunday with relatives at Batavia.

Miss Agnes Schultz of West Bend is visiting with the Habeck families. Miss Dean of Wynette, Ill., is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Staehler, Jr.

Walter Stellflug of Milwaukee visited with the H. Herriges family Sunday.

Mrs. Herman Knippel of Kewaskum spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hart and family of St. Lawrence spent Sunday with the Frank Stellflug family.

The Misses Mayme and Helen Wolkowski of Chicago are visiting with the Frank Stellflug family.

A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nic Rodenkirch on Tuesday. Congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Roden are the proud parents of a nine pound baby boy born to them last Saturday. Congratulations.

The Frank Stellflug family and the Misses Mayme and Helen Wolkowski called on Joseph Roden and family Saturday evening.

Joseph Koller who served with the army overseas, returned to his home last Thursday, he is the last soldier from this congregation to be discharged.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Roden, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roden, Mr. and Mrs. John Stellflug and daughter Inez, Mr. and Mrs. Math Stockhausen and daughter, Grandma Jung spent Sunday with Jos. Roden and family.

**WEST WAYNE**

Kneeland Stark of Milwaukee visited a week here with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark.

Miss Marie Byrnes of Milwaukee is spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Byrnes here.

Mrs. John Coulter and children visited with the Walter Wellso family at Brownsville Monday.

Mrs. John Coulter, daughters Esther and Mary and son John attended the campmeeting at South Byron last Sunday.

Ed. Spoerl and family of Knowles and Clarence Rossow of Milwaukee called on the Fred Spoerl family here Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Spoerl and John Spoerl autoed to Fond du Lac Sunday where they visited with Carl Radtke, who underwent an operation at the St. Agnes hospital a few weeks ago. He is getting along nicely and is expected to return to his home soon.

**Clean-Up Sale of Canvas Shoes!**

Our complete Stock of Women's and Misses' White Canvas Shoes and Low shoes, all of the latest styles, in high, medium and low heel, at special low prices. The advancing prices of shoes warrant your buying now. Come and see the many bargains. We list only a few

**LOT NO. 1**

White DeLuxe rubber sole and heel Oxfords and Pumps, at a pair

**\$2.59**

**LOT NO. 3**

White Canvas Slippers, Pumps and two-strap Slippers, odds and ends, a pair only

**\$1.89**

Men's White Canvas Oxfords, a pair

**\$2.69**

**LOT NO. 2**

High Shoes, rubber soles, in white and palm beach, high or medium heels, regular \$4.00 values, now

**\$2.95**

**LOT NO. 4**

Ladies' White Canvas Shoes, high heels leather sole, all sizes, special price

**\$3.29**

Children's White Canvas Slippers at cut prices.

**GROCERY SPECIALS**

- Paris Green, per pound.....67c
- Arsenate of Lead, per pound.....69c
- Mason Quart Jars, per dozen.....79c
- Mason Pint Jars, per dozen.....73c
- Fruit Jar Rubbers, per dozen.....7c
- Special Blend Coffee, per pound.....37c

- Egg Macaroni 5 packages for.....25c
- Cream of Rye, per package.....12c
- Holland Rusk, per package.....12c
- Potato Chips, per package.....12c
- Catsup, per bottle.....12c
- Japan Tea, per 1/2 pound pkg.....29c

West Bend,  
Wis.

**Pick Brothers Co.**

West Bend,  
Wis.

**Lithia**  
**BE SURE**

The quality of LITHIA---  
Be Sure can best be appreciated by sampling the product of other manufacturers.

This beverage is made from high-grade malt and hops. You will recognize the ingredients at once—The difference is most noticeable.

**West Bend Lithia Co.**

Telephone 9

WEST BEND, WIS.

**OUR POLICY**

We believe that there is only one way to build up a successful business, and that is to give the customer all that he pays for and a little bit more. We believe you should get a full dollar's worth for every dollar you spend. Our policy has always been to sell only the highest grade merchandise at the lowest possible prices. That this policy is working out successfully, is attested by our large number of satisfied patrons. Are you one of them? If not, start today.

**MRS. K. ENDLICH**

Jeweler & Optometrist  
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN  
Established 1896

**P. L. GEHL & SON  
MONUMENTS**

SPECIAL DESIGNING TO ORDER  
PHONE 125  
HARTFORD, WISCONSIN

**MEN WANTED**

**Good Wages  
Paid**

**APPLY AT ONCE**

**West Bend Aluminum Co.,**

**West Bend, Wis.**

Nothing helps the little ones more than a thoro tonic-laxative—taken once a week; cleans the insides, purifies the blood, helps the appetite, makes them sleep and grow. 35c.—Edw. C. Miller.

Cools the stomach, washes out the bowels, drives out impurities, helps the liver—it's Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Take it once a week during hot weather and see how happy and contented you'll be. 35c.—Edw. C. Miller.



Comparative Statement of the Condition  
—of the—  
**FARMERS & MERCHANTS STATE BANK**  
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

As of June 29, 1918, and June 30, 1919

RESOURCES		
	1918	1919
Loans and Discounts	\$85,612.54	\$120,652.77
Banking House	6,250.00	6,250.00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,790.00	3,790.00
Cash and Due from Banks	22,599.50	19,350.00
Total	\$117,962.04	\$150,042.77
LIABILITIES		
	1918	1919
Capital	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
Surplus	1,000.00	1,000.00
Undivided Profits	777.96	1,160.28
Deposits	92,184.08	122,882.49
Total	\$117,962.04	\$150,042.77

"The Bank of the People,  
and for All the People"

**\$200,000**  
**WEST BEND ALUMINUM COMPANY**  
**FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS**

**5 1/2%**

TO INVESTOR

Term: 1 to 5 years.  
Denominations: \$100, \$500, \$1000.  
Date: About August 1st, 1919.  
Security: \$600,000 in Assets.  
Earnings: Over 5 times total interest.

The West Bend Aluminum Company is known to be one of the very best earning factories in the State. It is a model of good management.

BONDS HANDLED AND SOLD BY

**B. C. ZIEGLER & COMPANY**

West Bend, Wisconsin

**LOCAL HAPPENINGS**

Alex Klug was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.  
Ed. F. Miller spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.  
Dr. Geo. Brandt spent Tuesday at Milwaukee.  
"Spatz" Miller was a Milwaukee visitor Sunday.  
Miss Belinda Belger was a Grafton visitor Sunday.  
Louis Bath was a business caller at Batavia Monday.  
Theodore Schmidt was a Milwaukee visitor Sunday.  
Mrs. Ed. Morgenroth spent Saturday at West Bend.  
Geo. Kippenhan was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.  
Adolph Rosenheimer, Jr., spent Sunday at Milwaukee.  
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bath spent Sunday at Cedar Lake.  
Val. Peters transacted business at Milwaukee Saturday.  
Aug. Ebenreiter of Chicago was a village caller Monday.  
Otto Ebenreiter of Plymouth was a village caller Wednesday.  
Arthur Koch was a business caller at Milwaukee Thursday.  
Mrs. Herbert Backhaus was a Milwaukee visitor Thursday.  
Edwin Bassil and sister Ella spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.  
Frank Keyes of Wisconsin, Wis., was a village caller Tuesday.  
Herman Krueger visited with relatives at Oshkosh Saturday.  
Miss Lazetta Schaefer was a Campbellsport visitor Thursday.  
Paul Geier and family visited with Aug. Staagy and family Monday.  
Mrs. H. J. Lay spent Tuesday with her son Otto at Milwaukee.  
John P. Fellenz was a business caller at Madison on Wednesday.  
A. A. Perschbacher was a business caller at Milwaukee Monday.  
Norton Koerble of Milwaukee visited with his mother here over Sunday

Herman Suckow of Barton transacted business in the village Tuesday.  
Mrs. Geo. Romaine of Waupun is visiting with her son Elwyn and family.  
Arthur Schmidt of Milwaukee spent Sunday with relatives in the village.  
J. B. Day of Hartford spent a few days this week with friends in the village.  
The village of Jackson will hold a three day Chautauqua on July 23, 24 and 25.  
John Enright left Sunday for a two week's visit with his children at Chicago.  
Wm. Schaub and Jack Tassar transacted business at Milwaukee Tuesday.  
Harvey Brandt of Hartford spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Brandt.  
Mr. and Mrs. H. Ferber of Pierce County called on the Perschbacher family Friday.  
Earl Seip of Milwaukee spent from Friday until Sunday with the Koch families.  
Born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Belger, last week Friday a baby boy. Congratulations.  
Miss Florence Groeschel left Friday for Milwaukee, where she will visit for some time.  
Miss Viola Gajewski is spending the week with the Jos. Morawetz family at West Bend.  
Dr. E. L. Morgenroth and son spent several days this week with relatives at Oshkosh.  
Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Colvin attended the Masonic Picnic at Little Cedar Lake on Thursday.  
Miss Pauline Liebig and mother of Mayville spent Tuesday evening with Mrs. Jacobitz.  
W. G. Crass and family of Fillmore visited with the John Klessig family last Sunday.  
Miss Cora Muckerheide visited with relatives at Milwaukee from Saturday until Tuesday.

Wm. Hausmann and family of West Bend spent Sunday with the Hausmann families.  
Judge A. C. Backus and family of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mrs. Charlotte Hausmann.  
Mr. and Mrs. Gust Ritger and family of Allenton spent Sunday with Paul Geier and family.  
Miss Belle Wichman of Milwaukee is the guest of the Adolph Rosenheimer family this week.  
George Enderle and family of Theresa spent Tuesday evening with his sister, Mrs. Jacobitz.  
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groeschel and daughter Manila spent Sunday with relatives at Fillmore.  
Jacob Becker and family motored to Limira and Mayville Sunday where they spent the day with friends.  
Jacob Leicht and Wm. Roebber of South Germantown transacted business in the village last Thursday.  
Mrs. Albert Stark and son Harold of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. Wm. Krahn.  
Mrs. Wm. Colvin and Louis Roos of West Bend were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fancher Colvin Sunday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Otto Meinecke and family returned home after spending two weeks with relatives at Round Lake.  
Prof. G. F. Menger and wife of Minneapolis, Minnesota, were guests of the Chas. Schaefer family last week.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kaun and daughter Lydia of Milwaukee visited last week with Mr. and Mrs. John Naumann.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buddenhagen and daughter Dorothy spent Sunday and Monday with the Ph. McLaughlin family.  
Miss Laura Brandstetter who underwent an operation for appendicitis at Milwaukee last week is on the road to recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meilahn of Boltonville spent Sunday with the Herman Meilahn family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schmidt left Thursday for Floyd, Iowa, where they will visit a week with their son Wenzel and family.  
Mrs. Hanna Taylor of Barron, Wis., and Mrs. Martha Story of West Bend visited with Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Colvin Sunday.  
"Jeff" Kreutzer, foreman of the Hartford Times, was a caller here Saturday. This office acknowledges a most welcome call.  
Mrs. Arthur Petermann and the Misses Edna Altenhofen and Millicent Backhaus were West Bend callers on Thursday afternoon.  
Mrs. Anna Hook and granddaughter of Winona, Minn., visited Tuesday evening with the former's sister, Mrs. Jacobitz.  
Ed. Seip of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Koch families. He was accompanied home by his wife who spent the week here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Braun and family and Miss Stella Fischer of Jefferson visited with Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ockenfels last Sunday.  
Dr. Alvin Backus and wife of Cedarburg spent last week Friday evening with the former's parents' Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Backus.  
Arthur Martin, son of Mr. and Mrs. And. Martin, arrived home last week Friday, having been released from further military service.  
The Misses Rose and Lillian Nottelman of Oshkosh visited with friends in the village Friday. While here they attended the "Pep" dance.  
A number from this village attended the barn dance on the Zimmerman farm two miles north of this village last week Saturday evening.  
Mrs. Suoskin and daughters Annie and Rose and son Leo and Marshall Arrin of Chicago are guests of the Sam Moses family this week.  
Miss Elvira Morgenroth returned to Chicago Sunday after spending a week's vacation with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Morgenroth and family.  
On account of heavy advertising, we are this week printing one page of local news on the inside patents. Look for it and be sure to read the advertisements.  
Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Hantz of Milwaukee arrived here Tuesday for an extended visit with the latter's mother, Mrs. Gust Klug and family and other relatives.  
Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Rosenheimer returned home Monday evening from a two week's trip to Yellowstone Park and other places of interest in the Western States.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Heppel and sons, Earl and James, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Holenstein and family of Hartford were guests of the former's brother, Frank Heppel and family.  
Fred Stern, son of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Stern, arrived home Saturday evening from overseas duty. He has been honorably discharged from further military duty.  
A large number from here attended the play given by the St. Michaels' Dramatic Club at St. Michaels last Sunday evening. All pronounced the entertainment a grand success.  
Leo Guldán, son of Wenzel Guldán of Oshkosh, arrived here Saturday evening from Camp Grant, where he was honorably discharged. Leo served several months in France.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schaefer and daughter and Miss Agnes Schaefer of West Bend spent Sunday evening with the John W. Schaefer family and other relatives and friends here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Romaine of Waupun and Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Romaine and daughter Doris and Frank Romaine of New Prospect spent Sunday with the Elwyn Romaine family here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz, Jac. Schlosser, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schaefer and daughter Miriam autoed to Juneau last Sunday where they visited with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schaefer and family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Otto Miller of Milwaukee visited from Saturday until Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Jake Remmel. They were accompanied home by Mrs. Remmel who will visit a few days with them.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Struebing and son Lester and Mrs. Bertha Reinhardt of Elmore and Mrs. Hoffman and Miss Dorothy Reinhardt of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Fred Schultz and family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Otto E. Lay spent Monday in Milwaukee. Mrs. Lay returned home the same day, while Mr. Lay remained for the week on account of an operation which he had performed on his nose.  
The following spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Meinecke and daughter Lorinda: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Marquardt of West Bend, Art. Ramthun and Henry Stern of here and Fred Stern.  
Mrs. Ferd. Raether and daughter Theresa spent Wednesday at Milwaukee, being called there on account of the former's son-in-law, James Murphy, who was hit by a passenger train at Milwaukee on Tuesday morning.  
LOST—A rear bumper for a Buick-Six Automobile, last Sunday afternoon, on the Fond du Lac road between the village of Kewaskum and West Bend. Honest finder please return same to this office and receive reward.  
The Biel Girls' Orchestra which is fast gaining a state wide reputation for the splendid music they are furnishing, have been engaged to furnish the music for the dance at the North Side Park on Sunday evening, July 27th.  
The "Pep" dance at the South Side Park hall last week Friday evening was largely attended and enjoyed by all present. The music furnished by Pat Netzler's orchestra was most pleasing and proved to be every inch of what it was advertised.  
August Schultz of the town of Scott arrived here Tuesday for several days' visit with his son William F. Schultz and wife. Mr. Schultz returned from a several weeks' visit with his daughter, Mrs. Barney Merz and family at West Chicago.  
Mrs. Henry Becker, son Melvin, Mrs. Fred Metzner and daughter Silveria, and Miss Recht all of Kohlsville, and Miss Ida Seifert of Milwaukee spent last Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schaefer and family and other relatives and friends in the village.  
Under a new law recently passed owners of pleasure boats, such as yachts and launches, are required to pay a tax of \$10 per year to the government. Revenue agents will visit the various lakes and rivers to see that all owners of such boats have paid the tax.  
Shares at \$50 are being sold for an Auditorium, which will be built at Random Lake in the near future. The structure will be 70 by 100 ft. containing kitchen, dining hall, bowling alleys, pool and billiard halls, the hall will have a dancing space of 60 by 70 feet.  
The following visited last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Naumann: Mr. and Mrs. August Kumrow, Mr. and Mrs. John Naumann, Sr., of West Bend, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kaun and daughter of Milwaukee, Mr. and Mrs. August Petermann and son Henry and Albert Naumann of here.  
The following spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Tesch and family: Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ramthun and family, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ramthun and family, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Kutz and son Earl of Round Lake, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Marquardt of West Bend, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Meinecke and family, Mrs. Chas. Meinecke and daughter Lorinda, Mrs. Theo. Stern and sons Henry and Fred, Art. Ramthun and Clarence Stern of here.  
Posters are out announcing a Grand Dance to be held at the North Side Park hall on Sunday evening, July 27th. Mrs. Katherine Eberle is leaving nothing undone to make this dance a most pleasant and enjoyable affair. The best kind of refreshments obtainable will be served, and the famous and most popular orchestra, The Biel Girls of Beaver Dam will furnish the music.  
Don't send for your printed matter out of town when there is a large well-equipped printing office here that can turn out anything from a calling card to a full sheet poster in one, two and three colors at short notice. The local paper is continually working for the best interests of this city all the time and to turn back away from them is doing an injustice that cannot be measured in dollars and cents.

**GRAIN BINDERS**  
**IF YOU NEED ONE--COME**  
**GOOD SUPPLY ON HAND**

**Can Fit You Up Without Delay**

**DELCO LIGHT and POWER PLANTS**

**Advance in Price August 1, 1919**

All Delco products will advance in Price August 1st. All orders taken this month will be filled at the old price. Installation and payment of same can be delayed 30 to 60 days. If interested—let us hear from you.

**"ALL DELCO USERS ARE WELL SATISFIED"**  
**"ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR WHO OWNS ONE"**

**L. ROSENHEIMER**

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Statement of the Condition of the

**Bank of Kewaskum**

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

at the close of business June 30th, 1919

**RESOURCES**

Loans and Discounts	\$532,932.27
Bonds and Cert. of Ind. Deposits	166,390.35
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	15,000.00
Cash on Hand and Due from Banks	110,789.08
Total	\$825,111.70

**LIABILITIES**

Capital Stock	\$ 40,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	48,401.07
DEPOSITS	736,710.63
Total	\$825,111.70

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS**

State of Wisconsin,  
Washington County Court  
In Probate

In the matter of the estate of Edward Heise, deceased.  
Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to Minnie Heise of the village of Kewaskum and an order allowing and limiting the time for examination and allowance, and that said court will on the first Tuesday of December A. D. 1919, at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said Edward Heise, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that creditors are allowed until the third Tuesday in November, 1919, to present their claims against said deceased to this court for examination and allowance, and that said court will on the first Tuesday of December A. D. 1919, at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said Edward Heise, deceased.

Dated July 12th, 1919.  
By the Court, P. O'MEARA,  
County Judge

**Washington County's Largest State Bank**

**FLY NETS AND COVERS.**

Covers, per pair	\$2.50 to \$4.00
Fly Nets, per pair	\$5.50 to \$9.00
Plush Robes	\$4.50 to \$10.00

Just a few extra large Auto Silk Crushed Plush Robes at \$20. These are exceptional values and the supply is very limited.

Team Harness, per set	\$65.00 and up
All Leather Collars	\$4.50 to \$9.00 each

All kinds of Horse Goods at THE GENUINE BICKMORE GALL CURE Val. Peters Kewaskum, Wis.

Lessons on Sewing Given FREE of Charge

**SINGER**

BUY DIRECT FROM THE COMPANY

**SINGER**

on the Use of Attachments Given FREE

**THE WORLD'S BEST SEWING MACHINE.**

FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS

**SAM MOSES**  
AGENT  
Kewaskum, Wis.

**LOCAL MARKET REPORT**

Wheat	2.15 to 2.20
Barley	1.10 to 1.20
Rye No. 1	1.35 to 1.40
Oats	.65 to .70c
Timothy Seed, per cwt.	9.00-11.00
Butter (dairy)	.50 to .52c
Eggs	.41c
Unwashed wool	50c-52c
Beans, per 100 lbs.	6.00 to 7.00
Hides (calf skin)	.60c
Cow Hides	.24c to .25c
Horse Hides	9.50 to 10.00
Honey, lb.	22c-23c
Live Poultry	
Old Roosters	18c
Geese	25c
Ducks	26c
Hens	23c
Spring Chickens	33c

**Dairy Market**

Plymouth, Wis., July 14, 1919.  
On the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange today twenty-eight factories offered 5,657 boxes of cheese and all except 1,000 daisies sold as follows: 200 twins at 31c, 8425 daisies at 31 1/2c, 25 double daisies at 31c, 127 cases long horns at 32 1/2c, and 80 boxes square prints at 32 1/2c. The market continues quite active and prices maintain a high standard. Daisies and double daisies are the same as a week ago; long horns 7c, and twins one higher than a week ago and squares 1/2c, lower than a week ago.



PRESIDENT MAKES PLEA FOR TREATY BEFORE SENATE

Makes Assertion That League of Free Nations Has Become "Practical Necessity."

MEANS RELIEF FROM WAR

Chief Executive Refers to It as an "Indispensable Instrumentality for the Maintenance of the New Order Set Up in World."

Washington, July 10.—The senate was called into session at 12 o'clock and prayer offered by the chaplain, Rev. Forrest J. Prettyman, who asked divine guidance for the senate and the chief executive in the work it was about to undertake.

President Wilson spoke from a small rostrum erected by the desk of the reading clerk of the senate.

His address was as follows: Gentlemen of the Senate:

The treaty of peace with Germany was signed at Versailles on the 28th of June. I avail myself of the earliest opportunity to lay the treaty before you for ratification and to inform you with regard to the work of the conference by which that treaty was formulated.

The treaty constitutes nothing less than a world settlement. It would not be possible for me even to summarize or to construe its manifold provisions in an address which must of necessity be something less than a treatise. My services and all the information I possess will be at your disposal and at the disposal of your committee on foreign relations at any time, either informally or in session, as you may prefer; and I hope that you will not hesitate to make use of them.

I shall at this time, prior to your own study of the document, attempt only a general characterization of its scope and purpose.

Problems of Conference.

In one sense, no doubt, there is no need that I should report to you what was attempted and done at Paris. You have been daily cognizant of what was going on there—of the problems with which the peace conference had to deal and of the difficulty of laying down straight lines of settlement anywhere on a field on which the old lines of international relationship, and the new alike, followed so intricate a pattern and were for the most part cut so deep by historical circumstances which dominated action where it would have been best to ignore or reverse them.

The complex currents of politics and of interest must have been evident to you. It would be presuming in me to attempt to explain the questions which arose or the many diverse elements that entered into them. I shall attempt something less ambitious than that and more clearly suggested by my duty to report to the congress the part it seemed necessary for my colleagues and me to play as the representatives of the government of the United States.

That part was dictated by the role America has played in the war and by the expectations that had been created in the minds of the peoples with whom we had associated ourselves in that great struggle.

Saw Supremacy of Right Peril.

The United States entered the war upon a different footing from every other nation except our associates on this side the sea. We entered it, not because our material interests were directly threatened or because any special treaty obligations to which we were parties had been violated, but only because we saw the supremacy, and even the validity, of right everywhere put in jeopardy and free government likely to be everywhere imperiled by the intolerable aggression of a power which respected neither right nor obligation and whose very system of government flouted the rights of the citizens against the autocratic authority of his governors. And in the settlements of the peace we have sought no special reparation for ourselves, but only the restoration of right and the assurance of liberty everywhere that the effects of the settlement were to be felt. We entered the war as the disinterested champions of right and we interested ourselves in the terms of the peace in no other capacity.

United States' Timely Aid.

The hopes of the nations allied against the central powers were at a very low ebb when our soldiers began to pour across the sea. There was everywhere amongst them, except in their stoutest spirits, a somber foreboding of disaster. The war ended in November eight months ago, but you have only to recall what was feared in midsummer last, only four short months before the armistice, to realize what it was that our timely aid accomplished alike for their morale and their physical safety.

The first, never-to-be-forgotten action at Chateau Thierry had already taken place. Our reliable soldiers and marines had already closed the gap the enemy had succeeded in opening for their advance upon Paris—had already turned the tide of battle back toward the frontiers of France and

begun the rout that was to save Europe and the world. Thereafter the Germans were to be always forced back, never to thrust successfully forward again. And yet there was no confident hope.

Anxious men and women, leading spirits of France, attended the celebration of the Fourth of July last year in Paris out of generous courtesy—with no heart for festivity, little zest of hope. But they came away with something new at their hearts; they have themselves told us so.

Tells of Feeling Men Created.

The mere sight of our men—of their vigor, of the confidence that showed itself in every movement of their stalwart figures and every turn of their swinging march, in their steady comprehending eyes and easy discipline, in the indomitable air that added spirit to everything they did—made everyone who saw them that memorable day realize that something had happened that was much more than a mere incident in the fighting, something very different from the mere arrival of fresh troops.

A great moral force had flung itself into the struggle. The fine physical force of those spirited men spoke of something more than bodily vigor. They carried the great ideals of a free people at their hearts and with that vision were unconquerable. Their very presence brought reassurance; their fighting made victory certain.

They were recognized as crusaders, and as their thousands swelled to millions their strength was seen to mean salvation. And they were fit men to carry such a hope and make good the assurance it forecast. Finer men never went into battle; and their officers were worthy of them.

Comrades in Great Cause.

This is not the occasion upon which to utter an eulogy of the armies America sent to France, but perhaps, since I am speaking of their mission, I may speak also of the pride I shared with every American who saw or dealt with them there. They were the sort of men America would wish to be represented by, the sort of men every American would wish to claim as fellow countrymen and comrades in a great cause.

They were terrible in battle, and gentle and helpful out of it, remembering the mothers and the sisters, the wives and the little children at home. They were free men under arms, not forgetting their ideals of duty in the midst of tasks of violence. I am proud to have had the privilege of being associated with them and of calling myself their leader.

Duty to Quiet Fears of World.

And the compulsion of what they stood for was upon us who represented America at the peace table. It was our duty to see to it that every decision we took part in contributed, so far as we were able to influence it, to quiet the fears and realize the hopes of the peoples who had been living in that shadow, the nations that had come by our assistance to their freedom. It was our duty to do everything that it was within our power to do to make the triumph of freedom and of right a lasting triumph in the assurance of which men might everywhere live without fear.

Old entanglements of every kind stood in the way—promises which governments had made to one another in the days when might and right were confused and the power of the victor was without restraint. Engagements which contemplated any dispositions of territory, any extensions of sovereignty that might seem to be to the interest of those who had the power to insist upon them had been entered into without thought of what the peoples concerned might wish or profit by; and these could not always be honorably brushed aside. It was not easy to graft the new order of ideas on the old, and some of the fruits of the grafting may, I fear, for a time be bitter.

Thrust Upon Conference.

These were not tasks which the conference looked about to find and went out of its way to perform. They were inseparable from the settlements of peace. They were thrust upon it by circumstances which could not be overlooked. The war had created them. In all quarters of the world old established relationships had been disturbed or broken and affairs were at loose ends, needing to be mended or united again, but could not be made what they were before. They had to be set right by applying some uniform principle of justice or enlightened expediency. And they could not be adjusted by merely prescribing in a treaty what should be done.

New states were to be set up which could not hope to live through their first period of weakness without assured support by the great nations that had consented to their creation and won for them their independence. Ill-governed colonies could not be put in the hands of governments which were to act as trustees for their people, and not as their masters. If there was to be no common authority among the nations to which they were to be responsible in the execution of their trusts.

Future international conventions with regard to the control of waterways, with regard to illicit traffic of drugs, or with regard to the adjustment of many varying international administrative arrangements could not be assured if the treaty were to provide no permanent common international agency. If its execution in such matters was to be left to the slow and uncertain processes of cooperation by ordinary methods of negotiation.

Would Forbid New Moves.

to be the end of co-operative authority and common counsel among the governments to which the world was looking to enforce justice and give pledges of an enduring settlement, regions like the Saar basin could not be put under a temporary administrative regime which did not involve a transfer of political sovereignty and which contemplated a final determination of its political connections by popular vote to be taken at a distant date; no free city like Danzig could be created which was under elaborate international guarantees to accept exceptional obligations with regard to the use of its port and exceptional relations with a state; properly safeguarded plebiscites could not be provided for, where populations were at some future date to make choice what sovereignty they would live under; no certain and uniform method of arbitration could be secured for the settlement of anticipated difficulties of final decision, with regard to many matters dealt with in the treaty itself; the long-continued supervision of the task of reparation which Germany was to undertake to complete within the next generation might entirely break down; the reconsideration and revision of administrative arrangements and restrictions which the treaty prescribed, but which it was recognized might not prove of lasting advantage or entirely fair if too long enforced, would be impracticable.

A league of free nations had become a practical necessity. Examine the treaty of peace, and you will find that everywhere throughout its manifold provisions its framers have felt obliged to turn to the League of Nations as an indispensable instrumentality for the maintenance of the new order it has been their purpose to set up in the world, the world of civilized men.

That there should be a League of Nations to steady the counsels and maintain the peaceful understanding of the world, to make, not treaties alone, but the accepted principles of international law as well, the actual rule of conduct among the governments of the world, has been one of the agreements accepted from the first as the basis of peace with the central powers.

War Statesmen Agreed.

The statesmen of all the belligerent countries were agreed that such a league must be created to sustain the settlements that were to be effected. But at first I think there was a feeling among some of them that, while it must be attempted, the formation of such a league was perhaps a counsel of perfection which practical men, long experience in the world of affairs, must agree to very cautiously and with many misgivings.

It was only as the difficult work of arranging an all but universal adjustment of the world's affairs advanced from day to day, from one stage of conference to another, that it became evident to them that what they were seeking would be little more than something written upon paper, to be interpreted and applied by such methods as the chances of politics might make available, if they did not provide a means of common counsel which all were obliged to accept, a common authority whose decisions would be recognized as decisions which all must respect.

Skeptical Turn to League.

And so the most practical, the most skeptical among them turned more and more to the league as the authority through which international action was to be secured, the authority without which, as they had come to see it, it would be difficult to give assured effect to this treaty or to any other international understanding upon which they were to depend for the maintenance of peace.

The most practical of the conferees were at last the most ready to refer to the league of nations the superintendence of all interests which did not admit of immediate determination of all administrative problems which were to require a continuing oversight. What had seemed a counsel of perfection had come to seem a plain counsel of necessity. The league of nations was the practical statesman's hope of success in many of the most difficult things he was attempting.

And it had validated itself in the thought of every member of the conference as something much bigger, much greater every way than a mere instrument for carrying out the provisions of a particular treaty. It was universally recognized that all the peoples of the world demanded of the conference that it should create such a continuing concert of free nations as would make wars of aggression and spoliation, such as this that has just ended, forever impossible. A cry had gone out from every house in every stricken land from which sons and brothers and fathers had gone forth to the great sacrifice that such a sacrifice should never again be exacted.

It was manifest why it had been exacted. It had been exacted because one nation desired dominion and other nations had known no means of defense except armaments and alliances.

Old Policy Meant Force.

War had lain at the heart of every arrangement of Europe—of every arrangement of the world—that preceded the war. Restive peoples had been told that fleets and armies, which they toiled to sustain, meant peace; and they now knew that they had been lied to; that fleets and armies had been maintained to promote national ambitions and meant war. They knew that no old policy meant anything else but force, force—always force, and they knew that it was intolerable

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS

La Crosse—This is another chapter in the life of the West Salem magazine pullet, only hen in the world that ever laid nineteen eggs in one day. J. H. Benson, La Crosse poultryman, who didn't believe the story and after investigating filed an affidavit that he saw the hen lay fourteen eggs in one day, has fourteen chicks hatched from eggs laid by the famous hen. Only one egg of the setting was non-productive. Arrangements have been made to send the body of the hen to the state university laboratory after she dies.

Madison—The rudiments of disease prevention, first aid, and home nursing are treated in a course especially designed by the University of Wisconsin extension division to teach women and girls such essentials in the care of the sick. The course has already enrolled many students throughout the state. The course takes up the causes and transmission of disease, contagious diseases of childhood, colds and their dangers, personal hygiene, first aid, applications and irrigations, and home nursing.

Kenosha—A campaign is under way to have the city build a shelter home for delinquent children. All children held on minor charges must be locked up with older criminals and prisoners in the county and city jails. Children brought in for violation of the curfew day must be held under lock and key. This necessitates keeping boys and girls under 18 in the same cells with older persons. The drive for the shelter house is being pushed by women's societies.

Beloit—A honeymoon in the clouds was the wedding trip of Ensign Elliott D. Harrington, Elkhorn, alumnus of Beloit college, class of 1918, and his bride, Miss Catherine Butler, Seattle. Following the wedding in Seattle, Ensign and Mrs. Harrington donned air suits, climbed in the Beloit naval air's fast machine and sped through the clouds to Tacoma. During the war Harrington served as an ensign in the United States naval aviation corps.

Tomah—Charles F. Larson, cement contractor and mason, who disappeared from his home here last November under strange circumstances, has been located in Oakland, Cal., through the efforts of the Masonic lodge. He had gone to La Crosse to collect on some paving contracts, and had, it is said, about \$1,600. It was thought he had been robbed and thrown into the Mississippi river, but he was evidently the victim of some sickness.

Washburn—A letter from Congressman A. P. Nelson says arrangements have been made through congressional action whereby 200,000 pounds of TNT powder will be available for distribution throughout north Wisconsin under the direction of the Wisconsin college of agriculture, to be used in clearing land and road building. When the war closed the government had a large amount of this high explosive on hand.

Fond du Lac—Bernard Iddings Bell, for years dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, has been elected to the presidency of the St. Stephen's college at Annandale-on-Hudson, N. Y., which duties he will assume Aug. 1. Dean Bell, after resigning as assistant to Bishop Weller, became a chaplain at Great Lakes Naval Training station, being commissioned by the national war council of the Episcopal church.

Green Bay—Green Bay capital, augmented by Peshtigo and Oconto capital, is responsible for the organization of a new pulp and paper mill in Peshtigo. The corporation, named the Peshtigo Pulp and Paper Company, is capitalized for \$500,000. Two 122-inch machines will be installed for the manufacture of tissue and light wrapping paper. Ground weed pulp will also be manufactured.

Racine—Johannes Johnson, wealthy resident of North Cape, was captured and placed in the county jail after defying officers of Racine county for several days. Johnson refused, when ordered to appear for an examination to determine his mental condition. When an attempt was made to bring him in Johnson, who is a crack shot, held the officers away at the point of a gun.

Superior—Meat poisoning has resulted in one death and a total of 60 cases, all apparently due to meat from the same source. Samples of the meat, with the contents of the stomach of the man who died, have been sent to Madison for examination.

Superior—The value of Douglas County soil for clover raising was proved when a stem of six-headed specimen of the trifolium family was found.

Rhineland—William Hack, a member of Co. L, who with William Huefer captured the first German prisoner taken by the Thirty-second, has received the rifle which he took from the prisoner. He gave the rifle to a soldier returning to the states for safekeeping.

Green Bay—The new status of the Indian is emphasized by a report on crop conditions. On the three western reserves the Indians have 120,000 acres planted to wheat, oats and barley.

Stevens Point—Launcelot A. Gordon, elected county superintendent of Portage county while serving overseas, is en route home to take his job. He has filed his acceptance by cable. The state superintendent may be called upon to appoint an acting superintendent until Gordon arrives. He is believed to be the only Wisconsin soldier elected to office while serving overseas. The term of Miss Marion Bannach, former county superintendent, expired July 1.

La Crosse—Unless Houston county adopts and maintains that part of the interstate road between the village of La Crescent and the west channel bridge, two miles, La Crosse will on Sept. 1 restore tolls on the Mississippi wagon bridge here. The time limit for adoption by the Minnesota county of that part of the bridge turnpike lying within its border was prescribed by the La Crosse common council in a resolution adopted two years ago.

La Crosse—Sergt. J. W. Roberts, railroad man, during eighteen months overseas, took part in seven battles, was gassed twice and received five bullets in his legs. While he was gone, his wife, two children, father and mother, all died of influenza. He also learned on his return that six brothers had been killed in battle in France. Though in his early twenties Sergt. Roberts' hair is white. He has gone to Council Bluffs, Ia., to act as crossing tender for a railroad company.

Waupun—Making automobile license numbers for Wisconsin is a new industry in the state prison. Part of the machinery has been installed. An enameling room has been fitted up on the second floor. Drying racks for this department are now being built. The fact that fully 250,000 automobiles are licensed in the state, indicates that the industry will employ many. A modern laundry has been erected at the prison.

Tomah—Of the eight entries made by the boys and girls of Monroe county at the junior livestock exposition to be held in Madison next November, there is not a scrub animal in the lot. Belle Bold, Tomah, is entering a Jersey bull calf, and the other exhibitors will show Guernsey, Jersey and Short-horn heifers. There are two entries from the county for the baby beef classes, one a Guernsey and the other a Shorthorn.

Washburn—The Davis Boiler Co., Chicago, the firm that has purchased the surplus boilers from the Du Pont Co., which have been in use in their munition plants, has men at the Barksdale plant here taking out extra boiler and shipping them. When the plant was in full operation during the war the company was using about 5,000 horse-power boiler capacity. About 2,000 of this is being taken out.

La Crosse—Memories of the old swimming hole in northern Wisconsin prompted Francis Pawling, 14, and Jesse Vincent, 11, orphans, to run away from the state school for dependent children at Sparta. They were found by Dr. G. J. Egan near La Crosse, having walked thirty miles in two days. They said they lived on wild raspberries, which they found in abundance.

Milwaukee—Dr. Charles W. Hall of this city was elected president of the Wisconsin State Dental society at the convention held here. Other officers elected: Dr. J. V. Muller, Manitowish, first vice-president; Dr. W. I. McFarland, Tomahawk, second vice-president; Dr. W. F. Faust, Milwaukee, secretary; and Dr. Adolph G. Gropper, Milwaukee, treasurer.

Madison—The state board of health has announced the adoption of drastic rules, aimed to control, and prevent, the spread of social diseases. Physicians, hereafter, will be compelled to report cases, which they are treating, by serial number. Known sufferers, who refuse to submit to treatment, will be quarantined. Their homes will be placarded.

Watertown—Max Tschirpich, motorman, 1015 Thirty-sixth street, Milwaukee, was instantly killed and several passengers received injuries when the west bound interurban smashed into a stalled express at Nagawicka station. Peter G. Gehrbol, Milwaukee, was severely injured about the head and body.

Sheboygan—North Side residents are puzzled over the appearance in Volrab Park of white sparrows. They have been observed for several days, making their home in the trees. Bird lovers are interested in studying this new species.

Madison—Mrs. Ellen Adelaide Copp, 70, a grandmother, is a candidate for the highest academic degree, doctor of philosophy. She has won five college degrees and is a graduate student at the University of Wisconsin.

Manitowoc—The city officials including the engineer, street commissioner, city attorney, chairman of the Streets Committee, city clerk and mayor and an alderman who desires to attend, will be at the League of Wisconsin Municipalities meeting at West Allis in August. Expenses will be paid by the city.

Portage—A family reunion was held at the homes of F. A. and E. A. Stare at Columbus in honor of E. A. Stare 71, who as a result of a surgical operation recovered the sight of his eyes after being blind three years.

MARKETS

MILWAUKEE MARKETS

Butter. Creamery, tubs ..... 50@51c Extra firsts ..... 48@50c Firsts ..... 47@49c Seconds ..... 44@46c

Cheese. Twins ..... 31@32c Daisies ..... 31@32c Longhorns ..... 31@32c Brick, fancy ..... 30@31c

Eggs. Firsts ..... 39@40c Current receipts, fresh as to quality ..... 36@37c Checks ..... 32@33c Dirties ..... 33@34c

Live Poultry. Broilers ..... 38@40c Springers ..... 26@27c Hens ..... 30@31c Roosters ..... 19@20c

Corn—No. 3 yellow ..... 1.93@1.94 Oats—Standard ..... 80@.81 No. 3 white ..... 79@.80 No. 4 white ..... 78@.79

Rye—No. 2 ..... 1.60@1.64 Barley—Big-berried ..... 1.30@1.32 Fair to good ..... 1.28@1.31 Low grades ..... 1.25@1.28

Hay. Choice timothy ..... \$28.00@28.50 No. 1 timothy ..... 27.00@27.50 No. 2 timothy ..... 23.00@24.50 Rye straw ..... 9.50@10.00

Hogs. Prime, heavy butchers ..... 22.50@22.80 Fair to prime light ..... 21.50@22.50 Pigs ..... 18.00@21.50

Cattle. Steers ..... 12.75@15.75 Cows ..... 10.00@12.00 Heifers ..... 10.75@13.50 Calves ..... 18.00@18.75

MINNEAPOLIS MARKETS.

Grain. Corn—No. 3 yellow ..... \$1.88@1.89 No. 3 white ..... .75@.76

Rye—No. 2 ..... 1.57@1.58 Flax ..... 6.15@6.19

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Chicago, July 11. Open- High- Low- Close- ing. est. est. ing. July 1904-1905 1.96 1.90 1.92 1.92 Sept. 1.93-1.91 1.95 1.97 1.93-1.92 Dec. 1.88-1.87 1.80 1.87 1.80-1.84

Wheat—No. 1 hard ..... 75@.76 No. 2 hard ..... 73@.74 No. 3 hard ..... 71@.72 No. 1 soft ..... 77@.78 No. 2 soft ..... 75@.76 No. 3 soft ..... 73@.74

Flour—Per bbl., 98 lb. sack basis: Corn flour, \$3.70; white rye, 1st. June, \$5.00; dark rye, \$5.00; spring wheat, special brands, \$12.90; first clear, \$9.25; second clear, \$6.00; hard winter, \$11.00; soft winter, \$11.50; new hard winter, \$10.50; soft winter, \$10.50; extra, packed in white wood cases, \$9.50; checks, \$9.25; dirties, \$8.25; storage packed, \$8.75; 42@43c; ordinary \$8.75; 41@42c.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, 24c; fowls, 23c; roasters, 21c; broilers, 33@34c; ducks, 25c; spring ducks, 27@28c; geese, 35c; spring geese, 25c. Prices to retail trade in single coop lots, 5c higher.

ICED POULTRY—Turkeys, 36@37c; fowls, 31@32c; roasters, 21@22c; ducks, 25@26c; geese, 35@36c.

POTATOES—Per 100 lb. sacks, \$1.00@1.25. CATTLE—Prime steers, \$14.00@17.50; good to choice steers, \$12.00@14.25; plain to medium steers, \$11.00@12.50; yearlings, fair to choice, \$10.00@14.50; stockers and feeders, \$8.00@12.75; good to prime cows, \$10.00@13.50; culls to prime, \$6.00@10.00; fair to good cows, \$8.00@10.00; canners, \$7.50@7.75; cutters, \$6.75@8.00; hologna bulls, \$5.00@10.00; butcher bulls, \$10.00@13.00; veal calves, \$11.00@15.00.

HOGS—Fair to choice light hogs, \$22.30@22.90; choice light butchers, \$22.00@22.80; medium weight butchers, 240-270 lbs., \$22.30@22.75; heavy weight butchers, 270-320 lbs., \$22.10@22.50; mixed packing, \$21.75@22.40; heavy packing, \$21.25@21.70; rough packing, \$20.00@21.25; pigs, fair to good, \$16.00@20.00; stags (subject to 80 lbs. dockage), \$20.00@22.25.

SHEEP—Shorn yearlings, \$10.00@14.00; spring lambs, \$15.00@17.50; clipped weathers, \$16.00@17.75; clipped ewes, fair to choice, \$16.00@19.00; bucks, \$18.00@20.50.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 11. CATTLE—Receipts, 500; active and strong. CALVES—Receipts, 1,300; active and \$1 higher, \$6.00@7.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,800; active, steady to 6c higher; heavy, \$27.50@28.00; mixed, \$23.75@24.00; yorkers, \$23.75; light yorkers, \$22.00@22.50; pigs, \$21.75@22.00; rough, \$20.75@21.00; stags, \$19.00@18.00; state, \$13.50@23.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 400; lambs slow and 7c lower; others active and steady; lambs, \$12.00@18.00; others unchanged.

Sedalia—The father of twenty-three children, Jacob Hunter, 102 years old, claims the distinction of being the oldest man in Central Missouri. Sixteen of Hunter's children are living. Hunter was born April 1, 1817, and was a slave until after the Civil War. New York—George W. Rector, formerly proprietor of one of the most famous restaurants in the world here, is reduced to living on an income of \$1,500 yearly and running his own dinner, according to his own statement, made in reply to his wife's suit for alimony.

J. Lambeck, M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT GLASSES FITTED

Office Hours—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 2 to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m. Telephone 49 2780

ROOM 324-35, MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK BLDG. WEST WATER ST. Milwaukee, Wis.

G. KONITZ SHOE STORE

All kinds of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children always carried in stock REPAIRING A SPECIALTY Kewaskum, Wisconsin

MRS. K. ENDLICH Carpet Weaver

Kewaskum, Wis.

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS

are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking after things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

Should Contain Your Ad

FOR—

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, CIRCULARS, PROGRAMMES, INVITATIONS, SALE BILLS, POSTERS, AND ALL SORTS OF Job Work CALL AT THIS OFFICE

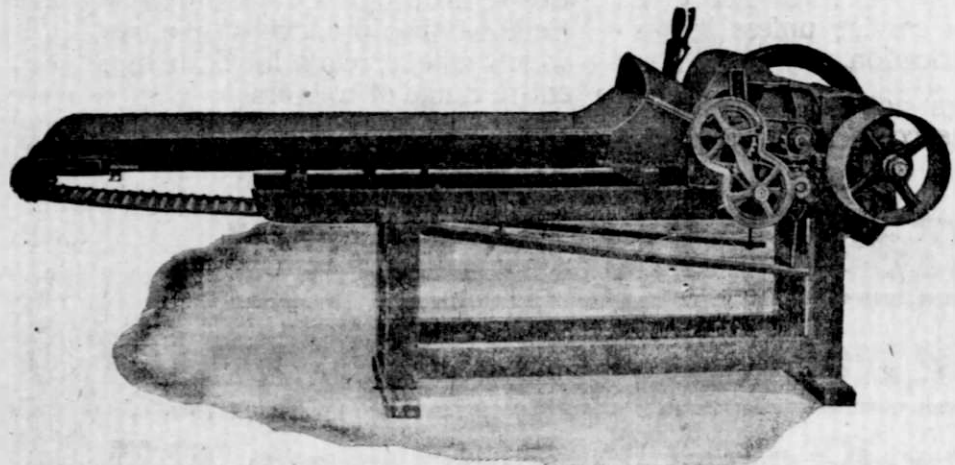
Come and see samples of work and get our prices before going anywhere else. New type, fast press, best material and competent workmen.

Everybody who reads magazines buys newspapers, but everybody who reads newspapers doesn't buy magazines. Catch the Drift? Here's the medium to reach the people of this community.



# PLYMOUTH SELF-FEED ENSILAGE CUTTERS

"Plymouth" Feed Cutters are the result of twenty-five years' experience and practical study of conditions and needs in the farm and dairy field. They embrace every advantage known to other similar machines, and many vital features which are original with us and can be had only in the "Plymouth Self-Feed." Below are some mighty strong points for you to think about before you buy a feed cutter.

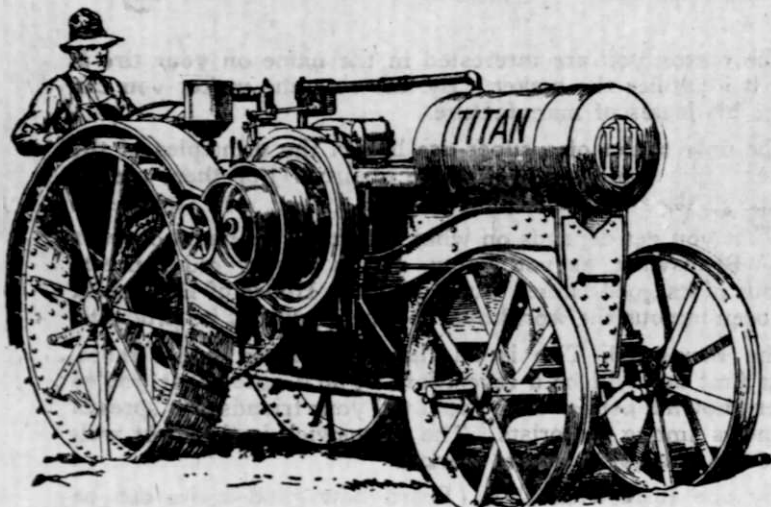


**AUTOMATIC SELF-FEED**—This feature consists of a traveling feed chain, made of heavy iron slats securely riveted to a chain which passes over the lower feed roller. Throw the fodder into the feed box and the "Plymouth" does the rest.

**DANGER-PROOF SELF-FEED ROLLERS**—Here's another strong feature, original with the "Plymouth." It consists of four large rollers of cast iron. The traveling feed chain passes over the lower hind roller, just passing the lower front roller, which is six inches in diameter, and smooth. The two upper and lower hind rollers are ribbed. The 8-inch automatic roller at the top, to the rear, is a special feature of the "Plymouth." It acts as a lever or weight to keep the fodder passing through continuously, depending on its own gravity to keep the material going through without a hitch. Two coil springs serve to exert an even and steady pressure on the automatic roller as the volume of fodder increases in going through. The spring feature is entirely automatic, and is only to be had in the "Plymouth." It absolutely prevents clogging.

Sold by A. G. Koch, Kewaskum, Wisconsin

## \$225 Cut in Price of Titan 10-20



**BEGINNING** July 1st, 1919, the 1920 price of the Titan 10-20 kerosene tractor is **\$1,000** CASH F. O. B. Factory **\$1050** when time is given. Reasonable terms will be given to any man who needs the Titan now and cannot pay cash in full. These terms are new.

**WE** have reduced the price of the Titan 10-20 from \$1,225 to \$1,000. This big cut is not justified by present prices of materials and labor, but is made in anticipation that the largely increased volume of business developed will offset the reduction. The Titan now becomes the world's most popular priced 3-plow tractor.

If you have been holding off buying a tractor because \$1,000 was your limit for a good 3-plow machine, your price will now buy the best one.

To sell the Titan 10-20 at this low price, not a single necessary feature has been taken off to be bought at extra cost. The Titan comes to you complete. The Harvester Company is too old at the business to offer you a tractor which is not 100% efficient at the drawbar and 100% efficient on the belt.

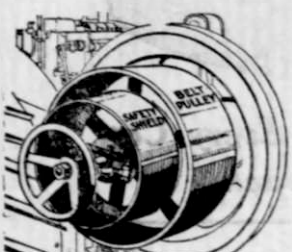
Remember, the Titan is a 3-plow tractor. Don't confuse it with low-powered 2-plow machines. For a fair comparison as to price, add one-half the cost of any 2-plow tractor to its advertised price, then add the cost of

all the extras you must buy, and that will put it on a par with the Titan 3-plow tractor. Then compare values.

In addition, remember the Titan is a genuine kerosene tractor. Gasoline as tractor fuel is unwarranted extravagance. Don't forget that. We give you a written guarantee that the Titan operates efficiently on kerosene.

You can't make a mistake if you select a Titan 10-20 at its present low price. It will give you power satisfaction that will stand by you steadily season after season at drawbar and belt. You may rely on Harvester reputation for good service and fair dealing. Go to your dealer. Arrange for immediate shipment. This price reduction may make delivery difficult later. Place your order now.

### These Features, Regular With Titan, Are Charged for Extra by Some Tractor Makers:



Friction Clutch Pulley

**Friction Clutch Pulley** With the Titan wide friction clutch pulley, put in the right place by a company that knows where it belongs. It is provided with a safety shield. The belt work season is on. No extra charge for Titan pulley.

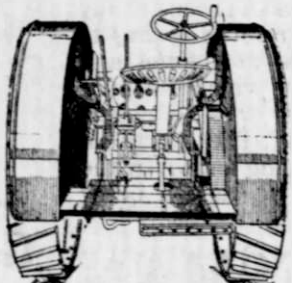
**Throttle Governor** With the Titan you get a throttle governor. It gives you steady speed for belt work, saves fuel, prevents grain losses, works automatically and perfectly. No extra charge.

**Starting and Service** You get the Titan compulsory starting and service charge made by some companies. Complete instruction in starting and operating is given free. No extra charge.

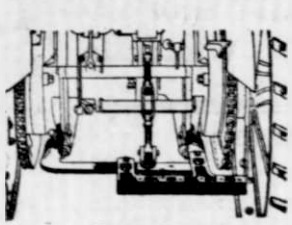
**Drawbar** With the Titan you get a convenient drawbar, adjustable side-ways and up-and-down. Fits every use. Compare it with others. No extra charge.

**Fenders** With the Titan you get drive-wheel fenders. They stand for safety. They also protect the engine and operator from mud and dust. No extra charge.

**Platform** With the Titan you get a rear-plat- form. You can stand up and run the tractor, put in more hours with less fatigue. No extra charge.



Platform and Fenders



Drawbar

**INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY**  
CHICAGO OF AMERICA INC. U.S.A.

# COMPLETE CHANGE IN TOWN ROAD LAWS

Article No. 3.

There is a volume known as the Wisconsin Town Laws, published in 1917, containing 1470 pages, and here-in are contained, of course, the laws regarding town highways and bridges. The first were enacted in 1849, and they have been added to from session to session of the legislature since that time. The fundamental law governing the maintenance and construction of town roads and bridges, however, has remained the same until this session of the legislature, when by the passage of bill number 533A, the town road laws are re-written so far as the management of highway construction and maintenance is concerned. The change is an epochal one.

Under the old law, the towns were divided into road districts, averaging about six miles of road each, which were in charge of a road district boss, sometimes called a pathmaster. The option was given to the Town Board to provide that town road taxes should be paid in cash or worked out in labor. There are 13,000 pathmasters or district road bosses in Wisconsin to-day, and there is charged on the town books \$5,000,000 a year as road taxes paid.

The system was fundamentally wrong, and the lack of results was apparent. Recently more and more of the farmers began to see it, and began to see that the only solution was to wipe out the road district system and to provide for one competent, responsible, central authority in charge of road work, and to further provide for the paying of road taxes in cash.

This, in brief, is what Bill 533A does. It authorizes the Town Board to appoint and fix the compensation of a competent person to superintend the construction or repair of all highways and bridges, subject to the direction of the Town Board, to be known as the Superintendent of Highways. He shall serve for one year, and give bond for the faithful performance of his duties. He may be paid in lieu of all other compensation an annual salary, payable monthly, and the board is allowed to make him a monthly allowance for the upkeep of a horse and vehicle or automobile or motor truck.

His duties shall be to supervise the construction and maintenance of all roads, bridges, and culverts; to keep the highways passable at all seasons; and to make full and complete reports to the Town Board yearly or when required. Blank forms for this are to be furnished by the Highway Commission. He may make arrangements for the appointment of as many foremen as needed.

The option of working out the road tax is eliminated, and the supervisors are required to levy and collect in cash such taxes as may be needed. All payments for work shall be by warrant drawn upon the Town Treasurer, signed by the Town Superintendent, and countersigned by the Town Chairman, and complete records are to be kept. Formal contracts are required to be approved by the Town Board.

This marks a new epoch in highway improvement in Wisconsin, and will undoubtedly be a vast improvement. Iowa, Minnesota, and Illinois have abandoned the old town system and a number of towns in Wisconsin have done so, and found that they were saving money and vastly improving their roads.

### BEEKEEPERS MUST BEWARE!

Even the ancient and peaceful occupation of keeping bees and gathering honey has come under the eye of the law in Wisconsin and must regard restrictive regulations because foul brood and other diseases destructive to the bee are abroad in the land. The State Department of Agriculture is authority for the statement that Wisconsin is the best honey-producing state east of the Rocky Mountains, and is at the same time one of the worst cursed with bee pests.

The state beekeepers association, in order to lessen the evil of the diseases and to eradicate them, if possible, has secured the enactment of an amendment to the bee law which will be known as Chapter 330 of the Laws of 1919. This amendment touches so closely all beekeepers that it should be given wide publicity if the ten thousand farmers and others who keep bees are to avoid penalties. The law forbids the selling or offering for sale, or the removal, transportation or shipment of any apiary, bees, combs, or used bee-keeping appliances without a permit from the inspector of apiaries. Nor can any of these things be shipped into Wisconsin unless they bear a certificate showing that they have been inspected and that they are free from infection. Transportation companies also are prohibited from accepting for shipment any of the things named unless certificate of inspection and freedom from infection accompany them.

Application for permits of inspection are to be made to the state entomologist, state department of agriculture, Capitol Building, Madison.

# NEW LEGISLATION COVERING HIGHWAYS AND HIGHWAY TRAFFIC.

Article No. 4.

In the amended State Trunk Highway Act and in a number of other bills are found many enactments of much interest governing highway improvement and the regulation of highway traffic, the main ones of which are covered below.

An important measure not in its immediate consequences, but looking in to the future, is the Wilcox resolution empowering the state to bond for highway purposes. This provides for a constitutional amendment providing that the state may bond for the construction of highways, provided that the debt thus created shall never exceed in the aggregate more than 1 per cent of the last state assessment. At the present time, for instance, this would empower the state to bond in the sum of \$40,000,000. However this measure must go over until the legislature of 1921, and if it is favorably acted upon at that time, it must be voted on by the people at the general election of 1922. If the people vote favorably, future legislatures would be empowered to bond as indicated.

One of the evils noted by tourists in traveling is the danger caused by advertising signs at highway intersections obstructing the view. The amended State Trunk Highway Act bars all such signs from a highway from a point within 1000 feet of the highway intersection, unless permission is obtained for erecting the same from the officials in charge. The latter are empowered to remove the signs erected in violation of the statute. The triangles formed by adjacent intersecting highways within the field are also declared prohibited territory for danger producing signs, and the barred limit is made 1000 feet from the intersection.

In the much discussed matter of snow removal, the chief change is a section providing that if the State Highway Commission shall receive a petition signed by at least fifty persons certifying that they would often travel a certain section of road in pursuit of their ordinary occupation, and if the State Highway Commission shall determine that the public interest demands it, they may direct the county officials to keep it open to travel if it is not kept open by the local units.

A provision is also incorporated in this bill making it a punishable misdemeanor to remove or deface any sign, guide post, or marker erected by the state or municipality.

Two measures which were passed of interest to automobile owners are one raising the legal speed limit of automobiles on highways from 25 to 30 miles an hour, and another relating to headlights on motor vehicles, and devised to remedy the light glare evil. Such vehicles under these sections are required to carry head lights which will enable the driver to distinguish objects 200 ft. ahead, and to be of such character as to avoid dangerous glare or dazzle. The important section of the bill is that which enacts that, subject to this requirement, it is made the duty of the industrial commission to investigate and determine what are reasonable standards of lighting equipment for motor vehicles and for their use and adjustment, so as to make the use of the highways by such vehicles safe, and to issue such orders as they deem necessary to carry out these standards, and make for the safety of highway traffic. This is a new departure in Wisconsin, and will undoubtedly work out very well.

It is made a misdemeanor to plow, cultivate or otherwise work any land in such a way as to obstruct the drainage of any highway ditch, or to operate any farm or other machinery on, along or across any highway so as to materially damage it.

A bill introduced by Speaker Young require that brush and trees shall be kept cut at the approach to railroad crossings, for at least 330 feet if they obscure the view.

### FARM LAND SELLS FOR \$300 AN ACRE

Many people are under the impression that farm land has about reached the highest mark in price, which however, is not the case, the value of land is still going up, and there is no telling where it will stop. Last week a farm consisting of 100 acres, owned by Mrs. Fred Krueger, located two miles from Juneau, Dodge county, was sold to Otto Ohrmund of that place for \$300 an acre, the buildings on the premises are said to be below the average. The price of land in that vicinity is showing a steady upward tendency, where the farms are in good condition.

### CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any troubles of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

# "See here," says the Good Judge

I want to remind you about that small chew of this good tobacco.



It tastes better because it's good tobacco. Its quality saves you part of your tobacco money. It goes further and lasts longer.

### THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW

Put up in two styles

RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco

# Choice Groceries

**JOHN MARX**  
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

# Flour and Feed

HAVE YOUR STORAGE BATTERIES RECHARGED BY **J. W. SCHAEFER & SONS** Kewaskum, Wisconsin GARAGE AND SERVICE STATION



Funeral Parlor Phone Kilbourn 1318

**FRANK A. ZWASKA**  
UNDERTAKER  
LADY ASSISTANT

Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital

2201 Center Street Milwaukee, Wis.

### CONSULT WM. LEISSRING



About Your Eyesight

I Prescribe and make my own glasses.

Exclusive Optometrist will be at the Republican House, Kewaskum, every 2nd Wednesday of each month from 9 to 12 a. m.

HOME OFFICE—New location, 242 Plankinton Arcade, 2nd Floor Milwaukee, Wis.

### EDW. MILLER

UNDERTAKER and EMBALMER (Lady Assistant) FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Special Attention Given to Undertaking and Funerals

Dealer in all Kinds of Furniture

Picture Framing Done Promptly and Neatly

Local and Long Distance Phones Kewaskum, Wisconsin PHONE NO. 107

# Erler & Weiss

Dealers in

Marble and Granite Monuments

West Bend, Wisconsin

### HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Edw. C. Miller.



### CAMPBELLSPORT

Charles Behnke spent Sunday at Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Nic Hahn spent Sunday at Eden.

Miss Mary Farre of Cudahy spent Sunday here.

Gregor Altenhofen spent Sunday here at his home.

Martin Knickel was a Fond du Lac caller on Monday.

Miss Flora Senn was a Fond du Lac caller Monday.

Miss Alice Fleischmann visited at Fond du Lac Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Senn were Lomira callers Monday.

Chas. Van de Zande spent Monday at Dundee on business.

Mrs. Amelia Senn left Friday for a few days' stay at Lomira.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walsch of Chicago are visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Roethke and children spent Monday at Hartford.

Mrs. Anna Dengel is spending the week with relatives at St. Bridgets.

Miss Clara Sheriff of Green Bay is spending the week here with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wietor of Wayne spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Leo Serine.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Leisser will spend several weeks with Mrs. Anton Bauer.

Miss Mayme Flynn and Carrol Armond of Milwaukee are visiting relatives here.

Miss Hildebrand Mader returned home Sunday from a two weeks' visit at West Bend.

Mr. and Mrs. Nic July of Milwaukee visited with Rev. F. July and Miss Anna July Sunday.

T. J. Dieringer and Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Burchardt and children spent Sunday at Cedar Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Knickel and Mr. and Mrs. John Wenzel visited relatives at Lomira Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wrucke and daughter Lucille left Saturday for Clintonville for several days' stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bump left Friday for Clark County where they will spend two weeks with their daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Doctor and daughter Gertrude of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Marie Guepe.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Day, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Straub, Miss Clara Sheriff and Dr. A. C. Martin spent Sunday at Cedar Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Augusta Treiber, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Feuerhammer and son Elmer and Miss Tillie Braun spent Sunday at Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Derr and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Greenwald of Milwaukee were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sullivan Friday.

T. F. Flannagan and family and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sullivan and Mrs. Anna Dengel visited Sunday at the Ed. Campbell home at Kewaskum.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hesperman of Milwaukee and Mrs. Hesperman of Hartford visited with Mrs. Marie Krembs and Miss Helen Breyman Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Curran and daughter Mary, Mrs. F. Johnson, John Flaherty and sister Mary, John McEnroe and W. J. Sullivan attended the funeral of James Smith at Eden Saturday.

—LOST A rear bumper for a Buick-Six Automobile, last Sunday afternoon, on the Fond du Lac road between the village of Kewaskum and West Bend. Honest finder please return same to this office and receive reward.

Henry Niesen, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Thome and daughter Elsa of Saukville, Herman Zaostro of Milwaukee and the Misses Gretchen and Leona Pass of Cudahy were over Sunday guests at the John H. Paas home. Miss Leona Pass is home for a two weeks' vacation.

Oiling the 'Wheels.

No one can afford to let another person exceed in politeness, and there is nothing in the world that will oil the wheels of the like the lubricant of courtesy. Try it in your daily life and see. No one will chide you for not being in good form, even if you should slip in a few obsolete terms. For in this busy age each one is an arbiter of fashion himself. It would be a refreshing thing to introduce a few of the old-fashioned variety of social amenities—at least it would be refreshing to the elders of some of the boys and girls of the period.

Remove Mildew.

Take any common soap, size according to area of material that is affected. Cut soap in small pieces, add a little water to it and put on top of stove until dissolved. When about the consistency of cream take from the fire. Stir in common salt and cover the mildewed fabric with the mixture. If one application does not suffice, two will be sure to do the work. After applying the mixture, expose to the sun for some hours and then wash off.

### ST. KILIAN

Erwin Bonlander spent Sunday in our burg.

Joe Kohler was a Lomira caller on Wednesday.

Joseph Flasch was a Theresa caller Tuesday.

Rev. F. Falbisoner is spending a few days at Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Batzler and family spent Sunday at Fond du Lac.

Mrs. Catherine Beisbier is visiting with relatives and friends in our burg.

Miss Genevieve Beisbier was the guest of Mrs. J. Heisler and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Jaeger spent Tuesday evening with the A. Strachota family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Flasch and family spent from Sunday until Tuesday at the Cream City.

John Ruplinger and daughter Helen spent a few days this week with the Martin Schmitt family.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schmidt and Mrs. Margaret Melzer of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Frank Melzer family.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Flasch and daughter Carrie and Mr. and Mrs. John M. Flasch and family enjoyed a trip to Fond du Lac Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Strachota and family, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Schmitt and family, Geo. Amanda and Hildegard German spent Sunday at Cedar Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Schill of Edgar spent from Thursday until Monday with the Andrew Strachota family. Their daughter Serella who visited here for several weeks returned home with them.

Vera and Josephine Strobel, Angeline and Hildegard German and Angeline Beisbier and Margaret Brennan were entertained by Miss Apollonia Flasch Monday night, it being a farewell party for Miss Flasch who will leave for Milwaukee in the near future.

Trials All Have Value.

Trials without discover forces within. Says Victor Hugo: "There are instincts for all the crises of life." A deep perplexity awakens a flash of insight; a bitter opposition sets the soul on fire; a grave peril opens our eyes to horses and chariots of fire; a severe catastrophe evokes a heroism of which the sufferer had not thought himself capable.—W. L. Watkinson.

Be Kind Always.

One great trouble with unkind thoughts is that it is so very difficult to keep them only thoughts; sooner or later they find utterance. We may fancy that we are keeping our uncharitable opinions to ourselves, but they are almost certain to express themselves in look or tone, if not in word. The only way to be really kind is to be kind clear through.—Exchange.

Heroism.

Heroism is always the same, however the fashion of a hero's clothes may alter. Every hero in history is as near to a man as his neighbor, and if we should tell the simple truth of some of our neighbors, it would sound like poetry.—George W. Curtis.

Makes the Whole World Glad.

Love "thinketh no evil," imputes no motive, sees the bright side, puts the best construction on every action. What a delightful state of mind to live in! What a stimulus and benediction even to meet with it for a day.

Speaking of Birds.

When little Willie's ma used to tell him she had been informed of his misdeeds by a bird, Willie probably had misgivings that either ma was prevaricating in a good cause or the tale-bearing fowl was a lyre bird.

Takes Will Power.

Good intentions can wind the alarm clock, but it takes will power to get out of bed in the morning.—Toledo Blade.

Civil War Medical History.

The medical history of our Civil War comprises six volumes, whose preparation covered a period of twenty-eight years from the end of the war.

Ever Think of It?

Electricity can run through very slender wires. And the energies of saving grace can enter the life through the medium of a very unfinished creed.—Christian Herald.

Confirmation.

No woman is really satisfied with the compliments her mirror pays her unless they are reiterated by some man.—Boston Transcript.

World 711,000,000 Years Old.

Basing their calculations upon radioactive phenomena, two British scientists have advanced the theory that the world is at least 711,000,000 years old.

Alm High.

If you hit the mark you must aim a little above it; every arrow that flies feels the attraction of earth.—Longfellow.

Mean.

Said the almost philosopher, "The glow who married for money instead of love couldn't be persuaded to do it again for love or money."

The Once Over.

Life is a book. Read it carefully for you can only read it once.—Boston Transcript.

Optimistic Thought.

He hath riches sufficient who hath enough to be charitable.

### CEGAR LAWN

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Bower last Wednesday.

Hazel Gudex came home from Milwaukee on Monday for a brief visit.

Quite a number from here attended the camp meeting at Byron last Sunday.

A. D. Chesley and family spent from Saturday until Monday at Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Giese and children visited friends at Round Lake Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schultz and son Albert of Osceola called here on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Yankow of Campbellsport visited at the Jonathan Odekirk home Sunday.

John, Arthur and Alvin Seefeld of West Eden spent Tuesday with their brother Albert Seefeld.

Mrs. Martha Gudex and son Wm. visited with the John A. Gudex family at Ashford last Sunday.

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Mrs. Chas. Krueger, son Charles and daughter Elsie were Kewaskum callers Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Butzke and sons Alvin and Clarence and Mrs. Willie Wunder spent Monday at Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Krueger and daughters Elsie and Leona and son Ernst spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Schultz.

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The following spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bleck: Mr. and Mrs. John Giese and family of Random Lake, Miss Rose Dickmann and Herbert Haack.

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Joseph Flasch was a Theresa caller Tuesday.

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Mrs. Catherine Beisbier is visiting with relatives and friends in our burg.

Miss Genevieve Beisbier was the guest of Mrs. J. Heisler and family Sunday.

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Mr. and Mrs. John Flasch and family spent from Sunday until Tuesday at the Cream City.

John Ruplinger and daughter Helen spent a few days this week with the Martin Schmitt family.

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### CEGAR LAWN

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Bower last Wednesday.

Hazel Gudex came home from Milwaukee on Monday for a brief visit.

Quite a number from here attended the camp meeting at Byron last Sunday.

A. D. Chesley and family spent from Saturday until Monday at Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Giese and children visited friends at Round Lake Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schultz and son Albert of Osceola called here on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Yankow of Campbellsport visited at the Jonathan Odekirk home Sunday.

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# Correct Lubrication Is Tractor Insurance

NO matter how good your tractor may be it cannot give satisfactory service unless it has proper lubrication. This means not only plenty of oil, but the correct oil, properly applied.

After long years of experience the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) has produced three oils which will correctly lubricate the entire range of tractors. These in the order of their viscosity are:

## Heavy Polarine Oil Stanolind Tractor Oil Extra Heavy Polarine Oil

Any Standard Oil representative will be glad to show you the chart of Tractor lubrication, prepared by our Engineering Staff. It indicates specifically which of these three oils the Standard Oil Engineers have found will give the best results in your particular tractor.

We have just published a 100-page book "Tractors and Tractor Lubrication," prepared by our engineering staff, which you will find a valuable reference book, and we believe it will save you many days of tractor idleness with the resultant money loss. It's free to you for the asking. Address.

Standard Oil Company, 910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. 1750 (Indiana)

# We Want to Serve You

Never has there been a time when the public have looked more keenly for Merchandise News than right now, especially that of trade marked, standardized products. Our equipment and facilities are of the best and our circulation reaches out to the majority of prospective purchasers throughout an extensive territory. If you do not know how to advertise, let us give you the benefit of our experience. Place an ad consistently in the STATESMAN and watch the excellent results obtained therefrom. Don't be a dead one.

Our Job Department is fully equipped with the most modern machinery and type faces on the market, and with our 30 years' practical experience in the job line in some of the best commercial printing offices of the state, makes us able to take care of your printing needs in first-class shape. We exert the utmost care in turning out your work and our prices for high class printing are no higher than you would pay for an inferior grade of work. Mail order work a specialty. Try us on that next order of printing, and we assure you that you will become a booster. No job too large or no job too small.

We have added a new department to our paper, namely: A Classified Want Ad Column. We would like to have you list your wants, for sale, lost, found or for rent advertising with us. All will receive careful attention. Cash or postage stamps must accompany order.

Last but not least, do not deny yourself that Subscription to the KEWASKUM STATESMAN any longer. We are ever aiming to better our paper at all times, and any suggestions which the public have to offer will be cheerfully received. The worth of our paper is being shown by the large number of names being placed on our list weekly.

## STATESMAN

"THE QUALITY SHOP"

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

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# Brunswick Principles In Fine Tire Making

The reason you are interested in the name on your tire is that it identifies the maker. By knowing the maker you can judge his ideals of manufacture.

The only secret of a super-tire lies in the principles of the maker. His standards decide the quality. For there are no secrets in the tire industry.

What you get depends on what is behind the name on your tire. Brunswick, as you know, means a very old concern, jealous of its good name. Since 1845 the House of Brunswick has been famous the world over for the quality of its products.

The Brunswick Tire is all that you expect—and more. Your first one will be a revelation. You'll agree that you've never known a better. And you'll tell your friends. So spread the news among motorists. The Brunswick is the most welcome tire that ever came to market.

Try one Brunswick Tire. Learn how good a tire can be built. And remember, it costs no more than like-type tires.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.  
275-277-279 West Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.



There's a Brunswick Tire for Every Car  
Cord—Fabric—Solid Track

## George Kippenhan, Kewaskum, Wis

W. Rahn and sons Field and Miles spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Amandus Sehnemann and family at Elmore.

The following spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt and family: Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Brautar and Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Koch, Inez Loomis, Louis Tunn and Henry Kettie.

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