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Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIV

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1919

NUMBER 42

GRADUATION AT ST. MICHAELS

A very interesting program has been arranged by the teachers and pupils of St. Michaels school for their commencement exercises to be held Sunday and Monday evenings, June 22nd and 23rd at 8 P. M. The following program will be rendered: Song—"Welcome"

"THE ENCHANTED VIOLIN" Characters.

Master.....George Meilinger
Servant.....Clarence Hoerig
Traveler.....Roman Theusch
Dutchman.....Alfred Bremser
Judge.....Math. Schladweiler
Sheriff.....Frank Herriges
Attendant.....Alex Pesch
Dollie's Dancing Lesson.....
Our Little Girls
"Virtue is the Safest Shield".....
Pauline Theusch
Clown Drill.....Twelve Boys
"Du tragst die Pharme fort".....
PERSONNEN

Meister Pech.....Frank Herriges
Frau Pech.....Irene Uelmen
Ein Herr.....George Meilinger
Ein Spielmann.....Aloysius Schneider
Ein Kind.....Gertrude Staehler
The Boys and Girls.....Small Children
Burglars.....The Four Graduates
Hans, Mans.....Alfons Rodenkirch
Flag Drill.....Twelve Girls
Class Prophecy.....Veronica Roden
Graduates' Farewell Song.
Distribution of Graduating Diplomas
.....Rev. J. Beyer

Graduates.
Math. Schladweiler, Clarence Hoerig
Pauline Theusch Veronica Roden
Class Motto—"Virtue is the Safest Shield"
Class Colors—Gold and Old Rose
Class Flowers—Daisy.
The venerable Sisters and their pupils have spared no efforts to make the evening's entertainment an enjoyable one for all and hence extend a cordial invitation to all. The ladies of the parish will serve refreshments on both evenings.

RECEIVES LETTER FROM FRENCH ORPHAN

Geo. F. Brandt, Chief Council of the local branch of the Modern Woodmen this week received a letter from a French Orphan, which the Woodmen Camp adopted some time last winter. The name of the orphan is Andrae Blaucart. The letter was written by the mother of the child, who states that her husband was killed in action one month after the declaration of war. Her home is in Fontenois, France. The letter reads as follows: Fontenois, May 18, 1919.

Sir and Dear Benefactor:— I wish to thank you most sincerely in place of my son for the gift which you so kindly bestowed upon him. My little Andrae is four and a half years old; therefore is still too young to write, yet he knows you by name because I have made him understand how good you have been to him.

Poor child—he is an orphan without having known his father, who was killed one month after the declaration of the war.

I pray you, Sir and Dear Benefactor to believe our profound appreciation and in my deepest respect.

Mme Verve (Widow)
J. Blaucart
Fontenois, France
Par BuZanzy.

Dear Benefactor:— I thank you very much and I send you from afar my best regards.
Andrae Blaucart.

CATCHES 50 POUNDS OF PICKEREL

Fishing on Crooked Lake this year is exceptionally good, a large amount of pickerel and other small fish are being caught there daily. Ed. Stahl of Beechwood, was one of the lucky fishermen, being successful in catching fifty pounds of pickerel in one and one-half hours one day last week, while fishing on said lake. The largest one weighing seven and one-half pounds, while the rest averaged between one and one-half to three pounds each.

CHANGE IN TRAIN SCHEDULES

Commencing last Sunday, June 15th several changes were made in the arrival of passenger trains. Train No. 205, north bound, daily except Sundays, due here at 3:52 P. M. now arrives at 3:38 P. M.; Train No. 213, south bound, Sundays only has been added to the passenger service and arrives at 7:02; Train No. 220 south bound, due here at 7:35, Sundays only has been discontinued to stop here; Train No. 243, north bound, Sundays only, due here at 6:34, now arrives at 6:27 P. M.

PRETTY JUNE WEDDINGS

KUMROW-HEBERER

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the St. John's church at New Fane when Miss Norma Kumrow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kumrow of the town of Scott was united in marriage to Walter W. Heberer, son of Mr. and Mrs. August Heberer of New Fane, last Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. Gutekunst tied the nuptial knot. The bride was attired in a gown of silk georgette and crepe meteor trimmed with silver beads, wore an embroidered veil, and carried a bouquet of roses and sweet peas. The maid of honor, Miss Frieda Heberer, wore a gown of blue silk trimmed with beads and carried a bouquet of carnations. The bridesmaid, Miss Leona Kumrow, wore a gown of bead trimmed crepe de chine. Miss Florence Kumrow was the ring bearer and Cecilia Heberer the flower girl. Both were dressed in white. Oscar Heberer was the best man, and Oscar Bartelt usher.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents and at 8 o'clock a wedding dinner was served to fifty guests. The house was decorated with green and white crepe paper. The bride is one of New Fane's most popular young ladies, who through her kind disposition has won a host of warm friends. The groom is well known throughout this community, and is one of the town of Auburn's most prosperous farmers. The newly weds will go to house keeping on the groom's farm at New Fane and will be at home to their friends after June 30th.

SCHLOSSER-HARRIS

The St. Michael's Catholic church was the scene of a very pretty June wedding, when Miss Rose Schlosser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Schlosser of New Fane, became the bride of Mr. Arnold Harris, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Harris of Chicago. The bride was dressed in a white ivory satin gown with Georgette and pearl trimming, and carried a shower bouquet of Ward roses, opelia roses and sweet peas. Miss Tena Schlosser, sister of the bride, who was bridesmaid, was attired in an olive silk dress with Georgette trimming and carried a bouquet of pink sweet peas. The groom was attended by Jos. and Geo. Schlosser, brothers of the bride. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, with a few invited guests in attendance. The bride is a popular and accomplished young lady and has a host of friends who wish her and her husband an abundance of success in their married life. The groom is a stranger to the people of this vicinity. The young couple will make their home at Milwaukee.

AMUSEMENTS

Sunday, June 22—Grand dance at the North Side Park hall, Kewaskum. Music will be furnished by the Gaebler's orchestra of Sheboygan.

Sunday, June 22—Grand Picnic in O'Connell's grove, one-half mile north of Beechwood, given by the Farmers' Equity. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. A dance will be held in the evening in the E. F. U. hall.

Friday, July 4th—Grand Picnic and dance at the North Side Park. Concert music and games of all kinds will be on hand during the afternoon. Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton will furnish the music both in the afternoon and evening.

Saturday, July 5th—Grand dance in the South Side Park hall, Kewaskum. Music will be furnished by the Gibson Harp orchestra of Appleton. Refreshments of all kinds will be on hand. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Bear in mind Friday evening, July 11th, 1919. The day and date for the big event of the season—the "Pep" Dance, at the South Side Park hall. This will be the first time the majority of the merry makers of this community will have the opportunity of dancing to the music of the best orchestra now traveling in the state—"Pat Netzer's" orchestra of Watertown, an orchestra full of life, snap and pep.

Officers of the Ozaukee County fair have enlarged the fair grounds by purchasing 3½ acres of additional land from Fred Wittenberg, located on the north side of the fair grounds.

BIG TELEPHONE DEAL CLOSED THIS WEEK

The Theresa Union Telephone Co., and the East Valley Telephone Line, have been negotiating the past week whereby the Theresa Union is figuring on purchasing the East Valley Line. Even though the two companies have come to no definite agreement, the deal is practically completed. A meeting of the officers and stockholders of the Theresa Union Co., will be held next week Monday, when it is expected that the final papers will be drawn up, when this is done the new company will be one of the largest and best telephone companies, not only of the state of Wisconsin, but of several states in the Union. The Theresa Union now has a subscription list of over 800 subscribers, while the East Valley's subscription list totals over 400, which will mean a total of over 1200 subscribers when combined.

The Theresa Union Telephone Co., although one of the most prosperous of its kind, has been greatly handicapped in giving its subscribers the service the company intended to give them because the subscription list was not large enough to place the company on a safe side to render the best of service available, this and many other reasons are prompting the stockholders to try and consolidate the two lines. With the new addition the company will not hesitate in giving their subscribers the service and accommodations obtainable on any line both large and small. The lines will be remodeled, and it is further rumored that a new building will be put up in this village used exclusively for the central office. The East Valley company up to the present time extends as far as Random Lake on the east and beyond Batavia on the north, and Kewaskum and Campbellsport on the west and south, with this addition to the Theresa Union they will be in a position to give 24 hour service; where heretofore the hours were from seven o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock in the evening, unless for special calls, this and many other changes for the convenience of the subscribers the new company contemplates on making after the deal has finally been closed and which we will publish in the Statesman later on.

UNITED STATES TIRES

Tires are so important a part of the equipment of an automobile, that the experienced motorist does not care to lose his money or his temper making experiments. He buys tires that have proved their worth after years of testing, and leaves it to others to shoulder the expense of trying out the novelties that come and go.

It is in this fact that the United States Tire Company finds the explanation for its steadily mounting sales among those who want good tires.

Present day efficiency demands that the automobile owner keep a careful account of all his costs and that he know the exact performance of each tire. It is among this class of buyers that the United States Tire Company finds its best customers.

Many large corporations which have reduced their tire buying to a science and place their orders where they get the most service for the money, use UNITED STATES tires exclusively.

ATTORNEY GENERAL STATES LICENSES BE GRANTED

Attorney General John J. Blaine of Wisconsin has issued an opinion regarding the application for and granting of retail liquor licenses in the state of Wisconsin. According to his statement the licenses may be granted but that the sale of these liquors is subject to all existing state and federal laws and to what the President, Congress and the state legislature may do in the future. This makes it clear that the licenses may be granted but that, unless the federal law is repealed or amended, it will not be possible to sell intoxicating liquors after June 30th, 1919.

HILL FINDS BAD BILL

A "fixed over one dollar bill so as to make it appear as a ten dollar note was turned into the local post office department Tuesday by Herman Hill, 421 Armory street. The introducers of the bill into this city are unknown, but the bill is a clever piece of camouflage, and close scrutiny is necessary to determine its worth.—Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

SUBSCRIBE For The STATESMAN

ASHFORD

Wm. Sturm spent Thursday at Oshkosh.
Wm. Hitzler and sister Lizzie spent a day at LeRoy recently.

Mrs. L. Raffenstein and daughter spent one day at West Bend.
Miss Gertrude Brill of Granville spent Sunday with Miss Mary Zweck.
Mrs. Peter Jaeger spent a few days at St. Agnes hospital the past week.
Adolph Maul and Miss Alexia Maul spent Saturday at Fond du Lac.
A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Hall on Sunday, June 1. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Berg and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fox spent Sunday at Holy Hill.

Mike Thelen left Sunday for Aunburydale where he will attend a wedding.

Mrs. Krause and son Reuben visited their mother, Mrs. Jaeger the past week.

Frank Wolf and sons of Waukeaha spent Sunday with the A. Krudwig family.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Serwe and family and Bartel Serwe spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.

The St. Martin's school will close Friday, and on Sunday evening, June 22nd they will give a program in the school hall.

Mrs. Wm. Jaeger, Sr., will move into her new house in the village in the near future, which she purchased from the late Mrs. P. Berg, estate.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic in O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

—Sunday evening, June 22nd, is the date for the grand dance at the North Side Park hall. Music will be furnished by the Gaebler's Traveling orchestra of Sheboygan. Refreshments of all kinds will be served, and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

LAKE FIFTEEN

Mrs. Ervin Schmidt spent Monday at Fond du Lac.
A quite a few from here attended the school picnic at Scott Sunday.

Chas. Krueger and son Willie were Kewaskum callers Saturday evening.
Otto Cole of Campbellsport was a caller at the Chas. Krueger home on Thursday.

Miss Elsie Krueger visited from Saturday until Sunday with her sister Mrs. Albert Krahn.

The Misses Esther and Helen Bleck visited Sunday with Miss Amanda Stange at Lake View.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Butzke and family and Mr. and Mrs. Willie Wunder spent Sunday at Crooked Lake.

Those who spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ervin Schmidt were Tillie Kibble and friend, Ray and Ruth Zuehlke, Agnes Averic and Arnold Hawig, all of Wayne.

The following spent Sunday evening at the Chas. Krueger home: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Herman and Albert, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Krahn and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Krueger and daughter Ruth.

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GRAND DANCE

North Side Park Hall, Kewaskum, Wisc.
Sunday Evening, June 22

—Music by—
Al. Gaebler's Harp Orchestra
of Sheboygan, Wis.

This orchestra is one of the best dance orchestras touring the state. They play all the latest and most popular jazz hits.

Don't Miss It! Mrs. K. Eberle

WAYNE

Geo. Petri was a Cream City caller on Monday.

A number from here attended the funeral of Marie Kudek at St. Bridget's Tuesday.

Rev. Csatlós returned home Monday from Prairie du Sac where he attended classes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Werner and daughter Alvina, Mrs. Anton Werner, Mrs. Jake Hawig and children spent Sunday with the Joe Marx family.

Frederick Brandt of Freeport, Ill. passed away Saturday evening at five o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Struebing. A complete obituary appears on the front page of this issue.

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Mr. and Mrs. W. Rahn and Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt were Campbellsport callers Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bartelt and Elsie Sook and W. Rahn and sons were callers at the home of H. Bartelt Wednesday evening.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic in O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

There is nothing worse than bad, foul smelling breath, get rid of it for your friend's sake anyway. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will clean and purify your stomach and bowels; your breath will be sweet, your disposition improved, your friends increased. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

MIDDLETOWN

August Giese was a Campbellsport caller Tuesday.

Inez Loomis spent Tuesday evening with Elsie Bartelt.

Vilas Ludwig and sister Elizabeth spent Sunday evening with Evelyn Schultz.

A large number from here attended the dance at Campbellsport Friday evening.

Little Bertha Sackett of Fond du Lac spent a few weeks at the Frank Loomis home.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt at South Eden.

H. Loomis and sister Inez and Olive Scheurmann spent Sunday with friends at Fond du Lac.

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TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH

Fourth of July, this year in the village will not pass by as quietly as was at first thought. Mrs. Catherine Eberle has made arrangements to hold a picnic at the North Side Park during the afternoon. Concert music will be furnished by the Gibson Harp orchestra of Appleton. Games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand and there will be plenty of fun and amusement for both young and old. Refreshments of all kinds will be served. In the evening a grand dance will be held music for which will be furnished by the Gibson Harp orchestra.

On Saturday evening, July 5th, Adolph Backhaus will give a dance in the South Side Park hall. Music will be furnished by the Gibson Harp orchestra. Mr. Backhaus is doing his utmost to make this dance the most enjoyable event of the season, and extends a cordial invitation to all to attend.

HORSE RACES AT WEST BEND

Next Sunday, June 22, marks the initial day for the horse races at the fair grounds at West Bend. The horses in the contest are owned by citizens of Washington county. This new sport ought to prove of great interest to all those who are interested in races. Following is the program: CLASS A TROT.

No. 1, Lula Harvester, by the Harvester.

No. 2, Sweet Pay Today, by Pay All Up.

COLT CLASS

No. 3, Allen Gentry by Pilot Gentry

No. 4, Iona Pet. Weindand

CLASS A PACE

No. 5, Shipmaster by Seneca Stewart

No. 6, Randall W. by Wotan. Lynch

CLASS B TROT

No. 7, Klatawell by Klatawell. Huber

No. 8, Trampola by Tramp Medium

GREEN CLASS

No. 1, Dip. Schupel

No. 2, Pica Pi. Hembel

No. 3, Circuit Belle. Pfeiffer

No. 4, Danny D. Driessel

No. 5, Murphy M. Miller

Starter Adolf Ornstein.
Judges A. C. Fuge and Ed. J. Krieger.

Timers C. C. Henry and Chas. W. Walters.

PRIEST CONDEMNS INDIFFERENCE TO HEALTH.

"We exhibit more solicitude for the welfare of cattle than for the health of humanity," said an eminent Priest at a meeting in Milwaukee, he also said "It is time to realize that the greatest problem of the hour is the problem of human health". Therefore when such prominent men advise the public to look after their health, isn't it the sacred duty of every man and woman suffering from some chronic or longstanding disease, to consult some expert and try and get well. In the treatment of chronic and longstanding diseases Dr. Karass of Milwaukee has had wonderful success and at times performed miraculous cures in the most difficult cases.

Dr. Karass treats all chronic diseases of the heart, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, brain, nerves, skin, including rheumatism, epilepsy, catarrh, asthma, deafness, headaches, weak lungs, stomach trouble, eczema, bloating, headaches, and special diseases. The doctor treats without operation goitre, gall stones, rupture piles, chronic appendicitis, tumors, adenoids, enlarged tonsils, and special diseases of women. Thorough and expert examination is offering free to all who call. Dr. Karass is in his office in the Republican House, Kewaskum, Wis every Wednesday. Hours 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

BEEKEEPERS' MEETING

County Agent Geo. A. Blank has arranged for another beekeepers' meeting on June 26, 27 and 28, and has secured H. F. Wilson of the State Beekeepers' association. June 26 and 27 are field days and Mr. Wilson will call on beekeepers who care to have his advice. It is understood that he will not act in any way as inspector, but will try to help the beekeepers in solving their problems. All those who desire Mr. Wilson's counsel should apply to Mr. Blank. The meeting will be held June 28 on Albert Seefeld's farm, one mile north of this village. It will begin at 10 a. m. Visitors remaining over noon will bring their lunch along. All apiarists in the county are cordially invited.

MANY EARTHLY TIES BROKEN

MIKE GRUBER

On Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his home in St. Bridget's, death called to his final reward, one of St. Bridget's well known citizens, namely Mike Gruber. Mr. Gruber had been in ill health for the past three years with tuberculosis. Deceased was born on December 10, 1885, in the town of Addison, where he resided until he was united in marriage on May 2, 1910, to Miss Mary Kirsch, when he moved to his present home. He leaves to mourn his demise his grief stricken wife, and three children, namely: Mary, Michael and Anna, all at home. Two daughters, Rose and Lena preceded their father in death. Besides these he leaves four brothers: John of Katawba, Jacob, Peter and Charles of Milwaukee; four sisters: Mrs. Peter Schabach of Germantown; Mrs. J. Blank of Allenton; Mrs. Jas. Deweyer of West Bend and Mrs. Frank Michaels of Racine. The funeral was held on Thursday morning at nine o'clock, with services in the St. Bridget's Catholic church. Rev. Father Vogt of this village officiated. Interment was made in the congregation's cemetery.

FRED BRANDT

On Saturday, June 14th, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William Struebing in the town of Wayne occurred the death of Fred Brandt, a former resident of Theresa, but now of Freeport, Ill. Mr. Brandt some time ago came to his daughter's home for a visit, and while here was taken sick with infection in one of his legs, to which he finally succumbed. Deceased was born on July 12, 1840 in Germany. In 1868 he immigrated to America and settled at Theresa, Wis., where he resided for two years when he moved to Freeport, Ill. In November 1868, he was united in marriage to Miss Sophia Kuehl, who preceded him in death on November 20, 1918. Mr. Brandt is survived by six children all with the exception of Mrs. Wm. Struebing reside at Freeport, Ill. After short services at the Struebing home on Tuesday morning, Rev. Csatlós officiating the remains were shipped via the North Western railway to Freeport, Ill, where the funeral was held on Wednesday.

MARY KUDEK

On Saturday evening, June 14, 1919 the Angel of Death called to her final reward Miss Mary Kudek, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kudek of the town of Wayne. Deceased had been ill for some time with nephritis, which is attributed as the cause of her death. Mary Kudek was born on Dec. 8th, 1898, and had attained the age of 20 years, 6 months and 6 days. She leaves to mourn her early demise her parents, and the following brothers and sisters: Frank, Jr., on the home-stead; Mrs. Albert Haessly of Fond du Lac; Alvin of Milwaukee and Clarence at home. The funeral was held on Tuesday morning with services in the St. Bridget's church. Rev. Father Vogt officiated and interment was made in the adjoining cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for their assistance and helping hand in our late bereavement, the death of our daughter Mary, to the pall bearers, for the many beautiful floral offerings and to all who attended the funeral.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kudek.

CARD OF THANKS

We the undersigned desire to express our sincere thanks to all our neighbors and friends who so willingly assisted us in our late bereavement, the illness, death and burial of our beloved husband and father, Edw. Heise, to the pall bearers, to Rev. Greve for his kind words of consolation, for the many floral tributes and to all those who attended the funeral.

Mrs. Ed. Heise and daughter, Mrs. Ed. Klug.

BIDS WANTED

Notice is hereby given that the Village Board of the Village of Kewaskum, Washington County, Wisconsin will receive sealed bids on building cement side-walks and also bids on the best grades of cement. All bids to be in the Village Clerk's office not later than 7:30 P. M., Monday, June 23rd, 1919. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

For further particulars inquire at the Clerk's office.

Dated at Kewaskum, Wis., June 2nd 1919.
Edw. C. Miller,
Village Clerk.

FINAL TERMS ARE GIVEN TO ENEMY BY CONFERENCE

Germany Must Sign Treaty by Monday or Fight.

ARMIES ARE READY TO MOVE

Allies Stand Pat on Big Points and Demand Justice for 7,000,000 Dead

Paris, June 17.—The "big four" last word about peace terms was handed to the German delegation shortly before seven o'clock Monday evening.

Immediately upon receipt of the document Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, president of the German peace delegation, left by special train for Weimar.

Clemenceau Lashes Germans. With the revised treaty Paul Datas, secretary of the peace conference, handed Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau a 4,500-word "covering" letter, written by Clemenceau.

This means that by six o'clock this coming Saturday evening she must notify the powers without any "ifs" and "buts" and "howevers," whether she will or will not sign.

After that notification she will have three additional days of grace in which to affix her signature to the treaty.

In Clemenceau's "take-it-or-leave-it" letter he admits that the treaty is a hard one, but he adds that its hardness is fully justified by Germany's course in plunging the world into the abyss of war.

She conducted the war in a savage and inhuman manner. She violated Belgian neutrality and systematically terrorized that country's inhabitants.

She was the first to use poison gas. She was the first to bomb and shell defenseless towns. She struck at her enemies' women and children.

She started the submarine campaign, "with its piratical challenge to international law."

She "drove thousands of men, women and children with brutal savagery into slavery in foreign lands."

She allowed barbarities to be practiced against her prisoners of war "from which the most uncivilized people would have recoiled."

She caused the deaths of 7,000,000 men, and injuries and sufferings to 20,000,000 others.

Lust for Tyranny. She did all this—"to gratify her lust for tyranny by resort to war," and her conduct "is almost unexampled in human history."

Then Clemenceau continues: "The allied and associated powers believe that they will be false to those who have given their all to save the freedom of the world if they consent to treat war on any other basis than as a crime against humanity and right."

He scoffs at the German delegates' charge that their country was tricked into laying down her arms by a set of principles which was not lived up to. These principles are lived up to fully and painstakingly, the French premier avers, and quotes from speeches by himself, President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George and Orlando to show that the Germans must have known what to expect.

Among the modifications also are frontier rectifications in West Prussia. The third zone of the Schleswig plebiscite is omitted in the new draft. The Germans had charged that this zone went farther than Denmark herself wished to go.

The Germans are allowed a temporary increase of their army from 100,000 to 200,000, which meets their plea

for a sufficient force to maintain law and order in the transition period.

The revised document also contains a declaration of intention to submit within a month of the signature of peace a list of those accused of violations of the laws and customs of war.

The German reply had denied the allies' right to extradite and try the ex-kaiser or any other German citizens. It declared Germany's willingness for an international neutral court to establish the fact of crime, the punishment to be left to the national courts.

Germany's claims regarding Danzig are rejected. Danzig is made a free city. Its inhabitants will be autonomous and do not come under Polish rule. Clemenceau's covering letter explains that the city forms no part of the Polish state.

Poland, however, by the treaty, has been given "certain economic rights" in Danzig, and the city itself has been severed from Germany because in no other way was it possible to attain that "free access to the sea" which Germany promised to concede to Poland.

The German reply said: "Danzig, a purely German town, must remain with the German empire. To make it a free city and to surrender certain of its rights to Poland would lead to violent opposition and a continuous state of war in the East." The Germans, however, offered to make Danzig, as well as Koensberg, free ports.

Covers Foe's Sins. Like a judge who, before modifying a sentence, wishes to impress upon the prisoner the full weight of his guilt and pour into his brain the fact that the leniency is really undeserved, Georges Clemenceau, premier of France, explains the revised treaty handed to Germany, lashes the vanquished empire with a bitter, stinging indictment, lest its former or present masters, deeming clemency weakness, rally once more for an attempt to turn defeat into triumph.

History's most momentous peace document, now revised beyond revision, is thus accompanied by the most aggressive, the most flaying diplomatic note on record. It is indeed a "covering" letter, for it covers all the sins of the foe, all his dark deeds before and during the war and all the reasons why he has been condemned and must suffer for those sins. It is, at the same time, a sharp rebuke to the Teuton peace parliamentaires for "utterly failing to understand the position in which Germany stands today."

This fact, the French premier explains, forces him to open his letter with "a clear statement of the judgment of the world which has been formed by practically the whole civilized mankind." Then he enumerates, not under so many headings, but in smoother and eloquent sequence, the long series of crimes to which, he says, the foe must turn if he seeks the reason for the stern justice of the peace.

Germany, he says, tried for years before the war to dictate and tyrannize over a subservient Europe. She taught her subjects the doctrine that might was right.

She armed feverishly by land and sea and spread the falsehood that her neighbors were jealous of her. She developed a widespread system of espionage and intrigue all over the world.

She kept Europe in a ferment by threats of violence. She encouraged Austria to declare war on Serbia at 48 hours' notice, fully aware that the conflict would become general.

She conducted the war in a savage and inhuman manner. She violated Belgian neutrality and systematically terrorized that country's inhabitants.

She was the first to use poison gas. She was the first to bomb and shell defenseless towns.

She struck at her enemies' women and children.

She started the submarine campaign, "with its piratical challenge to international law."

She "drove thousands of men, women and children with brutal savagery into slavery in foreign lands."

She allowed barbarities to be practiced against her prisoners of war "from which the most uncivilized people would have recoiled."

She caused the deaths of 7,000,000 men, and injuries and sufferings to 20,000,000 others.

Lust for Tyranny. She did all this—"to gratify her lust for tyranny by resort to war," and her conduct "is almost unexampled in human history."

Then Clemenceau continues: "The allied and associated powers believe that they will be false to those who have given their all to save the freedom of the world if they consent to treat war on any other basis than as a crime against humanity and right."

He scoffs at the German delegates' charge that their country was tricked into laying down her arms by a set of principles which was not lived up to. These principles are lived up to fully and painstakingly, the French premier avers, and quotes from speeches by himself, President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George and Orlando to show that the Germans must have known what to expect.

Among the modifications also are frontier rectifications in West Prussia. The third zone of the Schleswig plebiscite is omitted in the new draft. The Germans had charged that this zone went farther than Denmark herself wished to go.

The Germans are allowed a temporary increase of their army from 100,000 to 200,000, which meets their plea

TEXT OF ENEMY REPLY GIVEN OUT

German Answer to Peace Treaty Is Made Public.

WANTS VOICE IN REPARATION

Document Cites Injustice of Treaty in Its Present Form—Charges Original Treaty Constitutes a Breach of the Armistice.

Paris, June 16.—"Germany's importance is independent of her temporary military and political position. If she is not admitted (to the League of Nations) immediately on the signing of peace it is impossible to speak of a League of Nations."

This is one of the points raised by Germany in her 60,000-word reply to the peace treaty, in which she makes a long series of counter-proposals. A summary of that reply was issued by the committee on public information in the eve of the delivery to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau by the allies of the amended pact.

On the whole the summary covers little new ground, the main points of the German arguments having been covered in press dispatches during the last few weeks. Beyond putting official stamp on those dispatches the summary reveals, however, some interesting details. It shows, also, that the German reply was much stronger both in text and tenor of protests and counter-demands, than hitherto indicated.

Main Thread of Reply. The main thread of the German answer is the charge that the original peace treaty constitutes a breach of the solemn armistice agreement, based on the Wilsonian 14 points. It says the treaty would mean "the complete enslavement of the German people and the betrayal of all the world's cherished hopes of peace."

The right of self-determination, the Germans assert, has been "willfully violated throughout."

It is difficult to see, Germany avers, how any harsher terms could have been dictated to the former imperialistic and irresponsible government. Many speeches of allied statesmen and of President Wilson are then quoted as saying the war was against that government, not against the German people. In the words of the summary: "Today, however, the allied powers are facing not an irresponsible German government, but the German people ruling its own future for itself. This has been utterly disregarded in the draft treaty."

The treaty is described as "merely a celebration of the last triumph of imperialist and capitalist tendencies."

Wont Barter Human Beings. In another passage the reply says Germany "cannot consent to the bartering of human beings," and later: "The German government declines to make any reparation in the form of punishment, and still more emphatically declines to pass on to individual parts of the population the punishment intended for the whole of the community."

Annexation of the Saar district is called the creation of another Alsace-Lorraine. As for those provinces, Germany claims their cession without consulting the population would be a new wrong. She admits that, "according to present conceptions of right, an injustice was committed in 1871, when the people were not consulted."

Acceptance of the trial of the ex-kaiser and sanction of his extradition from Holland are flatly refused on the ground that "no German subject can be brought before a foreign court without established law or legal basis."

Nor will she consent to the extradition of other subjects accused of war crimes, but instead proposes an international court of neutrals "to judge the fact of crime." The punishment, however, she claims, must remain with the national courts.

The document bitterly assails the abolition of all German rights outside Europe as "irreconcilable with the preliminary negotiations and as wholly impossible to a great people who not only have supreme needs for markets and supplies but who have shown themselves capable of sharing the world's task of civilization."

A summary of the German protests and counter-proposals as computed from today's official resume, follows:

Reparation. Germany accepts responsibility only for civilian losses in the Belgian and French areas occupied by her in the war. She agrees to pay not more than \$25,000,000, provided her other counter-proposals are accepted. Characterizing the allied plan for a reparations commission as infringing on German sovereignty, she proposes a "co-operative German commission" to work alongside the allied body.

Germany accepts the obligation to pay for all damages sustained by the civil populations in the occupied parts of Belgium and France, inasmuch as she brought upon them the terrors of war by a breach of international law through the violation of neutrality.

The Germans refuse, however, to pay reparation to other occupied territories in Italy, Montenegro, Serbia, Roumania and Poland, on the ground that "no attack in contradiction to international law was involved."

She refuses to pay the costs of the allied-American armies of occupation, considering this "to be unnecessary and uneconomic."

She declares the Poles have not so far shown themselves trustworthy protectors of the national and religious rights of minorities, and asks a commission to assess damages caused by recent Polish disturbances in German-inhabited regions.

Occupation. She demands, in words of bitter protest, that all allied troops be withdrawn within six months of the signing of peace.

Negotiations. She insists she has a right to oral discussion of the practical application of the principles upon the acceptance of which by her and her enemies she laid down her arms.

"Purely German territory." She claims important industrial districts beyond the coal mines is demanded from her, but "even the cession of the mining district could not be admitted." She is willing to guarantee a supply of coal, "but the total coal computed to exist in the Saar mines would represent a hundred times the maximum France demands." Except for 68 years under French rule, the population has been attached to Germany for over a thousand years. Reconsideration of the whole question is demanded.

Schleswig. She charges the demarcation for a plebiscite has been traced through purely German territory and goes further than Denmark herself wishes to go.

Upper Silesia. Cession "cannot be demanded at all." It is added that "Upper Silesia owes everything to Germany and Germany cannot dispense with Upper Silesia, while Poland does not really need it." Germany is prepared to cede such parts as are truly Polish. In all territories east and west, where cession is demanded, she says it must be preceded by a plebiscite with universal suffrage administered under fair conditions by a neutral power after evacuation of foreign troops.

West Prussia. Germany is willing to cede to Poland such west Prussian territories as are indisputably Polish.

East Prussia. Germany cannot consent to the severance of East Prussia, with a German population of 1,500,000, from the German empire. A bridge must be absolutely prepared.

Danzig. This purely German town must remain within the German empire. Germany refuses to make it a free city, but is willing to make it and Koensberg free ports to give Poland access to the sea.

Alsace-Lorraine. The population alone should decide whether it wants to belong to France or Germany or wants to be an independent state. "If France is to take over the results of Germany's effort she must equally take over a proportionate share in the German debt."

CONGRESS KILLS DAYLIGHT LAW

Both Houses Respond to the Demand of Middle West Farmers.

TAKES EFFECT ON OCT. 26

Senate Adopts Measure by Vote of 56 to 6; the House by 233 to 122—Senator La Follette of Wisconsin Pushed Bill.

Washington, June 19.—In response to the widespread demands from the rural sections of the country, both the senate and the house voted to repeal the daylight saving law.

The senate adopted the repeal by a vote of 56 to 6; the house by a vote of 233 to 122. As adopted by the senate the repeal takes effect on October 26; as adopted by the house it becomes effective October 30. A conference between the two houses probably will be necessary to adjust this difference of time.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin offered the repeal in the senate. He said he would have preferred to make it effective much earlier, but had deferred to the wishes of some of his colleagues, who feared that much confusion would result from changing the time before October 25.

Vehement Protest Is Made. Senator Williams of Mississippi protested vehemently against the action. He was growling "tired," he said, of the senate's constant usurpations.

"It is trying to usurp the authority of the executive and the authority of the states, and now it is trying to usurp the authority of Good Almighty himself by attempting to interfere with the time," Senator Williams said.

The only votes against the repeal in the senate were those of Senator Calder of New York, Senator Newberry of Michigan, Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, Senator Ping of Vermont, Senator Robinson of Arkansas.

An amendment presented by Representative Bland of Indiana to make the repeal effective immediately was defeated in the house by a vote of 19 to 203, and another by Representative Wheeler of Illinois, making it effective ten days after signed by the president, also was rejected.

Big Help to Farmers. Representative Esch of Wisconsin, chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, was in charge of the bill. He declared that the farmers of the middle West were unanimously demanding the repeal of the law on the ground that it advanced the milking hour to an unreasonable time and cut short the last end of the working day when conditions were most favorable for work in the fields.

Others who spoke for the repeal included Representatives Sweet of Iowa, Knutson of Minnesota, Sanders of Indiana and Campbell of Kansas.

"This is a war measure and should be immediately repealed," Mr. Campbell said. "It has helped nobody, has saved nothing, but has inconvenienced many people."

"Those who are in favor of continuing this law now that the war is over are deceiving themselves and the public."

Representative Sims of Tennessee led the opposition to the repeal. He was supported by Representatives Vane and Moore of Pennsylvania, La Guardia of New York and others.

WOMEN STARTED THE ROW German Secretaries Thrust Out Their Tongues at Crowd Watching Their Departure.

Paris, June 19.—"Two German women secretaries thrust out their tongues at the crowd watching their ride to the Versailles railway station—and then the fun began."

Such is the latest version of the cause of the Monday night's demonstration against the German peace delegation. Some afternoon papers asserted this was revealed by official inquiry.

After pulling in their tongues the two women, according to the same version, put their fingers to their noses to express further contempt.

23 MISSING AS SHIP SINKS Italian Steamer Citta di Milano Hits Rock Off Sicily—Commander Brunelli Is Among Victims.

Messina, June 18.—Twenty-three persons, including Commander Brunelli, superior inspector of the ministry of posts and telegraph, are missing from the Italian steamer Citta di Milano, which sank on the rocks near the island of Ilicudi, on the north coast of Sicily. The steamer was at work repairing cables.

LABOR HITS AT BURLESON Convention Adopts Resolution Asking President to Remove Postmaster General.

Atlantic City, June 19.—A resolution asking President Wilson immediately to remove Postmaster General Burleson from office was adopted unanimously by the American Federation of Labor convention.

MARKETS

MILWAUKEE MARKETS.

Butter. Creamery, tubs 48@50c

Prints 50@51c

Firsts 48@49c

Seconds 47@48c

Cheese. Twines 29@30c

Daisies 30@31c

Longhorns 30@31c

Brick, fancy 29@30c

Eggs. Firsts 38@39c

Current receipts, fresh as to quality 37@38c

Checks 32@33c

Dirtyies 33@35c

Live Poultry. Broilers 46@48c

Springers 28@29c

Hens 28@28c

Roosters 16@17c

Corn—No. 3 yellow \$1.76@1.77

Oats—Standard71@ .72

No. 3 white70@ .71

No. 4 white69@ .70

Rye—No. 2 1.49@1.50

Barley—High-berried 1.19@1.20

Fair to good 1.13@1.16

Low grades 1.07@1.12

Hay. Choice timothy \$33.00@33.50

No. 1 timothy 32.00@32.50

No. 2 timothy 29.00@31.00

Rye straw 9.50@10.00

Hogs. Prime, heavy butchers \$21.25@21.50

Fair to prime light 21.00@21.00

Pigs 18.00@19.00

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Kewaskum, Wis.

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Green Fancy

By GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON

Author of
"Graustark," "The
Hollow of Her
Hand," "Beverly of
Graustark," "The
Prince of Graustark," Etc., Etc.

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GREEN FANCY LIARS.

Synopsis.—Thomas K. Barnes, a wealthy young New Yorker, on a walking trip in New England near the Canadian border, is given a lift in an automobile by a mysterious and attractive girl bound for a house called Green Fancy. At Hart's tavern Barnes finds a stranded troupe of "barn-storming" actors, of which Lyndon Rushcroft is the star and "Miss Thackeray" the leading lady. They are doing hotel work for their board. He learns Green Fancy is a house of mystery. That night two mounted men leave the tavern under odd circumstances. One is shot dead near by; the other is brought back dying. The sheriff detains Barnes. Green Fancy guests appear and say the mystery does not concern Green Fancy.

CHAPTER V—Continued.

The two men looked at him, plainly perplexed.

"When was all this?" inquired De Soto.

"Early last evening. He picked up your latest guest at the corners, and she insisted in his driving me to the tavern before the storm broke. I've been terribly anxious about her. She must have been caught out in all that frightful—"

"What's this you are saying, Mr. Barnes?" cut in De Soto, frowning. "No guest arrived at Green Fancy last evening, nor was one expected."

Barnes stared. "Do you mean to say that she didn't get there, after all?"

"She? A woman, was it?" demanded O'Dowd. "Bedad, if she said she was coming to Green Fancy she was spoofing you. Are you sure it was Peter who gave you that jolly ride?"

"No, I am not sure," said Barnes unhesitatingly. "She was afoot, having walked from the station below. I met her at the corners and she asked me if I knew how far it was to Green Fancy, or something like that. Said she was going there. Then along came the automobile, rattling down this very road—an ancient Panhard driven by an old codger. She seemed to think it was all right to hop in and trust herself to him, although she'd never seen him before."

"The antique Panhard fits in all right," said O'Dowd, "but I'm hanged if the woman fits at all. No such person arrived at Green Fancy last night."

"Did you get a square look at the driver's face?" demanded De Soto.

"It was almost too dark to see, but he was old, hatchet-faced, and spoke with an accent."

"Then it couldn't have been Peter," said De Soto positively. "He's old, right enough, but he is as big as the side of a house, with a face like a full moon, and he is Yankee to his toes. By gad, Barnes, the plot thickens! A woman has been added to the mystery. Now, who the devil is she and what has become of her?"

CHAPTER VI.

Charity Begins From Home, and a Stroll in the Wildwood Follows.

Mr. Rushcroft was furious when he arose at eleven o'clock on the morning after the double murder, having slept like a top through all of the commotion. He boomed all over the place, vocal castigations falling right and left on the guilty and the innocent without distinction.

"I don't see how you managed to sleep through it," Barnes broke in. "You must have an unusually clear conscience, Mr. Rushcroft."

"I haven't any conscience at all, sir," roared the star. "I had an unusually full stomach, that's what was the matter with me. I take oath now, sir, never to eat again as long as I live. A man who cannot govern his beastly appetite ought to defy it, if nothing else."

"I gather from that remark that you omitted breakfast this morning."

"Breakfast, sir? In God's name, I implore you not to refer to anything so disgusting as stewed prunes and bacon at a time like this. My mind is—"

"How about luncheon? Will you join me at twelve-thirty?"

"That's quite another matter," said Mr. Rushcroft readily. "Luncheon is an esthetic tribute to the physical intelligence of man, if you know what I mean. I shall be delighted to join you. Twelve-thirty, did you say?"

"It would give me great pleasure if your daughter would also grace the festal board. I think it is too bad that she has to go about in the gown she wears, Mr. Rushcroft, in the barns. She's a proposition to fiddle for that. I have a suggestion I'd like to make to you later on. I cannot make it, however, without consulting Miss Thackeray's feelings."

"My dear fellow!" beamed Rushcroft, seizing the other's hand. "One

frequently reads in books about it coming like this, at first sight, but, damme, I never dreamed that it ever really happened. Count on me! She ought to leave the stage, the dear child. No more fitted to it than an Easter lily. Her place is in the home, that's—"

"Good Lord, I am not thinking of—"

And Barnes, agitated, stopped before blurting out the words that leaped to his lips. "I mean to say this is a proposition that may also affect your excellent companions, Bacon and Dillingford, as well as yourself."

At twelve-thirty sharp Barnes came down from his room freshly shaved and brushed, to find not only Mr. Rushcroft and Miss Thackeray awaiting him in the office, but the Messrs. Dillingford and Bacon as well.

"I took the liberty, old fellow," said Rushcroft, addressing Barnes, "of asking Mr. and Mrs. Dillingford to join us in our repast."

"Delighted to have you with us, gentlemen," said Barnes affably.

The sole topic of conversation for the first half hour was the mysterious slaying of their fellow lodgers. Mr. Rushcroft complained bitterly of the outrageous, high-handed action of the coroner and sheriff in imposing upon him and his company the same restrictions that had been applied to Barnes. They were not to leave the county until the authorities gave the word. One would have thought, to hear the star's indignant lamentations, that he and his party were in a position to depart when they pleased. It would have been difficult to imagine that he was not actually rolling in money instead of being absolutely penniless.

Barnes had been immersed in his own thoughts for some time. A slight frown, as of reflection, darkened his eyes. Suddenly—perhaps impulsively—he interrupted Mr. Rushcroft's flow of eloquence.

"Have you any objection, Mr. Rushcroft, to a more or less personal question concerning your own private—misfortunes?" he asked, leaning forward.

For a moment one could have heard a pin drop. Mr. Rushcroft evidently held his breath. There could be no mistake about that.

"It's rather delicate, but would you mind telling me just how much you were stuck up for by the—er—was it a writ of attachment?"

"It was," said the star. "A writ of inquisition, you might as well substitute. The act of a polluted, impetuous, parsimonious—what shall I say? Well, I will be as simple as possible—hotel keeper. Ninety-seven dollars and forty cents. For that pitiful amount he subjected me to—"

"Well, that isn't so bad," said Barnes, vastly relieved. He was covertly watching Miss Thackeray's half-averted face as he ventured upon the proposition he had decided to put before them. "I am prepared and willing to advance this amount, Mr. Rushcroft, and to take your personal note as security."

Rushcroft leaned back in his chair and stuck his thumbs in the armbolts of his vest. He displayed no undue elation. Instead he affected profound calculations. His daughter shot a swift, searching look at the would-be Samaritan. There was a heightened color in her cheeks.

"Moreover, I shall be happy to increase the amount of the loan sufficiently to cover your return at once to New York, if you so desire—by train." Barnes smiled as he added the last two words.

"Extremely kind of you, my dear Barnes," said the actor, running his fingers through his hair. "Your really in me is most gratifying. I—your friend don't know what to say to you, sir."

"May I inquire just how you expect to profit by this transaction, Mr. Barnes?" Miss Thackeray asked steadily.

He started, catching her meaning.

"My dear Miss Thackeray," he exclaimed, "this transaction is solely between your father and me. I shall have no other claim to press."

"I wish I could believe that," she said.

"You may believe it," she assured her.

"It isn't the usual course," she said quietly, and her face brightened. "You are not like most men, Mr. Barnes."

"My dear child," said Rushcroft, "you must leave this matter to my friend and me. I fancy I know an honest man when I see him. My dear fellow, fortune is but temporarily frowning upon me. In a few weeks I shall be on my feet again, zipping along on the crest of the wave. I dare say I can return the money to you in a month or six weeks. If—"

"Oh, father!" cried Miss Thackeray. "We'll make it six months, and I'll pay any rate of interest you desire. Six per cent, eight per cent, ten per—"

"Six per cent, sir, and we will make it a year from date."

"Agreed. Get up and dance for me, Dilly! We shall be in New York tomorrow!"

"You forget the dictatorial sheriff, Mr. Rushcroft," said Barnes.

"The varlet!" barked Mr. Rushcroft. "It was arranged that Dillingford and Bacon were to go to Hornville in a hired motor that afternoon, secure the judgment, pay the costs, and attend to the removal of the personal belongings of the stranded quartette from the hotel to Hart's Tavern. The younger actors stoutly refused to accept Barnes' offer to pay their board while at the Tavern. That, they declared, would be charity, and they preferred their friendship and his respect to anything of that sort. Miss Thackeray, however, was to be immediately relieved of her position as chambermaid. She was to become a paying guest."

Rushcroft took the whole affair with the most noteworthy complacency. He seemed to regard it as his due, or more properly speaking as if he were doing Barnes a great favor in allowing him to lend money to a person of his importance.

"A thought has just come to me, my dear fellow," he remarked as they arose from table. "With the proper kind of backing I could put over one of the most stupendous things the theater has known in fifty years. I don't mind saying to you—although it's rather sub rosa—that I have written a play—a four-act drama that will pack the biggest house on Broadway to the roof for as many months as we'd care to stay. Perhaps you will allow me to talk it over with you a little later on. You will be interested, I'm sure."



Rushcroft Took the Whole Affair With the Most Noteworthy Complacency.

Egad, sir, I'll read the play to you. I'll—What ho, landlord! Have your best automobile sent around to the door as quickly as possible. A couple of my men are going to Hornville to fetch hither my—"

"Just a minute," interrupted Putnam Jones, wholly unimpressed. "A man just called you up on the phone, Mr. Barnes. I told him you were entertaining royalty at lunch and couldn't be disturbed. So he asked me to have you call him up as soon as you revived. His words, not mine. Call up Mr. O'Dowd at Green Fancy. Here's the number."

The mellowed voice of the Irishman soon responded to Barnes' cry.

"I called you up to relieve your mind regarding the young woman who came last night," he said. "You observe that I say 'came.' She's quite all right, safe and sound, and no cause for uneasiness. I thought you meant that she was coming here as a guest, and so I made the very natural mistake of saying she hadn't come at all. The young woman in question is Mrs. Van Dyke's maid. But, bless me soul, how was I to know she was even in existence, much less expected by train or motor or Shanks's mare? Well, she's here, so there's the end of our mystery."

Barnes was slow in replying. He was doubting his own ears. It was conceivable that an ordinary—or even an extraordinary—lady's maid could have possessed the exquisite voice and manner of his chance acquaintance of the day before, or the temerity to order that sour-faced chauffeur about as if—

"But I thought you said that Mr. Curtis' chauffeur was moon-faced and—"

"O'Dowd, he's bedad," broke in Mr. O'Dowd, chuckling. "That's what deceived me entirely, and no wonder. It wasn't Peter at all, but the rascallion washer who went after her. He was instructed to tell Peter to meet the four o'clock train, and the blockhead forgot to give the order. Bedad, what does he do but sneak out after her himself, scoured out of his boots for fear of what he was to get from Peter. I had the whole story from Mrs. Van Dyke."

"Well, I'm tremendously relieved," said Barnes slowly.

"And so am I," said O'Dowd with conviction. "I have seen the heroine of our busted romance. She's a good-looking girl. I'm not surprised that she kept her veil down. If you were to leave it to me, though, I'd say that it's a sin to carry discretion so far as all that. You see what I mean, don't you?" His rich laugh came over the wire.

"Perfectly. Thank you for letting me know. My mind is at rest. Good-by." As he hung up the receiver he said to himself, "You are a most affable, convincing chap, Mr. O'Dowd, but I don't believe a word you say. That woman is no lady's maid, and you've known all the time that she was there."

At four o'clock he set out alone for a tramp up the mountain road to which the two men had been shot down. His mind was quite clear. Roon and Paul were no doubt, honest men. They were, no doubt, honest men. He would have said that they were thieves bent on burglarizing Green Fancy were it not for the disclosures of Miss Thackeray and the very convincing proof that they were not shot by the same man.

It was not beyond reason—indeed, it was quite probable—that they were trying to cross the border in that event their real operations would be confined to the Canadian side of the line. He could not free himself of the suspicion that Green Fancy possessed the key to the situation. Roon and his companion could not have had the slightest interest in his movements up to the instant he encountered the young woman at the crossroads. His busy brain suddenly suffered the shock of a distinct conclusion. Was she a fellow conspirator? Was she the inside worker at Green Fancy in a well-laid plan to rife the place?

Could it be possible that she was the confederate of these painstaking patience outside the very gates of the place called Green Fancy?

His rable carried him far beyond the spot where Roon's Conley had come and where young Conley was found upon the tethered horses. His eager, curious gaze swept the forest to the left of the road in search of Green Fancy. Overcome by a rash, daring impulse, he climbed over the stake and rider fence and sauntered among the big trees which so far had obscured the house from view. The trees grew very thickly on the slope, and they were unusually large. He progressed deeper into the wood. At the end of what must have been a mile he halted. There was no sign of habitation, no indication that man had ever penetrated so far into the forest.

As he was on the point of retracing his steps toward the road his gaze fell upon a huge moss-covered rock less than a hundred yards away. He stared, and gradually it began to take on angles and planes and recesses of the most astounding symmetry. Under his widening gaze it was transformed into a substantial object of cubes and gables and—yes, windows.

He was looking upon the strange home of the even stranger Mr. Curtis—Green Fancy.

Now he understood why it was called Green Fancy. Its surroundings were no greener than itself; it seemed to melt into the foliage, to become a part of the natural landscape. Mountain lily literally enveloped it. Exposed sections of the house were painted green; the doors were green; the leafy porches and their columns, the chimney pots, the window hangings—all were the color of the hanging forest. And it was a place of huge dimensions, low and long and rambulating.

"Gad," he said to himself, "what manner of crank is he who would bury himself like this? Of all the crazy ideas I ever—"

His reflections ended there. A woman crossed his vision; a woman strolling slowly toward him through the intricate avenues of the wildwood.

Barnes meets "Mrs. Van Dyke's maid," and the mystery deepens.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Longfellow Justly Popular.

Longfellow is justly popular as the poet who, above all other poets of this country, has expressed with a varied and finished art the simple, natural, elemental affections and sentiments. His literary productions are confined almost entirely to the poetic form. Hyperion, a rather florid romance, and Kavanagh, a romance of somewhat better quality, are the two exceptions. His well-known "Psalm of Life," "The Song of Hiawatha," "Evangeline," and many other poems have made his name a familiar household word, and every schoolboy is familiar with "The Village Blacksmith." "The Wreck of the Hesperus," and the "Building of the Ship," which are the melodious phrasing of thoughts and feelings dear to the children even of a larger growth.

Kettledrum Is Obedient.

The Greeks and Romans danced to the accompaniment of the tympanum—from which our modern drum derives its name—adopted—but failed to apply this instrument of percussion to warfare, and it is not till the seventh century that the Moors and Saracens of Spain introduced the drum among European soldiers, having themselves acquired it from the Hindus through Persian traders. The ancient word "taber"—or as the French call it "tambour"—denotes the origin, the Persian word for drum being tabir.



AMERICA'S DEBT TO LAFAYETTE

Washington Paid Tribute to Great Services Rendered.

WHEN the Revolution began Americans were still pioneers and straight shooters. The country was full of men who had seen service in war against the French and Indians. Washington had been all his life a soldier. It is not surprising that American officers felt quite able to handle the military situation without assistance from the host of applicants for commissions from abroad. Therefore when Washington heard that a young Frenchman named Lafayette had left his wife and child and crossed the ocean to serve the American cause as a volunteer without pay, he muttered: "One more incumbrance." But Lafayette pleaded: "Give me a chance; I do not want to be an honorary soldier."

He went to Washington's camp and there began a friendship which ran through so many years like an idyl. In 1788 Brissot visited Washington at Mt. Vernon with a letter from Lafayette.



He says Lafayette "spoke to me of M. De Lafayette with emotion; he considers him as his child." Later, Lafayette sent to Washington the key to the destroyed Bastille, saying: "It is a tribute which I owe as a son to my adopted father, as an aid-de-camp to my general, as a missionary of liberty to its patriarch."

French Eager in Liberty's Cause.

The spirit of Lafayette was the spirit of Rochambeau's army. A host of young French officers looked on the expedition as a crusade for liberty, and crowded for places. Young Berthier was a volunteer at Yorktown, and became a marshal of France. Viscount

De Noailles marched afoot the whole 750 miles from Newport to Yorktown. Young Saint-Simon, Clozee, Chastellux, a brother of Mirabeau, a brother of Talleyrand, Barras, later Director of France, and many other enthusiasts for liberty were in the expedition. They understood Americans. Equality was the particular American trait which impressed them most, and this idea was imported by them from America into France.

Rochambeau placed himself and his army under the command of Washington. The ragged Americans always had the right of the line. In case of equality of rank, the American officer always took command. Not so much as a cabbage was taken without payment. Before Yorktown the Americans were not skilled in siege operations, and Washington gratefully acknowledged the service of the French engineers. The French fleet closed the river, and the surrender came. Without that French help we tremble to think what might have happened.

Fired Lafayette's Ardor.

Toward the close of the year 1770, the duke of Cumberland, who was the brother of King George III of England, was traveling in France, and one day he arrived at the town of Metz, then a French possession. A certain count De Broglie, a veteran of many battles, was in command of the garrison, and, to do honor to his distinguished visitor, he invited some of his officers to meet him at dinner. Now it happened that the duke of Cumberland was in disfavour with his royal brother—he was, in fact, in banishment. He had lately received news that certain of his majesty's colonies in America had rebelled and declared themselves free, declining to be subject any longer to a tyrannical King. It would seem that the duke of Cumberland told the story with some gusto, as if he were not altogether sorry that his brother was in trouble. One officer listened with particular attention. He was a youth of nineteen, tall and thin, with a long nose and reddish hair. His solemn expression and his somewhat awkward manner contrasted strongly with the frivolous ease and grace of the other young officers present. He was a marquis of long descent, connected by marriage with one of the greatest families in France, and he had at his own disposition a very large income. He listened intently, he asked many eager questions, and when he rose from the table he had made a momentous and historic resolution. He had resolved to abandon the pleasures and luxuries of the gayest court in the world, even to leave his young wife and child, and to cast in his lot with these strange rebels in America. In his own words, "When first I heard of American Independence, my heart was enlisted!" That young man was Lafayette!

And when the American army went to the front in France, it merely paid a small part of the debt of gratitude we owe that splendid young officer—that true nobleman.

Appointed a major general by Wash-

ington in July, he fought at the battle of Brandywine in September and received an ugly wound. Soon again in the saddle, he went through many vicissitudes and privations with Washington at Valley Forge, his growing exploit being the forcing of the retreat of Lord Cornwallis, leading to his surrender at Yorktown, in 1781. Although Washington and other famous American generals had joined him previous to the surrender, Lafayette, with a small force, had initiated the rout of Cornwallis at the battle of the Clouds. That the highest credit was due to Lafayette is shown by the fact that Washington warmly thanked and complimented him in the presence of the troops, after the great surrender which practically ended the war.

Patriot of Marblehead.

General Lafayette paid a tribute to Marblehead, Mass., by making two visits to the people, by whom he was



An Old-Time Patriot Cut Off the Corner of His House That Lafayette's Carriage Might Go Through His Street.

received with bands of music and a huge procession of citizens. It is related that on his first visit in 1784 there was a controversy as to how the procession was to proceed through the main streets of the town, owing to the fact that at one of the sharp turns, a house so jutted into the road that the general's coach could not pass. On the morning of the great event, it was discovered that the patriotic family occupying the property had cut off a section of the house, removing the offending corner and thus the coach was driven without a hitch through the street. The house with part of the first story missing can still be seen in this year of 1919, and is shown in the illustration.

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend, Wisconsin



**"WELCOME HOME"
SALE**

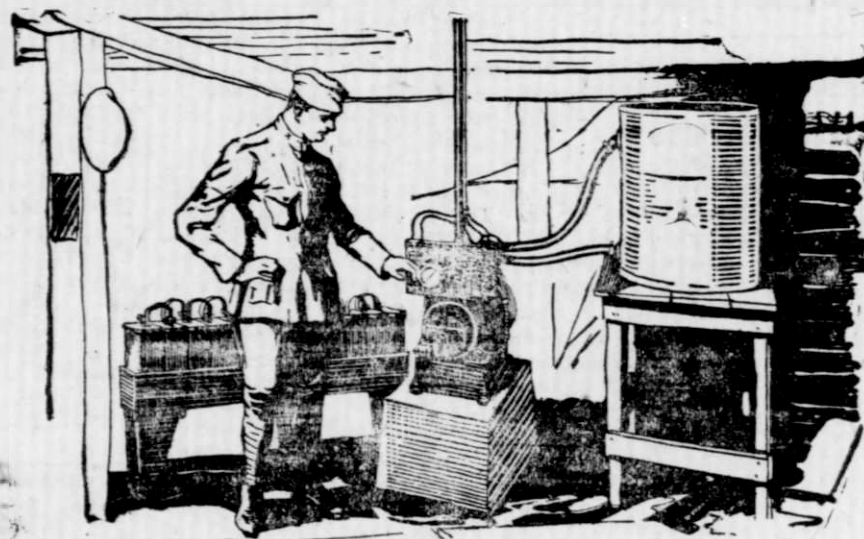
Commencing Friday Morning, June 20th
AND WILL CONTINUE FOR 13 DAYS
Ending Thursday Evening, July 3rd

This will be the Biggest and Best
MID-SUMMER SALE
in the history of our business.

WATCH FOR OUR BIG BARGAIN POSTERS!

Lalley

*Light and Power
Saved Lives in France*



Specifications: Over-all Dimensions—Length 31 1/2 inches, Width 15 1/2 inches, Height 22 1/2 inches, Net weight 322 pounds

During the year 1918, more than 12,000 farmers preferred Lalley Electric Light and Power for its very positive savings.

The Government selected Lalley Light to do a very different kind of work in France; but it chose this plant for that very same efficiency which saves time, saves money, and saves labor on the farm.

In our army hospitals in France, Lalley Light saved good American lives by furnishing a strong, steady flow of electricity for the X-Ray machines, and unfailing light for difficult and delicate operations

Private Irving H. Taylor, U. S. Army Ambulance Service, writing from France in 1918, said:

"The other night I ran into a Lalley plant at an evacuation hospital, turning out current for operating rooms and X-Ray equipment. I was told that for 18 hours straight, the Lalley had been purring away helping save the lives of Uncle Sam's men."

Lalley Light served on submarine chasers, at naval coast stations, in cantonments, in Liberty Loan campaigns.

J. W. Hoopes, executive manager of the Federal Reserve Bank, Dallas, Texas, wrote:

"The service rendered by the two Lalley Light plants on War Relic Trains, Units 1 and 2, which have just finished a tour of the Eleventh district

on behalf of the Fourth Liberty Loan, was all that could be desired.

"The big city plants could not have given us better service."

But that was not all. On more than 12,000 farms—during the busy, high-tension producing season of 1918—Lalley Light was saving the labor of men.

It was releasing men to fight, or serve in some other way.

It was helping to increase the production of food.

It was saving money that was loaned to the Government.

It is going right on with these savings to its users—it will do the same for you. Now is the time to see the Lalley Light plant— at our store or on your farm.

LALLEY LIGHT CORPORATION
DETROIT, MICHIGAN U. S. A.

Lalley Light saves time, saves labor, saves money.

Sold by **WM. FOERSTER**, Wayne, Wis.

A YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION TO THE KEWASKUM STATESMAN IS ESSENTIAL IN THE HOME

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Office of Village Clerk, Kewaskum Wisconsin, June 16th, 1919.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 190 of the laws of 1909, that the following applications for a license to sell intoxicating liquors in the Village of Kewaskum, Wisconsin, have been filed in this office, the granting of which is now pending.

Name of applicant—

ADOLPH BACKHAUS

Location where business is to be conducted—On the East side of East Water street, north of Main street.

Bondsmen: Fred Backhaus and Herman Backhaus.

Name of applicant—

JOHN BRUNNER

Location where business is to be conducted—On the south side of Main street, east of Village Hall.

Bondsmen: N. J. Mertes and John Tiss.

Name of applicant—

S. N. CASPER

Location where business is to be conducted—On the North-east corner of Main street and Railroad street.

Bondsmen: Nic. Rimmel and John Stelplflug.

Name of applicant—

JOS EBERLE

Location where business is to be conducted—On the North side of Main street between Railroad street and West Water street.

Bondsmen: G. B. Wright and Geo. Schleif.

Name of applicant—

HENRY KIRCHNER

Location where business is to be conducted—On the N. E. corner of Main street and Fond du Lac Road.

Bondsmen: Wm. Schaub and Chas. Brandt.

Name of applicant—

JOHN MARX

Location where business is to be conducted—On the south side of Main street and west of the C. & N. W. Ry. Co.'s right of way.

Bondsmen: Jos. Schmidt and Martha Marx.

Name of applicant—

JOHN W. SCHAEFER

Location where business is to be conducted—On the S. W. corner of West Water and Main streets.

Bondsmen: Aug. Bilgo and Chas. C. Schaefer.

Name of applicant—

CHAS. C. SCHAEFER

Location where business is to be conducted—At the intersection of Main street and Fond du Lac Road.

Bondsmen: H. W. Ramthun and Jacob Becker.

Name of applicant—

WM. F. SCHULTZ

Location where business is to be conducted—S. E. corner of Main street and Fond du Lac Road.

Bondsmen: Philip Mc Laughlin and Jacob Becker.

Name of applicant—

FRANK KOHN

Location where business is to be conducted—On the N. E. corner of Malt-House street and Fond du Lac Road.

Bondsmen: Wm. Miller and Henry Martin.

Name of applicant—

WM ZIEGLER

Location where business is to be conducted—On the north side of Main street between Railroad street and West Water street. Lot 8 Blk. 1, Nic Guth's 1st add.

Bondsmen: Emil Seigel and Nic Rimmel.

Edw. C. Miller,
Village Clerk.

TOWN LINE SCOTT

Lew Gahagan has recently purchased a new car.

Otto Triphan and Ed. Cooney have recently purchased thistle cutters.

Miss Celia Doherty is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Skelton this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Suemnicht were business callers in Sheboygan Saturday.

Otto Buss returned to his home last week after being in service for over a year.

Mrs. John Harkens of Milwaukee visited over Sunday with her parents in Mitchell.

The remains of Mrs. Rooney of Milwaukee were brought to Mitchell for burial on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Murphy and family are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Devine.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gibbons and family attended the funeral of the former's sister, Mrs. Ira McDonnell at Sheboygan last Saturday.

The Misses May and Frances Douglas returned to their home in Sheboygan Falls on Tuesday after spending the week with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Seil of Scott were pleasantly surprised by a number of their friends and relatives on Monday evening. The occasion being a house warming for the young couple.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic on O'Connell's grove—one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

THREE DAYS SPECIAL

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

DAINTY SUMMER MATERIALS

Voiles, plain and figured, Dress Gingham, Crepe de Chines and Georgette Crepes at a special 10% Discount.

THREE DAYS ONLY

\$2.50 value	.....\$2.25 yd.	\$1.50 value	.....\$1.35 yd.	\$1.00 value	.....90c yd.
2.00 value	.....1.80 yd.	1.25 value	.....1.13 yd.	85c value	.....77c yd.
	75c value	.....62c yd.	50c value	.....45c yd.	

BATHING SUITS

A dandy assortment to select from at special prices, 3 days only.

\$10.00 values	.....\$9.00	\$4.50 values	.....\$4.05
8.50 values	.....7.65	4.00 values	.....3.60
7.00 values	.....6.30	3.50 values	.....3.15
6.00 values	.....5.40	2.50 values	.....2.25
5.00 values	.....4.50	1.50 values	.....1.35

GROCERY SPECIALS

Retx Lye, per can	.....8c	Pork and Beans, can	.....10c
Goblin Hand Soap, bar	.....4c	Holland Rusk, pkg	.....12c
Washing Soda, per lb	.....2c	Macaroni and Spaghetti, pkg	.....7c
Galvanic Soap, bar	.....5c	Matches, 12 boxes	.....46c
Galvanic Soap, 100 bars	.....\$4.85	China Bath Soap, per bar	.....5c

MILLINERY

At Half Price Don't Miss This

\$8.00 Hats	.....\$4.00	\$5.00 Hats	.....\$2.50	\$3.00 Hats	.....\$1.50
6.00 Hats	.....3.00	4.00 Hats	.....2.00	2.00 Hats	.....1.00

All Flowers and Trimmings at Half Price

West Bend, Wis. **Pick Brothers Co.** West Bend, Wis.

LITHIA

---BE SURE

The result obtained through sincere and scientific experimenting has made the manufacture of LITHIA---Be Sure possible.

It has been pronounced the BEST beverage produced from malt and hops.

West Bend Lithia Co.

Telephone 9 WEST BEND, WIS.

NEW PROSPECT

W. J. Romaine is spending a few days at Fond du Lac.

Ezekiel Bowen of Dundee spent Sunday with friends in the village.

Leo Uelmen of Campbellsport was a pleasant caller here Tuesday evening.

John Kohn of Kewaskum called on friends in the village Saturday afternoon.

Wm. Jandre spent a few days with relatives in the northern part of the state.

Wm. Siegfried of Beechwood Valley was a business caller in the village Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jandre spent Sunday with Rich. Hornburg and family at Waucousta.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kleinhaus of Campbellsport spent Sunday with M. T. Kohn and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Polzean of Waucousta spent Friday evening with John Tunn and family.

Philip Koch returned to his home at Mondovi Monday after a few days visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Verna Romaine of Fond du Lac spent from Friday until Monday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Romaine.

Mrs. O. M. Johnston and daughter Dorothy visited Monday with her brother, John Feuerhammer and fami-

ly at Elmore. Mrs. H. Koch, daughters Beulah and Margie, Miss Corral Romaine and Mrs. Clarence Hill were Campbellsport callers Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Meyer, son John, Frank Bowen and family visited Friday evening with Peter Uelmen and family at Campbellsport.

Mrs. Wm. Paskey and son Lawrence of Waupun, Arthur Feuerhammer and sister Lena of Kewaskum spent Sunday afternoon with O. M. Johnston and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen and Mrs. A. Krueger accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Krueger of Cascade motored to Milwaukee Sunday when they visited with the A. W. Krueger family.

The following spent Sunday with John Tunn and family: Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Flittner and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Parrott, Gust and Emil Flittner of Campbellsport, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sook and daughters of Waucousta.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic on O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Wisconsin }
Washington County Court }
In Probate

In the matter of the estate of Robert Backhaus, deceased.

Letters testamentary on said estate having been granted to Wilhelmina Backhaus and an order allowing and limiting the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate, and fixing the time and place for examining and adjusting the same having been entered.

Notice is hereby given, that creditors are allowed until the first Tuesday in November, 1919, to present their claims against said deceased to this court for examination and allowance, and that said court will on the third Tuesday of November, A. D. 1919, at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said Robert Backhaus, deceased.

Dated June 17th, 1919.

By order of the court,
Bucklin & Gehl, P. O'MEARA,
Attorneys County Judge

(First publication June 21, 1919)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Wisconsin }
Washington County Court }
In Probate

In the matter of the estate of Theresa Hawig, deceased.

Letters testamentary on said estate having been granted to Margret Hawig and an order allowing and limiting the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate, and fixing the time and place for examining and adjusting the same having been entered.

Notice is hereby given, that creditors are allowed until the third Tuesday in October, 1919, to present their claims against said deceased to this court for examination and allowance, and that said court will on the first Tuesday of November, A. D. 1919, at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said Theresa Hawig, deceased.

Dated June 17th, 1919.

By order of the court,
Bucklin & Gehl, P. O'MEARA,
Attorneys County Judge

(First publication June 21, 1919)

VALUES

The value of a man is his earning and saving Capacity.

The value of a dollar is its earning Capacity.

A dollar in your pocket at the end of the year is still a dollar.

But a Dollar Deposited in This Bank Earns 3% Compounded Semi-Annually and is a Safe Investment.

TRY IT.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS STATE BANK

KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

"The Bank of the People, and for All the People"

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

—Drink LITHIA BE SURE, it will refresh you.

—Mrs. Ed. Guth spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.

—Walter Buss spent Thursday at Fond du Lac.

—Miss Malinda Raether visited at Jackson Saturday.

—Miss Elsie Guth spent last Thursday at West Bend.

—Walter Fellenz was a Fond du Lac visitor Sunday.

—Fred Schleif was a West Bend visitor last Sunday.

—The Village Council began oiling our streets Thursday.

—Miss Helz, Rimmel spent Monday in the Crum City.

—"Spatz" Miller visited with friends at Oshkosh Sunday.

—Elwyn Romaine was a Milwaukee business caller last Thursday.

—LITHIA BE SURE, the improved beverage. Buy it by the case.

—S. C. Wollensak and C. E. Krahn spent Saturday at Fond du Lac.

—Leo Brodzeller of West Bend spent Sunday with relatives here.

—Norton Koerble of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his mother here.

—Joseph Hermann of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his family here.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Rosenheimer were Milwaukee visitors Thursday.

—Miss Anna Jung left Monday for a visit with relatives at Watertown.

—Mr. and Mrs. Christ Schaefer spent Sunday with relatives at Barton.

—Wenzel Udan of Oshkosh spent Thursday with relatives in the village.

—Frank Peters of Milwaukee was the guest of his parents here Sunday.

—Mrs. Otto E. Lay and Mrs. J. A. Lund were Milwaukee visitors Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groeschel spent Sunday with relatives at Fillmore.

—Mrs. Fred Backhaus and son spent Tuesday with relatives at Milwaukee.

—Emerson Olwin of Milwaukee visited Wednesday evening with his parents here.

—Mrs. Albert Stark of Milwaukee spent Monday with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Krahn.

—Isadore Jung of Markesan visited with relatives and friends in the village Sunday.

—Miss Adela Wendorf spent the latter part of last week with relatives at Milwaukee.

—The coupons for the Victory Loan are ready for delivery at the Farmers & Merchants Bank.

—Madro Bunkelman and Art. Bunkelman spent Sunday with the Lewis Bunkelman family.

—Mrs. Wm. Bunkelman and daughters Emma and Ella were Milwaukee visitors Wednesday.

—A number from here attended the military ball at Campbellsport last week Friday evening.

—Mrs. John Schwinn and son Henry of Newburg were guests of the S. N. Casper family Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Peter Wagner of Milwaukee spent the week with the Gregory Schmitz family.

—The Holy Trinity parochial school closed Thursday and a picnic was held in the school yard Friday.

—John Marx and family and Theo. Schmidt and sister Edna spent last Thursday at Fond du Lac.

—John F. Schaefer and family and Mrs. L. D. Guth spent last Friday with the O. Jacklin family.

—Mrs. Wm. Eberle returned home Sunday, after spending two weeks with relatives in Milwaukee.

—Rose, Cora and Marie Simon of Sturgeon Bay are visiting with Miss Ida Fellenz here this week.

—Miss Edna Altenhofen spent several days the latter part of last week with relatives at Milwaukee.

—F. O. Zank and wife of Augusta, Wis., visited with his sister, Mrs. Gutekunst a few days last week.

—Rev. C. Witsconke and son Gerhard called on former friends last Friday and Saturday at New Fane.

—Master Howard Crass of Fillmore spent this week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Klessig.

—Miss Erna Backhaus of Milwaukee spent several days the forepart of this week under the parental roof.

—The Misses Rose Nottelman, Mabel Blodgett and Esther McCoe of Oshkosh spent Saturday in the village.

—Captain Geo. Krone of the United States Cavalry of Madison is visiting with the Otto E. Lay family this week.

—Mrs. Sylvester Driessel and children of Barton spent Saturday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mat Schmitz.

—Miss Edna Wollensak entertained a number of her friends at a musicale at her home last Wednesday evening.

—Jos. Schmidt of Chicago spent last week Friday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schmidt, Sr., and family.

—Chas. Andrae and Erwin Andrae of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the latter's father, Fred Andrae and family.

—Mrs. Jacob Becker and daughter and Mrs. Herman Geidel and daughter were Fond du Lac visitors Tuesday.

—Peter Wolf of Lomira and Mrs. Rose Driessel of Milwaukee were guests of the Dr. Driessel family Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meilahn are visiting with their daughter, Mrs. Fred Belger and family at Boltonville.

—Mrs. Wm. Schaub of the town of Kewaskum and daughter-in-law, Mrs. Wm. Schaub spent Tuesday in Fond du Lac.

—Carl Radtke, residing east of the village, is ill with appendicitis. His many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

—Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Kumrow and the John Faber family of West Bend attended the funeral of Ed. Heise last Sunday.

—Mrs. Gust Krueger and daughter Mildred of Campbellsport were the guests of the Fred Belger family last Thursday.

—The Misses Hulda Quandt and Belinda Raether left Monday for Milwaukee, where they expect to visit for some time.

—Miss Leona Klessig of the Milwaukee hospital spent last week Wednesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Klessig.

—Frank Heppie, this week installed a soda fountain in his store, and is now ready to give his customers the best of service.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sebastian Witzig and grand daughter, Florence Ziemet are visiting with the Ed. Smith family at Menasha.

—Mr. and Mrs. Kleise left for Milwaukee this week after a two weeks' visit here with the Colvin and Van Epps families.

—Frank Keys, former operator at the local station, left Tuesday for Wisconsin Tower, where he is employed as operator.

—Dr. Alton Altenhofen returned to Milwaukee Wednesday, where he will practice medicine at the Milwaukee County hospital.

—Dr. Gustav Landman and family of Scotland, South Dakota are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Rosenheimer and family.

—Mrs. Harry Folker of Oshkosh visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Backhaus, Sr., and family, Saturday and Sunday.

—Sam Moses and daughter Sarah and son Nathan motored to Sheboygan Sunday where they visited with friends until Monday.

SUNDAY SPECIAL—Mercedes Pudding Orange Ice Cream with Marshchino Cherries and Vanilla at Roman Smith's Bakery.

—Mrs. Gottlieb Blum, this week Tuesday purchased the Albert Oppenorth residence on Wilhelmina street. Consideration private.

—Miss Dorothy Driessel of Milwaukee arrived here Wednesday for a several days' visit with the Dr. and Mrs. Henry Driessel family.

—Henry Ramthun and family motored to Fond du Lac Sunday where they visited with Mrs. Jacob Bruessel at the St. Agnes hospital.

—Neal Wollensak of Denver, Colo., arrived here Saturday for an extended visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Wollensak and family.

—Miss Gertrude Mohme returned home last Friday evening from Oshkosh Normal, where she completed a course in the school there.

—Mrs. E. Morgenroth and Mrs. D. Rosenheimer visited with Mrs. Jacob Bruessel at the St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac last Thursday.

—Judge A. C. Backus and family of Milwaukee and Dr. Wm. Hausmann and family of West Bend visited with the Hausmann families Sunday.

—Wm. Schneider, who recently received his honorable discharge from the army, spent several days this week with relatives in the village.

—NOTICE—Commencing Saturday, June 21st, my office will be closed for four weeks on account of being away from home.—Dr. Wm. N. Klumb.

—Mr. and Mrs. Schmidt of Hartford and John, Edward and Agnes Dwyer of Allenton were guests of John Stollpflug and family Sunday.

—Mrs. Nick Zeimet and children returned home Saturday after several weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Ed. Smith and family at Menasha.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Eichsteadt and Mr. and Mrs. Max Kuswa and family of West Bend were guests of Herman Gilbert and family Saturday evening.

—The following spent Sunday with Joe. Theusch and family: Mr. and Mrs. Peter Weber of Fond du Lac and Mr. and Mrs. John Berres of Barton.

—Postmaster Geo. H. Schmidt spent several days this week at Grand Rapids, Wis., where he attended a meeting of the Wisconsin Post Masters' League.

—Mr. and Mrs. Adam Kohl of Kohlsville and Peter Hiller of Milwaukee spent Tuesday with the John H. Martin family and with Mr. and Mrs. And. Martn.

—A meeting of the Washington County Highway Committee will be held every second Thursday of each month at 2 p. m., at the court house at West Bend.

—Remember the dance on Sunday evening, June 22nd, at the North Side Park hall. The place for lots of fun and amusement. All are cordially invited to attend.

—Henry Backhaus, mail carrier on Route No. 2, is enjoying a fifteen-day vacation. Mrs. Herbert Backhaus is delivering the mail on said route during his absence.

—A number from here are planning to attend the picnic in O'Connell's grove, one-half mile north of Beechwood, given under the auspices of the Farmers Equity.

—Roland Backus and Clarence Hoffman of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backhaus and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heise of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Herman Gilbert family, while here they also attended the funeral of the late Edward Heise.

—Mrs. Wm. Schultz and Miss Louise Martin spent Wednesday at Fond du Lac. The former visited with Mrs. Jacob Bruessel at the St. Agnes hospital while there.

STRAYED—A yellow Scotch Collie dog strayed from my place Saturday evening. Honest finder please write or phone to Albert Kumrow, Kewaskum, Wis., R. 1.—Adv.

—Wm. Zoelner and family and Mr. Smith of Fond du Lac were in the village Monday enroute to Smith's Lake in the town of Barton, where they spent a week's outing.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Klein and family and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Belger motored to Sheboygan Sunday where they spent the day with relatives.

—John Marx, C. E. Krahn, Otto E. Lay and Jos. Schmidt were at Campbellsport Monday where they attended a meeting in the interest of the Theresa Union Telephone company.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Weis of Monroe, Mich., Mr. and Mrs. Joe Knippel and daughter, Tillie Hoffman and Ben Weinand, all of West Bend visited with Carl Hausmann and wife on Tuesday.

—Mrs. Frank Heppie and daughter Ruth, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backhaus and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rau left Tuesday for Beaver Dam, Watertown and Chicago, where they will visit friends for two weeks.

—The hand that hands you LITHIA BE SURE, hands you the best.

—Miss Irene Oppenorth daughter of John Oppenorth, of the town of Kewaskum is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin. She is a graduate of the course in liberal arts, B. A. held June 22-25.

—Mrs. Herman Knippel moved her household furniture from the upper flat of the John H. Martin residence into the Fred Meilahn residence on West Water street, which she recently purchased, this week.

—The funeral of Edward Heise was held Sunday afternoon at one o'clock from the residence with services in the Ev. Luth. St. Lucas church. Rev. Greve officiated. Interment was made in the congregation's cemetery.

—Miss Gladys Perschbacher, student at Lawrence College, Appleton returned home last Sunday for her summer vacation. She was accompanied by Miss Angie Cronk of Menomonee Falls, who visited with her until Tuesday.

—Mrs. Jacob Bruessel returned home Thursday from the St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac, where she underwent an operation several weeks ago. Her many friends are pleased to learn that she has greatly improved in health.

—Arthur Koch, Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Koch and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Koerble and son George motored to Milwaukee Sunday where they spent the day with relatives. The latter two remained for a week's visit while the former returned home the same day.

—Joe Hecker, this week sold his 118 acre farm located in the town of Kewaskum to Bernard Siel of the town of Scott. Possession was given the new owner at once. Mr. Hecker has moved his family and household goods to West Bend where he will make his future home.

—The following visited with Mr. and Mrs. Gregory Schmitz and family Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. Peter Ustinger and Miss Grace Wiskirchen of West Bend, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller of Barton, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Weidmeyer of St. Michaels, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Neuburg of Menomonee Falls.

—The spring election for the office of County Judge, in Dodge County has been found to be null and void by Circuit Judge Oscar Fritz of Milwaukee. A special election will be held next April. Pending such election Gov. Philipp will appoint a Judge to fill the vacancy until the newly elected judge qualifies.

—All members of the G. U. G. G. are earnestly requested to attend the next regular meeting on next Monday evening, June 22, as three officers of the Central Society from Milwaukee will be present to talk to the local society. Judge Backus of Milwaukee, will also be present to talk to the members. A number of members from West Bend will also be present.

—A number of our skat onkels were at Milwaukee last Sunday, where they attended the National Skat tournament at the Auditorium. Two of the players were successful in winning a prize, namely: L. P. Rosenheimer, made high play of 144 points and scored 140 points. Geo. H. Schmidt won a heart tourna against six matadores, 42 points, scored 292 points. Ed. Strachota, son of Joseph Strachota of this village scored 738 points and won 18 games.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Krueger and daughter Mary returned home last week Thursday evening from Eagle River where they visited with relatives for two weeks. While there they spent part of the time camping and fishing on the various lakes there. Herman states that fishing on the lakes in the northern part of the state is great sport compared to what it is on the small lakes in this community. He and his family were successful in catching a large amount of large pike, pickerel and muskellunge. They enjoyed the trip immensely and hope to go there again next year.

—The following relatives and friends spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Backhaus: Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Maas of Thiensville, Mr. and Mrs. William Brockhaus of Hustisford, Mrs. Joe. Folz and son Willie of Kirchhayne, Mr. and Mrs. Al. Fisher and daughter Erna of Woodland, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Nienow and sons Frank, Henry and Edmund of Jackson Mr. and Mrs. Henry Luebke and sons Adolph and Willie of West Bend, Mr. and Mrs. Art. Stark and daughter Sarah, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backhaus and son Christian, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schaefer and children, Gust. Schaefer and Sylvester Dreher of here.

POSTMASTER GEO. H. SCHMIDT RE-ELECTED

At a convention held by the Wisconsin Postmaster's League, held at Grand Rapids, Wis., on June 17, 18 and 19, Postmaster Geo. H. Schmidt of this village was re-elected secretary of the League by a large vote. Other officers elected are: President—T. O'Brien, Necedah, Wis.; Vice-President—Faith Van Tassel, Whitehall, Wis.; Secretary—Geo. H. Schmidt, Kewaskum, Wis.; Treasurer—E. H. Lang, Gleason, Wis.

SUBSCRIBE For The STATESMAN

LET

DELCO LIGHT and POWER

DO YOUR

Washing, Ironing, Water Pumping, Churning, Cream Separating and House and Barn Lighting during the hot summer months.

Estimates and Demonstrations Cheerfully given.
Write or call on us.

L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

BEECHWOOD VALLEY

The farmers of this vicinity are busy working on the road.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hicken spent last Wednesday at Sheboygan.

Adolph Glass spent Monday at Fond du Lac and Ripon on business.

Aug. Hoffman, Henry Reysen and Dave Hanrahan spent Wednesday at Oshkosh.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Glass spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. William Suemnicht.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koepke attended the funeral of Ed. Heise at Kewaskum Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glass and daughter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Habeck at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Flunker, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Suemnicht and Mrs. Ida Mathias spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koepke.

A large number of friends of Miss Lorena Krueger gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn in honor of her 18th birthday anniversary, on Sunday evening. The evening was spent in dancing. Music was furnished by Mr. Schlosser.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic in O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusement of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

Chronic Constipation.

Perhaps you have never thought of it, but this disorder is due to a lack of moisture in the residual matter of the food. If you will drink an abundance of water, eat raw fruits and take lots of outdoor exercise, you may be able eventually to overcome it entirely. In the meantime use the most mild and gentle laxative. Strong and harsh cathartics take too much water out of the system and make a bad matter worse. Chamberlain's Tablets are easy and pleasant to take, and most agreeable in effect. Give them a trial.

SUBSCRIBE For The STATESMAN

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Wheat	2.10 to 2.25
Barley	1.07 to 1.17
Rye No. 1	1.35 to 1.45
Oats	62c
Timothy Seed, per cwt.	9.00-11.00
Butter (dairy)	52 to 54c
Eggs	38c
Unwashed wool	50c-52c
Beans, per 100 lbs.	6.00 to 7.00
Hides (calf skin)	49-50c
Cow Hides	24c to 25c
Horse Hides	9.50 to 10.00
Honey, lb.	22c-23c
Potatoes, sorted	75c to 80c per bushel

Live Poultry

Old Roosters	17c
Geese	25c
Ducks	26c
Hens	26-28c

(Subject to change)

Dairy Market

PLYMOUTH

Plymouth, Wis., June 16—On the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange today 27 factories offered 3,608 boxes of cheese and all except 200 daisies sold as follows: 195 twins at 28c, 500 daisies at 28½c, 1,800 at 28¾c, 25 double daisies at 28¾c, 660 cases longhorns at 29½c, and 228 boxes square prints at 29¾c.

FLY NETS AND COVERS.

Covers, per pair	\$2.50 to \$4.00
Fly Nets, per pair	\$5.50 to \$9.00
Push Robes	\$4.50 to \$10.00

Just a few extra large Auto Silk Crushed Push Robes at these are exceptional values and the supply is very limited **\$20**

Team Harness, per set	\$65.00 and up
All Leather Collars	\$4.50 to \$9.00 each

All kinds of Horse Goods at

THE GENUINE BICKMORE GALL CURE

Val. Peters

Kewaskum, Wis.

Lessons on Sewing Given FREE of Charge

BUY DIRECT FROM THE COMPANY

THE WORLDS BEST SEWING MACHINE.

FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS

SAM MOSES

AGENT

Kewaskum, Wis.

Attachments Given FREE

COULDN'T SLEEP

Was Miserable and Losing Weight Suffering From Kidney Complaint. Doan's Removed the Trouble.

"I was about down and out from kidney trouble," says Harry Griffith, of 228 N. Darlington St., Westchester, Pa. "The kidney secretions burned like scalding water. Sometimes there would be a complete stoppage and, oh! what pain I suffered! My feet became swollen and I had a time of it getting in my shoes. "My back hurt right over my kidneys. Nights I did nothing but toss about. It was just as though a knife were thrust into my back. I couldn't bend over without terrible pain and I would fall to my knees and crawl along to get hold of something to help myself up. Blinding dizziness came on and terrible headaches added to my misery. "I was rapidly losing weight and knew something would have to be done. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and was more than surprised. The troubles were soon leaving me and six boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely. To this day I have been free from kidney complaint."

Sworn to before me. A. J. TWISSEND, Notary Public. Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

HAVE "CA' CANNY" DOWN FINE

English Labor Said to Lead the World in the Fine Art of Working Slowly.

Atwood Flower, the industrial expert, said at a Sphinx club dinner in New York: "English labor wants high pay, like what we give our own labor over here, but the trouble about that is the 'ca' canny" English labor policy. "'Ca' canny" means going slow, and it's got to be admitted that for going slow, for keeping output down, English labor beats the world. "One day in London I was inspecting a building operation. A foreman, as I passed, bawled up a ladder: "'Hodges, what the blazes are you doin' up there?" "'I'm layin' bricks, o' course," an angry voice bawled down. "'Well, by heavens, by the stillness of you,' yelled the foreman, 'you might be layin' eggs.'"

Vagrant's Fragrance. "The whiskey toper usually eats onions. Deliver me, then, from his proximity in train or theater."

The speaker was Charles L. Chute, secretary of the National Prohibition league.

"An Albany missionary," he went on, "was visiting a jail. He asked a red-nosed inmate what his crime had been. "'I didn't do nothing,' says red nose. "'Honest to goodness, boss. I didn't do nothin'."

"Well, anyhow, what did they charge you with doing?" said the missionary. "'Durned if I know, boss,' said red nose. "'As near as I can make out, they put me in here for fragranty.'"

Immense Dock for London. With the object of regaining for London her former proud position as premier port of the world, a new and enormous dock, capable of accommodating the world's liners, is being constructed on the south side of the Royal Albert docks. Its water area is to be 64 acres and, by means of a floating caisson, its normal length is capable of extension to 910 feet—large enough for a bigger boat than even the 683-foot Aquitania.

Proof to the Contrary. "Yonder girl's face is a chromo." "Indeed, then, it isn't; it's hand-painted."

What a happy world it would be if we could magnify our joys the way we do our troubles!

THIN PEOPLE SHOULD TAKE PHOSPHATE

Nothing Like Plain Bitro-Phosphate to Put on Firm, Healthy Flesh and to Increase Strength, Vigor and Nerve Force.

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing arms, neck and bust, and refining ugly hollows and angles by the soft, curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness. "Thinness and weakness are often due to starved nerves. Our bodies need more phosphate than is contained in modern foods. Physicians claim there is nothing that will supply this deficiency so well as the organic phosphate known among druggists as bitro-phosphate, which is inexpensive and is sold by most all druggists under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. By feeding the nerves directly and by supplying the body cells with the necessary phosphoric food elements, bitro-phosphate should produce a welcome transformation in the appearance; the increase in weight frequently being astonishing. Increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Nervousness, sleeplessness and lack of energy, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, should disappear, dull eyes become bright, and pale cheeks glow with the bloom of perfect health. CAUTION:—Although bitro-phosphate is unsurpassed for relieving nervousness, sleeplessness and general weakness, it should not, owing to its tendency to increase weight, be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh."

WANTED MEN AND WOMEN TO Learn the Barber Trade

Why wait to be told again? It pays, it's easy, no experience necessary; tools free. The Wisconsin Barber College, 357 Chestnut St., Milwaukee, Wis.

News of the Badger State

Janesville — Some idea of the tremendous strides Rock county is making along agricultural lines can be gained from a brief statistical statement issued by B. G. Facker, director of immigration, Wisconsin department of agriculture. This statement shows that since the last census in 1910 the county has added 15,771 acres or nearly twenty-five square miles in leading crops. The increased acreage was most noticeable during the war when the demand for foodstuffs became greater than ever before in history and a nationwide campaign to increase production was inaugurated. Farmers everywhere co-operated in the movement. To what extent Rock county farmers participated is evident from the increase in acreage in the last eight years.

Madison — With a simple service that included a prayer and a brief commemoration of his life, former United States Senator John C. Spooner was laid to rest at Forest Hill. The services were held at the Baptist church, the Rev. D. D. MacLaurin officiating. The ceremony at the grave was in charge of the Masons, Senator Spooner having been a member of the Madison chapter for fifty-two years. Men representing the nation and the state gathered at the Baptist church to pay their final respects. Civil war veterans, legislators, members of the university faculty, justices of the Supreme court, state officials and many old neighbors and friends of the family were present.

Sturgeon Bay — The Y. M. C. A. will conduct its usual boys' summer camp here this summer for the purpose of picking cherries. The camp will be 600 strong. It comprises boys between the ages of 14 and 19, halting from all sections of the state. Their main camp will be conducted at the county fair grounds. Besides the work of picking cherries, the "Y" offers a program of amusement and recreation. The boys will earn from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day. Two thousand outside pickers will be required to assist the local people in harvesting the cherry crop. The season will begin at about July 10.

Grand Rapids — The city council has petitioned the State Highway commission to erect a concrete bridge across the Wisconsin river. The bridge will be 493 feet long and will replace the present structure which has been in use for fifteen years. The cost is estimated at \$100,000, and will be taken care of by the state paying one-third, the county one-third and the city one-third.

Appleton — Nic Simond has commenced work on a cheese to weigh 25,000 pounds, the largest ever undertaken in Wisconsin. It will require sixty factories and seventy-five makers, the hoop will weigh 6,000 pounds and will be seven feet high and ten and a half feet in diameter. The cheese is for the national dairy show to be held in Chicago in October.

Kenosha — C. W. Nash, president of the Nash Motors Co., emphatically denied statements made by state papers that he was to be a candidate for governor at the next election. Mr. Nash said that politics was the last thing that he had thought to enter and that he would not be a candidate in 1920 under any circumstances.

Stevens Point — Thomas Philipp, Caron, thrown from a load of hay, died, never regaining consciousness. His skull was fractured, neck broken, right arm broken, one side of his face and one side of his body badly bruised. He formerly conducted grocery stores in Milwaukee and Chicago, coming to Portage county to farm.

Merrill — With an inspiring address by the Rev. W. B. Morris, Oshkosh, the sixty-fifth annual convention of the Central Baptist association was concluded here. Nearly a hundred delegates from different parts of the state attended the three days' sessions.

Superior — Harold Ten Eyck, Balsam Lake, in circuit court was found guilty of obtaining \$2 by representing himself as a Red Cross agent. The sentence pronounced by Judge W. R. Foley was \$200 fine or six months in jail.

Waupun — Waupun is seeing one of the greatest house building seasons in its history. Not less than twenty houses are under construction. Contracts for five more were made and fifty new homes will be built this year.

Darlington — At a celebration of Ben ton for returned soldiers and sailors trees were planted in memory of Clinton Wiseman and Glen Copeland, Benton boys, victims of the war.

Darlington — For the first time in Wisconsin the assessors are collecting statistics as to the number of hens. Lamont, one of the smallest townships in Lafayette county, first to make returns, reports that with the township there are 5,920 hens. In this township there are 11,275 acres and a population of 511. At this ratio there must be at least 150,000 hens in Lafayette county. The raising of poultry is generally left to the women of the household, while the men work in the fields.

Oshkosh — The funeral of Ed E. Hinman, formerly city comptroller, was held at the Masonic temple under the auspices of the lodge of which he was a prominent member and past master. City officials attended in a body and the flag on the city hall was at half mast. He was a resident of Oshkosh for more than fifty years and one of its best known citizens. Death was due to pleurisy.

Kenosha — Ledger F. Reed, Kenosha boy who enlisted in the aviation branch of the army, has been selected to carry out the aeronautic program at the homecoming soldier celebration July 4, 5 and 6. Reed, a graduate of the Kenosha high school will perform all of the stunts known to aviators, in a Curtis plane. The homecoming committee voted \$20,000 for the celebration.

Superior — Going through the war with all its dangers and arriving home safely, only to see his brother who had remained at home killed by an auto accident, was the experience of Lieut. Frank Johnson. When Ben Johnson, the brother, alighted from a street car, he was run down by an automobile and almost instantly killed. The driver was arrested.

Madison — Wisconsin has been officially designated by the commissioner of internal revenue as one of the states in which child labor permits issued by state authorities will be accepted as complying in every respect with the provisions of the new federal child labor law. Official notice to this effect was received by the industrial commission.

Manitowoc — Nine weddings and eight applications for marriage licenses is a day's record here. During the first ten days of June thirty-five weddings have been celebrated and the month promises to break all previous records. One of the couples to be married was Joseph Petaska, 60, and Mary Shelak, 57, well known residents.

La Crosse — The annual banquet of the La Crosse high school alumni assumed a war aspect when Miss Mary Evans told of her experiences as a member of Base Hospital No. 22, near Bordeaux, France. Lieut. Raymond Grams told stories of negro troops he lived over the top, and Harry Reget gave reminiscences of life in the navy.

Kenosha — Five thousand houses in three years is the new goal established by the housing committee in charge of the building plans for Kenosha. Report of the committee was favorably received by the directors of the Chamber of Commerce and the \$1,000,000 Kenosha home building corporation provided for in the plan is getting under way.

Appleton — David H. Shannon, prominent Appleton business man for nearly a half century, died at his home here. He died on his 64th birthday anniversary. Mr. Shannon came to Appleton in 1875 and until his retirement a few years ago was prominently identified with several mercantile and manufacturing establishments.

Manitowoc — Death after four days of suffering in Kewaunee hospital came to Thomas Tomandel, 44, a Stangeville man, who leaped from a second story window fourteen feet on a cement walk, while in a nightmare, sustaining a hip fracture, four broken ribs and internal injuries of a serious nature.

Kenosha — Friends of Kemper hall are raising a fund of \$100,000 for its support, according to the Rt. Rev. William Walter Webb, bishop of the Milwaukee diocese. Of this amount \$40,000 has been pledged on condition that the other \$60,000 shall be subscribed.

Chippewa Falls — Harry G. Goddard, postmaster at Chippewa Falls for sixteen years and one of the best known men in the state, dropped dead of heart failure at his home here while seated on the porch talking to friends. He was 75 years old. Mr. Goddard was prominent in Masonic circles.

La Crosse — The La Crosse Interstate Fair association purchased from the state barracks, mess hall and lavatory erected for the La Crosse Normal school S. A. T. C. during the war. The barracks will be converted into a poultry exhibition house on the fair grounds.

Cedarburg — The Ozaukee County Agricultural society recently reorganized and incorporated, purchased their own fair grounds and are at work on improvements. They have one of the best half-mile tracks in the state and the fair, Oct. 2, 3 and 4, will be a hummer.

Janesville — Camp Grant authorities are denying rumors to all soldiers intending to visit this city, because of the ease with which they obtain liquor here.

Fond du Lac — Emery O. Ackley, Brandon, still hale and hearty, never having indulged in liquor or tobacco, nor ill a day in his life, recently celebrated his one hundredth birthday anniversary. Mr. Ackley walks down to the village center every day to do his marketing and chat with friends. His garden, planted every year, is a model for neatness. He has a daughter, Miss Ettie, with whom he makes his home; a son, Charles, Minneapolis; three grandchildren and several great-grandchildren.

LITTLE HELP FOR MEN WHO FOUGHT

Constitutional Provisions Limit Debts of State.

FOR PURE WATER AND ICE

Czerwinsky Measure, Placing Supply Under Control of State Health Board, May Require Purification Plants in All Cities.

Madison — That there probably will be little legislation this session for the aid of returning soldiers, owing to constitutional provisions that limit state debts, is indicated by action taken in both houses of the legislature. The assembly has advanced the senate bill creating a service recognition board and appropriating \$500,000 for the care and treatment of convalescent Wisconsin soldiers.

The senate, by a vote of 18 to 6, killed the Zumasch bill which would appropriate \$1,000,000 for the settlement of soldiers on lands in Wisconsin. The bill provided for a commission to condemn land and placed a tax of \$2 an acre annually on unused Wisconsin land. The purpose of this tax was to force all unused land into the market for agricultural purposes. The Fletcher bill on the same subject was laid over until this week.

The assembly killed the Metcalfe bill giving counties power to issue bonds in order to give bounties to soldiers, marines, sailors and nurses who served in the war against Germany and Austria.

It is doubtful if any bill passed by the legislature at the present session received more careful consideration than the Czerwinsky bill placing the water and ice supply of the state under the control of the state board of health.

The bill was introduced February 18 in the lower house and was referred to the committee on public welfare, where the first public hearing was held and the bill recommended for passage. It next went to the finance committee, where another hearing was held and again it was recommended for passage, and passed the assembly May 7 without a dissenting vote.

When it reached the senate it was referred to the committee on education and public welfare, where the third public hearing was held and, after due consideration, it was sent out of committee with a recommendation that it be passed, and there was no opposition when it came up for final passage in the upper house last week.

The bill, which was originally intended to guarantee wholesome water for Milwaukee for domestic use, was made to extend to the entire state. It provides for the supervision and control by the state board of health of the water and ice supplies, water purification, sewage and refuse treatment and disposal and the pollution of streams, and for the supervision of the maintenance, alteration, extension, construction and operation of systems or works relating thereto.

The bill, which will probably go to Governor Philipp for signature within a week, was drafted by the legal department of the city of Milwaukee in conjunction with the attorney general and legislative reference library, after consultation with the state board of health and health officials of Milwaukee and other cities.

It is generally understood here that the passage of the bill is the first step in the move to prevent the dumping of sewage in Lake Michigan and the inland lakes and rivers of the state, at least until it has been treated and passed through a purification system. It will probably mean that in the not very far distant future practically every city in the state will be compelled to install purification plants in connection with their sewage disposal systems, and after two years' operation under the Czerwinsky bill it is expected the state board of health will recommend additional legislation along that line to the legislature in 1921.

It is expected the first steps will be taken by the state board of health to prevent the cities of Kenosha, Racine, Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and the smaller cities on Lake Michigan from emptying their sewage into the lake. "It will mean the changing of practically the entire sewage systems in those cities," said a member of the senate, "but there appears to be no other way if the water of Lake Michigan is to be used for domestic purposes."

A number of bills relating to workmen's compensation were indefinitely postponed because the provisions of these several measures have been included in the general workmen's compensation bill now pending before the senate.

Declares War on Bee Diseases. A new statute, which goes into effect on June 30, provides a fine for exporting honey or old comb in such a way that bee disease might be disseminated or for shipping bees or used bee supplies without inspection certificate or permit attached to each package. These provisions cover the two principal means of distribution of bee diseases as determined by the department of agriculture, namely, the transportation of diseased combs and hives and the robbing of diseased and abandoned combs by healthy colonies.

Proposes Return of Saloon Fees.

Plans to reimburse saloonkeepers their license money paid out July 1 should congress or the state enact legislation preventing sale of beer before the end of the year, are seen in the bill introduced by the assembly committee on rules and sent to the judiciary committee. The bill amends the present excise law, chapter 500, laws of 1917, to read:

"If for any reason, not, however, the fault of the licensee, the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquor is prohibited during the license year, any licensee holding a license for the manufacture or sale of any such liquors for such license year, shall, upon surrender of any such license, be entitled to a refund of such proportionate share of the amount paid for such license as the remainder of the year for which granted, from the time of such surrender, bears to the whole year."

The 1917 statute provided for reimbursement of license invalidated by any law or regulation passed by congress or the state as a war-time measure.

Population of State 2,580,800. On July 1 the state of Wisconsin will have a population of 2,580,800, according to an estimate just issued by the United States census bureau.

The last official census taken by the state of Wisconsin was April 15, 1910. The state then had a population of 2,333,600. The last census previous to that was on June 1, 1900, when the state had a population of 2,060,042. Since 1910 the census bureau has estimated the population of the state as of July 1 of each year, its growth in population being estimated year by year as follows:

1911, 2,368,264; 1912, 2,393,081; 1913, 2,419,888; 1914, 2,446,716; 1915, 2,473,533; 1916, 2,500,350; 1917, 2,527,167; 1918, 2,553,983; and 1919, 2,580,800.

The bureau estimates that on the first day of next month the population of the entire United States will be 106,871,294, as against 91,872,296 on April 15, 1910, the date of the last official census.

State Peace League Meet July 5.

The Wisconsin branch of the league to enforce peace will convene in Milwaukee July 5. Ex-President W. H. Taft has promised to speak. Negotiations are being made with other speakers of national reputation, including Harry Wheeler, Chicago, former president of the national chamber of commerce; Dr. Henry Von Dyke, poet and publicist; Marcel Knecht of the French embassy in Washington; Charles R. Brown, dean of the Yale School of Religion, and J. D. Walker, Chicago, labor representative.

The convention may run into a second day, which will be on Sunday. If so, it will be made League of Nations Sunday throughout the state. In Milwaukee it will take the form of a monster celebration in the auditorium.

Congressional district conventions and county conventions will precede the state meeting. Delegates will be elected at county conventions.

Action on Senate Bills.

The senate concurred in Mr. Kurbatz's bill on qualifications of commissioner of health and deputy in Milwaukee; Mr. Owen's bill on printing maps, finance bills appropriating for the board of normal regents, the board of control and making sundry appropriations; Mr. H. F. Johnson's on state aid for cure of insane; Axel Johnson's Apple River bill; Mr. Otto's No. 39, relating to income tax; Mr. Czerwinsky's for supervision of water and ice by the board of health; state affairs bill creating the town of Pershing in Taylor county, and passed Senator Peterson's bill for a branch agricultural station in Door county, Senator Jennings' on board of administration in Milwaukee, Senator Nye's for inspection of pulpwood.

The judiciary bill raising the salaries of supreme court justices was passed, 17 to 7.

Will Eliminate 30 Crossings.

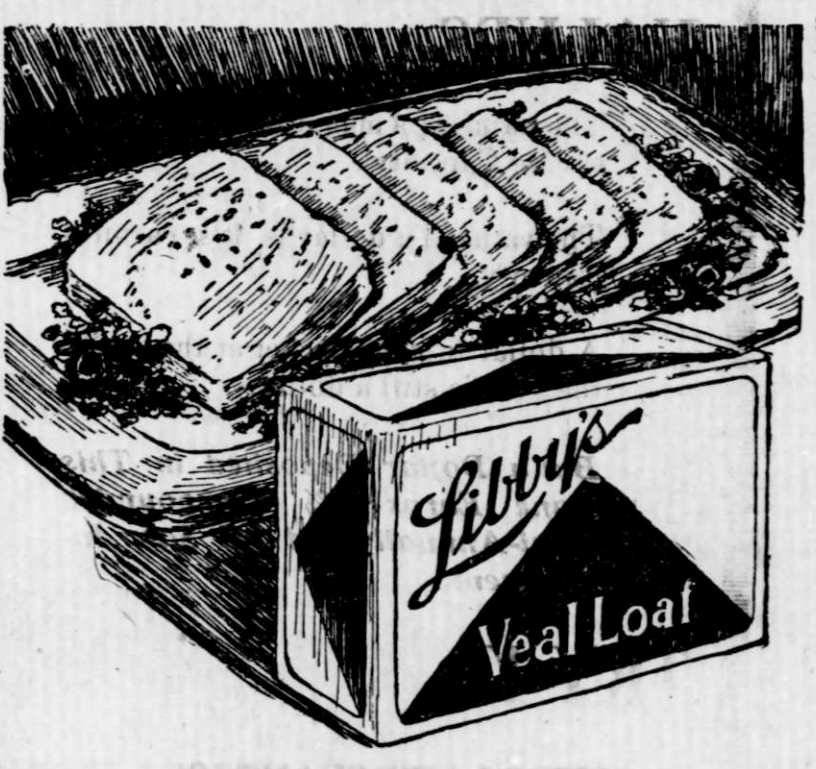
Perils of automobile traveling over grade crossings will be greatly reduced in Wisconsin by the highway commission, by elimination of 30 such crossings in various parts of the state. Most of these crossings will be eliminated by re-routing the highway. In many cases a highway crosses a railroad, continues for a few rods, then again crosses the right of way. By continuing the highway on one side of the right of way, two crossings and their dangers will be eliminated.

Boost Rail Board Appropriation.

The annual appropriation to the railroad commission is increased from \$170,000 to \$185,000 for administrative purposes in a bill introduced by the joint legislative finance committee. An additional \$15,000 is included for expenses incurred in printing the Wisconsin railroad map, "including the cost of the stone." The bill, when enacted, will be effective July 1.

\$2,000 for Eliason Is Voted.

The old controversy between State Veterinarian Eliason and Dr. A. H. Hartwig over state regulations on tuberculosis cattle was reviewed in the assembly by C. C. Coe. In arguing for the appropriation of \$2,000 to reimburse Doctor Eliason for defending a libel suit instituted by Hartwig. The bill was advanced to third reading. The assembly also advanced the Denhardt bill for a statute to James Duane Doty, first territorial governor. Coe protested against reference in the bill to Doty as "founder of Wisconsin."



On a warm day there's no more refreshing luncheon than Libby's Veal Loaf, chilled and sliced! So easy, too. Ask your grocer for a package today. Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Kill Dandruff With Cuticura. All Dandruffs: Soap & Ointment 25c each. 12c each. Sample each free of charge. Dept. A, Boston.

BELCHING Caused by Acid-Stomach

Let EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy, give you quick relief from disgusting belching, food-reeking, indigestion, bloated, gassy stomach, dyspepsia, heartburn and other stomach ills. They are all caused by Acid-Stomach from which about nine people out of ten suffer in one way or another. One writes as follows: "Before I used EATONIC, I could not eat a bite without belching it right up, sour and bitter. I have not had a bit of trouble since the first tablet. Millions are victims of Acid-Stomach without knowing it. They are weak and ailing, have poor digestion, bodies improperly nourished although they may eat heartily. Grave disorders are likely to follow if an acid-stomach is neglected. Cirrhosis of the liver, intestinal congestion, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach—these are only a few of the many ailments often caused by Acid-Stomach. If you are not feeling quite right—lack energy and enthusiasm and don't know just where to locate the trouble—try EATONIC and see how much better you will feel in every way. At all drug stores—a big box for 50c and your money back if you are not satisfied."

Everything Lovely. "Howdy, Gap!" saluted an acquaintance, upon meeting the well known Rumpus Ridge citizen on a shopping expedition in Tumlinville. "How's everything going with you?" "Finer'n frog hair, Jurd!" triumphantly replied Gap Johnson. "Of course, my wife has been sorter puny, yur of late, and several of the children have got the measles and mumps and one thing and another, and the lightning struck the corner of the house tuther night and like to have tore the whole place to pieces, and one of the kids fell out of a tree and broke his arm, and a feller took a shot at me day before yesterday and ventilated my ear, and such as that, but I swapped for a running horse last week, and a couple of my hounds have got six pups apiece. Aw, I tell you, they can't keep a good man down!"—Kansas City Star.

Well Known. I was hurrying home up the hill when a little boy came rushing down in such haste that he ran headlong into me. He was quite breathless and very flushed. "Have you seen my pa?" he managed to stammer. "I don't know your pa, little boy," said I. He looked at me in round-eyed wonder and his pink cheeks fairly stuck out. "You don't know my pa?" he said incredulously. "Why, I know pa just as easy!"—Exchange.

EATONIC (FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

KNEW THAT WOULD STOP HIM

Lawyer Evidently Was Well Acquainted With the Weakness of His Long-Winded Friend.

C. H. Murphy relates the story of a Philadelphia lawyer, retired, who, in the days of his active practice, was notorious for his long-windedness.

On one occasion he had been spouting forth his concluding argument for six hours, and the end was nowhere in sight, when the opposing attorney beckoned his associate and whispered: "Can't you stop him, Jack?" "I'll stop him in two minutes," Jack replied confidently. And he wrote and passed to the orator the following note:

"My Dear Colonel—As soon as you finish your magnificent argument I would like you to join me at the hotel in a bumper of rare old Bourbon."

The lawyer halted in the midst of an impassioned period, put on his glasses, and read the note that had been handed him, then he removed his glasses again and, taking up his hat and bag, he said: "And now, may it please the court and gentlemen of the Jury, I leave the case with you."

A minute later he was proceeding in stately fashion in the direction of the hotel bar. Who'd do the work of the world if everybody were rich?

Brighten the Morning Meal with a hot drink that gives refreshing invigoration. The Original POSTUM CEREAL is so pleasing and satisfying that it has completely taken the place of tea and coffee in many homes everywhere. Try this healthful Drink and note results. Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c. At Grocers Everywhere!

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is Prepared For Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where this successful remedy is made impresses even the casual looker-on with the reliability, accuracy, skill and cleanliness which attend the making of this great medicine for woman's use.

Over 250,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually and all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their natural juices and medicinal substances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties from these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is sterilized and as a final precaution in cleanliness the medicine is pasteurized and sealed in sterile bottles.

It is the wonderful combination of roots and herbs together with the skill and care used in its preparation which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

The letters from women who have been restored to health by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which we are continually publishing attest to its virtue.

Growing Old.

When a man gets so he can philosophize it means he is getting along in years.—Macon Republican.

Some are already using hard words over the tax on soft drinks.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Doesn't hurt a bit and costs only a few cents



Magic! Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn. Instantly it stops aching, then you lift the corn off with the fingers. Truly! No humbug! Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius.

General Pershing's War Map.
In installing General Pershing's war map in the old National Museum building in Washington, the commander's room at the front just as it looked when the map was in actual use, is being reproduced as a setting. Here will be the chairs used by the general and his aids while they studied the map, which changed hourly, night and day, as reports came in and were recorded. The table at which the officers looked over documents will stand as it used to be at one side, and the walls will be covered with the identical lineoleum that was a background for the map. The map was brought over in pieces now joined together, and the conventional design of the lineoleum is said to give an odd kitchenlike domesticity to the room in which General Pershing's varied history writing itself in a very literal sense on the wall.

A Fair Proposition.
"Mr. Grabola, I've saved up \$3,000 and I want to marry your daughter."
"Do you realize that \$3,000 won't last long nowadays?"
"Oh, yes, sir. But it ought to take care of us for at least six months and at the end of that time if I haven't convinced you that I'm an ideal son-in-law you needn't do a thing for us."

There's a Reason why so many people make Grape-Nuts
the regular part of at least one meal each day.
It's because of the delightful flavor, and wonderful values of Grape-Nuts as a health builder.

FARMERS ARE WORKING HARDER
And using their feet more than ever before. For all these workers the frequent use of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot, bath, increases their efficiency and insures needed physical comfort. It takes the Friction from the Shoe, freshens the feet, and prevents tired, aching and blistered feet. Women everywhere are constant users of Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't get foot sore, get Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by dealers everywhere.—Adv.

The Ruling Passion.
Mrs. Talkerton—Oh, dear! I wish there was some way to break little Gladys of sucking her thumb.
Her Husband—Don't worry; when she gets a little older she'll notice that it interferes with her talking. Then she'll quit it herself.

Buy a Farm Now.
Because land is cheaper than it will ever be again. The U. S. Railroad Administration is prepared to furnish free information to homesteaders regarding farming opportunities. We have nothing to sell; no money to lend; only information to give. Write me fully with reference to your needs. Name the state you want to learn about. J. L. Edwards, Manager, Agricultural Section, U. S. Railroad Administration, Room 14, Washington, D. C.—adv.

"The way of the transgressor is hard," when he is trying to transgress the laws of nature.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio
Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Calling names in an argument may make the chap called so, but do they answer his arguments?

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Hooper*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A daughter is an embarrassing and ticklish possession.—Menander.

STRENGTHENS KIDNEYS—PURIFIES BLOOD

You can't expect weak kidneys to filter the acids and poisons out of your system unless they are given a little help. Don't allow them to become diseased when a little attention now will prevent it. Don't try to cheat nature. As soon as you commence to have headaches, feel nervous and tired, GET BUSY. These are usually warnings that your kidneys are not working properly. Do not delay a minute. Go after the cause of your ailments or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney troubles. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules imported direct from the laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. Ask your druggist for GOLD MEDAL. It is every bit as effective. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not quickly help you.—Adv.

Authors' Handwriting.
If readers and admirers of the polished sentences of popular authors could see the original manuscripts from which their works are printed they would be given interesting sidelights on the character and personality of the writers. The handwriting of G. K. Chesterton has been described by an English editor as "shocking." W. W. Jacobs, comedy writer of the sea, has all his literary work typed and makes but few corrections on the finished manuscript. Other English writers whose copy is reputed to be neat and quite acceptable to a printer are H. G. Wells, Rudyard Kipling, Arnold Bennett and Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Editors say they never know what to expect from that imaginative genius, H. de Vere Stapcoole. Sometimes his work is neatly typed on good paper, but often it is scribbled to sheets torn from a copybook.

Heard on the Train.
"Is this Mr. Riley?"
"Eh—what?" said the deaf old chap.
"Is this Mr. Riley?"
"Riley! Oh, yes!"
"I knew your father."
"No bother."
"I say I knew your father."
"What?"
"I—knew—your—father."
"Oh, did ye? So did I!"—Boston Transcript.

PALMER WARNS "REDS" IN U. S.

Government Takes Steps to Prevent New Bomb Outrages on July 4.

MAYORS ARE ASKED TO AID

Attorney General Requests Executives of Cities to Form Special Forces of Former Soldiers to Guard Against Disorder.

Washington, June 18.—Rumors of a new outrage by radicals to be attempted on Independence day have reached the department of justice, which is taking all needed precautions to forestall the plotters.

The American Defense society, from its headquarters in New York, has issued a warning to the mayors of 250 cities that disorders might be expected during the first week of July. Asserting that radicals were planning to take advantage of "discontent" engendered by introduction of nation-wide prohibition on July 1, the letters urged the mayors to form immediately special forces of former service men for possible use.

A dispatch from New York says the Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Fifteenth, Sixty-ninth and Seventy-first regiments of the New York state guard have been ordered to assemble at their respective armories on Thursday night, equipped for possible immediate duty. Between 10,000 and 12,000 men were being notified. The cause of the call was not announced.

Determination of the government to preserve American ideals and institutions from assault by lawless radicals was given forceful expression by Attorney General Palmer.

"There is no room, as there is no need, in this country," Mr. Palmer said, "for those who resort to violence to impress their ultraradical views upon the people or the government. They will get nowhere by such methods."

"The government proposes to protect itself against attacks from within as carefully and as forcefully as it has shown itself able to protect itself against attacks from without."

"Every reform which the more radical desire to incorporate in our body politic will receive a fair hearing and full consideration and become effective only if and when a majority of the people, through the regular methods provided by the Constitution, shall so decide. No change will be hastened by the use of force, and those who seek to use this weapon will be treated as enemies of the government and punished accordingly."

"Those who cannot or will not live the life of Americans under our Constitution, and are unwilling to abide by the methods which we have established for the improvement of those institutions from time to time should go back to the countries from which they came."

"Every power of the government will be used to compel those who remain here to comport themselves in that obedience to our laws and with that respect for our institutions which are a part of the creed of real Americans."

DEBATE ON PEACE PACT

Senator Knox Opens Treaty Fight With Attack on the Wilson Covenant.

Washington, June 19.—Senator Knox, Republican, of Pennsylvania, opened debate in the senate on his resolution proposing separation of the covenant of the League of Nations from the treaty with Germany.

In the midst of discussion of the agricultural appropriation bill, the senator delivered a prepared address which promised to precipitate a fight.

Senator Knox told the senate his resolution did not declare either for or against the league; that it proposed "merely and solely" that the senate advise and consent to the treaty "which shall bring us peace" and reserve for future consideration other portions of the document proposing the creation of the league.

Senator Knox declared the Monroe doctrine provision, inserted in the revised covenant of the league would wipe out that doctrine.

Referring to the charges of partisanship Senator Knox said, "If opposition or support of the league becomes a party issue, it will not be with my partisan support."

Three Swimmers Drown.
Bismarck, N. D., June 19.—A triple tragedy, ushered in the season of Missouri river swimming, when Nelson Jones, Henry Schneider and Edward Mowery, all of Bismarck, were drowned.

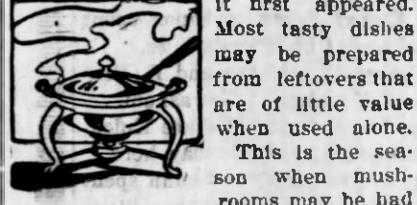
Sugar Shipments Renewed.
San Juan, June 18.—Shipments of Porto Rican sugar to New York will hereafter go forward on the original basis of 40,000 tons a month, say late advices to the Sugar Producers' association.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

This world which clouds thy soul with doubt, Is but a carpet inside out. It's when we view those shreds and ends, We know not what the whole intends; So when on earth things look but odd, They're working out some scheme of God. What now seem random strokes, will there In order and design appear. Then shall we praise what here we spurned; For then the carpet shall be turned.

CHOICE LEFTOVER DISHES.

Often the dish which makes its second appearance will be more appetizing than when it first appeared. Most tasty dishes may be prepared from leftovers that are of little value when used alone.



This is the season when mushrooms may be had for the gathering and a handful of this delicious flavor added to any leftover meat or escalloped vegetable makes an extraordinary out of an ordinary dish.

Leftover sponge cake may be treated in the same way, using cooked fruits or fruit juices of various kinds. Cut in rounds and served with the fruit topped with whipped cream, this makes a most fancy dish.

Ragout of Veal.—Reheat two cups of cold roast veal, cut in cubes, in one and one-half cups of brown sauce, seasoned with a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce, a tablespoonful of onion juice and a dash of cayenne. Roast pork or veal may be used in salads and a cupful or two of veal makes a small pot pie when covered with a good rich crust and baked.

Small quantities of corn or asparagus or other vegetables with potatoes and a bit of onion for seasoning make a most appetizing salad. **Mincéd Mutton.**—Mash the yolks of six hard cooked eggs and season with cayenne and a fourth of a teaspoonful of mustard and salt. Add a cupful of cream and two cupfuls of chopped cooked mutton. When thoroughly hot add a quarter of a glass of currant jelly.

Ham With Jelly Sauce.—Put a half tablespoonful of butter in a saucepan, and when melted add a small glass of sour apple jelly, season with cayenne, and add a cupful of cooked ham cut in neat strips, add a fourth of a cupful of orange juice and simmer five minutes, then serve.

It is good to do battle, to suffer, to be thrown overboard and left to save ourselves. What we lose in comfort we gain in energy, and energy is the most precious of man's weapons.—Charles Waverley.

INVITING DISHES.

When making gravy without browned flour add the flour to the fat and stir until well blended, then add milk or water and a teaspoonful of kitchen bouquet to give the rich brown color.

Raisin and Celery Salad.—Cut into small pieces two cupfuls of celery, two oranges broken in bits, two-thirds of a cupful of raisins, seeded and plumped over steam, a cupful of grated apple and a cupful of mayonnaise. Cover with this mixture the apple and mayonnaise, making an especially delicious mixture.

Green Corn and Green Pepper.—Cut the corn from four ears, put into a frying pan with a tablespoonful of hot fat, add a chopped green pepper, season with salt and pepper and add more fat if needed and cook twenty minutes, stirring to keep from burning.

Cassole.—This is a famous French dish which is both historical and appetizing. Soak over night one quart of lima beans; in the morning bring to the boiling point, add salt, fresh water and cook until tender, or nearly so. Place in a casserole two cupfuls of cold cooked chicken or duck, add the strained tomato, a quart of hot broth and a teaspoonful of kitchen bouquet. Bake one hour, uncover, sprinkle with a little minced parsley, brown and serve.

Filling.—Boil two cupfuls of sugar with four tablespoonfuls of water until it threads; pour over three well-beaten egg whites, add a half cupful of citron, shredded fine, half a cupful of shredded figs, one cupful of chopped raisins, and one cupful of chopped, blanched raisins. Spread between the layers and on top of the cake.

Pressed Corned Beef.—Cover a piece of corned beef with cold water, let heat gradually to the boiling point, then simmer slowly until very tender, about six hours. Remove to a brick-shaped bread pan and cover with a board and weight. Let stand several hours. Serve cut in slices, garnishing the platter with parsley. The liquor saved from the meat may be used to cook cabbage, giving it a very nice flavor.

Frozen Coffee Custard.—Scald a pint of milk. Beat four eggs until light, add them to the hot milk with a cupful of sugar, remove from the fire and cool, add half a pint of cold coffee and half a pint of whipped cream, then freeze. Serve in sherbet cups, garnished with whipped cream.

Won't Repeat Dry Act.
Washington, June 19.—By 10 to 8 the house judiciary committee refused to adopt a motion of Representative Igo (Dem.) of Missouri repealing wartime prohibition in so far as it affects light wines and beer.

1,897 More Troops Arrive.
New York, June 19.—Six officers and 212 men of the Seventy-eighth base hospital were among the 1,897 troops arriving from Marseilles on the transport Alghieri. The others were civilians.

Nellie Maxwell

AMERICAN TROOPS OUT OF MEXICO

Yanks Return to United States Soil After Utter Rout of Villa.

TAKE 100 HORSES IN DASH

General Cabell Assures the Mexican Federal Commander at Juarez There Was No Idea of Violating Mexican Sovereignty.

El Paso, Tex., June 18.—All American troops which crossed to the Mexican side at eleven o'clock Sunday night have returned to the American side, a report received at military headquarters stated.

The cavalry brigade and artillery crossed near Ysleta, Tex., 12 miles southeast of here.

The infantry troops started withdrawing from Juarez to El Paso in obedience to orders by Maj. Gen. De Rosey C. Cabell, commander of the Southern department, who arrived from San Antonio and crossed the international bridge for a conference with Gen. Francisco Gonzales, supreme commander of the Juarez troops, after conferring with Brig. Gen. James B. Erwin, commander of the El Paso border district and the expeditionary force which crossed into Mexico.

At the conference with General Gonzales, General Cabell agreed to withdraw the American troops as soon as they could get them together.

General Gonzales then asked the American border commander if he could not have the infantry withdrawn by 10:30 a. m., which request was granted.

General Gonzales also requested General Cabell to make it known through the press to the people of the United States that he, General Gonzales, had not requested assistance from the United States in handling the situation.

"I told General Gonzales that there was no idea of invading Mexican sovereignty and that the infantry would withdraw as soon as possible," General Cabell announced, following the interview.

At 10:45 a. m. the Twenty-fourth infantry started marching across the international bridge from Juarez and by eleven o'clock the entire command was back on American soil, after having spent exactly eleven hours on Mexican soil.

American cavalry forces returned from Mexico with 100 Villa cavalry horses and nine prisoners. The commanding officers reported four Villa followers were killed when the adobe headquarters was charged.

Mayor Charles Davis issued a statement saying he regretted the expedition to Juarez Sunday night because of the bad effect it would have upon the situation in Mexico, where Americans owned large interests in districts frequented by Villa.

El Paso, Tex., June 17.—American troops and Mexican rebels under Villa fought a general engagement at the race track to the south of Juarez shortly after two o'clock Monday morning. The Americans were victorious. Villa's rebels were driven from the race track by the American rifle and machine-gun fire. Many prisoners were taken by the American cavalry, which surrounded the rebels on the east and southeast, according to an official announcement issued by the army headquarters here.

At 2:05 in the morning Colonel Haddell's troops opened the general engagement with artillery fire against the Villistas in the old federal trenches to the east and southeast of Juarez.

One American soldier is known to have been killed thus far in the fighting. He was a gunner in the Eighty-second artillery. He was struck by a bullet sent by a Mexican sniper.

It was shortly after this that the American artillery opened.

The decision of the Americans to take part in the fighting was the result of the killing of a man and a woman in El Paso by shots from the rebel forces, who for several days have been attempting to capture Juarez from the Carranzistas.

Other shots have fallen into El Paso and the American army officers decided to move into Mexican soil to stop it.

Signs Loan Draft on U. S. Bank.
Brussels, June 18.—The finance minister of Belgium has signed with representatives of American banks a draft agreement for a loan of \$100,000,000. The loan is to be repaid by Belgium in 25 years. No restriction is placed on the use of the loan. To become effective the draft agreement requires ratification by the United States government.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Irritation—Just Eye Comfort. It is the only eye remedy that is safe for all eyes. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

"FAKE" ASPIRIN WAS TALCUM

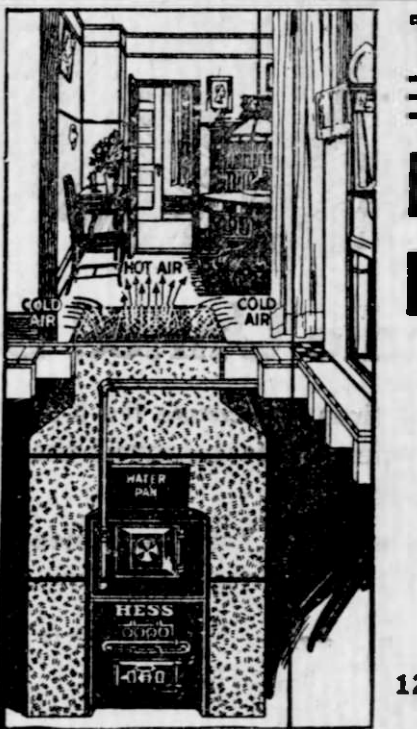
Always Ask for Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"



If you see the "Bayer Cross" on the package you are sure you are not getting talcum powder. Millions of fraudulent Aspirin Tablets were recently sold throughout the country. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetacacidester of Salicylicacid.

Young America.
"Don't you want to hear about Tom, Tom, the piper's son?"
"No, too busy. I belong to a pig club myself and it's time to feed the stock."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Order may be heaven's first law, but it is earth's last realization.



Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview of the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Ideals create standards, standards determine moral action, and moral action leads to necessary law.

THE HESS Pipeless Furnace

Warms a whole house from one register. No large cellar needed; no long pipes. No dirt and mess upstairs. Sanitary, Economical, Clean.

HESS WARMING & VENTILATING CO.

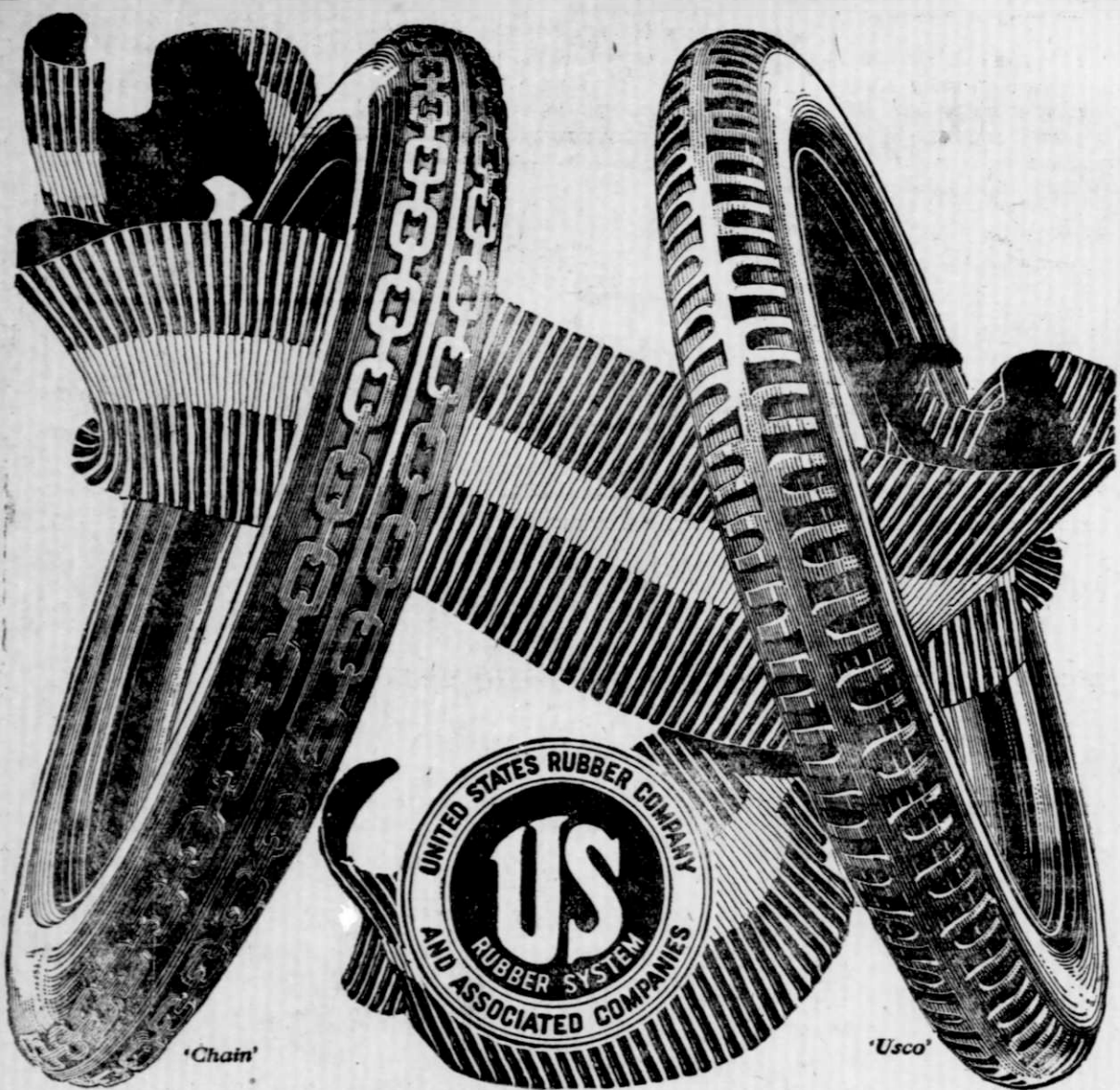
1216 Tacoma Building, Chicago or 42 Martin St., Milwaukee

THE CREAM OF CREAMS
Right Here
IN TOWN ICE CREAM
REAL ICE CREAM
A HINT TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT

Stock Raising in Western Canada
is as profitable as Grain Growing
In Western Canada Grain Growing is a profit maker. Raising Cattle, Sheep and Hogs brings certain success. It's easy to prosper where you can raise 20 to 45 bu. of wheat to the acre and buy on easy terms.
Land at \$15 to \$30 Per Acre
—Good Grazing Land at Much Less.
Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to homesteaders to settle in Western Canada and enjoy her prosperity. Loans made for the purchase of stock or other farming requirements can be had at low interest.
The Governments of the Dominion and Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta extend every encouragement to the farmer and ranchman.
You can obtain excellent land at low prices on easy terms, and get high prices for your grain, cattle, sheep and hogs—low taxes (none on improvements), good markets and shipping facilities, free schools, churches, splendid climate and sure crops.
For illustrated literature, maps, description of lands for sale in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reduced railroad rates, etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.
GEO. A. HALL, 123 Second St., MILWAUKEE, WIS.
Canadian Government Agent

DON'T JUNK YOUR WEAK TIRES
and lose from \$5.00 to \$35.00 worth of mileage. Strengthen it on the inside and use it from 1000 to 4000 miles longer—Have that money.
MAXOTIRES
They prevent blowouts (even at rim), punctures, scree brakes—taking great deal of motoring. Are reliable. Dealers re-order them in Car Load shipments.
Free MAXOTIRE catalog and name of nearest dealer costs only the price of a postage card and may save you hundreds of dollars.
K&W RUBBER COMPANY
48-50 Cheaning Street DELAWARE, OHIO
ESTABLISHED 1900

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.
Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Swellings; Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boot Chafes. It is a SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND BERMICIDE.
Does not blister or remove the hair and can be worked. Pleasant to use. \$2.50 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Box of 12 free.
ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic ointment for medical, veterinary, surgical, dental, and all other uses. Contains—only a few drops required at an application. Price \$1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered.
W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 202 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.
W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 25-1919.



Why We Handle United States Tires

Because they're good tires. Because we KNOW they're good tires. Because our experience has taught us that they will satisfy and gratify our customers.

There are United States Tires for every need of price or use. We can provide exactly the ones for your car.

United States Tires are Good Tires

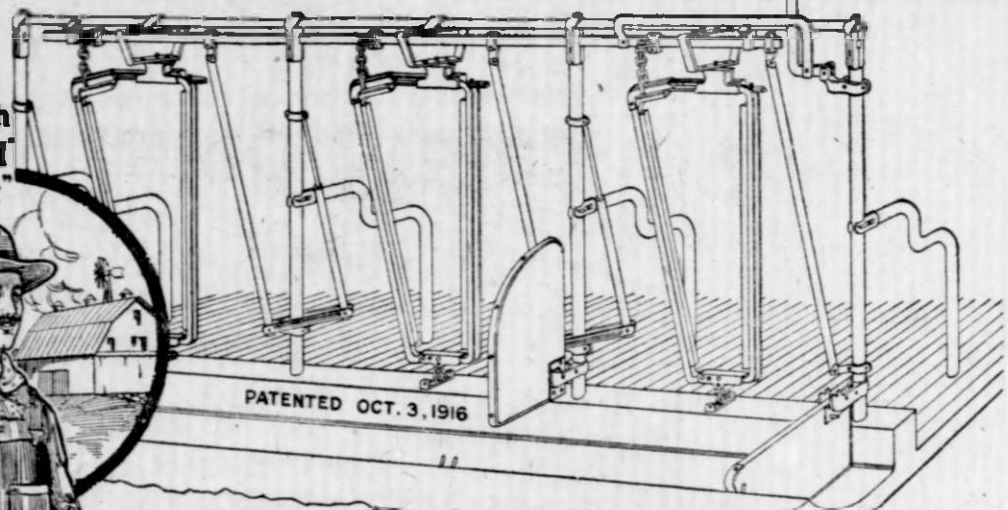
We know United States Tires are good tires. That's why we sell them

A. A. PERSCHBACHER

SCHAUB'S GARAGE

"ACORN BRAND" STANCHIONS

Farming a pleasure with Acorn Brand Equipment



Farmers, Breeders, Dairymen, investigate the "Acorn Brand" Barn Equipment when you are ready to buy. Special Features of the "Acorn Brand" Stanchions shown in above illustration.

Alignment Device—by which cattle can be instantly gutter lined.

Neck Adjusting Device—which will allow you to use this same stanchion for the smallest heifer as well as the largest cow.

Double Locking Device—which securely locks the yoke.

Double Sure Stops—which never fail to guide your cattle into the opened yoke. With our one lever control anyone can tie or untie 25 or more cattle as easily as one. You can also tie or untie each cow separately. These latest features make the "Acorn Brand" Stanchion the most complete Automatic Swinging Stanchions on the market today.

Ask your dealer or write direct for our complete line of Barn Equipment to equip your old or new barn in the most sanitary, modern, and up-to-date way.

Office and Factory: Farmers Barn Equipment Co., Two Rivers, Wisconsin

Sold by A. G. Koch, Kewaskum, Wisconsin

CAMPBELLSPORT

E. Curran spent Saturday at Fond du Lac.

W. Meyer spent Wednesday at Fond du Lac.

A. Buslaff was a pleasant caller here Monday.

W. Romaine was a business caller here Thursday.

H. Krueger visited with friends here Wednesday.

Elmer Knickel of Marshfield is visiting relatives here.

John Parrott was a business caller at Fond du Lac Monday.

Miss Anita Gumm of Jackson spent Sunday with friends here.

Leo Hoffman, Mrs. H. Paas, spent Friday at the County Seat.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Glass spent Sunday with friends at Madison.

Miss Esther Exner of Ripon spent the week-end with friends here.

J. Flariety, E. Curran and F. Brogan spent Tuesday at Kewaskum.

Oscar Guenther and Wallace Knickel of Markesan spent Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Fleischmann spent Wednesday with friends in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schlaefter spent Sunday with relatives at Kewaskum.

Miss Mildred Raymond has returned home from a two week's visit at Athens.

Miss Dorothy Seering of Appleton has returned home for her summer vacation.

Misses Gretchen and Leona Paas of Cudahy spent Sunday under the parental roof.

Miss Gladys Wenzel of Milwaukee is spending a week's vacation at her home here.

Louis Hawley of Chicago who spent the past three weeks here returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Pieper returned from a visit through the northern part of the state last Friday.

Herman Zastrow of Milwaukee and Thos. Weatherwax of Iowa spent Sunday at the John H. Paas home.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Muehlis and daughters and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cole of Milwaukee spent Sunday with friends here.

Chas. Van De Zande, Peter Schrootten, Mrs. N. Flanagan, Ed. Senn, W. Wedde, W. Knickel spent Thursday at Fond du Lac.

Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Flood of St. Cloud and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bronk of Milwaukee visited at the J. E. Ward home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Hahn and son Thos., C. R. Van De Zande and family and Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Straub spent Sunday at Long Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Glass and children spent Sunday at Mayville with relatives. Mrs. Glass and children will stay for the week.

Misses Alice and Mary Farrell of Cudahy spent Sunday here at their home. Miss Mary Farrell will stay home for a two weeks vacation.

VALLEY VIEW

Mrs. Kathryn Schommer is spending the week as a guest of relatives at Chilton.

Hugo Brietzke spent the past few days with his brother Charles and family at Racine.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Jaeger and son Bertram of Ashford were Sunday callers at the G. H. Johnson home.

Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Flood of West Eden called on the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Koehne here Sunday.

Messrs. Joseph Calhoun and Albert Seefeld of River Valley visited at the Henry Welsh home Sunday evening.

Messrs. and Mesdames N. Klotz, Jr. and Wm. Brietzke and families autoed to Fond du Lac Sunday afternoon.

Messrs. Wm. Baumhardt, Lee Norton and Harold Johnson called on Campbellsport friends Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Devine and daughter and Mrs. Justin Case of Fond du Lac autoed to Chilton Sunday.

Several from this vicinity attended the Rainbow-Red Arrow dance at the Armory D, Campbellsport on Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seefeld and sons John and Alvin called on the Mrs. Louisa Buss family near Kewaskum Sunday.

Misses Monica and Geraldine Klotz were Sunday visitors at the home of the Misses Octavia and Mildred Brietzke.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo. Knickel and daughter, Mrs. Grace Tuttle were entertained by relatives in Fond du Lac Sunday.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic in O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

You can't cover blackheads, pimples, red spots on the face with powder; they're bound to be seen—don't worry or spoil your temper, take Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea each week—it will banish them through the blood, the only sure way. 35c.—Edw. C. Miller.

Semi-Annual Sale

ON Men's Clothing and Furnishings

BRAUER'S

120 SOUTH MAIN STREET, FOND DU LAC, WIS.

Beginning Friday, June 20th and ending Saturday, July 5th

This is another one of our big sale events of the season—We give two each year—Summer and Winter—We aim to have each sale gain the confidence of the people of Fond du Lac County and vicinity—positively nothing over-estimated that would be misleading to the people. Come and Convince yourself and if you find us truthful in our statements co-operate with us.

Men's and Young Men's Suits

in the finest and best showing of the Summer's newest styles at remarkable low prices—in double-breasted waist seam, and conservative models—ranging as follows during this sale

\$18.50 \$24.50 \$29.50 \$37.50 \$42.50

You cannot afford to pass up these offers—It will pay you to come miles to investigate. Big specials during this Ten Days' Bargain Event on hosiery, 6 pair for 90c; washable ties, 19c; athletic underwear, 79c; and other furnishings. Also noticeable reductions on silk shirts, 10% off; trousers and straw hats, 1-4 off.

We take Liberty Bonds in exchange for merchandise at full value

BRAUER'S CLOTHES SHOP

One Door North of Wagners 120 So. Main St., Fond du Lac, Wis.

WAUCOUSTA

Mrs. Henry Haupt of Milwaukee spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Buslaff and family visited relatives in Eden Sunday.

Tom Johnson and Geo. Thayer of Dundee were callers here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Burnett and family spent Sunday with relatives at Round Lake.

Bertha Sackett of Fond du Lac is spending her vacation at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Loomis.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Steiner and daughter Bernice and son Claude of Lomira were callers here Wednesday.

Fred Buslaff and son Edmund and the Misses Hattie, Dora and Carrie Buslaff called on friends in Mitchell Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Anders and daughter Mary Ann and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rudolph of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the A. C. Buslaff family.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic in O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

CEDAR LAWN

John L. Gudex visited the County Seat Monday.

J. F. McNamara is having his buildings protected with lightning rods.

Wm. Berynes of Eden transacted business at Campbellsport Monday.

Wm. Thompson of Ft. Atkinson spent Sunday with the Adolph Ulrich family.

It is quite a treat to the people here to view the aeroplane passing over here.

Herbert Koch of Campbellsport was a business caller at the Aug. Hoerth home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Hafner and son Wallace called on the Aug. Hoerth family Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Bertram and children of Ashford visited the Geo. Gudex family Sunday.

Quite a number from here attended the Aug. Hoerth trial which was held at Campbellsport Monday.

Fred Braatz of Fond du Lac, who sells the W. F. Rawleigh goods paid his regular visit here Friday.

Don't fail to attend the grand picnic in O'Connell's grove one-half mile north of Beechwood. Concert music and games and amusements of all kinds will be on hand. Refreshments will be served. A dance will be held in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood. This big event is given by the Farmers Equity and a good time is assured to both young and old.

To Prevent Belching.

Make a regular habit of eating slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, and you may have no further trouble. If you should, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper.

"Some Saving!" says the Good Judge

You men are saving every cent you can. You ought to know that this quality tobacco costs less to chew—not more!

You take a smaller chew. It gives you the good tobacco taste. It lasts and lasts. You don't need a fresh chew so often.



THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW

put up in two styles

RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

A charge of 5c a line will be made for the first insertion and 3 cents a line for subsequent insertions. Count 7 words to the line. Cash or stamps must accompany order.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A good piano, which I will sell or trade for some good cows or beefers. Inquire of Henry Damm, Campbellsport, Wis., R. D. 3.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE—On account of leaving for Dakota, will sell my Saxon roadster, with electric lights, electric starter, etc. Everything in first-class condition.—Inquire at Mrs. Peter Kirsch's, R. 3, Kewaskum, Wis. 6-7-40d

FOR SALE—1 Ford delivery truck and 1 Ford touring car for sale at reasonable prices. Inquire of Wm. Kippelman, R. 3, Kewaskum, Wis. 6-14-2

FOR SALE—1 two-seated carriage and 2 top buggies at reasonable prices.—Inquire at the Statesman Office, Kewaskum, Wis.—6-14-2

HOUSE AND LOTS—Large house and two lots for sale in the village of Kewaskum. House is in good condition and very finely located. Inquire of Mrs. John Groeschel, Kewaskum, Wis. 6-21-3

"DOCTOR YOU SAVED ME FROM THE OPERATION TABLE"

This expression is often told to Dr. Karass after he has cured some chronic sufferer that other doctors wanted to operate.

All such diseases as goitre, gall stones, chronic appendicitis, tumors, piles, and diseases of women are treated by Dr. Karass without the knife, loss of time or pain. The doctor also treats diseases of the heart, lungs, stomach, kidneys, brain, nerves, skin, liver, including rheumatism, epilepsy, sciatica, lumbago, catarrh, deafness, head noises, asthma, weak lungs, stomach trouble, and special diseases. Examination free. Dr. Karass makes a thorough examination of every one who calls on him, and if after this thorough examination he believes he can cure you he will treat you. The doctor is in his office in the Republican House, Kewaskum, Wis., every Wednesday. Hours 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

OUR POLICY

We believe that there is only one way to build up a successful business, and that is to give the customer all that he pays for and a little bit more. We believe you should get a full dollar's worth for every dollar you spend. Our policy has always been to sell only the highest grade merchandise at the lowest possible prices. That this policy is working out successfully, is attested by our large number of satisfied patrons. Are you one of them? If not, start today.

MRS. K. ENDLICH

Jeweler & Optometrist
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN
Established 1906

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal condition. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Funeral Parlor Phone Kilbourn 1318

FRANK A. ZWASKA

UNDERTAKER
LADY ASSISTANT

Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital

2201 Center Street Milwaukee, Wis

The Doctor Away From Home When Most Needed.

People are often very much disappointed to find that their family physician is away from home when they most need his services. Diseases like pain in the stomach and bowels, colic and diarrhoea require prompt treatment, and have in many instances proven fatal before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. The right way is to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. No physician can prescribe a better medicine for these diseases. By having it in the house you escape much pain and suffering and all risk. Buy it now; it may save life.

SUBSCRIBE For The STATESMAN

A little love, a little wealth,
A little home for you and me,
It's all I ask, except good health,
Which comes with Rocky Mountain Tea.—Edw. C. Miller.

Lame Back Relieved.
For a lame back apply Chamberlain's Liniment twice a day and massage the muscles of the back over the seat of pain thoroughly at each application.