

BE SURE AND COME TO KEWASKUM NEXT TUESDAY AFTERNOON AND SEE THE WAR EXHIBITION TRAIN--IT WILL BE HERE FOR TWO HOURS

Read the Ads in This Issue as They will be of Interest to You

Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIV

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1919

NUMBER 35

NEW ENTERPRISE FOR SLINGER

THE VIM TRACTOR COMPANY TO LOCATE AT SCHLEISINGERVILLE, WIS.

The Vim Tractor Company, a corporation recently formed for the manufacture of farm tractors and other agricultural implements, has through the efforts of the businessmen of Schleisingerville decided to locate in Schleisingerville, Wis.

The company has purchased the entire plant and equipment of the Standard Machinery Company and will make a few necessary changes and will commence the manufacture of tractors immediately.

In selecting Schleisingerville for their factory and home offices, the directors of the corporation were greatly impressed by the unusual shipping facilities and the excellent farming community. The progressive, business-like attitude of the citizens and the enthusiasm shown throughout Washington County had much to do with the selection of this locality.

In speaking of the tractor this company will manufacture there is no hesitation in saying that it will be without question one of the most practical tractors on the market.

The Vim Tractor is designed to meet all requirements of the farm, and serve all purposes where gas engine power can be substituted for horse or steam engine power. Owing to some of its exclusive features it will be a time and expense saver, and with its protective patents will not have its equal anywhere.

This tractor can readily be converted into a power machine for threshing, carrying wood, cutting silage, shredding corn and unloading hay. It can also be used for heavy hauling, road scraping and the like, and will not cut or damage the highways or bridges. It is to be readily seen that this innovation in the use of tractors as the Vim corporation outlines means the doing away of all drudgery on the farm and this at a cost no greater than that of less efficient tractors.

The Vim Tractor Company possesses valuable patents on other agricultural implements of which special mention can be made of their Obnoxious Weed and Grass Destroyer. This new wonder machine means death to the weeds "Quack grass" and Canadian Thistles. This implement, through a grinding process destroys absolutely every blade, head and root of these weeds which are so detrimental to farms everywhere.

With the coming of this great enterprise to Schleisingerville, the prosperity and growth of that village is destined to be a large industrial center, especially will this be true if a liberal and hearty co-operation is given to this Tractor Company.

The officers and directors of the Vim Tractor Company are men of wide business experience, many of whom are well and favorably known in this community, which fact in itself assures the success of the company. They are as follows: President, Charles D. Storck; Vice-President, John E. Mayer; Treasurer, Peter Schuck; Secretary, Dr. Philip M. Kauth; Superintendent and engineer, Otto E. Zahn; Sales Manager, D. H. Moore; Assistant Sales Manager, Wm. F. Wolf; Directors, Dr. Alvin J. Kletti, Albert Thiel, Henry A. Popert and Albert C. Ehlman.

U. S. TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES

I was much pleased with the advertisement of automobile tires I saw the other day. I had been passing many enormous board-notices, gaudy in hue, striking in design, and each claiming superlative merit for their tires. "Buy Liveforever Tires! They last like steel!" "Use Rockaway Tires! No other rides so smoothly!" "You'll come to Ne Plus Ultra Tires! Don't wait!" "The Bestofall Tire! Nothing like it!" So the shrieking advertisements vibrated through the landscape. Then I saw the quiet announcement "Smith tires are good tires." You can't imagine how restful it was. Immediately a sense of solid satisfaction came over me. "Good tires." No need to bluster and howl. No need to ransack the dictionary for superlatives. No need to run down competitors. "Smith tires are good tires." I wanted to buy some at once. Those are the tires for me henceforth. "Good tires." That is the acme of advertising.

Ah, when will people learn the delicious value of quiet, self-respecting simplicity. From Christian Endeavor World.

ALL IN READINESS FOR WAR TRAIN

KEWASKUM IS ALL READY FOR THE WAR EXHIBITION TRAIN WHICH WILL ARRIVE HERE ABOUT 2:30 O'CLOCK ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 6TH, 1919.

This is an event of which this village has never had an opportunity to witness, and probably it will be a long time (if ever) that it will take place again, not only that, the war train is not allowed to stop at every station, and only through the good record made by this village during the war has this privilege been granted by the government. The train will be met at the depot by the Kewaskum 30th Separate Co. W. S. G. R. All business places and citizens are urgently requested to display the national colors. Remember this exhibition is absolutely free and is known to be one of the greatest attractions.

The War Train has completed its first week on the road, and it is now safe to say that never before in the history of the state has any publicity campaign brought the attention that this train is attracting everywhere it goes. The cities of the state not on the schedule for stops are clamoring for a visit, if only for a few minutes, as the train goes through on its way to plead for Victory Loan subscriptions. The schedule however, is so definitely laid out and so closely figured that such changes are impossible. The train is being called "Uncle Sam's Museum on Wheels," up in Wisconsin, and is being swarmed with visitors wherever it goes, even with the bad weather that hit the schedule for a couple of days the crowds refused to stay away.

The train is usually packed in the railroad yards during its stay in a city, and the tank crawls down off its car and gives a performance in the streets of the city. The vicinity of the train has on every occasion been black with people to see the exhibits and to hear the addresses which are given.

At Green Bay it was necessary to call out extra policemen to keep the crowd from swarming over the sides of the cars and among the exhibits. The plan was to have the people enter one end of the train, pass along the flat cars and into the baggage car where the smaller exhibits were on view. The police, however, were required to keep the public from climbing over the sides of the cars, and stop the flow of moving humanity.

At Green Bay there were fully 10,000 persons who went through the train. When the train reached Marinette it was received by a crowd so dense that it was necessary to convert the company of the state guards into a traffic police body to keep the public moving. The state guards and the chairman of the county committee, Ralph Skidmore, marched to the train to formally welcome the visiting train but the crowd was so great that the guards were put on at once to help handle the crowds.

At Sturgeon Bay the reception committee consisted of the entire local group of returned soldiers, there being thirty returned wounded men from that little city. In uniform they all marched to the train, and acted as a guard of honor during the speaking program. But by all odds the use of the whipper tank has proved the sensation of the trip. The tank was a new engine of war to everyone in the smaller cities. Its grotesque evolutions under the command of Capt. Cogden just as though it were actually working on the fighting line were a revelation to the people of the state. The tank is always taken off the train and paraded through the streets of the city where the train is visiting, and its camouflage of blue, yellow and black gives the people a real first hand idea of how army material was painted to deceive the enemy during the fighting in France. At Green Bay the tank carried as a passenger, perched on its turret Dr. A. O. Olmstead, county chairman of the Victory Loan committee and Capt. Cogden's efforts to spill him off by quick evolutions amused the crowd, and kept Dr. Olmstead on the anxious seat, but he managed to stick.

As the train worked west, however, it attracted crowds as large in proportion as in the bigger cities of the Fox River Valley. The fact that the twenty-seven men on the train were all wounded soldiers was an added attraction to the up-state audiences.

Civil War Medical History.

The medical history of our Civil War comprises six volumes, whose preparation covered a period of twenty-eight years from the end of the war.

BATAVIA

The C. B. Club met with Miss Ma-litta Yanke Tuesday evening. Ben Holz of Waucoosa called on Mrs. H. Holz Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Jac. Held and daughter spent several days with relatives at Milwaukee.

Miss Cordula Hintz left Saturday for Madison where she will take a course in dress making.

Miss Helen Schultz of Milwaukee spent from Saturday until Wednesday with the G. A. Leifer family.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hintz and daughter Lavern of Dundee and Miss Lillie Paulus of Random Lake spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hintz.

The following children were confirmed at the Lutheran church Sunday: Mable Kohl, Anna Khnor, Minna Lilleg, Florence Ludwig, Walter Leifer and Elmer Leifer.

Mrs. Emma Schwenzen returned home from Milwaukee Wednesday. She was accompanied by her granddaughter, Ethelyn Kancisler, who will spend a few weeks with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Leifer entertained the following Sunday in honor of their son Walter's confirmation: Miss Helen Schultz of Milwaukee, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Leifer and children Norbert, Lorenz and Clara, Frank Schuren of Plymouth, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Leifer and daughters Elaine and Jennet, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Molkenhine and Mrs. H. Holz and children Althea and Howard.

The following were entertained at Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ludwig's Sunday in honor of their daughter Florence's confirmation: Mr. and Mrs. August Heise, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Koepke, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Koepke and son of Beechwood, Mrs. O. Schultz and son Frank of Lake Seven, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Labach and family, Rev. and Mrs. R. Heschke and family, Mrs. Bertha Schilling and daughter Eida.

MIDDLETOWN

Art and Albert Schultz were Campbellport callers Monday.

F. Loomis and daughter Inez were Campbellport callers Friday.

W. Bartelt and H. Marquardt were callers in this vicinity Tuesday.

Viola Bartelt and Stella Burnett spent Monday with Lauretta Ludwig.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Ostrapder visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. F. Loomis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt visited Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Giese.

Inez Loomis and Evelyn Schultz spent Sunday with Marie Buslaif at Waucoosa.

Mrs. W. Mielke and sons of Milwaukee spent Thursday and Friday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt and daughter Viola and Mrs. C. Rahn were Dundee callers Sunday.

Adela Reese of Campbellport and Olive Seppurmann of Elmora spent Sunday with Inez Loomis.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Giese spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. F. Giese at Campbellport.

Mrs. H. Bartelt and daughter Elsie spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt at South Eden.

Mrs. Dora Hatch and children of Campbellport spent a few days of last week at the F. Burnett home.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt and daughter Elsie visited Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartelt at Forest Lake.

Rev. and Mrs. Zenk and family and Mrs. Wm. Giese and family visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. August Giese.

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Misses Inez Loomis and Elsie Bartelt and Messrs. Henry Ketter and Frank Tunn were Campbellport callers Sunday evening.

DELCO LIGHT USED ON WAR EXHIBIT TRAIN, HERE MAY 6TH

In as much as 50 or more farmers in our vicinity now light their homes with Delco Light it may be of interest to know that the War Exhibit Train due here May 6th is completely lighted by a Delco Lighting System. It goes to show that Delco Light, as our dealer L. Rosenheimer maintains, is the leading farm lighting system in the world.

SUBSCRIBE For The STATESMAN

BEGIN WHERE YOU ARE

Most young men make the mistake of thinking that some other line or place offers better opportunity than the work and position in which they are at present. Sometimes this is true, but more often it is not true. In fact, most people are less than fifty per cent efficient in their present jobs. Their present jobs, therefore, offer splendid opportunities for making the first important advances in personal efficiency.—B. V. Dealer.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned desire to express our heartfelt thanks to all those who so willingly assisted us in our late bereavement, the illness, death and burial of our beloved son and brother, Alvin Ramel, to the pall bearers, for the many beautiful floral offerings, to the school children for their beautiful singing, to the Rev. Greve for his kind words of consolation, and to all those who showed their last respect by attending the funeral. Mrs. Frank Ramel and Children.

IN MEMORY

Weil ich Jesu Schaflein bin. Freu ich mich nun immerhin Ueber meinen guten Hirten. Der mich wohl weis zuberreitet, Der mich liebet, der mich kennt, Und bei meinem Namen nennt. Sollt ich nun nicht froelich sein, Ich begluecktes Schaflein? Denn nach diesen Erdentagen Weird ich einmal Heimgetragen In des Hirten Arm und Schoez Amen, Ja mein Glueck ist grosz.

IN MEMORY

In sad but loving memory of Henry O. Madison, who passed away one year ago, May 4, 1918. A cherished one from us has gone. The one we loved so well. And just how much I miss him Is more than tongue can tell. The Heavenly Master called him. He claimed him for his own And now he dwells with Angels. Besides the Great White Throne. Sad heart he left behind him. To plod life's weary way. To prepare myself to meet him. Who took him home to stay. And all my journey's end, And all my trouble o'er, I hope in Heaven to meet him, And dwell forever more.

CAUSE OF HEADACHE.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

AUCTION SALE

Beginning at ten o'clock sharp on Saturday, May 10th, the undersigned will sell at Public Auction on his farm located one mile southeast of Dundee, known as the former Albert Koehn farm, all his personal property. Terms will be made known on day of sale.

Ed. Koehn, Proprietor. Geo. F. Brandt, Auctioneer.

DO YOU ENJOY LIFE?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and feel miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach, improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

SOLDIERS AND GUARDS ATTENTION!

All returned soldiers and sailors and members of Kewaskum 30th Separate Co., W. S. G. R., are requested to turn out in full uniform next Tuesday afternoon to act as a guard of honor for the War Exhibition Train which will be here on that day. Capt. J. P. Fellenz

ROUND LAKE

Mrs. Dan Calvey is on the sick list. M. Calvey visited Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Buehner Tuesday.

Henry Opperman was a business caller here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Buehner visited Monday with their parents here.

Several young folks from here attended the dance at Campbellport Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Calvey and Miss Gladys Seifert were Campbellport business callers last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hennings and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Habek spent Easter Sunday at M. Calvey's.

Misses Beulah and Ruth Calvey were entertained at dinner Tuesday by their little friend, Jennie Cahill.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Calvey attended an auction sale on the Joe Skelton farm in the town of Mitchell Thursday.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

A. Seifert and daughter Vera made a business trip to Campbellport Wednesday. Miss Vera will spend a few days sewing at the Byron Glass home.

Herman Krueger, William Hennings and Charles Baetz made a business trip to Fond du Lac Monday. They made the trip in Herman's new Oakland Six.

Mrs. M. Calvey and son Vincent visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. R. J. Romaine Saturday, who had the misfortune to step through a trap door in their barn falling seven feet, and was rendered unconscious. She sustained a fractured rib and a badly sprained ankle. She is getting along very nicely at this writing.

Sergeant Ernest A. Tracy, who is with the American Expeditionary Forces in Germany has written the following letter to Miss Della Calvey: Dear Friend:

Having received your most welcome letter some time ago will now try and drop you a line in return. Well I am in the very best of health and have been ever since I have been in the army I was in the draft last spring, but I volunteered before I was called. I left home the 28th day of May, I have enjoyed army life very well even though we have to go through a lot of hardships I am very glad that I had not waited until I was called I would have never seen this side of the big "pond". My brother was in the draft also but had to have an operation before they would take him, and by the time he was well enough to go they were through calling them in. Well I have seen, heard and learned a great deal since I have been over here, and will never regret the day I volunteered if I return home safely. I am in Germany now and like the country even much better than in France. We had a very mild winter no snow to speak of. We have been kept very busy ever since we have been here, and we are wondering now when we are going to get back home, I figure on returning about June if everything goes well. Well how is the flu? It sure got a number of our boys over here. Have just been promoted to the rank of Sergeant. Well I will close, as I have a lot of mail to answer yet this afternoon. I will close with best regards to all as ever your friend Ernest.

AMUSEMENT

Sunday, May 4—Grand dance in Wm. Hess' hall, New Fane, Wis. Music will be furnished by Roden Bros. orchestra. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Sunday, May 11—Grand Opening dance at the North Side Park hall. Music by Pitschler's orchestra of Theresa. All are welcome to attend.

Sunday, May 18—Grand Opening dance at the South Side Park hall. Music by the famous Biel Girls' orchestra of Beaver Dam. All are cordially invited to attend.

Saturday, May 24—Grand May Ball given by the Royal Neighbors of Kewaskum, in the South Side Park hall. All are invited to attend.

Sunday, June 22—Grand dance at the North Side Park hall, Kewaskum. Music will be furnished by the Gabeler's orchestra of Sheboygan.

ABOUT RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

MARRIAGES THE PAST WEEK

Saturday afternoon the Ev. Lutheran St. Lucas church of this village, was the scene of a pretty wedding, when Miss Hulda Bunkelmann became the bride of Mr. John Koepke. Rev. Greve tied the nuptial knot. The bride was prettily attired in a white gown of silk crepe de chine and satin. She carried a bridal bouquet of roses and sweet peas. She was attended by Miss Clara Bunkelmann, as maid of honor, who wore a pale blue satin dress and carried white carnations. Miss Ella Bunkelmann, acted as bridesmaid, and wore a pale green crepe de chine dress and carried pink carnations. The groom was attended by Allan Pitt as best man and Theodore Medrow as groomsman.

After the ceremony the bridal party together with the invited guests repaired to the home of the bride's parents where a bounteous wedding supper was served. The home was prettily decorated with wedding bells and white and coral crepe paper.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bunkelmann. She is a popular young lady, and is capable of filling her future home with joy and happiness. The groom is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Koepke of the town of Auburn. He is a promising and industrious young farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. John Koepke will make their future home on the Koepke farm in the town of Auburn. Their many friends wish them much joy and happiness in their married life.

On Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock April 24th, 1919, Miss Jennie Backhaus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hy. A. Backhaus of the town of Scott, and Mr. Richard Teschendorf, only son of Mrs. Albert Teschendorf, entered the state of Holy matrimony. Rev. G. Kanies tying the nuptial knot. The ceremony took place in the Evangelical Lutheran Emmanuel church in the town of Scott. The bride was beautifully attired in a white crepe de chine dress and carried a bouquet of roses and sweet peas. The young couple were attended by Miss Marie Backhaus, sister of the bride as maid of honor, who wore a blue silk mesaline dress and a bouquet of war carnations. Miss Minnie Gessner was bridesmaid, and was dressed in blue silk taffeta dress and wore a bouquet of carnations. The groom was attended by Arnold Backhaus, brother of the bride as best man and Walter Schultz as usher. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a grand reception was held with only near relatives present. The newly weds will be at home to their many friends after May 1st, 1919 on the groom's farm which he recently purchased from his mother. Those who attended the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. E. Gessner, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Backhaus and family, Rev. G. Kanies and family, and teacher W. Kallist, Mrs. E. Teschendorf, Frank, Julius and Herman Gessner, Mr. and Mrs. F. Schultz and family and Mrs. E. Gessner, Jr., and family.

CLASS TO BE CONFIRMED

On Wednesday, May 7th, the following class of children will be confirmed at the Holy Trinity Catholic church by Archbishop S. G. Messmer of Milwaukee: Edward Miller, Edward Brandt, Raymond Casper, Theodore Haug, Alex Becker, Aloysius Fellenz, Bernard Haug, Felix Hirsig, John Koenen, Philip Knoeble, Sylvester Marx, Lester Nigh, Marcellas Oppenorth, Andrew Staehler, Arnold Zeimet, Jerome Harter, Rosalia Hermann, Angeline Koenen, Frances Koenen, Agnes Muekerheide, Mary Staehler, Ellen Thuesch, Laura Wollensak, Mary Kudek, Agnes Krueger, Marcella Hermann, Eleanor Koenen Amelda Marx, and Edna Wollensak.

The class to be confirmed at St. Bridget's is as follows: Eugene Campbell, Clarence Kudek, Jacob Hawig, Erwin Fellenz, Aloysius Volm, John Hawig, William Kahtzefy, George Kedinger, Clarence Weinardt, John Hanke, Ruth Wietor, Mary Wagner, Esther Campbell, Mamie Johannes, Margaret Hawig, Mae Little, Gertrude Weisner.

The Once Over Life is a book. Read it or you can only read it once. Transcript.

AGED BANKER OF WEST BEND DIES

Ernest Franckenberg, aged 91 years and for forty-five years banker at the Bank of West Bend, passed away in death at his home in West Bend on Sunday night. He enjoyed perfect health until last week Tuesday when he was stricken with paralysis from which he finally succumbed. He was born on Nov. 1st, 1827 at Bovenaden in Hanover, Germany. In 1853 he immigrated to America and settled in Milwaukee. Later he made his home in Thiensville and Horn's Corners and at Newburg. Coming to his present home in 1868. In 1874 he became interested in the banking business and was at the head of the Bank of West Bend until his death. In 1857, he was married to Miss Mary Dangers who preceded him in death in 1868. And in 1869, he was again married to Miss Emma Reisse who died in 1918. Mr. Franckenberg was the father of five children of whom one, Arthur survives him. The funeral was held on Thursday afternoon at two o'clock from the residence to the Union cemetery.

WAUPUN RESIDENT DIES

Mrs. A. Vande Zande, aged 82 years died at 6 o'clock Thursday A. M. at her home on Franklin street, Waupun. She was born in Holland, and before coming to Waupun she resided on a farm in the town of Trenton, near Waupun.

Mrs. Vande Zande is survived by ten children, Miss Tena who is at home, Mrs. Henry Redeker and Mrs. Charles Numerdon of Waupun, John of the town of Waupun, Mrs. Henry Meenk and Mose and Albert of Alto, Charles of Campbellport and Edwin of the town of Trenton.

The funeral will be held at 1:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon at the residence and at 2:30 o'clock at the Dutch Reformed church of which Mrs. Vande Zande was a member. Rev. W. C. Walvoord will officiate.—Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

DEATH OF MAGDALINA GRUBER

After an illness of two weeks duration the grim reaper, death, called to her final reward Miss Magdalena Dora Gruber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mich. Gruber, whose death occurred on Friday afternoon, April 25th, 1919, at seven o'clock. Acute Bronchitis is attributed as the cause of her death. Deceased was born Feb. 14th, 1918, at St. Bridget's. She is survived by her grief stricken parents. The funeral was held Monday morning at nine o'clock, with services in the St. Bridget's Catholic church. Rev. Vogt of this village officiated. Interment was made in the congregation's cemetery.

SUBSCRIBE For The STATESMAN

KEWASKUM LEADS COUNTY IN V LOAN

The village of Kewaskum is leading the county in the Victory Loan drive by 13.4 per cent, with the city of Hartford running second. This village had its quota of \$18,000 over subscribed during the latter part of last week. The Victory Loan drive throughout the county in general is meeting with far better success than was expected, over 75 per cent of the county's quota of \$750,000 has already been voluntarily subscribed. The time for volunteers has now been extended to next Saturday. It is expected that by that time the county will be over the top. Following is a report of Washington county showing subscriptions reported and percentage thereof:

	Quota	Amt.	per cent
Addison	860,000	\$25,550	42.5
Barton	30,000	27,600	92.
Erin	24,000	2,050	8.5
Farmington	44,000	26,750	60.7
Germantown	68,000	24,900	36.6
Hartford town	42,000	18,100	43.
Jackson town	44,000	21,150	48.
Kewaskum T.	25,000	11,900	47.5
Polk	38,000	16,750	44.0
Richfield	45,000	25,850	57.4
Trenton	42,000	29,750	70.8
Wayne	44,000	18,300	41.3
West Bend T.	24,000	16,150	66.8
Hartford City	112,000	171,400	152.4
Jackson Vill.	5,000	7,450	149.0
Kewaskum V.	18,000	29,850	165.8
Schleisingerville	13,000	11,300	86.9
West Bend C.	72,000	96,500	134.0
Totals	\$750,400	581,200	77.4

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DAIRY PROFITS BIG

Splendid Returns From Farms in Western Canada.

Production of Butter and Cheese, Commanding Highest Prices, Increases Steadily—Live-Stock Raisers at Height of Prosperity.

Dairying is rapidly approaching one of the first positions in Western Canada agriculture. This does not apply particularly to any one of the three Western Canada provinces, as they all participate in the distinction.

A report recently published by the Alberta Department of Agriculture shows that in 1918, in spite of adverse conditions of labor and the high cost of feed, there was no decline in the industry. It will be interesting to know that the average number of milk cows per farm is 5.6. The total production of creamery butter in the provinces in 1918 was 9,100,000, as against 8,944,000 pounds in 1917.

No better evidence of the growth of Western Canada can be given than by the fact that in ten years the production of butter has increased from 2,500,000 pounds and of cheese from 88,570 pounds to 650,000 pounds. When it is known that in the production of grain so much energy was placed, and through which bank deposits were increased, homes made comfortable, farms carefully tilled, it will be realized that the increase in dairy production has been remarkable. During the past four years the price to the producer increased 75 per cent.

Further evidence of the great interest taken in the dairy and livestock industries is found in recent bill sales. At Edmonton the average price of 141 was \$231.08; at Calgary 734 head were sold, bringing an average price of \$299.13; while at Lacombe 179 bulls brought an average of \$191.34. Sales in Manitoba a few days ago gave fully as good an average, or better. The sales were attended by farmers from all parts of the country. The high prices paid show that good stock was required, and, no matter the price, the farmer had the money to pay for it. As evidence of this we find that at a sale recently held at Carman, Manitoba, buyers were present from all parts of the province, besides some from Saskatchewan points. Five head of Herefords brought \$390 each. A Shorthorn bull was sold for \$700 and registered Shorthorn cows brought \$600 each.

The establishments of creameries and cheese factories throughout the entire West is on the increase, and it will only be within the period of a very few years before Western Canada will occupy a position in the first ranks in the dairy production of the continent.

There is complete government supervision over creameries and cheese factories. The government takes care of the sales, looks after the manufacturer and employs as heads of the institutions highly paid and efficient managers.

It may well be said that the dairy industry of Western Canada is rapidly coming into its own. At present it is but an adjunct to the parent or foremost industry of the country—the growing of grain, but while an adjunct, it is a highly important one. The price of farm lands is gradually increasing, but not in the rapid proportion that has been shown in other countries. This rise in price does not materially increase the cost of production, nor lessen the profits that may be derived from an acre of wheat, oats or barley. The advance in the prices of these grains has more than doubled; the use of tractors has lessened the cost.

The reports from government sources are that the present year will show a great increase in immigration over the past four or five years. The man who has made a tour of inspection of the country will give you the reason. He will speak of the fertile soil, of the good crops, of the attractive climate, of compliance with the law, the splendid school system, the almost perfect social conditions that prevail. He will have visited settlements composed almost solely of Americans, who have built up their homes and villages, who have brought, and are applying, to-day, their experience in economic land culture as applied to large tracts with the result that he obtains yields on \$30 an acre land equal to that formerly produced on land that he had sold for \$200 an acre. The story of his success has sent back to his friends in his home state. They in turn follow him, and so it goes on, and immigration to Western Canada increases.—Advertisement.

Enough to Condemn Them. The Customer—You seem very bitter against the bolsheviks. What's your objection to their principles?

The Tonsorial Artist—I don't know nuthin' about their principles, but all the pictures I ever see of 'em show 'em in long hair an' whiskers.

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin. Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25c each.—Adv.

At twenty, our photographs never "do us justice." At forty, we're mighty glad if they don't.

Keep your liver active, your bowels clean by taking Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and you'll keep healthy, wealthy and wise. Adv.

Blockheads are not the kind that induce burning thought.

Badger State Happenings

Oshkosh—In taking action to re-engage present teachers in the Oshkosh public schools for next year, the board of education took into account the high cost of living and provided substantial increases in salaries all along the line. In the list are 146 of the present instructors, 5 new ones, and 2 "specials." There are about 20 teachers still to be secured. The new salary list shows the following interesting figures: Total amount of increase in all the schools, \$18,125; average amount of increase in all schools, \$125; average increase in salaries of all the teachers, 15 per cent.

Prairie du Chien—Efforts of commercial fishermen and sportsmen to get a fishway through the Keokuk dam on the Mississippi river appear near realization. The government, it is reported, has approved plans for a sluiceway in the dam and work is expected to start June 1. Recently a shortage of fish above the dam has been reported and fishermen declared this was caused by the absence of a fishway in the dam, the presence of which would have permitted the fish which were carried over the dam to return. Fish below the dam are reported plentiful.

Watertown—Statewide interest is centering on the plans of the Trinity English Lutheran society here to dedicate a new church edifice May 11. The Rev. F. E. Stern is pastor. The society was organized in 1916 with thirteen members and now numbers 135. A residence formerly owned by the late Luther Cole occupying a whole block has been remodeled and will be occupied by the society. Several out of town pastors will attend the dedicatory exercises. Dr. F. F. Schlueter is president of the society.

Madison—Wet weather and a cold seed bed are likely to result in a high percentage of barley stripe this season unless the seed grain is treated for stripe, according to plant pathologists of the Wisconsin college of agriculture. Soaking the grain for two hours in formalin solution is described in Circular 57, Fight Grain Smuts and Blights, which is sent free by the Wisconsin experiment station.

Grand Rapids—A 10 per cent raise in salaries has been granted public school teachers for the coming year. Grade teachers will be paid from \$70 to \$90 per month next year and high school teachers will draw from \$85 per month to \$1,500 per year. Grade school salaries formerly ranged from \$60 to \$80 and the high school salaries from \$75 per month to \$1,400 a year.

Beloit—Beloit college is making arrangements for the greatest reunion of alumni and former students in its history, at commencement time in June. An entire week has been set aside for Victory commencement festivities. Hundreds of grads are expected to return. All college men who served during the war in the army or navy will be honored guests.

Fond du Lac—Miss Alvis J. Mooncy, graduate of Ripon college and member of the faculty of that institution, was elected dean of Grafton Hall, the Episcopal school for young ladies in this city. Miss Mooncy will assume her new duties at the end of the present school year, on Bishop Wellers' return from Europe.

Oshkosh—Prices for the extra "refinements" in the barber shops here will cost more now. Advanced prices for shampoos, massage, toilet water and hair tonic were fixed at a smoker given by the journeyman barbers to the bosses. The journeyman will be given Thursday nights each week.

Beloit—After enjoying wartime wages, more than twenty Greeks and Italians of this city have within the last few days left for their former homes. They have amassed enough money to live comfortably for the rest of their lives back home, they say, and are ready to retire.

Ashland—A petition recently published here with a large number of signers asking the repeal of the espionage act, has been supplanted with a counter-petition signed by many who assert that they did not read the petition and were misinformed as to its contents.

La Crosse—George Dayton, 12, with two crumbs started for Texas in a boat provisioned with a loaf of bread and a pound of butter. They were found crying in a swamp two miles from home after dark.

Wausau—"Founders' day" and the forty-second birthday anniversary of the Ladies' Literary club were observed on Monday in this city.

La Crosse—Mystery surrounded the disappearance of leaf tobacco from warehouses in Vernon county owned by the Bekkedahl & Rosenwald Co. Martin K. Syverson and George Tollerud, La Crosse, former residents of Westby, were arrested. It is alleged they were repacking tobacco. For months, it is claimed, tobacco has been disappearing from warehouses in Vernon county and billed as household goods has been shipped to La Crosse via Viroqua and Sparta, repacked and sold to the same company.

La Crosse—Necessity of cities along the upper Mississippi river taking steps to assure construction of terminals if they expect to be stopping points for government barges and tow-boats, is revealed in a letter received by Capt. W. A. Thomp, government river engineer, from J. C. Mehaffey, colonel of engineers, U. S. army. The letter, inclosing an extract from the rivers and harbors bill recently passed by congress, puts the obligation of providing facilities to care for river traffic on each city which desires to become a port.

Oshkosh—Twelve ward schools have organized parent-teachers associations within the past three weeks as a result of the after war institute held in March. They are being organized with the assistance of the University of Wisconsin extension division. Each association will work for better mutual understanding between parents and teachers, as well as to urge community improvement and to study the problems of adolescence as related to the school and the ward.

Green Bay—Prof. A. H. Wright, agronomy department, college of agriculture, is completing arrangements in Brown county for the culture of five acres of flax as an experiment. Planting conditions are said to be ideal and it is the opinion that the crop will be satisfactory. The county has donated the use of the land without charge and will take care of the cultivation. This work will be given to Belgian farmers, who have had experience in flax cultivation in the old country.

Appleton—Prof. Walter E. Rogers, head of the department of biology at Westminster college, Pennsylvania, since 1917, has been elected professor of botany in Lawrence college, according to an announcement by President Samuel Plantz. During 1918, Prof. Rogers was with the United States department of agriculture as research officer in wheat diseases. He will begin work at Lawrence in September.

Fort Atkinson—The historical committee of the Jefferson county chapter, War Mothers of America, has begun compiling a record of every man of the county who went into service. A list of questions will be sent to every discharged soldier which he is to answer and return. The record aims to be as complete as it is possible to obtain and will be bound in permanent form.

Kenosha—Kenosha churches will unite in observing Sunday, May 4, as employment Sunday. Clergymen will preach on the need of providing work for returning soldiers and will explain the plan of the United States employment bureau. With the return of 200 of Kenosha's fighting men with the Three Hundred Fortieth infantry, the need for employment has grown.

Manawa—At a public sale here, fifteen registered bulls were sold to erstwhile owners of grades and scrubs. The Waupaca county farmers are so enthusiastic over this sale that they are planning another to be held in Waupaca early in May. Sponsors for the better bull drive in this county are confident that such sales will do much in eliminating the scrub sires.

Beloit—Rock county may pay silent tribute to its soldiers, sailor and marine dead in the form of a memorial arch to be placed at the Wisconsin-illinois state line near here. The project has been suggested by Ald. Harker and has received favorable support. Action on his proposal will be taken soon by the city council.

Beloit—The next annual convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Women's clubs was invited to meet in Beloit by the local federation. The time of the convention is in October. Some 500 delegates should gather. Eau Claire had the last convention early this year, but it was interfered with by the epidemic of influenza.

Manitowoc—Walter Houghton, the only Manitowoc soldier taken prisoner by the Germans, returned to his home. He had been out with a lieutenant "cleaning" machine gun nests when he was sent back for help. On his return he found his companion gone and himself surrounded by Germans. He spent five months in prison.

Fort Atkinson—A society of World War Veterans has been temporarily organized in Fort Atkinson. The complete plans will be formulated on the return of the company that enlisted from here. Some 500 men were in service who claim Fort Atkinson as their residence. The great majority of them are still overseas.

Marinette—The school board raised the salaries of school teachers from 20 to 25 per cent. Labor representatives appeared before the board in behalf of the teachers' appeal for an advance.

Appleton—As to whether Appleton will construct a viaduct over the Fox river to cost \$250,000 will probably be put to a referendum. Two aldermen will be elected at the same time.

Manitowoc—This city will join the fight to restore lake commerce. R. G. Plumb, well known business man, has been appointed harbor commissioner. Dredging, docking and other home improvements are to be made the first work of the new movement.

Ladysmith—The big saw mill of the Flambeau River Lumber company, one of Ladysmith's leading industries, is now operating day and night. The plant has started on the largest lumber cut in its history.

ADDS 2,500 MILES TO ROAD SYSTEM

Trunk Highway Bill Passed by the Senate.

STATE ROAD TAX TO FOLLOW

Recent Extra Appropriation by Congress Makes It Necessary for State to Increase Mileage—Legislature to Provide Funds.

Madison—The past week the trunk highway bill, providing for the addition of 2,500 miles of the additional trunk system, was passed under suspension of the rules in the senate. At the present time the Wisconsin trunk highway system has a mileage of 5,000 miles, but owing to the recent extra appropriations by congress it has been necessary for the state to increase the mileage and the legislature will also be called upon to increase the state aid. Following the bill for the increase of mileage will come a bill for a state tax for highway purposes.

The Pullen bill which creates the office of state humane agents to cooperate with county humane societies and with jurisdiction over territory in which no societies exist was passed. The bill carries an appropriation of \$5,000 annually for the expenses of the new department. The senate concurred in the Conner bill, 14 to 6, establishing Frances Willard day on September 23 as an occasion to be observed in school exercises. The amendment providing that any school with fewer than ten pupils be closed and their pupils transported to neighboring schools was killed. It is claimed that the bill would have closed about one tenth of the rural schools. Amendments were adopted to make it less drastic, but the senate even then declined to approve it.

Senator H. J. Severson, Iola, won a signal legislative victory for a new member in the senate when, by a vote of 15 to 14, the body adopted the Severson amendment to the income tax secrecy clause and sent the bill to engrossment. Reconsideration was refused, which places the measure before the amendment stage. Two amendments to the secrecy bill were pending. One placed a limited inspection on the returns, with heavy penalties for divulging the information. The Severson amendment would allow inspection of income tax returns by any member of the legislature, or any city council or town, village or county board, the attorney general of the state, when such inspection is made in the public interest. It permits the use of the returns "as evidence in any action pending in a court of record."

The Severson amendment was adopted, 15 to 14, after the measure had been favored in an address by Senator Severson and opposed by Senator I. P. Witter, Grand Rapids.

For the Severson amendment—Anderson, Arnold, Beyer, Bilgrien, Burke, Conant, Denhart, Huber, Kleist, Olson, Severson, Schultz, Staudenmayer, Wilcox and Zumach—15.

Against the amendment—Benney, Bennett, Buck, Clark, Cunningham, Fona, Kueck, Mulberger, Nye, Peterson, Roethe, Stevens, Wilkinson and Witter—14.

Severson said that his amendment was not as limited in application as the committee amendment. He believed the measure he had offered would aid in uncovering the tax dodgers. He said that the committee amendment "is a joke, because it would punish a man who made the information public." He read letters that convinced him that this inspection was needed and declared that he was convinced that the state was being robbed of about half of its income tax return by the present secrecy clause.

Witter made the only speech in opposition. He said that he was opposed to removing the cloak of secrecy because it would injure business. An attempt was made to put a call of the house on and to lay the bill over. It was finally adopted and on final engrossment the vote was 15 to 14. This indicates that the secrecy repeal bill will pass the senate and will be up for consideration in the house soon.

"I have been surprised at the sentiment in the state in favor of an elective railroad commission, and I believe that the bill will pass the senate," said Senator H. E. Roethe in a statement. "I have had letters from all over the state in favor of the plan and in some districts petitions are being circulated in favor of the idea."

Senator Roethe said he was surprised at the number of senators who had come to him and told him they intended to vote for the bill. Under the terms of the measure a commissioner would be elected every two years at the spring election.

Red Flag Bill is Passed.

The red flag bill battle was fought over again in the assembly and passed, 54 to 17. The clash was precipitated by the Kandutsch substitute amendment to his original bill prohibiting display of the red flag. Governor Philipp objected to the original bill and, on his suggestion, the bill was recalled and returned with a substitute, which prohibited use of a "revolutionary" flag. Kandutsch refused to accept and introduce the bill suggested by Governor Philipp, but instead introduced a new bill.

State Drys Ready for Battle.

Wisconsin dry forces have several cards to play in their fight for enacting the committee of state affair bill for enforcement of prohibition after July 1, when the wartime measure goes into effect and after January 1, 1920, when the national dry amendment becomes effective.

The dry forces contend there is a distinct lobby in the legislature working night and day, tooth and nail, to obtain enactment of bills favoring persons who have supported the liquor traffic and to obstruct all legislation intended to carry out the spirit of the prohibition amendment.

Evidence of this lobby, contend the dry forces, was the vote, 6 to 5, in favor of killing the committee bill, which they maintain is the only safe bill thus far presented, next to the Bennett bill. This vote is merely the first step in the effort to pass the Burke substitute bill which the lobby claims is really a dry bill, as it calls for a prohibition commissioner who shall do nothing but authorize permits for sale of mildly intoxicating liquors, and to advance the Metcalf bill, which would authorize traffic in 3 per cent liquor. This 3 per cent is defined by weight at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and the drys maintain such beer measured by alcohol weight and at 3 per cent would have a greater kick than possessed by a Kentucky mule.

The dry forces will watch the roll calls on all these bills closely and they maintain these will clearly show an alignment, not against reasonable regulation or drastic regulation, but for and against liquor.

The dry forces realize they have a big fight ahead. First they must obtain passage of the committee bill over the committee report in the house. Then they must pass the bill in senate committee and on the senate floor. Furthermore at each stage at engrossment and third reading, as well as at passage, they must fight their way along. The controversy promises to be interesting and acrimonious and even may result in prolonging the session far beyond the time when all other business can be completed.

To Give Facts About Institutions.

Governor Philipp said he is preparing a special message to the legislature, which will be submitted early next week, refuting some of the ideas put forth in the report of the legislative committee that investigated the charitable and penal institutions of the state.

"The institutions belong to the people and I intend to give them the true information about them," said Governor Philipp.

Although the house judiciary committee recommended for death the Conner bill exempting from execution Liberty bonds and Thrift stamps to the amount of \$500, the measure was engrossed by a vote of 47 to 32, after the sum exempted was reduced to \$200.

By a vote of 64 to 19, the assembly advanced the Olson bill providing for the tuberculin testing of herds the milk from which is delivered from cheese factory over creamery. The bill provides that, upon application of the customers for this test, the state shall pay one-half of the cost. All customers, however, must join in the application. The sum of \$10,000 is provided for carrying out the provisions of the measure.

Bakers See Injustice in Tax.

Bakery men and farmers appeared before the assembly committee on agriculture to protest against the finance committee bill increasing the bakery fees and fees on some other industries subjected to the supervision of the dairy and food department. "If it is right to put a fee on the bakeries, then I cannot understand why it has not been necessary to license the butchers and grocery stores," said M. H. Carpenter, Milwaukee.

House Delays Recall Bill.

Governor Philipp's veto of the C. E. Hanson "recall" bill was laid over until May. The assembly has thus passed the buck to the senate on the confirmation of Carl D. Jackson as a member of the railroad commission. A new substitute bill will be offered by Assemblyman Axel Johnson which he claims meets the objections of the governor, but still gives the legislature power to interpolate appointive officials and effect their removal.

Favors Merger of Governments.

Assemblyman John S. Kaney has introduced a joint resolution to amend the constitution to allow combining the Milwaukee city and county governments. The assembly elections committee has introduced a bill to permit an election in the spring of 1920 on the proposition of sheriffs succeeding themselves. Should the people support this plan this would enable the incumbents to be candidates at the 1920 fall election.

May 2 Named as Arbor Day.

Governor Philipp, in a proclamation, suggests Arbor day, May 2, be observed by tree planting as memorials of the victory which Wisconsin boys won, and the sacrifices they made.

Marketing Bills Up This Week.

The fight over the marketing commission bills has been delayed until next week in both houses of the legislature. The matter will come up in the house about midweek and in the senate soon after. A compromise measure has been drafted in the house which will be offered by the assembly committee on agriculture. It provides for a board of seven members to look after marketing affairs on a per diem basis. The bill incorporates many of the features of both bills pending before the legislature.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview of the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

An everyday man is not necessarily weak minded.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectation in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

The water shark bites a man's leg off, but the land shark merely pulls it.

Have You Tried Tuxedo in the New "TEA-FOIL" PACKAGE?

It is the most popular innovation of many years in smoking tobacco packages. Smokers are delighted with its many advantages. Handier—fits the pocket. No digging the tobacco out with the fingers. Keeps the pure fragrance of Tuxedo to the last pipeful. Not quite as much tobacco as in the tin, but—

10c



Finest Burley Tobacco Mellow-aged till perfect + a dash of Chocolate

Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.



THE HESS Pipeless Furnace

Warms a whole house from one register. No large cellar needed; no long pipes. No dirt and mess upstairs. Sanitary, Economical, Clean.

HESS WARMING & VENTILATING CO.

1216 Tacoma Building, Chicago or 42 Martin St., Milwaukee



Sturdy Womanhood

is the demand of to-day

In the Health and Strength of the Wives and Mothers Rests the Future Integrity of the Nation.

We must preserve our womanhood. There is need, greater than ever for strong women. Apparently, the race is not as sturdy as formerly or our women are victims of an over-civilization and less able to resist disease.

Thousands suffer and thousands more are destined to suffer from that most insidious of diseases, catarrh. Ninety-seven per cent of the people have catarrh. It is not confined to the head, nose and throat as many suppose. Catarrhal inflammation may attack the stomach, bowels or any portion of the body where there are mucous linings. It is no respecter of persons or position. Everyone is liable to attack.

Just Talk. "Wombat, your wife is talking about going to Europe next summer." "Well, it doesn't cost any more to talk about going to Europe than it does to talk about going to Hornet Crossroads. And that's where we're going."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

As a Horrible Example. "There ought to be some way of perpetuating the wrangles of the peaceable diplomats." "Why?" "To serve as a warning to the next fellow who thinks he wants to start a war."—

"FAKE" ASPIRIN WAS TALCUM

Counterfeiter Caught! The New York health authorities had a Brooklyn manufacturer sentenced to the penitentiary for selling throughout the United States millions of "Talcum powder" tablets as Aspirin Tablets.

Don't ask for Aspirin Tablets—Always say "Bayer." Don't buy Aspirin in a pill box! Get Bayer package!



Always say, "Give me genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Insist you want only the Bayer package with the "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

The genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" have been proved safe by millions for Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Grippe, Influenza Colds, Joint Pains, Neuritis. Proper dose in every "Bayer" package. American owned!

Naturally Excepted. "Is it very hot in South America?" "Naturally, except in that part of it which is Chile." Sport is a preserver of health.

OLD AGE STARTS WITH YOUR KIDNEYS

Science says that old age begins with weakened kidneys and digestive organs. This being true, it is easy to believe that by keeping the kidneys and digestive organs cleansed and in proper working order old age can be deferred and life prolonged far beyond that enjoyed by the average person.

How to Relieve DEAFNESS

Science has at last discovered a remarkable instrument for the treatment of deafness. Just a few minutes application to your own ears each day is required. Users testify to wonderful restoration of hearing. If you have had some—if you are only slightly deaf or hearing of almost total deaf, don't delay—the Aurage may be the means of bringing back your hearing. Wonderful New Method. The Aurage calls into play the dormant organs of the ear, strengthens them by exercise and brings down the catarrh congestion which causes 95% of all deafness. Try the Aurage ten days free in your own home without a penny in advance—we gladly send it to you by prepaid parcel post—no cost to you if it fails to help your hearing. Write today for valuable booklet and our great offer of one new 50 Cose Mears Bar Phone. Address: MEARS BAR PHONE CO., Dept. 48, 49 W. 34th St., New York City.

IMP Guaranteed Non-Poisonous; Kills Rats, Cockroaches, Mice, Ants, Etc. 50c and \$1 sizes by parcel post prepaid on receipt of price. Imp Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM A toilet preparation of merit. Tones and restores color. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. Agents: 50c buys 1 lb. of our wonderful Herba. drives most stubborn rheumatism entirely out of system. Rheumatism Herb Co., Venice, Cal.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 18-1919.

LEAGUE ADOPTED BY PEACE BODY

Revised Covenant of League of Nations Approved by Envoys in Paris.

WILSON EXPLAINS CHANGES

Japan Change on Race Issue Is Withdrawn—French Also Withdraw Amendments and All Envoys O. K. the Covenant.

Paris, April 30.—The revised covenant of the league of nations was adopted by the plenary session of the peace conference without division and without amendment. The covenant had been moved by President Wilson.

The president said it was not necessary to emphasize the significance of the great covenant and the hopes entertained that a conference of the free nations of the world would maintain justice in their international relations and peace between the nations.

The Japanese and French amendments were withdrawn and it is understood they have been left for decision by the league of nations itself. The text of the labor principles for insertion in the treaty was adopted, and the conference adjourned without considering responsibilities.

President Wilson, in his speech explaining the revised covenant of the league of nations, said that Sir Eric Drummond of Great Britain had been named as the first secretary general of the league.

Sir Eric Drummond has been private secretary to A. J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary, since December, 1916. Previously he had served Sir Edward (now Viscount) Gray in the same capacity, while Sir Edward was foreign secretary. From March, 1912, to June, 1915, he was private secretary to Herbert H. Asquith, then the British premier.

Regarding the composition of the executive council, the president said that Belgium, Brazil, Greece and Spain would be represented on the council in addition to the five great powers until a permanent choice had been made.

Presentation of the amended league of nations covenant by President Wilson marked the opening of the session. The president then explained the various alterations. The president moved that the powers name representatives to form a committee of nine to prepare plans to organize the league and establish the seat of the league.

Baron Makino of the Japanese delegation spoke after President Wilson and said he regretted that the president's speech had not been translated. He then moved the Japanese amendment on racial equality.

He said it was a race question, with the possibility of becoming acute. The equality of nations, he ascribed, should be a fundamental principle of the league.

The Japanese statesman added that he felt it his duty to state the poignant regret of the Japanese delegation over the failure of the league of nations committee to do justice to the Japanese demand which was based on a deep-rooted national conviction.

Japan, he added, was obliged to revert to her original position on this question. Leon Bourgeois, former premier, spoke for France. He said that the French amendments to the league, including a demand for a national army and police force and the limitation and verification of armaments of all nations, had not been adopted.

France, however, would sign the pact, M. Bourgeois said.

MEXICO AND FRANCE AT ODDS

Refusal to Receive Minister Seen as Protest Against President Carranza's Methods.

Washington, April 28.—Diplomatic circles here believe the refusal of France to receive Alberto J. Pani, as minister from Mexico, was caused by protests by French bankers against seizure of the French banks in Mexico by the Carranza government. Carranza, it was said, had known for some months the feeling of the French government and was much chagrined when Mexico was not invited to the conference of neutral nations in connection with the peace conference. It also has been intimated to Mexico that she would not be given a place in the league of nations until she had modified her policy in dealing with aliens and foreign investors. When it became known in Mexico that she was to be barred from the league there was an instant uproar. This began about the middle of March and has continued to the present.

ITALY MOVES TO ANNEX FIUME

London Has Report That Rome Intends to Defy the Allies.

MAY SEIZE ALL DALMATIA

Italian Parliament Has Been Summoned for Tuesday, a Week Earlier Than It Had Been Originally Scheduled to Meet.

London, April 28.—The Italian parliament has been summoned for Tuesday, which is a week earlier than it had been originally scheduled to meet, according to a Central News dispatch.

Premier Orlando will lay before the parliament a plan for immediate annexation of the Trentino, the Upper Adige, Trieste, Istria, Fiume and Dalmatia.

Thomas Nelson Page, United States ambassador, has left Rome for Paris to tender his resignation to President Wilson, the dispatch says. A conference is being held in Rome, according to current report, preparatory to presenting the entire case to the Italian people.

No matter what attitude Italy may assume, according to American advice from Paris, so far as President Wilson is concerned, his public position will be adhered to regardless of the attitude of the other governments.

It is contended that President Wilson visited Europe at the invitation of the allied governments and was prepared to accept a peace program along the lines they had publicly endorsed.

London, April 28.—"The American ambassador to Italy, Thomas Nelson Page, resigned more than a month ago, according to a letter Ambassador Davis (United States ambassador to Great Britain) received at that time," First Secretary of Legation Edward Bell said here.

Washington, April 28.—The orders to Rear Admiral Philip Andrews, in command of the American naval force in the Mediterranean, to look after American interests at Spain and elsewhere in Italy were sent from Paris, according to state and navy department officials.

Admiral Andrews' best ship is the Olympian, a protected cruiser. The rest of his squadron consists of seven destroyers and about half dozen submarine chasers.

Officials here do not regard the orders to Admiral Andrews as indicating there is immediate necessity of landing soldiers or marines in Italy. The orders he has are customarily issued when there are continued reports that American life or property is in danger.

The opinion of officials here is that Admiral Andrews would take the proper steps within his wide discretion as a commander in foreign waters, whether or not he had received direct instructions.

KOLCHAK TROOPS IN ADVANCE

One Force Reaches Kenel, 40 Miles East of Samara—Bolshevik Line Threatened.

Paris, April 29.—Admiral Kolchak's troops have advanced along the southern branch of the Trans-Siberian railroad in eastern European Russia to Kenel, only 40 miles east of Samara, according to dispatches received by the Russian commissioners in Paris from Omsk, the capital of Admiral Kolchak's government.

A slower advance also is being made along the northern branch of the Trans-Siberian, where the anti-bolshevik forces have taken Glazdy, east of Viatka. A third column is moving westward midway between these two forces and has reached Saropol, on the Kama river.

YANKS QUIT NORTH RUSSIA

American Troops Being Drawn Out of First Lines and Leave Soon.

Archangel, April 29.—The American troops are gradually being withdrawn from the front lines preparatory to their departure when the harbor opens. As far as possible they are being replaced by Russian troops, who are being schooled at the front by American and British officers and non-commissioned officers.

HUN DELEGATES IN FRANCE Party of Sixty Arrives at Versailles—Taken to Hotel Des Reservoirs.

Versailles, April 29.—The German delegates to the peace conference reached here at nine o'clock Monday night. The party numbers 60. The delegates were taken in automobiles to the Hotel des Reservoirs.

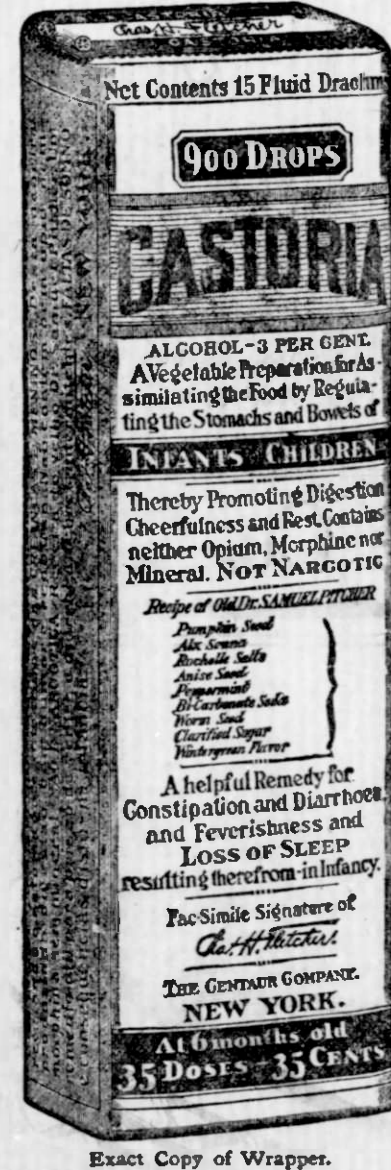
Split Pleases Austrians. Vienna, April 29.—The withdrawal of the Italian delegation from the peace conference was received here with elation, the people generally being glad to see the allies in conflict with each other.

Turn Over New Destroyer. Norfolk, Va., April 29.—The Destroyer Thomas, built by the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock company, has just been delivered to the navy here and immediately placed in commission.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

YOU know the real human doctors right around in your neighborhood: the doctors made of flesh and blood just like you: the doctors with souls and hearts: those men who are responding to your call in the dead of night as readily as in the broad daylight; they are ready to tell you the good that Fletcher's Castoria has done, is doing and will do, from their experience and their love for children.

Fletcher's Castoria is nothing new. We are not asking you to try an experiment. We just want to impress upon you the importance of buying Fletcher's. Your physician will tell you this, as he knows there are a number of imitations on the market, and he is particularly interested in the welfare of your baby.



Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Do the People Know? Do you know why you are asked to call for Fletcher's Castoria when you want a child's remedy? why you must insist on Fletcher's? For years we have been explaining how the popularity of Fletcher's Castoria has brought out innumerable imitations, substitutes and counterfeits. To protect the babies: to shield the homes and in defense of generations to come we appeal to the better judgment of parents to insist on having Fletcher's Castoria when in need of a child's medicine. And remember above all things that a child's medicine is made for children—a medicine prepared for grown-ups is not interchangeable. A baby's food for a baby. And a baby's medicine is just as essential for the baby.

The Castoria Recipe (it's on every wrapper) has been prepared by the same hands in the same manner for so many years that the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and perfection in the product are synonymous. MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA. GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

EVIDENTLY HER UNLUCKY DAY

Girl's "Store Teeth" Seemed Diabolically Determined to Put Them-selves in Evidence. A Mince young woman recently had two false teeth inserted where two natural ones had been extracted. They were not fastened to a plate, but equipped with hooks that fastened them to the teeth on either side. Of course the young woman was very sensitive and desired that none of her friends know of the two "store teeth." The other night she was out to dinner with a young man with whom she is much impressed. All at once as she was eating, to her horror she felt the two teeth loosening. With almost enviable presence of mind she adjusted her handkerchief inside her napkin, raised it to her mouth, and when it was again in her lap the two teeth were safely inside it. The next minute the handkerchief and teeth were safely inside her coat pocket. A few minutes later teeth were forgotten, but her nose was not. To hurriedly smother a sneeze, she seized her handkerchief, jerked it from her pocket—and horrors—the two teeth were thrown half across the hotel dining room.—Indianapolis News.

Described. "What sort of a fellow is he?" "I'll tell you. He'd make a perfectly lovely minceur girl." Thrashing doesn't always separate a boy from his crop of wild oats.

Less Wool Used. Reports from manufacturers as received by the bureau of markets, department of agriculture, show that there was less wool used in February than at any time since such statistics have been compiled. The February consumption amounted to 27,500,000 pounds in the grease, compared with 63,700,000 pounds in February of last year. Strikes which shut down mills and the inability of small mills to secure wool because the wool sold by the government at auction was sold on a cash basis, furnished the reason for the small February consumption.

One Exception. "A soft, low voice is peculiarly a woman's possession." "What's the matter with speakies?"

Have you ever heard this?

"My baking powder," says the smooth solicitor, "costs less than Royal." But he omits to say that it often leaves a bitter taste, that food made with it is likely to stale in a day and that it contains alum, which is condemned by many medical authorities for use in food. England and France prohibit the sale of alum baking powders.

ROYAL Baking Powder

is made from Cream of Tartar derived from grapes

Royal Contains No Alum—Leaves No Bitter Taste

New Merchandise FOR MAY

New Slip-On Coats for Men and Boys

This is the season to use them. We have a large stock to select from at

\$3.50 to \$18.00

Khaki and Blue Denim One-Piece Overalls

for garage men, auto drivers, etc. A pair at

\$3.75 to \$4.50

New Tennis Shoes

for children, men and women, black and white, high and low cut. A pair at

75c to \$3.00

Wash Ties for Men

Special values at

25c

Khaki Trousers

for men and boys. A pair at

\$2.00 to \$3.50

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend, Wisconsin

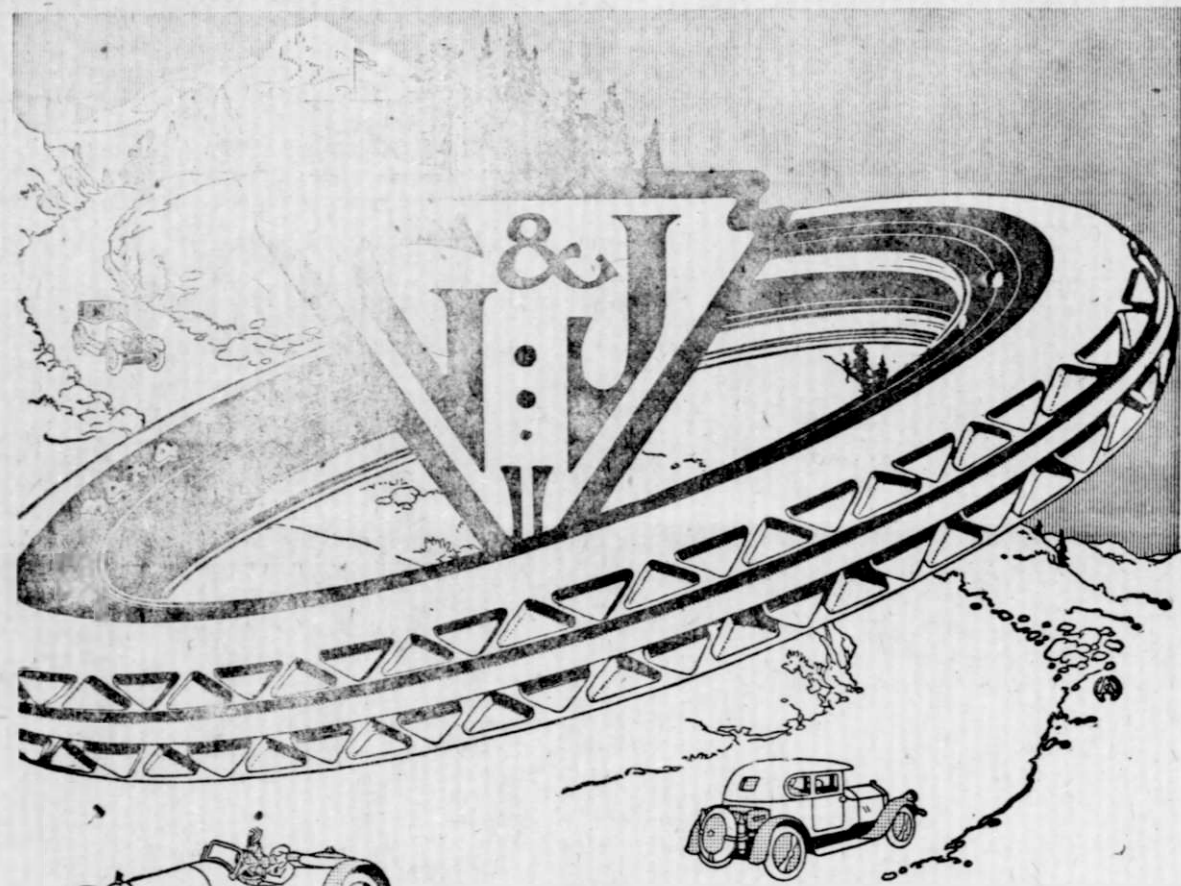
\$50,000 GIVEN AWAY!

THE ASSOCIATED QUALITY PRODUCTS COMPANY

of Milwaukee are conducting a campaign to advertise Quality Products through the local stores

Help Your Church or Organization

to win some of this prize money. We carry a complete line of nearly all products listed on your KITCHEN CARD. Bring it to our store and let us help you to make your selection. Ask us for any information about this campaign.



THE NAME BEHIND THE TIRE

ALTHOUGH you drive a horseless-wagon, don't buy a nameless tire. The name of a tire is your buying-guide. It tells you what has been put in the tire and what you will get out of it.

G & J "The Name Behind the Tire," antedates the automobile industry itself. It goes back to early bicycle days when a youthful possessor of a "G & J" bicycle tire drew the envy of the neighborhood.

Each year G & J Tires bring more credit to "The Name Behind the Tire." Their work on the road has proved them long on mileage.

Put a G & J Cord, "G" or "Stalwart" Tread on your hind wheel and feel the satisfaction of having "The Name Behind the Tire." Have your dealer supply you with G & J Tires.

Dealers: We give you the closest co-operation in handling G & J Tires by keeping a very large and complete stock on hand from which you can draw at will.

GEO. KIPPENHAN, Kewaskum, Wis.

ST. MICHAELS

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser are laid up with the flu.

John Rodenkirch sold his farm to Nic. Schneider, Jr. this week.

Andrew Kapfer and Mr. Wolf of Barton were callers here Sunday.

Joe. Rodenkirch of Random Lake spent Sunday with his son Andrew and family.

Walter Stellpflug of Milwaukee spent Sunday and Monday with the H. Herringes family.

Math Schladeweiler and family called on the Joe Schadweiler family at St. Mathias Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Roden spent Sunday with the Schiltz and Reysen families at New Fane.

The approaching marriage of Miss

Margaret Schiltz to Jacob Harter was announced last Sunday.

Miss Reynolds, the assistant State Superintendent visited the schools in this community last week.

Roden Bros. furnished music at the Bankelman-Koepke wedding at Kewaskum Saturday evening.

Nic. Rodenkirch and Math Thull attended the funeral of John Klinkhammer at St. Lawrence last Saturday.

Mrs. Carl Johnson returned to her home at Milwaukee after spending a week here with the H. Herringes family.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Schaeffer of Barton and Mr. and Mrs. John Herringes

and son Carl spent Sunday with the Chas. Bremser family.

The St. Michael's Aid Society held their quarterly meeting last Sunday evening, about twenty new members were added to their membership.

While testing some seed corn a certain farmer in this locality found that from twenty barrels there appeared twenty-five stalks. How corn do?

WAYNE

Albert Abel was a Cascade caller Tuesday.

Mrs. John Petri and son Wendell were Milwaukee callers Wednesday.

Harold Petri of Kewaskum called on relatives and friends here Saturday.

Wm. Foerster moved Philip Faber's household goods to Milwaukee Mon-

day. Miss Lizzie Coulter of St. Kilian is doing some sewing for Mrs. Frank Wiator.

Henry Gritzmacher and son Erwin were at Fond du Lac Tuesday. Erwin is having his eyes treated.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Spoerl on Monday a little son. Congratulations to the happy parents.

Lehman Rosenheimer and family of Kewaskum spent Monday evening with Mrs. John Petri and family.

Mrs. Fred Borchert and children returned home Saturday after spending several days with relatives at Milwaukee.

Louisa Menger of Allenton spent last week with Philip Menger and family and with Arimond Mertz and family.

A number of friends from here helped Katie Arndt celebrate her birthday anniversary on Saturday evening.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Quite a number from here attended the Skat tournament at Campbellsport last Sunday. Frank Wiator won first prize and Wendell Petri fourth prize.

Saturday evening a number of friends attended the miscellaneous shower given in honor of Miss Tilla Kibbel at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Kibbel.

Adeline Gruber, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Gruber of St. Bridget's died of bronchitis last Thursday, April 24th. The funeral took place Monday morning at St. Bridget's church, Rev. Vorn of Kewaskum officiated.

CASCADE

Miss Mae Douglas Saturday business in Sheboygan Saturday.

Miss Lauretta Kileoyn transacted business in Plymouth Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wittkopf spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Buss.

The auction sale held on the August Torke farm last Thursday, was well attended.

Wilbur Wittenberg has recently purchased a new Ford car from P. H. Stlaty of Parnell.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Hughes are the happy parents of a little son, born to them one day last week.

Otto Kraemer, who has been in the service of his country for a year, has returned to his home at Cascade.

The dance held in Cascade Easter Monday was well attended. All present enjoyed a most pleasant time.

John Muga has returned to his home, after being in St. Joseph's hospital, Milwaukee for the past month.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gibbens and family spent Sunday in the town of Scott with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Reis and family.

Willie Murray, who has been overseas in the service of his country for the past year, returned to his home here this week.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

BEECHWOOD VALLEY

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Glass spent Monday at Plymouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Mulvey spent Monday at Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Koepke spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ludwig.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glass and daughter Elva spent Saturday evening at Kewaskum.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Suennicht and family of Cascade spent Sunday at the home of the Glass brothers.

Mrs. L. J. Kaiser, Mrs. Frank Schroeter and daughter Elda spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hammen.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Glass attended the miscellaneous shower given in honor of Miss Lilla Kibbel at Wayne Saturday evening.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Three little babies, teeming with health.

Papa and Mamma happy and free.

Loudly praise Rocky Mountain Tea.

—Edw. C. Miller.

Three little babies, teeming with health.

Papa and Mamma happy and free.

Loudly praise Rocky Mountain Tea.

—Edw. C. Miller.

BEGINS TO-DAY

YOUR floors will look better, stay cleaner, make home more pleasant and housework easier, with

NEPONSET FLOOR COVERING

A dull, depressing room is made warm and inviting the moment its floor is covered in Neponset Floor Covering. Grease won't soak in and spread. Refreshing to the eye and highly sanitary.

Thick and tough. Wonderfully resilient to the step. Easy to keep clean. Enduring. Lies flat without tacking.

Artistic color designs specially suitable for kitchen, bed-room, bath-room, play-room, porch, sewing-room, halls and closets. Makes a neglected room look like new. Come in and examine our many new designs today.

A Week of OPPORTUNITY!

A Week of DOLLARS AND CENTS SAVING!

A Week that may not come again for a year. SPECIAL SALE OF

NEPONSET Floor Covering

SPECIAL PRICE per square yard

69c

GROCERY SPECIALS:

Ocean Pearl Soap, 5 bars for	29c
Armour's White Flyer Soap, 5 bars for	27c
Rub-No-More Naptha Soap, 5 bars for	25c
Palm Beach Soap, 5 bars for	26c
Bob White Soap, 5 bars for	27c
Crystal White Soap, 5 bars for	27c
Ivory Soap, small size, 5 bars for	29c
Sweetheart Toilet Soap, 5 bars for	27c
Palm Olive Toilet Soap, 2 bars for	19c
Grandpa's Tar Soap, 3 bars for	17c
Goblin Hand Soap, 6 bars for	15c
Armour's Lighthouse Washing Powder, per pkg.	5c
Small size, Gold Dust, per pkg.	5c
Silver Gloss Laundry Starch, per pkg.	10c

EXTRA SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

Galvanic Soap, per bar	5c
(Limit 10 bars to a customer)	
Early June Peas, per can	10c
Baker's Cocoa, 1 pound can	19c

West Bend, Wis. **Pick Brothers Co.** West Bend, Wis.

Don't Slow Up--- Advertise Now!

Never has there been a time when the public have looked more keenly for Merchandise News than now, particularly that of trade-marked, standardized products.

Never has there been a time more auspicious for the enterprising tradesman to secure his full share of trade than now. People must continue to eat, to wear and to use.

The tendency is to cut out luxuries, and luxuries are only a relatively small portion of your business. For every luxury cut you have a chance to increase your movement of staples.

How short-sighted is the policy of reducing advertising expense to "save money." You will only lose trade. You will only lose prestige. Advertise to increase sales and make more money; do it wisely and well.

Be prosperous and let the people know that you are prosperous.

Success was never achieved by stopping advertising or by wearing old clothes and talking pessimism.

Be wise and advertise in the

STATESMAN

KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

Also patronize our Classified Column and get results. It is open to all.

Three little babies, teeming with health. Papa and Mamma happy and free. Loudly praise Rocky Mountain Tea. —Edw. C. Miller.

Depositors Feel at Home in This Bank

They are not treated merely as depositors, they are treated as clients in whose financial problems we take a personal interest.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS STATE BANK

KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

"The bank of the people and for all the People"

Capital and Surplus \$26,000.00

Erler & Weiss

Dealers in

Marble and Granite Monuments

West Bend, Wisconsin

P. L. GEHL & SON MONUMENTS

SPECIAL DESIGNING TO ORDER PHONE 125 HARTFORD, WISCONSIN

MATH. SCHLAEFER OPTOMETRIST

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted Campbellsport, Wisconsin

OUR POLICY

We believe that there is only one way to build up a successful business, and that is to give the customer all that he pays for and a little bit more. We believe you should get a full dollar's worth for every dollar you spend. Our policy has always been to sell only the highest grade merchandise at the lowest possible prices. That this policy is working out successfully, is attested by our large number of satisfied patrons. Are you one of them? If not, start today.

MRS. K. ENDLICH

Jeweler & Optometrist KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN Established 1906

The Difference. Doing easily what others find difficult is talent; doing what is impossible for talent is genius.—Amiel.

BIG SHOW at the MOVIES Sunday, MAY 4 KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

WALLACE RIED

—in—
"THE HOSTAGE"

—and—
"Fatty" Arbuckle

—in—
"Good Night Nurse"

SEVEN-REEL PROGRAM

Show Starts at 8 p. m. Sharp---NEW TIME

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors
Entered as second class mail matter at the
post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 PER YEAR
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Time Table—C. & N. W Ry

NORTH BOUND	
No. 205	8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 113	12:30 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 133	9:00 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 107	7:30 p. m. daily
No. 243	8:34 p. m. Sunday only
No. 141	8:47 a. m. Sunday only
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 206	9:45 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 210	12:30 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 214	2:34 p. m. daily
No. 218	5:47 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 108	7:29 a. m. daily
No. 244	11:19 p. m. Sunday only
No. 184	9:30 a. m. Sunday only
No. 220	7:36 p. m. Sunday only

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

—Frank Keys spent Tuesday at Milwaukee.

—Walter Buss visited at Fond du Lac Monday.

—Mrs. Robert Davies spent Monday in Milwaukee.

—Dr. Wm. N. Klumb spent Saturday at Milwaukee.

—Miss John Andrae spent Saturday at Fond du Lac.

—Mrs. Adolph Rosenheimer visited in Milwaukee Monday.

—L. D. Guth made a business trip to Milwaukee Monday.

—Chas. Benike of Fond du Lac was a caller here Sunday.

—Miss Edna Brunner was a West Bend visitor Saturday.

—Erwin Gritzmacher was a Fond du Lac visitor Tuesday.

—Prin. J. A. Lund was a Milwaukee business caller Saturday.

—Miss Rose Nottelman Sundayed with her parents at Oshkosh.

—Dr. Wm. N. Klumb was a West Bend caller Wednesday evening.

—Herbert Holz of Milwaukee was a pleasant village visitor Sunday.

—D. M. Rosenheimer transacted business at Milwaukee Tuesday.

—Mrs. Joseph Welzien spent Sunday with relatives at Milwaukee.

—Philip Volm was the guest of the John H. Martin family Wednesday.

—Miss Gertrude Haessly is visiting the J. B. Groeschel family this week.

—Miss Frank of Hartford was a village caller the forepart of the week.

—See the war exhibit train at Kewaskum on Tuesday afternoon, May 9th.

—Mrs. Ray Fohey of Rio, Wis., visited with friends in the village Monday.

—Mrs. August Buss and son Walter were Fond du Lac visitors last Saturday.

—Miss Helinda Belger was a guest of relatives at Campbellsport Thursday.

—Miss Dorothy Dana spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at West Bend.

—Miss Edna Altenhofen was the guest of relatives at Milwaukee Saturday.

—Miss Theresa Raether visited with relatives at Milwaukee Saturday and Sunday.

—The Misses Theresa and Malinda Raether were Campbellsport callers on Monday.

—Miss Priscilla Marx gave a pupils recital at her home on Monday evening.

—A large number from here attended a dance at Newburg Sunday evening.

—Mrs. Otto Lay and Mrs. L. P. Rosenheimer were Milwaukee visitors Wednesday.

—Mrs. Ralph Petri of Campbellsport visited with friends in this village Saturday.

—Mrs. Eugene Haessly of West Bend visited with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Schief Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Romaine of Waupun spent Sunday with their son Elwyn and family.

—August Ebenreiter, who formerly owned a lumber yard at Two Dot, Mont., spent several days this week with relatives and friends in the village.

—Arnold Martin spent Tuesday in Milwaukee.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Krueger and daughter Maria were Milwaukee visitors Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Mertes and Mrs. John Brunner were Boltonville visitors last Sunday.

—Mrs. William Colvin of West Bend visited with her son Fancher and wife Wednesday.

—Mrs. Herman Gilbert spent Sunday and Monday with relatives and friends at West Bend.

—The Misses Martha Schultz and Eva Perry spent Sunday with their parents at Milwaukee.

—William Andrae of Milwaukee visited with his brother Fred Andrae and family last Sunday.

—Mrs. Ed. Wollner of West Bend and Mrs. J. Thomas of Cedar Lake were callers here Tuesday.

—Miss Linda Andrae left for Milwaukee Monday, for an extended visit with relatives and friends.

—Mrs. August Bilgo and daughter, Mrs. Ben Mertes of Newburg were Fond du Lac callers Friday.

—Misses Mona Foerster and Lizzie Wietor of Wayne spent Tuesday with the John H. Martin family.

—Mrs. A. A. Perschbacher and son Chester and daughter Evelyn were Milwaukee callers Monday.

—Fred Geidel returned home from New York Sunday, where he was mustered out of military service.

—The regular monthly stock fair Wednesday was well attended. Young pigs sold as high as \$10 a head.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Wollensak and daughters and Miss Celesta Martin spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.

—The Misses Elsie and Lydia Guth were at Milwaukee Saturday, where they spent the day with relatives.

—Mrs. Peter J. Haug, left Sunday for Jefferson, where she spent the week with the Nic. Braun family.

—Misses Olive Haug and Laura Brandstetter of Rockfield spent Sunday with their respective parents here.

—Don't forget to set aside the date for the Senior Class play (Cupid of Vassar) which will be given May 23.

—The Directors of the Bank of Kewaskum held their regular quarterly meeting in the bank building on Monday.

—Mrs. Ben Mertes of Newburg visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Bilgo here the forepart of the week.

—Mrs. James Laughlin of Chicago was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony P. Schaeffer and daughter Pearl Monday.

—Mrs. D. M. Rosenheimer and daughter Reta Jane and Mrs. N. W. Rosenheimer were Milwaukee visitors Monday.

—Mrs. M. Lattener of Elmgrove visited the forepart of this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Brunner.

—Village Marshal Fred Andrae had a crew of men at work this week cleaning out the gutters on the village streets.

—You can't afford to miss the Senior Class play (Cupid of Vassar) which will be given May 23rd, at the Opera House.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Meilahn left Thursday for Chicago, where they visited the latter part of this week with relatives.

—Everybody is planning on attending the Opening Dance at the North Side Park hall, on Sunday evening, May 11th, 1919.

—Mrs. Frank Runte of Waupaca is visiting with her children and parents, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Driessel and family here this week.

—Fifty head of Holstein cattle will be disposed of at public auction on the farm of Peter W. Pierson at Port Washington on May 13.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Becker of Hartford spent Sunday as the guests of the latter's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Driessel and family.

—Mrs. Gust. Krueger and daughter Mildred of Campbellsport visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bolger and family here Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Smith and family of Menasha spent Sunday as guests of the S. E. Wittig family and Mrs. Nic. Zeimet and children.

—Dr. and Mrs. Carl Hausmann visited Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Kaukauna.

—Mrs. Frank Strube and children of Milwaukee are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Schaefer and family here this week.

—A marriage license was issued this week by the county clerk of Fond du Lac county to Jacob Harter and Miss Margaret Schiltz of the town of Auburn.

—Lizzie and Agnes Schmidt and Maggie Arndt of Wayne visited with the John H. Martin family and with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Martin Monday afternoon.

—Ed. Strachota and family and John and Andrew Strachota of Milwaukee motored to this village last Sunday where they spent the day with relatives and friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Martin received a letter from their son Arthur who is in the army of occupation, in which he stated that he expects to be home about the latter part of June.

—The citizens of Hartford have up to the present time raised \$3,000, which will be used for the reception which they intend to extend to their soldier boys when they return home.

—Anthony P. Schaeffer spent Sunday with relatives at Chicago. He was accompanied home the same day by his wife and daughter Pearl who visited there since last week Thursday.

—Mrs. F. Becker and daughters Elsie and Rose and son Frank and Miss Clara Ostenleiter of Milwaukee motored to this village Sunday to spend the day with Mrs. Joseph Eberle and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schmidt received a letter from their son Theodore stating that he is now on his way home and expects to arrive at New York about May 1st. Theodore is a member of the famous 32nd Division.

—Louis Schultz and Fred Schultz of Mequon were here last week Thursday. During their stay here they purchased 51 young white pigs, which they took along home with them where they will raise them on their farms.

—Allen Pitt, Mrs. G. Pitt and daughter Dora from Bonduel and Mr. and Mrs. Gust Seeger and family, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Geisler and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz, Mr. and Mrs. Reyner and family of Milwaukee attended the Bunkelmann-Koepeke wedding here last Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Carl Meinecke received a telegram from their sons John and Alfred saying that they had arrived safely in New York. Both young men are members of the Rainbow Division. Enlisting in the old Co. E. National Guards of Fond du Lac at the outbreak of the war.

—The tax on ice cream went into effect on Thursday, May 1st. This means that all customers must pay a tax of one cent for every 10-cents purchased, providing the buyer consumes the same in said place of business, if, however, he takes the ice cream to his home he is exempt from tax.

—Have you your date reserved for Sunday evening, May 11th, for the Grand Opening dance at the North Side Park hall? If not better do so. By attending this dance you are assured a very enjoyable time. Music will be furnished by Pitschler's Harp orchestra of Theresa.

—Frank Multhauf and son, well known farmers residing near Hartford suffered a severe loss last week, when their herd of thirty-four Holstein cattle were condemned for tuberculosis by Dr. Palmer of Milwaukee, who represents the Wisconsin Live Stock Sanitary Board. The cattle were shipped to Madison to be killed. The herd was valued at \$200 a head, it is not known as yet what valuation he will receive for same at Madison.

—Frank Day did some tall hustling during the past week and as a result the following property transfers took place: On Friday he purchased the Peter Johann property in this city; traded the 60-acre Schacht Schneider farm to Richard Glenzer of the town of Mitchell for the latter's 60-acre farm; Saturday bought the 53-acre farm of Herman Plautz near Cascade and traded the same to Albert Butter for the latter's 100-acre farm and personal property southwest of Waldo.—West Bend Pilot.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Wheat	2.20 to 2.50
Barley	1.10 to 1.25
Rye No. 1	1.60 to 1.70
Oats	.65c
Timothy Seed, per cwt.	9.00-11.00
Butter (dairy)	.52 to .54c
Eggs	.41c
Unwashed wool	
Beans, per 100 lbs.	5.00 to 6.00
Hides (calf skin)	29-30c
Cow Hides	16c to 17c
Horse Hides	6.00 to 6.50
Honey, lb.	22c-26c
Potatoes, sorted 1.05 to 1.10 per bushel	
Live Poultry	
Spring Chickens young roosters	30c
Old Roosters	20c
Geese	25c
Ducks	26c
Hens	26-28c
(Subject to change)	
Dressed Poultry	
Spring Chickens	35c
Geese	35c
Ducks	38c

NEW PROSPECT

Miss Cordell Bartlett spent Tuesday at Armstrong.

Wm. Jandre transacted business at Kewaskum Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Jandre had their infant son christened Sunday.

Geo. H. Meyer and J. P. Uelmen were Kewaskum callers Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Gatzke visited Sunday afternoon with H. F. Kraeger and family.

H. Marquardt of Waucousta was a business caller in the village one day this week.

J. D. Reysen, Zeno Rinzel and brother of St. Mathias were pleasant village callers Sunday.

Adolph and Gust Flitter of Campbellsport spent Friday with their sister, Mrs. J. Tunn and family.

Mrs. H. Jandre, son Gerald and Wm. Jandre visited Saturday with R. Hornburg and family at Waucousta.

Frank Bowen and family spent Sunday with the P. Uelmen and John Bowser families at Campbellsport.

Robt. Norton of Eden and Mr. and Mrs. B. Tuttle of Four Corners spent Sunday with John Tunn and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Rinzel, son Raymond and daughter Lauretta spent Saturday at Fond du Lac on business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen visited Thursday evening with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Uelmen at Campbellsport.

Mrs. C. Hill and sister, Miss Corral Romaine motored to Fond du Lac Friday where they visited with relatives until Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Meyer and son John were guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Meyer at Cascade Sunday.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hornburg and daughters of Waucousta, Mrs. H. Jandre and son Gerald spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Wilke at Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Wierman and children of Onion River and Mr. and Mrs. Atkins of Waldo were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Koch Sunday.

The following were pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Jandre Sunday afternoon: Rev. and Mrs. C. Gutekunst, daughter Gretchen, H. Backhaus and family of New Fane, O. M. Johnston and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. Molkenthine, son Walter and Chas. Jandre.

VALLEY VIEW

Mrs. Louis Tuttle and Earl Tuttle motored to Fond du Lac Saturday.

John Koehne was a pleasant caller in North Ashford Sunday evening.

Arthur Seefeld of River Valley spent Sunday as a guest of relatives here.

Mrs. Peter Schommer, Jr., called on relatives in Sunnyside Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Koehne were Sunday callers at the William Koehne home in Auburn.

R. L. Norton and family were Sunday guests of the Louis Furlong family in Auburn.

Joseph Smith of Campbellsport was a business caller at the Frederick Seefeld home Saturday.

Harold Hughes returned home Wednesday, after receiving his honorable discharge from the United States Aero service.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Mrs. Louis Eisler and son Arthur of Minneapolis are spending several months with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Chesley.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Clifford and Mrs. Frank Murray were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Smith and family in Woodside Sunday.

Henry Johnson and daughter and John Bothke, Adam Jaeger and son Bertram of Ashford and Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Klotz, Jr. and son Edward were callers at August Brietzke's Sunday.

Robert Norton and family, Leo Mullen, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Schommer, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leichenteiger and son Francis, John Sammons, Sr., and son Leo, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Koehne and son John, Harold Johnson and sister Bernee, A. D. Chesley and family, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Knickel and daughter, Mrs. Tuttle, Mrs. August Brietzke and son Hugo, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Welsh and family, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seefeld and family and Earl Tuttle were Saturday evening callers at Campbellsport.

EXTRA!

George Rauch, a prominent and well known pioneer settler of the town of Ashford, and a veteran of the Civil War, died at three o'clock Friday morning, May 2, 1919, at the advanced age of 84 years. Mr. Rauch had been in ill health for the past two years from a complication of diseases arising from old age. A complete obituary will appear in our next week's issue of the Statesman.

ROOM SIZED RUGS

Big assortment of large Rugs received this week.

Make your selection now

Prices \$13.50 to \$77.00

Small Rugs

\$3.25 to \$4.25

Linoleums

\$1.75 per yd.

Rug Border

50c to 65c a yd.

WALL PAPER

We carry a big stock of Wall Paper. Let us show you what we have. Prices per double roll

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L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Welcome Home Honor Roll

Maurice Rosenheimer
William Eberle
Isadore Keler
Geo. H. Schmidt
William Brandstetter
Louis Bath
Leo Marx
Harry Schaefer
Eloy Backhaus
August Bilgo, Jr.
Erwin Schmidt
John Schmidt, R. D. 3.
Alex Gilbert
Wende Petri, R. R. 3.
Byron Martin
Louis Seefeld
William Vorpahl
Edwin Miller
Carl Westerman
Harvey Brandt
William Bassil
Franklin Backhaus
George Kudek
Henry Stern
Roland Backus
Fred Witzig
Arthur Schaefer
Neil Wollensak
Louis Vorpahl, R. D. 5
George Vorpahl, R. D. 5
Alvin Kudek, R. D. 2
John Kirsch, R. D. 3
Arthur Schleif
Alvin Volm
Robert Voeks
Allen Breeseman
Herman Laatsch, R. D. 5
Peter J. Haug
Ben Brandt
Edward Feiten, R. D. 5
Math. Feiten, R. D. 1
Walter Backhaus, R. D. 1
Frank Bleck, R. D. 6, Campbellsport
Mike Darmody, R. D. 3
George Kreutzer, R. D. 2
Edwin Backus
Alvin Volm
Arthur Schleif
Math. Beisbier, Jr.
Jos. Eberle
John Murphy, R. D. 3,
Fred Geidel

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a
gift-
an
investment

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Kewaskum, Wisconsin

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FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A good piano, which I will sell or trade for some good cows or beefers. Inquire of Henry Damm, Campbellsport, Wis., R. D. 3.

WANTED

WANTED—Competent girl for housework. Good wages. No washing.—Chas. Haebig, 129 8th Ave. N., West Bend, Wis. 4-29-19

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Good wages paid to the right kind of a girl. Inquire of Mrs. E. Heft, Crooked Lake Resort, R. D. 1, Cascade, Wis. 5-3-19d

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Upper flat in the Geo. H. Schmidt building, electric lights and bath-room. Inquire of Geo. H. Schmidt, Kewaskum, Wis. 5-3-19f

You feel different the minute you take it—a gentle soothing warmth fills the system. It's a pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Helps purify the blood, drives out the germs of Winter, gets you hustling, bustling, full of life and energy. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Ed. C. Miller.



TEXT OF REVISED COVENANT OF THE NATIONS' LEAGUE

Many Important Changes Made in Document Since It Was First Tentatively Drawn Up.

THIRTY-TWO NATIONS IN PACT; OTHERS INVITED

President Wilson to Have Honor of Calling the First Meeting of the League and of the Executive Council—Monroe Doctrine Specifically Upheld.

Washington, April 27.—The state department made public tonight the text of the revised covenant of the league of nations, as it was presented to the plenary session of the peace conference at Paris. The text follows:

The covenant of the league of nations:

In order to promote international co-operation and to achieve international peace and security, by the acceptance of obligations not to resort to war, by the prescription of open, just, and honorable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of the understandings of international law as to actual rule of conduct among governments, and by the maintenance of justice and a scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organized peoples with one another, the high contracting parties agree to this covenant of the league of nations.

[In the original preamble the last sentence read "adopt this constitution" instead of "agree to this covenant."]

ARTICLE ONE

The original members of the league of nations shall be those of the signatories which are named in the annex to this covenant and also such of those other states named in the annex as shall accede without reservation to this covenant. Such accessions shall be effected by a declaration deposited with the secretariat within two months of the coming into force of the covenant. Notice thereof shall be sent to all other members of the league.

Any fully self-governing state, dominion, or colony not named in the annex, may become a member of the league if its admission is agreed by two-thirds of the assembly, provided that it shall give effective guarantees of its sincere intention to observe its international obligations and shall accept such obligations as may be prescribed by the league in regard to its military and naval force and armaments.

Any member of the league may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw from the league, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

[This article is new, embodying with alterations and additions the old article VII. It provides more specifically the method of admitting new members and adds the entirely new paragraph providing for withdrawal from the league. No mention of withdrawal was made in the original document.]

ARTICLE TWO

The action of the league under this covenant shall be effected through the instrumentality of an assembly and of a council, with permanent secretariat.

[Originally this was a part of article I. It gives the name assembly to the gathering of representatives of the members of the league, formerly referred to merely as "the body of delegates."]

ARTICLE THREE

The assembly shall consist of representatives of the members of the league.

The assembly shall meet at stated intervals and from time to time as occasion may require, at the seat of the league, or at such other place as may be decided upon.

The assembly may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the league, or affecting the peace of the world.

At meetings of the assembly, each member of the league shall have one vote, and may have not more than three representatives.

[This embodies parts of the original articles one, two and three, with only minor changes. It refers to "members of the league," where the term "high contracting parties" originally was used, and this change is followed throughout the revised draft.]

ARTICLE FOUR

The council shall consist of representatives of the United States of America, of the British Empire, of France, of Italy, and of Japan, together with representatives of four other members of the league. These four members of the league shall be selected by the assembly from time to time in its discretion. Until the appointment of the representatives of the four members of the league first selected by the assembly, representatives of — shall be members of the council.

With the approval of the majority of the assembly the council may name additional members to the league whose representatives shall always be members of the council; the council with like approval may increase the number of members of the league to be selected by the assembly for representation on the council.

The council shall meet from time to

time as occasion may require and at least once a year, at the seat of the league, or at such other place as may be decided upon.

The council may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the league or affecting the peace of the world.

Any member of the league not represented on the council shall be invited to send a representative to sit as a member at any meeting of the council during the consideration of matters specially affecting the interests of that member of the league.

At the meetings of the council each member of the league represented on the council shall have one vote, and may not have more than one representative.

ARTICLE FIVE

Except where otherwise expressly provided in this covenant, decisions at any meeting of the assembly or of the council shall require the agreement of all the members of the league represented at the meeting.

The first meeting of the assembly and the first meeting of the council shall be summoned by the president of the United States of America.

ARTICLE SIX

The permanent secretariat shall be established at the seat of the league. The secretariat shall comprise a secretary general and such secretaries and staff as may be required.

The first secretary general shall be the person named in the annex; thereafter the secretary general shall be appointed by the council, with the approval of the majority of the assembly.

The secretary general shall act in that capacity at all meetings of the assembly and of the council.

The expenses of the secretariat shall be borne by the members of the league, in accordance with the apportionment of the expenses of the international bureau of the Universal Postal union.

[This replaces the original article V. In the original the appointment of the first secretary general was left to the council and approval of the majority of the assembly was not required for subsequent appointments.]

ARTICLE SEVEN

The seat of the league is established at Geneva.

The council may at any time decide that the seat of the league shall be established elsewhere.

All positions under or in connection with the league, including the secretariat, shall be open equally to men and women.

Representatives of the members of the league and officials of the league, when engaged on the business of the league, shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities.

The buildings and other property occupied by the league or its officials, or by representatives attending its meetings, shall be inviolable.

[The paragraph opening positions to women equally with men is new.]

ARTICLE EIGHT

The members of the league recognize that the maintenance of a peace requires the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety and the enforcement by common action of international obligations.

The council, taking account of the geographical situation and circumstances of each state, shall formulate plans for such reduction for the consideration and action of the several governments.

Such plans shall be subject to reconsideration and revision at least every ten years.

After these plans shall have been adopted by the several governments limits of armaments therein fixed shall not be exceeded without the concurrence of the council.

The members of the league agree that the manufacture by private enterprise of munitions and implements of war is open to grave objections. The council shall advise how the evil effects attendant upon such manufacture can be prevented, due regard being had to the necessities of those members of the league which are not able to manufacture the munitions and implements of war necessary for their safety.

The members of the league undertake to interchange full and frank information as to the scale of their armaments, their military and naval programs and the condition of such of their industries as are adaptable to warlike purposes.

ARTICLE NINE

A permanent commission shall be constituted to advise the council on the execution of the provisions of article one and on military and naval questions generally.

[Unchanged except for the insertion of the words "article."]

ARTICLE TEN

The members of the league undertake to respect and preserve, as against external aggression, the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the league. In case of any such aggression or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression, the council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.

ARTICLE ELEVEN

Any war or threat of war, whether immediately affecting any of the members of the league or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern to the whole league, and the league shall take any action that may be deemed wise and effectual to safeguard the peace of nations. In case any such emergency should arise, the secretary general shall, on the request of any member of the league, forthwith summon a meeting of the council.

It is also declared to be the fundamental right of each member of the league to bring to the attention of the

assembly or of the council any circumstance whatever affecting international relations which threatens to disturb either the peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

ARTICLE TWELVE

The members of the league agree that if there should arise between them any dispute likely to lead to a rupture, they will submit the matter either to arbitration or to inquiry by the council, and they agree in no case to resort to war until three months after the award by the arbitrators or the report by the council.

In any case under this article, the award of the arbitrators shall be made within a reasonable time, and the report of the council shall be made within six months after the submission of the dispute.

ARTICLE THIRTEEN

The members of the league agree that, whenever any dispute shall arise between them which they recognize to be suitable for submission to arbitration and which cannot be satisfactorily settled by diplomacy, they will submit the whole subject matter to arbitration. Disputes as to the interpretation of a treaty, as to any question of international law, as to the existence of any fact which, if established, would constitute a breach of an international obligation, or as to the extent and nature of the reparation to be made for any such breach, are generally suitable for submission to arbitration.

For the consideration of any such dispute the court of arbitration to which the case is referred shall be the court agreed on by the parties in the dispute or stipulated in any convention existing between them.

The members of the league agree that they will carry out in full good faith any award that may be rendered, and that they will not resort to war against a member of the league which complies therewith. In the event of any failure to carry out such an award the council shall propose what steps should be taken to give effect thereto.

ARTICLE FOURTEEN

The council shall formulate and submit to the members of the league for adoption plans for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice. The court shall be competent to hear and determine any dispute of an international character which the parties thereto submit to it. The court may also give an advisory opinion upon any dispute or question referred to it by the council or by the assembly.

ARTICLE FIFTEEN

If there should arise between members of the league any dispute likely to lead to a rupture which is not submitted to arbitration as above the members of the league agree that they will submit the matter to the council.

Any party to a dispute may effect such submission by giving notice of the existence of the dispute to the secretary general, who will make all necessary arrangements for a full investigation and consideration thereof. For this purpose the parties to the dispute will communicate to the secretary general, as promptly as possible, statements of their case, all the relevant facts and papers; the council may forthwith direct the publication thereof.

In Case of Success.

The council shall endeavor to effect a settlement of any dispute, and if such efforts are successful a statement shall be made public giving such facts and explanations regarding the dispute, terms of settlement thereof, as the council may deem appropriate.

If the dispute is not thus settled, the council, either unanimously or by a majority vote, shall make and publish a report containing a statement of the facts of the dispute and the recommendations which are deemed just and proper in regard thereto.

Any member of the league represented on the council may make public a statement of the facts of the dispute and of its conclusions regarding the same.

Agree to Avoid War.

If a report by the council is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the league agree that they will not go to war with any party to the dispute which complies with recommendations of the report.

If the council fails to reach a report which is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof, other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the league reserve to themselves the right to take such action as they shall consider necessary for the maintenance of right and justice.

If the dispute between the parties is claimed by one of them, and is found by the council, to arise out of a matter which by international law is solely within the domestic jurisdiction of that party, the council shall so report, and shall make no recommendation as to its settlement.

May Refer to Assembly.

The council may in any case under this article refer the dispute to the assembly. The dispute shall be so referred at the request of either party to the dispute, provided that such request be made within fourteen days after the submission of the dispute to the council.

ARTICLE SIXTEEN

Should any member of the league resort to war in disregard of its covenants under articles twelve, thirteen, or fifteen, it shall, ipso facto, be deemed to have committed an act of war against all other members of the league, which hereby undertake immediately to subject it to the severance of all trade or financial relations, the prohibition of all intercourse between their nationals and the nationals of the covenant-breaking state and the

prevention of all financial, commercial or personal intercourse between the nationals of the covenant-breaking state and the nationals of any other state, whether a member of the league or not.

It shall be the duty of the council in such case to recommend to the several governments concerned what effective military or naval forces the members of the league shall severally contribute to the armaments of forces to be used to protect the covenants of the league.

Sparingly Settled Places.

There are territories, such as Southwest Africa and certain of the South Pacific islands, which, owing to the sparseness of their population or their small size or their remoteness from the centers of civilization or their geographical contiguity to the territory of the mandatory and other circumstances can be best administered under the laws of the mandatory as integral portions of its territory subject to the safeguards above mentioned in the interests of the indigenous population. In every case of mandate, the mandatory shall render to the council an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

A permanent commission shall be constituted to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandatories and to advise the council on all matters relating to observance of the mandates.

ARTICLE SEVENTEEN

In the event of a dispute between a member of the league and a state which is not a member of the league, or between states not members of the league, the state or states not members of the league shall be invited to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, upon such conditions as the council may deem just.

If such invitation is accepted, the provisions of articles twelve to sixteen inclusive shall be applied with such modifications as may be deemed necessary by the council.

Upon such invitation being given, the council shall immediately institute an inquiry into the circumstances of the dispute and recommend such action as may seem best and most effectual in the circumstances.

If a state so invited shall refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, and shall resort to war against a member of the league, the provisions of article sixteen shall be applicable as against the state taking such action.

If both parties to the dispute, when so invited, refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, the council may take such measures and make such recommendations as will prevent hostilities and will result in the settlement of the dispute.

ARTICLE EIGHTEEN

Every convention or international engagement entered into hereafter by any member of the league, shall be forthwith registered with the secretariat and shall, as soon as possible, be published by it. No such treaty or international engagement shall be binding until so registered.

ARTICLE NINETEEN

The assembly may from time to time advise the reconsideration by members of the league of treaties which have become inapplicable, and the consideration of international conditions whose continuance might endanger the peace of the world.

ARTICLE TWENTY

The members of the league severally agree that this covenant is accepted as abrogating all obligations or understandings inter se which are inconsistent with the terms thereof, and solemnly undertake that they will not hereafter enter into any engagements inconsistent with the terms thereof.

ARTICLE TWENTY-ONE

Nothing in this covenant shall be deemed to affect the validity of international engagements, such as treaties of arbitration or regional understandings like the Monroe doctrine for securing the maintenance of peace.

ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO

To those colonies and territories which, as a consequence of the late war, have ceased to be under the sovereignty of the states which formerly governed them and which are inhabited by peoples not yet able to stand by themselves under the strenuous conditions of the modern world, there should be applied the principle that the well-being and security of such peoples form a sacred trust of civilization and that securities for the performance of this trust should be embodied in this covenant.

The best method of giving practical effect to this principle is that the tutelage of such peoples be entrusted to advanced nations who, by reason of their resources, their experience or their geographical position, can best undertake this responsibility and who are willing to accept it, and that this tutelage should be exercised by them as mandatories on behalf of the league.

Certain communities formerly belonging to the Turkish empire have reached a stage of development where their existence, as independent nations, can be provisionally recognized subject to the rendering of administrative advice and assistance by a mandatory until such time as they are able to stand alone. The wishes of these communities must be a principal consideration in the selection of the mandatory peoples, especially those of central Africa, who are at such a stage that the mandatory must be responsible for the administration of the territory under conditions which will guarantee freedom of conscience or religion subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals,

the prohibition of abuses, such as the slave trade, the arms traffic, and the liquor traffic and the prevention of the establishment of fortifications or military and naval bases and of military training of the nations for other than police purposes and the defense of territory, and will also secure equal opportunities for the trade and commerce of other members of the league.

Sparsely Settled Places.

There are territories, such as Southwest Africa and certain of the South Pacific islands, which, owing to the sparseness of their population or their small size or their remoteness from the centers of civilization or their geographical contiguity to the territory of the mandatory and other circumstances can be best administered under the laws of the mandatory as integral portions of its territory subject to the safeguards above mentioned in the interests of the indigenous population. In every case of mandate, the mandatory shall render to the council an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

A permanent commission shall be constituted to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandatories and to advise the council on all matters relating to observance of the mandates.

ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE

Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of international conventions existing or hereafter to be agreed upon, members of the league (a) will endeavor to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labor for men, women, and children, both in their own countries and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend, and for that purpose will establish and maintain the necessary international organizations.

(b) Undertake to secure just treatment of the native inhabitants of territories under their control.

(c) Will intrust the league with the general supervision over the execution of agreements with regard to the traffic in women and children and the traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs.

(d) Will instruct the league with the general supervision of the trade in arms and ammunition with the countries in which the control of this traffic is necessary in the common interest.

(e) Will make provision to secure and maintain freedom of communication and of transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of all members of the league. In this connection the special necessities of the regions devastated during the war of 1914-1918 shall be in mind.

(f) Will endeavor to take steps in matters of international concern for the prevention and control of disease.

[This replaces the original article XX, and embodies parts of the original articles XVIII and XXI. It eliminates a specific provision formerly made for a bureau of labor and adds the clauses (b) and (c).]

ARTICLE TWENTY-FOUR

There shall be placed under the direction of the league all international bureaus already established by general treaties if the parties to such treaties consent. All such international bureaus and all commissions for the regulation of matters of international interest hereafter constituted shall be placed under the direction of the league.

In all matters of international interest which are regulated by general conventions, but which are not placed under the control of international bureaus or commissions, the secretariat of the league shall, subject to the consent of the council, and if desired by the parties, collect and distribute all relevant information and shall render any other assistance which may be necessary or desirable.

The council may include as part of the expenses of the secretariat the expenses of any bureau or commission which is placed under the direction of the league.

ARTICLE TWENTY-FIVE

The members of the league agree to encourage and promote the establishment and co-operation of duly authorized voluntary national Red Cross organizations having as purposes improvement of health, the prevention of disease, and mitigation of suffering throughout the world.

ARTICLE TWENTY-SIX

Amendments to this covenant will take effect when ratified by the members of the league whose representatives compose the council and by a majority of the members of the league whose representatives compose the assembly.

Such amendment shall (the word not apparently omitted in cable transmission) bind any member of the league which signifies its dissent therefrom, but in that case it shall cease to be a member of the league.

[Same as original, except majority of league, instead of three-fourths, is required for ratification of amendments, with last sentence added.]

THOSE WHICH SIGN.

One—Original members of the league of nations. Signatories of the treaty of peace.

United States of America, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, British Empire, Canada, Australia, South Africa, New South Wales, India, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ecuador, France, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hedjaz, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Siam, Uruguay.

States invited to accede to the covenant: Argentine Republic, Chile, Colombia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Paraguay, Persia, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela.

Two—First secretary general of the league of nations— [The annex was not published with original draft of the covenant.]

WASHINGTON GETS PEACE MEETING

First Conference of Envoys to Be at U. S. Capital.

WILSON MAY BE PRESIDENT

German Flag Raised at Coblenz Low, ered by Yank Military Policeman —Germans Pass Freely on Versailles Streets.

Paris, April 30.—It has been virtually decided that the first meeting of the league of nations shall be held in Washington next October. Should the assembly meet first in Washington it is said President Wilson doubtless would be asked to become the first president of the league.

Plans are being formulated for the holding of this meeting, the initial gathering to be in the east room of the White House under the presidency of President Wilson. At Monday's plenary session of the peace conference President Wilson moved for the appointment of a committee of nine members of the league, and this committee will begin its work at once. Its task will include the formulation of permanent plans for the work of the league at Geneva and for an inaugural meeting in Washington.

Germans on Versailles Streets.

Versailles, April 30.—Pending the expected arrival of the principal German delegates, the Germans now here were busily engaged in and between the three hotels they occupy. They passed freely through the streets without incident and with no police guards.

The space in the palace park set aside for the use of the Germans has been enlarged and closed to the public. The reserved area includes several thoroughfares, which resulted in a few accidents when the police turned pedestrians back.

One American colonel, who took the usual route to his office, was refused permission to pass. He protested to the French authorities and instructions were issued to the police to use more discretion.

More of Foe Envoys Arrive.

Eighty-seven of the German commission party arrived here last night, being the second party to reach the scene of the presentation of the peace terms. Of these 30 are women. The Germans include the commission on limitation of armaments, composed of Doctors Von Becker and Schall and Major Bot-ticher, and that on commercial affairs. Sixteen members of the latter commission are women. With the party were the official courier, Von Bismarck, a doctor, a barber and Rudolph Brand, the press representative. There were also a number of telegraph and telephone operators.

Raise German Flags at Coblenz.

Coblenz, April 30.—Uplifted in spirit by prospects of peace and newspaper reports that the German peace delegation had passed Cologne en route to Versailles, five Coblenz civilians hoisted German flags. The colors fluttered from their staffs only a short time, all being lowered by the military police, excepting in one case, almost as soon as they appeared. A crowd of 200 doughboys on leave assembled in the street near a downtown building where a large German flag was flying, but a military policeman relieved the situation by hauling down the flag himself.

Army regulations prohibit the flying of German colors except by special permission, which has been granted upon only one occasion since the Americans came. That was in January when the burgomaster of Coblenz died.

END OF ANOTHER ROMANCE

Mrs. Jack Geraghty Sues for Divorce, Charging Husband With Cruelty and Nonsupport.

Newport, R. I., April 30.—Mrs. Jack Geraghty, who as Miss Julia Estelle French, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Tuck French, eloped with her father's chauffeur, filed suit for divorce here, charging her husband with cruelty and failure to provide.

Miss French, who is a niece of Mrs. Elsie French Valderbilt, shocked society when, on August 9, 1911, she eloped with Geraghty, whose father kept a livery stable.

For a time Geraghty flourished as an automobile salesman, but his ability as a chauffeur exceeded that as a salesman. It was said, and he and his wife went to live on a farm near Woburn, Mass., where for a time he drove into Boston, peddling apples.

MILWAUKEE BREWERS QUIT

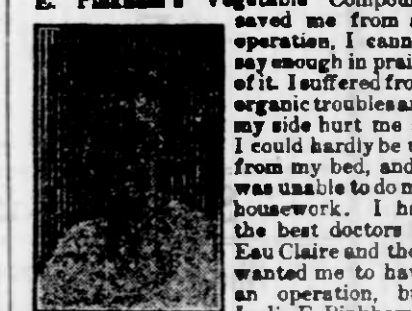
Owners Decide to Make No Further Efforts to Fight the Prohibition Law.

Milwaukee, April 30.—Milwaukee brewers have quit. They will make no further efforts to fight the prohibition law, regardless of what contests New York brewers may institute. It is understood they will help finance the fight, but will not try to fight the law here. They will quit brewing beer tonight, under the new regulations of the federal law. Milwaukee has been brewing beer under the plan of the New York brewers to make a test of the law, so that if the test should win there will be a stock of beer on hand with which to flood the market.

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my household work. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. Binkner, Black River Falls, Wis.



It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binkner that have made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Natural Effect.

"China must have more quacks than any other nation."

"What makes you think so?"

"I saw in an article the other day that it had more ducks than any other place in the world."

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles. An Othine-doube strength is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of Othine-doube strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one coating is needed to completely clear the skin and give a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is said under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Come to think of it we can't remember ever seeing a mudslinger with clean hands.

If two people can live on less than one it is because they have to.

Work Too Hard?

This time of the year finds everyone hurrying to get the home cleaned up for summer. It's a pleasure, too, when you're well, but no man or woman with a "bad back" enjoys house cleaning. If your back is lame, if sharp twinges catch you when lifting and you feel tired and worn out, kidney weakness is likely causing your trouble. Don't wait! Delay may cause gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills have helped people the world over.

A Michigan Case

A. P. Hirdman, Orchard St., Easton, Mich., says: "I suffered at times from rheumatic pains in my back, and sharp twinges caught me when stooping. The attacks nearly always

The Light in the Clearing

A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

By IRVING BACHELLER

Author of EBEN HOLDEN, D'RI AND L. DARREL OF THE BLESSED ISLES, KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE, Etc., Etc.

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CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.

"One day the ol' squire got me to dig this grave an' put up the headstone an' then he tol' me the story. He turned the poor gal out o' doors. God o' Israel! It was in the night—yis, sir—it was in the night that he sent her away. Goldam him! He didn't have no more heart than a grasshopper—no, sir—not a bit. I could 'a' brained him with my shovel, but I didn't."

"I found out where the gal had gone an' I follered her—yis I did—found her in the poorhouse way over on Fussley Hill—uh huh! She jes' put her arms 'round my neck an' cried an' cried. I guess 'twas 'cause I looked kind o' friendly—uh huh! I tol' her she should come right over to our house an' stay jes' as long as she wanted to as soon as she got well—yis, sir, I did."

"She was sick all summer long—kind o' out o' her head, ye know, an' I used to go over bossback an' take things for her to eat. An' one day when I was over there she was wonderin' what they was goin' to do with her little baby. I took it in my arms an' I'll be god dummed if it didn't grab hold o' my nose an' hang on like a puppy to a root. When they tried to take it away it grabbed its fingers into my whiskers an' hollered like a janther—yis, sir. Wal, ye know I jes' fetched that little baby boy home in my arms, ay uh! My wife scolded me like Sam Hill—yis, sir—she had five of her own. I tol' her I was goin' to take it back in a day or two but after it had been in the house three days ye couldn't 'a' pulled it away from her with a windlass."

"We brought him up an' he was always a good boy. We called him Enoch—Enoch Rome—did ye ever hear the name?"

"No."

"I didn't think 'twas likely but I'm always hopin'."

"Early that fall Kate got better an' left the poorhouse afoot. Went away somewheres—nobody knew where. Some said she'd crossed the lake an' gone away over into York state, some said she'd drowned herself. By'm by we heard that she'd gone away over into St. Lawrence county where Silas Wright lives an' where young Grimshaw had settled down after he got married."

"Wal, 'bout five year ago the squire buried his second wife—there 'tis over in there back o' Kate's with the little speckled angel on it. Nobody had seen the squire outside o' his house for years until the funeral—he was crippled so with rheumatism. After that he lived all 'lone in the big house with ol' Tom Linney an' his wife, who've worked there for 'bout forty year, I guess."

"Wal, sir, first we knew Kate was there in the house livin' with her father. We wouldn't 'a' knowed it, then, if it hadn't been that Tom Linney come over one day an' said he guessed the ol' squire wanted to see me—no, sir, we wouldn't—fer the squire ain't sociable an' the neighbors never darken his door. She went 'a' come in the night, jes' as she went—nobody see her go an' nobody see her come, an' that's a fact. Wal, one day jes' fall after the leaves was off an' they could see a corner o' his house through the bushes, Tom was walkin' the ol' man 'round the room. All to once he stopped an' p'inted at my house through the winder an' kep' p'intin'. Tom come over an' said he called the squire wanted to see me. So I went there. Kate met me at the door. Gosh! How old an' kind o' broke down she looked! But I knew her the minute I set my eyes on her—uh huh!—an' she knew me—yis, sir—she smiled an' tears come to her eyes an' she patted my hand like she wanted to tell me that she hadn't forgot, but she never said a word—not a word. The ol' squire had the palsy, so 't he couldn't use his hands an' his throat was paralyzed—couldn't speak nor nothin'. Where do ye suppose he was when I found him?"

"In bed?" I asked.

"No, sir—no, three! He was in hell—that's where he was—reg'lar ol' fashioned, down-cast hell, burnin' with fire an' brimston, that he'd had the agency for an' had recommended to every sinner in the neighborhood. He was settin' in his room. God o' Israel! You orto 'a' seen the motions he made with his hands an' the way he tried to speak when I went in there, but all I could hear was jes' a long yell an' a kind o' rattle in his throat. Heavens an' earth! how despoirt he tried to spit out the thing that was gnawin' his 'wails. Ag'in an' ag'in he'd try to tell me. Lord God! how he did work!"

"All to once it come across me what he wanted—quick as ye could say seat. He wanted to have Kate's headstone took down an' put away—that's what he wanted. The stun was kind o' hyn' in on his stummock an' p'ahin' of him day an' night. He couldn't stan' it. He knew that he was goin' to die purty soon an' that Kate would come here an' see it that everybody would see her standin' here by her own grave, an' it worried him. It was kind o' like 'ere in his belly."

"I guess, too, he couldn't bear the

idee of layin' down for his las' sleep beside that hell hote he'd dug fer Kate—no, sir!

"Wal, ye know, mister, I jes' shook my head an' never let on that I knew what he meant an' let him w'igle an' twist like a worm on a hot griddle, an' teller like a cut bull 'til he fell back in a swoon."

"Damn him! It don't give him no rest. He tries to tell everybody he sees—that's what they say. He bellers every an' night an' if you go down there he'll bell to you an' you'll grow what it's about, but the others don't."

"You an' me are the only ones that knows the secret, I guess. Some day, fore he dies, I'm goin' to take up that headstone an' hide it, but he'll never know it's done—no, sir—not 'til he gets to the judgment seat, anyway."

The old man rose and straightened himself and blew out his breath and brushed his hands upon his trousers by way of stepping down into this world again out of the close and dusty loft of his memory. But I called him back.

"What has become of Enoch?" I asked.

"Wal, sir, Enoch started off West 'bout three year ago an' we ain't heard a word from him since that day—nary a word, mister. I suppose we will some time. He grew into a good man, but there was a kind of a queer streak in the blood, as ye might say, on both sides kind o'. We wrote letters out to Wisconsin, where he was p'intin' for, an' to places on the way, but we can't get no news 'bout him. Mebbe he was killed by the Injuns."

We walked out of the graveyard together in silence.

I could see a glimmer of a light in the thicket of pines down the valley. I unblinded and mounted my horse.

"Take the first turn to the right," said the old man as he picked up his scythe.

"I'm very much obliged to you," I said.

"No ye ain't, nuther," he answered. "Leastways there ain't no reason why ye should be."

My horse, impatient as ever to find the end of the road, hurried me along and in a moment or two we were down under the pine grove that surrounded the house of old Squire Fullerton—a big, stone house with a graveled road around it. A great black dog came barking and growling at me from the front porch. I rode around the house and he followed. Beyond the windows I could see the gleam of candlelight and moving figures. A man came out of the back door as I neared it.

"Who's there?" he demanded.

"My name is Barton Baynes, from St. Lawrence county. Kate Fullerton is my friend and I wish to see her."

"Come up to the steps, son. Don't git off yer horse—'til I've chained the dog. Kate'll be out in a minute."

He chained the dog to the hitching post and as he did so a loud, long, wailing cry broke the silence of the house. It put me in mind of the complaint of the damned which I remembered hearing the minister describe years before at the little schoolhouse in Lickitysplit. How it harrowed me!

The man went into the house. Soon he came out of the door with a lighted candle in his hand, a woman following. How vividly I remember the little murmur of delight that came from her lips when he held the candle so that its light fell upon my face! I jumped off my horse and gave the reins to the man and put my arms around the poor woman, whom I loved for her sorrows and for my debt to her, and rained kisses upon her withered cheek. Oh God! what a moment it was for both of us!

The way she held me to her breast and patted my shoulder and said "my boy!"—in a low, faint, treble voice so like that of a child—it is one of the best memories that I take with me into the new life now so near, from which there is no returning.

She led me into the house. She looked very neat now—in a black gown over which was a spotless white apron and collar of lace—and much more slender than when I had seen her last. She took me into a large room in the front of the house with a carpet and furniture, handsome once but now worn and decrepit. Old, time-stained engravings of scenes from the Bible, framed in wood, hung on the walls.

I told her that I had heard from home and of my life in Cobleskill but observed, presently, a faraway look in her eyes and judged that she was not hearing me. She whispered:

"Sally?"

"She has been at school in Albany for a year," I said. "She is at home now and I am going to see her."

"You love Sally?" she whispered.

"Better than I love my life."

"Again she whispered: "Get married!"

"We were here in 1844. I have agreed to meet her by the big pine tree on the river bank at eleven o'clock the third of June, 1844. We are looking forward to that day."

A tall, slim woman entered the room then and said that supper was ready. Kate rose with a smile and I followed her into the dining room where two tables were spread. One had certain

dishes on it and a white cover, frayed and worn. She led me to the other table which was neatly covered with snowy linen. The tall woman served a supper on deep blue china, cooked as only they could cook in old New England. Meanwhile I could hear the voice of the aged squire—a weird, empty, inhuman wail. It was, utterly cut off from his intelligence. It came out of the troubled depths of his misery.

So that house—the scene of his great sin which would presently lie down with him in the dust—was flooded, a hundred times a day, by the unhappy spirit of its master. In the dead of the night I heard its despair echoing through the silent chambers.

Kate said little as we ate, or as we sat together in the shabby, great room after supper, but she seemed to enjoy my talk and I went into the details of my personal history.

The look on her face, even while I was speaking, indicated that her thoughts wandered, restlessly, in the gloomy desert of her past. I thought of that gay, birdlike youth of hers of which the old man with the scythe had told me, and wondered. As I was thinking of this there came a cry from the aged squire so loud and doleful that it startled me and I turned and looked toward the open door.

Kate rose and came to my side and leaned toward my ear whispering:

"It is my father. He is always thinking of when I was a girl. He wants me."

She made me good night and left the room. Doubtless it was the outraged, departed spirit of that golden time which was haunting the old squire. A Bible lay on the table near me and I sat reading it for an hour or so. A tall clock in a corner solemnly tolled the hour of nine. In came the tall woman and asked me in the brogue of the Irish:

"Would you like to go to bed?"

"Yes, I am tired."

She took a candle and led me up a broad oaken stairway and into a room of the most generous proportions. A big four-post bedstead, draped in white, stood against a wall. The bed, sheathed in old linen, had quilted covers. The room was noticeably clean; its furniture of old mahogany and its carpet comparatively un worn.

When I undressed I dreaded to put out the candle. For the first time in years I had a kind of child-fer of the night. But I went to bed at last and slept raptly, waking often when the cries of the old squire came flooding through the walls. How I longed for the light of the morning! It came at last and I rose and dressed and went out of doors.

Kate met me at the door when I went back into the house and kissed my cheek and again I heard those half-spoken words: "My boy." I ate my breakfast with her and when I was about to get into my saddle at the door I gave her a hug and, as she tenderly patted my cheek, a smile lighted her countenance so that it seemed to shine upon me. I have never forgotten its serenity and sweetness.

CHAPTER XVII.

I Started in a Long Way.

We reached Canton at six o'clock in the evening of a beautiful summer day. I went at once to call upon the Dunkelbergs and learned from a man at work in the dooryard that they had gone away for the summer. How keen was my disappointment! I went to the tavern and got my supper and then over to Ashery lane to see Michael Hackett and his family. I found the schoolmaster playing his violin.

"Now God be praised—here is Bart!" he exclaimed as he put down his instrument and took my hands in his. "I've heard, my boy, how bravely ye've weathered the capes an' I'm proud o' ye—that I am!"

I wondered what he meant for a second and then asked:

"How go these days with you?"

"Swift as the weaver's shuttle," he answered. "Sit you down, while I call the family. They're out in the kitchen putting the dishes away. Many hands make light labor."

They came quickly and gathered about me—a noisy, happy group. The younger children kissed me and sat on my knees and gave me the small news of the neighborhood.

How good were the look of those friendly faces and the full-hearted pleasure of the whole family at my coming!

"What a joy for the spare room!" exclaimed the schoolmaster. "Sure I wouldn't wonder if the old bed was dancin' on its four legs this very minute."

"I intend to walk up to the hills to-night," I said.

"Up to the hills?" he exclaimed merrily. "An' the Hackets lyin' awake thinkin' o' ye on the dark road? Try it, boy, an' ye'll get a crack with the ruler and an hour after school. Yer aunt and uncle will be stronger to stand yer comin' with the night's rest upon them. Ye wouldn't be routin' them out o' bed an' then, my kind-hearted 'ad, ye must give a thought to

Michael Henry. He's still alive an' stronger than ever—thank God!"

So, although I longed for those most dear to me up in the hills, I spent the night with the Hackets and the schoolmaster and I sat an hour together after the family had gone to bed.

"How are the Dunkelbergs?" I asked.

"Sunk in the soft embrace o' luxury," he answered. "Grimshaw made him; Grimshaw liked him. He was always ready to lick the boots o' Grimshaw. It turned out that Grimshaw left him an annuity of three thousand dollars, which he can enjoy as long as he observes one condition."

"What is that?"

"He must not let his daughter marry no Barton Baynes, late o' the town o' Ballybeen. How is that for spite, my boy? They say it's written down in the will."

I think that he must have seen the flame of color playing on my face, for he quickly added:

"Don't worry, lad. The will o' God is greater than the will o' Grimshaw. He made you two for each other and she will be true to ye, as true as the needle to the north star."

"Do you think so?"

"Sure I do. Didn't she as much as tell me that here in this room—not a week ago? She loves ye, boy, as true as God loves ye, an' she's a girl of a thousand."

"Why did they go away? Was it because I was coming?"

"I think it likely, my fine lad. The man heard o' it some way—perhaps through yer uncle. He's crazy for the money, but he'll get over that. Leave him to me. I've a fine course o' instruction ready for my lord o' Dunkelberg."

"I think I shall go and try to find her," I said.

"I am to counsel ye about that," said the schoolmaster. "She's as keen as a briar—the fox! She says, 'Keep away. Don't alarm him, or he'll bundle us off to Europe for two or three years.'"

"So there's the trail ye travel, my boy. It's the one that keeps away. Don't let him think ye're anything up the sleeve o' yer mind. Ah, my lad, I know the heart o' youth! Ye'd like to be puttin' yer arms around her—wouldn't ye, now? Sure, there's time enough! Ye're in the old treadmill o' God—the both o' ye! Ye're bein' weighed an' tried for the great prize. It's not pleasant, but it's better so. Go on, now, an' do yer best an' what ever comes take it like a man."

A little silence followed. He broke it with these words:

"Ye're done with that business in Cobleskill, an' I'm glad. Ye didn't know ye were bein' tried there—did ye? Ye've stood it like a man. What will ye be doin' now?"

"I'd like to go to Washington with the senator."

He laughed heartily.

"I was hopin' ye'd say that," he went on. "Well, boy, I think it can be arranged. I'll see the senator as soon as ever he comes an' I believe he'll be glad to know o' yer wishes. I think he's been hopin', like, that ye would propose it. Go up to the farm and spend a happy month or two with yer aunt an' uncle. It'll do ye good. Ye've been growin' plump down there. Go an' melt it off in the fields."

A little more talk and we were off to bed with our candles.

Next morning I went down into the main street of the village before leaving for home. I wanted to see how it looked and, to be quite frank, I wanted some of the people of Canton to see how I looked, for my clothes were of the best cloth and cut in the latest fashion. Many stopped me and shook their heads and women who had never noticed me before, but there was a quality in their smiles that I didn't quite enjoy. I know now that they thought me a little too grand on the outside. What a stern-souled lot those Yankee were! "All ain't gold that glitters." How often I had heard that version of the old motto!

"Why, you look like the senator when he is just gittin' home from the capital," said Mr. Jenison.

They were not yet willing to take me at the par of my appearance.

I met Betsy Price—one of my schoolmates—on the street. She was very cordial and told me that the Dunkelbergs had gone to Saratoga.

"I got a letter from Sally this mornin'," Betsy went on. "She said that young Mr. Latour was at the same hotel and that he and her father were good friends."

I wonder if she really enjoyed sticking this thorn into my flesh—a thorn which made it difficult for me to follow the advice of the schoolmaster and robbed me of the little peace I might have enjoyed. My faith in Sally wavered up and down until it settled at its wonted level and reassured me.

It was a perfect summer morning and I enjoyed my walk over the familiar road and up into the hill country. The birds seemed to sing a welcome to me. Men and boys I had known waved their hats in the hayfields and looked at me. There are few pleasures in this world like that of a boy getting home after a long absence.

Wrist Blotter.

In these days of wrist watches there seems to be a call for the simple wrist blotter recently invented by Harland W. Cardwell of Texarkana, Tex. This device consists merely of a curved blotter block, blotter and wrist strap, so that the blotter may be worn on the right hand of the user. Thus the blotter is instantly available for use, and the pen does not have to be laid down.

Optimistic Thought.

If illness has its trials it also has its blessings.

MARKETS

MILWAUKEE MARKETS.

Butter.
Creamery, tubs 60@61c
Prints 61@62c
Firsts 59@60c
Seconds 54@56c

Cheese.
Twins 28@29c
Daisies 29@30c
Longhorns 28@29c
Brick, fancy 27@28c

Eggs.
Firsts 40@41c
Current receipts, fresh as to quality 39@40c
Checks 30@32c
Dirties 32@34c

Live Poultry.
Springers 33@34c
Hens 34@36c
Roosters 28@29c

Grain.
Corn—
No. 3 yellow \$1.74@1.75
Standard 74@ 75
No. 3 white 73@ 74
No. 4 white 72@ 73

Rye—
No. 2 1.83@1.84
Barley—
Big-berried 1.29@1.30
Fair to good 1.21@1.24
Low grades 1.15@1.20

Hay.
Choice timothy \$3.50@34.00
No. 1 timothy 32.00@32.00
No. 2 timothy 29.00@31.00
Rye straw 9.50@10.00

Hogs.
Prims, heavy butchers \$20.70@20.90
Fair to prime light 20.00@20.50
Pigs 17.70@19.00

Cattle.
Steers \$ 9.25@18.50
Cows 6.00@15.00
Heifers 6.25@15.00
Calves 12.50@17.75

MINNEAPOLIS MARKETS.
Grain.
Corn—
No. 3 yellow \$1.72@1.73
Oats—
No. 3 white 69@ 70
Rye—
No. 2 1.80@1.81
Wheat 4.06@4.08

Grain, Provisions, Etc.
Chicago, April 23.
Corn—
Open High Low Close
May 1.58-1.59 1.72 1.65 1.66
July 1.68-1.69 1.70 1.65 1.65-1.65 1/2
Sept. 1.64-1.65 1.67 1.65 1.62-1.62 1/2

Oats—
May 73-74 73 73 73
July 72-73 73 73 73
Sept. 68-70 72 69 69

Rye—
May 1.81 1.79 1.79
July 1.82 1.80 1.80

Flour—Per bbl., in June, 98-lb. sack basis: Barley flour, \$9.00; corn flour, \$8.20; white rye flour, \$8.50; dark rye, \$8.30; spring wheat, \$12.50; first clear, in June, \$10.00; second clear, \$7.00; special brands, \$12.70; hard winter, \$12.25@12.50; soft winter, \$11.70. These prices apply to car lots except for special brands.

HAY—Choice timothy and No. 1, \$37.00@38.00; standard, \$36.00@37.00; No. 1 light clover, mixed, \$25.00@26.00; No. 2 timothy, \$24.00@25.00; No. 3, \$23.00@24.00; clover, \$22.00@23.00.

BUTTER—Creamery, extra, 92 score, 40 @90c; higher scoring commands a premium; firsts, 91 score, 90c; 88-90 score, 87c @89c; seconds, 83-87 score, 82@87c; centrifugal, 80c; ladies, 47@48c; renovated, 52c; packing stock, 47@48c. Prices to retail trade: Extra tubs, 63c; prints, 65c.

EGGS—Fresh firsts, 42@43c; ordinary firsts, 39@40c; miscellaneous lots, cases included, 41@42c; cases returned, 40@41c; extra, packed in whitewood cases, 47c @48c; checks, 36@37c; dirties, 34@35c; storage packed firsts, 43c @44c; extras, 41c.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

The smallest bark on life's tumultuous ocean will leave a track behind forever more; The almighty wave of influence set in motion extends and widens to the eternal shore.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A rainy day is often as beneficial to a household as to the soil, for on such days many odd pieces of work may be finished and leftovers done. One is less likely to have interruptions on such days and much may be accomplished. This is a good time to straighten dresser drawers and arrange closets. Rainy days are good days to plan an outline of work, meals and other important work.

For children's parties a clever little cake that delights the small folks is made by using animal crackers dipped in heavy sirup and then fasten them in an upright position on satines or long narrow crackers. The eyes may be made with drops of chocolate and other additions will occur to the decorator.

Never shake rugs or hang them on lines to be beaten. One such treatment may ruin a rug. Place them on the ground and beat them, sweeping after each beating. The vacuum cleaner does away with all this drudgery as well as wearing by cleaning.

When out of cake put delicate crackers together with frosting. Chopped nuts and raisins may be added and the frosting may be varied in other ways. A pretty way of serving butter when entertaining is to make three small balls instead of one, and insert stems from parsley, using a stalk with three stems.

A good wall paper cleaner: Take a cupful of sifted flour, one tablespoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of kerosene, two tablespoonfuls of ammonia and a half cupful of water. Mix in a small saucupan and cook until the moisture is evaporated, stirring constantly. Remove from the fire and knead with the hands until smooth. Use a small piece, kneading and turning to keep the clean side out to rub the paper.

If slippers slip at the heel paste a small piece of velvet inside the heel. To remove the shine from garments, rub lightly with a piece of emery paper.

No, the heart that has truly loved never forgets. But as truly loves on to the close. As the sunflower turns to her god when he sets. The same look which she turned when he rose.

FOR THE SWEET COURSE.

As a finish to the dinner a heavy dessert is often out of place. The light dessert satisfies and is much better for the average person.

A cream puff filled with ice cream is one that will not overburden the stomach, or other filling may be used, such as a cooked custard or a chocolate filling. These may be filled and heaped in a handsome dish, making a pretty as well as toothsome dessert.

Chocolate Junket.—Bring to a luke-warm heat a pint of good, rich, sweet milk. Stir in half a cupful of sugar, a third of a cupful of boiling water, a quarter of a cupful of grated chocolate, with half of a teaspoonful of cold water. Flavor with vanilla and pour out in sherbet cups to set. Serve topped with whipped cream and a sprinkling of nuts.

Orange Cream.—Beat until stiff one pint of heavy cream. Soak half a package of gelatin in a cupful of cold water until dissolved. Beat the yolks of three eggs; add the strained juice of two large oranges and the rind of one. Add a cupful of boiling water, the eggs, and cook until thick, then add the softened gelatin and a cupful of powdered sugar. Pour into halves of oranges to mold. Kumquats make a good garnish for this dish to be used when it is served in sherbet cups.

Apple Trifle.—Take a pint of well-seasoned apple sauce, put through a sieve and reheat. Soften half a package of gelatin in cupful of cold water and stir it into the hot sauce. When well dissolved and the sauce is quite cold, fold in a pint of whipped cream flavored with nutmeg or grated lemon peel, or with any desired flavor. Turn into a mold that has been wet with cold water and let stand in a cold place for several hours. Serve unmolded on a platter, surrounded with a custard or with whipped cream.

Strangled by Bean.
Lawton, Okla.—John Coryell, the one year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Coryell, died the other day in the office of a physician as the result of swallowing a bean. The bean lodged in the child's throat and swelled, causing strangulation.

Have Good Taste.
Los Angeles, Cal.—Burglars have good taste. One stole 16 rolls of butter and three dozen eggs from E. F. Johnson's grocery and ignored \$14 in the open cash drawer.

Washington — Credits to the allies were announced by the treasury as follows: France, \$50,000,000, and Roumania, \$5,000,000, making a total for France to date of \$2,752,477,000; for Roumania \$25,000,000 and a total for all allies of \$3,188,827,000.

Burlington—The Business Men's association subscribed over \$15,000 to build homes. The fund will be used to loan those who desire to build.

J. Lambeck, M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT GLASSES FITTED

Office Hours:—10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 3 to 6 p.m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m. Telephone 9 272

ROOM 224-25, MEECHAN AND MANUFACTURERS BANK BLDG. WEST WATER ST. Milwaukee, Wis.

G. KONITZ

SHOE STORE

All kinds of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children always carried in stock

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Kewaskum, Wisconsin

MRS. K. ENDLICH

Carpet Weaver

Kewaskum, Wis.

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS

are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

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BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, CIRCULARS, PROGRAMMES, INVITATIONS, SALE BILLS, POSTERS,

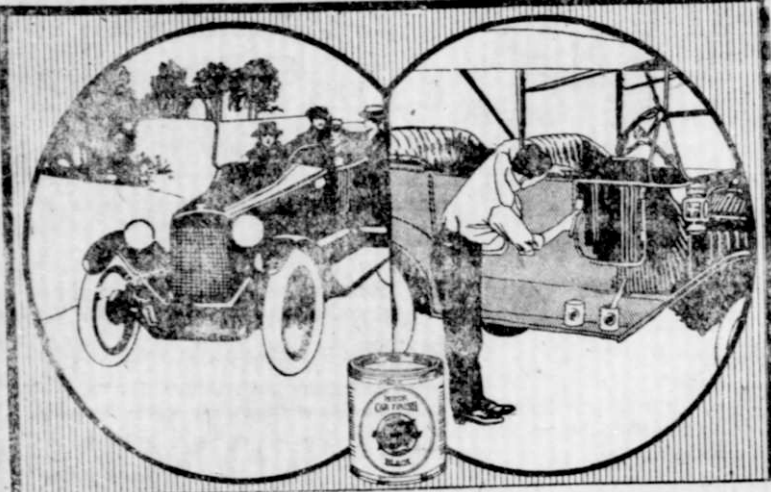
AND ALL SORTS OF Job Work

CALL AT THIS OFFICE

Come and see samples of work and get our prices before going anywhere else. New type, fast presses, best material and competent workmen.

Nellie Maxwell

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Keep Your Car Spick and Span

If your car is mud-stained, weather worn and shabby, refinish it with Acme Quality Motor Car Finishes. Their use makes re-finishing inexpensive, they are easy to apply, and by following the simple instructions a beautiful and lasting finish may be obtained.

ACME QUALITY MOTOR CAR FINISHES

are offered in popular colors, as used by the leading manufacturers. They are made especially for automobile use, and are recommended to the automobile owner, no matter whether he expects to do the work himself, or employ an expert finisher.

Call at our store, and let us show you color samples.

A. G. KOCH, Kewaskum, Wis.

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- What Fond du Lac County is doing.
- What the State of Wisconsin is doing.
- What the World is doing.

The way to find out is to subscribe for

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Fond du Lac, Wisconsin

The Daily Reporter has the complete leased wire news service of the International News Association of New York, running directly into its office. It gives you all the NEWS while it is NEWS. It's the paper you'll like with special features for every member of the family. Brings up Father, by George M. Manous, one of the best comics in America, runs daily in The Reporter.

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HARNESS AND COLLARS

It is the time of the year when you should look after them. Have the old ones repaired and oiled, or if they are too poor to do the season's work get a new set at Val. Peters' for \$75.00. I will oil your team harness for \$1.00, if you take it apart and clean it; you also to buckle it up. If I do all the work, I will charge you \$2.25. Also make your Heps lay by giving them Fleck's Poultry Powder. Get your Gloves and Mittens at



VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis



CONSULT WM. LEISSRING

ABOUT YOUR EYESIGHT

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REPUBLICAN HOUSE Kewaskum, every 2nd Wednesday of each month from 9 to 12 A. M.
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a Day will bring the world famous SINGER SEWING MACHINE into your home.

The Singer Sewing Machine is known by reputation and practical use in millions of families to be the most durable and lightest running sewing machine in the world. Therefore, when you are considering the purchase of a sewing machine you should buy a SINGER. Where purchase is made for economy only, the Singer will be found the most economical machine to buy, because it is not high priced and will outlast any other make. "SINGER" is the name that stands for highest quality in Sewing Machines. No matter what type you require, two-thread or single thread, either round or long bobbin, you can be suited as to style and price.

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Dull, lifeless eyes, colorless lips, sallow, yellow cheeks, give a girl little chance for a "man" these days. Don't lose heart, just take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea—helps to make you attractive and fair. Don't delay begin today.—Ed. C. Miller.

CAMPBELLSPORT

S. Tuttle spent Friday in the village.

J. Hendricks was at Fond du Lac Saturday.

H. Krueger was a business caller here Friday.

B. Romaine transacted business in the village Friday.

H. F. Sackett was a pleasant village visitor Tuesday.

Miss L. Brown visited with her parents here Wednesday.

Chas. Behnke was a Milwaukee business caller Tuesday.

F. Haessly called on old time friends in the village Thursday.

Chas. Van De Zande transacted business at Oshkosh Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Tuttle visited with relatives at Milwaukee Monday.

Miss Pearl Sackett of Fond du Lac called on her parents here Saturday.

B. Doyle, Sam Grossen, Mrs. A. Bauer, spent Wednesday at Fond du Lac.

H. Husting was at West Bend on Thursday where he spent the day on business.

Thos. Dieringer, E. Flitter, Chas. Van De Zande, were County Seat callers Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Scholler and children of Random Lake called on friends here Saturday.

John Loeb, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Kohler, P. Uelmen, Miss G. Paas, and W. Meyers were at Fond du Lac the forepart of the week.

P. M. Schaefer, Chas. Laue, Mrs. W. Kloke, H. A. Wrucke, Miss M. McGinty, were at Fond du Lac Thursday, where they transacted business and also visited with relatives and friends while there.

WAUCOUSTA

W. Rattey of Fond du Lac called here Friday.

James Foley of Campbellsport called here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Wack spent Saturday at Forest.

W. Pohlman of Fond du Lac was a caller here Thursday.

C. F. Burnett of Campbellsport was a caller here Tuesday.

J. Diekmann of Campbellsport was a business caller here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bartelt were Campbellsport callers Monday.

Esther Exner and Madeline Gaynor were to Fond du Lac Saturday.

A. C. Buslaff is spending a few days with relatives at Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Montgomery of Beloit called on friends here Monday.

John Buslaff and sister Marie made a business trip to Campbellsport on Tuesday.

Charles Philips and niece Miss Helen Rand of Eden visited friends here last Saturday.

Mrs. Carl Hutz of Dundee is visiting here with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wagner and family.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Burnett and family spent Sunday at the John Corbett home in Dundee.

William Jandre, Mrs. Pearl Jandre and son Gerald of New Prospect were callers here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Thompson and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Austin at Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Angels of Armstrong spent Monday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Buslaff here.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

SOUTH EDEN

(Too Late For Last Week)

Art. Seefeld spent Sunday with Albert Baumhardt.

Dr. J. McCarty was a caller in this vicinity Saturday evening.

Albert Baumhardt was a business caller at Campbellsport Saturday.

Chas. Seefeld was a business caller at Fond du Lac one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Baumhardt were business callers at Fond du Lac Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Strupp and daughter Ione spent Sunday with relatives in Auburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartelt at Middletown.

Mrs. Joe. Flood and sons Ambrose, Harold and Irving were to Fond du Lac Monday evening.

Henry Bonaster was a pleasant caller at the home of Mrs. Fred Baumhardt Sunday evening.

Mrs. Otto Dehner and children spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bonaster.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt and daughter Geraldine were visitors at Forest Lake Monday evening.

Mrs. Joe Flood is spending a few days at Milwaukee where she was called on account of the death of her brother.

Misses Bernice and Viola Baumhardt and brother Francis of Fond du Lac spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt.

FOR A SPRAINED ANKLE.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

DUNDEE

Charles Baetz has purchased a new car.

Mrs. H. Mangan was at Sheboygan Friday.

Ed. Koehn has rented his farm to Mr. Schleif of Milwaukee.

L. J. Crosby of Fond du Lac was a caller in the village Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Calvey entertained friends near Cascade Sunday.

Orin Worden and M. Gilboy were at Fond du Lac on business Wednesday.

Bert Newton and wife are spending the week with friends and relatives here.

George Twohig of Armstrong was a business caller in the village Saturday.

Mrs. A. Brown spent several days of last week with her daughter, Mrs. F. Beggans.

Reilly & Ninneman, real estate dealers were business callers in the village Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Habeck of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with the William Hennings family.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Born, on April 19, a daughter, Rose Mary, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beggans. Mrs. Beggans was formerly Crissie Brown of this village.

The class to be confirmed May 27th are May Murphy, Ruth Calvey, Beulah Calvey, Vera Gariety, Lucile White, Cordel Bartelt, Catherine Harrington, Norman Seifert, George Eggers, Lehman White and Edward Gariety.

LAKE FIFTEEN

Gust Lavrenz was a business caller at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

Mrs. Chas. Bleck spent Monday afternoon with Mrs. Wm. Schmidt, Sr.

Arthur Lade of Morrison, Ill., spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Gust Lavrenz and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Kneewald spent Wednesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Willie Wunder.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hahn and family visited Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Gatzke and family.

Mrs. Martin and daughter of Antigo, Wis., are visiting with their daughter Blanche and Mr. and Mrs. Will Odekirk.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Otto Lavrenz and son Otto and Miss Clara Schroeder and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Krainbrink of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Wunder.

Those who spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bleck and family were: Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Lavrenz and daughter Emma, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fick, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Schmidt, Jr., Herbert Haack, Lucie Schmidt, Rose and Gertrude Dickmann, Marie and Leona Wunder, Louise Giese of Random Lake and Rudy Bleck of Scott and Paul Bleck of Fond du Lac.

ASHFORD

John Etrum of Waukesha spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Wm. Jaeger, Sr., is visiting her daughter in Chicago.

Adolph and Miss Alexia Muel autted to Fond du Lac Friday.

Jos. Lehner and mother visited the latter's daughter, Mrs. Wm. Driekson Sunday.

Harlin Zehren of Milwaukee, who recently returned from over seas spent a few days of the week with relatives here.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Among those who spent a day at Fond du Lac this week were Joseph Jerome, Anna and Loretta Schill, Misses Agnes and Flora Bodden and Mike and Matt Thelen.

NEW FANE

Miss Margaret Schiltz spent Monday at Fond du Lac.

Frank Schultz was a Milwaukee business caller last Saturday.

Frank Ehert had a telephone installed in his residence Wednesday.

Jacob Schiltz attended the Assessors Convention at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

Jacob Ferber and Mr. Wada of Campbellsport spent Sunday with Hy. Firks.

Nick Thoennes of Saukville visited a few days with Nick Hammen and family.

Jacob Schiltz moved his saw mill to Joe. Seil's place north of Beechwood Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pesch and Miss Skelton visited Sunday with the Pesch family at Campbellsport.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Sunday, May 4—Grand dance in Wm. Hess' hall, New Fane, Wis. Music will be furnished by Roden Bros. orchestra. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

COUNTY SCHOOL COLUMN

Diploma Examinations

Diploma examinations for rural school pupils will be held in the following centers on two consecutive Saturdays, May 10th and May 17th: West Bend High School, Hartford High School, Kewaskum High School, South Germantown State Graded School, Richfield State Graded School, and the Allenton School. The following is the schedule to be followed:

First Day, May 10th—9:00 to 9:15, Enrollment and Regulations; 9:15 to 10:45, Civics; 10:45 to 12:00, Language; 1:00 to 2:15, Physiology and Hygiene; 2:15 to 3:45, Geography; 3:45 to 4:15, Spelling.

Second Day, May 17th—9:00 to 10:30 Arithmetic; 10:30 to 12:00, Agriculture; 1:00 to 2:30, History; 2:30 to —, Reading.

Examinations for State Graded School graduates will be held in the respective state graded schools by the principals in charge, on May 12th and 13th. Questions will be furnished from the County Superintendent's office.

Spring Teachers' Examinations

The Spring Examinations for teachers will be held at the Court House at West Bend, Wis., on June 2nd and 3rd, 1919. The following schedule will be followed: First Day: 9:00 to 10:30, History and English Literature; 10:30 to 12:00, Physics and Grammar; 1:00 to 2:00, Algebra and Agriculture; 2:00 to 3:00, Physiology; 3:00 to 4:00, Rural Economics and Theory and Art of Teaching; Spelling 4:00 to —.

Due to the fact that it will be most convenient for nearly all applicants to write at West Bend, only one examination will be conducted this spring.

Oak Knoll School Notes.

The following visited school the past month: State Supervisor Miss Reynolds, Supervisor Olga Hnug, Co. Supt. Alva Groth, County Agricultural Agent Geo. Blank, Louise Riesch, Director J. N. Peters, Treasurer John Wakner, Walter Baer and Erwin Peters.

A product map of Wisconsin was made by the Geography class.

A School History for the years 1917-1919 was written by the Oak Knoll Literary Society. This not only gives the pupils a splendid practice in composition work but furnishes excellent material for the state.

Last week County Agent George Blank gave a talk to the school children on grain diseases and how to prevent them, and also spoke of the great harm done to the wheat by the Barberry. The talk was both interesting and instructive, and very much appreciated by both teacher and pupils.

Webster Tennies entered school this week.

The manual training boys received quite a compliment from our rural mail carrier Mr. Schrupp. One morning as he came by with the mail, the boys were busy raking off the stones from the road near the school. He was greatly pleased and hopes other districts will follow the suggestion. It was also good exercise for the boys.

Drawings in fruit were made by the primary children. The upper grades made drawings of scenery in color.

If half the time of each recitation were spent by the teacher working with the pupils in preparation for the next day's work, pupils would work more intelligently, more rapidly, and with greater interest than otherwise. This does not mean doing the work for the pupils, but bringing into the pupil's consciousness the knowledge which must be utilized in the mastery of the new and drilling him to do accurately and readily the thing which must be in the mastery of the law.

CEDAR LAWN

John L. Gudex transacted business at Fond du Lac Monday.

The A. S. of E. shipped stock from Campbellsport Wednesday.

Byron and Maurice Rosenheimer of Kewaskum called here on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gudex visited the Anton Bertram family last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Kraemer called on the Charles Holz family last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chares Buchner were at Fond du Lac on business last Monday.

The August Hoerth family visited the Jacob Scheid family in Ashford last Sunday.

A. Buehner of Osceola is visiting this week with his son Charles Buehner and family.

J. Knickel and daughter, Mrs. Lewis Tuttle were business callers at Fond du Lac last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ruch and children of Campbellsport visited with the John Hughes family last Sunday.

Go to Kewaskum, Tuesday, May 6th and see the War Exhibit Train from 3 o'clock until 4:40 o'clock in the afternoon. It is free.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward McEnrow and son Lawrence who recently returned home from the war stricken country of Europe visited at the Charles Lichtensteiger home last Monday.

You'd think he'd have better sense says Big Brody



"Tim isn't extravagant, exactly, but he don't know what to buy. He aims to get the biggest plug for his money. "He would get real tobacco satisfaction with Genuine Gravely

and spend less money for tobacco."

Good taste, smaller chew, longer life is what makes Genuine Gravely cost less to chew than ordinary plug.

Write to—
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Peyton Brand REAL CHEWING PLUG

Plug packed in pouch

WORK is a PLEASURE

with a Colt Cooking and Lighting Plant, one that will give you a bright light in every room in the house and barn, and a stove and iron in the kitchen, to make house work a pleasure without the use of high speed machinery or noises around your buildings. There are hundreds of thousands in use all over the United States, and are on the permitted list of the National Board of Fire Underwriters under Class A and are also endorsed by a good many responsible old line insurance companies as a safe light and the gas is non-poisonous and no one will be over-come from it.

All lights are equipped to turn on without matches, while the gas range is operated exactly as are similar ranges in city homes everywhere. This is unquestionably the most desirable, practical and economical lighting and cooking service available for country home use—a claim amply attested by the fact that the Carbide Plant always has and still does out-sell all rival "light systems" after fifteen years of strenuous competition.

These plants are sold direct from the factory to you by a field representative; by this you save the dealer's profits and the cost of a plant complete with stove, iron and fixtures and installed ready for use, is very low. Liberty Bonds accepted at par.

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