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Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIV

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, FEB. 1, 1919

NUMBER

SERVED IN GUARD TO THE PRESIDENT

Sergt. Otto Braun of Campbellsport was chosen by General Glenn as one of the Presidential Guards in Paris. Sergt. Braun is well and favorably known in this village, as previous to his enlisting in the army, he was employed in the stucco business.

The Fond du Lac Commonwealth has the following to say of Sergt. Braun.

The December 27th, 1918, Paris edition of the New York Herald contains an article describing how this guard company was selected. Gen. Pershing selected Maj. Gen. Edward F. Glenn, of Ohio, to select the guard company of two hundred and fifty stalwart American soldiers to be the guard of the Presidential and Peace Commission. The article follows:

"This is to be the only American company on duty at the Versailles conference and will have the honor of serving with the cream of the world's soldiers. Gen. Pershing, knowing Gen. Glenn's ability to pick men and realizing the vast number of men under his command from whom he could choose, called upon the Ohio military leader to furnish a guard of honor for President Wilson. The general spent two days in going around the area inspecting practically every company and picking out the best appearing and most intelligent soldiers. It was the ambition of every soldier in the district to be among the chosen few who would serve at the history making conference. Eighty-one men who had qualified for commissions at the Army Candidate School just before its close, signified their desire to Gen. Glenn by preferring to be privates in the guard of honor rather than sergeants in other formations. The general personally interviewed most of the men and in picking them had in mind physical qualities and general value of service. When Gen. Glenn's guard snaps into its movements at Versailles in the new equipment which was issued just before the company left LeMans, individually and collectively it will present the appearance of the magazine-cover doughboy."

Sergt. Otto E. Braun was formerly a member of Co. E and when the division was made a member of Co. M of Fond du Lac, and who has been a sergeant in Co. D, 121st Machine Gun Battalion, in the last days of October was sent from the front line to an officers school. When the fighting ceased he was sent to LeMans, a classification camp. To this camp General Glenn came in making his selection of two hundred and fifty men for the Presidential and Peace Commission guard. Six officers lined the men up and selected what they desired. Sergt. Otto E. Braun was one of the men selected and after the whole two hundred and fifty had been selected it was necessary to select twelve of them to act as sergeants and Sergt. Braun was again selected as one of the sergeants.

The conference will doubtless last from six months to a year. All of the men selected who are acting as privates in this company are sergeants or sergeant-majors. Eighty-seven of them had qualified as commissioned officers. Three of the guard are from the 32nd Division."

AMUSEMENT

Sunday, Feb. 2nd.—Grand dance at the Opera House, Kewaskum. Music by the Gibson orchestra of Appleton. All are welcomed to attend.

Friday evening, Feb. 7th.—Big Basketball game, Kewaskum 30th Separate Co., vs. Campbellsport 28th Separate Co. W. S. G. R. Admission 25 and 25 cents. Dance after the game. Music by the Kewaskum military orchestra.

Saturday, Feb. 15th.—Grand Firemen's dance in Frank Wier's hall, Wayne, Wis. Music by the Princess Mandolin Orchestra of Milwaukee. All are cordially invited to attend.

Sunday, Feb. 16th.—Grand dance in the Opera House, Kewaskum. Music by the Biel Girl's orchestra of Beaver Dam. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

BADGER GUARDS MAY SOON COME HOME

The matter of sending the Thirty-Second and Forty-Second National Guard Divisions home, are now being considered by the War Department. It is stated that the National Guard division will be sent home as near as possible in the order they went to France. These units are now awaiting sailing orders.

ORGANIZE HOME GUARD BASKET BALL TEAM.

Several of the young men of this village, who were mustered into military service the early part of the winter have organized a basket ball team, known as the Kewaskum 30th Separate Company W. S. G. R. Basket Ball Team. The boys are old and experienced players and have done some hard and extensive practicing the past month, and have rounded themselves into such shape as to be able to cope with the best guard teams in the state, others need not challenge them.

All of the players are members of the Kewaskum 30th Separate Company, and will therefore be run strictly under the rules and regulations of the Company. All proceeds will go into said treasury.

A game has already been arranged between the Campbellsport 28th Separate Co.'s team, to be played on Friday evening, Feb. 7th, in the local Opera House. Both teams are working hard to carry home the bacon, and one of the fastest and best exhibition games of basket ball can be looked forward to, it is well known that Campbellsport has a crack team, and the only way to win from them will be by putting lots of pep and team work into the game. A dance will follow the game. Music will be furnished by the Kewaskum Military orchestra.

Following is the lineup of the local team: Norton Koerble, Center; Harry and Ralph Schaefer, Guards; August Bilgo and Maurice Rosenheimer Forwards; and Allie Schurr and Elroy Backhaus substitutes.

All the members of the 30th Separate Company are requested to attend this game in complete uniform.

STARTS A NEWSPAPER SYNDICATE

A new enterprise has been launched in this village the past week, known as the Kewaskum Newspaper Syndicate, with Geo. H. Schmidt, as manager. The plan of the syndicate will be to look after the interests of all newspapers and periodicals in this community, both as to renewals and new subscriptions. The new enterprise has already the authorization of a large number of papers and periodicals to represent them.

We would suggest that if any of your daily and weekly papers, and magazines, both English and German, expire or if you wish to subscribe to any newspaper or magazine, that you write or give Mr. Schmidt a call, it will pay you.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE

Whereas it has pleased the Almighty in his infinite wisdom to remove our esteemed neighbor, Joseph Honeck, from our camp to a place from where there is no return. Therefore be it Resolved, by Kewaskum Camp No. 2235 M. W. of A., that we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved widow in her deep affliction, and be it Further Resolved, that these resolutions be spread on the records of the camp and be printed in the Kewaskum Statesman, and a copy transmitted to the widow.

For the camp by John Muehlis, Clerk.

GETS HAND CAUGHT IN FEED CUTTER.

Joseph Flusch, aged 25 years, a son of Mrs. Anna Flusch, residing near St. Kilian, met with a very painful accident on Tuesday at his home. The young man was engaged in cutting feed at his home, when in some manner his right hand got caught in the feed cutting machine. The fingers were so badly mangled that it was necessary to remove them.

Last summer Mr. Flusch was kicked by a horse, suffering painful injuries. In May 1913 his brother was killed in a runaway at Lomira.

CARL URBAN JR. IS MARRIED

Carl Urban Jr., who for several years was employed as section foreman at Fond du Lac, and who is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Urban Sr. of this village, was married to Miss Eva Daehow of Fond du Lac. The marriage ceremony was performed by Justice of the Peace Carew of Fond du Lac. The young couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Math Balmore.

Mr. Urban is well and favorably known in this village, for many years he was a star baseball player on the Kewaskum City Team, playing the position of catcher. His many friends here wish them an abundance of success in their married life.

MANY INTERESTING LETTERS RECEIVED HERE THE PAST WEEK FROM THE BOYS OVER SEAS

WALTER SCHAEFER

Miss Corvna Schaefer is in receipt of the following letter from her brother Walter:

Leutesdorf, Germany, Dec. 18, 1918.

Dear Sister:— Last time I wrote we were on the other side of the Rhine in a town called Brohl. Now we are in Leutesdorf, on the opposite side of the river. From the outlook of things, we are going to spend our Christmas at the place we are now.

The chaplain of our battalion is putting up a big program for Xmas Eve. All the men who are going to take part in it are rehearsing now. Gee, I hope they will have turkey for dinner as we did not have any on Thanksgiving.

At present we are having it easy, nothing to do except stand a two hour watch on the telephone. Time passes very slowly now, waiting for the day we leave for the station, just like waiting for Xmas when we were kids.

Glad to hear that you received Carl's Xmas coupon. I also had one enclosed in the same letter but it must have been taken out by the censor who thought that the two coupons were for one person. In selecting our presents we decided to have things which were most useful to us.

Talking about high prices in the states, I guess we have you beat especially in Luxemburg and Germany. Imagine paying eight francs, which is equal to \$1.50 for a two pound jar of jam. Apples we bought six for three francs or 90 cents. German money has surely depreciated in value. Upon our march into Germany a mark was still worth its full value, which was 25 cents or 100 francs for 80 marks. Now a person can get 142 marks for 100 francs and one might get still more in a few weeks. I bet there is going to be a big celebration when the old Second Division hits New York.

You people over in the states celebrated peace too early. While you were celebrating, the Second Division went over the top. On the night of the tenth, I never expected to see another day, that's how I felt. You see, we were ordered to cross the Meuse River and make a surprise attack on the Germans on the opposite side. We lay upon the line from ten to four o'clock in the morning waiting for the orders to cross. The enemy kept a withering machine gun and artillery fire on the point where we had to cross on pontoon bridges. We knew that many lives would be lost trying to cross but as long as orders had to be carried out we kept right on. About six o'clock in the morning of Nov. 11 we lay in the woods before going into the lines. The Germans had been shelling our home all night and were still at it when we reached there, but at nine o'clock an order was read stating that the Germans had signed an armistice and hostilities were to cease at 11 o'clock. I don't think there was very much cheering done among our soldiers who were on the line, as you would think, but we were too tired and our hearts so full of joy that it was impossible to cheer.

It seemed strange to us that we heard shells whizzing over our heads and go to bed with a feeling of safety. We have been in five pitched battles not counting the time we spent in the trenches. I guess that enough was mentioned about the last scrap, so will close wishing you all a Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year.

Your son Walter.

RALPH PETRI

The following letter was received by Marshal George F. Brandt this week, from a long unheard-of friend, Sergeant Ralph Petri:

Nov. 19, 1918.

Dear George:— I feel just like writing a crazy letter so here it goes. Wasn't it dass, I bet that you don't know what that is. That is German.

Well I am sure having some experience in the old war, our outfit is going to Germany as the army of occupation. We are in France now which is not far from Germany. Luxemburg is where we are headed for on the map and I got my gun and a few hand grenades in my hip pocket as if they start some thing I will be ready to protect myself. Luxemburg is a tough place I guess considering all them Prussians that came from that other side from there. I bet fond a bit with her because when she says

about sleeping or somebody will come along and bear one of us. But at that I am again beginning to talk German again just the same so I can tell the Luxemburg stuff when I head in at. If you don't think so listen to this Trinkwasser, fliegerkeller, nach Coblenz, ortskommandatur, achtungfohlbahn, verboten, sehr gut. Ain't that good for reading the signs along the road for these days.

Of course my partner is learning me a lot of German to because he parleys it pretty good. His old man comes from Germany you know. My partner does not remember from what part of Germany but he is German all right. Well Luxemburg ain't been at war with us yet but it is almost the same they let the Germans pass over their country and their army sat round playing krap or something while they did it. I don't see why the ugly duchess didn't order the army out to stop the Germans like the Belgians did. She must be a grand duchess all right to let the German army come across her country. Look how easy the Belgian army stopped the Huns from coming across for a few days until the French army was ready to meet them. The Luxemburg army could have kept them from going into Belgium before they did. Well we are billeted in a French farm house tonight. My partner and I are sleeping where the Germans were sleeping not over ten hours ago. The bed is so fresh that I can smell limberger yet but I guess it will take some thing stronger than that to keep his legs moving towards Germany. We came 23 kilometers today, Nov. 21st. Well we are here and I guess that my old gat and them hand grenades will never be used if I have to use them, I have been looking for a place to put them when somebody ain't looking. Luxy is sure enough not German. I don't know where it is most French and American but there is an awful lot of it. The stores and windows and everything in the windows is just like home, every where you go there are American flags and signs. When we marched through town it even was better than that morning when our company marched off to war the first time. There were people lined up on all sides of the streets and everybody was throwing flowers at us and talking American. Besides speaking French, German and American there is another language here to that sounds like opening a can of bully beef with a bayonet and they spoke that to us too. But I have discovered another army which you could be the General of without even hurting anybody's feelings but your own. And I guess if I had went to school a little longer I maybe could be one of your captains or something.

I never did know why the Luxemburg army did not hold the German army from marching across their country, but I know now. The Luxemburg army has got just as many men as we had in our company, after the top kicked the bucket that time. There is 249 including the Generals and second loots. I would sure hate to belong to that army, just think of how many times a guy would become kitch in police and on guard in a year in an army like that, and I bet that the C. D. gets tired of his job all right.

There is one thing though which I bet would seem nice, if you wanted to get a discharge or something, you wouldn't die or something while you were waiting for it because the general wouldn't be very far off like he is in our army. I bet this army has a large warehouse full of red tape which it ain't used, our army ought to buy it so they could get it cheap because they will have to use a lot of it getting us birds mustered out pretty soon.

Yes when we got into Luxy the whole Luxemburg army was lined up to receive us and every man was present but a couple of second loots that had a pull with the general or something and got off so they could bum around town with stray privates of the U. S. army. There were two other buck privates of the Luxemburg army which were on the sick list but the old doc. I guess was in a hurry and wanted to be in the parade and marked them dats so they had to get in it to. The duchess of Luxy who they call the grand duchess or something isn't ugly at all. She is only 23 years old and is as pretty as a picture. I saw her when we passed by, my partner carried on a brief flirtation, like that tall thin powder society editor of the news, used to say which I guess made quite a bit with her because when she says

her out riding in her cab this P. M. she smiled and nodded her head like she recognized him. Ain't it great to be able to flirt with the head of a country. Well we got a date on tonight and so we are going out to a swell place where we are invited to stay as long as we are in Luxy, I hope they got a hot bath up there. I am glad that I am invited out because prices of things are fierce here. This A. M. I bought some eggs (eggs) for breakfast and they cost a mark (24 cents) apiece. I guess they thought I was an easy one.

Well we were to that big dinner last night, everything was all right only they had gone and invited a couple of second loots who didn't feel right because of us being there. There was an officer from the Luxemburg army there we didn't know he was an officer, of course and we thought he was a corporal or something so my partner asked him what squad he had and he nearly fell off the chair laughing, he was the commander of the Luxemburg army.

Nearly every parade I have seen has had some sailors in it too but there wasn't any in this parade the other day when we came to town.

I asked the general or what ever he was why there wasn't no sailors in it and he said it was because the admiral of the Luxemburg army lost one of the earlocks and couldn't make the rifle in time. I guess maybe he did all right because the river is pretty steep in places. But I would like to have seen the Luxemburg navy. I'll bet it is some outfit. Well we are going into Germany very soon, we will be hanging around the border for a few days I guess from the looks of things and then we will go over as soon as the Germans get out of our way. If it wasn't for this silly old armistice I guess we would go anyway. Well so long George. Ralph W. Petri.

JOS WESTERMANN

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Westermann of St. Bridget's are in receipt of the following letter from their son Joseph:

Germany, Dec. 22, 1918.

Dear Folks:—

It is just a few days until Christmas and so I thought I would take a little time and write a few lines to you and let you know that I am well and am getting along fine, and I hope the same of you. I was always with the quartermaster working on supplies, until last Thursday I made up my mind to go back to my company and so I got there in the evening, and everybody was glad to see me back. Well we made quite a long move since I wrote my last letter to you; we are quite a ways into Germany now, we crossed the Rhine about a week ago and are now about twenty kilometers the other side of the Rhine and I think here we'll stay for some time. We went through the state of Luxemburg and there we found some pretty nice country. Germany along the Rhine as far as we went is also pretty nice only it is quite hilly in some places, and the roads are laid out like a snake crawling on the ground. There are some nice large cities along the Rhine. The German people treat us just as nice as anybody could in the states, they are willing to do anything for us. They like the Americans and are always glad to talk to us especially to me because I can talk good German and the people here can't talk anything else but German. We have nice rooms in houses to stay in and a stove to keep us warm. The companies all had to hike this long way, believe me it was certainly a tough hike. I was lucky that I stayed with the quartermaster. I had a chance to ride on a truck. We generally always stayed at one place for two or three days and then we moved up again for half a day. Believe me when I get back home I needn't worry when I have to move because now I can do it on short notice. I don't know what became of my mail, was all sent back to the hospital or somewhere, while I was gone from the company and it hasn't returned yet, so I didn't get any mail for nearly three months except yesterday when I got 2 papers. I don't know who wrote to me or who didn't. I don't feel much like writing until I get my mail. Tomorrow we are all supposed to get a Christmas package from the Red

(Continued on Last Page)

WARNING FOR "FAKE EXPERTS"

A warning against "fake experts" on income tax has been sounded by the Internal Revenue Bureau, in a statement received by Collector Hemmy from Commissioner Daniel C. Roper.

"Business houses and individual taxpayers are being canvassed this year by numerous so-called 'Income Tax experts' who offer to use their magic wands of Income Tax wisdom to relieve the busy taxpayer from all worries about his tax responsibilities.

"I desire to make public announcement, for the information of taxpayers, that an investigation of the qualifications of many of these experts will disclose the fact that very few have had the training and experience that would place them anywhere near the expert class.

"Some of them were formerly temporary employees of the government who are attempting to capitalize this fact regardless of their personal knowledge of the revenue laws and regulations. Others are soliciting clients on the strength of diplomas as Income Tax experts obtained after taking long-distance courses by means of printed instructions of doubtful value.

"Taxpayers should not allow themselves to be imposed upon by strangers who claim to be Income Tax experts. They should discriminate carefully between really helpful, authoritative advice in real matters, and the irresponsible brand peddled under glittering pretenses.

"The Bureau is arranging to furnish for the benefit of Income Tax payers in every city and town in the country, a free advisory service by trained collectors, agents, inspectors and deputies. At the offices of Collectors and their Deputies, and at other central points, free information and advice with respect to filing returns under the new Revenue Bill may be had up to the final date for filing such returns.

"Banks, trust companies and similar responsible institutions have always co-operated in furnishing authentic Income Tax information, and have generously offered to serve the government and taxpayers in this respect again this year.

"It is the aim of the Bureau to bring its agencies as close as possible to every person and to make available in official form all necessary information regarding the requirements of the law. The Bureau welcomes aid from every responsible agency in its effort to enlighten the people on tax matters. Every taxpayer is assured of a square deal from the Government, based entirely on the tax laws and regulations and the facts in his case. No other influence is allowed to enter into Internal Revenue matters, and the statement of any firm or individual that they are in a position to exert special influence with Internal Revenue officers is wholly without foundation in fact. Painstaking and open-minded consideration is given in every case regardless of whether the taxpayer appears in person or by attorney.

"Firms or persons who offer to prosecute claims against the Government can secure no special consideration beyond the merits of the claims as determined by the facts and the law.

"Any former government officer or employee is barred by statute from acting as counsel, attorney or agent for prosecuting claims against the United States which were pending while he was an officer or employee; and is also barred from aiding in any manner the prosecution of such claims within two years after leaving the government service."

Paul A. Hemmy, Collector.

IS RECOVERING FROM BURNS

William Kirsch of St. Kilian was in the village on Monday, after being confined to his bed from severe burns he had received about his face, hands and feet. About two weeks ago, during the night, a fire caused by the explosion of an oil stove set fire to his residence and did considerable damage to his building. Mr. Kirsch being alone, managed to extinguish the flames, only after his face and hands were badly burned. No one can understand how Mr. Kirsch was able to quench the flames alone.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES IN WASHINGTON COUNTY

Two-day Farmers' Institute will be held at the following places: Jan. 28-29—Richfield; Jan. 30-31—Kewaskum; Feb. 13-14—Allenton. Two-day Farmers' course will be held at the following places: Feb. 18-19—Jackson; Feb. 20-21—Hartford.

KILLED IN ACTION IN FRANCE

Although Private Albert A. Strachota was killed in action in France June 19, 1918, his widow, Mrs. Albert A. Strachota of Wausau had no knowledge of the fact until Wednesday when an official telegram from Washington brought the information. In the six months which have passed since a letter was received from her the family has worried and tried every means in their power to get information. The first inquiry made to the government brought the answer he was a member of Co. H, 28th Infantry, but a letter written to him and received by Co. H, was sent back saying he was not there.

Relatives interviewed Wausau boys who had been over there, in hopes that they might know what had become of Private Strachota, but with no success. The deceased was born March 23, 1896 near St. Kilian, Fond du Lac county, and had lived in Wausau for many years.

When war broke out he enlisted with Co. G, at Wausau and joined the Co. at Ashland where they were guarding the docks. Later he transferred to the company at Camp Douglas, Mac Arthur and in February transferred overseas. In France he was transferred to Co. H, 28th Infantry. While in Waco, Texas he was united in marriage to Miss Ella Hirt of Wausau.

He is survived by his widow, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Strachota of Wausau, a brother Oscar and three sisters, Mrs. Wm. Holbrook, Miss Margaret and Miss Magdalena of Wausau.

NEW AGENCY FOR KEWASKUM

While at Milwaukee last Monday, S. Moses, our popular and hustling junk dealer, closed up a contract with the Singer Sewing Machine Co., whereby he took the agency for the celebrated Singer Sewing machine for Washington and Ozaukee counties, with headquarters at Kewaskum. We have no doubt that Mr. Moses will make good as he is an experienced sewing machine salesman, having been in that game several years ago. Therefore he is not new at the business. He is also able to repair said machines and already has a complete line of extras on hand. You can make a take by giving your order for a machine to Mr. Moses, as he will take care of your machine troubles, so place one of the best sewing machines on the market at your disposal. Will sell for cash or on easy payments. Call up Phone No. 208, and get in touch with one of the most reliable sewing machine agencies in the world. Mr. Moses is now ready to take care of all your wants in this line. Watch for announcement in next week's paper.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Mr. Vantine of the Milwaukee Normal was a caller at our school Monday.

Florence Groeschel gave a very interesting Senior rhetorical Thursday morning.

Miss Elva Groth, County 5 Schools was an all-day visitor with us Wednesday.

When are you going to take that day off and visit school? You are cordially invited.

The annual party given by the Seniors to the members of the Junior class last Friday evening was a complete success in every way. The Seniors sure did display their fine ability as hosts not only in furnishing entertainment but as well in their excellent lunch which was served.

The Boy's Working Reserve is now being organized in order to be ready to engage in productive agriculture during the summer vacation. Any boy between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one whether in school or out is eligible to membership. Each individual upon joining will be given an enrollment button to indicate that the wearer is a member of the Reserve. Will be a short time special classes will be organized for instruction in farm craft. Farmers who will be looking for boys to work during the summer months should communicate with the principal, Mr. Lund.

Drive out constipation, promote appetite, improve digestion, induce refreshing sleep, get renewed strength and health. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, nature's gift of wonderful herbs. Results guaranteed or money back, 35c.—Ed. C. Miller.

INDIGESTION, GAS, UPSET STOMACH

HURRY! JUST EAT ONE TABLET OF PAPER'S DIAPEPSIN FOR INSTANT RELIEF.

No waiting! When meals don't fit and you belch gas, acids and indigestion...



Just as soon as you eat a tablet of Paper's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends.

Things That Passed.

There had been a disturbance, and the case had come before the police court. "Now, tell us," said the magistrate...

An Attack of Influenza Often Leaves Kidneys in Weakened Condition

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of influenza which has visited so many homes.

The symptoms of this disease are very distressing and leave the system in a run-down condition. Almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles...

A Heritage.

"You seem to have a grudge at that chap." "I moved into the house he moved out of." "Didn't he leave things in good condition?"

Lives 200 Years!

For more than 200 years, Haarlem Oil, the famous national remedy of Holland, has been recognized as an infallible relief...

If you are troubled with pains or aches in the back, feet, tired in the morning, headache, indigestion, insomnia, painful or too frequent passage of urine, irritation or stinging in the bladder, you will almost certainly find relief in GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules.

A Preference.

"For \$10 you can take my memory course." "Um." "Which teaches you how to remember?" "I'd rather take a course in how to forget."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/2 oz. of glycerine. Any drugist can put this up for you...

Tony Seeks Escape.

Officers (at medical inspection)—"Say a-a-a-ah!" Tony—"No, speak a de English!"—Corp. T. W. Cullen is Judge.

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin.

Tough pimples, redness, roughness or itching. If any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum...

His Status.

"Bill seems to be pulling himself together again." "Oh, then he is a Bill collected."

Keep clean inside as well as outside by taking a gentle laxative at least once a week, such as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pills.

Badger State Happenings

Oshkosh—Petitions are being circulated in Winnebago, Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties asking the legislature to enact a law to permit the taking of fish by nets or other devices...

Racine—Three men were seriously burned in the foundry of the Case plant at Lakeside when the bottom of a large ladle filled with molten iron dropped out...

Appleton—Sergt. Harvey J. Pielt, who was reported missing in action during the first battle of Chateau Thierry, is home on a furlough from the hospital in Columbus, O.

Fond du Lac—Becoming despondent over the loss of a tax receipt, Julius Elwin, Green Lake county farmer, 47 years old, committed suicide by hanging.

Oshkosh—W. H. Olver, a repair tailor here for thirty years was found unconscious in rooms over his shop, as the result of gas escaping from a hot plate gas stove...

Rhineland—At the coroner's inquest in the deaths of Frank Buris and Chris Filos, who were killed in a wreck on the North-Western road...

Cross—President E. A. Birge of the University of Wisconsin will be the guest of honor and principal speaker at the fifth annual banquet of the University of Wisconsin club...

Fond du Lac—Dorothy C. Roberts, 40 years old, of Cambria, and a student at Ripon college, committed suicide by throwing herself in front of a train.

Rhineland—Lumbermen operating in Oneida and other northern Wisconsin counties declare that it will be necessary to lower the wages of the woodsmen, the present scale being too high.

Green Bay—Arthur Hendricks was electrified while working inside a boiler in the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul shops.

Janesville—George Schoof, a section laborer of the Chicago & North-Western railroad, shot and killed himself when he became violently insane while suffering from an attack of Spanish influenza.

Oshkosh—Benjamin Edwards, for many years a member of the county board of supervisors, and former treasurer of Winnebago, died at his home in the town of Utica, aged 68 years.

West Bend—Washington county has voted its entire \$5,250 of the Armenian-Syrian relief quota out of its war chest.

La Crosse—Ross Bankus was bound over to the federal grand jury by United States Commissioner Alfred Harrison after having been arrested in a Viroqua blind pig raid.

Neenah—Dr. Ronald B. Rogers of the medical corps is back in the country after seeing active service in France and on shipboard.

Madison—The Wisconsin high school, conducted by the university, was nearly 300 students, compared with a maximum of 250 heretofore.

Beloit—The federal labor board has denied reports that in Beloit discharged soldiers are refused employment in nearly every case where an application has been made.

Rhineland—Frank Cole, a Rhineland business man, caught a live round tiger bass while fishing through the ice on Manson lake.

Racine—One hundred and fifty women employed as stitchers by the Chicago Rubber Clothing company, walked out when notified their wages would be reduced about one-half.

Madison—Administration of the draft in Wisconsin cost a total of \$510,227.57, according to figures compiled by Maj. E. A. Fitzpatrick, state draft administrator.

Appleton—What promises to be an interesting event to this city from the viewpoint of about fifty Appleton boys who are members of various basketball teams, is to be held in the form of a city amateur tournament.

Superior—Nearly 56,000,000 bushels of grain were received at Superior elevators between Aug. 1, 1918, and Jan. 1, 1919, according to the Wisconsin grain and warehouse commission.

Janesville—Members of the county board of supervisors are arousing sentiment of a highway building program which will make necessary a bond issue of over one million dollars.

Appleton—A 4-year-old cow, recently tested for seven days, owned by Walter H. Wiecek, made the following record: 6664 pounds of milk and 28.34 pounds of butter.

Neenah—The first captured German rifle to reach here was sent to Clarence Schultz by Howard Ripberger, a member of Co. I and who is now with the American army of occupation.

Janesville—Outlines of a plan for a Liberty building to be built by popular subscription in memory of the Rock county and Janesville soldiers who died in France were presented to the directors of the chamber of commerce for ratification.

Madison—Of twenty-four farmers' institutes arranged for the first two weeks in January, only ten have been held, and many scheduled for the last two weeks of the month cancelled.

Marquette—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Menominee county pool house at Talbot, inflicting a loss of approximately \$25,000.

Sturgeon Bay—Alex Lawson, one of the oldest residents is dead at Forestville. He had made his home in this county for forty-nine years and was 94 years old.

Manitowoc—The fight of the Manitowoc milk dealers before the attorney general has not brought any results and they have been compelled to pay the demand of the farmer for \$4.10 a hundred weight.

Madison—Lieut. Philipp La Follette, son of Senator La Follette, has returned to the university after army service in Oklahoma.

Manitowoc—Holstein breeders in this county are "laid over an order" for a carload, sixteen head, of blooded stock received from L. A. Bailey from Cavite, Philippine Islands.

Appleton—A. E. Schantz, who was a member of the band aboard the flagship Pennsylvania, which escorted President Wilson to France, arrived home after being in the navy for nearly two years.

Ladysmith—Ladysmith has been made a division terminal on the Chicago division of the Soo Line. Many railroad men will make that place their headquarters and the company will erect a large roundhouse there.

PLAN TO RUSH MONEY MEASURES

Hearing on Department Bills to Be Finished This Week.

ALL FINANCIAL BILLS READY

Wilkinson Says Financial Committee Will Not Be Blamed for Holding Up Legislature's Work at This Session.

Madison—The financial program of the Wisconsin legislature is being rounded rapidly into shape. Senator A. H. Wilkinson, chairman of the committee, said that hearing on the capitol department bills would be finished this week and that the charitable and penal bills would come up for a hearing a week thereafter.

"We expect to report all of the capitol department bills during the week," said Senator Wilkinson. "The people of Wisconsin want a short session of the legislature and the finance committee will not take the blame for holding up legislative work."

The finance committee is holding tight to the purse strings. Although nearly every department of the capitol is asking for an increase, only a few of the more urgent ones will be granted.

The assembly is expected to seat assemblyman Frank B. Metcalfe, Milwaukee, and John Lorfeld, Manitowoc county. The elections committee has found that Metcalfe had a majority of 548 votes and that no evidence was offered to connect him directly with any anti-war conspiracy.

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May Vaccinate Assemblymen.

The possibility of vaccinating all members of the legislature with anti-pneumonia vaccine as test or the serum and later vaccinating every person in the state, was suggested by Dr. C. A. Harper of the state board of health in his report to the joint finance committee of the legislature.

Doctor Harper asked for an appropriation of \$55,000 for his board, including \$5,000 for child welfare work and \$5,000 for a fight against contagious diseases. An additional appropriation of \$25,000 to combat venereal diseases was also requested on the grounds that, according to a federal appropriation, Wisconsin will receive \$25,000 for this work from the federal government if a like sum was appropriated by the state legislature.

Doctor Harper said that the pneumonia and influenza danger to this state was far from over, and that a very serious situation would be faced for the next two or three years.

Advocate Tobacco Trust Probs.

Assemblyman J. C. Hansen will introduce a joint resolution memorializing congress to order investigation by the federal trade commission of the tobacco trust.

A meeting of the state Farmers' Tobacco association has been ordered for February 1 at the College of Agriculture, to discuss serious harm threatened to Wisconsin tobacco growers.

First Socialist Bill Offered.

The first piece of Socialist legislation presented in the assembly was that by Henry Slevens, Milwaukee. It was a resolution memorializing congress to take immediate steps to assume ownership and operation of all coal mines, because "such a great public necessity essential to the life and comfort of the people, ought to be held for the use and benefit of all the people, rather than as an instrument for massing of great fortunes."

"The present system of private ownership and management of mining of coal results in struggles between capital and labor, wasteful methods of mining, high profits to capitalists and high costs to the consumer."

Labor Situation in State.

That the figures purporting to have been given out by the Wisconsin industrial commission showing only 630 unemployed men in the state were not authoritative, was the declaration of George P. Hambrecht, chairman of the commission. "The figures were only for one day and gave no comprehensive idea of the situation," said Mr. Hambrecht. "They were printed without authority." Frank J. Weber of the Milwaukee Federated Trades council says that the number of unemployed in Milwaukee alone on January 13 was estimated at about 7,000.

Recalls Mead Nomination.

The nomination of M. C. Mead of Plymouth, whom Governor Philipp had designated for membership on the state board of education, was withdrawn by the governor in a communication transmitted to the senate. The message set forth no reason for the request and Lawrence C. Whitte said no statement would be given out from the executive office. The senate acceded to the governor's request.

Rice Destroys Menominee Poorhouse.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Menominee county poorhouse at Talbot, inflicting a loss of approximately \$25,000. Shortly after the blaze was discovered authorities at the institution marshaled the inmates to safety, and no personal injuries were sustained. Private homes in Talbot and Stephenson are caring for the 40 or more aged and infirm persons rendered shelterless by the fire.

Gives Her Weight in Milk.

A four-year-old cow, recently tested for seven days, owned by Walter H. Wiecek, Appleton, made the following record: 6664 pounds of milk and 28.34 pounds of butter. Her best day's milk was 90 pounds, or 46 quarts of milk. During the 15 days' test she produced more than her weight in milk, being 1,350, and the weight of milk, 1,363.

Stop Grain for Milwaukee.

A temporary embargo on grain shipments destined for Milwaukee was placed by the United States food administration at the request of Milwaukee grain men. The embargo was asked in an effort to alleviate congestion in local yards and elevators.

More Deaths Than Births in Monroe.

There were 20 more deaths than births in Monroe in 1918. Deaths numbered 93 and births 73. Boys outnumbered girls two to one. There were 66 marriages.

Ask Butter and Egg Probe.

The Milwaukee Home Economics club will petition the legislature to order an investigation unless the price of butter and eggs is lowered. Members of a special committee will write to Senator Lenroot for data on the supply. The suggestion was made that a mass meeting of women's clubs for the purpose of discussing remedies be called. The plan for a boycott on butter and eggs by women's clubs was proposed as only a temporary remedy which might boost the price of substitutes.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, Jan. 29, 1919.

MARKETS—JAN 28... Butter—Creamery, tubs, 53¢54¢; prints, 55¢56¢; firsts, 49¢52¢; seconds, 47¢48¢.

Cheese—Twins, 32¢33¢; daisies, 33¢34¢; longhorns, 34¢35¢; brick, fancy, 31¢31½¢.

Eggs—Firsts, 52¢53¢; current receipts, fresh as to quality, 51¢52¢; checks, 34¢35¢; dirties, 38¢40¢.

Live Poultry—Fowls, general run, 25¢26¢; hens, 24¢27¢; roosters, 19¢.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.18¢1.19¢. Oats—Standard, 52¢53¢; No. 2 white, 51¢52¢; No. 4 white, 48¢51¢.

Barley—Big-berried, 90¢94¢; good to choice, 76¢89¢; low grades, 71¢75¢.

Hay—Choice, timothy, 28.50¢29.00¢; No. 1 timothy, 27.00¢27.50¢; No. 2 timothy, 25.00¢25.50¢; rye straw, 11.50¢12.00¢.

Hogs—Prime, heavy butchers, 17.60¢17.70¢; fair to prime light, 16.40¢17.45¢; pigs, 13.00¢15.00¢.

Cattle—Steers, 8.00¢18.00¢; cows, 5.75¢12.00¢; heifers, 6.90¢14.70¢; calves, 13.00¢14.00¢.

Minneapolis, Jan. 29, 1919.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 1.21¢1.23¢. Oats—No. 2 white, 51¢54¢.

Flax—No. 2, 1.51¢1.53¢. Rye—3.25¢3.27¢.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Open-High-Low-Close. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 1.20 1.20 1.18 1.20.

Wheat—No. 2 hard winter, 1.05 1.05 1.03 1.05.

Flour—Per bbl. in June, 98 lb. sack basis—Barley flour, \$8.80; corn flour, \$8.50.

Butter—Creamery, extra, 53¢; firsts, 48¢ to 55¢; seconds, 43¢ to 50¢.

Eggs—Fresh firsts, 52¢; ordinary firsts, 48¢; secondals, 45¢; dirties, 40¢.

Poultry—Turkeys, 30¢; chickens, 27¢; ducks, 25¢; geese, 22¢.

Meat—Choice to prime steers, \$18.50 to \$20.00; good to choice steers, \$17.50 to \$18.50.

Butter—Choice to prime steers, \$18.50 to \$20.00; good to choice steers, \$17.50 to \$18.50.

Wheat—Choice to prime steers, \$18.50 to \$20.00; good to choice steers, \$17.50 to \$18.50.

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MUST PROVIDE FOOD

Duty Devolving on Farmers of This Continent.

Western Canada Well Prepared to Meet the Needs of the Old World—"The Earth is a Machine Which Yields Almost Gratuitous Service to Every Application of Intellect"—Emerson.

Speaking with one of the commissioners appointed to make a survey of the food situation in the battle-torn countries of Europe the writer was told that the depletion and shortage of food was far greater than anybody had expected. With the investigation, which at that time had merely started, much had been brought to light that had only been surmised. Herds of live stock were completely wiped out, fields that had been prolific yielders of grain, roots and vegetables were terraced and hummocked by bombs and shells, many of them still lying unexploded and dangerous. Until this land can be gone over and cleaned nothing in the way of cultivation can be carried on, and even where that is done the work of leveling and getting under cultivation will take a long time.

Much more devolves upon the farmer on this side of the Atlantic than was at first supposed. Herds of live stock will have to be replenished, and this will take years; the provisioning of the people in the meantime is the task the farmers here will be asked to undertake. Producing countries will be taxed to their utmost to meet this demand; all that can be provided will be needed. This need will continue for some time, and during this period prices will be high. The opinion of those who have given the question most careful thought and study is that food scarcity will be greater than ever before. The Allies will have to feed Germany, Austria, Turkey and Russia and this in addition to the requirements of European neutrals for increased supplies now that there is no submarine menace.

To the Canadian and American farmer this means a demand for his grain fully as great as at any time in the past. Wheat will be needed, meat will be required. The slogan "don't stop saving food" is as necessary today as ever. The purpose of this article is to direct attention to the fact that hundreds of thousands of acres of land in Western Canada are still uncultivated, and this land is capable of producing enough to supply all needs. On its rich grasses are easily raised—and cheaply too—the cattle that will be sought; in its soil lies the nutriment that makes easy the production of the grain that will be needed, and in both the farmer will be assured of a good profit on his investment. The land can be purchased at low prices, on easy terms, and with the abundance of returns that it will give, it does not mean a matter of speculation. The facts as set out are known, and certainly are guaranteed.

These facts, the low cost of the land, and its great productivity, combined with the admirable marketing and transport facilities at the disposal of the farmer make farming in Western Canada an attractive proposition.—Advertisement.

The Big Noise.

Charles M. Schwab said in a Hog Island address: "If the German famine keeps on, the strikes will keep on, and the whole country will go out of existence. There's nothing like famine to cause revolution. As the Dutchman said: 'Empty stumicks make der most noise.'"

True contentment is founded on what you have and never on what you may some day possess.

Weekly Health Talks

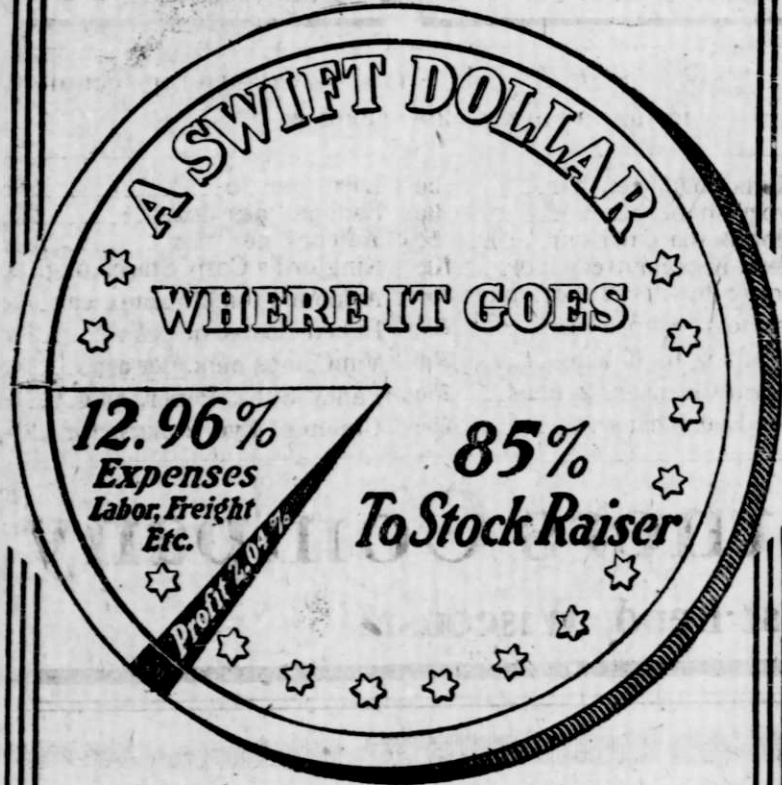
A Word About the Kidneys

BY DOCTOR WATSON.

People are easily frightened when their child something is the matter with their lungs or heart, and well they may be; but few people understand the dangers of diseased kidneys. These organs have a duty of vital importance to perform, and if they are diseased, there is no telling how or where the symptoms may appear. The kidneys are filters, and when they are healthy they remove the poisons from the blood and purify it. When the kidneys are diseased, the poisons are spread everywhere, and one of these poisons is uric acid. The uric acid is carried all through the system and deposited in various places, in the form of urate salts—in the feet, ankles, wrists and back—often forming bags under the eyes. Sometimes the resulting trouble is called rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica and backache. Finally, some stone in the bladder, diabetes and Bright's disease.

Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., in recent years, discovered that a certain combination of remedies would dissolve uric acid (urate salts) in the system. He found this combination to be harmless, so that he made it up in tablets, of double strength, and called them Anuric Tablets. They dissolve uric acid in the human system as hot coffee dissolves sugar. If you have uric acid troubles, don't delay in taking Anuric Tablets, which can be secured in the drug stores. You can write Dr. Pierce, & Co., and he will tell you what to eat and how to live so that more uric acid will not form in your system. Dr. Pierce will not charge for this advice.

The Swift Dollar for 1918



The above diagram shows the distribution of the average Swift dollar received from sales of beef, pork and mutton, and their by-products, during 1918.

1919 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



Western Canada's "Horn of Plenty" Offers You Health & Wealth

Western Canada for years has helped feed the world—the same responsibility of production still rests upon her. While high prices for grain, cattle and sheep are sure to remain, price of land is much below its value. Land capable of yielding 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre can be had on easy terms at from \$15 to \$30 per acre—good grazing land at much less. Many farms paid for from a single year's crop. Raising cattle, sheep and hog raises equal success. The Government encourages farming and stock raising. Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to Home Seekers. Farms may be stocked by loans at moderate interest. Western Canada offers low taxation, good markets and shipping; free schools, churches and beautiful climate. For particulars as to reduced railway rates, location of land, illustrated literature, etc., apply to Supt. of Immigr., Ottawa, Can., or GEO. A. HALL, 123 Second Street, MILWAUKEE, WIS. Canadian Government Agent

DISTEMPER

or Strangles in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done. SPOHN'S COMPOUND will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. Sold by your druggist or the manufacturers. Spohn Medical Co., Mpls., Minn., U.S.A.

COME TO THE SHORTHORN CONGRESS AT CHICAGO, ILL., FEB. 18, 19, 20

International Show Prizes \$5,000 IN CASH PRIZES
300 Registered Shorthorns in the Show and All to be Sold in the Auction
The Shorthorn is the farmer's breed. Beef and milk. Now is the time to produce both. CUMM and BRINK your neighbor. Look over the cattle and get acquainted with the breeders.
American Shorthorn Breeders' Association, Chicago

Baby Colds

require treatment with a remedy that contains no opiates. PISO'S is mild but effective; pleasant to take. Ask your druggist for

PISO'S

Of Chantilly Lace and Black Satin



No matter what gay colors may express the jubilant mood of women who are once more indulging themselves in dinner and evening gowns, black satin remains the most certain of admiration. Its distinction and its becomingness are so well recognized that the gown of black satin is a matter of course in the smart woman's wardrobe; she would not consider herself outfitted without one or two of them. It is the most versatile of fabrics. Given rich black satin and fine chantilly lace, the best of designers will begin at once to dream dreams which no color could inspire.

Lucille has just recently turned out the enchanting dinner dress which is pictured here. It is an after-the-war inspiration, with a hint of the "submarine" silhouette—for which we shall have to find another name since no one wishes to think of submarines now. It widens at the hips and narrows at the ankles in the graceful way dear to the heart of Lucille when she puts her mind upon picturesque gowns.

There is a plain underbodice of American Beauty satin, a mere wide band, which appears to be wrapped about the bust. Nothing could cling closer to the shoulders and arms than the lace of the bodice, with long sleeves which end in deep flaring cuffs of satin. These mits and cuffs on lace sleeves are a feature of the new styles and jeweled hands play hide and seek in them in a very fascinating way. The bodice has a round neck finished in the simplest way with a binding of satin.

The long pointed tunic and the very wide girdle of satin are marvels of beautiful adjustment to the figure. The genius of the designer is written in them and in the facing of the tunic with "American Beauty" satin, the tracery of heavy silk floss, cleverly outlining the pattern in the lace, which make of this a joyous and beautiful Victory gown.

Wash Suits for Little Chaps



Mothers who are in quest of something new in clothes for the little chap of three or four years might consider the two little Oliver Twist suits pictured on the engaging little fellow above. The suit at the left is in blue chambray with waist of white lawn, and whether it is intended to make the little boy look girlish or to make a little girl look boyish, is a question that only its designer can settle.

The square cutout in the front of the little garment reveals a lawn blouse having collar and cuffs edged with a knife-plaited ruffle. These frills, and the little French knots and ornamental stitches at the neck opening, are rather unusual on boy's togs. But there are shallow, slit pockets at each side, set at a boyish angle. Clothes so indefinite in character might be conveniently interchangeable in a large family.

The suit at the right has a decidedly masculine air and leaves no doubt in the mind as to the intention of its designer. It has trousers of light green linen with small pearl buttons set on the outside seam at the bottom of each leg—just like a big boy. These trousers button to a white waist with large pearl buttons, calculated to fill the heart of any little chap with joy if their gorgeousness is pointed out to him.

The collar of the blouse is made of green linen like the trousers and is white. There are cuffs to match it. Of course so much daintiness and splendor combined were never intended for ordinary wear. But when one is all dressed up for a great occasion, as a birthday party or Sunday school or going visiting, such finery gives a satisfied feeling and makes one remember to behave.

Julia Bottomley
Nellie Maxwell

The KITCHEN CABINET

Self-reverence, self-knowledge, self-control. These three alone lead life to sovereign power. —Tennyson.

MORE SWEETS.

We are so hungry for sweets that at this season when sugar is again plentiful the desire to make home-made candies must be gratified.

Maple Creams.—Take four cupsful of maple sugar, one cupful of water, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, added when the mixture begins to boil. Stir until the sugar is dissolved then remove the spoon and let it boil without stirring. If grains form on the sides of the kettle push them down with a bit of cloth on a fork, or just covering the kettle tightly for a minute or two will keep them dissolved. Test in cold water, and when the soft ball stage is reached pour onto a marble slab or lightly-buttered platter. Let cool until the finger can dent it, then stir from the outside to the center, working and kneading it until smooth and creamy. Put into a bowl, cover with a damp cloth and let stand for a day or two to ripen. When ready to be used, mold into small balls, flavor with mapleine if desired and press a nut on top of each.

Honey Caramels.—Take two cupsful of strained honey and one square of chocolate; boil until it makes a firm ball when dropped into cold water. Take from the fire and stir until it begins to thicken, then add vanilla and chopped nuts. Pour into a shallow pan and mark off in squares when cool.

Nut Maple Roll.—Roll fondant into long rolls an inch in diameter and cover with nuts. Cut in slices and wrap in waxed paper. A most delicious roll is first dipped in a caramel, then rolled in chopped nuts.

Parisian Sweets.—Take a pound each of dates and figs, a cupful of walnuts and a cupful of raisins! Put the fruit through the meat chopper and cut the nuts fine with a knife; mix into a roll; add a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt and wrap each roll in waxed paper. These may be dipped in melted fondant, then in chocolate, making a very elegant confection.

Orange marmalade mixed with a little confectioner's sugar to stiffen, then dipped in white sugar fondant flavored with orange or with orange juice makes another tasty tid-bit.

There is no duty we so much underrate as being happy. By being happy we secure anonymous benefits upon the world which remain unknown even to ourselves.—R. L. Stevenson.

THE HOUSEWIFE'S PROBLEMS.

We hear much of the servant problem these days and it is truly a hard one to solve; the mistress problem is just as difficult. It is worthy of note that a good mistress usually finds a good servant; they stick, as does the bar of steel to the magnet which attracts it.

Fully 80 per cent, and some statistics say 90 per cent, of the homes of America are servantless, and the housewife is more exercised as to how to make ends meet than to worry over a servant that she cannot afford to keep. Let the fortunate 10 to 20 per cent attend to the servant problem and the rest learn better how to work without one.

There can be no business on earth more important or more elevating than that of making a good comfortable home with what one can afford of time, strength and money. "Be it ever so humble, there's no place like home." Do you feel it, sing it and speak it even after the shortest absence? If not there is something the matter with you or with the home.

Everything worth while is sometimes hard, and even the artist, sculptor, musician or writer feels that his work is drudgery at times, so the housewife has no monopoly on hard work. Emerson says: "It is the office and right of the intellect to make, and not take its estimates." So if there lack sweetness and joy in the daily tasks it is largely our own estimate, and we have only to change our viewpoint to see the pleasure we are missing. To feed a family with intelligence in these days (not a problem) is surely a task worthy the best effort of mind and hand.

In the accomplishment of daily work the best results are obtained by the women with system; not that systems must be suspended at times to attend to more important things, but work may be turned off much quicker if a certain order is followed. We must be managers of our work, not let our work manage us. The woman who will wash on Monday, though the heavens fall, is letting her work manage her.

So far there is no practical or painless dishwasher that has been found useful in the ordinary home, so this task so distasteful to many will still be found necessary as long as we continue to use dishes not made of paper. Here Emerson may come to our aid and with the right thought make "drudgery divine."



Be Sure to Get

WRIGLEY'S

THE wax-wrapped sealed package with WRIGLEY'S upon it is a guarantee of quality.

The largest chewing-gum factories in the world—the largest selling gum in the world: that is what WRIGLEY'S means.

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

Disappearing. Crossroads Merchant—My wife is a visitin' relations in the city. Traveling Salesman (with a wink)—Having a good time during her absence, I suppose? Crossroads Merchant—Well, to tell the truth, it was darn close to eight o'clock before I got the store opened this mornin'.—Buffalo Express.

Not Always. "Who breaks, pays." "That shows how much you know about the people who are broke."

Stop the Pain. The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolic is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 25c and 50c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

Great thoughts seldom come in bunches.

\$100 Reward, \$100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of Catarrh. What HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure, CATARRH DRUGGISTS 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Mournful Numbers. "What did the poet mean by 'Tell me not in mournful numbers?'" "Maybe he was figuring on a bill the restaurant waiter had handed him."

Wise is the man who knows what not to say to a woman.

Some men have a mania for doing nothing—and do it assiduously.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 5-1919.

A Letter from Bossy

Dear Folks, I want to tell you how much better I feel since taking Kow-Kure. I give many times my milk and I feel as fit as a fiddle. —Bossy

If a cow could speak she would talk about her health as people do—because cows suffer from ailments, little and big, the same as human beings. When a cow is sick, she needs medicine as much as a sick person does.

Mere rationing will not eliminate disease; medicinal treatment is necessary. The most common cow ailments, such as Abortion, Retained Afterbirth, Lost Appetite, Bunches, Scours, etc., result from a diseased condition of the digestive or genital organs. Any of these diseases and many others can be successfully treated or prevented by using Kow-Kure, the great cow medicine.

Kow-Kure is scientifically prepared for the treatment of cow diseases only. It puts the vital organs in condition to eliminate disease and function regularly. Prevent sickness by occasionally using Kow-Kure. Feed dealers and druggists sell it—60c. and \$1.20 packages.

Free book, "THE HOME COW DOCTOR," sent on request.

Dairy Association Co., Lyndonville, Vermont

For Contagious Abortion

Thorough use of B-K as outlined in our Bulletin 52, "Contagious Abortion," is the most means known of controlling Contagious Abortion, preventing Bunches, and removing Retained Afterbirth.

Complete irrigation of the uterus and vaginal tract is easy with B-K. B-K kills the infecting germs and foul odors—loosens the uterus—removes the afterbirth and aids in the normal opening. B-K is much more effective and safer to use than Iodo-Carbolic acid, Lugol's solution or "soul-ter" disinfectants, which do not cleanse the uterus, but cause it more acid.

If your dealer does not have B-K, send us his name.

FREE BULLETINS: Send for complete information—"Spontaneous Abortion," "Contagious Abortion," and No. 126, "Calf Scours."

General Laboratories
120 So. Dearborn St.,
Madison, Wis., U.S.A.

THE BIG ANNUAL January Clearance

started Tuesday with bigger crowds than we had at any previous sale. The people expect big things of this store, and when we advertise REAL BARGAINS, we do not disappoint, but have the merchandise just as advertised.

Always the Biggest Clearance Sale in West Bend

Don't fail to visit our store during this sale. We have never slashed prices as deep and never offered such opportunities to save. Take a day off--bring the family

Sale Will Continue Until Saturday Evening, February 8th

ALL WINTER COATS for Women, Misses and Children for this sale **HALF-PRICE**
This is your big opportunity

GEORGETTE and CREPE DE CHINE WAISTS. Values up to \$9.00, divided in two lots. Clearance Sale at **\$4.75 and \$3.75**

PINE LAWN WAISTS, regular \$1.25 values. Clearance Sale price, **75c**

SWEATERS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN. Buy them during this sale and save 1/2 to 1 on every purchase.

All Toques, Scarfs and Knit Goods at January Clearance Prices.

KNIT GLOVES AND MITTENS for Men, Women and Children at January Clearance Prices.

Household and Underwear Bargains for Women and Children

200 PAIR LADIES' FIBRE SILK HOSE in fancy colors and stripes, regular 65c values. January Clearance, a pair, **39c**

WOMEN'S FLEECE AND CASHMERE HOSE. Black only, all sizes, regular 65c value. Clearance Price, a pair, **47c**

WOMEN'S FLEECE HOSE, regular 59c value all sizes. Clearance Price, a pair, **33c**

LADIES' SILK HOSE, fancy colors, worth \$1.00. Clearance Price, a pair, **48c**

CHILDREN'S HEAVY FLEECE HOSE, regular 45c and 50c values, all sizes. Clearance Price, a pair, **37c**

CHILDREN'S ALL WOOL CASHMERE HOSE. Black and white, all sizes, 65c to 85c values. Clearance Price, a pair, **59c**

WOMEN'S VESTS AND DRAWERS. Long, short and no sleeve vests, \$1.50 values. Clearance Price, each, **89c**

WOMEN'S ALL-WOOL DRAWERS, regular price up to \$2.50 and worth it. This is a bargain. January Clearance Price, **98c**

WOMEN'S FINE RIBBED UNION SUITS, regular \$2.50 values, all sizes. January Clearance Price, **\$1.89**

All \$3.50 and \$3.75 Union Suits at **\$2.65**

All \$4.00 Union Suits at **\$2.81**

All \$4.50 Union Suits at **\$3.35**

CHILDREN'S SHIRTS AND DRAWERS. Size 22 to 34, all wool and worth up to \$1.35 a garment. January Clearance Price, each, **50c**

WOOL MIXED UNION SUITS, \$1.19

MEN'S RIBBED FLEECE UNION SUITS, \$ to 16, values to \$1.50. Clearance Sale Price, **98c**

CHILDREN'S VESTS AND PANTS, former prices 45c to 90c. Clearance Price, **34c, 44c, 54c and 65c**

ALL CHILDREN'S FLEECE AND RIBBED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS at January Clearance Prices.

Women's Outing Night Gowns

Regular \$2.25 Night Gowns at **\$1.98**

Regular \$1.75 Night Gowns at **\$1.48**

Regular \$1.25 Night Gowns at **98c**

GINGHAMS, CALICOES, PERCALES, OUTINGS, SILKS, ETC. all at January Clearance Prices.

6000 yards Percales, regular 40c value, a yard, **25c**

2000 yd. de Calicoes, regular 20c value, a yard, **14c**

Outing Flannel, 40c quality, a yard, **25c**

Dress and Apron Gingham, 35c quality, a yd., **21c**

Best Quality Feather Ticking, 65c quality, a yd., **45c**

10 Per Cent Discount on all CORSETS

All Embroideries at One-Half Price.

HUNDREDS OF MORE BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

25% DISCOUNT on all Men's Suits and Overcoats, all Boys Suits and Single Pants, Knee Pants, etc.

Men's and Boys' Underwear Bargains

Boys' \$1.50 Union Suits at **\$1.19**

Boys' \$1.25 Union Suits at **89c**

MEN'S HEAVY RIBBED UNION SUITS, regular \$2.00 values. January Clearance Price, a suit, **\$1.49**

Men's \$3.50 and \$3.75 Union Suits at **\$2.49**

Men's Shirts and Drawers Reduced

Men's part Wool Shirts and Drawers, \$2.00 values. Clearance Price, each, **\$1.19**

Men's \$3.00 Shirts and Drawers, at **\$2.29**

Men's \$3.50 Shirts and Drawers, at **\$2.49**

Men's \$4.25 Shirts and Drawers, at **\$2.89**

Shoes for the Whole Family

Boys' \$4.00 and \$4.50 Fine Shoes. Clearance Price, a pair, **\$3.39**

Misses' Box Calf Shoes, sizes 11 1/2 to 2, \$2.75 values, a pair, **\$1.95**

Children's Box Calf Shoes, \$2.35 values, sale price, a pair, **\$1.79**

Ladies' Patent Leather White Top Boots, former value \$5.00. Sale price a pair, **\$2.98**

Growing Girl's School Shoes, in Gun Metal, Vici and Patent, button only, \$5.00 values, a pair, **\$2.49**

Ladies' Light Rubbers, high and low heel, a pair, **79c**

Men's Mud Rubbers, a pair, **92c**

All other Rubbers and Shoes at a discount of 10 per cent

Men's Fine Shoes, in black and dark brown, January Clearance, a pair, **\$3.89**

Men's Outing Bal. Work Shoes, good wearing, \$3.00 values, a pair, **\$2.49**

Men's Heavy Wool Hand Knit Sox, Black and gray, regular \$1.00 values, Clearance Price, a pair, **69c**

Men's 35c Cashmere Sox, a pair, **23c**

Men's 50c Black and gray Sox, a pair, **33c**

Boys' \$1.00 Winter Caps at **79c**

Boys' 65c Winter Caps at **42c**

Men's \$1.25 Winter Caps at **98c**

Men's 30c Tick Mittens at **26c**

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES

\$1.75 Bed Sheets, sale price, **\$1.49**

\$2.25 Bed Sheets, sale price, **\$1.79**

\$2.50 Bed Sheets, sale price, **\$1.98**

\$2.75 Bed Sheets, sale price, **\$2.29**

\$3.00 Bed Sheets, sale price, **\$2.39**

30c Pillow Cases at **23c**

59c Pillow Cases at **49c**

69c Pillow Cases at **55c**

MORE GROCERY BARGAINS.

Fresh Troco Nut Butter a lb., **32c**

Fresh corn flakes, a pkge., **10c**

Yeast Foam, 3 pkgs for, **10c**

Macaroni and Spaghetti, pkge., **8c**

Tomato Soup, a can, **10c**

Bulk Peanut Butter, a lb., **23c**

Swift's Pride Soap, a bar, **5c**

No. 1 can Tomatoes, at, **8c**

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR SALE

This is the old time patent flour, No more war flour.

Sale price, per bbl., **\$11.50**

Sale price, per 1/2 bbl., **5.75**

Sale price, per 1/4 bbl., **\$2.88**

Sale price, per 1/8 bbl., **\$1.44**

Reefer's "More Eggs" Tonic, \$1.00 a package, mailed postpaid, to any address.

FOR SALE BY **GEO. H. SCHMIDT** KEWASKUM, WIS.

BATAVIA

Wm. Moos of Sheboygan spent Sunday with his family here.

G. A. Leifer was a business caller at Random Lake Wednesday.

Private Al. Melius returned home from France Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Bremser and son Melvin spent Sunday at Kewaskum.

John Emly was a business caller at Milwaukee several days this week.

A little girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Gorte Sunday, Jan. 19.

Willie Molkenhine and friend were entertained at Ed. Krewald's Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Haag, Jr., are the proud parents of a baby boy born Saturday, Jan. 18.

Miss Adela Schultz of Lake Seven spent several days with her sister, Mrs. A. L. Lubach.

Mrs. Mary Heronymus was called to Manitowoc Thursday on account of the severe illness of her mother.

Miss Bertha and Victor Goede of Sherman spent several days with their grandma, Mrs. Ernst Schneider.

Private Norton Kaiser, who recently returned from Camp gave an interesting talk at the school Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Baganz of Random Lake entertained the members of the C. B. Club Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Hintz and daughter Lavern and Miss Tillie Paulous of Random Lake spent Saturday with E. W. Leifer.

Miss Leona Mehlus entertained the C. B. Club Tuesday evening at the O. Voight home in honor of her birthday anniversary.

Geo. Schultz, who was enjoying a ten day furlough with his wife and other relatives was called back to camp Saturday to be discharged.

Mrs. Bertha Schilling is at Adell taking care of her little grandson who arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Schilling Sunday, Jan. 19.

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. Mangan was largely attended.

Mrs. George Taylor purchased the J. B. Reilly house in Cascade.

The dance at Steinhardt's hall was well attended Friday evening.

Ambrose Wierman of Sheboygan visited in Cascade last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gahagan are the proud parents of a daughter.

Mrs. Marvin Hughes is spending the week in Milwaukee with relatives.

Thomas Gahagan and son Joseph were social callers in Cascade Saturday.

Thomas Gibbons and son Joseph transacted business in Cascade Saturday.

The C. O. F. of Parnell will give a card party at Reilly's hall in Parnell in the near future.

Mrs. Catherine Williams of Sheboygan, formerly of Mitchell, died at her home Friday evening of pneumonia.

Corporal Thomas Gibbons and mother, Mrs. Thomas Gibbons is spending this week in Milwaukee and Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan of Milwaukee visited at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Devine last week.

Leonard Gudex left Sunday for New Holstein.

August Hoerth was at Fond du Lac last Thursday.

J. A. Hendricks of Ashford was here on business Monday.

John L. Gudex attended to business at the County Seat Monday.

Jonathan Odekirk made a business trip to Campbellsport Tuesday.

The Gessner family of Beechwood visited the William Backhaus family Monday.

John L. Gudex attended the mass meeting which was held at Ashford last Saturday.

Quite a number from here attended the regular monthly stock fair at Kewaskum Wednesday.

John A. Gudex and family went to Marshfield, Wood county for an extended visit with friends.

Mrs. Benno Steinacker and children went to West Bend on Tuesday for a few days visit with friends.

Mrs. Mary Hughes visited her mother, Mary Airhardt and her invalid sister in North Osceola Sunday.

Ed. Sipple and Rosa Will of St. Cloud, who spent last week with the George Gudex family returned home last Saturday.

Peter Schields of St. Bridget's spent Wednesday at the J. Emmer home.

John Botzkovis spent Monday and Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Sukowaty.

Henry Gaudrum and George Murphy were business callers at Neno Sunday.

Miss Rose Murphy returned home Tuesday after a two weeks visit at Milwaukee.

Mrs. Wm. Clark returned home Monday from Fond du Lac after a few days visit there.

Ed. Baumhardt was at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

Irving and Harold Flood were Campbellsport callers Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lade and family were to Campbellsport last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Koehne spent last Thursday and Friday at Milwaukee.

Miss Florence Smith of Eden is spending a few weeks with Mrs. John Smith.

Willie Baumhardt and sister, Ida were business callers at Campbellsport Monday.

Quite a number from this vicinity attended the funeral of Jessie Meade at Eden Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt and daughter Geraldine spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kahn at Campbellsport.

A large number of young people from this vicinity attended the dance given by the W. S. G. R. at Campbellsport Tuesday evening.

Reasonable prices for old, dead and disabled horses and cattle.—E. H. Hoel, Cascade R. 1. Phone Sand Lake No. 164.—Ad. 11-50-20.

WEST WAYNE

Peter Schields of St. Bridget's spent Wednesday at the J. Emmer home.

John Botzkovis spent Monday and Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Sukowaty.

Henry Gaudrum and George Murphy were business callers at Neno Sunday.

Miss Rose Murphy returned home Tuesday after a two weeks visit at Milwaukee.

Mrs. Wm. Clark returned home Monday from Fond du Lac after a few days visit there.

EXTRA SPECIALS

YARNS
All knitting yarns, regular value 1.10 per skein, special **89c**

One Lot of Corsets
Values up to 2.00 Extra special **98c**

One Lot of Women's and Misses' Coats
Extra special **3.98**

One Lot Women's Union Suits
regular 1.35 value Extra special **98c**

MILLINERY
All trimmed and untrimmed hats. Extra special **Half-Price**

One Lot of Women's Flannelette Petticoats
regular 1.00 value Extra special **79c**

One Lot Toweling
16 and 18 inches wide, Extra special **18c**

One Lot of Bed Comforters
regular 2.95 val. Extra special **1.98**

Hind's Honey and Almond Cream
regular 50c bottle Extra special **39c**

GROCERY SPECIALS—This is orange week. Just received a big shipment of nice sweet California oranges. Prices as low as 25c per dozen.

SOAP SPECIAL

Galvanic soap, 6 bars for **27c**
White Flyer soap, 6 bars for **26c**
Palm Beach soap, 6 bars for **29c**
Ocean Pearl soap, 6 bars for **29c**
Crystal White soap, 6 bars **27c**
Rub No More soap, 6 bars **29c**
Star soap, per bar **6c**
Ammonia Naptha, 6 bars **21c**

China Soap, per bar **5c**
Ivory soap, per bar **6c**
Flotilla soap, per bar **5c**
Keen Kleener, 3 cans for **10c**
Borax Powder, 2 1-lb. pkgs. **25c**
Jap Rose soap, 3 bars **29c**
Goblin soap, 6 bars **25c**
Dutch Cleanser, 2 cans **25c**
Rex Lye, 3 cans for **25c**

Lard, per lb. **28c**
Bananas, per dozen **25c**
Matches, per box **34c**
Kingford's Corn Starch, pkg. **10c**
Armour's tomato soup, can **10c**
Baked Beans, per can **11c**
VanCamp's milk, per can **14c**
Fancy Shelf Paper, pkg. **4c**
Cream of Rye, 2 pkgs. for **25c**

Pick Brothers Company, West Bend, Wisconsin

WAYNE

Geo. Petri transacted business at West Bend Monday.

Mrs. John Petri and children were to Kewaskum Monday on business.

Wilmer Kippenhan left last week for Milwaukee to visit a few days with his grandma and other relatives.

The local fire department received their new 965 gallon Obenchain and Boyes Chemical engine, last week Saturday.

C. Petri returned home last Saturday from Cascade, where he visited several days with his sister, Mrs. Arno Bartel. He was accompanied here by his brother-in-law, who made a brief visit here.

The funeral of Mrs. Dorothy Hertel was held in the Salem's Reformed church here last Sunday afternoon at two o'clock. She was a devoted member of that church and also of the Frauenverein for the past twenty years. Her many friends here will miss her absence keenly.

Capital **\$25,000.00**

Undivided profits **1,519.75**

DEPOSITS **70,104.72**

Total **\$96,624.47**

Capital **\$25,000.00**

Undivided profits **1,519.75**

DEPOSITS **70,104.72**

Total **\$96,624.47**

Taxes were collected here on Friday.

Prod Metzner was a West Bend business caller last Friday.

Miss Amanda Endlich spent Sunday with Miss Amanda Gutjahr.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Basler visited relatives at Campbellsport Friday.

Chas. Sell and Miss Hulda Moritz transacted business at West Bend on Tuesday.

Some of our people attended the funeral of Mrs. Conrad H. Sell at Wayne last Sunday.

Miss Irma Sell of West Bend spent from Friday until Sunday under the parental roof.

Quite a few from here attended the funeral of John Blank Sr., at West Bend Saturday.

Miss Irma Brockmann left for Cedar Creek, where she will attend the wedding of her cousin.

The Misses Amanda Sell and Louisa Metzner spent Sunday and Monday with relatives at West Bend.

SOUTH EDEN

Ed. Baumhardt was at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

Irving and Harold Flood were Campbellsport callers Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lade and family were to Campbellsport last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Koehne spent last Thursday and Friday at Milwaukee.

Miss Florence Smith of Eden is spending a few weeks with Mrs. John Smith.

Willie Baumhardt and sister, Ida were business callers at Campbellsport Monday.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

—Otto E. Lay was a Milwaukee caller Monday.

—Wednesday, January 29th was McKinley day.

—Walter Zacher was a Milwaukee caller Thursday.

—Mrs. Sophia DuBois spent Thursday at Milwaukee.

—Joe. Karl was a Fond du Lac business caller Tuesday.

—Louis Brandt transacted business at Milwaukee Monday.

—Frank Keys was a Fond du Lac caller Sunday evening.

—Louis Bath was a business caller at Waucousta Tuesday.

—Mrs. Fred Martin was a West Bend caller on Monday.

—Maurice Rosenheimer was a Milwaukee caller Thursday.

—Alvin Ramthun spent Sunday with the John Klug family.

—Miss Adela Dahlke spent Sunday with friends at Fond du Lac.

—Alex Gilbert and sister Hildegard spent Sunday with home folks.

—Miss Rose Nottelman spent Sunday with home folks at Oshkosh.

—Arthur Schmidt and Herbert Reischer were at Milwaukee Sunday.

—Miss Malinda Raether was a Sunday visitor at Campbellsport.

—Joseph Hermann of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his family here.

—William Falk of West Bend spent Sunday with friends in the village.

—Herbert Holtz of Milwaukee spent Sunday with friends in the village.

—The regular monthly stock fair Wednesday was fairly well attended.

—Chas. Muckerheide and wife were Sunday evening visitors at Fond du Lac.

—Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Rosenheimer were Milwaukee visitors Saturday.

—Miss Theresa Raether visited with relatives at Milwaukee last Sunday.

—L. P. Rosenheimer was at Milwaukee Monday where he transacted business.

—Herman Suckow of Barton spent last week Friday with friends in the village.

—Miss Frieda Klocke of Campbellsport spent Monday with friends in the village.

—Dr. and Mrs. N. Edw. Hausmann were Fond du Lac visitors Sunday evening.

—A number from here attended the movies at West Bend last Sunday afternoon.

—Miss Marjory Crabb spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Milwaukee.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Muehleis Sunday with relatives and friends at West Bend.

—Mrs. Theo. Stern of here spent Sunday evening with Fred Marquardt and family.

—Fred Marquardt sold two good Shepherd dogs to Wm. Rauch at Elmore Monday.

—Math Bath and family and Miss Lucile Harter spent Sunday with Louis Bath and wife.

—The Misses Camilla Driessel and Esther Raether were Barton callers Saturday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Quade were guests of relatives and friends at Fond du Lac last Sunday.

—Erwin and Rudolph Kempf and Alvin Ramthun spent Thursday evening with John Klug.

—Herman Gottsleben of Appleton was the guest of relatives and friends in the village Sunday.

—Miss Elva Weddig of Milwaukee spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Weddig.

—County Superintendent of Schools Miss Alva Groth of West Bend spent Wednesday in the village.

—Andrew Groth spent several days the forepart of the week with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.

—Mrs. August Bilgo and son, August, visited with Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Mertes at Newburg Thursday.

—Jas. B. Day of Hartford spent several days the forepart of the week with friends in the village.

—Mr. and Mrs. Carl Marquardt of Barton spent Sunday afternoon with Fred Marquardt and family.

—Erwin Kempf of Jackson spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kempf, this week.

—Quite a number of our motorists were at Milwaukee this week where they attended the auto show.

—Miss Catherine Merten of West Bend was the guest of Miss Hildegard Gilbert Saturday and Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Schaub and daughter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Mertes at Newburg.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Krahn and daughter LaVerna spent last week with F. W. Ramthun and family.

—Mrs. Nicholas Mayer and daughter Maggie spent Sunday with Mrs. Math. Schaefer at Campbellsport.

—Mich. Wick and Miss Regina Kottler of West Bend spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Welzlein.

—Miss Priscilla Marx spent several days the forepart of the week with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.

—Mrs. Math. Schmitz spent Thursday with her daughter, Mrs. Sylvester Driessel and children at Barton.

—Mr. and Mrs. Mich. Johannes and daughter Norma visited Sunday with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.

—Alvin Gottsleben of Okauchee visited with relatives and friends in the village from Saturday until Monday.

—Carl Urban and fiancée of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Urban Sr.

—Joseph Schamer of Kaukauna spent Saturday and Sunday as the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Karl Hausmann.

FOR SALE—All kinds of rye and wheat middlings. Inquire at the Suckow Mills, Young America, Wis.—Adv.

—Everybody is anxiously waiting for the big game Friday evening, Feb. 7th between Kewaskum and Campbellsport.

—Mrs. F. Wagner and son Julius of West Bend were Sunday visitors at the home of Dr. E. L. Morgenroth and family.

—Melvin Schaub and Otto Giese spent several days the forepart of the week with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.

—The Misses Laura Brandtetter and Olive Haag of Rockfield were week-end visitors with their respective parents.

—Miss Helen Van Epps, teacher in the Mich. Johannes district spent Sunday as a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Van Epps.

—Dr. and Mrs. Ralph Elmergreen of Milwaukee spent Sunday as guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Rosenheimer and family.

—Miss Katie Endlich was the guest of relatives and friends at Fond du Lac and North Fond du Lac Saturday and Sunday.

—John Daul of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Theresa Daul, and other relatives and friends in the village.

—John F. Schaefer, who has been seriously ill with pleurisy and pneumonia the past two weeks is on the road to recovery.

—The Misses Jennie and Esther Haag spent Sunday with the Misses Anna and Malinda Engleiter in the town of Farmington.

—Erwin Bassil of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bassil and family.

—Mrs. Chas. Bartelt and daughters of Campbellsport were pleasant village callers Thursday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

—Louis Heberer of Reedsville spent several days this week with his brother Adolph and family at New Fane and also with his sister, Miss Ella.

—Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton will furnish the music at the dance at the Opera House on Sunday evening, Feb. 2nd, 1919.—Adv.

—Mrs. Gustav Krueger and daughter Mildred of Campbellsport spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger and family.

—Mrs. Anthony P. Schaeffer visited Monday and Tuesday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. John Schmidt and other relatives and friends at West Bend.

—Miss Theresa Stewart of Milwaukee arrived here Wednesday for a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Anthony P. Schaeffer and daughter Pearl.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Miller received news this week of the arrival of a baby boy at the home of Dr. and Mrs. John Miller at Edgerton, Wis.

—The Misses Laura and Martha Beisbier spent several days the forepart of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Greiton and family at Grafton.

—Remember the Basket Ball game on Friday evening, Feb. 7th, between the Kewaskum 30th Separate Co. and the Campbellsport 28th Separate Co.

—The Seniors of the local High School gave a party in honor of the Juniors in the hall of the Farmer's and Merchant's Bank, last week Friday evening.

—Miss Evelyn Perschbacher entertained the following last Sunday: Miss Katherine Merten of West Bend, Miss Hildegard Gilbert and Miss Edna Roeschlaub.

—Remember the grand dance at the Opera House on Sunday evening, Feb. 2nd. Music will be furnished by Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton.—Advertisement.

—Mrs. Joseph Honeck, Mrs. John Schmidt and Mrs. Clarence Reinders of West Bend spent Sunday as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony P. Schaeffer and daughter Pearl.

—The Misses Erna and Adela Klug and Marie Marquardt, Messrs Clarence and Henry Klug and Paul Marquardt spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Adela Moldenhauer.

NOTICE—Wm. Mueller of this village has taken the agency for the "One Man Folding Sawing Machine." Anyone interested call on him. He will demonstrate same to you.

Cost of living is mighty high. Trusts are busted—wink your eye. But why worry—health have we. Trusts can't beat Rocky Mountain Tea.—Ed. C. Miller.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger and family and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Belger of Boltonville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Melham and the Fred Belger family in the village.

—This office on Monday received a post card from Sergeant Theodor Schmidt, who is now with the army of occupation stationed at Mayen, Germany. The post card was dated Dec. 7, 1918.

—The Farmers Institute held here on Thursday and Friday was a grand success. On Thursday evening a very interesting program was rendered, which was enjoyed by all present.

—August Schurr left Saturday for Knowles where he joined his wife in a visit with their daughter, Mrs. Edw. Spoerl and family. Mr. and Mrs. Schurr returned home on Monday.

FOR SALE—Two two-year old Registered bulls. Cows are being run on yearly tests. Inquire of Fred Backhaus, Kewaskum, Wis., R. D. 3.—Adv. 2-1-2t.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Krahn and daughter LaVerna, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ramthun and son Alfred, August, Lillie and Leno Seefeldt spent Sunday with Herman Seefeldt and family.

NOTICE—The Woman's Club will hold an apron and home made candy sale at the library next week Thursday afternoon and evening, Feb. 6th. For the benefit of the French orphans. All are invited to attend.—Adv.

NOTICE—On account of freight handling based on an eight hour day it will be impossible for us to receive or deliver freight after four o'clock in the afternoon.—Adv.

A. P. Schaeffer, Agent.

—Dr. Alton Altenhofen, who visited a week with his mother, Mrs. Emma Altenhofen, left Sunday for Milwaukee, where he will visit several days before going to New York city, where he will practice medicine in one of the hospitals there.

—Leta hope for a cloudy day next Sunday, rather than have six weeks more of cold wintry weather, for Sunday is the day when the ground hog will creep out of his winter nest, if he sees his shadow, good-bye warm weather for six more weeks.

—A number of relatives and friends gathered at the home of Mrs. A. G. Koch on Thursday afternoon, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. Those from out of town who attended were Mrs. Wm. Scholler of Milwaukee and Mrs. Alvin Bagkus of Cedarburg.

—Marvin, son of Fred Andrae was taken to Fond du Lac on Sunday evening, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis at the St. Agnes hospital. At the present writing he is getting along as well as can be expected. He was accompanied by his father and sister, Miss Linda.

FOR SALE—A good corner grocery and dry goods store, in the heart of the city of Milwaukee, located at the corner of 25th and Brown streets. This is a gilt edge proposition and will be sold reasonable if taken at once. Write to or inquire at 2452 Brown street at 931-26th St.—Adv. 1-18-3.

—Jake Engelman of Forest Lake was a pleasant village caller Wednesday, and as usual gave this office a most welcome call. Mr. Engelman, although getting well along in years, is just as spry and jovial as ever, enjoying the best of health. Here's hoping that his condition will remain so for years to come.

—Due to the fact that many relatives of soldiers overseas are not receiving any mail since the armistice has been signed, General Pershing gave out orders last Saturday that every soldier must mail a post card to his nearest relative at home, giving his present location, state of health and military unit of the writer.

—On Wednesday A. L. Rosenheimer and J. B. Day sold the Wenzel Guidan 80-acre farm together with all personal property, located about three miles west of this village to Martin Schmidt of the town of Richfield. Possession will be given the new owner at once. Mr. Guidan expects to move to Oshkosh where he will make his future home.

—Col. Guy D. Goff, at one time United States District Attorney at Milwaukee, and who delivered an address at the Loyalty Demonstration held in this village in the spring of 1917, sailed for France Monday morning, where he will take up work in the army's legal department in the multifarious technical duties incident to the evacuation of the French and Belgium posts now occupied by the American Expeditionary Forces.

BEECHWOOD VALLEY

Martin Krahn had a wood sawing bee Monday.

Jas. Mulvey transacted business at Adell Monday.

Frank Schultz of Lake Seven had a wood bee Friday.

David Hanrahan had a wood sawing bee Tuesday.

Mrs. Ida Koch spent Sunday evening with Mrs. John Seil.

Miss Alma Suemnicht spent Sunday at the Fred Koepke home.

Willie Becker is spending some time in Milwaukee visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Art. Koch have left for Montana to visit relatives.

Miss Elva Glass is spending the week with her cousin, Elda Schroeter. The A. S. of E. held its meeting at Wm. Janssen's place Tuesday evening.

James Foley of Campbellsport made his usual trip to Beechwood on Tuesday.

Fred Hintz Jr., is able to be out again, after having been kicked by a horse.

The Misses Rose and Bergetta Mulvey visited at Wm. Glass' Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glass and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Hy. Becker and family.

Mrs. Jake Hammen and daughter Lena spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Held.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rheingans, who are seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schroeter and family spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Butzke.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Janssen and family and John Seil spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Becker.

Miss Marie Schultz underwent an operation for appendicitis Monday at West Bend. At present writing she is getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schultz and Mr. and Mrs. John Held spent Tuesday in West Bend with Marie Schultz who is in the hospital.

DELCO-LIGHT

PAYS FOR ITSELF

Over 70,000 Satisfied Delco-Light Users Throughout The World.

Time Saved by Delco-Light

Running Wash Machine	3 hrs. per week
" Cream Separator	2 1/2 " " "
" Butter Churn	3 " " "
" Water Pump	6 " " "
" Fan, Mill-grindstone	1 " " "
" Ironing	3 " " "

18 1/2 hrs. per week saved

18 1/2 hours x 52 weeks=962 hours for you

962 hrs. at 25c per hour=\$240.50 per year

You would be justified in installing Delco-Light purely from the standpoint of the added comfort and conveniences which electricity makes possible on the farm. But leaving these features out entirely—and looking at it from the time and labor-saving standpoint, you cannot afford to go longer without the benefits of Delco-Light

L. ROSENHEIMER,

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

LAKE FIFTEEN

William Krewald was a New Prospect caller on Monday.

Miss Norma Kumrow spent Sunday with Miss Olga Petermann.

Miss Erna Molkenhine spent Sunday with Esther and Helen Bleck.

Mrs. John Schultz and daughter Emma were Milwaukee business callers Wednesday.

Erwin Gatzke spent from Thursday until Sunday with Walter Molkenhine at New Prospect.

Jake Engelmann of the town of Scott was a business caller in this burg one day this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kumrow and family visited Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wunder.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fick and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Gust Lavrenz and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gatzke and family visited Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gatzke near New Prospect.

Gustav Lavrenz returned home from Milwaukee on Saturday, his brother William Lavrenz accompanied him.

William Lavrenz returned to his home at Milwaukee after visiting several days with relatives and friends here.

Mrs. Gust. Lavrenz and daughter Emma and Henry Lavrenz spent Friday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wunder.

NEW FANE

Frank Kamel is seriously ill.

Wm. Quandt lost a valuable horse this week.

Adolph Heberer and Albert Kamel were at Milwaukee Tuesday.

Arnold Harris of Chicago is visiting with John Schlosser and family.

Mrs. Deiner of Beechwood visited with Wm. Fick and family last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. March from Bavaria visited Tuesday with Henry Backhaus and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Firk visited from Saturday until Monday with Herman Braeser and family at Milwaukee.

Mrs. Adam Uelmen visited a week with relatives at Milwaukee, she was accompanied home by her sister, Mrs. Schaffner, who will visit with her for some time.

A party was held at Wm. Hesse Sunday night in honor of Mr. Hesse's birthday anniversary. Music was furnished by George Schlosser. Everyone present had a good time.

FIVE CORNERS

Miss Daisy Ferber spent the week-end with her sister at Oshkosh.

Mrs. A. G. Perschbacher of West Bend spent Sunday at Sunnyhillside.

Messrs. Fred and Walter Schleif were week-end visitors at Milwaukee.

Henry Raech of Elmore spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Elvir Raech.

Wesley Raech spent several days with his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mat. Thill.

Miss Lucile Harter is spending several days this week with relatives at Kewaskum.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Firk of Theresa spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jake Ferber.

Mrs. Mat. Thill and son Clarence of South Elmore spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Raech.



Our Distinct Aim

is to make and keep this Bank active, progressive and, in the fullest and best sense, an up-to-date institution. Its present gratifying condition may easily be traced to the satisfactory service and courteous treatment extended to all depositors.

You are invited to do your banking business here.

Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Capital \$40,000.00
Surplus and Profits \$40,000.00

INDIGESTION

Take a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets as directed for indigestion, and you will soon forget about your stomach troubles. Try it.

DREADFUL COUGH CURED

A severe cold is often followed by a rough cough for which Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven especially valuable. Mrs. F. W. Olson, Marysville, Mo., writes: "About two years ago my little boy Fern caught a severe cold and coughed dreadfully for days. I tried a number of cough medicines but nothing did him any good until I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieved his cough right away and before he had finished taking one bottle he was cured. I think it is just fine for children."

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley	90c to 95c
Wheat market subject to embargo conditions	
Rye No. 1	1.50 to 1.60
Oats	90c
Timothy Seed, per cwt	9.00
Butter (dairy)	60c
Eggs	50c
Unwashed wool	60c to 65c
Beans, per 100 lbs	7.00 to 8.00
Hides (calf skin)	28-29c
Cow Hides	16c to 17c
Horse Hides	6.00 to 6.50
Honey, lb	22c-25c
Potatoes, sorted, 85c to 90c per bushel	
Live Poultry	
Spring Chickens young roosters	25c
Old Roosters	20c
Geese	25c
Ducks	25c
Hens	20-22c
(Subject to change)	
Dressed Poultry	
Spring Chickens	27c
Geese	35c
Ducks	38c
PLYMOUTH	
Plymouth, Wis., Jan. 27—30 factors offered 3,835 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all except 100 double daisies sold as follows: 150 cases at 28 1/2c, 25 cases Young American at 28c, 700 daisies at 29 1/2c, 900 at 29c, 1,038 double daisies at 28 1/2c, 132 cases longhorns at 28 1/2c, 100 at 28 1/2c, 556 at 28c, 49 boxes square prints at 29 1/2c and 100 at 29c.	

MAY REDUCE BILL AGAINST GERMANY

Not Cost, but Reparation for Damages to Be Exactod.

SEE CHANGE OF SENTIMENT

League to Rule on Foe Colonies—U. S. Peace Delegates Try to Keep Scheme of Repairing Devastation Within Wilson's Ideas.

Paris, Jan. 29.—Without attracting much attention, a change has been made in the name of the important committee of the peace conference which is to deal with the subject of damages suffered through the war and compensation for them.

The change, it is understood, was brought about by the American delegates, who were animated by the idea of keeping the whole scheme of repairing the devastation resulting from the war within the spirit of President Wilson's declaration on the subject.

Cost of War Not Included. Where it is impossible to give full payment for losses, the powers will exact indemnities.

As originally contemplated the committee would have been justified in taking into its calculations in assessing damages against the central powers, not only the cost of reparation, but the entire expense incurred by the entente powers and America in raising armies, bringing them to the battlefield and maintaining them, which would have made a total far beyond the ability of the defeated nations to meet.

Belgium, Greece, Poland, Serbia and Roumania will have two members each on the peace conference commission to deal with the question of reparation. This was announced by representatives of the smaller powers. The members of the great powers in this commission have already been named.

Disarmament Part of Plan.

The question of disarmament has already been discussed in its initial phases, and the related problem of revising international maritime practices will go hand in hand with it.

The detailed settlement of these issues probably will go ultimately to commissions for investigation and recommendation. Such recommendations would come before the league of nations itself, if, as many of the statesmen assembled in Paris expect, the peace conference develops into the as yet unorganized league.

When the supreme council of the peace conference assembled at eleven o'clock, there were present, in addition to the full membership of the body, Premier Hughes of Australia, one of the Chinese representatives and several technical advisers on colonial matters.

Attention for the moment is centered chiefly on the plan presented by President Wilson for the internationalization of the German colonial possessions. This, indeed, now is virtually monopolizing the attention of the council.

Premier Hughes, representing Australia, claims German New Guinea for the Australian commonwealth, while New Zealand claims Samoa. Japan desires the Marshall and Caroline groups of islands. A reported secret treaty between England and Japan, giving Japan the islands north of the equator and the British colonies south of the equator, stands in the way of the internationalization plan; but, it is generally believed that all secret treaties will give way before the league of nations.

The impression seems to be that the disposition of the German colonies will be finally arranged by the five great powers, without reference to the peace conference at a plenary session or to the various commissions.

Japan and Pacific Islands.

The Pacific island phase of the colonial claims now before the council is particularly interesting to the American representatives because of the American interests in the Pacific, notably through American possession of Hawaii and the Philippines.

There has been no official announcement of what Japan proposes the powers should give her for her part in the war, but there has been reports here that Japan was willing to turn Kiauchau back to China, but wished to retain the German rights to the development of the hinterland. There has been no indication of how far she would press her claims to the Pacific islands.

"KILL" IS RED SLOGAN

INHABITANTS OF PERM, ALMOST ANNIHILATED.

Germans and Turks Slaughter 20,000 Armenians at Baku, It is Reported.

Omsk, Central Siberia, Jan. 29.—Death stalked the streets of Perm on the city was captured by General Gaido, according to the official report of an investigator who has just returned from the Ural front.

So terrible were conditions under the bolshevist regime that the frightened people of Perm have not yet recovered.

There are no children less than a year old in Perm, all having died, says the report, which adds that in three months the whole population would probably have perished.

London, Jan. 29.—Intense anxiety is felt by Armenians here over reports that large bodies of Turkish troops have joined Tartar bands and are attacking Armenian villages.

It is feared that still another chapter of atrocities will be added to the Turkish record before the allies are able to relieve the beleaguered Armenian towns.

Details still are lacking of the massacre at Baku, after the Turks, reinforced by Tartar and German troops, had captured the city. Unofficial reports to the Armenian bureau here indicate that about 20,000 people, including a considerable number of Armenian soldiers, were slaughtered in Baku and the in the surrounding region.

SAYS MERCHANT NAVY SURE

Hurley, Head of Shipping Board, Declares U. S. Wants Great Maritime Fleet.

Paris, Jan. 29.—Edward N. Hurley, head of the shipping board, announced his intention to return to the United States on the Leviathan when she sails again from France after his examination here into problems connected with the merchant marine.

Mr. Hurley said he felt certain that the American people had determined to have and to maintain a merchant marine sufficient in size to make it certain that they would not be dependent on the shipping of other nations for their foreign trade, and that the demand for such a shipping program was virtually unanimous.

As soon as the armistice was signed, he continued, he had recognized that a great many questions would arise in connection with the American shipping program that would require first-hand knowledge of what was planned to be done by the other nations engaged in shipping, and he had come to Europe in this connection.

JUNKERS TRUE TO EX-KAISER

Count Reventlow's Newspaper Says Their Belief in Kaiserism and Empire is Unshakable.

London, Jan. 29.—One influential Berlin newspaper at least "is true blue" to Wilhelm Hohenzollern. It is Count Ernst zu Reventlow's Deutsche Tages Zeitung, which, writing on the occasion of the ex-kaiser's birthday, says, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Evening News.

"We confront the present government with unshakable belief in kaiserism and the empire. We hold firm to the emperor and will do everything in our power to prevent his surrender to the implacable enemy. We look forward to the day when the kaiser will be restored."

The German people's party sent birthday greetings to Count Hohenzollern, saying:

"Millions of Germans reverence the monarchistic idea and will repel every unworthy estrangement from the high ideal of German kaiserdom and Prussian kingship."

TO DUMP GAS INTO OCEAN

Aurora Man One of Five Selected to Destroy the Deadly War Material.

Aurora, Ill., Jan. 29.—Conrad Bardwell is one of five men selected by the government to destroy gas which was to have been used by the Americans in the spring drive. The gas, declared to be 72 times more deadly than any known, will be dumped into the middle of the Atlantic ocean. The Aurora boy and the other four men have left the plant at Willoughby, O., on a special train, carrying the gas. At Baltimore the gas is to be transferred to a steamship. Bardwell is one of 30 chemists trusted with the secret process of making the gas.

DRASTIC BILL IS FRAMED

Food Administration Asks \$1,250,000,000 for Purchase of Entire U. S. Wheat Crop.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The food administration has applied to congress for the passage of a drastic and far-reaching bill, appropriating \$1,250,000,000 for the purchase of the entire wheat crop of the United States at the present guaranteed price and placing the disposition and control of the crop absolutely within the authority of the president. The bill would continue the life of the food administration indefinitely, with its powers greatly enlarged and extended.

YANKS FALL IN RUSSIAN BATTLE

Ten Enlisted Men Killed, 17 Wounded and 11 Missing, Says Official Report.

BRITISH SINK RUSS FLEET

Bolshevist Attempts to Shell City of Revel Result in Complete Failure—Every Enemy Ship is Destroyed.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Retirement of the allied forces holding advanced positions in the Archangel sector before attacks by superior forces of bolshevists is reported in an official dispatch dated January 23, the substance of which was made public by General March.

The message reported the American losses in one of the actions at Ust Pedenga as 10 enlisted men killed, 17 wounded and 11 missing. A later dispatch said subsequent attacks were repulsed when delivered on the positions taken up by American forces.

The points attacked by the enemy lay generally about 100 miles from Archangel. General March said the interallied commander there had adequate troops to re-enforce the advanced elements and to handle the situation.

An interallied force engaged at Shenkursk consisted of a British detachment, two companies of Americans and two companies of Russians. These were attacked on three sides and compelled to evacuate their positions. As were also the allied patrols holding Ust Pedenga. The American troops falling back took a position midway between this point and Shenkursk. In one of the attacks reported 1,000 enemy troops were in action against the small allied force.

London, Jan. 29.—Allied forces on the front south of Archangel, mainly American and Russian troops, have evacuated the town of Shenkursk under bolshevist pressure and withdrawn to a shorter line north of the town, according to an official statement from the British war office on operations in northern Russia.

The bolshevists captured a large store of provisions at Shenkursk, which the garrison was unable to burn for fear of revealing the intention to withdraw. All the American guns were either removed or made useless. A ruse saved the Yanks.

London, Jan. 28.—Bolshevist attempts to bombard Revel, capital of Estonia, from the sea have resulted in complete failure, according to reports received here. Every vessel in the fleet is said to have been sunk.

Riga was saved from attack by bolshevists and from disorders within the city by a British fleet which was sent into the Baltic late in December for the purpose of assisting British refugees to leave Russia.

BUTTER, EGG PRICES DROP

Wholesale Trade Demoralized in Chicago—Government and Foreign Buying Stop.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Prices for some food products—wholesale prices—went topping Thursday. Butter dropped 5 cents a pound. Eggs slumped 15 cents a dozen in the day. Potatoes went down 20 cents a hundred pounds. The wholesale trade in many foodstuffs was declared to be demoralized; in butter, paralyzed. The public and the trade generally seem to have the idea that this may be the beginning of the toboggan slide. Government and foreign buying has almost wholly stopped. For the first time in years extensive buying has been started in Australia and South America. The comparative corner that the United States has had on the world's food supplies is broken.

U. S. ARMY SECOND TO FRANCE

More American Troops Were on Western Front at Finish Than British.

Washington, Jan. 28.—On the day that the armistice was signed the American army on the western front was second in strength only to that of France itself. Figures made public by General March showed that on November 11 the United States was represented on the western front by 1,950,100 men. France, on November 1, the last date for which official figures were available, had 2,559,000. The British and the Portuguese attached to the British army totaled 1,718,000, while the Belgian and Italian forces on the western front aggregated about 200,000.

WILSON ACCEPTS ALBERT'S BID

Brussels, Jan. 29.—President Wilson intends to accept the invitation of King Albert to visit Brussels, it is said in well-informed circles, but has not fixed the date for his trip because of pressure of work.

FINLAND TO BE INDEPENDENT

Copenhagen, Jan. 29.—France will propose at the peace conference to have Finland recognized by the world as an independent nation, according to a dispatch from Helsingfors, the Finnish capital.

C. CARROLL TODD



G. Carroll Todd, who as assistant to the attorney general has made a record in the enforcement of federal anti-trust laws, is one of the men prominently mentioned as likely to succeed Thomas W. Gregory as attorney general after March 4. Mr. Todd has been in the department for 19 years, having entered as a clerk.

RELIEF BILL PASSED

\$100,000,000 FOOD MEASURE APPROVED BY CONGRESS.

No Material Changes Made by Senate and House Conferees in Bill to Feed Europe.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The bill appropriating \$100,000,000 to furnish food supplies to starving populations of Europe was passed by the senate by the vote of 63 to 18. Thirty-four Democrats and 19 Republicans voted for it, and three Democrats and 15 Republicans against it.

Washington, Jan. 29.—An agreement on the administration bill appropriating \$100,000,000 for European famine relief was reached by the senate and house conferees after a brief session.

No material changes were made in the bill by the conferees. All of the senate amendments, with minor changes in phrasing, were adopted, including that by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, Republican, providing that wheat donated should be bought, as far as practicable, in America. The prohibition added by the senate against distribution of food to enemy people also was approved by the conferees, but the provision was redrafted so as to insure that Armenians and other friendly peoples in enemy territory might become the subjects of relief.

DESTROYER SUNK BY U-53

Fight Occurred December 6, 1917, After the Submarine's Visit to the U. S.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The American destroyer Jacob Jones, sunk off the Irish coast by a German submarine December 6, 1917, was torpedoed by the U-53, the vessel which visited Newport, R. I. in the summer of 1916, and later harried allied merchant shipping off the New England coast.

This fact was disclosed in the report of Lieut. F. L. Mueller and J. H. Fulcher, U. S. N., who were captured by the submarine U-152, which sank the cargo transport Ticouderoga September 30, 1918, and released when the German submarine flotilla was surrendered November 24, after they had spent nearly two months on the submarine in American waters and at the German submarine base at Kiel.

The report, made public by the navy department, showed also that the German officer commanding the U-53 when the Jones was destroyed, Captain von Schröder, was aboard the boat when it was at Newport.

BAKER TELLS OF LOSSES

Secretary of War Says Casualties of Thirty-Fifth Division During Service in France Were 827 Men.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Losses of the Thirty-fifth division (Kansas and Missouri National Guard) in killed and died of wounds during its entire service in France up to November 7 were 827 men, Secretary Baker told the house rules committee in connection with a resolution by Representative Campbell of Kansas calling for congressional investigation of reported excessive losses in this division.

POLICEMEN IN LONDON TO STRIKE

London, Jan. 29.—A general strike of police was scheduled as a result of the home office's refusal to recognize the policemen's union or re-instate discharged Midland railway policemen.

MURDERS CHARGED TO YANKS

Paris, Jan. 29.—Thirty-four murders, 220 day and night assaults and nearly 900 serious fights due to American soldiers occurred in the department of the Seine in December, says the Matin.

WILSON VISITS BATTLEFIELDS

President Views Ruins at Chateau-Thierry, Where Yanks Fought.

SEES THE DEBRIS AT REIMS

Freedom of the Seas to Be Decided by World League—Australia, New Zealand and China Claim German Colonies.

Paris, Jan. 29.—President Wilson made his first trip to the battlefield and devastated regions, Sunday, visiting Chateau-Thierry and Reims. At the close of a tour that took him through a dozen razed villages, ending in the ruins of the historic cathedral at Reims, he made this comment: "No one can put into words the impressions I have received amongst such scenes of desolation and ruins."

That was Mr. Wilson's only expression of his feelings after a trip that every Frenchman has been hoping he would make before he takes part in deciding what is to be exacted from Germany for the devastation of northern France.

Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, Admiral Grayson and a very small party, Mr. Wilson left the Murat residence early Sunday morning. The party motored first to Chateau-Thierry, and thence to Reims, passing through many ruined villages and along the old fighting lines, where evidences of combat are still to be plainly seen.

After visiting Reims, the president and his party left their motor cars and returned by special train to Paris. The last part of the motor trip was made in a swirling snowstorm, the first snow Mr. Wilson has seen since last winter.

The freedom of the seas, which has been more or less lost in the shuffle of other business, was taken up for the first time today by the "big five." The discussion was private. Maritime laws were gone into, it is understood and the deliberations gradually approached the question, although the actual settlement will be left to the league of nations.

This decision was reached, it is said, because the representatives of the great powers are desirous that as much of the work as possible be left for deliberation by the league.

The exchange of views regarding the German colonies in the Pacific included Chinese representations concerning Kiau Chow and Australian claims to the captured islands near Australia, which she claims to be of strategic importance for her safety, and other views.

While the conference has not yet considered the territorial questions in the Balkans, there is a general disposition, constantly growing, to believe that the United States will take an active share either in a protectorate or in an arrangement similar to that planned for Constantinople and Armenia.

TWO FLYERS ARE MISSING

French Aviators Fail to Return to Marseilles After Flight to Algiers.

Paris, Jan. 28.—The French admiralty has received no news from the aviators, Lieutenant Roger and Captain Cole, who flew across the Mediterranean Sunday from Marseilles to Algiers and were expected back at Marseilles between six and seven o'clock Sunday night. It is believed that the aviators, Lieutenant Roger and Captain Cole, are in the Mediterranean, as they made the trip to Algiers in five hours.

36 STATES CERTIFY DRY BILL

Preparation of Proclamation to Make Prohibition Amendment Effective Ordered.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Thirty-six states, the necessary three-fourths, had certified to the state department their ratification of the federal prohibition amendment, and preparation of a proclamation to make the amendment effective was ordered.

HOLD THE ROADS 21 MONTHS

Cummins Prepares Resolution to Prohibit Return of Carriers for Nearly Two Years.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Senator Cummins of Iowa, Republican, prepared a resolution to prohibit return of the railroads to private operation until expiration of the full 21 months' period after peace is declared, allowed in the railroad control law.

FOE SHIPS ALLOTTED TO U. S.

New York, Jan. 28.—German ships allotted to the United States for the transportation of troops aggregate 500,000 tons, including the giant Hamburg-American liner Imperator. It was authoritatively learned here.

CATHEDRAL AS A "THANK OFFERING"

New York, Jan. 28.—Immediate completion of the national Episcopal cathedral at Washington as a "thank offering" for victory was urged by Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity church.

GEORGE D. OGDEN



George D. Ogden, chairman of the exports control committee, and freight traffic manager of the Pennsylvania railroad. Prior to his appointment he was chairman of the freight traffic committee, north Atlantic ports, with headquarters in New York.

TO RUSH YANKS HOME

SENATE COMMITTEE TOLD OF DEMOBILIZATION PLANS.

General March Says 300,000 Men Can Be Transported in Month—750,000 in Camp to Be Released.

Washington, Jan. 29.—General March, chief of staff, informed the senate military committee that shipping arrangements had been made by which 300,000 men might be transported home monthly and that all of the American expeditionary force could be returned home and demobilized within six months.

There are still 785,000 men in camp in the United States and all will be demobilized within a month from today, except those retained for "overhead" duty, General March added.

Up to noon last Saturday, he said, 104,000 men had arrived from overseas.

VOTES FOR WOMEN DOMESTIC

Wilson Tells Delegation Conference Too Unwieldy to Hope for Much.

Paris, Jan. 28.—Addressing a delegation of working women of France at the Murat mansion, President Wilson said in part: "Miss Thomson and Ladies: "You have not only done me a great honor but you have touched me very much by this unexpected tribute, and may I add that you have frightened me because, realizing the great confidence you place in me, I am led to question my own ability to justify that confidence."

"You have not placed your confidence wrongly in my hopes and purposes, but perhaps not all of these hopes and purposes can be realized in the great matter that you have so much at heart—the right of women to take their full share in the political life of the nations to which they belong."

"That is necessarily a domestic question for the several nations. A conference of nations with each other would be regarded as going very much outside its province if it undertook to dictate to the several states what their internal policy should be."

CANADIANS TO QUIT GERMANY

Dominion Troops to Be Replaced at Bonn by Other British Contingents.

London, Jan. 28.—Canadian troops are about to leave Germany. Bonn, which has been their headquarters, will be taken over by other British army contingents. The home of Beethoven is still standing at Bonn and the dispatch says: "Not many Canadians will go home without being able to say they struck a chord or two on the great musician's piano and found it terribly out of tune."

ITALY DECORATES 49 U. S. OFFICERS

Washington, Jan. 27.—Forty-eight officers of the American air service and one officer of the medical reserve corps who served in Italy have been authorized by the Italian minister of war to wear the Italian service ribbon, the war department was informed. The officers have returned to the United States.

PASS \$10,500,000 BILL

Washington, Jan. 28.—The house passed and sent to the senate the bill appropriating \$10,500,000 for constructing hospitals for disabled soldiers and sailors.

FORD SUIT IS DELAYED

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 29.—By agreement of counsel argument in the circuit court here on motion for change of venue in the libel suit brought by Henry Ford against the Chicago Daily Tribune was postponed for one week.

ADMIRAL CHADWICK IS DEAD

New York, Jan. 29.—The death of Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick, U. S. N., retired, at Newport, R. I., was announced here by the Century association, which received a telephone message to that effect from Newport.

F. J. Lambeck, M. D.

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THE LIGHT IN THE CLEARING

A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

By IRVING BACHELLER

AUTHOR OF "EVEN HOLDEN, DYI AND I, DARREL OF THE BLESSED ISLES, KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE, ETC."

BARTON RUNS AWAY AND MAKES THE ACQUAINTANCE OF SILAS WRIGHT, JR.

Synopsis.—Barton Baynes, an orphan, goes to live with his uncle, Peabody Baynes, and his Aunt Deel on a farm on Rattleroad, in a neighborhood called Lichtysplit, about the year 1836. He meets Sally Dunkelberg, about his own age, but socially of a class above the Baynes, and is fascinated by her pretty face and fine clothes. Barton also meets Roving Kate, a known in the neighborhood as the "Silent Woman." Amos Grimshaw, a young son of the richest man in the township, is a visitor at the Baynes home and Roving Kate tells the boys fortunes, predicting a bright future for Barton and death on the gallows for Amos.

CHAPTER II—Continued.

"We'll draw him up on it—it won't hurt him any," he proposed. I looked at him in silence. My heart smote me, but I hadn't courage to take issue with the owner of a silver watch. When the dog began to struggle I threw my arms about him and cried. Aunt Deel happened to be near. She came and saw Amos peeling at the rope and me trying to save the dog. "Come right down off'n that mow—this minute," said she. When we had come down and the dog had followed, pulling the rope after him, Aunt Deel was pale with anger. "Go right home—right home," said she to Amos. "Mr. Baynes said that he would take me up with the horses," said Amos. "Ye can use shanks' horses—ayes!—they're good enough for you," Aunt Deel insisted, and so the boy went away in disgrace. "Where are your pennies?" Aunt Deel said to me. I felt in my pockets but couldn't find them. "Where did ye have 'em last?" my aunt demanded. "On the haymow," "Come an' show me." We went to the mow and searched for the pennies, but not one of them could we find. I remembered that when I saw them last Amos had them in his hand. "I'm awful 'fraid for him—ayes I be!" said Aunt Deel. "I'm 'fraid Rovin' Kate was right about him—ayes!" "What did she say?" I asked. "That he was goin' to be hung—ayes! You can't play with him no more. Boys that take what don't belong to 'em—which I hope he didn't—ayes I hope it awful—are apt to be hung by their necks until they are dead—just as he was goin' to hang of Shep—ayes!—they are!" Uncle Peabody seemed to feel very bad when he learned how Amos had turned out. "Don't say a word about it," said he. "Mebbe you lost the pennies. Don't mind 'em." Soon after that, one afternoon, Aunt Deel came down in the field where we were dragging. While she



When the Dog Began to Struggle, I Threw My Arms About Him and Cried.

was talking with Uncle Peabody an idea occurred to me, and the dog and I ran for the house. There was a pot of honey on the top shelf of the pantry and ever since I had seen it put there I had cherished secret desires. I ran into the deserted house, and with the aid of a chair climbed to the first shelf and then to the next, and reached into the pan and drew

out a comb of honey, and with no delay whatever it went to my mouth. Suddenly it seemed to me that I had been hit by lightning. It was the sting of a bee. I felt myself going and made a wild grab and caught the edge of the pan and down we came to the floor—the pan and I—with a great crash. I discovered that I was in desperate pain and trouble and I got to my feet and ran. I didn't know where I was going. It seemed to me that any other place would be better than that. My feet took me toward the barn and I crawled under it and hid there. My lip began to feel better, by and by, but big and queer. It stuck out so that I could see it. I heard my uncle coming with the horses. I concluded that I would stay where I was, but the dog came and sniffed and barked at the hole through which I had crawled as if saying, "Here he is!" My position was untenable. I came out. Shep began trying to clean my clothes with his tongue. Uncle Peabody stood near with the horses. He looked at me. He stuck his finger into the honey on my coat and smelt it. "Well, by—" he stopped and came closer and asked, "What's happened?" "Bee stung me," I answered. "Where did ye find so much honey that ye could go swimmin' in it?" he asked. I heard the door of the house open suddenly and the voice of Aunt Deel. "Peabody; Peabody, come here quick," she called. Uncle Peabody ran to the house, but I stayed out with the dog. Through the open door I heard Aunt Deel saying: "I can't stan' it any longer and I won't—not another day—ayes, I can't stan' it. That boy is a reg'lar pest." They came out on the veranda. Uncle Peabody said nothing, but I could see that he couldn't stand it either. My brain was working fast. "Come here, sir," Uncle Peabody called. I knew it was serious, for he had never called me "sir" before. I went slowly to the steps. "My Lord!" Aunt Deel exclaimed. "Look at that lip and the honey all over him—ayes! I tell ye—I can't stan' it." "Say, boy, is there anything on this place that ye ain't tipped over?" Uncle Peabody asked in a sorrowful tone. "Wouldn't ye like to tip the house over?" I was near breaking down in this answer: "I went into the but'ry and that pan jumped on to me." "Didn't you taste the honey?" "No," I drew in my breath and shook my head. "Liar, too!" said Aunt Deel. "I can't stan' it an' I won't." Uncle Peabody was sorely tried, but he was keeping down his anger. His voice trembled as he said: "Boy, I guess you'll have to—" Uncle Peabody stopped. He had been driven to the last ditch, but he had not stepped over it. However, I knew what he had started to say and sat down on the steps in great dejection. Shep followed, working at my coat with his tongue. I think the sight of me must have touched the heart of Aunt Deel. "Peabody Baynes, we mustn't be cru'," said she in a softer tone, and then she brought a rag and began to assist Shep in the process of cleaning my coat. "Good land! He's got to stay here—ayes!—he ain't got to no other place to go to." "But if you can't stan' it," said Uncle Peabody. "I've got to stan' it—ayes!—I can't stan' it, but I've got to—ayes! So have you." Aunt Deel put me to bed although it was only five o'clock. As I lay looking up at the shingles a singular resolution came to me. It was born of my longing for the companionship of my kind and of my resentment. I would go and live with the Dunkelbergs. I would go the way they had gone and find them. I knew it was

ten miles away, but of course everybody knew where the Dunkelbergs lived and any one would show me. I would run and get there before dark and tell them that I wanted to live with them and every day I would play with Sally Dunkelberg. Uncle Peabody was not half as nice to play with as she was. I heard Uncle Peabody drive away. I watched him through the open window. I could hear Aunt Deel washing the dishes in the kitchen. I got out of bed very slyly and put on my Sunday clothes. I went to the open window. The sun had just gone over and the top of the woods. I would have to hurry to get to the Dunkelbergs before dark. I crept out on the top of the shed and descended the ladder that leaned against it. I stood a moment listening. The dooryard was covered with shadows and very still. The dog must have gone with Uncle Peabody. I ran through the garden to the road and down it as fast as my bare feet could carry me. In that direction the nearest house was almost a mile away. I remember I was out of breath, and the light was growing dim before I got to it. I went on. It seemed to me that I had gone nearly far enough to reach my destination when I heard a buggy coming behind me. "Hello!" a voice called. I turned and looked up at Dug Draper, in a single buggy, dressed in his Sunday suit. "Is it much further to where the Dunkelbergs live?" I asked. "The Dunkelbergs? Who be they?" It seemed to me very strange that he didn't know the Dunkelbergs. "Where Sally Dunkelberg live?" That was a clincher. He laughed and grove and said: "Git in here, boy. I'll take ye there." I got into the buggy, and he struck his horse with the whip and went galloping away in the dusk. By and by we passed Roving Kate. I could just discern her raised form by the roadside and called to her. He struck his horse and gave me a ride shake and made me shut up. It was dark and I felt very cold and began to wish myself home in bed. "Ain't we most to the Dunkelbergs?" I asked. "No—not yet," he answered. I burst into tears and he shook me roughly and shoved me down on the buggy floor and said: "You lay there and keep still; do you hear?" "Yes," I sobbed. I lay shaking with fear and fighting my sorrow and keeping as still as I could with it, until, wearied by the strain, I fell asleep. What befell me that night while I dreamed of playing with the sweet-faced girl I have wondered often. Some time in the night Dug Draper had reached the village of Canton and got rid of me. He had probably put me out at the water trough. Kind hands had picked me up and carried me to a little veranda that fronted the door of a law office. There I slept peacefully until daylight, when I felt a hand on my face and awoke suddenly. I remember that I felt cold. A kindly faced man was leaning over me. "Hello, boy!" said he. "Where did you come from?" I was frightened and confused, but his gentle voice reassured me. "Uncle Peabody?" I called, as I arose and looked about me and began to cry. The man lifted me in his arms and held me close to his breast and tried to comfort me. I remember seeing the Silent Woman pass while I was in his arms. "Tell me what's your name," he urged. "Barton Baynes," I said as soon as I could speak. "Where do you live?" "In Lichtysplit." "How did you get here?" "Dug Draper brought me. Do you know where Sally Dunkelberg lives?" "Is she the daughter of Horace Dunkelberg?" "Mr. and Mrs. Horace Dunkelberg," I amended. "Oh, yes, I know her. Sally is a friend of mine. We'll get some breakfast and then we'll go and find her." He carried me through the open door of his office and set me down at his desk. The cold air of the night had chilled me and I was shivering. "You sit there and I'll have a fire going in a minute and get you warmed up." He wrapped me in his coat and went into the back room and built a fire in a small stove and brought me in and set me down beside it. He made some porridge in a kettle while I sat holding my little hands over the stove to warm them, and a sense of comfort grew in me. He dipped some porridge into bowls and put them on a small table. My eyes had watched him with growing interest and I got to the table about as soon as the porridge and mounted a chair and seized a spoon. "One moment, Bart," said my host. "By jingo! We've forgotten to wash and you're face looks like a red dyed of a river. Come here a minute." He led me out of the back door, where there were a wash-stand and a pail and tin basin and a dish of soft soap. He dipped the pail in a rain barrel and filled the basin, and I washed myself and waited not upon my host, but made for the table and began to eat, being very hungry, after hastily drying my face on a towel. In a minute he came and sat down to his own porridge and bread and butter.

When he had finished eating he set aside the dishes and I asked: "Now could I go and see Sally Dunkelberg?" "What in the world do you want of Sally Dunkelberg?" he asked. "Oh, just to play with her," I said as I showed him how I could sit on my hands and raise myself from the chair bottom. "Haven't you any one to play with at home?" "Only my Uncle Peabody." "Don't you like to play with him?" "Oh, some, but he can't stand me any longer. He's all tired out, and my Aunt Deel, too. I've tipped over every single thing on that place. I tipped over the honey yesterday—split it all over everything and rooked my clothes. I'm a reg'lar pest. So I want to play with Sally Dunkelberg. I want to play with her a little while—just a wee little while." "Forward, march!" said he and away we started for the home of the Dunkelbergs. The village interested me immensely. I had seen it only twice before. People were moving about in the streets. One thing I did not fail to notice. Every man we met touched his hat as he greeted my friend. It was a square, frame house—that of the Dunkelbergs—large for that village, and had a big dooryard with trees in it. As we came near the gate I saw Sally Dunkelberg playing with other children among the trees. Suddenly I was afraid and began to hang



A Kindly Faced Man Was Leaning Over Me.

back. I looked down at my bare feet and my clothes, both of which were dirty. Sally and her friends had stopped their play and were standing in a group looking at us. I heard Sally whisper: "It's that Baynes boy. Don't he look dirty?" I stopped and withdrew my hand from that of my guide. "Come on, Bart," he said. I shook my head and stood looking over at that little, hostile tribe near me. "Go and play with them while I step into the house," he urged. Again I shook my head. "Well, then, you wait here a moment," said my new-found friend. He left me and I sat down upon the ground, thoughtful and silent. In a moment my friend came out with Mrs. Dunkelberg, who kissed me, and asked me to tell how I happened to be there. "I just thought I would come," I said as I twisted a button on my coat, and would say no more to her. "Mr. Wright, you're going to take him home, are you?" Mrs. Dunkelberg asked. "Yes, I'll start off with him in an hour or so," said my friend. "I am interested in this boy and I want to see his aunt and uncle." "Well, Sally, you go down to the office and stay with Bart until they go." "You'd like that, wouldn't you?" the man asked of me. "I don't know," I said. "That means yes," said the man. Sally and another little girl came with us and passing a store I held back to look at many beautiful things in a big window. "Is there anything you'd like there, Bart?" the man asked. "I wish I had a pair of them shiny shoes with buttons on," I answered in a low, confidential tone, afraid to express, openly, a wish so extravagant. "Come right in," he said, and I remember that when we entered the store I could hear my heart beating. He bought a pair of shoes for me and I would have them on at once, and made it necessary for him to buy a pair of socks also. After the shoes were buttoned on my feet I saw little of Sally Dunkelberg or the other people of the village, my eyes being on my feet most of the time. The man took us into his office and told us to sit down until he could write a letter.

Barton goes to town and again sees Sally Dunkelberg, but his experience on this occasion is not so pleasant as at their first meeting. His friendship with the great Silas Wright, however, progresses more favorably.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

GERMANY MUST PAY

Cruel Marauders Destroyed Fertile Farms and Fruit Trees.

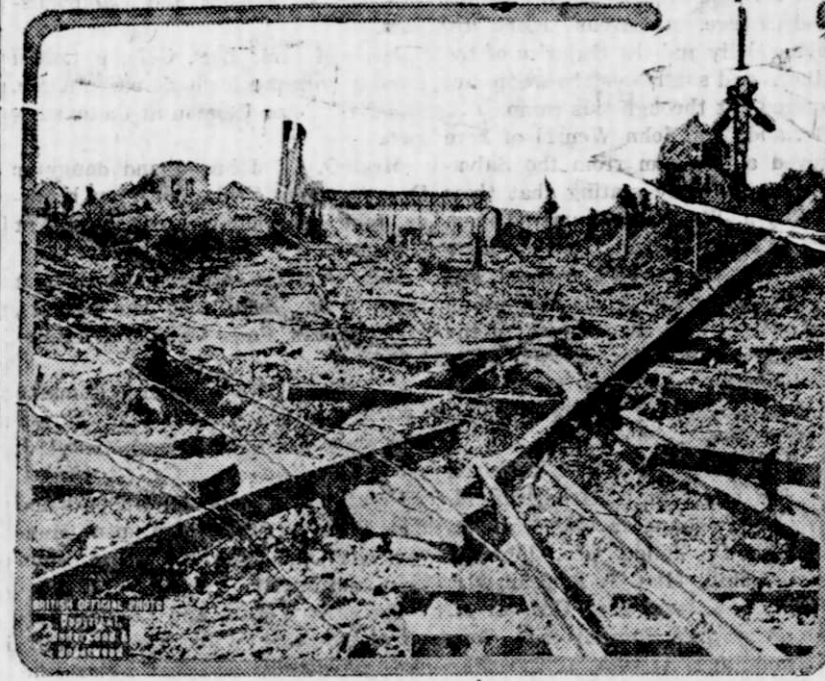
MANY VILLAGES WIPED OUT

Stumps of Orchards and Graves of Thousands of Soldiers Dead All That Remain of Once Flourishing Somme Fields.

By WRIGHT A. PATTERSON.

Can the American reader imagine transforming the fertile fields and prosperous villages and towns and cities in states like New York, Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Texas, or any other of the rich agricultural states of the Union into an uninhabited desert?

That is what the Boche did to the Somme country of France. Before the war this section of France was looked upon as one of the most productive sections of the world. It was covered with fertile farms, splendid fruit orchards, thriving villages and towns and prosperous little cities.



An Idea of the Destruction and Devastation Left in the Wake of the Retreating Hun Hordes is Shown in British Official Photograph.

Among its cities and towns were Amiens, Albert, Peronné, Hamel, St. Quentin, Roye, and many, many others that are today but heaps of debris, but which will figure prominently in the history of the great war.

This beautiful valley was interlaced with magnificent roadways, and each roadway lined with wonderful trees, many of them centuries old. Along these roadways stood hundreds of farm villages, each village housing from one hundred to five hundred happy, contented, thrifty people, who tilled the soil of their fertile acres and gathered the fruit of their orchards as their forefathers had done for many generations.

Upon the farms of this valley all of France depended for much of its foodstuffs, for its bread, its meat, its fruit, and year after year these fertile acres and these thrifty, industrious people had met the expectations of France in the matter of food production.

And then came the Boche with his dreams of conquest and of loot, and for four years this valley of the Somme was a battleground, with millions of men struggling backward and forward across it, those on the one side seeking the selfish purpose of world domination and destruction and those opposed seeking the preservation of freedom and liberty and world civilization.

No Evidence of Many Villages.

The American people, and especially those of the rich agricultural states of the North or South, of the East or West, can look about them at their own happy and prosperous communities and easily picture in their minds the Somme section of France before the war. But it is impossible to picture the terrible devastation that has been wrought because of the ambitions and lust of a selfish people.

Every one of the two or three hundreds of thriving farm villages are gone, the great majority of them gone so completely as to leave no evidence that they ever existed; the material of which they were constructed carted away that it might be used in the construction of the fortifications of the famous Hindenburg line behind which the invaders sought refuge; its cities completely demolished, their magnificent churches and cathedrals, the work of the master builders of centuries ago, ground to powdered stone; the wonderful trees lining the roadways torn to splinters; the people of the valley homeless and scattered to the four winds.

Like many thousands of Americans, I had failed to believe possible all of the things we had been told were the work of the Boche. I had read with considerable reservation the description of the destroyed orchards where the fruit trees were said to have been deliberately cut down. But as I rode for miles and miles and miles over the Somme valley I could not fail to believe what my eyes saw, and there were the stumps of what had once been orchard after orchard from which France had reaped her harvest of fruit. Each stump was cut square with a saw, and each stump of almost exactly the same height, as though the depredator had measured each with a

yardstick to ascertain the exact place of cutting.

Why Germany Should Pay.

Think of what it would mean should the Boche go through any one of our own agricultural states and commit the same terrible depredations. Would we not say that he should pay? And can we afford to say anything less for the farmer of France than we would say for the farmer of America? No, the American ideals of today, the ideals which the stricken peoples of Europe are striving to make their ideals, demand justice for all wherever and whoever they may be, and America can do no less than demand the same reparation for the French farmer that she would demand for the American farmer under such circumstances.

There is nothing living today on those Somme fields. There is nothing but stumps and the battered and torn remains of what were once prosperous towns and cities. These and the graves of almost countless thousands of soldier dead—some of them American soldier dead—are all that is left to indicate that man ever passed that way; all that is left to indicate that this great valley was ever more than the desert it now appears.

Boche Must Pay and Pay.

Along the edge of the Somme valley runs what is left of the Hindenburg line, designed with all the cunning of

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Help to Pass the Crisis Safely—Proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Can be Relied Upon.

Urbana, Ill.—"During Change of Life, in addition to its annoying symptoms, I had an attack of grippe which lasted a long winter and left me in a weakened condition. I felt at times that I would never be well again. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it did for women passing through the Change of Life, so I told my doctor I would try it. I soon began to gain in strength and the annoying symptoms disappeared and your Vegetable Compound has made me a well, strong woman so I do all my own housework. I can recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly to women passing through the Change of Life."—Mrs. FRANK HENSON, 1316 S. Orchard St., Urbana, Ill.

Women who suffer from nervousness, "heat flashes," backache, headaches and "the blues" should try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Famous Window. As soon as sufficient skilled labor is available the famous Flemish window in St. Margaret's Westminster, London, will be replaced. The window was removed owing to the fear of damage during air raids, and has been stored in the abbey crypt.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies when Boschee's Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles? It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration. In the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Made in America and sold for more than half a century.—Adv.

Poor Hubby! Lady—"What is your aim in life, my good woman?" Good Woman—"Me 'usbend, gen'rally."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletch*er. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Love and a good dinner are good workers in the field of charity. All men are good—good for something or good for nothing.

Confined to Her Bed Days at a Time

But Doan's Brought a Quick Lasting Cure.

Mrs. Herrman Ruschke, 177 Fourth St., Long Island City, N. Y., says: "The pains in my back were almost unbearable. I always felt tired and listless and found it almost impossible to attend to my housework. Gradually the pains increased—day by day my suffering became worse. Often flashes of light and black specks would appear before my eyes and dizzy spells would come over me. My hands and feet were swollen and my head pained me so at times I thought it would split. My kidneys annoyed me, too. I became despondent. Sometimes I would have to take my bed for three or four days at a time. I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills, so I began using them and was soon back in perfect health again. My cure has stood the test of time so I am only too glad to recommend Doan's to other kidney sufferers." Mrs. Ruschke gave the above statement in April, 1916, and on April 4, 1917, she added: "I gladly repeat all I have said about Doan's Kidney Pills, for they have cured me of kidney complaint."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A BOG SPAVIN OR THOROUGHPIN

but you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. \$2.50 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more in your Write Book 4 R free. ABSORBINE is the antiseptic liniment for manking, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts. Always pain quickly. Price \$1.25 a bottle in quantities of delivered. Made in U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 519 Maple St., Springfield, Mass.

Use Cuticura Soap To Clear Your Skin

All druggists. Soap 25. Ointment 50¢. Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 2, Boston."

CAMPBELLSPORT

B. H. Glass spent Tuesday at Milwaukee.

R. Weber was a caller at Milwaukee last week.

Dr. A. C. Marth spent Sunday at Milwaukee.

Conrad Mack was a Kewaskum caller Monday.

Mrs. Jos. Straub called on friends here Tuesday.

W. Sullivan was a business caller at Eden Thursday.

J. B. Day of Hartford was a village caller Saturday.

Miss Frieda Klocke spent Saturday at Fond du Lac.

Frank Bauer spent Sunday with friends at Cudahy.

Ed. McDonald of Eden spent Sunday in the village.

Ben Day and Ig. Klotz were Milwaukee callers Saturday.

Fred Storck of West Bend was a village caller Monday.

County Supt. M. M. Duell of Fond du Lac spent Friday here.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Raymond spent Saturday at Milwaukee.

A. W. Guenther of Grandville spent Sunday with his parents.

Raymond Braun of West Bend spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Anna Mahoney of Eden spent Sunday with relatives here.

Earl Roethke and sister Edna were West Bend callers Saturday.

P. M. Schlaefter was a business caller at West Bend Thursday.

Mrs. Jos. Meixensperger was a Fond du Lac caller Saturday.

Walter Hilbert of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his parents here.

John Jewson of West Bend spent Sunday with his parents here.

Attorney W. W. Hughes of Fond du Lac was a caller here Friday.

Miss Margaret Fellens of West Bend spent Sunday with home folks.

Mrs. A. Jewson and daughter Hazel spent Saturday at Kewaskum.

Chas. Fleischmann was a business caller at Milwaukee Tuesday.

Harvey Taylor of Fond du Lac was a business caller here Monday.

A. F. Schmidt and S. A. Hendricks were Milwaukee callers Monday.

Miss Gladys Wenzel of Milwaukee spent Sunday with her parents.

Henry Klocke left Monday for Kiel where he will visit several days.

F. Haskins made a trip through the northern part of the state Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Martin left for the northern part of the state Monday.

Herman Zastrow of Milwaukee visited with the John H. Paas family.

Miss Olive Schrauth is spending a week with relatives at West Bend.

Henry Moldenhauer of New Fane was a business caller here Saturday.

Miss Minnie Gantner of Eden spent Saturday with relatives in the village.

Elmer Knickel of Marshfield is spending a week with relatives here.

Frank Hilmes of St. Michaels is spending the week with relatives here.

Miss Lottie Pfeil of Oshkosh was a guest at the John H. Paas home Sunday.

Miss Esther Feuerhammer of Fond du Lac visited Sunday with relatives here.

Emmet Curran and James Foley were Milwaukee callers Saturday and Sunday.

Private Harry Baekhaus returned home having received his honorable discharge.

August Feuerhammer of Oxford, Wis., is spending the week with relatives here.

W. A. Nichols returned to Janesville Saturday after visiting a week with relatives here.

Miss Mae Raether of Kewaskum was a Sunday visitor at the Philip Guenther home.

Private Frank Bohlman of Camp Grant spent a few days furlough with his parents here.

Mrs. Gust Krueger and daughter Mildred spent Sunday with her parents at Kewaskum.

Mrs. Sidney Pope returned to her home at Anoka, Minn., Friday, after several weeks visit here.

Jess Richardson of Woodruff who visited at the Broyman home last week returned home Saturday.

The Misses Leona and Gretchen Paas of Cudahy spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks.

Mrs. John Schaefer of North Fond du Lac spent Saturday and Sunday at the J. H. Kleinhaus home.

Mrs. Thomas Carey of Eldorado who visited here left Monday for Milwaukee for a several days stay.

Misses Marguerite and Olive Reilly of Mayville are guests at the James Foley home for several days.

Miss Lydia Vetsch of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives and friends in the village.

Miss Manie Flynn of Milwaukee, who spent several days here with relatives returned to her home Monday.

John Dengel of New Lisbon and Adam Dengel of West Bend spent Sunday here with their mother, Mrs. Anna Dengel.

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE. WE GUARANTEE EUREKA EGG PRODUCER TO MAKE BUNS LAY IN WINTER and MONEY will be refunded in every case where it fails. H. P. Damm, sole agent, Campbellsport, Wis., R. D. 2—Adv.

Miss Stella Hilmes who is staying at the home of Mrs. Julia Wyse spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in St. Michaels.

A petition was filed last Friday in the estate of Ernest Breyman, which is valued at \$5,000 of which sum \$3,000 is real estate.

Mrs. Edv. Schneider and son Norbert of Sheboygan Falls and Miss Agnes Klotz of Fond du Lac were guests of Mrs. Genevieve Hoffmann Sunday.

The sum of \$1156.14 was paid to County Treasurer N. S. Hersey on Thursday by the local treasurer Jacob W. Schlaefter. This sum, represents the state's share of the taxes collected in the village.

Walter C. Knickel left for Dayton, Ohio Saturday where he has accepted a position with the Dayton Electric Light Co., manufacturers of Delco lights. He will stay at Dayton a few weeks attending the Delco School and will then act as a special representative for the company between Ottawa and Chicago, Ill. Lieut. Knickel received his honorable discharge from the Aero Service.

Sergt. Paul H. Chesley has been assigned to the Board of Examiners at Camp Shelby, Miss. The duty of the examiners is the examination of all men being discharged at the camp. At this time there are 25,000 negroes and about 10,000 whites at Shelby awaiting discharge. Overseas troops are arriving daily and the majority of the southern and south western troops are mustered out through this camp.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wenzel of here received a telegram from the Salvation Army Friday stating that their son, Ray J. Wenzel, had arrived from overseas and was being sent to Camp Merritt, N. J. Private Wenzel left Campbellsport last April for Camp Grant where he was assigned to the 311th Signal Battalion. He had been in a hospital in France for several weeks on account of having pneumonia.

E. Senn, Mrs. B. Ulrich and son Tony, Mr. and Mrs. L. Hendricks, M. Calvey and daughter, W. Krueger, Chas. Van De Zande, Geo. Johnson, Miss L. Schill, Miss F. Polzean, Mr. and Mrs. A. Koenig, Chas. Odekirk, A. White, A. Flitter, Sam Grossen, Conrad Hangartner, A. Jewson, E. Tuttle, Mrs. H. Tuttle, Mrs. W. Martin, Miss L. Johnson, Mrs. N. Bahn, were among those who were at Fond du Lac the past week where they transacted business and also visited with relatives and friends while there.

The dance held Tuesday by the W. E. G. R. at the Armory was well attended. This dance was postponed from Thanksgiving on account of the epidemic. A total of 297 tickets were sold realizing a goodly sum for the guards. Second Lieutenant Wm. Edwards has been appointed first lieutenant of the company and Sergt. Martin Knickel is the new second lieutenant. The advancements were made through the adjutant general's office on account of the mysterious disappearance of First Lieut. David Knickel.

Fred Schneider has arrived at Camp Grant, Mich., from overseas, where he has been stationed for over a year. He is a member of the U. S. Engineers and has been on or near the fighting line for months. In July of last year the marines and infantrymen were hard pressed by the Germans when the engineers went to their assistance. For two days Schneider and about fifty companions were surrounded by several times their number but the engineers fought a winning battle and succeeded in getting away. Schneider was in the regular army for over seven years.

ST. KILIAN

Jacob Batzler was a Theresa caller Friday.

Joe. Flaseh was a Theresa caller Thursday.

Engelbert German of Knowles spent Sunday in our burg.

Andrew Flaseh and Kilian Ruplinger were Ashford callers Saturday.

Erwin Koch of Kewaskum was a business caller here on Wednesday.

Miss May Flaseh of Racine is visiting with relatives here since Friday.

Mrs. Jacob Batzler and daughter Lizzie and son Oscar were Kewaskum callers Friday.

Quite a few from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Conrad Herbel at Wayne Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ruplinger spent Sunday and Monday with the George Ruplinger family at St. Mathias.

NENNO

L. P. Newburg transacted business at Milwaukee last Tuesday.

Theo. Bath was a business caller at West Bend Saturday afternoon.

Quite a number from here attended the dances at Allenton Wednesday.

Mrs. Frank Wiedemeyer of St. Michaels spent Sunday with her parents.

Misses Catherine and Monica Bath of West Bend spent Sunday with their parents.

Corporal Frank Brodzeller of Lomira spent the past week with his brother Peter and family.

NEW PROSPECT

O. M. Johnson was to Fond du Lac on business Friday.

Wm. Bartelt made a business trip to Kewaskum Thursday.

The Misses Emma and Frieda Falk were Kewaskum callers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Kohn were Campbellsport callers Thursday.

August Jandre and brother Walter were Kewaskum callers Saturday.

Joe. Polzean of Campbellsport called on relatives in the village Sunday.

Alfred Schoetz of Boltonville called on Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt Wednesday.

Mrs. Otto Krueger of Lake Fifteen called on relatives in the village Thursday.

Frank Bowen and family visited with his brother, Edgar Bowen and family at Dundee Sunday.

Mrs. Clarence Hill who spent the past two weeks with relatives at Fond du Lac returned home Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schultz and daughter Ruth of Waucoasta visited with August Stern and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hornburg and children of Waucoasta spent Sunday with the Herman and August Jandre families.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Kohn, sons Clayton and Michael spent Sunday with relatives at Elmore and Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen visited Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Uelmen at Campbellsport.

Mrs. O. M. Johnson and daughter Dorothy spent Friday with her brother, John Feuerhammer and family at Elmore.

Mrs. Geo. H. Meyer and son John spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Uelmen at Campbellsport.

The Misses Eva and Verna Romaine of Fond du Lac visited over Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Romaine.

Frank Flitter of Campbellsport and Mike Tunn of Waucoasta spent Monday with the latter's brother, John Tunn and family.

The Misses Ruth and Loretta Rinzel and brother Willie visited Saturday and Sunday with the Peter Rinzel family at St. Mathias.

A Red Cross meeting will be held at the New Prospect school house Tuesday evening, Feb. 4th at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing new officers.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bartelt and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt and daughter Cordele were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koehne at Dundee Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Johnson spent Sunday with the latter's father, F. Feuerhammer near New Fane. They were accompanied home by Mrs. Johnson's brother, A. Feuerhammer of Oxford, who spent the forepart of the week with them.

Miss Ruth Henderson, home demonstration agent of Fond du Lac county will speak Saturday afternoon, Feb. 1st, at the New Prospect school house. Ladies from all the adjoining districts are invited to attend. Meeting will begin at one o'clock.

VALLEY VIEW

Arthur Chesley is on the sick list.

Hugo Brietzke called on North Ashford friends Sunday evening.

Miss Irene Rauping spent the weekend at the home of her parents in Fond du Lac.

The Robert Norton family entertained several friends at their home Saturday evening.

Miss Gusta Polzean of Auburn spent Saturday and Sunday with the R. L. Norton family.

Messrs. Martin Knickel, Geo. Johnson and Hugo Brietzke were recent callers at Eden.

Miss Bernice Johnson spent Monday as a guest of the B. P. Jaeger family at Campbellsport.

Ike Prindle has returned home from Ladysmith where he spent the past week with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson and son Harold called on the John Mullen family in North Ashford Sunday evening.

Several from this vicinity attended the dance given by the Campbellsport Home Guards at the Armory Tuesday night.

Mrs. R. L. Neysten and son Louis and daughter Lucile left Wednesday for a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. Irving Norton and family in Milwaukee.

Messrs. Francis Mac Namara, Hy. Welsh, Francis Devine, John Hughes, Charles Seefeld and sons Albert and Albin, Wm. and Albert Baumhardt and Edward St. Mary were business callers at Campbellsport Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Schommer, Hy. Hoertel, Geo. Johnson, Herman Lange, Robert Robert Norton, Hermann Lange, Francis Mac Namara, Anton Koehne and John Baumhardt were business callers at Campbellsport Wednesday.

If you want the family to be healthy and active, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. It regulates the bowels, helps the appetite, purifies life and energy in the whole family.—Ed. C. Miller.

COUNTY SCHOOL COLUMN

Teachers' Reports.
Judging from monthly reports sent into this office, some teachers are not keeping their registers correctly and this will cause considerable difficulty when the annual reports are made out. The prevalence of influenza throughout the county which necessitated the closing of all schools for a period of from three to ten weeks has brought up certain questions relating to the method to be followed in making monthly and annual reports. In order that these reports may be uniform and correct I shall briefly state here a few instructions to be followed:

1. Days school has been closed on account of the epidemic should not be reported as days taught but should be credited as school maintained.
2. Pupils should not be credited with attendance on the days school was closed on account of the epidemic.
3. Your annual report should show the actual number of days school was maintained, including legal holidays, which will be either 160 or 180 days in this county; but your number of days school has actually been in session may differ, depending on the number of days lost on account of the epidemic.
4. In determining the average daily attendance the total number of days actual attendance should be divided by the number of days school was actually in session. This will prevent the average daily attendance from being reduced by the fact that school was closed on account of the epidemic.

Oak Knoll School Notes.
The following visited school the past month: District Clerk Louis Schubert Supervisor Olga Haug, Mary Wagner, Violet Reich, Mrs. L. Schubert, Mrs. Fred Reich, Margaret Joeckel and W. Baer.

Our new Geography, Language and Reading texts arrived and work in them was started immediately.

The story "Hans in Luck" was dramatized by the class in Language 3 and 4. Language memorized the finger play, "Five Little Mice".

The boys and girls of our school learned how to darn last week. The manual training class is making tabourets, broom holders and foot stools. The sewing class finished its first pieces of machine sewing, laundry bags, and aprons.

Corporal Walter Baer gave the school a very interesting talk on army life.

The Oak Knoll School Society held its Eighth literary meeting on Friday.

Our school received \$21.25 for premiums at the county fair. We took first prize on Best Country School Exhibit, Specimen Book and Sewing.

On Monday evening, Jan. 20, the monthly community gathering was held at the school house. In connection with the lantern slides on alfalfa and Red Cross, a splendid program was given by the ladies of the district. After the program a community dance was held which was enjoyed immensely by both old and young.

through quite a few towns since I left home. We went through Belgium and Luxembourg, and now I am in Germany. It is getting cold here, and is raining nearly every day. We are sleeping in barns, but we are allowed to warm up in the German houses. We certainly are in some country now, nothing but hills. Following are some of the towns we passed through, Bouvange, Beacmont, Lessingen, Stency, Ahlenz and a number of others which I will tell you about when I get home. Well how is everybody at home. I did not get any letters since I am overseas. I am still in the 42nd Rainbow Division, and don't know when we will be sent home, they are all Wisconsin boys in our division. I am in Co. A, 4th Appleton boys, Co. B, of Fond du Lac is right with us, I met the Uelmen and Keen boys from Co. B. All are aching to come home, don't know when it will be, I suppose when all is settled it will be some glad day for me because I don't get back.

Now don't forget to write to me and let me know if Frank Brodzeller and Mike Schmitt are still living and in what division they are in. I might meet them here, wishing you all a Merry Xmas and Happy New Year, with best regards from Joseph J. Schmitt, Co. A, 150th M. G. Bn. 42nd Div., A. B. O. 715 Am. E. P.

SOLDIERS LETTERS

Cross. I just wonder what will be in it. The weather here is mostly wet, it is not very cold as it wasn't down to freezing point yet, we had a snow-storm last night which covered the ground with an inch of snow and right after that it rained and kept it up nearly all day. Today I was on guard and it wasn't nice weather to stand outside two hours at a time, of course, I am glad I was on, it will save me from being on guard on Christmas day, like it was last year at Waco. I'd like to be home for Christmas and go to church at midnight, we won't have any chance to go to church here because there is no Catholic church nearby. About going home we don't know a thing about it, some say we are going home soon and others say we are going to stay for quite a while, but we are glad that the war is over so we don't have to go through as many hardships as we had to go through during these big drives. Believe me you have no idea how tough it was, when I get home I'll tell you all about it. Well this is about all that I can tell you just now. Will close with best regards and a Happy New Year to all, from
Private Jos. Westerman,
Co. D, 120th Machine Gun Co.
Am. E. P.

JOSEPH SCHMITT

Mr. and Mrs. Mat. Schmitt of St. Kilian received the following letter from their son Joseph who is with the Am. E. P.:

Town of Niederdeman, Dec. 11, 1918
Dear Parents and All:—
I will drop you a few lines to let you know that I am in the best of health and hope the same of you. Today is December 11, we got a rest for ten days, we are hiking for fourteen days now, and have four days more to hike before we will reach our destination, we are about twenty-five miles from the Rhine. I have traveled

GETTING RID OF COLDS

The easiest and quickest way to get rid of a cold is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This preparation has been in use for many years and its value fully proven. No matter what remedy you use, however, care must be taken not to contract a second cold before you have recovered from the first one, and there is serious danger of this. A man of middle age or older should go to bed and stay in bed until fully recovered. It is better to stay in bed three days at the start than three weeks later on.

It takes quality to make a real bargain, says Kelly the banker



"This small chew of Real Gravely gives more real tobacco satisfaction than a big chew of ordinary plug. It tastes better and lasts longer."

Write to—
GENUINE GRAVELLY
DANVILLE, VA.
for booklet on chewing plug

Peyton Brand
REAL CHEWING PLUG
Plug packed in pouch

Choice Groceries

JOHN MARX
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

Flour and Feed

HARNES AND COLLARS



It is the time of the year when you should look after them. Have the old ones repaired and oiled, or if they are too poor to do the season's work get a new set at Val. Peters' for \$75.00. I will oil your team harness for \$1.00, if you take it apart and clean it, you also to buckle it up. If I do all the work, I will charge you \$2.25. Also make your Hens lay by giving them Fleck's Poultry Powder. Get your Gloves and Mittens at

VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis

CONSULT WM. LEISSRING
ABOUT YOUR EYESIGHT
Exclusive Optometrist will be at the
I Prescribe and Make My Own Glasses
REPUBLICAN HOUSE Kewaskum, every 2nd Wednesday of each month from 9 to 12 A. M.
Schlegel Hotel West Bend, Wis. Home Office New Location, 242 Flankinton Arcade, 2nd Floor, Milwaukee

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