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# Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, AUG. 24, 1918

NUMBER 51

## RURAL ROUTES ARE CHANGED

Route No. 3, Kewaskum. Starting at the post office the carrier will go

Thence	Miles
West to Fond du Lac road	.25
Northwest .50 and west 5.25 to Beisbier corner	5.75
North 1, west .50 and south 1 to Kern corner	2.50
West 1, North .125, west .50 and south .125 to Schmidt corner	1.75
West 1.25, north, northeast and east 1.25 to Fritz corner	2.50
South 1.75 and east 1.50 to Clark corner	3.25
South .50, east .375 and retrace to Basler corner	1.25
South 1.50, east .50 and north 1 to Warner corner	3.00
East .50, north .375 and retrace to Kibbe corner	1.25
East 1, north 1 and east 4.75 to Backhaus corner	6.75
Northwest .75 and east .25 to post office	1.00

Total length of route 29.25  
Prior length 25.625  
Campbellsport Route No. 3, formerly Route No. 31.

Starting at Post office the carrier will go

Thence	Miles
West 1/2, south and southwest 1 1/2 to Pichl corner	1.625
Southerly	.875
Southwest to Klund corner	1.1
South 1 1/2 and west 2	3.5
North 1 and east 1/2	1.75
West 1 1/2, south 1/2 and east 1/2	3.
South	.25
East 1 and south 1 mile to Kern corner	2.
East 1/2 to Beisbier corner	.5
North 1 and east 2 to Hoenig corner	3.
North to Diehl corner	1.25
East 1/2, south 1/2 and east 1/2 Southeast, east, north and east to Kahne corner	1.5
Northwest to schoolhouse No. 1	.9
West, northwest and westerly to west line Sect. 25	1.
Northerly to Pichl corner	.875
East to Scheid corner	1.3
Northwest to post office	1.5

Total length 26.925

## CAMP GRANT CLOSED TO VISITORS

On last Saturday night, Camp Grant was closed to all visitors, by Government orders. The closing of the camp was deemed advisable by the authorities, so that the Blackhawk division, which is soon to leave for France, may complete its training in private. All those who have been planning to visit the camp will not be permitted to do so unless they have a special permit from division headquarters, and this permit will be issued only to a relative of a soldier who is ill at the base hospital. Another reason for the closing of the camp is that the railroads entering Rockford are taxed to their capacity by trains carrying supplies for enlarging the cantonment and it is impossible to provide passenger service to people visiting the camp.

## CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF

Authorized and paid for by John S. Peters of West Bend, Wis. I hereby respectfully announce that at the coming primary election I will be a candidate for the nomination of sheriff on the Republican ticket. Any support given me will be fully appreciated, and I promise, if nominated and subsequently elected, to give the office the best of attention. JOHN S. PETERS. 7-27-6

## SPECIAL REGISTRATION DAY

A special registration day will be held today, (Saturday), August 24th. Those who will register are men who have attained the age of 21 years since June 5th, 1918. The office of the local exemption board at West Bend will be the place where the young men will have to register. They will also be examined the same day.

## DUCK SEASON OPENS SEPT. 16TH

The Wisconsin Conservation commission has ruled that the Federal Law governing the shooting of water fowl will take precedent over the Wisconsin State law this year. All of which means that the open season for hunting of duck and other water fowl will open in this state on Monday, September 16th, instead of on Sept. 7th as prescribed by the state law. Hunters will do well to bear this in mind, for a heavy penalty is prescribed by the federal law, and violators may be severely punished.

## CORRESPONDENCE

ST. KILIAN

Mrs. Mary Kral has been ill for the past week. George German and wife spent Sunday at Ashford. Engelbert German was a Kewaskum caller on Tuesday. Henry Kohl of Kohlsville spent Tuesday in our burg. Walter Endlich of Kohlsville spent Monday in our burg. Emil Arndt and brother of Theresa spent Monday here with friends. Joseph P. Schmitt and family spent Thursday with friends at Mayville. John Tiss and wife of Kewaskum visited with relatives here Sunday. John Schmitt of Milwaukee visited a few days with his brother Joe. and family. Joseph Bonlander and family visited Sunday with Peter Reimer and family. George Reindle and family of St. Bridgets passed thru our burg last Sunday. Henry McLaughlin and family of St. Bridgets spent Sunday here with friends. Jack Batzler and family spent Sunday with the Adam Batzler family at Theresa. Grandpa Schmitt left Tuesday for Granville, where he will visit with relatives. Mike Darmody of Camp Robinson, Sparta, Wis., visited with his folks on Tuesday. Peter Engel of Oklahoma is visiting with the Casper Straub family since Sunday. John Fjash and family and Ulrich Kuntz visited Thursday with relatives at Milwaukee. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jazack, a baby boy on last Wednesday. Congratulations. Miss Rose Wahlen returned to Milwaukee on Monday, after spending a few days at home. Joe. Kohl and family and Mrs. Andrew Metz of Theresa visited Sunday here with relatives. J. P. Schmitt and family and Lizzie Schmitt visited Sunday with relatives at Menomonee Falls. Mrs. George German and Miss U. Straub visited Thursday afternoon with relatives at Theresa. Mrs. John Flasch returned home Saturday, after spending some time with her daughter at Medford. O. Zueppo, George Schaller and Fred Schields of Hartford visited with relatives and friends here Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. German of Milwaukee are visiting here since Saturday. Alvin Westerman, Miss Margaret Petersiek and Mrs. Alvin Kudeck spent Thursday with John Petersiek and wife. Miss Elizabeth German left Monday for Kohlsville, where she will be employed by Walter Endlich for some time. Miss Frances Schrauth, who spent the past few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Nick. Otto, returned home on Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Mike Jaeger and Mrs. Kathryn Beisbier and daughter, Geneva called on relatives and friends here Sunday. Kilian Reindie and sisters, Katie and Marie, and Misses Margaret and Katherine Flasch spent Thursday with relatives at Dacada. Alex Goring and family of Fond du Lac and John Hawig and family of Wayne spent Sunday evening with George German and wife. Mr. and Mrs. Herman Simon and son and Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Kupling and daughter Viola autoed to West Bend and Barton on Sunday. Mrs. Clemens Funke and children who had been spending some time with Mrs. James Heider and family, returned to Milwaukee on Monday. Miss Agnes Strachota of Stratford and Miss E. Flanagan and Miss A. Meades of Fond du Lac spent Monday afternoon here with relatives and friends. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wahlen and Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Wahlen visited with the former's daughter, Sr. M. Venard at the St. Agnes Convent, Fond du Lac.

## LIBRARY NOTES

"His Family" - Ernest Peole. Just as "The Harbor" was the story of a constantly changing life out upon the fringe of the city, along its wharves, among its ships, so the story of Roger Gale's family pictures the growth of a new generation out of the members of the old in the ceaselessly changing heart of New York.

## BOYS WRITE ON SOLDIER LIFE

Mr. and Mrs. Gerhard Follenz received the following letter from their son, Anton, who is stationed at Camp Mac Clellan, Ala.:

Dear Parents:— Well, I have spent my first night in my new home. I think I am going to like it alright, as I know better what is expected of me to do. When we arrived here we put in the branch of service we were best fitted for. They do not seem to be as strict in this camp as they were at Kentucky. although we do not get quite as much to eat here as we did at the former camp. I feel that I will like it better here. The officers told us that we would get more to eat after a while. They are feeding two companies in one mess hall, which is too much. They are contemplating building an addition to the one they now have. The water is about the same as that which we had in Kentucky. The days here are very warm and the nights chilly. Wisconsin has them all beat when it comes to nice land and crops, although Kentucky has a very good corn crop. When I first arrived at Camp Taylor, I thought Kentucky had some nice land, but when I got 100 miles further south I learned different, for we could see nothing but woods, stones and swamps. I didn't see much of Tennessee, for we passed through it during the night. I know, however, that we passed through a number of tunnels, which does not speak very favorably of it as having level and valuable land. Georgia was the worst state, in my opinion, of them all. They raise only a little corn and cotton in little patches between woods, mountains and hills. Once in a while I could see a small field of sugar cane, but that on the average looked very poor. Everything seemed to be dried up on account of want of rain. We have just finished potting our tents here and I was assigned to my company, which is the first truck company, 9th Ammunition Train. We are all split up. Wilmer Prost and myself are in the 1st Co., and Albert Prost is in another Co. George Kudeck and Alvin Kudeck were also taken apart. Wilmer and myself are in the same tent. There are no white people to be seen here, except us soldiers. The nearest city from our camp is Annison, seven miles away. As soon as Wilmer and myself get a chance to go to town we will have our pictures taken. I think I will stay here about four months. The houses here are about the size of chicken coops in Wisconsin. The boys in this camp are mostly from Wisconsin. The other day a number of soldiers came from New York. When I heard that I thought I was getting nearer home. Our troop train consisted of fifteen coaches, and believe me, they were some happy bunch. Whenever we stopped at a station we were greeted by large crowds at the depot. The Red Cross certainly was nice. They handed us ice cold water, candy, gum, cigarettes and post cards. Whenever we passed through cities without stopping, we could throw the post cards out of the window, which we liked to send home, and the Red Cross girls would pick them up and mail them for us. No one makes a mistake by donating to the Red Cross, for they sure do lots for the soldier boys. As soon as we get settled here we will have Wednesday afternoons and Saturdays off. Will have to close for this time with best regards to all. From your son, Private Anton Follenz. 1st Truck Co., 9th Ammunition Train, Camp Mac Clellan, Ala.

## LEST YOU FORGET

September 1st is fast approaching and unless some of our subscribers hurry up, the first of that month will come around without their having taken advantage of the offer we are making all who may wish to take advantage of it—the opportunity of paying their paper one year in advance at the old rate of \$1.50 per year, providing the renewal is received before Sept. 1st, 1918. After that date the paper will be \$2.00 a year. Those who are contemplating subscribing for the Statesman can do so at any time this month, paying their paper one year in advance at the old rate. Scores of new subscribers are taking advantage of this offer. We want to get every one of our subscription accounts upon a paid-in-advance basis, and for this reason we allow all to pay the paper in advance at the old rate. Better look at the date upon your paper at once and if you find that you are a few months in the rear, send in your renewal, including enough to pay your paper to September 1st, 1918.

## LOCAL BOARD ITEMS

The following were called for military induction. Will entrain for Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio. Five day period beginning August 26, 1918. John F. Kling, Milwaukee, Wis. Bennett S. Azer, Kenosha, Wis. John O. Schild, Hartford, Wis. Marlowe Spuhler, Hartford, Wis. William Dahlman, Jackson, Wis. Frank Oppermann, Jackson, Wis. Will entrain for Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa. Two day period beginning August 30, 1918. Richard Hiron, West Bend, Wis. Robert Hansmann, Fredonia, Wis. Wenzel Sukoharatz, Campbellsport, Wis. Herbert Heckendorf, Jackson, Wis.

## MOVES JEWELRY STORE

William Endlich, our popular jeweler, this week moved his jewelry stock from the Math. Beisbier building on Main street, located on the east side of the city hall, into the Mrs. Jacobitz building, formerly occupied by Mrs. Joseph Honeck, who conducted a millinery store there. Mr. Endlich states that room in the old building was insufficient for the large stock of jewelry he has on hand, which necessitated his moving into new quarters. He invites all to step in and visit him in his new home.

## M. W. A. DANCE

At the regular monthly meeting of the local branch of the Modern Woodmen of America, the members decided to hold a dance in the North Side Park hall on Sunday evening, September 1st. Music will be furnished by the orchestra of Fond du Lac. Dance tickets 60 cents including war tax. All autos will be parked free of charge by the members of the camp. Refreshments of all kinds will be served. A general rousing good time is assumed to all who will attend this dance.

## AMUSEMENTS

Sunday, Sept. 15—Grand dance in the South Side Park hall. Music by the Gibson Harp orchestra. All are invited to attend.

Sunday, Sept. 29—Grand dance in the North Side Park hall. Music by the famous Biel Girls orchestra, of Beaver Dam. The music that pleases the people. All are invited to attend.

Sunday, September 1st—Grand Woodmen dance in the North Side Park Hall, Kewaskum. Music will be furnished by the orchestra of Fond du Lac. Refreshments of all kinds will be served. All are cordially invited to attend.

## RED CROSS NOTES

Work in Surgical dressings has again been started, all Red Cross workers are urgently requested to come and help fill our quota. Be prepared with needle, thread, scissors, cup and spoon. Working days are Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday afternoons and evenings.

## IMPRESSIVE MILITARY WEDDING HELD

The Holy Trinity Catholic church of this village, was the scene of a very pretty military wedding on Monday forenoon at 9 o'clock. August 19th, the first of its kind every held in this village, when Miss Rose Ockenfels, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Ockenfels of this village, became the bride of Private Peter J. Haug, son of Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Haug of Campbellsport. Rev. A. M. Muckerheide of Auburndale tied the nuptial knot, assisted by Rev. Beyer of St. Michaels and Rev. Father Vogt of this village.

The bride, who was handsomely dressed in a gown of white charmeuse, chiffon and shantilly lace, with veil caught up with clusters of pearl beads, and carrying a shower bouquet of roses, swansonia and flags, was attended by Miss Stella Fischer, a close friend, of Jefferson, Wis., as maid of honor, who wore a pretty dress of white voile and lace, and carried an arm bouquet of dark red roses tied up with a bow of red, white and blue ribbon. The groom was attended by his brother, Math. Haug, as best man, while the Misses Evelyn Haase, Anna Elich Donahue, Ella Haug and Rosalie Braun acted as flower girls, carrying baskets of red, white and blue asters and maiden hair ferns. Immediately after the ceremony, the bridal couple, together with about thirty-five invited relatives repaired to the home of the bride, where a reception was held. The decorations at the house were cut flowers, smilax, ferns and American flags.

The bride is one of the most popular young ladies of this village, being a graduate of the local high school, graduating with the class of 1909. Following her high school career she successfully taught school for three years in this vicinity, after which she left for Detroit, Mich., where she attended the Boyd school, taking up a course in short hand and stenography. After completing her course in this school she went to Reedsburg, where she was in the employ of the N. J. Braun Lumber Co. Later, when Mr. Braun purchased another lumber yard at Jefferson, after having disposed of the one at Reedsburg, Miss Ockenfels again accepted the responsible position as secretary and treasurer of the N. J. Braun Lumber Co. at that place.

The groom is one of Kewaskum's prominent businessmen, having successfully conducted a jewelry store on Main street for the past seven years, also carrying a complete stock of Edmund Gramm pianos in connection with his jewelry store, in which line he proved himself to be a worthy salesman. On April 26th, he answered his country's call to the colors and left for Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., where he was stationed for several weeks, and then was ordered to entrain for Loredo, Texas, where he is still stationed, but expects to be sent to the Philippine Islands in the near future. The countless friends of the newly weds extend their sincerest wishes to them for a happy and prosperous married life.

In the evening, a large number of friends of Mr. and Mrs. Haug, formed a parade at the corner of Main street and Fond du Lac Ave., and marched to the home of the bride, headed by the American flag, the local Red Cross girls and two buglers, with a number of small boys carrying red torch lights, where they gave them a military charivari. Those from afar who attended the wedding were: Mrs. George Bingenheimer and daughter Esther of Fond du Lac; Corp. Edward Guth of Camp Alfred Vail, Little Silver, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Earl Donahue and daughter of Reedsburg; Rev. A. M. Muckerheide of Auburndale; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Haase and daughter of Milwaukee; Wm. Buck of Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. Dan. Buck of Cleveland, Ohio; Miss Stella Fischer of Jefferson; and Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Braun and daughter of Jefferson.

## DEDICATE SERVICE FLAG

On last Sunday the Angels Catholic Church at Osceola dedicated a service flag of seven stars in honor of the boys from that church who are in the service of Uncle Sam. Rev. L. J. Scheurell, pastor of the church gave the dedicatory address, which was very impressive. In connection with the dedication, a sale was held which netted a total of \$200, the proceeds of which will be donated to the Red Cross of that place.

## CORRESPONDENCE

Aug. Bartelt lost a valuable horse Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Walsh were Dundee callers Tuesday. H. Ofgenorth of Lake Seven was a village caller Monday. John Tunn was a Campbellsport caller Monday afternoon. Martin Krahn of Beschwood Valley called on friends in the village Tuesday.

Richard Hornburg and family spent Tuesday with Wm. Jandre and family. Gast. Flitter of Campbellsport spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. J. Tunn and family. Mr. and Mrs. O. Bartelt and children of Waucousta spent Friday with relatives here.

M. T. Kohn and family spent Thursday evening with Andrew Beisbier and family at St. Kilian. Miss Cordell Bartelt returned home Friday from a week's visit with relatives at Waucousta. Little Mildred Krueger of Lake Fifteen spent Sunday with her uncle, Herman Krueger and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen, Mrs. A. Krueger and Miss Florence Krueger motored to Sheboygan Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Meyer and son John visited with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Meyer at Cascade. Mr. and Mrs. J. Rinzel and children, Ruth and Leander, and Mrs. P. Thoenes motored to Holy Hill and Milwaukee Thursday. Mrs. Clarence Hill of Fond du Lac arrived here Thursday for an extended visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Romaine. Mrs. P. Thoenes and grand daughter, Miss Ruth Rinzel, are visiting with the former's son, John Thoenes and wife at Milwaukee. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt and daughter, Cordell, autoed to Port Washington Sunday, where they spent the day with relatives. Mr. and Mrs. F. Kleinbans and son Norman of Elmire were guests of their daughter, Mrs. M. T. Kohn and family Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Kohn and sons Clayton and Michael autoed to Kewaskum and Elmire Tuesday, where they visited with relatives. Miss Marion Koch of Sheboygan, who spent the past two weeks with G. H. Meyer and family, left Sunday for Cascade, where she will visit with relatives.

## VISITS OLD TIME FRIENDS

Frank S. Doernbecher, who was born and raised in this village, and who for a number of years conducted a furniture store on the east side of the river in this village, but who is now located at Portland, Oregon, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Wm. Krahn and son Charles here, while on his way home from a government meeting connected with furniture manufacturing, held at Pitsburg, Penn., on Aug. 13th. Mr. Doernbecher is the sole owner of the largest furniture manufacturing company in the western states. The plant is a mammoth establishment and modern in every respect. He employs about 400 hands, and three to four cars of manufactured goods are shipped daily to his warehouses and salerooms at Seattle, San Francisco and Los Angeles, besides his local shipments. A force of office help and salesmen are maintained at each of the branches. He also owns and operates a saw and veneer mill, located on the Willamette river at Portland.

## LARGE MEETING AT HARTFORD

One of the largest and finest meetings ever held in Washington county was held at Hartford last Sunday afternoon, in which a large number of the citizens of this village and community participated. It is estimated that five hundred out of the seven hundred members of the Washington County Council of Defense attended. The purpose of the meeting was to make preliminary arrangements for the big Liberty drive which will take place in the near future. The meeting was addressed by Attorney Frank L. Fawcett of Milwaukee, which made a great impression upon the audience. At the conclusion of his address citizens of the county were called upon for remarks, to which the following responded: Adolph Rosenheimer of Kewaskum, Geo. Kissel of Hartford, C. F. Leins, Judge O'Meara and District Attorney Backlin of West Bend.

## CORRESPONDENCE

NEW PROSPECT

As the summer months of the year of 1918 are fast passing into history, with the grain fields stripped of their crops, and the autumn leaves in the forest soon to show their colors of warning that vacation days are fast coming to an end, and the cold winter months are soon to take the place of the hot summer days, one can see groups of children gathered anywhere in the village, asking each other: "When will school begin?" For their information we are reluctant to inform them that the Kewaskum High School and graded school will open on September 9th, 1918. With an almost entirely new faculty to take the place of those who resigned their positions at the close of last year's term, this office has been informed that the board has secured some of the best teachers in the state, all coming highly recommended as reliable and experienced teachers. All those whose children have a graded school diploma will make no mistake in sending them to this school and feel confident that their boy or girl is receiving one of the best, if not the best, high school education obtainable in any high school of its size in Wisconsin.

The following teachers have been engaged for the ensuing year: Principal, J. A. Lund, of Reedsburg, Wis., who for the past five years has been director of Manual Training and assistant superintendent of the public schools of Reedsburg. He is a graduate of the Plattville State Normal school, and also a graduate of the Stout Institute of Menomonee, Wis. He attended the summer school at the University of Wisconsin. As an instructor and disciplinarian he comes most highly recommended not only from the school board of Plattville, but by the citizens of that community, who heartily endorse him as an able and efficient principal. Assistant Principal, Miss Martha Schultz of Milwaukee; German instructor, Miss Rose Nettlemann of Oshkosh. Both of these teachers are graduates of the State Normal school, and have taken up courses at the University of Wisconsin. Grammar room teacher, Miss Eva Perry of Milwaukee; Primary Department, Miss Edna Altenhofen; Intermediate Department, Miss Elsie Guth and Singing Instructor, Miss Esther Flarity of West Bend.

The flag pole which the district decided to put up on the school grounds at the regular meeting, will be raised some time next week.

## "SOMEWHERE"

It's a sizeable place, this Somewhere— As big as the whole war zone We like it at times, yet hate it For it causes us many a groan. We sailed from the port of Somewhere And travelled Somewhere on the sea Till we landed again at Somewhere And it sounds mighty funny to me. We left Somewhere for Somewhere and now We are camping Somewhere for a spell It's so that when one mentions Somewhere We are almost tempted to yell. There's a Somewhere in France and in England And there's Somewhere else at the front It was Somewhere the boys were in battle Just Somewhere bearing the brunt. It's Somewhere the censor is cutting Somewhere from the letters we write It seems we've been Somewhere forever And it has me most ready to fight. At night we no longer have nightmares We dream one continuous trip From Somewhere back home to Somewhere. When we sleep, into Somewhere we slip. Geography's gone to the races The faces of maps are all changed Somewhere in Somewhere via Somewhere And our minds are completely derailed. Ye gods, is the world mad completely? Will sanity e'er reign again? Will we ever get back from Somewhere to Earth? If so please someone, please tell us when.

## —Mrs. Eugene Haessly and children Sundayed with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Schleif and family.



FRENCH CAPTURE 8,000 GERMANS IN PICARDY DRIVE

Gen. Mangin Attacks on 15-Mile Front Along Oise.

FOE'S COUNTER IS SMASHED

Fresh German Troops Brought Up to Halt Blow Are Decisively Beaten and Many Taken Prisoners—British Advance Along Scarpe River.

London, Aug. 21.—More than 8,000 prisoners and an advance of an average depth of nearly three miles are to the credit of General Mangin's Tenth French army after a terrific stroke delivered in the morning over a 15-mile front extending from Fontenoy on the Aisne river, to Pimprez, on the Oise river.

The Paris official communique says that many villages have been captured in the operation, which greatly imperils the German line from Soissons westward past Noyon to Lassigny.

The French, who struck at 7:10 o'clock in the morning, broke in the making, according to battle front dispatches, a German counter-glow, which was to have been delivered by two fresh divisions of German troops.

These units, brought up during the night in motortrucks, apparently were caught in the furious advance of the French and hurled back with the rest of the enemy divisions which had been holding the line.

General Mangin's advance has not as yet been stayed, and prisoners are still coming to the rear.

Take Town Near Roys. The French official report also announces that Bourguignes, lying about three miles south and a bit to the east of Roys, has been occupied by General Foch's forces after bitter fighting.

According to latest information General Mangin's line now runs from La Querolterie, north of Bailly, to Champ de Merlier, to Petit Maupas, to Cuts, to Mill 100, to Vezoupin, and to Valpriez farm, five miles northwest of Soissons.

On Tartiers Plateau. The French have captured Vezoupin and are on the plateau east of Tartiers. From that point the line is uncertain, but the French are progressing towards Camellit.

The Germans are making stiff resistance at Hill 100, which is east of Le Mesnil. The advance is over most difficult ground, but the attack is still proceeding.

Up to the north, in Flanders, the German retreat from the Lys salient is still continuing, with no indication of when the retrograde movement will stop. The maximum depth of British advance, on the heels of the retreating enemy, is now about four miles.

British Still Advance. East of Arras, along the Scarpe river, the British in sharp fighting have advanced their line slightly to the east of the village of Fampoux, while farther north, astride the Lys river, the British have reached L'EpINETTE, and north of Merville have captured the villages of Vierhoek and La Couronne, according to Field Marshal Haig's communication from headquarters.

Enemy Losses High. With the French Army in France, Aug. 21.—The attack of General Mangin's forces from Fontenoy on the Aisne to Pimprez on the Oise, which began at 7:10 o'clock in the morning, was progressing favorably when this dispatch was filed.

Prisoners were continuing to arrive at the rear to add to the several thousand captured before noon, and the gain in territory at one o'clock had been from one to two and a half miles. The enemy was resisting with the greatest vigor at vital spots. Where the fighting is thickest the ground is covered with German dead.

Fill Ravine With Gas. The Germans on retreating filled a ravine with mustard gas. This, however, proved only a temporary trouble, the entire ravine being turned in a short time and the French troops progressing toward Bierancourtelle, just south of Bierancourt and southeast of Noyon.

Farther to the right Tartiers, two and a half miles southeast of Marsail, was entered at nine o'clock and columns of prisoners began to appear upon the plateau to the rear.

The artillery reaction was very weak over this part of the front. French aviators, flying way down under the low lying clouds, kept the staff regularly informed as to the progress of the attack and harassed the enemy with machine gun fire. No German flyers tried to interfere with their work. Few were seen in the air during the morning.

The Germans made a desperate defense in the hilly and wooded region south of the Oise around Carlepont, Caise and Lombray, where they held strong positions which were profusely dotted with quick firers. The Fourcaux and Croissette farm were taken by the French after a violent struggle, which was very costly to the enemy.

TWO U-BOATS SUNK

AMERICAN SHIP RAMS DIVER OFF VIRGINIA.

German Told Captain They Were His "Friends"—"Sub" Destroyed by Tanker After Hot Battle.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The navy department announced that the captain of an American steamer had reported that his vessel rammed and probably sank a submarine about 9:30 p. m. on Saturday, August 17, near Winter Quarter shoal off the northern Virginia coast.

The captain stated the submarine was struck on its port bow, bringing it alongside. The submarine crew hailed in strong German accents, saying they were friends, the captain said, but he replied they were no friends of his. He kept on his course, he said. The steamer is now in port with a badly damaged bow and a quantity of water in its hold. The captain thinks he sank the submarine.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 21.—A 400-foot enemy submarine was sunk off the Atlantic coast by the gun crew of a British tanker, according to an officer of the tanker.

The tale of the battle between the tanker and the U-boat was told by John Crosby, chief mate of the former, from his bed in a hospital, where he is being treated for shock. The tanker's twenty-sixth shot ended the battle. Crosby is said to be in a serious condition. A remarkable feature of the case is that he felt no ill effects during the engagement, which took place last Friday, and was in good health until Monday morning. Then, safely in port and beyond the reach of the undersea pirate, he collapsed.

FREED AFTER HUNGER STRIKE

Twenty-Three Suffragists Released From Washington Jail After Being Held Six Days.

Washington, Aug. 21.—After six days of hunger striking, 23 suffragists were unconditionally released from the District of Columbia jail here. No announcement or explanation of the release was made by the authorities, although some of the prisoners were serving 15-day sentences. When liberated, the women, who had been incarcerated for defying the police by holding public demonstrations in Lafayette park, were taken to the National Woman's party headquarters, where a denunciation of Doctor Gannon, jail physician, was issued regarding the treatment of the women.

WILSON BACK AT CAPITAL

Spends Busy Day After Vacation—Attends Cabinet Meeting and Conference With Baker.

Washington, Aug. 21.—President Wilson put in a busy day after returning from Manchester, Mass., where he spent a brief vacation near the summer home of Col. E. M. House. The president remained in his study during the morning and in the afternoon presided at a lengthy cabinet meeting. Later he received a committee on Americanization of aliens, then walked to the State, War and Navy building, where he conferred more than half an hour with Secretary Baker.

BRITISH BAG 21 PLANES

Four Balloons Also Sent Down in Flames—Fifteen Tons of Bombs Dropped on Various Targets.

London, Aug. 21.—Twenty-one German airplanes were brought down by British flyers during the day and four balloons were sent down in flames. The war office communique on aviation states. Seven British machines are missing. Fifteen and a half tons of bombs were dropped by British bombing planes on various German targets, including the docks at Bruges and an aerodrome at Phalemplin.

CARUSO, OPERA SINGER, WEDS

Noted Tenor Married to Miss Dorothy P. Benjamin at Marble Collegiate Church in New York.

New York, Aug. 21.—Enrico Caruso, the noted Metropolitan Opera company tenor, was married last night. The bride was Miss Dorothy P. Benjamin, daughter of Park Benjamin of 270 West Seventy-third street, patent lawyer and naval and electrical expert. The ceremony was performed at the Marble Collegiate church by Rev. Oliver Paul Barnhill.

FLYER FALLS IN FLAMES

Allan B. Johnson Killed in Accident at Scott Field When Plane Burns 3,000 Feet in Air.

Hellville, Ill., Aug. 21.—Allan B. Johnson of Fort Allegany, Pa., was killed at Scott field when his airplane 3,000 feet up caught fire and fell.

U. S. Seizes Germ'n Gluten

New York, Aug. 21.—Seizure by the government of 1,057,000 pounds of de-vitalized wheat gluten, which was to have found its way to Germany through Switzerland, was announced in a statement by A. Mitchell Palmer, president of the Butte and Superior Mining company, was announced. He was a member of the firm of Hayden, Stone & Co. of this city.

Head of Mine Company Drowns

New York, Aug. 21.—The death from drowning of N. Bruce Mackelvie, president of the Butte and Superior Mining company, was announced. He was a member of the firm of Hayden, Stone & Co. of this city.

GERMANIC GLEE



BIG TAX ON INCOMES 4,000,000 WILL WIN

HOUSE COMMITTEE ACCEPTS MADDO'S PROPOSED LEVY.

Part Payment to Be Permitted—"Un-earned" Income is Defined in the Bill.

Washington, Aug. 19.—The recommendation of Secretary McAdoo that heavier taxes be imposed upon unearned incomes than upon salaries or wages in return for labor was adopted on Monday by the ways and means committee.

The normal tax on earned incomes of over \$4,000 was fixed at 10 per cent, an increase of 6 per cent over the present law, and the unearned income normal tax was established at 13 per cent. Below \$4,000 the normal rate is put at 5 per cent.

There was great opposition to what should be considered an unearned income, but finally this definition was agreed upon:

"That portion of net income derived from dividends on preferred stocks, from interest, rentals, royalties and annuities."

The committee changed the section previously adopted providing for the payment of income taxes by individuals and corporations in installments.

While the committee has not entirely completed the section dealing with incomes, Mr. Kitchin said that the exemptions will remain unchanged, at \$1,000 and \$2,000 for single and married persons respectively, with \$200 additional for each child under eighteen years. The normal rate on this first \$4,000 of taxable income is 5 per cent, and after that the rate goes up to 10 per cent for earned incomes and 13 per cent for unearned incomes, with these schedules of surtaxes:

Table with 2 columns: Income brackets and corresponding percentages. Includes rows for incomes between \$5,000 and \$7,500, \$7,500 and \$10,000, etc.

Chairman Kitchin said that the treasury expected to submit some further suggestions regarding the income tax.

YANKS BOMB ENEMY TOWNS

Americans Successfully Attack Railroad Yard at Dommary-Baroncourt in Verdun-Metz Area.

With the American Army in France, Aug. 19.—American aviators successfully bombed the railroad yard at Dommary-Baroncourt in the Verdun-Metz area. Longuyon, also north of Verdun and Thiaucourt, were attacked. Several bursts were observed in the central and southern parts of the yard at Dommary-Baroncourt, and the installations there are believed to have been wiped out. Three direct hits were made on the track in front of the station at Longuyon and 23 bombs fell on surrounding warehouses. Certain military objectives were bombed at Thiaucourt.

Soldiers Get Dispensation

Washington, Aug. 19.—Catholics in the army and navy are relieved from the obligation of abstaining from flesh diet on Fridays, with the exception of Good Friday. It was announced by the bishop of Catholic chaplains, Patrick J. Hayes, in order to remove misunderstanding that has arisen on the subject.

Big Majority for Capper

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 21.—Official totals for the Republican nomination for United States senator gave Gov. Arthur Capper 101,290, a majority of 31,746 over three opponents. He carried all 105 counties of the state.

New Camps Named

Washington, Aug. 20.—New camps near Sulthton, Ky., and Fayetteville, N. C., were named Camp Knox and Camp Bragg, in honor of Knox, commander of the army in 1783, and Bragg, a Confederate general.

CONVICT 100 I. W. W. CHIEFS

W. D. Haywood and Companions Found Guilty of Hindering War.

FACE 20 YEARS IN PRISON

Jury, After Hearing Evidence for 136 Days, Brings in Verdict in 55 Minutes—Defendants Shocked.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—William D. Haywood and 99 other members of the I. W. W. were found guilty on Saturday by Judge Landis' court of disloyal acts. It is reported the verdict was reached on the first ballot.

The trial was started on April 1. It took 29 days to get a jury and the jury members have listened to evidence continuously for more than three months. The verdict seemed to overwhelm the 100 defendants, many of whom apparently were confident of acquittal. By the jury's verdict they stand guilty of conspiracy to hamper the conduct of the war.

When the verdict was read Haywood started and his face became ashen. With a sigh he sank back into his chair.

Slowly the men filed out after hearing the verdict. For many of them, men who have been weakened by the lives they have led, the verdict might as well have been for life or the rope. Twenty years is the maximum they may get and two years a minimum. Fines can range from \$500 to \$5,000 each.

Probably a third of the defendants have been out on bail. At night every one of the 100 went to the county jail. Convicted, the bonds that have meant freedom to them were automatically canceled. Judge Landis refused to allow bail.

Frank K. Nebeker, assistant United States attorney general, worked for more than a year upon the prosecution of the I. W. W. He came to Chicago from his home in Salt Lake City and laid the plans for the raids of last September. He was visibly delighted.

With Claude Porter of Des Moines, Nebeker has prepared what attorneys say is one of the most complete and elaborate records of any trial in the history of the United States.

After the verdict came in Haywood sat silent for a time, the picture of dejection. Then newspaper men asked him for a statement. He said:

"I believed Judge Landis' instructions pointed clearly to an acquittal. Well, well—we can only make the best of it."

It is Haywood's first conviction. For twenty years he has been a labor agitator. He was tried for the murder of Governor Steunenberg of Idaho and acquitted.

200 JAPS SLAIN IN RIOTS

Troops Fire on Mobs Who Pillage Stores and Wreck Property—High Price of Rice Causes.

Tokyo, Aug. 20.—There has been serious rioting in Tokyo as a result of the high price of food, especially rice. Mobs attacked and damaged property in the business and theater districts. Two hundred stores, restaurants and rice dealers were raided. The ministry of the interior was unsuccessfully attacked. Two hundred persons were killed during the riots.

The rioters entered and pillaged houses in Asakusa, the great recreation resort of the middle and lower classes. A number of disturbers were wounded by the police. Twenty policemen were injured.

Tokyo is now occupied by heavy detachments of police and infantry. Troops have been called out in nearly every important city in Japan. Even the naval station at Malzeu is affected by the unrest. Two thousand workmen there are rioting in conjunction with the populace.

At Nagoya, noted for its manufactures of porcelains, a mob estimated to aggregate 300,000 persons rioted. At several places the soldiers fired on the disturbers.

At Kobe the soldiers and police also were obliged to use sabers and bayonets against the rioters.

PRINCE RUPPRECHT OUSTED

Amsterdam Dispatches Announce German's Arrival at Munich—Enjoying "A Brief Vacation."

London, Aug. 20.—Amsterdam dispatches announce the arrival in Munich of Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria. The prince, the announcement states, is enjoying "a brief vacation."

Tribute Paid to Gallinger

Washington, Aug. 21.—Tribute to the late Senator Gallinger, minority leader, was paid in the senate. Both the senate and house adjourned after appointing committees to attend Senator Gallinger's funeral.

Train Derailed; One Killed

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 21.—Baltimore & Ohio passenger train No. 4 was partially derailed near Newburg, N. Y. One of the two locomotives was overturned and Engineer Cheshire of Graf ton was killed.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, August 21, 1918. Butter—Creamery, tubs, 44 1/2c; prints, 44 1/2c; Arata, 41 1/2c@44c; seconds, 40@41c.

Cheese—Twins, 25@25 1/2c; daisies, 25@26 1/2c; longhorns, 26 1/2@34c; brick, fancy, 27c.

Eggs—Firsts, 37@38 1/2c; current receipts, fresh as to quality, 34@36c; checks, 29@30c; dirties, 33@34c.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 30@32c; hens, 28@29c; roosters, 20c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.80@1.85. Oats—Standard, 71@72c; No. 3 white, 70@71c; No. 4 white, 69@70c.

Rye—No. 2, 1.63@1.64; No. 3, 1.58@1.63.

Barley—Choice, Wisconsin and Eastern Iowa, 95@98c; Minnesota, Western Iowa and Dakotas, 93@96c.

Hay—Choice, timothy, 29.00@30.00; No. 1 timothy, 28.50@29.00; No. 2 timothy, 23.00@25.00; rye straw, 9.00@9.50.

Hogs—Prime, heavy butchers, 19.80@19.75; fair to prime light, 18.50@19.80; pigs, 15.00@17.50.

Cattle—Steers, 8.50@17.00; cows, 6.00@12.50; heifers, 6.00@18.00; calves, 16.50@17.50.

Minneapolis, August 21, 1918. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.77@1.82.

Oats—No. 3 white, 67@68c. Rye—1.65@1.67.

Flax—4.48@4.51.

Grain, Provisions, Etc. Chicago, Aug. 18. Corn—Open High Low Close.

Aug. 1.81 1.81 1.80 1.80. Sept. 1.82 1.82 1.81 1.81. Oct. 1.83 1.83 1.82 1.82.

Oats—Aug. 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00. Sept. 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00. Oct. 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00.

Flour—The United States food administration flour standards are as follows: Per 50 lb. sack, best: Baryle flour, 11.75; corn flour, 11.10; white rye flour, 10.75; dark rye, 9.50; spring wheat, 11.00@11.25; special brands, 11.57; hard winter, new, 10.00@11.25; soft winter, 10.00.

EGGS—Fresh firsts, 27@28c; ordinary firsts, 26@27c; miscellaneous lots, cases included, 26@27c; cases returned, 25@26c; extra, 44@45c; checks, dry, 12@13c; dirties, 10@11c; storage packed, firsts, 24@25c.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, 3c; fowls, 11@12c; roosters, 2c; spring chickens and broilers, 3c; ducks, 2c; geese, 1c; spring geese, 2c.

ICE POULTRY—Turkeys, 3c; fowls, 11@12c; spring chickens, 11@12c; roosters, 2c.

POTATOES—Early Ohio, 2.25@2.40 per 100 lbs.

CATTLE—Choice to fancy steers, 17.50@18.50; good to choice steers, 16.50@17.40; plain to good steers, 10.00@11.00; yearlings, fair to choice, 11.50@12.50; stockers and feeders, 7.50@13.00; good to prime cows, 14.75; fair to good cows, 7.50@8.00; canners, 6.50@7.25; cutters, 6.00@7.25;ologna hogs, 6.50@7.15; butchers, 8.25@11.75; heavy calves, 7.00@12.50; veal calves, 15.50@17.25.

HOGS—Fair to good light, 13.50@15.00; choice light butchers, 13.75@20.00; medium weight butchers, 25@26 lb., 19.50@19.75; heavy weight butchers, 27@28 lb., 19.50@19.75; choice packers, 18.50@19.25; rough heavy packing, 17.50@18.25; pigs, fair to good, 11.50@12.50; stags, 17.50@18.25; steady; lambs, 14.00@16.00; yearlings, 14.00@15.00; wethers, 13.50@14.00; ewes, 14.00@15.00; mixed sheep, 13.00@13.50.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 19. CATTLE—Receipts, 5,000; strong; prime steers, 17.00@17.75; shipping steers, 17.00@17.25; butchers, 12.00@17.00; yearlings, 13.00@15.75; heifers, 10.00@11.75; cows, 6.25@11.50; bulls, 7.50@11.50; stockers and feeders, 7.50@10.25; fresh cows and springers, 6.50@14.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 1,400; strong; 7.00@19.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 6,800; strong; heavy, 20.40@20.50; mixed and Yorkers, 20.00@20.50; light Yorkers and pigs, 19.25@20.50; stags, 12.00@14.50; rough, 17.00@17.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 1,800; steady; lambs, 14.00@16.00; yearlings, 14.00@15.00; wethers, 13.50@14.00; ewes, 14.00@15.00; mixed sheep, 13.00@13.50.

Faribault, Minn.—The board of governors of the Minnesota Bar association expelled Attorney Albert Pfander of New Ulm from membership in the association. The vote was 15 to 1. Action was taken because of an anti-war address which Pfander delivered shortly after the United States became involved in the war.

U. S. WILL WIN IN 1919--MARCH

Chief of Staff Asserts All of Class 1, 18 to 45, Will Be Required.

MARRIED MEN NOT EXEMPT

Baker Declares Those Not Supporting Families Must Serve—Eighty Divisions Will Be in France June 30.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Eighty American divisions of 45,000 men each, General March on Monday told the house military committee, "should be able to bring the war to a successful conclusion in 1919." This is the number the war department plans to have in France by next June 30.

For the present it is planned to send 250,000 men monthly to France. General March said, adding: "But we hope to increase that in the spring."

Representative Kahn said it might be necessary to go beyond the Rhine and asked if any accurate estimate could be given of the number of men that finally will be necessary to win the war.

Replying, General March said that when the Germans began their spring offensive they were superior in rifle power.

"If you put 80 divisions of Americans in France of approximately 45,000 men to a division," said General March, "you will give us marked superiority in rifle power—more marked than was the Germans—and we should be able to bring the war to a successful conclusion in 1919."

"I think the war will be won or lost on the western front," General March added.

General March read an official statement showing that on August 1 the American army numbered 3,012,112 men, as follows:

American expeditionary force and en route overseas, 1,901,742.

In the United States and insular possessions, 1,432,708.

Called in the August draft, 277,864.

In addition there are about 15,000 marines with the expeditionary force.

To put 80 divisions in France before June, 1919, General March declared: "We shall need every single man in class 1 between eighteen and forty-five. We must not delude ourselves with the idea that those in the eighteen or nineteen calls are going to be deferred any length of time. They will have to be called early next spring in order to get their training in time to get to France."

The 80-division plan, General March said, depended upon shipping facilities, but he added:

"I might as well say right here, frankly, that the program of Mr. Schwab will take care of the army program and gain on it."

No general exemption of married men simply because of their married status is contemplated by the war department in preparing for the proposed extension of draft ages, Secretary Baker declared in a statement before the house military committee on the new administration man power bill. Mr. Baker said his previous remarks on this subject had been misconstrued, and that married men who do not support their families and who are not engaged in useful occupations will continue to be called.

"SUB" LANDS SPIES IN U. S.

Office of Torpedoed American Steamer Recognizes U-Boat Commander in New York Sailor.

Washington, Aug. 21.—A new spy moon appeared on Monday when the navy department received reports that German submarines are landing men on the shores of the United States.

The first officer of the American steamer, O. B. Jennings, sunk recently off the coast, reported to the navy department that he recognized, in a new York sailor, one of the officers of the submarine which sank his vessel. The German officer recognized him also, the American sailor said, and escaped before he could give the alarm.

It was learned also from highest official sources that one of the German submarines equipped with cable cutting apparatus had succeeded recently in cutting two cables from the United States to the West Indies. One was a French cable. These cables were repaired by a cable ship operating under convoy.

Three large German submarines of the Deutschland type have been operating off the American shore.

Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—A German submarine was sunk in a running battle with a British tank steamer last Friday about 300 miles northeast of Nantucket, according to members of the tanker's crew.

Ship's Captain Saved by Flyer. Norfolk, Va., Aug. 20.—The captain and crew of a tank steamer which was sunk by a U-boat off Hatteras arrived here. The captain had been picked up by a hydroplane and brought to land. Ten of the crew were killed.

Eat Pork Two Days Out of Ten. Washington, Aug. 20.—Troops in cantonments within the United States are being issued fresh pork two days in every ten as a temporary substitute for beef, the war department announced.



A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. From the first day I took it began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.



The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

Hay Fever-Catarrh Prompt Relief Guaranteed SCHIFFMANN'S CATARRH BALM

WANTED MEN and WOMEN to learn Barber Trade. Why wait to be told against? It pays, it's easy, no experience necessary; tools free. The Wisconsin Barber College, 307 Chestnut St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Let Cuticura Be Your Beauty Doctor

All Druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Tablets 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura," Dept. 2, Boston.

WHO IS TO BLAME? Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder troubles. Thousands recommend Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine, in large and medium size bottles. You may receive a sample size by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

DIDN'T KNOW THE YOUNGSTER

Little Incident of the Draft That No Doubt Had Its Counterpart in Many Counties.

A frail little chap he was, so young and boyish for all his one-and-twenty years, writes Gordon Snow in the Atlantic. There was that about him which spoke of knickerbockers and romping childhood laid aside but yesterday. I did not know Joe. He had passed through the mill of the draft as one of the many; but we met for a brief 60 seconds one fine spring night at the station, just as the train was taking him away; and while memory lives, I shall remember Joe.

He looked down at me from a car window, and as he said good-by there was a twinkle in his eye as if he was amused that I did not know him.

"Say good-by to Mary Jane for me," he called as the train moved out. "Who are you?" I cried, springing alongside the moving car. "Hi!" he laughed; "I'm the grocer's boy. Every day I come to your back door. May Jane knows me and so does the missus. Say good-by to both of them for me."

The train clicked away into the night. I turned back, swallowing a lump. It so befalls that the light of my household is a little two-year-old, and her name is Mary Jane.

The more some men talk the more trouble they pile up for themselves.



Children Like POSTUM

And it's fine for them too for it contains nothing harmful—only the goodness of wheat and pure molasses.

POSTUM is now regularly used in place of tea and coffee in many of the best of families. Wholesome economical and healthful. "There's a Reason"

RAINBOW'S END A Novel

By REX BEACH Author of "The Iron Trail," "The Spoilers," "Heart of the Sunset," Etc.

(Copyright, by Harper and Brothers)

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

Norine rose, her face aglow with new strength, new determination. "I brought you back when you were all bit gone. I saved you after the others had given you up, and now you are mine to do with as I please. You belong to me and I shan't consult you."

"Senorita," the man said, with a flash of white teeth, "we have another sick man, and you'd never guess who. It is that American, El Demonto!"

"Is he sick or wounded?" Esteban inquired. "Shot by a Spanish bullet. He asked at once for our senorita."

"Of course, I'll come in an instant." When the messenger had gone Norine bent and pressed her lips to Esteban's. "Remember, you're mine to do with as I please," she said; then she fled down the grassy street.

Branch was waiting at Norine's quarters, a soiled figure of dejection. His left arm lay in a sling across his breast. He looked up at her approach, but she scarcely recognized him, so greatly changed was he.

"Hello, Norine!" he cried. "Well, they got me." "Norine paused in astonishment. "Why, Leslie? I was so frightened! But—you can't be badly hurt."

"Bad enough so that Lopez sent me in. A fellow gets flyblown if he stays in the field, so I beat it."

"Has your arm been dressed?" "No. I wouldn't let those rough-and-tumble doctors touch it. They'd amputate at the shoulder for a hangnail. I don't trust 'em."

"Then I'll look at it." "It doesn't hurt, really," he declared. "It's only a scratch."

"Then behave yourself," Norine forced the patient into a chair and withdrew his arm from the sling. When she expressed her fear that she must be hurting him, but when the injury was exposed she looked up in wonderment.

"Leslie!" she exclaimed. "What in the world—"

Branch struggled with himself, he swallowed hard, then said: "You can see now why I didn't go to a doctor; I did it—shot myself. You won't give me away?"

Norine seated herself weakly; she stared in bewilderment at the unhappy speaker. "Afrald? You, El Demonto! Why, you aren't afraid of anything!"

"Say! You don't believe all that stuff, do you? I'm afraid of my shadow and always have been. I'm not brave and never was. They told me I was going to die and it scared me so that I tried to end things quickly. I couldn't bear to die slowly, to know that I was dying by inches. But, Lord! it scared me even worse to go into battle. I was blind with fright all the time and I never got over it. Why, the sight of a gun gives me a chill, and I jump every time one goes off. Lord! how I've suffered! I went crazy at our first engagement—crazy with fear. I didn't know where I was, or what happened, or anything. Afterward, when they hailed me as a hero, I thought they were kidding, that everybody must know how frightened I was. After a time I saw that I'd fooled them, and that shamed me. Then—I had to keep it up or become ridiculous. But it nearly killed me."

It so happened that the president and well-nigh the entire provisional cabinet were in Cubitas. Leslie and Norine went directly to the former. He promptly sent for the minister of justice, who in turn gallantly put himself at Norine's disposal. In no time the news had spread and there was subdued excitement throughout the camp. Norine was between tears and laughter when she ran panting into Esteban's cabin, leaving Branch to wait outside.

At sight of her Esteban uttered a low cry of happiness. "Dearest! I've been lying in a stupor of delight. The world has become bright, I hear people laughing. What a change!"

"I've arranged everything! The president and his cabinet are coming to witness the ceremony."

Esteban poised upon his elbow, his face was a study. "What have you arranged?" he managed to inquire. "Sh-h!" Norine hid a finger upon his lips. "The guest of the republic is to be married today."

"Norine! Oh, my dear—" quavered the sick man. "I can't let you do this mad thing. Think! I'm ready for the grave—"

"This will make you well. We're going away when the very next expedition arrives."

"I haven't the strength to refuse," Esteban murmured. "And yet, how can I leave Cuba? What right have I to accept happiness and leave Rosa?"

She stepped to the door, only to behold her late companion making off down the village street in great haste and evident excitement. Approaching between the drunken rows of grass huts was a little knot of people. Even as Norine watched it grew into a considerable crowd, for men and women and children came hurrying from their tasks. There were three figures in the lead, a man and two boys, and they walked slowly, ploddingly, as if weary from a long march.

"Esteban!" Norine cried in a voice she scarcely recognized. She retreated into the doorway with one hand upon her leaping heart. "Esteban! Look! They're coming—here! Yes! It's—It's O'Reilly!"

Young Varona straggled from his hammock. "Rosa!" he called, loudly, "Rosa!"

There came a shadow, then in the doorway the figure of a man, a tattered scarecrow of a man whose feet were bare and whose brown calves were exposed through flapping rags. His breast was naked where thorns had tried to stay him; his beard, even his hair, were matted and unkempt, and the mud of many trails lay caked upon his garments.

It was O'Reilly! Dumb with amazement, blind with tears, Norine found herself staring upward into his face, and heard him saying: "I told you I would bring her home."

The next instant she lay upon his breast and sobs of joy were tearing at her.

The story of Rosa's rescue came slowly and in fragments, for the news of O'Reilly's return caused a sensation. His recital was interrupted many times. "As a matter of fact, our getaway was ridiculously easy," he said, "for we had luck at every turn—regular Irish luck. I made Morin independent for life, but it wasn't the money, it was Jacket who induced him



It Was O'Reilly!

to bring us clear to Turiguano. He landed us one night, this side of the Moron trocha. Since then we've waded swamps to our armpits, we've fought the jungle and chewed back—but we're here." Johnnie heaved a deep sigh of relief.

"Where did you get the money to hire schooners and corrupt captains?" Branch inquired.

O'Reilly hesitated; he lowered his voice to a whisper. "We found the Varona treasure."

Norine uttered a cry. "Not Don Esteban's treasure?"

"Exactly. It was in the well where young Esteban told us it was."

Johnnie produced from his pocket a handful of coins.

Branch's eyes bulged, he touched a gold piece respectfully, weighed it carefully, then pressed it to his lips. He rubbed it against his cheeks and in his hair; he placed it between his teeth and bit it.

"It's real!" he cried. "Now let me look at the jewels!"

him now. I'm afraid he'll tip off the news about that treasure in spite of all my warnings. Those jewels are a temptation; I won't rest easy until they're safely locked up in some good vault. Now then, I've told you everything, but I'm dying for news. Tell me about yourselves, about Esteban. I expected to find him well. What alls him?"

"Oh, Johnnie!" Norine began. "He's very ill. He isn't getting well. Help me, Johnnie! Help me to get him home—"

"Of course I will. We'll take him and Rosa away where they can forget Cuba and all the misery it has caused them. We'll make him well—don't worry."

O'Reilly saw little of his sweetheart that day, for Norine promptly bore the girl off to her own quarters and there attended to her needs, the most pressing of which was clothing.

While O'Reilly was similarly engaged in making himself presentable, he and Branch talked earnestly, with the result that they repaired later to General Gomez. O'Reilly concluded by saying:

"I've done what I came to do, sir, but Miss Varona is badly shaken by all she has been through. She's very nervous and far from well. Esteban, too, isn't recovering."

General Gomez nodded. "Miss Evans declares he must have a change, and we have arranged to send him out of the country. His sister, poor child, should go, too."

"They should go at once," O'Reilly said, positively. "That's why we came to see you. Let us—Branch and me—take all three of them to the United States."

"But how? How can you take two women and a sick man—"

"We'll manage somehow," O'Reilly declared. "It isn't far across to the Bahama Banks. I'll agree to come back if you so desire."

Gomez shook his white head. "No! You came to find and save your fiancée, and you volunteered to serve with us while you were doing so. We have no desire to keep any man against his will. Some one must escort Miss Evans, who is our guest. Why not you two?"

"I was looking forward to an interesting ceremony this afternoon," Gomez went on. "Has your arrival changed the plans?"

"Oh no, sir!" O'Reilly said, quickly. "I'd like to make it doubly interesting, if Miss Varona will consent to such short notice."

"Bravo! You have a way of doing the unexpected. Why not? I don't think Miss Varona will have it in her heart to refuse you anything."

The old soldier was right. Rosa did not gainsay her lover, and toward sundown the city among the leaves witnessed an unaccustomed scene.

Rosa, very dainty in her borrowed nurse's uniform, was round-eyed, timid; she evoked much admiration, but when she was addressed as Senora O'Reilly she blushed to the roots of her hair and shrank close to her husband's side. Branch proved to be a happy choice as Esteban's proxy, for he relieved Norine's anxiety and smothered her apprehensions.

When Rosa and O'Reilly returned to Esteban's cabin they found Norine ahead of them. She was kneeling beside the sick man's hammock, and through the doorway came the low, intimate murmur of their voices. Rosa drew her husband away, whispering, happily:

"He will get well, God and that wonderful girl won't let him die."

CHAPTER XXII.

The Rainbow's End.

The journey to the coast was made by easy stages and Esteban stood it fairly well. Jacket, of course, went along. Upon the announcement of O'Reilly's intended departure for the States he had promptly abandoned Cuba to her fate. He foreswore her utterly and declared himself a loyal American citizen.

Relying upon the best information obtainable at Cubitas, O'Reilly had counted upon securing a sailboat from a certain fisherman whose sympathies were known to be loyal, but in this he was disappointed. The party arrived at its destination, a tiny clearing on an unfrequented part of the north shore, only to find it deserted and already grown to weeds. The house was empty, the boats were gone—all but one old hulk, too rotten to warrant moving, which lay high up on the sand, its planks worm-eaten, its seams wide spread by the sun.

O'Reilly was in a quandary. He gravely doubted Esteban's ability to stand the rough return journey, and when he spoke to Norine of turning back she was panic-stricken at the suggestion.

"No, no," she cried, anxiously. "We must get him away. His heart is set on going through and it would—kill him to go back."

this miserable tub we found on the beach—" "I'll risk anything—a raft, even. Is there an even chance of our getting across?"

"Perhaps. It all depends upon the weather."

When morning came O'Reilly made a closer examination of the abandoned boat. The result was not encouraging, but he determined to make use of it, and the crazy craft was launched. It was necessary to handle her gingerly, and when she took the water she leaked abominably. But during the night she swelled and in the morning it was possible to bail her out.

From the point of leaving it was perhaps five miles across the sound to the fringe of keys which in this neighborhood bordered the old Bahama channel with its unplumbed depths of blue water. Here it was calm, so the run was soon made.

When the coastline of Cuba had become a blur astern Rosa crept back and seated herself beside her husband. "How much I love you," she whispered. "But I never can tell you, for we are never alone. Was there ever such a courtship, such a marriage, and such a wedding journey as ours?"

It proved to be a long, long night, for the boat, though roomy, was uncomfortable. Daylight brought an increased breeze which heeled the boat further. Fortunately the haze was not thick enough to wholly obscure the sun and so O'Reilly was enabled to hold his course. But he did not like the look of things. In time there came a spiteful drizzle which completely hid the sun and left no indication of the course except the direction whence drove the rain.

No one spoke now. Even Esteban lay silent, shivering miserably upon his sodden bed. Rosa finally straightened her aching back and smiled at her husband.

"Are we going down?" she asked. "Oh no! This is merely a squall," he told her, with an assumption of confidence he was far from feeling.

Deliverance came suddenly, and from the least-expected quarter. Out of the mist to starboard there materialized a shape, a schooner driving ahead of the wind. The refugees descried her simultaneously and stood ankle deep in the wash, waving their hats and their calabashes, and shouting crazily until she saw them and fetched up.

There was a babble of voices, shouted questions, hysterical answers. Rosa was weeping softly; Norine had lifted Esteban and now clutched him tight, while her tears fell upon his face.

The schooner was a sponger bound for Nassau; its blackbird crew spoke English and they willingly helped the strangers overside, laughing and shouting in a childlike display of excitement. Soon there was hot food and coffee, dry beds and blankets for those who needed them.

Johnnie tucked his bride snugly into one of the hard berths, then stooped and kissed her. Rosa's teeth were chattering, but she smiled happily.

"God's hand directed us," she said. (THE END.)

BOTH MEN IN RIGHT PLACE

At Least, That Is Likely to Be Verdict of Those Who Toiled Over Income-Tax Schedules.

The visitor was being conducted through a state institution for the insane and his guide was an affable young man from the harmless ward whose keen intelligence made the visitor wonder why he was under restraint.

Stopping in front of a padded cell, they looked at a stout, short individual with a forehead draped over one eye and a pose characteristically Napoleonic.

"Thanks he's the Little Corporal, eh?" the visitor asked of the guide. "Yes; he's had that hallucination for five years."

Across the corridor in another cell was an old man poring over a number of blue prints.

"What's the matter with him?" "Poor chap," laughed the guide; "he thinks that he has invented a submarine-proof ship. The hull of the ship is honeycombed with holes; when the war-head of the torpedo strikes, it goes into one of the holes and is held fast by its sides."

"But," objected the visitor, "suppose the torpedo strikes between the holes?"

"In that case," said the guide as he shook with laughter, "it wouldn't count and the submarine would be entitled to another try."

In the last cell was a middle-aged man at a high desk. He looked up as the others approached and nodded smilingly.

"What's the matter with him?" queried the visitor. "Him? He's hopeless; he believes that he is an authority on income-tax legislation."

"Ah," said the visitor, "and he isn't?" "No, indeed!" replied the guide; "I am the only authority."—Kant Ship. These are the times that try men's souls.—Thomas Paine.

ERLER & WEISS, BUILDERS OF STONE AND CEMENT SIDEWALKS. West Bend, Wisconsin

F. J. Lambeck, M. D. EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT GLASSES FITTED. Milwaukee, Wis.

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MRS. K. ENDLICH Carpet Weaver. Kewaskum, Wis.

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

Should Contain Your Ad

The Sum and Substance of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear.

Sale Bills PRINTED. If you intend to have a sale get our prices. We are fixed for turning out work of this kind in double-quick time.



# New Fall Merchandise is Arriving Daily

We contracted for our winter supply months ago and in nearly all departments there have been price advances since our orders were placed. We can convince you that our prices are lower and ask you to come here and look over the big values we are offering.

## THE BEST NEWS

in today's paper! Strictly all-wool Suits made to your order **21.50**

Two-Piece Suits, \$21.50 Three-Piece Suits, \$24.50

### Our Advice is Buy Now

Men who know, predict that the present high prices of woollens may be doubled in the very near future. Buy all you can afford, because next season it is highly probable you will have to pay at least \$40.00 to \$45.00 for a suit made from the identical quality of material offered in this sale. The wise man, the man who must economize on all expenditures, cannot help but heed our phenomenal offer of these splendid All-Wool Fabrics made to order for \$21.50 and \$24.50.

## New Fall Ties

arriving every week

50c, 75c up to \$1.50

# The Poull Mercantile Company

West Bend,

Wisconsin

### NEW FANE

Ernst Ramthun had a lathing bee Monday night.  
Meta Steber of Wauwatosa visited Sunday with her parents here.  
Ervin Hess of Kewaskum spent Sunday with his parents here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Nick. Hammes and family autoed to Holy Hill Sunday.  
Gerhard Fellenz and family of St. Bridgets visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Mertes.  
Theo. Dworschack and family and Andrew Dworschack autoed to Lomira Saturday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hecker visited Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Volz at Jackson.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ficks and son Walter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Schultz at Van Dyne.  
Wm. Hahn, Sr., and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hahn, Jr., and daughter of Fredonia spent Sunday with Bill Conrail and family.  
Fred Belger and family of Boltonville and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meilahn of Kewaskum visited Sunday with Adolph Heberer and family.  
Wm. Bremser and family of St. Michaels, Jacob Fellenz and family and Erwin Brandt and family and Jos. Laubaich visited Sunday with Theo. Dworschack and family.

### BATAVIA

Mrs. Ottilia Schult of Lake Seven is taking care of her little grandson. Miss Amanda Klein entertained the C. B. Club at her home Tuesday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Alex Labach are the proud parents of a baby boy born Sunday.  
A large number from here attended the dance at Silver Creek Sunday evening.  
Miss Frona Scheunert spent Sunday with Wm. Greenwald and family at Silver Creek.  
Student Schneider of Milwaukee preached at the Lutheran church here Sunday morning.  
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Starck of Milwaukee are spending a week with Mrs. Lizzy Emily here.  
Mrs. Ed. Kohl and daughter Helen and Adolph Baganz spent Sunday with relatives at Sheboygan Falls.  
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Field of Milwaukee spent several days with Mrs. J. Held and other relatives here.  
A large number from here attended the Evangelical Sunday school convention held at Lomira this week.  
Mrs. Witte, Mrs. Hoppe and Milton Polzin of Milwaukee spent several days with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Haug, Jr.  
Aron Sauer underwent a serious operation on his knee Saturday morning at the St. Nicklos Hospital in Sheboygan.  
Miss Amanda Klein returned home Tuesday after spending some time with relatives and friends at Colby, Oshkosh, Watertown and Janau.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kohl and daughter Helen, Mrs. Adolph Vogelsang and Mrs. Ernest Bromser and Mrs. W. Schwenzen spent Friday at Sheboygan.  
Mrs. George Schultz and Lillia Paulus and Otto Seider went to Camp Taylor to visit the boys Thursday. But they did not get to see them as the boys had left for a different camp the same morning.

### BEECHWOOD VALLEY

Wm. Glass transacted business at Cascade last Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Mulvey spent Thursday at Plymouth.  
Martin Krahn delivered a load of cheese to Adell Monday.  
Miss Anna Koepke spent Sunday with Miss Laura Krahn.  
Charles McDonnell of Town Line spent Thursday at Plymouth.  
Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Glass spent Wednesday evening at Batavia.  
Martin Krahn and sons transacted business at New Prospect Tuesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Claus at Kewaskum.  
Miss Ella Koepke returned home on Wednesday evening, after visiting a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stuenicht and family were pleasant callers here, while enroute to Beechwood, where they spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Becker and family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Koepke and daughter Anna and Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn and sons Raymond and Ervin spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glass and family.

### WAYNE

Wm. Meyer of Kohsville was a business caller here Monday.  
Mrs. George Petri spent a week with her sister at Two Rivers.  
Wm. Menger of near Kohsville was a business caller here on Monday.  
Mrs. Wm. Abel left Friday evening to visit relatives in the northern part of the state.  
John Wolf and family of Kohsville were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Martin, Sr., Sunday evening.  
A mission festival will be held in the local church next Sunday. All friends of the congregation are invited.  
Andrew Martin, Sr., offers his property at Wayne Center for sale at a reasonable price. Give him a call.  
Harvey and Adeline Kippenhan and Esther Raether of Kewaskum visited with friends in the village Tuesday evening.  
Mr. Josi of Milwaukee visited with the Charles and Wm. Stuebing families and also with his family last week Saturday and Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Diehls and son Gustave and family of Lomira visited with his uncle, Andrew Martin, Sr., on Sunday evening.  
Messrs. Oscar and Herbert Jung and Misses Nora Geidel, Flora Basler and Martha Jung enjoyed a pleasant trip to Juneau and Beaver Dam Sunday.  
John H. Martin and family of Kewaskum and George Martin and family of West Bend called on Andrew Martin, Sr., and family Wednesday.  
Conrad and Albert Hangartner and their sister Louisa of near Campbellsport called on their sister, Mrs. John Petri, and also spent some time at Cedar Lake.  
Mr. and Mrs. Adam Schneeweis and son Arthur and family, also their daughter Louisa and two children of Milwaukee, called on Ph. Arnet and sister last Sunday.  
Rev. Schenk and wife of Young America spent Sunday with old time friends in the village. He also helped Grandpa Schaub celebrate his 90th birthday anniversary while here.

### VALLEY VIEW

Francis Mac Namara autoed to Fond du Lac Saturday evening.  
Herman Rehorst of South Eden called on friends here Sunday evening.  
Mrs. George Johnson called on Mr. and Mrs. John Hughes in North Ashford Tuesday.  
Leo. Mullen attended the dance at the North Side Park, Kewaskum, on Sunday evening.  
Miss Lillian Merrill of Milwaukee is spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. John Hughes.  
Charles Seefeld and son Alvin of South Eden were business callers in this vicinity Monday.  
Mrs. Otto Laedtke and family of Byron were Sunday guests of the August Brietzke family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Flood of Fairview were entertained at the Anton Kaehme home Sunday.  
Messrs. Arthur and Alvin Buss of Kewaskum spent Tuesday with the Charles Seefeld family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Smith and family of Woodside spent Sunday with Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Murray.  
Mrs. I. E. Norton and son Harry returned to their home in Milwaukee Sunday, after spending the past week with relatives here.  
R. P. Jaeger and family of Campbellsport and Albert Schroeder of Fond du Lac were callers at G. H. Johnson's last Wednesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Paul Seefeld and family of Armstrong and Mrs. George Johnson and daughter Bernice were Sunday callers at the Charles Seefeld home.

### ST. MICHAELS

Mrs. J. A. Roden spent Sunday with her parents at New Fans.  
Frank Ehnert and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser.  
Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Schoofs of Kewaskum spent Sunday here with relatives.  
Mrs. Wm. Feireisen of West Bend is spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. Ph. Fellenz.  
Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Herriges, Jr., a baby boy, last Saturday. Congratulations to the happy parents.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stullpflug, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roden and M. Stockhausen and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Roden.  
Louis and Adolph Haseck autoed to Hartford Sunday, where they attended a meeting of the Washington County Council of Defense.  
**Summer Complaint.**  
During the hot weather of the summer months some member of almost every family is likely to be troubled with an unnatural looseness of the bowels, and it is of the greatest importance that this be treated promptly, which can only be done when the medicine is kept on hand. Mrs. F. F. Scott, Scottsville, N. Y., states, "I first used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy as much as five years ago. At that time I had a severe attack of summer complaint and was suffering intense pain. One dose relieved me. Other members of my family have since asst it with like results."

### MARRIED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

Mr. and Mrs. John Schroeder of West Bend celebrated their 25th wedding anniversary Friday, with a large number of relatives in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Schroeder were married at Barton on Aug. 22, 1893. Mrs. Schroeder previous to her marriage was Miss Anna Schmidt of Green Bay, whose parents were prominently connected with the pioneer life of this county. When a lad still in teens Mr. Schroeder learned the trade of cigar-maker and followed that vocation for thirty-seven years. His first place of employment was in the shop of Seliger & Luckow and at the latter's death he continued to give efficient services for the head of the firm, leaving Mr. Seliger's employ about seventeen years ago, since which time he has built up a substantial and well-paying business of his own through integrity, honesty and fair and square dealing with his many customers. The celebration is a family affair, relatives from Racine, Milwaukee, Kewaskum and Barton having gathered to assist the couple in giving the event the pomp of which it is so deserving. Four generations were represented at the celebration, as follows: Mrs. Barbara Keller of Kewaskum, the latter's daughter, Mrs. John Schroeder of this city, and John Schroeder, Jr., and son Thomas of Milwaukee, grand-child and great-grand-child of Mrs. Keller. The couple were showered with congratulations and hearty wishes for their future welfare and were made to feel that the sincerity of their friends came from the heart and that all of them hoped Providence would deal kindly with them so the couple could observe their golden wedding anniversary twenty-five years hence. West Bend Pilot.

### POTATO BLIGHT

Farmers should be on the lookout for late blight in potatoes. It develops only during moist weather, generally about the middle of August after the vines are fully developed. When the weather is hot and dry there is little danger.  
The first appearance of late blight is a delicate gray webby growth, or mildew, on weak stems and the undersides of lower leaves. The affected parts soon become water soaked, blackened and die. A coating of Bordeaux on the leaves prevents it from getting started. The copper in the Bordeaux mixture makes a film on the surface of the leaves which kills the blight spores before they can grow. Bordeaux is a preventive and not a cure. Spray until the vines just begin to drip.  
**Bordeaux mixture.**  
Copper sulphate—5 pounds.  
Lime—5 pounds.  
Water—50 gallons.  
Make the solution as follows: Slake the lime and dissolve the copper sulphate in separate dishes. Strain the lime into a barrel and add water to fill the barrel half full. Add several pailfuls of water to the sulphate solution and strain into the same barrel. Add enough water to make 50 gallons. Spray every week or ten days. As a rule four applications are enough.

### WAR TIME RECIPES

**Chocolate Honey Cake.**  
2 oz. chocolate  
1/2 cup shortening  
5 tablespoons boiling water  
1 1/2 cups honey  
1 1/2 cups rye flour  
1/2 teaspoon soda  
1/4 cup sour milk  
1 egg.  
Mix the ingredients in order given. The boiling water will melt the chocolate. Add the shortening and the honey. Do not wait for the mixture to cool before adding the other ingredients. The cake batter will be very thin but must not be thickened. Bake as a loaf or in layers.  
**War cake.**  
1 1/2 cups honey  
2 tablespoons molasses  
1/2 cup water  
1/2 cup shortening  
2 cups raisins  
1 teaspoon salt  
1 teaspoon cinnamon  
1 teaspoon cloves  
Bring the above ingredients to a boil. Boil a few minutes and cool. Sift 3 cups of barley or rye flour with 1/2 teaspoon of soda and 2 teaspoons of baking powder. Stir into first mixture and bake one hour in a moderate oven.  
**CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF**  
Authorized and paid for by Chas. Lambrecht, Rockfield, Wis.  
I wish to announce myself a Republican candidate for the nomination of Sheriff for Washington county, and I give the assurance that if elected I will serve faithfully and perform the duties pertaining to the office of Sheriff to the best of my ability.  
7-27-6 CHAS. LAMPRECHT.  
—Subscribe for the Statesman now.

# Pick Brothers Co.

## SPECIAL OFFERINGS at Our Store This Week.

### Shirt Waists

On our Shirt Waist lot Friday and Saturday, we will give a Special Discount of

10%

### Automobile Caps

(All Colors)

50c values, at 39c  
65c values, at 43c  
79c values, at 59c  
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1 Special Lot of Corsets \$1.50  
1 Lot Guage Union Suits, all sizes, 50c val. 35c

### Grocery Department

Visit our Grocery Department Friday and Saturday. We will have special bargains for you.

### Shoes

1 Lot of Shoes, 2 1/2 to 4 \$2.19

# Pick Brothers Company

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

West Bend,

Wisconsin

## STATE FAIR'S RACING LASTS FOR SIX DAYS

Trotters and Pacers Meet First Four Days and Auto Speed Demons Clash Friday and Saturday.

Milwaukee, Aug. 19—An excellent program of harness and automobile racing has been prepared for this year's State Fair. There will be harness racing on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, and automobile racing on Friday and Saturday.  
**HEAR THE "JACKIE" BAND.**  
The State Fair's big 1918 attraction is the famous "Jackie" Band which comes from the Great Lakes, Ill., U. S. Naval Training station. Sections of this band have visited every corner of the state in Liberty Loan drives. This big band requires a special platform providing 3,600 square feet.  
The harness racing program by days is as follows:  
Monday—2:18 Trot, 2:05 Pace, 3 year Pace, Team Pace.  
Tuesday—2:20 Pace, 2:08 Trot, 2:14 Pace, 3-year Trot.  
Wednesday—2:12 Pace, 2:13 Trot, 2:08 Pace, 2:15 Trot.  
Thursday—2:11 Trot, 2:20 Trot Free-For-All Pace, 2:18 Pace.  
Friday's automobile racing will include events at two, three, and twenty-five miles, an Australian pursuit race, novelty race, and trials against state, track and world's records.  
Saturday's auto racing program will include events at two, five and twenty-five miles, a novelty race, time trials against state, track and world's records and an event for the dirt track championship.  
Drivers already entered include Louis Disbrow, world's dirt track champion, Earl Cooper, the speedy star, Gaston Chevrolet, speedway star, and Wonderlich, D'Alene and many others of lesser note.  
The track record is 47 1/2 seconds, made by the late Bob Burman. Disbrow on June 9, this year, drove a mile in 49 1/2 seconds with his fast Simplex. He believes he can lower Burman's mark, if conditions are favorable.  
All of the star performers on western tracks will be seen during the four days of harness racing. While many other racing associations showed a falling off in entries this year, the Wisconsin State Fair received a total of 157 entries to its seven stake events, five more entries than were received in 1917.

## THE SAFEST WAY

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If you desire to convert your Liberty Loan Bonds into the 3rd Loan 4 1/2% Bonds, we will do so without charge to you.



## CONSULT WM. LEISSRING

ABOUT YOUR EYESIGHT

Exclusive Optometrist will be at the

Republican House Kewaskum, every 2nd Wednesday of each month from 7 to 12 A. M.  
Schlegel Hotel West Bend, Wis. Home Office New Location, 212 Plankinton Arcade, 2nd Floor, Milwaukee

## Junk Wanted

Why not keep your yard clean and at the same time get the highest market price for everything you want to sell in the line of junk.

S. MOSES, Kewaskum, Wis.  
Telephone 208

## THEY USE AND RECOMMEND

## ITS-IT

SILVER AND AUTOMOBILE POLISHES

For Sale at JOHN BRUNNER'S BUFFET KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

## MATH. SCHLAEFER OPTOMETRIST

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted Campbellsport, Wisconsin

Sour stomach, clogged up bowels, headaches, foul breath, are evils of constipation. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea purifies the stomach and relieves constipation—a medicine the whole family should take. 35c.—Ed. C. Miller.

## P. L. GEHL & SON MONUMENTS

SPECIAL DESIGNING TO ORDER PHONE 125 HARTFORD, WISCONSIN

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**Time Table—C. & N. W. Ry**

NORTH BOUND	
No. 266	8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 113	12:35 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 133	9:00 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 107	7:55 a. m. daily
No. 243	6:34 p. m. Sunday only
No. 141	8:42 a. m. Sunday only

SOUTH BOUND	
No. 266	8:45 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 219	12:37 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 214	2:34 p. m. daily
No. 216	5:47 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 108	7:29 a. m. daily
No. 244	11:19 p. m. Sunday only
No. 218	7:02 p. m. Sunday only
No. 184	9:50 a. m. Sunday only

—Miss Katie Haug was a West Bend caller Tuesday.  
 —Miss Tillie Vogt was a Fond du Lac visitor Thursday.  
 —William Schaub was a Milwaukee business caller Monday.  
 —Jos. Harter was a Milwaukee caller Thursday and Friday.  
 —Jos. Hermann of Milwaukee Sundayed with his family here.  
 —Mrs. D. M. Rosenheimer was a Milwaukee visitor Wednesday.  
 —Miss Lucretia Senn of Campbellsport was a village visitor Tuesday.  
 —Miss Esther Backhaus of Milwaukee spent Sunday with home folks.  
 —Herman Gottsleben of Appleton Sundayed under the parental roof.  
 —D. M. Rosenheimer was a business caller at Milwaukee Tuesday.  
 —Mrs. Louis Bath was the guest of Miss Lucile Harter last Thursday.  
 —Wm. Schaub and G. B. Wright made an auto trip to Milwaukee Monday.  
 —Mrs. Louis Bath and Miss Lucile Harter were Milwaukee visitors Monday.  
 —September 4, 5, and 6 are the days set for the Sheboygan County Fair.  
 —Math. Altenhofen and son of Random Lake were village callers on Wednesday.  
 —Albert Opgenoth and family and Miss Hilda Fox motored to Holy Hill Sunday.  
 —John F. Schaefer looked after business interests in the Cream City on Monday.  
 —The dance at the North Side Park hall last Sunday evening was largely attended.  
 —Mrs. Gust. Klug and daughter, Mrs. Geiger, called on Barton friends Thursday.  
 —Miss Adela Gottsleben visited with relatives and friends at West Bend last Sunday.  
 —Miss Tillie Mayer was the guest of Milwaukee relatives and friends last Sunday.  
 —Miss Elizabeth Werner attended the funeral of a friend at Oshkosh last Sunday.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Gage of Campbellsport were pleasant village callers Wednesday.  
 —Miss Rose McLaughlin is visiting with her brother, John and family at Wausau this week.  
 —Miss O'Tilia Weber of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mrs. Martha Marx and family.  
 —Mrs. Chas. Fechtner returned home after spending a week with relatives at Milwaukee.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Martes of Newburg are spending a week's vacation with home folks.  
 —Mrs. A. Van de Zande of Madison, Wis., called on the A. A. Porschbacher family Monday.  
 —A number of the girls employed in the Kissel Kar factory at Hartford are wearing made attire.  
 —Fred Gohlfammer and family of Fillmore visited with the Chas. Groeschel family last Sunday.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Guth of West Bend were guests of the L. D. Guth family on Wednesday.  
 —Ed. Van Gilder and family of Waupun were guests of the Flynn Rosanino family last Sunday.  
 —Chas. Buss and family of St. Kilian visited with relatives and friends in the village last week Friday.  
 —Miss Elester Backhaus of Milwaukee is visiting with her parents here since last week Saturday.  
 —The Kewaskum Home Guards will soon be measured for suits, and mustering in will then be in order.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Art. Buddenhagen motored to Waukesha last Sunday, where they spent a day's outing.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. James Hart and wife of Fond du Lac were guests of Byron Brandt and family last Sunday.  
 —The Misses Lydia and Elsie Guth returned home last week Friday, after spending a week at Port Washington.  
 —Miss Ellen Schultze of Watertown is spending a few weeks with the H. W. Quade and S. C. Wellensak families.  
 —Mrs. Otto Jokisch of Milwaukee arrived here Monday for an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Remmel.  
 —Edw. F. Miller was at Milwaukee Tuesday and Wednesday, where he attended the furniture men's convention.

—Miss Frieda Kloke of Campbellsport spent last week Saturday with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Schmidt and family.  
 —Miss Catherine Harter left for Fond du Lac Monday, to spend the week visiting with relatives and friends.  
 —Herman Brandstetter of West Bend visited with his mother, Mrs. Casper Brandstetter and family last Sunday.  
 —Robert Schmurr of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his father, Ferd. Schmurr and family in the town of Auburn.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rummel of Milwaukee visited with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schaefer and family in the town of Kewaskum.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Porschbacher and family spent a few days this week with the Wm. Heberer family in the town of Auburn.  
 —Mrs. Julius Haasch returned to her home in Milwaukee Sunday after visiting a week with Mr. and Mrs. Emil Backhaus.  
 —W. E. Krause and family of Wauwatosa and Julius Haasch of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Emil Backhaus.  
 —Dr. and Mrs. Alvin Backus of Cedarburg spent Tuesday evening with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Backus.  
 —Mrs. Oscar Koerble and son Geo. returned home from Oshkosh Monday, where they spent over a week visiting with friends.  
 —Wm. Lindenstruth and family of Milwaukee arrived here Saturday evening to spend Sunday with Gerhard Keller and family.  
 —Henry McLaughlin and family enjoyed a very pleasant auto ride with Mr. and Mrs. Ph. Schellinger to St. Kilian last Sunday.  
 —Miss Dorothy Driessel returned home Sunday from Waupaca, where she was the guest of the Frank Runie family for a week.  
**FOR SALE**—Two-story frame house and lot, located in the Rosenheimer new addition. Inquire of Egid Mueller, Kewaskum, Wis.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Seip and Mrs. Dick Wittenburg and daughter, Magdeline of Milwaukee, spent Sunday with the Koch families.  
 —Miss Florence Groeschel returned home Saturday evening from Ladysmith, where she spent the past two months with her sister.  
 —August Groeschel and family of Milwaukee were guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Groeschel and family last Sunday.  
 —Mrs. Fred Schmidt of Milwaukee arrived here last week Friday for a week's visit with Mrs. Hannah Burrow and the Aug. Bilgo family.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stark and son Harold of Milwaukee visited from last week Friday until Monday with the Krahn and Stark families.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. William F. Backus went to Cedarburg Sunday, where they spent the day as guests of their son, Dr. Alvin Backus and wife.  
 —Byron Brandt of this village and Jac. Staehler left Monday for Sheldon, North Dakota, where they will spend several weeks threshing grain.  
 —John Porschbacher of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Wm. Heberer family in the town of Auburn and also with friends in the village.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Fred Klein and family and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fick motored to Cedar Lake last Sunday, where they spent a day's outing.  
 —The Misses Hattie and Leona Nowak of Milwaukee visited from Saturday until Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schmidt and family.  
 —Mrs. John Plum of Milwaukee spent several days of this week with Mr. and Mrs. Sebastian Plum and family in the town of Kewaskum.  
 —Mrs. Frank Strube of Milwaukee was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Schaefer and family from Saturday until Monday.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Quade and daughter Elizabeth, Miss Ellen Schultze and S. C. Wellensak motored to Watertown last week Thursday.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Charles Peters of Milwaukee arrived here Saturday evening to spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. August Bilgo and family.  
 —Andrew Guth and family and Fred Schlof and family motored to Random Lake last Sunday, where they spent the day with the August Stark family.  
 —Ed. and Elsie Braessel and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brandt motored to Plymouth last Sunday, where they spent the day with Oscar Brandt and family.  
 —Charles Broseman and family, Ben Broseman and William Engler autowed to Hartford Sunday, to attend the Washington County War Workers meeting.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kunselmann, Anton Pesch, Andrew Tappert and Mrs. John Altenhofen were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Brandt and family Thursday.  
**WANTED TO RENT**—A lower flat or house modernly equipped, or as new, possibly equipped as possible, J. A. Lund, Principal of Kewaskum High School.

**LOST**—A 21 x 4 G. J. tire with rim, between Kewaskum and Pannell on the Beechwood road. Honest finder return same to this office and receive reward.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schmidt of Chicago arrived here Tuesday evening, for an extended visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schmidt, Sr., and family.  
 —Frank Rose of the town of Kewaskum attended the State Summer Skat tournament at Port Washington last Sunday, and was successful in winning a prize.  
 —Mrs. Math. Regner and children returned to their home in West Bend last Sunday, after visiting two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schaefer and family.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. William Baumgartner and family and Mrs. Fred Baumgartner of the town of Kewaskum spent Sunday with the Henry Giese family at Random Lake.  
**NOTICE**—On account of there being such a large number of customers to be shaved on Saturdays, we will make a charge of 35c on all hair cuts on this day.—Kewaskum Barbers.  
 —Judge A. C. Backus was appointed a delegate to the convention of the American Prison Association of the United States to be held at New York City on October 14th to 18th.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. John Groeschel of here, and Mr. and Mrs. August Groeschel and family of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Haessly and family at Eden.  
 —Principal J. W. Lund moved his household furniture from Beaver Dam Monday, and stored same in the Farmers and Merchants Bank building until he can find a suitable residence.  
 —Dr. William Kumb has again resumed his duties in his dental rooms above the Farmers & Merchants Bank, after a two weeks' vacation, visiting various points of interest in the state.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. Bernhard Backhaus, Mrs. Henry A. Backhaus and son Christian and Lloyd Bartel enjoyed an auto trip to Mayville Sunday, where they visited with relatives and friends.  
 —Miss Ella H. Gehard who has been engaged in the dress making trade here for some time, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Byron Brandt moved to Fillmore Monday, where she will continue her line of work.  
 —The Misses Esther and Theresa Raether of here, Wm. Guenther of Campbellsport and Mr. and Mrs. J. Murphy of Milwaukee left Saturday for an extended trip in a car through the northern part of the state.  
 —Peter Guenther of Campbellsport, Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy of Milwaukee and the Misses Esther and Theresa Raether of this village motored to Brownsville last Sunday, where they spent the day with friends.  
 —A reward of \$100 is offered by Wm. Hoefner of Grafton, who had a valuable team of horses stolen from his farm one day last week, together with a set of heavy harnesses. A buggy from the shed of Rev. Elgermann was also stolen at the same time near the Hoefner farm.  
 —The following spent Sunday at Math. Bath's to celebrate Mike Bath's birthday: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bath and son Mike, Helen Herman, Louis Schaefer and family, Fred Kluever and family, Mrs. Philip Feilenz, Mrs. Will Feilenz, Mr. and Mrs. Math. Rodenkirch, Mrs. Louis Bath.  
 —The following spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Schlosser and family: Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schlosser and family, Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Stach and family, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Janke and family, Arne Johnson and family of Milwaukee and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schlosser, Jr., of Sioux City, Iowa.  
 —John Van Blarcom, the popular and genial saloon keeper of Beechwood, has opened a garage at that place and will handle the Ford, Buick and Oakland cars. He will keep on hand all kinds of accessories and repairs. All work will be promptly and cheerfully done. Give him a trial and be convinced.  
 —Mr. and Mrs. August Wendorf of Kenosha, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Kepzel and L. Dellenhausen and family of Milwaukee, Miss Azalia Dickman of the town of Auburn, Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Schaefer of this village and Elmer Selznitz Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wendorf and family in the town of Kewaskum.  
 —The many readers of the Statesman who contemplate buying a passenger automobile, better do so before January 1st, 1919. After that time every automobile plant will be put on a 100 per cent basis. That is to say, no more passenger cars will be manufactured after that date, at least not during the period of the war. If war continues to last for any length of time, automobiles will be scarce articles. Anyone who owns a car now better hang on to it. This order does not affect the manufacture of trucks.  
**BEECHWOOD**  
 John Van Blarcom, the popular and genial saloon keeper at Beechwood, has opened a garage at that place and will handle the Ford, Buick and Oakland cars. He will keep on hand all kinds of accessories and repairs. All work will be promptly and cheerfully done. Give him a trial and be convinced.

**BOYS WRITE ON SOLDIER LIFE**  
 days, I hope to see more of it.  
 For the last five days we have been right in a big drive. Quite a few Germans fell and the rest we drove back a number of miles. It sure was a tough time. We have not slept any for four days and did not have much time left to eat. As soon as we get rested up we will be going "over the top" again. I hope we will all get thru safely again in our next drive. We can dodge the bullets pretty good. Once in a while we get to see some of the gas too. I could send you all kinds of souvenirs, but did not take time to pick them up as yet. I have not much time left to write very often, so tell uncle and aunt that they shouldn't feel bad that I have not written. Love and regards to all I know, from  
 Your Loving Son,  
 Daniel.  
 The following letter was received by Miss Malinda Marquardt from a friend in Houston, Texas:  
 Dear Friend Malinda:—  
 I will drop you a few lines and let you know that I received your letter yesterday, and was glad to hear from you. Am feeling fine and dandy. We will soon leave for another camp in Texas, about 250 miles from here. Where we are now, the government is building quite a number of ships, eight of which are about finished. It is up to us fellows to guard the ship yard. I get my turn at guard duty the same as the rest of the soldiers. You ought to see the aeroplanes out here. There sure is a lot of them. They go up into the air every day. When at a great height they look like a large bird, becoming smaller and smaller as they go up until they finally disappear in the clouds. They are about 1600 men working in the ship yards here, with the weather awfully warm and water poor to drink makes it some what unpleasant for a person. I wish the war was over so I could go home and work on the farm again. Will send you one of my pictures in the near future. I haven't much news to write this time so will have to close, hoping you will answer soon. From your friend, Edward Stern, H. V. D., Co. C., 22d Bat., U. S. G., Midland Bridge Co. Shipyard, Houston, Texas.  
 —Ripon is the first city in the state to institute a victory bell. The bell rings every afternoon at five o'clock, during which time all those within hearing of the bell are requested to pause in silent prayer for the soldiers and sailors now in service from that city and vicinity.  
 —A reward of \$100 is offered by Wm. Hoefner of Grafton, who had a valuable team of horses stolen from his farm one day last week, together with a set of heavy harnesses. A buggy from the shed of Rev. Elgermann was also stolen at the same time near the Hoefner farm.  
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# Saturday Evening Bargains

**SPECIAL IN SUMMER DRESS GOODS IMMENSE BARGAINS**

## Final Clearing Out Sale of Summer Dress Goods

Like last Saturday evening—everything on the tables must be sold regardless of price. Watch our advertisements on the Bargain Tables. Every department will have for Specials for them.

# OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT

will have some real bargains for you

## Wednesday, August 28th

# L. ROSENHEIMER,

Kewaskum, Not "anything is good enough" But "nothing is too good" Wisconsin

The advertisement authorized and was paid for by Hubert Kinzel, R. D. 32, Campbellsport, Wisconsin.

**Don't Forget the Primary Sep. 3**  
 REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Governor—  
**JAMES N. TITTEMORE**  
 of Omro, Wis.

For Lieutenant Governor—  
**HARLEY F. NICKERSON**  
 of Milwaukee, Wis.

For Secretary of State—  
**MERLIN HULL**  
 of Black River Falls, Wis.

For State Treasurer—  
**J. FRED LARSON**  
 of Ellsworth, Wis.

For Attorney General—  
**JOHN J. BLAINE**  
 of Boscelo, Wis.

Recommended by the Conference of Farmers, Laboring Men and Consumers, at Madison, on May 1.

The stand for Progressive Principles, Better System of Marketing and Distribution. Co-operation Between Producers and Consumers

# Responsibility

## Our Legal Responsibility

to our customers insures the safeguarding of your funds in this Bank.

## Our Personal Responsibility

gives each member of the bank a friendly interest in whatever business problem you may care to discuss with us. If we can help, Command Us.

**SERVICE RELIABILITY STRENGTH**

# Bank of Kewaskum

CAPITAL & SURPLUS \$75,000.00

**LOCAL MARKET REPORT**

Barley	1.00 to 1.00
Wheat	2.00 to 2.25
Red Winter	2.00 to 2.25
Rye No. 1	1.50 to 1.60
Oats	1.00 to 1.10
Timothy Seed, per cwt	7.00 to 9.00
Butter	38c to 40c
Eggs	40c
Unwashed wool	60c to 65c
Beans, bu	6.00 to 6.50
Hides (calf skin)	30-32c
Cow Hides	17c to 18c
Horse Hides	6.00 to 6.50
Honey, lb	1.50
Potatoes, assorted 2.00 to 2.15-per 100 lb	
Live Poultry	
Spring Chickens young roosters	28c
Old Roosters	15c
Geese	14c
Ducks	22c
Old Chickens	24c to 25c
Dressed Poultry	
Spring Chickens	28c
Geese	23c
Ducks	24c
<b>Dairy Market</b>	
<b>SHEBOYGAN</b>	
Sheboygan, Wis.—On the Sheboygan rail board on Monday six factories offered 315 boxes of longhorns; 280 boxes selling at 26c and 35 boxes at 26 1/2c.	
<b>PLYMOUTH</b>	
Plymouth, Wis.—On the Wisconsin cheese exchange twenty-six factories offered 3,325 boxes of cheese. Bids passed on 100 longhorns. Sales were 2,000 squares, 27 1/2c; 400 twins, 24 1/2c; 2,000 daisies, 26c; 225 double daisies, 25 1/2c; 50 young Americas, 25 1/2c; 570 longhorns, 26c; 20 at 26 1/2c.	
<b>STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.</b> No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.	

FUNERAL PARLOR

# FRANK A. ZWASKA

UNDERTAKER  
 LADY ASSISTANT

**AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE**  
 OPEN DAY AND NIGHT  
 Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital

2701 Center Street, Corner 22nd, Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Phone Kilbourn 1318

# Wrist Watches

First a novelty, now most practical. We have wrist watches for both men and women. Soldiers need Radio Wrist Watches—we have them in regulation army style. Buy yours now.

**MRS. K. ENDLICH**  
 Jeweler & Optometrist  
 KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

# PILES DISSOLVED

IN TEN MINUTES

My mild, safe method cures without the knife, pain or surgery all cases except cancer. Full particulars and special instructions sent free. Describe your case fully and enclose 2c stamp. Dr. F. T. Riley, 442 N. 3rd St., Milwaukee



## PRACTICAL WORK OF DISINFECTION

Thoroughness in Performing Operation Is Important for Securing Best Results.

### PRELIMINARY WORK NEEDED

Various Surfaces Should Be Swept Clean and All Refuse Matter Removed—Selection and Preparation of Disinfectant.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the practical work of disinfection there are three essentials:

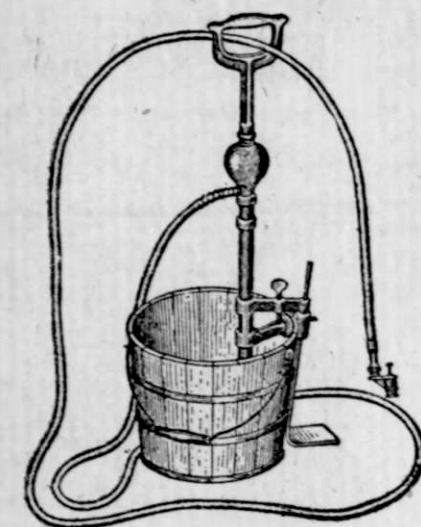
1. A preparation of the building that will facilitate reaching organisms of disease.
2. A disinfectant which upon contact can be depended upon to destroy such organisms.
3. A method of applying the disinfectant that will assure the most thorough contact with the bacteria.

Before beginning the use of disinfectant it is essential that certain preliminary work be done in and about the stable that is to be treated. The various surfaces, such as ceilings, walls, partitions, floors, etc., should be swept until free from cobwebs and dust. Any accumulation of filth should be removed by scrubbing and scrubbing, using for this purpose a wire or other stiff brush and warm water with a liberal quantity of washing soda. In some cases the woodwork may have become softened and so porous as to be a good medium for the absorption of disease germs. Such woodwork should be removed, burned, and replaced with new material.

**Remove Refuse Matter.**  
All refuse, manure, etc., from stable and barnyard should be removed to a place inaccessible to live stock and, if possible, be burned or thoroughly mixed with a solution of chloride of lime in the proportion of six ounces to one gallon of water. If the floor is of earth, it will doubtless have become stained with urine and contaminated to a depth of several inches. In such cases four inches or more of the surface soil should be removed and treated as suggested above for refuse and manure.

Having made ready the field operation, the next consideration should be the selection and preparation of the disinfectant. The fact must not be overlooked that many agents used for the destruction of bacteria are likewise poisonous to animals and man. In fact, some drugs, although powerful as germicides, are so poisonous as to preclude their general use in the work of disinfection. Among such, as previously stated, is bichloride of mercury, which possesses the power of destroying not only bacteria, but spores as well. It is therefore essential in deciding upon an agent to select one having a known germicidal strength, properties of solubility, and at the same time possessing a reasonable degree of safety to animals and man.

**Method of Application.**  
The efficiency and economy of the work will depend in a great measure upon the method of applying the disinfectant. Economy requires that the disinfecting solution be applied rapidly; efficiency requires that it be not only spread in such manner as to cover the entire surface requiring disinfection, but that sufficient quantity and force be used to drive the so-



Pail Spraying Pump Suitable for Disinfecting Small Stables.

lution into all cracks and crevices. Where a very limited surface is to be treated, as, for example, one stall, it may be possible to apply the disinfectant in a satisfactory manner by means of a whitewash brush. In all cases, however, the best method of applying the disinfectant and the lime wash is by means of a strong spray pump.

The entire interior of the stable should be saturated with the disinfectant. Special attention should be given to the feeding troughs and drains. After the disinfectant has dried, the surface may be sprayed with lime wash, provided this has not been combined with the disinfectant as previously described. When the work has been completed it will be advisable to open all doors and windows of the building for the admission of air and light.

## USE MACHINERY FOR CUTTING CORN CROP

Binders and Platform Harvesters Save Man-Power and Energy.

Performing Task by Hand Is Hard, Disagreeable Job—Bundle Elevator Attachment Eliminates One Man in the Crew.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

This year when farm help is so limited, there is an urgent need for labor-saving machinery wherever possible. One man with a corn knife by working hard can cut and shock an average of 1 1/2 acres a day. Two men with a platform harvester can harvest 4 or 5 acres in the same time and three men with a corn binder in a ten-hour day can cut and shock from 7 to 9 acres. Cutting corn by hand is a hard, disagreeable task, the bulletin points out, and the time when it should be done is limited to a few days if the full feeding value of the corn is to be retained. Fall plowing, seeding for winter wheat and digging potatoes must be done on many farms at about the same time. In such cases, the timeliness and ease of accomplishing the work are determining factors in deciding the advisability of using corn-cutting machinery.

The corn binder does the best work when the corn is all standing upright.



Labor-Saving Methods of Harvesting Corn.

Usually most satisfactory results are obtained with a three-horse team, and sometimes four horses are necessary when the corn is heavy or the ground hilly. In ordinary yields, one man operating the binder will keep two men busy gathering the bundles and shocking them. These three men cutting and shocking by hand would scarcely cover more than four acres in a day and it would be necessary to work much harder than when the corn binder is used, thus the machine requiring less laborious work takes from one-half to two-thirds as long to cut a given acreage.

When the binder is used for cutting corn for silage the labor of at least two men will be saved as compared to cutting by hand. One binder will usually be able to cut the corn as fast as a 12 or 14-inch silage cutter can handle it. A great deal of time is saved in unloading at the cutter, because the corn is in bundles, which enables a further reduction in the size of the harvesting crew.

A bundle elevator attachment to the corn binder saves further labor. By this attachment the bundles of corn are delivered directly to a wagon driven by the side of the binder. This method eliminates another man in the crew. When the bundles are dropped from the binder to the ground two men are generally required to hand them up as fast as one man can arrange them on the wagon. When an elevator attachment is used one man usually arranges the bundles on the wagon as they are delivered from the binder and another man or boy drives the team.

The platform harvester is the most satisfactory machine when the acreage in corn is not sufficiently large to justify a binder. This machine consists of an A-shaped platform on low wheels two sides of which are equipped with knives. It is drawn by one horse, operated by two men, and cuts two rows at a time. The men gather the stalks as they are cut, and when the shock is reached the horse is stopped and the men carry the cut corn to the shock. In cutting corn with a platform harvester for silage much time can be saved and efficient work done if a wagon is driven alongside the harvester and the corn placed on it directly as it is cut. By this method approximately five acres of corn yielding 8 tons of silage per acre constitutes a fair day's work. Two men with a platform harvester and one horse will cut and shock at least as much corn in a day as three men cutting by hand. This machine thus cutting the place of one hired helper will very nearly pay for itself in cutting 40 acres.

**Avoid Damp Grass.**  
Don't allow the hens to run the chicks through the damp grass on dewy mornings or rainy days.

## News of the Badger State

**Oshkosh**—No agreement on prices to be charged for threshing was reached at a meeting of fifty threshers and farmers here. Farmers have claimed that the prices for threshing were too high. Several of threshermen agreed to cut prices. It was brought out that the county threshers committee of the federal food administration has no control over the regulation of amounts to be charged for threshing.

**Birchwood**—Lieut. Irvin Hurlbert has returned to his home at Rice Lake from the battle front in France. Hurlbert is a member of the Rice Lake company of national guards, and joined Pershing's forces in France six months ago. He was returned to this country because of his marked ability and will train officers for service in machine gun companies.

**La Crosse**—To a La Crosse sculptor goes the honor this year of winning the George D. Wideber memorial gold medal at the annual exhibition of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. His name is Albin Polasek, who began his artistic career carving figures on church altars in a local factory.

**Wausau**—Farmers of Marathon county are having success in raising sorghum cane, which has grown from eight to nine feet tall. Very little had been grown in this locality before this season, and the farmers, realizing the shortage of sugar, are raising it as a patriotic movement.

**Oshkosh**—Steps have been taken to establish regular and permanent agricultural work in Winnebago county. Gustave A. Sell, who for the last year has been acting as county emergency food agent, under federal authority, will be the county's first agricultural representative.

**Oshkosh**—Presidents of twenty-two county Sunday schools associations of Wisconsin met here to confer on the needs of the coming year in the work of the Wisconsin Sunday school association. It was decided to increase Sunday school activities to better support war work.

**Madison**—Three new factory inspectors were named by the industrial commission. They are: Ivan Conklin, Wauwatosa; C. J. Krellkamp, Madison; Frank A. Frederickson, Princeton. Miss Edna Kuhnert, Madison, was named as an assistant in the woman's department of the commission.

**Oshkosh**—Peter E. Fluor, son of J. Simon Fluor, former Oshkosh resident, now of Santa Ana, Cal., has won his double bars as a lieutenant in the aviation corps. He was the first in a squad of ninety to complete his course. His brother, Fred, has joined the navy.

**La Crosse**—The La Crosse county school of agriculture, one of the pioneers in that field of education in the northwest, may be closed because of the war and the building converted into a tuberculosis sanatorium to care for soldiers afflicted with that disease.

**Appleton**—Elizah King, an Indian, held in jail on a charge of causing the death of David O. Hill, an Indian, waived preliminary hearing and was bound over for trial in circuit court on a charge of second degree murder. He will be tried in September.

**Eau Claire**—John H. Gadsby, said to be the oldest member of the Masonic lodge in Wisconsin, both as to age and from length of membership, died here at the age of 89. He was born in Gilbertville, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1829, and came to Eau Claire in 1871.

**Rhineland**—Joseph Tish shot and killed his wife because she refused to give him money, and then turned the shotgun on himself, dying instantly. The shooting occurred on the road near Gagen, fifteen miles east of here.

**Tomahawk**—The rear end of a south-bound extra freight went into the ditch fifteen miles south of here. Ten cars of logs were badly damaged. No one was injured, but traffic was tied up for twenty hours.

**Oshkosh**—Winnebago county need not worry about the wolf being at the door as the county treasurer has reported regular funds of \$260,341.24 and special funds of \$72,089.49.

**Sheboygan**—The public schools of Plymouth will be opened a week later in September this year, to give the farmers the aid of students in harvesting their crops.

**Madison**—State Food Administrator Magnus Swenson has been called to Washington for a conference with Herbert Hoover on Sept. 4 and 5.

**Jefferson**—At the sixteenth annual meeting of the soldiers and sailors of Jefferson county, E. B. Heimstreet of Palmyra was re-elected president. Perry Goodrich of Fort Atkinson and Frank Foote were re-elected to the offices of secretary and treasurer.

**Birchwood**—Being one of three selected from a class of about 100 young men by the selective service board of Washburn county for a mechanical training course at the University of Wisconsin, was the honor that fell to Lloyd C. Frank of Birchwood.

**Madison**—A statement issued by A. H. Melville, executive secretary of the Wisconsin Food Administration, says: "It should be definitely understood that no public eating place will be given any sugar above their specified allotment. Most of the proprietors understand this, but many are using more than they can afford to. They should serve only two half lumps or one teaspoonful of granulated sugar to each patron at one meal. Unless they adopt some method of limiting the service of sugar, they will find themselves without any sugar at all at the end of the month."

**Madison**—Mail order houses have been requested to send into other states only such amounts of sugar as residents in those states are permitted by their local food administrators. Home canners in Wisconsin can no longer get more than the ten pounds given them upon application to the county food administrators for only two certificates, and may have for household consumption, ordering 2 pounds at a time if they live in a city and five pounds if they live in the country.

**Green Bay**—The world's record of ten seconds for laying a ship's keel was broken twice in the shipyards of the Northwest Engineering works simultaneously with the launching of the tug "Toller," a new keel was laid in a berth vacated by the tug, and another keel in a berth close by. The time of laying the keel was four and one-half seconds and five seconds respectively. Facts on the record-breaking performance were wired to the United States shipping board.

**Madison**—Three years in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth was the punishment meted out in federal court here to John M. Becker, county judge of Green county, who was convicted recently at Eau Claire of violation of the espionage act. L. B. Nagler, Madison, former assistant secretary of a similar of Wisconsin, convicted of the same offense, was sentenced to Fort Leavenworth for thirty months.

**Madison**—Camp Randall, one of the Wisconsin mobilization points in civil war days, and later the scene of a hard fought football and baseball battle, is to be the temporary home of thousands of soldiers soon to take their places in the trenches of the world conflict. The university has signed a contract with the war department for the erection of barracks to house 1,000 men. Work will be started at once.

**Madison**—The industrial commission, realizing that on an account of the war more juveniles are leaving school to earn a living has arranged to improve the juvenile department of the commission in Milwaukee under Miss Tracy Copp, who, with three assistants, will look after the placement of children in industries and see that they secure the proper vocational guidance.

**Neenah**—Although he pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing \$125 from the store of Otto Boelter, Ernest Enright was given another chance to go straight when he appeared before a local justice of the peace. The government employment agency assisted in finding him a job, and he is now on probation.

**Madison**—Milwaukee's fifteen draft boards will register 65,768 boys between the ages of 18 and 21, and between 31 and 45 on Sept. 5, according to estimates of Provost Marshall General Administrator and received by State Draft Administrator E. A. Fitzpatrick.

**Green Bay**—Stanley Brewzinski of Shawano was killed by a bullet wound in the head, inflicted by Deputy Sheriff Charles Heckle near Pulaski. Brewzinski, who was out of the reformatory on parole, was trying to escape from the officer when he was shot.

**Madison**—The 2,000 Wisconsin soldiers at cantonments in the United States will have an opportunity to vote by mail in the September primaries. Secretary of State Hull has mailed a circular to all cantonments where Wisconsin men are located advising them how they may vote.

**La Crosse**—The war is believed to be the cause of a decrease in the number of dogs in the city. There are 133 less than there were last year. The total this year being 1,506 for a town of 35,000. The high cost of feed is said to be responsible for it.

**Appleton**—Albert Kosa, enemy alien, arrested following an assault by a Kimberly man for alleged unpatriotic utterances, is held for the United States marshal.

**Sheboygan**—The American Society of Equity, Plymouth, adopted resolutions protesting against reduction of the army service age from 21 to 18.

**Ripon**—Ripon is the first city in the nation to order daily prayer for the boys "over there." All citizens at 5 p. m. daily, are to speak this prayer: "Give victory, O Lord, to our country and her allies. Bless our fighting men. At all times keep them from evil and bring them back to their homes in peace, for Christ's sake. Amen."

## School Children Claim Attention



It is the children of school age, and the young folks going away to school that claim attention in August. Early in September they begin another year's work and must be outfitted with the clothes for the first quarter of the school year, at least, and often for half of it.

The early display of clothing is a great help to those mothers who undertake to have their children's clothes made at home. It is probably quite as economical to buy little cotton dresses ready-made as to make them at home; but in home-made garments individual taste can be brought into play and more handwork and "stitchery" used than can be had in moderately priced frocks bought ready made.

Besides, remodeling is an item in wartime economy that every mother should consider. All woolen frocks that are either raveled for the children or handed on to some one who can wear them save the consumption of energy, and this is a patriotic service that is worth while.

Blue serge—the never failing—is featured in the new displays. Sometimes it is combined with heavy linen

as in a model showing a platted, long-sleeved blouse of an amethyst-colored linen to which a platted blue serge skirt is buttoned. A broad belt of patent leather slips through crocheted loops of amethyst silk floss that hang from the blouse. They are fastened to it with a few fancy stitches, an inch or so above the buttons so that the belt covers the joining of skirt and blouse.

Heavy linen in natural colors makes collars and cuffs and sometimes vests economical to buy little cotton dresses ready-made as to make them at home; but in home-made garments individual taste can be brought into play and more handwork and "stitchery" used than can be had in moderately priced frocks bought ready made.

Collars and cuffs or vests in heavy natural linen are beautiful in combination with blue, brown or green woolens. They are made so that they can be taken out and washed; hence two sets are necessary to each dress.



To shade the eyes or not to shade the eyes, that is the question to be decided when the quest is for auto bonnets for fall motoring. There are several requisites that the successful bonnet or hat or cap must fill. First of all it must stay on; no matter what winds may blow or how much the driver manages to exceed the speed limit. To wobble about or come off is the unforgivable sin in a piece of motor headwear. Besides this indispensable feature—and equally important—the bonnet must measure up to its wearer's ideas of becomingness.

Comfort in all our apparel is an attribute that (if almost goes without saying) is required of it today. Nearly all the hats and bonnets for motoring and this model will surely conform to the front for shading the eyes, but there are some turbans and caps that are brimless. They are in the minority; so it is evident that if the question of shading the eyes or not were put to the popular vote—the eyes would have it. Nevertheless, the "Blue Devil" tam is so dear to the heart of young Americans that it enters the ranks of fall hats for motoring. It sticks to the head as securely as a French soldier to a Sammy, and withstands shocks of wind and weather without betraying their punishment.

**Organdie for Bridesmaids.**  
Never were bridesmaids more charmingly frocked than in the exquisite organdie dresses introduced this season.

Not Very Complimentary.  
Milton Moter was asking each member of the family which view of the sailor boy they preferred her to keep for them. One said she would like a side view, another a front view, and, when Milton's turn came, he, thinking he ought to say something different earnestly requested a back view.

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

He who sedulously attends, pointedly answers and ceases when he has no more to say, is in possession of some of the best requisites of man.—Lavater.

### SUGARLESS SWEETS.

It is our patriotic duty to save sugar. In many of the dishes needing sweetening some other sweet may just as well be used. Those who have never taken the trouble to care for a hive of bees are finding that one hive, if well cared for, will produce 60 or more pounds of honey, with plenty left for the bees to winter on.

Honey takes the place of sugar fairly well, yet the liquid in the dish will need to be reduced one-quarter. Maple syrup is sweeter than sugar, so less is needed, while corn syrup is not as sweet and a larger amount will be necessary to properly sweeten.

**Why Honey.**—Boil together one cupful of white and one-third of a cupful of honey until of the consistency of strained honey. This syrup will keep indefinitely and is fine for waffles or griddle cakes. Use a little thinner for puddings, sauces.

**Why Lemonade.**—To a quart of honey add six tablespoonsful of honey, the juice of two lemons and the grated rind or a sliced lemon added for extra flavor. Mix, chill and serve as a beverage. If wanted for punch add any reasonable fruit with fruit juices. Double the amount of honey and fruit. Juice is about the right proportion for punch.

**Bar le Duc Currants.**—Remove the seeds from the large cherry currants, using a darling needle. Take equal weights of currants and honey. Bring the honey to the boiling point, then add the currants and cook until the skins are tender, being careful not to destroy the shape by rapid boiling. If the fruit is so juicy that the syrup is thinned remove the currants and reduce the syrup by boiling until of the right consistency. Put into glasses and seal with paraffin.

**Honey Charlotte and Stic.**—Chill one cupful of honey and stir it carefully into a quart of whipped cream. Line a dish with lady fingers and fill with the honey and cream. Set away to chill. Serve very cold.

**Honey or maple syrup may be used in place of sugar for boiled frosting.** Pour the boiling syrup over the beaten white of the egg and proceed as usual.

Fasten your soul so high, that constantly the smile of your heroic cheer may float above the floods of earthly agonies. —Mrs. Browning.

### HIGHLY SEASONED DISHES.

Foods highly seasoned with condiments are called deviled food. Such dishes are popular for an appetizer, for late supper, picnics and luncheons.

**Deviled Chicken Legs.**—Take the second joints and the legs of a broasting or a spring chicken, reserving the breast for salad. Divide the parts. Remove the bones and tendons and flatten the pieces by striking them with a cleaver. Make incisions lengthwise in the pieces, and fill these with deviled paste, brush with melted fat and broil or fry in fat until cooked. Prepare the paste as follows: Put into a soup plate two tablespoonsful of salad dressing, half a teaspoonful of mustard, a scant half teaspoonful of curry powder and a half teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce. Mix and use as above. Steaks, chops or slices of cold roasts may be treated with this paste equally as well.

**Deviled Bones.**—Rub the deviled paste into the meat left on the ribs of beef, brook with butter and broil. Serve not too well done.

**Deviled Ham.**—Cut a moderately thick slice of cold boiled ham, make incisions on both sides of it, rub these with the deviled paste, then with butter, and broil long enough to heat through thoroughly. Serve on a hot platter with a teaspoonful of the paste spread over the ham just as it goes to the table.

**Deviled Tripe.**—Take well-cooked tripe that is cold, rub into it a liberal quantity of the deviled paste, brush with sweet fat and broil to a delicate brown. When done serve with a little parsley on each piece of tripe white hot.

**Deviled Veal Chops.**—Take thick chops and into the several gashes made with a sharp knife pass as much of the paste as is needed to season each chop. Dredge with crumbs and broil as usual or fry in a little hot fat.

Deviled crabs, oysters or various fresh fish may be seasoned with the paste and cooked in hot fat, making most tasty dishes.

*Nellie Maxwell*

Not Very Complimentary.  
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## For Fall Motoring



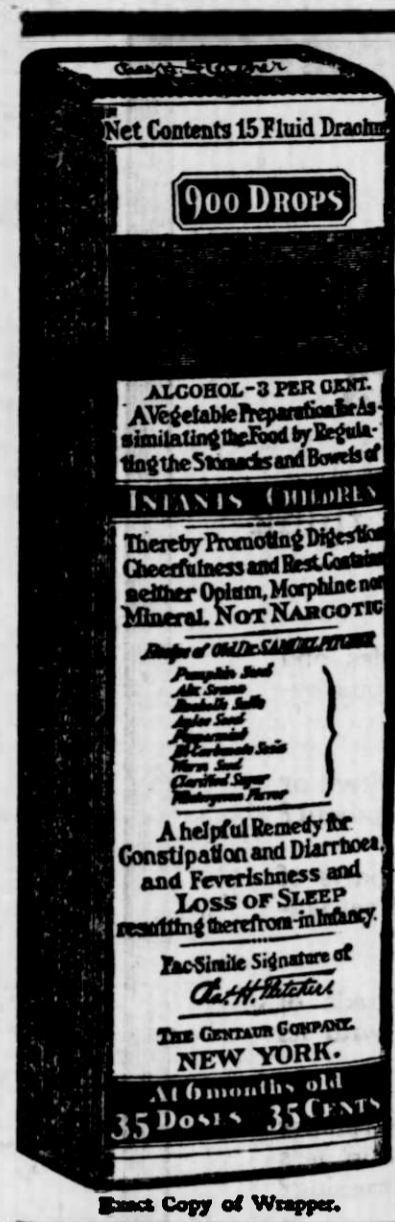
It is for youthful wearers and shading the eyes is not a matter of concern with it. There are veils and goggles for that—if shading is needed. This tam, made of silk, appears at the left of the two pictures.

At the right there is a corduroy bonnet—clearly of Dutch bonnet inspiration. It has a becoming drooping brim all about the face, but a brief brimless space across the back. Here is a bit of strategy which is successful in keeping the bonnet on the head. A short, strong elastic band is set into the base of the crown at this point and its tension makes the bonnet hug the head. The crown is flexible and the bonnet has a soft lining of silk. Everyone knows the enduring quality of corduroy and this model will surely conform to the front for shading the eyes, but there are some turbans and caps that are brimless. They are in the minority; so it is evident that if the question of shading the eyes or not were put to the popular vote—the eyes would have it. Nevertheless, the "Blue Devil" tam is so dear to the heart of young Americans that it enters the ranks of fall hats for motoring. It sticks to the head as securely as a French soldier to a Sammy, and withstands shocks of wind and weather without betraying their punishment.

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*Julie Bottomley*  
Organdie for Bridesmaids.  
Never were bridesmaids more charmingly frocked than in the exquisite organdie dresses introduced this season.





# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

*Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

A regular girl never thinks her photograph looks like her unless it doesn't look like her.

Gold brick purchasers are born too often to keep the manufacturers from going out of business.

## GOOD-BYE BACKACHE, KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES

For centuries all over the world GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has afforded relief in thousands upon thousands of cases of lame back, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatism, galled backs, and all other affections of the kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder and allied organs. It acts quickly. It does the work. It cleanses your kidneys and purifies the blood. It makes a new man, a new woman, of you. It frequently wards off attacks of the dread and fatal diseases of the kidneys. It often completely cures the distressing diseases of the organs of the body allied with the bladder and kidneys. Bloody or cloudy urine, sediment, or "brickdust" indicate an unhealthy condition.

box of imported GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They are pleasant and easy to take. Each capsule contains about one dose of five drops. Take them just like you would any pill. Take a small swallow of water if you want to. They dissolve in the stomach, and the kidneys soak up the oil like a sponge does water. They thoroughly cleanse and wash out the bladder and kidneys and throw off the inflammation which is the cause of the trouble. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that backache, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, galled backs, gravel, "brickdust," etc. They are an effective remedy for all diseases of the bladder, kidney, liver, stomach and allied organs. Your druggist will cheerfully refund your money if you are not satisfied after a few days' use. Accept only the pure, original GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. None other genuine.—Adv.

Do not delay a minute if your back aches or you are sore across the loins or have difficulty when urinating. Go to your druggist at once and get a

## Help Save the Harvest

When Our Own Harvest Requirements Are Completed United States Help Badly Needed Harvest Hands Wanted Military demands from a limited population have made such a scarcity of farm help in Canada that the appeal of the Canadian Government to the United States Government for Help to Harvest the Canadian Grain Crop of 1918 Meets with a request for all available assistance to GO FORWARD AS SOON AS OUR OWN CROP IS SECURED The Allied Armies must be fed and therefore it is necessary to save every bit of the crop of the Continent—American and Canadian. Those who respond to this appeal will get a Warm Welcome, Good Wages, Good Board and Find Comfortable Homes A card entitling the holder to a rate of one cent per mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return will be given to all harvest applicants. Every facility will be afforded for admission into Canada and return to the United States. Information as to wages, railway rates and routes may be had from the UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE MILWAUKEE, GREEN BAY, LA CROSSE, MADISON, OSHKOSH, RACINE, SUPERIOR



## Tender—Delicate Sliced Beef

THE tender delicacy of Libby's Sliced Dried Beef will surprise you. The care with which choice meat is selected, the skill with which it is prepared, give it the exceptionally fine flavor. Its uniform slices will please you, too. Order Libby's Sliced Dried Beef today.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

## AMERICAN PEOPLE GREAT SPENDERS

Millions of Dollars Thrown Away for Trifles That Ought to Set Nation Thinking.

### SOME WAYS MONEY GOES

Postcard and Cheap Souvenir Take Big Sum Every Year—Billions Spent for Needless Telephone Calls and Telegrams.

By EDWARD MOTT WOOLLEY.

It seems incongruous that in this rich and wonderful land of ours it should be necessary to conduct mighty selling and advertising campaigns in order to raise money to crush our enemies—crusades and dangerous enemies who are bent on throttling the very liberty on which our country has been built. If we really felt the impulse, we could raise six or eight billion dollars spontaneously and without the blare of salesmanship and publicity; and we would do it so easily that Germany and her allies would stand aghast at our overwhelming resources and purpose.

The trouble is that even yet we do not realize the tragedy that is over us. The war has not sunk into the American consciousness. With a million or more of our boys in France, and the casualty lists coming home every day, we still lack the pulsating fervor of intrepid courage—the courage that wells within one and stirs the soul.

The one unquestionable evidence of courage is the willingness to sacrifice. A man who sees his child in deadly peril is instantly ready to sacrifice everything, even his life. It takes no argument to "sell" to him the need of courage. He gets it from within. The fighting impulse dominates his every instinct. What we most need in America today is fighting impulse. Once we get it the doom of Germany, as a menace to ourselves and to the world, will be sealed. If we had this valorous, undaunted determination we could raise, this coming year, not merely six or eight billion, but as many billion as our country might need. Let us search our hearts, therefore, and discover why it is that brass-band methods are needed to sell us Liberty bonds. It seems all the more incredible that such should be the case when the money we are asked to contribute is merely money saved for ourselves.

Indeed, we could put through this fourth Liberty loan without even feeling it directly. I am not talking here about great sacrifices. With merely trivial and passing inhibition we can make this fourth loan a glorious manifestation of Americanism. Never was there such a nation of spenders—we literally throw money to the winds. Cash runs out of our pockets into a hundred channels of extravagance. Tempted at every turn by something that appeals to our pleasure-saturated instincts, we hand out the dimes, quarters and dollars. We work hard, most of us, and we play hard. Many of us play with an amazing abandon that scarcely reckons the cost. And we gratify ourselves not only at play, but we satisfy our luxury-loving tendencies and our vanity in many of the things that enter into our daily lives.

Let us consider here merely the millions that go for trivial things that do not count as permanent investments either for utility or luxury.

Millions Spent for Cards. For instance, take our post card mania. This habit, which perhaps we would not criticize in times of peace, is almost universal. A dealer estimates that 50,000,000 people spend an average of a dollar a year on the cheaper kinds of cards, and an additional sum of a hundred million dollars on postage. But on the fancy cards and more expensive sets, sold largely to tourists, the estimate is \$200,000,000. In addition to the postage, including the cards that are kept by the purchasers, it is probable that the total is half a billion dollars. Many men have made fortunes in this business. I know of one former valetine manufacturer who retired with a lot of money.

It is certainly inconsistent that this great sum should go for such a trivial purpose when the nation is involved in this mighty war that calls for cash everlastingly. Here is one expenditure that could be eliminated almost wholly until the war is over. Besides this amount put into Liberty bonds might mean something worth while to the people themselves.

Then there is another class of souvenirs that masquerade as merchandise and absorb an astonishing amount of money. Travelers and tourists especially waste their cash upon these things, and immense quantities are sold to the people everywhere. The bulk of this stuff is useless junk—at least in war time, when conservation is the high need. Why spend our money these days for fancy baskets, card trays, wooden clasp articles, knickknacks, trinkets, popguns, stuff and when whams? The souvenir stores in Atlantic City, Asbury Park, Coney Island, Revere Beach near Boston, Venice near Los Angeles, and similar establishments take more than a hundred million dollars out of our pockets every summer. One small town concern in Atlantic City sells a hundred thousand dollars worth, on which the net profit is over fifty thousand. There are factories that turn out this sort of product in vast quantities, and much

of it is fraud stuff. Wooden articles are reputed to be made from trees that grow on historic spots, but are really bogus. Strings of beads are manufactured by the mile and sold to the public as the work of Indiana. The same is true of moccasins, toy canoes and the like.

At best the bulk of these goods is rubbish, and our outgo for this purpose might well be cut off entirely during the war. To do this requires absolutely no sacrifice. The people engaged in this business will simply have to do what so many of us have already done, adjust themselves to war.

Aside from souvenirs, we are wanton spenders for actual merchandise that is inferior or worthless. There is a great class of people to whom cheapness or flashiness appeals, rather than utility and economy. A dealer in cheap goods told me that he netted \$25,000 a year from merchandise that was practically worthless. He found it easy to appeal to the spending instincts of his customers.

Unnecessary Phone Calls. Not many of us ever stop to think of the immense amount of money that is spent for unnecessary telephone calls. Wherever you go the telephone booths are occupied, and when you catch fragments of the conversations you usually find them unimportant. Reginald calls up his best girl to tell her he still loves her, Maude calls Algernon to thank him for the chocolates. No matter how trivial the occasion, our first impulse is to step into a telephone booth.

If five million people would save one five-cent call a day it would mean a total of over ninety million dollars a year. Doubtless several times this sum could be saved very easily by the general public on local and long-distance calls. We are lavishly extravagant in the use of the telephone. I know of business houses that talk several times a day between New York and Chicago, incurring tolls on each occasion that run from five to forty dollars or more. If there is one thing that the Americans haven't learned it is economy of talk—which in these days of war need might well mean millions of dollars in Liberty Bonds. The telephone wires are heavily overtaxed, anyhow.

Then there is the telegraph. We have this habit, too. With a little planning we could commonly use a three-cent stamp instead of a ten-word message. One large wholesale house requires all its traveling men to report daily by telegraph, an expenditure that might be eliminated. The telegraph tolls of some of the large industrial and commercial establishments are so big that they seem incredible.

The night letter is, in a measure, a luxury, at least we could do away with the social phase of it and much of the domestic. I happen to know one business man, who on his frequent and long absences from home, gets a night letter from his wife every morning and sends one each night. Nor are these messages confined to fifty words, but often run several times that length. Baby had the colic; Freddy fell downstairs and skinned his knee; Jeannette had her hair washed.

I happen to be acquainted also with a young man who revels in night letters to his fiancée. They are real letters, too, beginning like this: "Darling Sue—I love you more than ever. I couldn't sleep last night thinking of you. Do you love me still? . . ."

A certain business man, the head of a large concern, goes away at intervals to rest for a week or two, but insists on having a night letter every morning, narrating the substance of the previous day's business. These messages run into hundreds of words every day.

I would not belittle the night letter; but in the present stress we need to curtail whatever part of this expense may be unnecessary, and loan the money to the government.

### The Taxicab Mania.

We Americans also have the taxicab mania. There is a very large class of men and women who ride in cabs habitually, and let go immense sums in the aggregate. They take taxicabs to go a few blocks. In a group of twenty leading cities there are about four hundred thousand of these vehicles, and if each of them absorbed ten dollars every day in unnecessary fares the aggregate would be over fourteen million dollars a year. What would be the total for the whole United States? It is a luxury to jump into a cab whenever one wants to move about, but these are stern times and we need to be more iron-minded. The boys in France do not ride in cabs, and the money we waste on this form of luxury might better go into gas masks for them.

We American men saturate ourselves with many kinds of soft indulgences—in the barber shops. These places in the high class hotels, as well as the better shops outside, take from us immense sums—for what? Here is a typical list: Shave, 25c; haircut, 50c; shampoo, 35c; bay rum, 15c; face massage, 35c; manicle, 50c; shine, 10c; tips, 20c; total \$2.40. It is not uncommon for men to go through the whole list, and to pay additional money for hair tonics and other fancy frills.

When we analyze this list we find that the only item really necessary is the haircut—and perhaps the shine. Men can shave themselves at a cost of two or three cents, and save perhaps half an hour in time. Our soldier boys cannot indulge in these effeminacies. Many of them, in those good old days of peace, were in the class that patronized these shops, but today they are made of more Draconian stuff. Why should we ourselves indulge in these costly habits when the nation calls for cannon to back our troops abroad? If a million men spend an average of

50 cents a day unnecessarily in barber shops we have a total of \$182,500,000, under the actual figures, taking into consideration all classes of people. In the less exclusive barber shops one finds a continual stream of men, of the moderate salary class, who indulge in the items I have enumerated. We might guess the total ought to be at least half a billion dollars.

To have our shoes shined we spend at least \$100,000,000 a year and a million more than the market price for shoe laces because we wish to avoid the trouble of putting them in ourselves. Some of this expense undoubtedly is necessary, but while the war lasts we need not be ashamed of any form of Spartan economy. We can be big handed and rigorous with our nickels and dimes without being open to the charge of stinginess—provided we use the money for government needs. We can shine our own shoes for a tenth of this hundred million dollars. There are in New York a number of men who have grown very wealthy from the shoe-shining business. Among them are some large tenement owners.

One reputed to be worth millions. There are more than fifty thousand bootblack places in the United States, some of them employing a dozen or more men. The majority of these bootblacks are within the fighting age, at least they ought to be doing some sort of war service. Instead of shining shoes—while American blood runs so freely on the other side.

### Women Big Wasters.

But when it comes to this kind of self-pampering women spend far more money than men. Figures secured from one large department store give some interesting sidelights on possible economies. Its sales of toilet goods last year ran about 1.3 per cent of its total sales. Thus for every million dollars in sales its customers buy \$13,000 worth of toilet articles. Apply this rate to all the stores in the United States and you have a total of unnumbered millions. The term toilet goods is very elastic, including both necessary and unnecessary articles, but the necessities war will save no doubt would class one-third of these items as partly dispensable, such as perfumery, certain soaps, powders, rouge, toilet waters, so-called beauty compounds, and the like.

America's women are highly accustomed. We live in an atmosphere redolent with ambrosia. From almost every woman one passes on the "parade" streets of the cities there comes an aura of roses, or perhaps violets. Our girls demand scents, in infinite variety, not only in perfumery itself, but in hundreds of products. Merely to gratify our sense of olfactory luxury we spend tens of millions of dollars annually. Yet in France the husbands, brothers and sweethearts of our women and girls are sweating and fighting in noisome places amid the stench of disease and death. The odors they get are of gunpowder and blood. Surely we can spare some of our perfumery money in the cause for which we sent them abroad.

If it were possible to estimate the money spent by women in New York alone for hairdressing and beauty culture it would undoubtedly run into the tens of millions. One hairdresser in the metropolitan district states that within eighteen months, or since America entered the war, he has built up a business that nets him seven hundred dollars a month.

A woman proprietor of a so-called beauty establishment says that fifty customers bring her a revenue of \$30,000 a year, that she realized a clear profit of \$20,000 on powders, creams and perfumes, that she sold sets of cosmetics at seven hundred dollars each. Thousands of women pay fancy fees for hair waving, tinting and bleaching. One concern announces twelve colors, ranging from black to golden blonde. Much money also goes for removal of freckles, wrinkles treatment, face bleaching and so on. The manure bill in New York is enormous, and the chiropody outgo large. These places are furnished in the utmost luxury. If only we could impress on women of this class the dreadful hardships our American youths are undergoing in the great cause!

The lesson ought to sink home to all women in America, who in greater or lesser degree, let their good money go for such futile vanities.

It is estimated that a million men and women throughout the country are giving to the Turkish baths an average of a dollar a day. Thus we have a total of \$365,000,000 a year. To this we can add perhaps half as much for massage, attendant fees, special treatment and incidentals.

Nothing is commended, but most of us, at least those who have the Turkish bath habit, can take our ablutions at home. The soldiers in Europe don't have Turkish baths. We imagine we need them here. We eat big dinners and fill ourselves with rheumatic deposits, poison ourselves by gormandizing. We contract colds because our systems are too badly clogged to throw off the germs. It is when we are stuffed with rich viands and all sorts of luxuries that we turn to the Turkish bath for relief. Why not discipline ourselves during the war and transfer all these millions of dollars into the fund that is going to beat autocracy and the German peril?

I have touched on merely a few of the items of unnecessary outgo. The list might be extended indefinitely. But there ought to be enough here to set us thinking, and we can make the extensions ourselves. There is no use denying the fact that the people have not yet put themselves on a war basis financially. We are still wasting millions on trifles. The war would be over now if we had taken ourselves in hand at the beginning.



## Help That Weak Back!

IN THESE trying times the utmost effort of every man and every woman is necessary. But the man or woman who is handicapped with weak kidneys finds a good day's work impossible, and any work a burden. Lame, aching back; daily headaches, dizzy spells, urinary irregularities and that "all-worn-out" feeling are constant sources of distress and should have prompt attention.

Don't delay! Neglected kidney weakness too often leads to gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have brought thousands of kidney sufferers back to health. They should help you.

### Personal Reports of Real Cases

**A MICHIGAN CASE.** Mrs. John McDonald, 1119 Fourth St., Escanaba, Mich., says: "About sixteen years ago kidney trouble made my life miserable and I shall never forget the agony I endured. My back was so sore that I couldn't straighten up to save my life and my whole body was a mass of pain. My kidneys were weak and irregular in action and caused annoyance. My hands and feet were swollen and if I pressed my finger into the flesh, a dent remained for quite some time. Six boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills soon cured the annoyance."

**A WISCONSIN CASE.** Emory Newkirk, retired farmer, State St., Mauston, Wis., says: "I know Doan's Kidney Pills are good. My kidneys were weak and I had bad pains through my joints. The kidney secretions were filled with brick-dust-like sediment. I have been better in every way since I got Doan's Kidney Pills and used them. The sharp pains across my loins have left me and my kidneys are perfectly normal." (Statement given August 1, 1917.)

On November 10, 1917, Mr. Newkirk said: "I am only too glad to say Doan's Kidney Pills gave me a complete and lasting cure. I am pleased to confirm the other statements I gave recommending them."

## DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box at All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Mfg. Chem.

### THEN "WILLIE" LEFT HASTILY

Remembered an Engagement After Learning Just Who the "Fresh Old Guy" Was.

It was at a dance at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, when some candles dripped and made quite a puddle of grease on the floor. A gentleman standing at the door immediately took out his knife and his handkerchief and began scraping up the congealed grease, when a very fresh young gentleman in our "set" tapped the gentleman on the shoulder and said: "Say, old gentleman, you're interfering with our Paul Jones. Suppose you cut that out."

"I was afraid some of the young ladies might slip," courteously answered the "old gentleman."

"Well, they won't," answered "Freshie." "Besides, you're not running the hotel." The "old gentleman" had gathered up all the grease by this time and, giving no answer to the last remark, left the room.

"Fresh old guy," continued "Willie" after the dance—"that old man."

"Not exactly fresh, but careful of his guests; that's all," answered a friend. "His guests?" repeated Willie.

"Yes," answered the man; "that happened to be Mr. Boldt, the owner of the hotel."

And then didn't "Willie" fade away!—Young Ladies' Journal.

**Why Bald So Young?** Dandruff and dry scalp usually the cause and Cuticura remedy. Rub the Ointment into scalp. Follow with hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. For free sample address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

**More Ferocious.** "By gnd!" proudly ejaculated a prominent resident of the Rumpus Ridge region of Arkansas. "The way them American soldiers fight the Germans is a sight on earth! They are regular ring-tailed catamounts in battle, and then some!"

"Uh-huh!" returned Gap Johnson. "But you ought to see my fourteen children drub amongst themselves over a sack of mixed candy when I bring it home from town for 'em!"—Kansas City Star.

**One for Each.** Mrs. Houllhan—Wan divorce would be no good; O! want two av them.

Lawyer—What do you mean?

Mrs. Houllhan—Moike do be livin' a double loffe.—Boston Evening Transcript.

**The Reason.** "I wonder why they've fired Empey." "I guess it is because he is such a big gun."

**Your Eyes** A Wholesome, Cleansing, Retreshing and Healing Lotion—Murrine for Redness, Soreness, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids; "2 Drops" After the Movie, Morning or Golf will win your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Murrine when your Eyes Need Care. It is 15c a bottle. Murrine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

**ASTHMADOR**  
AVERTS-RELIEVES  
**HAY FEVER**  
**ASTHMA**  
Begin Treatment NOW  
All Druggists Guarantee

Every Woman Wants  
**Pastine**  
ANTISEPTIC POWDER  
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE  
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sold by The Pastine Talc Company, Boston, Mass.

**JUDGE DECIDES**  
**STOMACH REMEDY**  
**A GREAT SUCCESS**  
Commissioner of Mediation and Conciliation Board Tries EATONIC, the Wonderful Stomach Remedy, and Endorses It.

Judge William L. Chamberlain, who uses EATONIC as a remedy for loss of appetite and indigestion, is a Commissioner of the U. S. Board of Mediation and Conciliation. It is natural for him to express himself in guarded language, yet there is no hesitation in his pronouncement regarding the value of EATONIC. Writing from Washington, D. C., to the EATONIC Remedy Co., he says:

"EATONIC promotes appetite and aids digestion. I have used it with beneficial results."

Office workers and others who sit much at desks are liable to indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, poor appetite, bloating, and impairment of general health. Are you, yourself, a sufferer? EATONIC will relieve you just as surely as it has benefited Judge Chamberlain and thousands of others.

Here's the secret. EATONIC drives the acid out of the body—and the Bloat Goes With It! It is guaranteed to bring relief or you get your money back! Costs only a cent or two a day to use it. Get a box today from your druggist.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
A toilet preparation of merit! Helps to restore color and beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. Sold at 15c a bottle.

SUCCESS comes to those who are intelligent, enthusiastic and have foresight to select a college where they can specialize and become leaders in their community. A great chance is offered you in getting an education, at a small cost in a short time by attending the WINONA BUSINESS COLLEGE, WINONA, MINN. Write for information, W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, No. 34-1918.



When a man gets to wanting real tobacco comfort and lasting quality he can go straight to Real Gravely Chewing Plug every time.



**Peyton Brand**  
**Real Gravely**  
**Chewing Plug**  
10c a pouch—and worth it

Gravely lasts so much longer it costs no more to chew than ordinary plug

P. B. Gravely Tobacco Company  
Danville, Virginia



### CAMPBELLSPORT

F. Schmidt transacted business at Dotyville las Saturday.  
Miss R. Fellenz visited with friends at Kewaskum Thursday.  
Carlton Lay was the guest of the F. Schmidt family last week.  
Mrs. A. Jewsen was the guest of friends at Kewaskum Tuesday.  
B. C. Hicken and son of Beechwood called on friends here Sunday.  
Mrs. J. Burns visited with relatives and friends at Oshkosh Monday.  
Miss Alice Burchardt visited with friends at West Bend Thursday.  
Mrs. M. Yankow attended the funeral of a relative at Antigo Thursday.  
W. Madden went to Chicago Monday for an extended visit with relatives.  
Mrs. J. Odekirk attended the funeral of a relative at Antigo last Thursday.  
Sheldon Tuttle and Sherman Tuttle were business callers at Antigo Thursday.  
George Roberts went to Milwaukee one day last week, where he transacted business.  
Miss Frieda Kloke visited with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Schmidt and family at Kewaskum last Saturday.  
Miss Rose Mace left Monday for an extended visit with relatives and friends at Devil's Lake, N. D.  
Mrs. K. Beisbier spent last week Friday at Camp Grant, where she spent the day with her husband.  
Miss Clara Foler, left Saturday for her home in Chicago, after spending last week with the F. Schmidt family.  
Mrs. J. H. Paas and daughters, Miss Frieda Kloke, Mrs. M. Flanagan, Miss Alzada Brown, Mrs. M. Haessly, Mrs. Lloyd Brown, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bohlman, Mrs. John Kohler, F. McCullough were among those who spent this week at the County Seat, where they transacted business, and also visited with relatives and friends while there.  
Memorial services will be held for Private Albert Leibel in St. Matthews Catholic church today, August 24th. A requiem mass will be said by Rev. B. July, at 8 o'clock. The Catholic Knights of New Cassel Branch No. 57, of which he was a member, will attend the services in a body. Private Leibel is the first young man to give up his life out of the thirty-five who have gone from this congregation.  
At the Home Guard meeting on last Friday evening, descriptive cards were filled out. The contract for the uniforms was awarded to Frier Bros. of Fond du Lac over competing concerns from Chicago and elsewhere. The boys were measured up for uniforms Saturday by Mr. Frier. Muster in was Friday evening, which was in charge of Capt. S. H. Longdin of Fond du Lac. The guards will hold a benefit dance at the New Opera House Hall on September 4, the proceeds going to equip the new company.  
Miss Charlotte Hafner, aged 34, died at 12:30 Saturday afternoon at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Hafner. Besides her parents she leaves one brother Wallace, who is at home. The funeral was held at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon at the Baptist church, Rev. J. W. Taylor, officiating. Burial was in the Union cemetery. Miss Hafner had spent practically all her life in this village, and has many friends who will grieve over her death. The Royal Neighbors of America of whom the deceased was a member attended the funeral in a body.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Adams of Campbellsport returned home Thursday noon from Wolleston, O., to which place they were called early in the week because of the trouble which came to their daughter, Mrs. Claude Herring, who shot and killed a man. They found that the young woman had been in ill health for some time prior to the tragedy. She became suddenly deranged and picking up a revolver started out for the mine in which her husband was working. On her way she saw a man by the name of Marek, who was at work in a mining cave. She drew the revolver and shot him dead. The woman was not arrested, but was placed in a hospital and is being kept under surveillance. She is believed to have been mentally irresponsible. Mr. and Mrs. Adams brought home with them the little child of the couple who is about a year old.  
Lieut. Walter C. Knickel, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Knickel of this village, who has been spending a short leave in this vicinity, has received orders to report for immediate service at Telford, Texas, at once. Lieutenant Knickel enlisted shortly after the outbreak of the war and spent three months at Fort Sheridan at which time he was recommended for aviation service. Upon receiving his call he was sent to Austin, Texas, where he took a ground school course. When the latter place he was transferred to Lonoke, Ark. At the latter place he was awarded his commission in the air service. Following the receipt of his lieutenantcy he was again sent to Austin and later to Langley Field, Hampton, Va. He was located

at the latter place until the present time. The young officer is a graduate of the local high school and would have completed his course in electrical engineering at the state university in the near future. This is his first leave home since his entry to the air service.

### ELMORE

Mrs. Peter Boegel was a Fond du Lac caller Saturday.  
Miss Lauretta Schrauth of Chicago is a guest of her parents here.  
Mrs. Goldbach of Marathon is visiting here with Mr. and Mrs. Nick. Bach and family.  
Julius Kloke and family spent Sunday with Andrew Diels and family at Lonira.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Vohn spent Sunday with the Carl Raether family near Kewaskum.  
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boegel spent Sunday with Wm. Boegel and family at St. Kilian.  
Wm. Geidel and family visited with Charles Geidel and family at Kewaskum Sunday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brand t of Wayne were guests of Albert Struebing and family Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. M. Drill and family of Granville spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bach.  
Miss Marcella Klotz of Milwaukee spent a week here with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Haessly and family.  
Dr. David Knickel and family of Campbellsport were the guests of John Damm and family Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rauch of South Elmore spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Struebing.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleinhaus and son Norman and Miss Anita Struebing spent Saturday evening with the Mike Kohn family at New Prospect.  
Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kleinhaus, Mr. and Mrs. Tom. Fox and children of Friendship spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleinhaus.  
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel and family autoed to Grafton Sunday with Ed. Kibbel were they spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Emil Schlegel and family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bartelt and family, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wilke and family of Beechwood, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Narges, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Horn burg of Waucousta, Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spradlow and family.

### ASHFORD

John Krueger commenced threshing this week.  
Miss Mary Zweek returned from a visit at Granville.  
Mr. and Mrs. Parrot spent Sunday at Campbellsport.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sturm spent Sunday at Rubicon.  
Wm. Hiltzer and John Fox spent Sunday at Fond du Lac.  
Math. Schill and daughter spent Saturday at Fond du Lac.  
Quite a few from here spent Sunday at Holy Hill and Waupun.  
Mr. and Mrs. Mike Serwe and family spent Thursday at St. Cloud.  
L. Raffenstein was a business caller at West Bend one day this week.  
Miss Belle Thelen, Louis Fox and Master Michael Thelen spent Sunday at Holy Hill.  
Miss Flora Rodden and sister Agnes spent a few days with relatives at Fond du Lac.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wenzel Janous and son John spent Sunday at Milwaukee with relatives.  
Miss H. Thelen returned from St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac, greatly improved in health.  
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hefing and children of Wauwatosa spent Sunday with the A. Driekosen family.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fell and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Fell and son John spent Sunday at Beaver Dam.  
Miss Mary Roberts and Ben Altenheimer of Chicago, Miss Margaret Roberts and Master Wm. Wolfe of Wauwatosa and Mrs. Geo. Daradane and daughter Ruth of Milwaukee are visiting the A. Krudwig family.

### MIDDLETOWN

Louis Buslaff was a caller here Sunday evening.  
Willie Rahn was a Campbellsport caller Friday evening.  
Willie Wetz of Campbellsport called on Clarence Jacobitz Sunday.  
Mrs. Christ. Rohr of Hustisford is visiting relatives here this week.  
H. Bartelt and daughter, Viola, were Campbellsport callers Wednesday.  
Elsie Bartelt spent Wednesday evening with her sister at South Eden.  
Evelyn Schultz, Rosa Marquardt and I. Loomis spent Sunday with Elsie Bartelt.  
Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartelt called on Mr. and Mrs. F. Rahn at Round Lake Thursday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Carl Rahn of Campbellsport spent Friday and Saturday with their son here.  
H. F. Bartelt and wife spent Tuesday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Baumhardt at Fond du Lac.  
Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bartelt and daughter Leverage visited Friday evening with the former's sister at Sand Lake.

### CEDAR LAWN

Francis Devine of North Ashford called here Sunday.  
Lewis Schultz transacted business at Milwaukee Tuesday.  
John Wunder of Lake Fifteen was here on business Tuesday.  
Clarence Kuehl of Campbellsport was here on business on Tuesday.  
Albert Tripp of North Osceola called on the Hughes family on Sunday.  
The farmers joined the A. S. of F. in shipping stock to Chicago Wednesday.  
Mrs. Otto Luetke and family of Byron Sundayed at the Lewis Schultz home.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Guill and Hazel Gudex of North Osceola called here Sunday.  
John Krueger and Ralph Zittleman Sundayed at Fond du Lac with their parents.  
George Hibbard, John Schleyer and Ernest Krueger left for Fond du Lac Sunday.  
F. J. Mac Namara and Francis Devine made a business trip to Osceola Tuesday.  
The Gessner family of Beechwood visited with the William Backhaus family Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Terlinden of Auburn visited with the E. Steinaecker family Sunday.  
Harley Loomis and Mr. and Mrs. August Hoerth autoed to Calumet on business Tuesday.  
Mrs. Henry Marguardt and son of Kewaskum spent last Sunday at the Lewis Schultz home.  
Anna Will, who spent the past week with the George Gudex family, left for Fond du Lac Sunday.  
Mrs. Minnie Ruiz and family of New Prospect were entertained at the Lewis Schultz home on Sunday.  
Margaret and George Will, who spent several weeks here returned to their home at St. Cloud Monday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bauman and family of New Prospect visited at the Lewis Schultz home last Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Opperman and Mr. and Mrs. John Firks of New Fane visited with the Lewis Schultz family Tuesday.  
H. S. Opperman of New Fane, who represents the German town fire insurance company, transacted business at the Lewis Schultz home last Saturday.

### LAKE FIFTEEN

Chas. Tuttle spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koch.  
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bleck visited Sunday evening at Kewaskum.  
Mrs. Rosie Hinns is spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Butzke and family.  
Miss Louisa Giese of Kewaskum spent from Saturday until Sunday with Easter Bleck.  
Mr. and Mrs. William Krawald and son Walter visited with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Krawald on Monday evening.  
Otto Lavrenz of Milwaukee and W. Wunder were callers at Mr. and Mrs. Gust. Harter's near Campbellsport last Sunday.  
Otto Lavrenz, Jr., returned to Milwaukee Sunday evening, after spending a three days' vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Willie Wunder and friends.  
Those who spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Willie Wunder were: Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fiek and family, Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Lavrenz and family, Henry Lavrenz, Joe, and John Wunder and Walter White. Those from afar were: Otto Lavrenz and son Otto, Miss Clara Schroeder, Miss Anna Lavrenz, and Miss Erna Prien of Milwaukee.

### DUNDEE

John Schenk of Mayville spent several days with his father here.  
A number from here attended the picnic held at Armstrong Sunday.  
The picnic and dance held at Long Lake Thursday was well attended.  
George Kileoyne of Mayville visited friends and relatives here Thursday.  
Edyth Browne was the guest of Loretta Timblin for the past week at Eden.  
W. L. Calvey and son Donald attended the ball game at Sheboygan Sunday.  
Dr. E. Bowen and friend of Watertown were the guests of relatives here Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Newton and children of Mayville spent Thursday with relatives here.  
Dr. and Mrs. H. P. Bowen of Johnson Creek visited at the home of the former's parents here Thursday.  
Miss Maude Skelton and friend of Gladstone, Michigan, are spending a few days at the D. Calvey home here.  
Miss Bertha Urba of Chicago returned to her home Sunday, having spent the past month with friends and relatives here.  
—The Campbellsport Home Guards were measured for suits last week Saturday. They will be mustered in on Friday by Capt. S. H. Longdin.  
—Subscribe for the Statesman now.

## Packers' Costs and Profits

How much do you think it costs—

1. To dress beef, cure hides, and prepare all the numerous by-products?
2. To cool the meat for two or three days before shipment?
3. To freight it to all parts of the country in special refrigerator cars, iced daily?
4. To carry it in hundreds of branch houses, each with its refrigerating plant?
5. And to deliver it to the retailer—sweet and fresh—in less than two weeks after dressing?

Swift & Company did all this for you in 1917 at an expense of less than 2½ cents per pound of beef sold, including an average profit of ¼ of a cent a pound.

Figure for yourself how little effect this cost and profit had on prices you paid for beefsteak.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

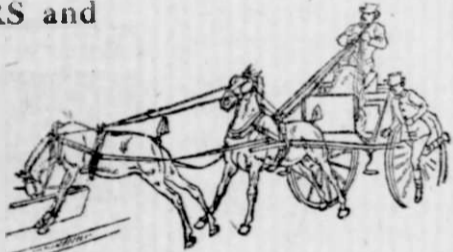


### FLY NETS AND COVERS WHILE THEY LAST

Fly Covers, per pair ..... 50c to \$3.00  
Buggy Nets, each ..... \$1.00 to \$3.75  
Team Nets, per pair ..... \$4.00 to \$7.00  
The best Fly Chaser on the market, per gallon ..... \$1.00

### HARNESS, COLLARS and WHIPS

at Prices Consistant with the market



at VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis.

## Choice Groceries

**JOHN MARX**  
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

## Flour and Feed

Ask Anyone Who Has Used It.

There are families who always aim to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house for use in case it is needed, and find that it is not only a good investment but saves them no end of suffering. As to its reliability, ask anyone who has used it.

—Nine ears of black bass were planted in Moose Lake and Mud Lake near Hartford last week.

Chronic Constipation.

It is by no means an easy matter to cure this disease, but it can be done in most instances by taking Chamberlain's Tablets and complying with the plain printed directions that accompany each package.

Are you lacking in strength and vigor—chronic tired—feel mean, cross complaining? You need Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea—a thorough cleansing laxative remedy.—Edw. C. Miller.

## Special Registration Day, August 24, 1918

### WHO WILL REGISTER

Men who have attained the age of 21 years between June 5, 1918, and August 24, 1918.

### PLACE OF REGISTRATION

The office of your Local Board. In this county it will be at the Court House, West Bend.

### DATE OF REGISTRATION

Saturday, August 24, 1918, after 7 A. M. until evening.

**CAUTION:**—Note carefully that this is NOT the general registration of men up to 45 years of age. This is the special registration of the men who have attained 21 years of age since June 5, 1918.

### THE DRAFT ADMINISTRATION

### REGISTER EARLY IN THE DAY!

Endeavor to register early, as the registrants will be given their physical examination to eliminate the expense of another trip.

### \$100 REWARD, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Grace: You can't cover blackheads, pimples, red spots on the face with powder, they're bound to be seen. Why worry and spoil your temper? Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea—it will banish them thru the blood—the only sure way. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.



The realities of war have never been portrayed so graphically and vividly as in the gripping narrative,

**Gunner Depew**

READ IT!