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Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1918

NUMBER 33

MARKING OF COUNTY HIGHWAYS

Another feature of the operations of the State Trunk Highway Act which the public will quickly notice and appreciate is the system of road marking. It is the opinion of good judges that when Wisconsin's system is road marked after the plans made, we will have the best co-ordinated road marking system in any state in the country.

Under the plan adopted, each of the state trunk highways will be given numbers by the state highway department. Road markers will be placed on each mile of the trunk highways, and these markers will have the number of the road thereon. The official map to be issued by the state will be numbered accordingly.

If one wishes to go between any two points, he may look at his road map and find, say, that the road between these two points is number 10. All that will be necessary for him to do is to follow the road signs on each mile with the number 10 thereon. In addition, to having the number of the road, each road sign will give the number of the mile. These road signs will be four feet above the ground. They will be painted white. On the top will be a triangle in which will be the inscription "State Trunk Highways", with the number beneath, and underneath the triangle, the number of the mile.

In addition to these mile posts, other signs as follows will be placed on the entire system:

At every danger point, such as a dangerous crossing or sharp curve or steep hill there will be a danger sign with a red background with the word "danger" printed on in white. Approaching a school or church there will be a red caution sign with the word "slow". At every county line there will be a red sign, one-half standing in one county and the other half in the other county. Each side of the sign will have inscribed thereon the name of the county and the County Highway Commissioner. Each patrol section will be similarly marked, a sign standing thereon indicating the patrol section; for instance, Dane County Patrol Section 9, John Smith Patrolman; Dane County, patrol 10, Wm. Jones, Patrolman. Finally, at the junction of the main highways, signs will be erected giving the names of the principal cities and villages on the intersecting roads.

As has been stated, this will give us a thoroughly road marked system. The marking will not only be an excellent guide for tourists, but will enable the state to accurately check the maintenance work, each patrolman having certain fixed patrols between mile posts. The placing of the names of the patrolmen on each patrol and of the county highway commissioners on the county line is going to act as a stimulus in arousing a friendly rivalry between them.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

TAKES AGENCY FOR EDMUND GRAM PIANO

Peter J. Haug, who for the past several years has had the sole agency for the Edmund Gram piano, in this vicinity, and who on account of being in the next draft of April 26, has returned over the agency to Wm. I. Schultz, owner and manager of the Republican House in this village.

The Edmund Gram piano being one of high grade and quality, has enabled Mr. Haug to sell and place many of them into the homes in this community. Mr. Schultz, who now has the agency, and who is well and favorably known, will no doubt be fully as successful in the sale of these pianos as Mr. Haug has been. He asks all those who are interested in the purchasing of a piano, to give him a chance to demonstrate same before buying elsewhere.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

LAND FOR NEW ROAD TOO HIGH

Since some of the farmers residing on the proposed new highway between Kewaskum and St. Michaels are holding their land at a price considered exorbitant, Highway Commissioner Johnson will proceed according to law to compel them to sell at a reasonable figure. The parties have been asked to appear at the court house in this city next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock for a hearing in the matter. Unless an agreement can be reached commissioners will be appointed to appraise the land to be used for the new road, whereupon the land must be conveyed at the figure agreed upon by the commissioners.—West Bend Pilot.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

CARD PARTY GRAND SUCCESS

The card party given by the Royal Neighbors at the M. W. A. hall Thursday evening, was attended by a very large crowd, and a neat sum was realized, which the members of the association have turned over to the Red Cross Society.

The prizes won at cards were as follows: Five-hundred—1st, Mrs. Al. Schaefer, 2nd, Mrs. Wm. Schultz, 3rd, Mrs. Geo. H. Schmidt, 4th, Alvin Gotsleben; Cincch-Lady—1st, Mrs. Aug. Schraun, 2nd, Miss Ella Haberger, 3rd, Mrs. Herman Belger; 2nd, Fred Schlef. Rummie, 1st, Corina Schaefer, 2nd, Manilla Groeschel.

A GLIMPSE OF THE VILLAGE THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF AN OLD PAPER

In the columns of the "West Bend Post" of February 18, 1865, appeared an article in which the editor, C. D. Waldo, describes a visit to the village of Kewaskum. Fifty years have intervened since those lines were written, which give some idea of conditions and life in those distant days, in that community. They will especially appeal to those minds who like to preserve local history as a clue to a complete understanding of a past that should be of immediate concern to their townsmen, and a means of looking into the future by looking back. The interesting items of the article follow:

"We made a flying visit one day last week to our enterprising sister village Kewaskum. We found our friend J. H. Meyers, Esq., doing a thriving business in his flour mill, and busily engaged in getting out staves for a mammoth saw-mill, his old one not being sufficient to meet the demands of his numerous customers. He has also in contemplation a mammoth grain elevator and numerous storerooms which will be speedily constructed as soon as our Air Line railroad is completed, the prospects of which our good neighbors fill with high gloe.

"Our friends Altenhofen and Backhaus are both building themselves up in the mercantile business, and would they only let the public know through the press the inducements they offer in their line of business, they would certainly thrive in tenfold measure.

"Mr. Cook, the good natured, who is so well known to our friends, is doing a thriving business, and well he deserves it, for he does the agreeable to his patrons equal to any landlord we ever knew. May his shadow never grow less.

"On Friday evening, whilst we were there, the good villagers and citizens from all parts of the county gave their pastor, the Rev. Mr. Wilson, a surprise. It was one of the largest and gayest assemblages of the kind we ever witnessed, and the worthy gentleman may well be proud of his flock.

"On Saturday evening we attended Prof. Simpson's singing school, and were well pleased with our evening's entertainment. The only drawback to Kewaskum now appears to be the scarcity of young men who are all off in the army, fighting for the dear old flag and the honor of their loved ones at home."

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

VALLEY VIEW

G. H. Johnson transacted business at Fond du Lac Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ketter motored to Fond du Lac last Saturday. Miss Bernice Johnson called on friends at Hillside Sunday evening. Mrs. John Mullen and Miss Mary Chesley were Monday visitors at Fond du Lac.

Norton and Harold Johnson called on North Ashford friends Friday evening. Miss Bernice Johnson spent Saturday evening as a guest of Campbellsport friends. Walter Hibert was a pleasant call at the Chas. Pagel home in South Eden Sunday evening. Miss Ethel Norton returned home Monday evening after a few days stay at Campbellsport. Mr. and Mrs. Ike Prindle were guests of the Henry Welsh family in North Ashford Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson spent Sunday evening at the John Mullen home in North Ashford. Misses Mildred and Octavia Brietzke spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Ione Strupp in South Eden. Mrs. Martin Kniekel returned home Friday evening after a week's visit with relatives at Elmore. John Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Tuttle and Mrs. Irving Norton motored to Fond du Lac Monday. Mr. and Mrs. John Bierns and family of Woodside called on the Frank Murray family here Sunday. Mrs. Kathryn Schommers is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Francis Devine in North Ashford this week. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Seefeld and son John of South Eden were Sunday callers at the G. H. Johnson home. Sheldon Tuttle and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Norton were callers at the home of Leonard Kniekel Monday. Hugo Brietzke and William Brietzke delivered stock to the Farmer's Equity at Campbellsport Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Adam Jaeger and son Herman of Ashford spent Monday evening at the home of George Johnson.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

MRS. MATHIEU DIES FROM WOUNDS AS USUAL GOES OVER THE TOP

Mrs. Christina Mathieu, shot and fatally wounded by her husband last Tuesday afternoon at the home of her sister, Mrs. August Grissman, 130 Ross street, Fond du Lac, succumbed to her injuries at 9:15 o'clock Monday morning.

Mrs. Mathieu was conscious up to an hour before she died. Her sister, Mrs. Grissman had left her at 7 o'clock after spending the night at the hospital. When another sister, Miss Clara Schneider, of LaPorte, Ind., reached her bedside she had lapsed into the state of coma. Mrs. Mathieu knew she was going to die from the moment she received the fatal wound, but she was unaware the end would come so soon. Her husband who shot himself after the assault is said to be now repentant. He is said to realize today the seriousness of his crime. He faces the charge of murder. His wounds will no doubt permit him to be arraigned later on this charge. He is steadily improving.

The bullet which caused the life of Mrs. Mathieu struck her in the right breast and penetrated the lung, and followed a downward course penetrating through the liver and lodging in the right kidney. From the start there was but faint hope for recovery.

Mrs. Mathieu was born in Milwaukee. She was keeping house for her father in Campbellsport at the time of her first marriage. After the death of his wife, she and Mathieu were married, and after their marriage came to this village to reside. They were married eighteen years ago last June. There were no children of the second marriage. Mathieu has two sons by his first wife, Arthur who resides at Brandon and Walter, who is with Company E in France. Mrs. Mathieu leaves three sisters, Mrs. Kate Schneider, of Chicago, Mrs. August Grissman, of Fond du Lac, and Miss Clara Schneider, of LaPorte, Ind., also seven brothers, Michael and Martin of Milwaukee; Adam and Joseph of Aberdeen, Wash.; Louis of Klondyke; Edward, of the state of Washington; and Casper of Chicago.

The tragedy in which Mrs. Mathieu received her wound occurred Tuesday afternoon. Mathieu arrived in Fond du Lac from this village where the couple had made their home on the 1 o'clock train. He proceeded to the Grissman residence and after some words, shot his wife as she was sitting in a chair. He then shot himself. The couple parted at Kewaskum a few weeks previous.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

DEATH OF WILLIAM HALL SR.

William Hall Sr., one of the pioneer residents of the town of Ashford, died last Wednesday at the home of his son, Leonard, following a four months' illness, from dropsy. Mr. Hall was born in Germany April 27, 1839. He came to Ashford when nine years old and has lived there ever since.

He is survived by two sons, Wm. LeRoy and Leonard of Ashford, and seven daughters, Sister Magdalen of St. Joseph's hospital, Milwaukee; Sister Veneranda of Waterloo, Iowa; Mrs. Henry Maul of Fond du Lac, Mrs. J. C. Loersch of Cudahy, Mrs. J. W. Schaefer of Campbellsport and Mrs. Henry Pierret of Ashford. He also leaves twenty-seven grandchildren.

The funeral was held Saturday morning from St. Martin's church with interment in the adjoining cemetery. Rev. T. Toeller officiated. The pall bearers were: Mich. Hall Jr., William Hilbert, William Mavel, Anton Dreikosen, William Dreikosen and Frank Soeller Jr.—Lomira Review.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

KEWASKUM AS USUAL GOES OVER THE TOP

Germany wants to know what the United States is fighting for. She thinks the sinking of neutral ships without warning isn't enough to bring us in. Let's let her. We're going to fight for outraged women! We're going to fight for crucified nuns! We're going to fight for little children with hands and arms missing! We're going to fight for namelessly mutilated soldiers! We're going to fight for innocent thousands strewn upon the bottom of the sea! We're going to fight for Belgium—outraged and desecrated as no nation in the previous history of the world has ever been!

We're going to fight for France—the magnificent nation of heroes—bled since demanding civilization against the Power of the Beast! We're going to fight for Italy— which took up the cause of Right against the Power of Wrong—terrible though she knew the cost must be life! We're going to fight in defense of these principles of human liberty which were laid down nineteen centuries ago by that first great teacher and preacher of human rights—the man of Galilee!

That we tell the Kaiser what we are fighting for. Our men are leaving their homes to join these in the training camps. Those in the camps are daily moving in tens towards the various seaports, there to embark and journey on to join the boys of their own country, who are fighting side by side with their allies for the one great cause. But we at home are doing our part in this great fight.

At least the greater majority of the people of the United States are extending a helping hand to our boys as was shown by the third liberty loan. Our little city with the thousands of other loyal cities and villages, has over subscribed their allotments by a large percentage. Kewaskum's allotment for the third liberty loan was \$18,000, but has gone over and above this sum by over 50 per cent, and subscriptions are still pouring in. This is the greatest assistance that we can give the boys at the front and those who are training at the cantonments. For without the financial backing their efforts in this struggle will avail them and us no benefit.

And yet, there are some who could well afford to buy a bond but they do "hang back". Why? Not one of them can give a reason. If you are one of the "hang-backers", then let us call to you to speed up and fall in line with the great majority of the loyal Americans, buy your Liberty bond, and when you see the boys leaving for the camps, deep down in your heart a little voice will say: "Thank God! I also have done my duty towards my country."

Great enthusiasm was shown here Thursday evening, when a large crowd gathered at the Kewaskum Open House to hear Thomas O'Meara and Chas. Leiner, West Bend, and Mr. Bendering, Milwaukee, who spoke on the present situation of the United States. Following the addresses by the speakers, applications amounting to \$6,600 were received within a few minutes time.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

DEATH OF MRS. KOHL

Mrs. John G. Kohl, a former resident of this community, and one of Marshfield's prominent and best known women, passed away at St. Joseph's hospital in that city, shortly after 7 o'clock Wednesday morning. Her last illness dates back to the early part of December. On the 19th day of that month she was compelled to give up her daily occupation. Her decline continued and on January 17 she was taken to the hospital, where, even though the power of medical science was done to restore her health, but all was in vain. Her death, though not entirely unexpected, came like a shock and caused profound regret and widespread sorrow, for she had hosts of friends and was loved and esteemed by all.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIER BOYS

Carl Schaefer, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Schaefer writes to his parents from some where in France. The letter is as follows: March 17, 1918 Dear Mother and Father:— Haven't written for more than a week on account of entertaining a nice case of mumps in a base hospital. Although I never was sick I have in bed since I arrived here, which is six days ago. In all probability I will be kept in bed for another week. All my clothes have been taken away so there is nothing else to do but stay in bed. Every patient is provided with pajamas and bath robe.

There are sixteen of us in our ward and all with the mumps but there are many other wards besides this one. This is the best bed I've had since I left home. Its a single iron bed with clean sheets and plenty of blankets. One fellow called the ward master is in charge of a ward and is with us all the time. A Red Cross nurse comes to see us two or three times every day and also the commanding officer makes an inspection every morning. It makes it hard for a fellow to stay in bed so long when you have never been laid up before. Its rather a little tedious here when everybody is in a perfect stranger although a fellow in my place will get accustomed to it and wonder war, as civil life. Its the inactivity that sort of gets on a fellows nerves. We are expecting a visit from General Pershing and Secretary of War Baker sometime tomorrow, we had to polish up our beds and general cleaning everywhere. I haven't heard from anyone with the exception of one letter from Corina and a few others. Have been moved around so much that its quite impossible for the mail to reach us so soon. Some fellows in this ward just received some Xmas packages.

How are the girls getting along. I suppose everybody is O. K. The weather is getting real nice and warm. I imagine you have lots of snow. Love to all from Carl. Co. C. 1st Field Signal Bn. In care of 6th U. S. Marines.

The following letter was received from George Brandtetter, who enlisted in the United States Navy several weeks ago: Dear Sir:— Arrived here O. K. It sure is a great life if one don't weaken. I had my first night's sleep in a hammock last night and slept fine. You asked me to send you my address after I got stationed so here it is. Private George Brandtetter, Camp Farrago, Great Lakes, Ill., 9th, Reg. Co., 71, Barrack 948E. Hoping this finds all the folks well, I am Respectfully Geo. Brandtetter.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

ST. MICHAELS

Measles are raging in this vicinity. Rev. J. F. Beyer is on the sick list. Joseph Roden and Art. Rose are busy dynamiting. Adolph Habeck had a barn raising here last Saturday.

Miss Clara Claffey spent Sunday with Miss Martha Fleming. The A. S. of E. met at the Herman Habeck home Tuesday evening. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Thull a little daughter. Congratulations. Mr. and Mrs. Al. Butzjak spent Sunday with relatives near Kewaskum. Bollen and Koenig, the silo men are putting up a concrete silo for Frank Hilmes. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kierst of Elkhardt Lake spent Sunday with relatives here. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Habeck and Agnes Schultz spent Wednesday at West Bend. A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Marx. Congratulations. The Misses Mae and Eleanor Stelplug are recovering from severe cases of measles. Roden Bros., furnished the music at a wedding anniversary at Beechwood Sunday evening. Mrs. Frank Thull and the Misses Barbara Schneider and Esther Hoerger are sick with the measles. John Fellenz and children, Mrs. M. Fellenz and Mrs. Daul, all of Kewaskum spent Sunday evening with the A. Roden family. Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roden, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Roden and Mrs. John Jung spent Sunday with the A. Uelmen family at New Fane.

If we can't help the boys get the Kaiser over there, let's help them here, buy a Liberty Bond. Martin Bremser helped furnish music at a Red Cross benefit dance at Barton, Thursday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Math. Herriges were called to West Bend on account of the sudden death of the latter's father, John Wilger, on Wednesday.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

BATAVIA

Miss Amanda Klein entertained the sewing club at her home Tuesday evening. Rev. Heschke attended a conference held at Manitowoc several days this week. Erving Krautkramer of Beechwood has employment at Frank Heid's for the summer months. Mrs. John Emly entertained the Ladies Aid of the M. E. Church at her home Thursday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Strack are the proud parents of a baby girl which arrived at their home Friday. The Red Cross will meet every Wednesday afternoon and Thursday evenings until further notice. G. A. Leifer and son set up a Maslar pipeless furnace for Chas. Beckhaus at New Fane last week. Several from here attended the program given at Adell Friday evening for the benefit of the Red Cross. G. A. Leifer, H. W. Leifer, Helwig Briske, Mrs. Mary Heronimus and H. F. Hols were business callers at Shelbygan last Tuesday. The boosters for the third Liberty Loan campaign of Shelbygan were in our village Monday afternoon. Mr. Henry Delling gave a speech on the purchasing of liberty bonds. Sunday evening the electric light plant owned and managed by Wm. Moss exploded and did considerable damage. Batavia will now be minus electric lights for some time to come. Sweeney, the infant son of Oscar Schneider had the misfortune to fall and hit off the tip of his tongue last Thursday. It took several stitches to sew it on again, he is under the care of Dr. Bemis. Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Wangerin had their infant daughter christened last Sunday afternoon by Rev. Heschke. The name Iona was given the little one. Mrs. Fred Mellin, Eleanor Miller and Ed. Kohl acted as sponsors. Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ledwig entertained the following in honor of Mr. Ludwig's birthday anniversary: Mr. and Mrs. Martin Heise, Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Heise of Beechwood, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kohl, Mrs. Alex Luban and daughter, Arline, Mrs. Emma Schweitzer and Miss Adeline Schultz. The following letter was received by our Hon. J. W. Liebenstein from Richard Leifer, who is stationed at Fort Stevens, Oregon: Fort Stevens, Oregon, April 8, 1918 Hon. J. W. Liebenstein. Dear Sir:— As I promised you I would write and tell you where and what I am doing, will do so in this letter. We left Lancaster, Grant County at 8:30 Wednesday morning for Fort Stevens, Oregon, there were 44 of us we arrived here at 11:30 P. M. Saturday had good accommodations all the way. The boys all seemed to enjoy themselves, we were all hoarse from hollering today that the most of us can hardly talk I was assigned to the cooking department right away this morning, we worked all day there are 132 men in our company, we are right on the mouth of the Columbia river and the Pacific ocean, out here it is all nice and green, the grass is six inches long, the flowers and the apple, orange and the peach trees are in bloom it sure is a wonderful country, it seems the people here in the western states are more liberal than out home, there were very few houses that did not have a Red Cross flag in the window, they all cheered at us at the places where we stopped. Well I don't know of much more to write. I am yours truly, Richard Leifer, 14th Co., CAC., Fort Stevens, Oregon.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

WAYNE

Sam Moses of Kewaskum was here on business Saturday. The Liberty Loan rally last Saturday evening was largely attended. Miss Laura Petri spent Tuesday evening with relatives at West Bend. Chas. Struebing and family of Elmore spent Sunday with the Henry Brandt family. Jos. Suckewaty and John Brandt were business callers at Kewaskum Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Ralph Petri of Kewaskum visited with relatives here the latter part of last week. Ernst Ferrer of Indianapolis, Ind., is spending a few weeks with friends and relatives here. Frank Wietor lost his fine driving horse last Monday. The horse fell and broke its leg and had to be shot. George Kippenhan and wife of Kewaskum visited with the former's brother, Wm. and family one day last week. Jacob Kippenhan returned to his home here one day last week, after visiting some time with his daughters at Schleichingerville. A representative of the West Bend Brewing Co., and Walter Endlich and Herman Marohl of Kohlsville were village callers Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schultz and family, Mrs. Bertha Reinhardt, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Becker and family, Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Flasch and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel and family were at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Breseman Sunday.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

AMUSEMENT

Over 200,000 applications for insurance by officers and enlisted men of the naval service had been filed by March 31. The average amount of insurance on each policy was about \$7,300, making a total of more than \$1,500,000,000. Payments on war-risk allotments are now about \$1,000,000 a month. Sunday, April 28—Grand dance at the Kewaskum Opera House. Music by Gibson's Harp orchestra. Sunday, May 19—Grand Opening dance at the North Side Park hall. Sunday, May 26—Opening dance at the South Side Park hall.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

HIGH SCHOOL SERVICE FLAG

Monday morning, April fifteenth, the High School Service Flag was seen waving from the south wall of the Public School Building. With an appropriate talk by Principal A. L. Simon setting forth the true meaning and significance of this banner, and patriotic songs by the High School, the service flag was dedicated. The service flag was given to the school by the members of the Junior class, who in doing this, show their patriotism and loyalty to those who have once attended our High School and have now given their lives and services to their country. The flag is six feet long and four feet wide containing one gold star and twelve blue stars. The stars upon the flag represent the number of people who attended the Kewaskum High School, and are now training at the front. The names of the soldiers are listed by the blue stars are: Ross Ognor, Adolph and Maurice Rosenblum, Ralph Petri, Carl and Walter Schneider, Theodore Schmidt, Peter Miller, Edwin Backus, Joseph Westermann, Al Fred Schaefer and Frank Beck. The gold star in the center of the flag represents Pearson L. Brown of Campbellsport, who graduated from our High School and enlisted in the army last spring to fight for his country, and is going to gain his life. The faculty and members of the Kewaskum High School paid their last tribute to Pearson L. Brown, "Our Hero," by giving a floral offering and attending the memorial services given in honor of their schoolmate and friend, who has now left our midst.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

COUNTY TEACHERS' MEETING

To Be Held at the Hartford High School Building on Saturday, April 20, 1918. 9:00—Music. 9:15—War History and Civics by Prof. W. Cheever. 10:15—Rationale of Promotion by Prof. Chas. H. Karch. 10:20—Class Instructions in Penmanship by Cora M. Nicolls. 1:15—Patriotic Talk by Atty. J. J. Foote. 1:30—General suggestions and announcements by Supt. Alva Groth. 2:05—War Hygiene, Child Welfare work, etc by Prof. Cheever. 2:50—Deficiencies in Teaching of Arithmetic as revealed by h. Woody Tests by Miss Margaret Feltenz. 3:10—Penmanship by Miss Cora Nicolls. 4:00—Dismissal. Mr. Cheever of the Milwaukee Normal school is known to most teachers in the county and needs no introduction. The work he has to offer is interesting as well as instructive and right in line with things we wish to emphasize. Miss Nicolls who is being sent by the Palmer Method Company, is an expert in her line and will offer very practical work in penmanship. Mr. Karch, principal of the Hartford High School, is new in this county. He is interested in promotion if ideals of education in general and what he has to offer will be well worth while.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

LIBRARY NOTES

"Whose Who Among the Wild Flowers of America" by W. I. Beecroft, will give you a detailed description of the wild flowers of America. Are you familiar with the birds in your vicinity? Why not come to the library and study them? "Metalles" Birds of the United States will tell you all about them. Red Cross Notes Have you done any sewing or knitting for the Red Cross? Have you given any time towards the making of surgical dressings for the wounded soldiers? If not, the Red Cross needs you. This urgent call for sewers and knitters includes the farming community as well as the village people.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

NENNO

Mrs. Math. Bath is visiting at Fond du Lac since last Tuesday. Miss Marie Bath of Hartford arrived here Saturday to spend a few days with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Heffer were the guests of the Adolph Lehman family at Knowles Sunday. Misses Mary Garvey, Monia and Heron Bath took a pleasure trip to Hartford Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Zehren and daughter of Knowles spent Sunday with Mrs. K. Heffer and family. Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bath and children of Mayville and Heron Bath of here took an auto trip to Milwaukee Sunday. —Buy Liberty Bonds— April showers wash and clean old Mother Earth of winter's grime and impurities. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does the same thing for your stomach, bowels, blood—purifies, cleans you thru and thru, a thoro Spring remedy, 35c. Tea or Tablets. —Edw. C. Miller.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

GERMAN PRISON CRIMES RECITED

Former Royal Dublin Fusilier Tells of Tortures Undergone by Captives.

NURSE SPITS IN COFFEE

Torments Wounded Officer Begging for Drink—Travel Five Days Without Food or Drink—Fiendish Forms of Cruelty.

Chicago.—A tall, blue-eyed, fair-haired Irish boy recently arrived here after spending two years in German prison camps and suffering from horrors such as few men survive. M. J. Prendergast is late of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers. He was with the Fourth division of the "contemptible little army" that fought at Mons. He took part in rear-guard actions after the retreat began, battling with what seemed to be innumerable hosts of the enemy until on August 27, 1914, he fell wounded in the head, somewhere near Etretux.

He was picked up by the enemy and piled into a cattle car along with scores of other wounded prisoners. For five days he traveled north and east on the way to Germany, without food or water, without any attention by doctor or Red Cross nurse.

Nurse Torments Officer. In his car was an officer of the Warwicks, painfully injured. At one of the many stations where the train stopped this man begged for some re-

"It was here they had a peculiar form of torture. Two big poles were erected in the center of the camp. The officers would pick out a couple of men—for no apparent cause beyond the fact that they were hated Britishers—and have them tied tightly to the poles, with ropes around their arms and their feet about an inch from the ground. Then they would set a bowl of shadow soup—our only food—in front of them, and leave them there for 48 hours. Three times I was given this torture. Of course one's head fell forward while in this position, and one was compelled to look at the bowl of soup that could not be reached, while hunger added to the pain of the tight ropes and the terrible weariness of suspension.

"Another favorite entertainment for the officers was to compel us to run for hours with our bare feet in wooden sabots that chafed with every step. We would run until we dropped from sheer exhaustion.

"From Senne Lager I went to Limberg.

"At Limberg we were inoculated with some virus, which we were told was to make us immune from typhus. The strange thing is that soon after 75 per cent of the camp came down with what they called 'bronchitis.' It developed into tuberculosis. It is to this fact I owe my freedom. They thought I was dying from consumption, and they sent me to Switzerland to be exchanged. I guess they would be disappointed if they could see me now."

WHAT WILL YOU CALL THE GARDEN

New Idea for Boys and Girls of the United States School Garden Army.

WHO IS SOLDIER YOU KNOW?

Name the Little Plot for the One You Think of When You Hear Them Singing "The Long, Long Trail."

By WINIFRED BLACK.

(From the Department of the Interior.) There is a new idea in the United States school garden army. It's this: What are you going to name your own little plot of ground, little sister, if you are lucky enough to have one of your own in your back yard?

What are you going to call your potato patch, brother, you with the bright eyes that weren't so bright the day you went down to the station to see big brother off with his regiment? Oh, yes, you fell in behind the soldiers and kept time step to the music of the band and held up your head and felt big enough and strong enough to march a thousand miles and take a million German prisoners—but when he had gone and you went home and mother put her arms around you and laid her head on your shoulder and asked you to help her to be brave—something queer happened to your heart and you have never felt quite the same since, have you?

And now they are beginning to tell you in school about Russia and what a rich country it is and how much it will mean in food if the Germans really get possession of it—and at home sometimes your grown folks look pretty serious and you wonder if it could be possible—no, it isn't, and you are going to help make it impossible. You and those strong little brown hands of yours. You and your brave heart and loyal soul. You and your war garden that you are cultivating for Uncle Sam.

What Will You Name Your Garden? You'll have good luck with your garden or good success with it. There isn't much luck in the garden business. It all just simmers down to hard work and the right kind of care, and it is going to be hard work, too.

There will be hot days when your back aches and you want to go swimming; and cool days when your knees

ache and you want to curl up in the loft of the barn and read, or go out in the hot and play baseball, and you will have to stick to the garden and do your work for Uncle Sam.

What are you going to name that little garden of yours? I will tell you what I am going to name mine—mine is going to be called Sam Brown—because Sam Brown is a boy who never had a chance in life till the war broke out, and then he saw his chance and took it, and he is over there in France today fighting for you and for me and for Uncle Sam, and I am going to name my little garden after him.

What are you going to name your garden? Who is the soldier you know? Who is the one you think of when you hear them singing "Over There" and "The Long, Long Trail"? Let's name the little garden in our own back yard for him.

And You, Little Sister. Come, little sister, you are doing your part, too, and doing it faithfully whether you are tired or not or whether you wish you could go down town and have an ice cream soda and forget that there was such a thing as a rake or hoe in the world. You are the comfort of your lonely father's heart now—today. Where's that picture of the boy in uniform? Your own particular soldier?

You wouldn't take anything in the world for it, would you? How handsome he is, and how brave. It makes your eyes fill with tears of pride even to think of his name—call your little garden after him and write to him over there in the trenches and tell him about it, and just wait till you get back his letter in reply.

"Sam Brown," that is going to be the name of my garden.

What is going to be the name of yours? Dog Traveled to Camp. Sutton, W. Va.—A common yellow cur owned by Hugh McQuinn of Indian Fork, near here, a soldier stationed at Camp Lee, refused to permit distance to bar his presence beside his young master. The dog mysteriously disappeared from home, and three weeks later came a letter from young McQuinn that the dog had turned up at Camp Lee. The distance is nearly 400 miles.

Fifteen women are now included in the membership of the St. Louis police department.

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MEMPHIS BOY GETS MEDAL

Horace M. Emery Decorated by King of Great Britain for Distinguished War Service.

Memphis, Tenn.—Horace M. Emery, a Memphis boy, has been decorated by King George of England for distinguished war service. He was wounded in the battle of the Somme and was sent to a hospital in London, where he has just recovered. When restored to health young Emery was summoned to the king's palace. King George met him and shook hands with him in real American fashion, and said:

"I am glad to meet you as an American citizen who came to my country as a member of our Canadian troops." Then the king pinned the medal on Emery's coat.

SERGEANT NETTIE GETS THEM

British-Canadian Recruiting Mission Has Only Woman Recruiting Officer in United States.

Chicago.—When Sergt. Nettie McPherson sounds the battle cry the men just go wild about her and fall over each other to enlist in the British army at local stations of the British-Canadian recruiting mission. In her trim Gordon Highlanders' kilties and tartan, and with her snappy black eyes and winsome smile, Sergeant Nettie gets 'em. She can also do a Highland fling and play the pipes, and when she does, the fighting blood of the Scot and Briton boils and he can't resist. Sergeant McPherson is said to be the only woman recruiting officer in the United States.

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MARKETS

Milwaukee, April 17, 1918.

Butter—Creamery, tubs, 40¢; prints, 37½¢; brats, 38½¢; seconds, 37½¢; process, 36½¢@37½¢.

Cheese—American, full cream, twins, 21¢; dairies, 21½¢; longhorns, 21¢; brick, fancy, 19¼¢@20¢.

Eggs—Current receipts, fresh as to quality, 32½¢; miscellaneous, cases returned, 31½¢.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fancy springers, 31¢; roasters, 23¢; general run, 29¢.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.45@1.55. Oats—No. 3 white, 90¢@91¢; standard, 89¢@90¢; No. 4 white, 90¢@91¢.

Rye—No. 2, 2.58@2.60; No. 3, 2.50@2.55.

Barley—Choice, Wisconsin and Eastern Iowa, 1.65@1.75; Minnesota, Western Iowa and Dakotas, 1.65@1.72.

Hay—Choice timothy, 23.00@24.00; No. 1 timothy, 21.00@22.00; No. 2 timothy, 18.00@20.00; light clover, mixed, 17.00@19.00; rye, straw, 9.00@9.50.

Potatoes—Minnesota or Wisconsin, red or white stock, sacked, 1.10@1.15; home-grown, out of store, 1.15@1.20.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, 17.50@17.70; fair to prime light, 17.00@17.70; pigs, light, 13.50@14.25.

Cattle—Steers, 9.00@14.50; cows, 6.75@12.00; heifers, 7.25@12.00; calves, 13.25@14.00.

Minneapolis, April 17, 1918. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.50@1.60. Oats—No. 3 white, 87¢@88¢. Rye—2.64@2.66. Flax—4.10@4.12.

Chicago, April 17, 1918. Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Corn—Open High Low Close. May 1.25 1.24 1.23 1.22. Oats—Open High Low Close. May .85 .84 .83 .82.

Flour—The United States administration standards are as follows: Par 100 lb. sack basis, barley flour, \$12.00; corn flour, \$12.25; white rye, \$14.50; dark rye, \$14.25; spring wheat, \$10.00@10.50; special hard, \$10.00; hard winter, \$10.00@10.50; soft winter, \$10.00@10.50.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$7.00@8.00; standard, \$5.00@6.00; No. 2 timothy and clover, \$2.00@3.00; No. 3, \$1.80@2.00; clover, \$3.00@4.00; threshed timothy, \$10.00@12.00; hot and damaged, \$3.00@4.00.

BUTTER—Creamery, extras, 40¢; extra firsts, 38¢@39¢; seconds, 35¢@36¢; centralized, 37¢@38¢; ladies, 34¢@35¢; process, 36¢; packing stock, 30¢@31¢.

EGGS—Fresh farms, 31¢@32¢; ordinary farms, 31¢@32¢; miscellaneous lots, cases included, 31¢@32¢; cases returned, 30¢@31¢; extras, 34¢@35¢; checks, 28¢@29¢; dirties, 26¢@27¢.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, \$16 per lb.; old roasters, 23¢; young roasters, 18¢; ducks, 23¢@24¢; geese, 25¢@26¢.

CHICKENS—Old roasters, 25¢@26¢; ducks, 23¢@24¢; geese, 25¢@26¢.

POTATOES—Wisconsin, white, 90¢@1.15; Minnesota, 85¢@95¢.

CATTLE—Good to choice steers, \$13.25@15.50; yearlings, good to choice, \$11.00@14.00; stockers and feeders, \$5.00@12.25; good to choice cows, \$9.00@12.25; good to choice heifers, \$9.00@12.25; fair to good cows, \$7.75@8.75; fair to good heifers, \$7.75@8.75; canners, \$4.50@7.25; cutters, \$3.00@4.50;ologna, \$4.50@7.25; butcher bulls, \$3.00@11.00; heavy calves, \$5.00@11.00; veal calves, \$13.25@17.00.

HOGS—Prime light butchers, \$15.50@17.50; fair to fancy light, \$17.50@19.00; medium weight butchers, 300@240 lbs., \$17.50@17.75; heavy weight butchers, 240@400 lbs., \$17.15@17.50; choice heavy packing, \$17.00@17.25; rough heavy packing, \$16.00@17.00; pigs, fair to good, \$15.00@17.25; stags, \$17.00@18.25.

SHEEP—Good to choice wethers, \$14.00@17.00; good to choice ewes, \$12.00@16.00; yearlings, \$14.50@18.00; western lambs, good to choice, \$18.00@20.50; Colorado lambs, \$15.00@20.50; native lambs, good to choice, \$15.00@19.50; shorn lambs, \$15.50@19.50; shorn wethers, \$13.00@14.50.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 17, 1918. CATTLE—Receipts, 350; strong. CALVES—Receipts, 1,000; steady, \$7.00@19.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,800; slow; heavy, \$13.50@18.75; mixed, \$13.25@19.00; Yorkers, \$13.50@19.00; few \$19.00; light Yorkers, \$15.00@19.75; pigs, \$18.20@19.50; roughs, \$16.50@16.75; stags, \$13.00@14.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 4,400; eastern; lambs, \$15.00@21.50; others unchanged.

London—Maj.-Gen. Sackville West has been appointed acting British military representative at the supreme war council at Versailles, it was announced in the house of commons by Andrew Bonar Law, the government spokesman in the lower house.

New York—Directors of the Sinclair Oil and Refining company, at their meeting decided to pass the quarterly dividend in order to conserve cash. At the same time they voted to subscribe \$500,000 to the third Liberty Loan.

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DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

KING SNOW'S TREAT.

"Heigh-ho, heigh-ho!" said Peter Gnome.

"What's up?" asked Billie Brownie. "You musn't ask, 'What's up,' old chap."

"Why not?" Billie Brownie asked. "Because you must notice something that is coming down and not always be waiting for something to turn up. Dear me, the numbers and numbers of things grow up people and children have missed because they have always been waiting for something to turn up. There are so many things to be done about us all the time." Peter Gnome was almost out of breath—he had talked so fast.

"I quite agree with you," said Billie Brownie. "Every word you say is true. I was just a little bit impatient, that's all. I see what is coming down! I don't want to wait for something to come up, or turn up, or whatever it was I first suggested."

"Good for you," said Peter Gnome. "Well, how about getting our good friends together? And the goblins would adore this, too. Let's get hold of them."

"All right," said Billie Brownie. And some whispering was heard not far off.

"What do I hear?" asked Peter Gnome. "I thought I heard something too," said Billie Brownie.

"You heard us," came the whispering voices again. "We're the Breeze Brothers, and we were just wondering

if we couldn't take your messages for you to the goblins and the other brownies and gnomes?"

"Oh, thank you, Breeze Brothers," shouted Peter Gnome and Billie Brownie together. "That's ever so kind of you."

"We're glad to be kind sometimes," they said, "for at many times we feel quite naughty. That's when we see papers lying about and longing to be blown by us. That is—they never said they longed to be blown about by us, but somehow we feel sure they do enjoy it. Folks call us naughty then, however."

"We're fond of you," said Billie Brownie, with a broad snile lighting up his face.

"Thank you, thank you many times," said the Breeze Brothers. "Well, we must be off. How delighted old King Snow must be that you're going to have a party!"

The Breeze Brothers blew in this direction and that, whistling and shouting and singing:

"We are blowing, we are blowing 'to let you know it's snowing. And if you'll come out to play, You'll find it—oh, so gay!"

Soon all the little creatures appeared, wearing their winter sporting costumes. They were of woolly red, with big white collars and cuffs. They each wore a stocking cap made of white, with a white tassel at the end.

"How stupid it was of me," said Billie Brownie, "to have wondered what was going to take place when I could see as well as you could what a glorious snowstorm we were about to have. It was all your idea, Peter, to have a party!"

"Oh, no," said Peter Gnome, modestly, "you would have seen in no time that we couldn't miss a night like this."

And it began to snow harder and faster, for Old King Snow was so happy! "I'll give them a good storm," he said to himself.

He did, indeed, give them a good storm. How they laughed and played! They had snowball fights, of which they never grew tired, and they coasted down a nearby hill.

Their sleds were of red, and on each sled was written, "Clear the Track." It meant that the sleds were magic sleds, which went as fast as sleds can possibly go, and that everything would have to get out of the track when these sleds came coasting down the hill.

They had been given to all the little creatures of the woods and of Fairyland and Elfland, as well as to the gnomes and goblins and brownies and all their friends and cousins for New Year presents by the Fairy Queen.

And when the children saw the snow the next morning they were just as grateful to old King Snow as were Peter Gnome and Billie Brownie!

An Exception. "Oh, mamma, it was so lovely in the country. The trees are all red and gold and the birds were singing—"

"Shucks," said Willie. "The birds don't sing in November; they go south until spring."

"But these birds were singing. They were bobwhites, and I guess I heard them singing."

\$100 Reward, \$100

Cataract is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$1000 for any case of Cataract that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Land of Skeletons.

Carl Emil Jauck, the millionaire dye dealer of Chicago, said on his return from a trip through Germany: "The Germans are starving. A fat man is as rare in Germany today as a well, as a side of bacon or real tobacco." "Germany is today a land of living skeletons. In a Hamburg restaurant one afternoon a skeleton opposite me sat eating an egg-substitute omelette about the size of a half-dollar. "I look at the poor fellow with a pitying glance and said: "Can such rations nourish you?" "Well," said he, in a dismal voice, "they keep skin and bone together."

RELIABLE PRESCRIPTION FOR THE KIDNEYS

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmier's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine. It is a physician's prescription. Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do. Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends. Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmier & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

When a man has pluck his friends are apt to drop the "p" and call it luck.

A golden murre makes a homely girl's face a thing of beauty.

WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Peru, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that at times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without success and several doctors told me nothing but an operation would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to a factory and work all day, come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. ANNA METZGER, 36 West 10th St., Peru, Ind.

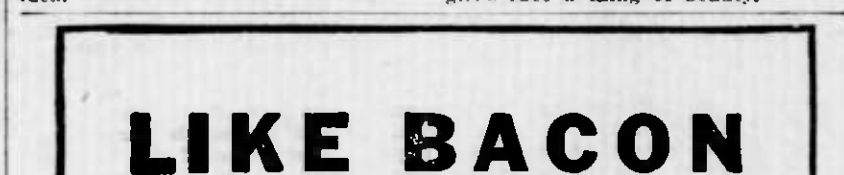
Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Absolutely Nothing Better than Cuticura for Baby's Tender Skin

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

He Was Complimentary. "If I give you one kiss will you be satisfied?" "No, I expect the sample to assay better than that."

A golden murre makes a homely girl's face a thing of beauty.



LIKE BACON

You know how cooking brings out all the rich pungent flavor of bacon—there's nothing that tastes better. But you wouldn't like it raw.

IT'S TOASTED

So we toast the Burley tobacco used in LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes for exactly the same reason—to bring out the rich, solid flavor.



Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

Buy Copper Stocks For Investment

We mean the low priced coppers like Nixon-Nevada

It sold last March at 26c a share, this March at \$1.06 a share, and we expect it will sell at \$10.00 a share. United Verde sold at \$1.00 per share, and as high as \$45 per share. You now have the same chance for profit in Nixon-Nevada. We will be pleased to fill any orders and will carry Nixon-Nevada on margin.

SEND FOR THE CURB BAROMETER Eastman & Company

Mills Building NEW YORK CITY Stock Exchange and Bank References Newport Building BOSTON, MASS.



M. J. Prendergast.

Ref. A Red Cross nurse brought a cup of coffee, held it in front of his eyes, spat in it and threw it in his face.

"It was the usual thing whenever they offered us anything to drink for those German nurses to spit in it first," Prendergast declares.

The prisoners were detained at Senne Lager bei Paderborn, one of the first prison camps opened by the enemy.

"For 17 days," says the Irish boy, "we lay on the bare earth uncared for. There was no shelter above us and not even a pallet of straw beneath us. There were barracks and stables nearby that might have been used, but we were not allowed to enter them. Most of us were too weak from our wounds and virtual starvation to be able to move. At last they put up a marquis, a mere canvas roof, without sides, and we were permitted to lie under it. The first medical attention I got was when some French and Russian doctors—prisoners—arrived at the camp. They dressed my head as best they could, but they had no bandages, except what they could make from my dirty old army shirt."

"I was four months at Senne Lager, and in all that time was not given even the chance to bathe.

THE GOAL

By Katherine Lee Bates of The Vigilantes.

The world has glimpsed a vision It shall not lose. Not hatred nor derision May disabuse.

The nations, wronged and wronging, Misted, misunderstood, Of their deep human longing For brotherhood.

Love is the only healing, Music that blends All discords, light revealing Fogs as friends.

New fires our youth enrapture To a strife that shall not cease Until their glad hearts capture The Prince of Peace.

They shall return with singing, Whether they come In flesh or spirit, bringing Their prisoner home.

Courage and faith have bound him Fast in a shining chain; The blossomed thorn has crowned him Beauty from pain.

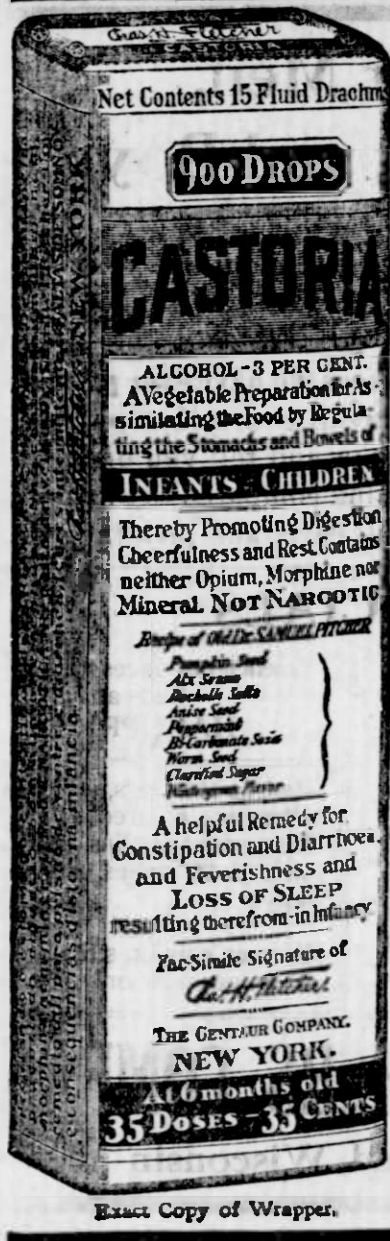
Goal of the tolling ages, No longer far! On through these battle rages Leads the star.

At last for a decision They fight in mortal feud, Brave Force against the Vision Of Brotherhood.

TIMBER SALVED FROM HUN DUGOUTS



Salvage is playing a great part in the present war. This photograph shows timber salvaged from German dugouts that has been cut up in the sawmills of the New Zealand Tunneling company to be used in the construction of dugouts for the troops.



GASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.*
In Use For Over **Thirty Years**
GASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK IN WISCONSIN

Madison—The health department of the woman's committee, Wisconsin State Council of Defense, is organizing a campaign in every county to secure the establishment of permanent agencies for the protection of civilian health. It is recommending that a simple survey be made of the health resources and needs of every community that its later program may be pursued to good effect. It will work for the employment of more county nurses, for the extension of medical inspection to every school, both in the city and in the country and for closer co-operation between the public and local boards of health.

Birchwood—Fred S. Balliett, August 14, near here, has won distinction and honor for his record in selling War Savings stamps in the capacity of rural mail carrier. For disposing of \$1,355.24 worth of War Savings stamps Mr. Balliett's name has been attached to the roll of the official bulletin, and was the only Wisconsin man to achieve this special distinction in the Washington record.

Beaver Dam—Circuit Judge M. L. Lueck upheld the decision of Judge W. H. Woodard in refusing to grant Assemblyman E. J. Labawi of Neosho, a writ of habeas corpus. Labawi will now either have to stand trial for alleged misappropriation of the Red Cross association funds or appeal to the supreme court. He is under \$1,000 bail.

Appleton—Outagamie county is believed to be the first in the United States to make payment of its full Liberty loan quota. Banks on April 13 officially reported to the Chicago Federal Reserve bank payment of \$1,104,000 on a quota of \$1,102,000. Officials here believe the county will go 75 per cent over its allotment.

Sheboygan—The Sheboygan Woman's club has voted to give \$101 to the fund being raised by the National Federation of Woman's clubs to build four houses for soldiers in France. These homes are to be comfort stations for the men after they leave hospitals. A goal of \$25,000,000 has been set for this purpose.

Madison—There will be no special election in the Eleventh congressional district to name a successor to Irvine L. Lenroot unless the voters of the district demand it. Gov. Philipp has announced. The general election is only a few months away. Gov. Philipp holds, and it would be useless expense to order an election now.

Sheboygan—The old familiar rural mail carrier's horse drawn vehicle has passed out of existence here. Herman Schmidt, letter carrier on rural route No. 4 has sold his horse and buggy, with which he has for many years delivered mail to the farmers, and has bought a motor truck.

Madison—Because of the demand for sugar, the State Council of Defense and the federal food administration are appealing to the farmers of Wisconsin to increase the acreage of sugar beets this year. Responses already received show that the sugar beet crop in Wisconsin may be doubled.

Madison—The advertiser, not the newspaper, must pay the penalty for violation of the statute covering advertisement for labor in plants where a strike is in progress. This is the opinion of Atty-Gen. Spencer Haven handed down upon the request of Dist. Atty. Allen of Winnebago county.

Beloit—Lieut. Col. Thomas J. Rogers, former Beloit man and captain of Co. E, First Wisconsin Infantry in the war with Spain, has been wounded in France. Col. Rogers entered the regular army as a lieutenant and served in the Philippines. His son, Capt. Fred Rogers of Beloit, is also in France.

La Crosse—Mayor A. A. Bentley caused warrants to be issued for twelve chairmen and fortune tellers. They are charged with foretelling future events without license. The spiritualists will fight their cases.

Racine—Marshall Runge, 23 years old, rural mail carrier, and Lawrence Baldwin, 40 years old, a bartender, were instantly killed when their automobile turned over at within half a mile of their home in Frankville.

Marinette—James W. Fitzsimmons, formerly of Marinette, is critically ill in France. He is in a hospital at Boulogne. This is the third time he has been wounded.

Baraboo—Mrs. Mary Fitzgerald, 80 years old, was burned to death in her home near Walton. She was alone at the time and attempted to build a fire with kerosene.

Green Bay—Paul Scheuring of De Pere, member of the Brown County board of supervisors for thirty years, was re-elected chairman for the fifth consecutive time at the organization meeting this year.

Madison—Farmers needing seed corn can still secure it through the Wisconsin department of agriculture, at the state capitol, Madison. The final date for orders was set at April 1, but the opportunity has been extended to those who have failed to get in their order to April 20. Those sending in orders from now on must expect to wait approximately three weeks for delivery, until cars which are available for order by telegram can reach here from the east.

Fond du Lac—Among Wisconsin men who were killed or seriously wounded by the Germans, March 22, in an engagement were fifty-seven members of Co. B, formerly Co. E, 150 machine gun battalion. The names of the soldiers have not been given out yet publicly by the war department, though the relatives of the men have been notified.

Madison—Senator-elect Irvine L. Lenroot's plurality over Joseph Davies was 15,052 and over Victor Berger, 53,488. Errors found in county tabulations by the state board canvassers brought about the gains for Lenroot. The corrected count gives Lenroot 163,975, Davies 148,923, and Berger 110,487.

Grand Rapids—An endless chain of bridge parties for the Red Cross has been started here by Mrs. A. F. Jones, who invited five ladies, each of whom contributed a dime for the Red Cross and promised to entertain not less than three ladies each, who will do likewise.

La Crosse—La Crosse county exemption boards were notified that the city and country district would be required to furnish sixty-nine men as the April quota for Camp Grant. The city will provide thirty-eight of the recruits.

Marinette—While waiting for his father to return from work in order to present him with a birthday present, Robert, 9 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kornetski, walked down to the river, where he fell in and was drowned.

Janesville—Forty-six selects will leave this city for Camp Grant during the five-day period beginning Friday, April 26. The exemption board has not as yet decided who will go, but are working on the lists.

Sheboygan—Fred Zenk, 18 years old, of the machine gun battalion of the Rainbow division, was severely wounded in action on March 22, according to a telegram received by Frederick Zenk, his father.

Portage—Mr. and Mrs. Adam Schillesman celebrated their fiftieth anniversary of their marriage at their home in Cambria. Mr. Schillesman is 75 years of age, and Mrs. Schillesman 70.

Portage—Gov. E. L. Philipp and State School Supt. C. P. Cary were here in attendance at the dedication of the new high school building, which was erected at a cost of \$85,000.

Madison—Madison dairymen have reduced the price of milk from 11 to 10 cents a quart. Ice prices have jumped 25 cents a 1,000 pounds to the retail consumer.

La Crosse—The La Crosse County Dry League was organized here with E. J. Knoen as president. It is the intention of the league to spring this county into the dry column.

Wausau—O. P. Babbit has resigned as Marathon county food commissioner. He is interested in the pea canning business, and resigned because of increasing work in his own business.

Racine—Sam Cemelani, an Italian, aged 31 years, was fatally burned when he fell into a vat filled with boiling water and acid at the main plant of the Mitchell Motors company.

Kenosha—Factory heads of the Simmons company at a meeting subscribed \$105,000 for Liberty Loan bonds. This was an average of over \$1,000 each.

Antigo—The consolidation of two Lanland county rural schools, those in the Lone Oak and Range Line districts, has been decided on.

Sheboygan—Fred W. Broer, 55 years old, for the last twenty-five years principal of the U. S. Grant school, died after a year's illness.

Wausau—F. F. Chesak of Athens, was re-elected chairman of the Marathon county board of supervisors for the fourth consecutive term.

LEND YOUR MONEY TO HELP WIN WAR

Help Properly Equip Your Own Son and Other Soldier Boys Over There.

DUTY OF ALL TO BUY BONDS

Liberty Loans to Uncle Sam is Best Guarantee of Our Fighters Safe Return Home—Do Not Hesitate.

(By ROLAND G. USHER of the Vigilantes.)

Put it to yourself straight now. You know perfectly well that you would feel ashamed to keep your boy out of the ranks if he wanted to go. You know perfectly well that you would probably feel ashamed before your neighbors if they knew that the boy was sticking at home. But have you ever asked yourself whether you felt ashamed that you were keeping your dollars tight in your jeans instead of lending your dollars to the war as well as your boy? If you have not got a boy you probably would feel that he ought to go if you had one. You have got some dollars, why don't you send them?

Think again; if you have sent a boy over there, don't you know for certain whether that boy will come back, God grant that he may. But he went, just the same, knowing fully just as you did that he might not come back. You gave the dearest thing you had in the world to the government freely, for the cause of democracy. You were glad to do it; you felt fine about it. You still feel that if you had it to do over again you would not do anything else. But I will wager anything you like that you have a lot of money that you can lend to the government without hurting yourself at all, and which you are hanging on to until it screams. Think of it. Those dollars will be perfectly sure to come back if you lend them to the government. The government guarantees that. Why should you therefore be so afraid to loose your clutch on them. The great risk you have already taken and did it because it was a worthy and a noble thing to do. The thing which is no risk at all and yet which is just as necessary to the war as the other, you hesitate about.

Dollars Will Come Back. Let me suppose for a moment that you have not yet sent your boy. I will wager you have a sneaking feeling that he ought to go. He has too. In this case, I won't have to make a wager about it—you have not sent your dollars. If you hesitate to send the boy because you are afraid he may not come back, you have a perfectly explainable reason, but you have not got a good reason why you should not send your dollars. They will come back, you may be sure of it. Not only will they come back, the government will pay you interest on them in the meantime. You will lend the government your capital and will get a return on it. Far from losing anything, you will make something. Why hesitate?

Look at it from another point of view. If your boy has not gone, or if you have no son, your neighbors who have sons have sent them. Those boys are going into danger. They are going to need guns, food, artillery, ships, and airplanes, not only to enable them to do what they went over there to do—but the Germans out of sight—but to keep them safe. If they don't have those things they certainly won't come back at all. You know perfectly well, however tight-fisted you may be, or how ever mean you may think yourself—and you are not half as mean as that—you would not hurt your neighbor's son just because a few dollars stood in the way. You would feel so ashamed of yourself for the rest of your life you would not be able to shake in the morning. Your neighbors' sons and your friends' sons that you have known all your life need the things your money can buy for them, and it is going to be mighty hard with them if they don't get them.

Make Your Money Help. Now put it to yourself straight. If the thing was a little nearer to you so that you really saw your neighbor's son actually without food because you had declined to give it to him, you would not hesitate for a moment what to do. The difficulty is here, that the thing is so large a scale that you do not realize that your failure to lend your money to the government is going to result very probably in depriving that particular boy of things he needs. You can say, if you like, there are so many millions of them that it will be some other fellow's son that will go without. I hope you won't get much comfort out of that, because it is the same old thing. You would not hurt him either if you saw him and knew he was in want; but because you don't see him, because he is somewhere in France, you forget about him and don't stop to think that he wants a thing you would not hesitate to give him if you knew him—why hesitate, then, to lend your dollars to the government? They are the only thing that can really do this business. They are the only thing that can put tools into the boys' hands over there to kill the Germans with. Don't hesitate any longer now; get it straight, and get down and buy a bond and feel better about it for the rest of your life.

WRIGLEYS



Helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

"Give it to me, please, Granddaddy."

"Why Bobby, if you wait a bit for it you'll have it to enjoy longer!"

"Poo-poo! That's no argument with WRIGLEYS 'cause the flavor lasts, anyway!"

—After every meal

COLT DISTEMPER

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young, SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It is wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S at 50 cents and \$1 a bottle. \$5 and \$10 a case.

As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS correct CONSTIPATION

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills.

Thousands Find Relief IN THE RELIABLE OLD SAFEGUARD DODD'S Kidney Pills

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haerlem Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed. Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins, and lower abdomen, gait-stones, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. GOLD MEDAL Haerlem Oil Capsules are what you need. They are not a "patent medicine" nor a "new discovery." For 200 years they

FRECKLES

There is no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription olive-double strength—a guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of olive-double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it at night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion. Be sure to ask for the double strength olive, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Made in America and sold for more than half a century.—Adv.

Those Dear Girls.

"Jack says there isn't another girl in town with a complexion like mine." "And you still speak to him?"

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than May 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to

U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN; MADISON, WISCONSIN

ENCH MORGAN'S SONS CO.

SAPOLIO

Buy **SAPOLIO** For **PATRIOTISM** For **ECONOMY**

"Actions speak louder than words—Act—Don't Talk—Buy Now"

Save the Calves!

STAMP ABORTION Out of Your Herd and Keep It Out!

Apply treatment yourself. Small expense. Write for free booklet on Abortion. "Questions and Answers". State number of cattle in herd.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A safe preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Regrowing Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. Beware of cheap imitations.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Bye Comfort. 10 cents at Druggist or mail. Write for Free Brochure.

MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 16-1918.

BIG SPRING SHOE SALE

This department is offering price inducements in shoes that cannot be overlooked. We bought heavily in this department and in the face of the highest prices on merchandise since the war started, we are lowering the selling price to our customers wherever it is possible. We cannot urge you too strongly to buy your supply of shoes here. Buy that suit of clothes at our store this Spring or Summer and save from 25 to 40 per cent.

Children's Shoes, patent lace and vici kid, sizes 3 to 8, \$1.25 values, a pair 98c

Tennis Shoes Special
Children's tennis shoes, white and black, a pair 65c
Boys' tennis shoes, white and black, a pair 75c
Youths' tennis shoes, white and black, a pair 90c
Complete line of tennis shoes in black and white for grown-ups

Women's Fine Shoes
Sizes 3, 34 and 4, only, lace and button, in patent, vici and gun metal, values to \$4.50 a pair, special \$2.49
20 per cent discount on ladies' fancy and colored shoes.

SPECIAL—Women's box calf lace shoes, all solid leather, sizes 3 to 8, \$3.25 values, for farm and outdoor wear. A pair \$2.69

Men's Work Shoes, black and tan, all sizes from 6 to 12, every pair worth \$3.25 to \$4.50. Come early for your size. Special \$3.49

Men's Outing Shoes. This is a medium weight shoe for farm wear and out door use. Colors are tan and black. A fine summer shoe, worth 3.50 a pair. Special \$2.69

Army Shoes for Men. The shoe for comfort, pr. \$5 & \$6

Buster Brown Shoes for boys and girls. Every pair guaranteed for wear. \$2.50 to \$5.00

Boys' English Shoes, sizes 34 to 6, 3.50 values, special pr pair \$3.19

Buy Thrift Stamps with your shoe savings.


White Shoes. This will be a big white season. Buy your shoes or pumps now. Don't wait. Ladies white canvas lace boots rubber or leather sole, English or plain toe, high and low heel, special value a pair \$3.50
English pumps, low heel, white canvas, rubber heel, a pr. \$2.50
Complete line of white shoes for women and children in lace, button, pumps.

New Spring Oxfords for ladies \$4, \$5 and \$6

Men's Shoe Special, in button and lace, English and high toe, regular values to \$6. Pair at \$4.29

Martha Washington Oxfords, the genuine comfort slippers, with side gore, special pair \$2.95

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend Wisconsin



Announcement

On Monday, April 13, 1918, we opened our garage and Ford Service Station at Kewaskum and are ready to serve our patrons at both the West Bend and Kewaskum Ford Service Stations.

WEST BEND MOTOR CO.
Kewaskum, Wisconsin

West Bend Bottling Works
WEST BEND, WISCONSIN
Watch - This - Space - Next - Week

Choice Groceries

JOHN MARX
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

Flour and Feed

MIDDLETOWN
W. Schultz was a caller at Dotyville Sunday.
Frank Jacobitz had a wood sawing bee Friday.
Mrs. W. Bartelt is on the sick list at this writing.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartelt were Fond du Lac callers Friday.
Evelyn Schultz is spending a few weeks with her sister at Waucosta.
Christ Rain of Campbellsport was a caller at W. Rann's Saturday evening.
Miss Hazel Allen of Fond du Lac is spending a few days at John Jewell's.
Mr. Hill of Fond du Lac visited a few days with his niece, Mrs. Aug. Cline.
The auction which was held at the Wheelz farm Thursday was well attended.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartelt visited Sunday with the former's sister at Forest Lake.
Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Bartelt visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Siegfried at Beechwood.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Schultz and son Albert were business callers at Campbellsport Saturday evening.
Herman Schultz of Camp Grant visited a few days of last week with his parents and other relatives here.
—Buy Liberty Bonds—

ST. KILIAN
George German Jr., was a Wayne caller Tuesday.
John Brandt of Wabeno spent Monday in our burg.
George German Jr. was a Theresa caller on Wednesday.
Peter Kahut of Ashford spent Monday evening in our burg.
Ed. Westerman of St. Bridget's spent Monday in our burg.
Kilian Reindle and sister spent Sunday afternoon at Theresa.
Miss Rose Wahlen of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday at home.
Miss Margaret Mertes of Serey spent a few days with her sister here.
Miss Apollonia Flasch of Fond du Lac spent Saturday and Sunday at home.
Philiph Strobel and wife visited Sunday with relatives at Campbellsport.
Misses Lena and Agnes Strachota of Fond du Lac spent Sunday here with relatives.
Mr. and Mrs. Simon Strachota spent Sunday evening with Miss Jennie Reibier at Campbellsport, who is seriously ill at this writing.
—Buy Liberty Bonds—

NEW FANE
Mrs. John Kohn of Kewaskum visited with Anna Schenberger Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Schiltz visited Sunday with their son, John at Random Lake.
Arnold Krause and family of Fredonia spent Sunday with Albert Kreif and family.
Mrs. Otto Leipert of West Bend visited a few days with Frank Ehrent and family.
Hubert Klein and family from Wayne spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Mertes.
Mr. and Mrs. Nick Hammes left Monday for Milwaukee to attend the funeral of a relative.
The Misses Gertrude and Madge Cassidy spent from Friday to Sunday with their parents at Berlin.
Jacob Schiltz, Wm. Quamit, Aug. Heberer, Wm. Posch and Hubert Ruzel were callers at Peter Schrooten's.
Mrs. Steve Ketter and Mrs. Steve Klein visited from Wednesday until Monday with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.
Mr. and Mrs. George Braun and son Richard spent Sunday with Fred Arndt and Harry Wells and families at Random Lake.
Jacob Roden and Joe. Laubach received the sad news of the sudden death of Esther Fellenz, daughter of Peter Fellenz at Cecil, Mrs. Jacob Roden left Thursday to attend the funeral.
District No. 2 and No 10, town of Auburn will give a patriotic meeting Friday evening, April 26, in Hess' hall at 8:30 o'clock. M. K. Reilly will deliver the address. At the conclusion of the meeting a dance will be given. Music will be furnished by Roden's orchestra. Everybody come.
—Buy Liberty Bonds—

—Buy Liberty Bonds—
—English market reports show the amount of home-grown meat of all kinds coming to the principal markets has averaged 55,000,000 pounds a week since January 1, as against 227,000,000 pounds average for the same period of 1916. The number of cattle coming to market has decreased 65 per cent, sheep 40 per cent, hogs 68 per cent, compared to the same period in 1916.

BEECHWOOD VALLEY
A. L. O'Connell had a wood sawing bee Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hammen spent Sunday at Beechwood.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hicken spent Saturday evening at Plymouth.
Walter Hammen transacted business at New Prospect Thursday.
Misses Golda and Adeline Stahl spent Sunday with the Fred Koepke family.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Fellenz spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Siegfried.
Mr. and Mrs. Schultz of Random Lake spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Mulvey.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glass spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Siegfried.
Charlie Heberer passed through here enroute to New Prospect grist mill on Wednesday.
Mrs. Herman Hausler and son and Mrs. Capelle spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Koepke.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Krueger a 4 family called on friends here Sunday enroute to New Prospect.
Charles Heberer received his new Ford truck which he purchased from Orin Kaiser at Beechwood.
Mr. and Mrs. George Liermann and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hintz and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Deiner and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. August Reinke and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn and son Erwin spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Krahn at Kewaskum.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mulvey and family of Random Lake spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Mulvey a 4 family.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Koepke a 4 daughter spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hausler at Beechwood.
A large number of friends gathered at the E. F. U. hall at Beechwood to help Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn celebrate their 14th wedding anniversary. All present reported having had a very enjoyable time.
—Buy Liberty Bonds—

ELMORE
Wedding bells will soon be ringing. A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anton Schrauth Monday.
Frank Beck spent Saturday and Sunday with his friend at Granville.
Mrs. Christ Becker and family spent Sunday afternoon at the Peter Becker home.
Miss Hulda Bohland returned home last week from a few months stay at Chippewa Falls.
Otto Backhaus and son Oscar spent Sunday with Herman Backhaus and family at New Fane.
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Struebing and daughter Anita visited with relatives at Kohlsville Sunday.
Ernest Ruch received his Buick car this week which he purchased from A. Van De Zande last week.
Mrs. Henry Buddenhagen returned home Saturday from a weeks visit at Milwaukee, with relatives.
Mr. and Mrs. R. Larsen of Milwaukee spent a week with the latter's mother, Mrs. C. H. Haessly.
Miss Josephine Hess of South Elmore spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mathieu and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Breseman at Wayne.
Miss Estella Mathieu returned Monday from a few months stay with the Joe. Schield family at Neillsville.
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Backhaus and son, Louis of Kewaskum visited with Julius Kloeke and family Monday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. Julius Kloeke a 4 family spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spradow and family.
Mrs. Wm. Hangartner and son Walter, Mrs. Wm. Pohlman of Fond du Lac visited Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ruch and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Jake Becker and family, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Backhaus, Mrs. Albert Backhaus, Frona and Newton Quandt were callers here Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. John Graver and family of Cascade, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kohl of Kohlsville spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. Adam Schmidt.
Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hornburg and family, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bartelt, Miss Ella Geidel spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus.
Mr. and Mrs. Jake Ferber and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Geidel a 4 daughter Oleida spent Sunday evening at the home of Geo. Rauch and family.
Mrs. Joe. Smith of Milwaukee, Miss Erna Backus and friend and Mrs. F. Henpe of Kewaskum spent Sunday evening at the home of Geo. Rauch and family.
The following spent Sunday at the home of Geo. Rauch: Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hess and family, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Seefeld, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Larsen Jr. and Joe. Hess of Fond du Lac.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Geidel, Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus, Franklin and Oleida Geidel autored to Boltonsville Sunday, where they spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wilke and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ruch and son Carroll of Ripon, Misses Olive Ruch, Rosa Huhsch of West Bend, Mrs. Romeis and family, Lilly and Charles Bartelt were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ruch Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Anton Schaefer and daughter Hazel of Fond du Lac, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kleinans of Friendship, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kleinbens and family of Campbellsport spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleinbens and family.
—Buy Liberty Bonds—

ROLL OF HONOR
Corp. Jack Tassar, Co. D, 119th Machine Gun Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
Corp. Edwin Backus, 4th Co., 119th Machine Gun Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
Sup. Serg. Ralph Petri, 4th Co., 119th Machine Gun Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
Private Arnold Hansen, 4th Co., 119th Machine Gun Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
Serg. Theo. Schmidt, Co. A, 107th Field Signal Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
Private Carl Schaefer, Co. C 107th Field Sig. Bat., American Expeditionary Forces.
Private Walter Schaefer, Co. C 107th Field Sig. Bat., American Expeditionary Forces.
Private A. L. Rosenheimer, Co. C 107th Field Sig. Bat., American Expeditionary Forces.
Private Jos. Westerman, 3rd Co., 119th Machine Gun Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
Private Gregory Harter, American Expeditionary Forces, 32nd Div. 107th Engineers Co. E.
Private Mike Darmody, Battery C, 331st F. A., Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.
Private Daniel J. Schrauth, 345th Inf. M. G. Co., Camp Pike, Little Rock, Arkansas.
Private Edwin A. Miller, Headquarters Co., 331st F. A. Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.
Supply Sergeant Ralph E. Olvin Headquarters Co., 364 Regiment, Le wis Branch, Tacoma, Wash.
Private John Meinecke, U. S. A., American Expeditionary Forces.
Corp. Adolph Meinecke, U. S. A., Pershing's Expeditionary Forces.
Private Alfred Meinecke, U. S. A., American Expeditionary Forces.
Private Walter Mathieu, U. S. A., American Expeditionary Forces.
Ordinance Serg. John C. Dahlke, Advance Ordnance Depot No. 1, U. S. Military P. O. 712 A. E. F.
Lieut. Sylvester Driessel, 111th Engineers Corps, Camp Bowi, Ft. Worth Texas.
Private Carl Westerman, Battery C 331st F. A., Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.
Private John Coulter, Battery C 331st F. A., Camp Grant, Rockford Ill.
Private Gregory Hilmes, Battery C 331st F. A., Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.
Corp. Edwin Miller, Battery C 331st F. A., Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.
Private A. J. Harter, U. S. S. Sepuolia, Pier 15, San Francisco, Cal.
Sergt. Wm. Schneider, 131st Inf., Co. E, Camp Logan, Houston, Texas.
First Lieutenant Jacob A. Johan nes, Co. D, 127th Inf., American Expeditionary Forces, via New York.
First Class Gunner, Robt. A. C. Backus, Camp Potomac Park, 4th Co., Washington, D. C.
Corp. Carl Guth, 4th Co., 119th N. G. W., American Expeditionary Forces via New York.
Private Alphonse Harter, Co. C, 163 U. S. Inf., 41st Div., Camp Mill Hempstead, New York.
Private Fred A. Schaefer, Headquarters Co., 120th F. A., Camp Mae Arthur, Waco, Texas.
Private Peter J. Reibier, M. G. Co 345th Inf., Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark.
Second Lieutenant Maurice Rosenheimer, Co. K, 342nd Inf., Camp Grant Rockford, Ill.
Private Aug. C. Veeks, M. G. Co., 341st Inf., Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.
Private Joe. Schlosser, Machine Gun Co., 128th Infantry, W. G. American Expeditionary Forces.
First Lieut. S. Harter, O. S. B., Chaplain 127th M. G. Bat., Camp Cody Deming, N. M.
Private Edwin Bassil, Fort Stevens, Oregon.
Private Geo. Brandstetter, Camp Farragut, Great Lakes, Ill., 9th Reg. Co., 71 Barrack 943E.
—Buy Liberty Bonds—

Job Printing

We are equipped to handle any kind of Job Printing, and when it comes to Service, we can only refer you to our customers or ask that you give us a trial.

Clothing for Men, Young Men and Boys

BOUGHT today at our prices will show a saving of 50% in six months. We cannot impress upon you too strongly that our clothing department is now offering the greatest money saving chances we have ever presented. It is up to you to avail yourself of our offers. We are glad to show and tell you of the present prices of clothing compared to our present selling prices. Call early and pick the best.

SPECIALS

36 inch mercerized foulard and poplins, regular 45 and 50c values, now per yd. 29c

Mercerized table linens, short lengths, 75c quality, now 59c

Imitation linen, attractive shades, beautiful material, 36 inches wide, a yd. 35c

Valencienes, laces and insertions at HALF PRICE

Madras shirtings, white with attractive colored stripes. Mercerized poplins, plain and striped, 36 inches wide, yard only 39c

Women's union suits, special \$1 values now only 59c each


PICK BROTHERS COMPANY
West Bend, Wisconsin

Pay By Check

In addition to knowing for a certainty where your money went—You possess a receipt.

Buy Your Liberty Bond Now

FARMERS & MERCHANTS STATE BANK
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN
"The Bank of the People and For All The People"



Before - Sand After
TAKING A BOTTLE OF OUR BEER

There's No Question About It. Just try it and see. To be brimful of health and happiness drink **LITHIA BEER**

The finest beer brewed
Phone No. 9

West Bend Brewing Co
WEST BEND, WISCONSIN

RHEUMATIC PAINS RELIEVED

MATH. SCHLAEFER OPTOMETRIST
Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted
Campbellsport, Wisconsin

"I have used Chamberlain's Linctant for pains in the chest and lameness of the shoulders due to rheumatism, and am pleased to say that it has never failed to give me prompt relief," writes Mrs. S. N. Finch, Batavia, N. Y.

Ever Miss a Train?

It's mighty irritating. It means a loss of time, and time is money these days. A good watch will pay for itself for it will always get you there on time. Come in and let's talk watch, it won't oblige your buying—but if you should buy—let us sell you a reliable one.

MRS. K. ENDLICH
Jeweler & Optometrist
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

FUNERAL PARLOR
FRANK A. ZWASKA
UNDERTAKER
LADY ASSISTANT



AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital
2201 Center Street, Corner 22nd, Milwaukee, Wis.
Phone Kilbourn 1318

HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH
For Scrap Iron, Bones, Furs, Hides and Everything You Want to Sell by
S. MOSES, Kewaskum, Wis.
Telephone 1091

P. L. GEHL & SON MONUMENTS
SPECIAL DESIGNING TO ORDER
PHONE 125
HARTFORD, WISCONSIN

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Wisconsin, Washington County Court, In Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Jacob Wehnert, deceased.
Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to Nick Gendler and an order allowing and limiting the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate, and fixing the time and place for examining and adjusting the same having been entered.
Notice is hereby given, that creditors are allowed until the third Tuesday in August, 1918, to present their claims against said estate, and that said court will on the first Tuesday of September, A. D. 1918, at the court house in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said Jacob Wehnert, deceased.
Dated March 21, 1918.
By order of the Court,
P. O'MEARA, County Judge
Bucklin & Gehl, Attorneys
(First publication March 30, 1918)

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75 c.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

NATURE CURES THE DOCTOR TAKES THE FEE

There is an old saying that "Nature cures, the doctor takes the fee," but as everyone knows you can help Nature very much and thereby enable it to effect a cure in much less time than is usually required. This is particularly true of colds. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy relieves the lungs, liquefies the tough mucous and aids in its expectoration, always the cough and aids Nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition.

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors
Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.
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Time Table—C. & N. W. Ry

NORTH BOUND	
No. 205	3:52 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 113	12:31 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 173	9:00 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 107	8:28 p. m. daily
No. 243	5:34 p. m. Sunday only
No. 141	8:42 a. m. Sunday only
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 206	9:48 a. m. daily except Sunday
No. 210	12:37 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 214	2:34 p. m. daily
No. 218	5:47 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 108	7:32 a. m. daily
No. 244	11:19 p. m. Sunday only
No. 194	7:26 p. m. Sunday only
No. 194	9:50 a. m. Sunday only

—John Enright was a West Bend caller Sunday.

—Regular monthly stock fair next week Wednesday.

—Mrs. Otto E. Lay was a Milwaukee visitor last Saturday.

—Mrs. William Bartelt was a Fond du Lac caller Wednesday.

—Harvey Brandt was a Milwaukee caller last week Saturday.

—John F. Schaefer and wife were Milwaukee callers Monday.

—Jacob Knoebel spent Sunday with friends at West Bend.

—Miss Adela Dahlke was a Lomira caller last week Friday.

—Mrs. N. Edw. Hausmann spent last Saturday at Milwaukee.

—Arthur Mathieu of Brandon was a village caller Tuesday.

—Jos. Honeck of Milwaukee was a week-end visitor in the village.

—Miss Agatha Tiss of Jackson spent Sunday with home folks.

—Mrs. Karl Hausmann was a Fond du Lac caller last week Saturday.

—Miss Kathryn Schoofs of West Bend spent Sunday with home folks.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brandt spent Sunday with Jac. Bruessel and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Roman Backhaus and family spent last Sunday at Lomira.

—Miss Elester Backhaus of Milwaukee spent the week-end with her parents.

—Charlie and Julius Stern of Farmington autoed to Kewaskum Sunday.

—Miss Erna Backus arrived here Sunday after a few days visit at Milwaukee.

—Mrs. C. C. Schaefer and daughter Corina were Milwaukee visitors last Monday.

—Peter Wagner visited his son Martin at West Bend from Sunday to Tuesday.

—Misses Adeline Kippenhan and Viola Moos visited Sunday with Elsie Bruessel.

—Mrs. Hannah Burrow is making an extended visit with relatives at Milwaukee.

—Frank Day of West Bend was a business caller in the village last Wednesday.

—Mrs. Eugene Haessly and children of West Bend visited in the village Sunday.

—Ebenreiter of Plymouth spent Tuesday evening with friends in the village.

—Judge Backus and family of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Hausmann families.

—Mr. and Mrs. Archie Schaefer of Milwaukee visited the Mrs. Nic Mayer family Sunday.

—Edw. F. Miller and wife visited with relatives and friends at Milwaukee Wednesday.

—Mrs. Chas. Raether visited her mother at a hospital in Milwaukee last Wednesday.

—Fred Luedtke, the Lomira store keeper, was a business caller in the village Monday.

—Mrs. Holley of Antigo spent several days with her daughter, Mrs. N. W. Rosenheimer.

—Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Mertes and daughter Aleda were Milwaukee visitors last Tuesday.

—John Naumann and family of the town of Scott spent Sunday with the Byron Brandt family.

—Mike Wick and lady friend of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Welzien.

—A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Richmond at West Bend a week ago last Sunday.

—All is in readiness for the grand dance at the Opera House on Sunday evening, April 28, 1918.

—Judge Robinson and family of West Bend were guests of the L. D. Guth family last Sunday.

—Mrs. Herman Gilbert of West Bend visited with her husband in the village last week Saturday.

—Attorney G. A. Kuechenmeister of West Bend was a business caller in the village last Monday.

—Peter Schmidt of Milwaukee, visited with relatives and friends in the village Saturday and Sunday.

—Peter Schaefer of St. Bridgets spent Tuesday and Wednesday at Waukegan and North Chicago.

WANTED—Competent girl to do general housework. Inquire of L. P. Rosenheimer, Kewaskum, Wis.

—L. D. Guth and wife visited Louis Schmidt, who is seriously ill at his home in the town of West Bend.

—Mrs. Ig. Mueller and daughter, Mrs. Edw. F. Miller, spent the forepart of the week at Milwaukee.

—Mrs. Fred Marquardt and son Alvin spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Seefeldt and family.

—Frank Keyes, operator at the local station, spent several days this week with friends in Milwaukee.

—The Misses Olga and Olive Haug of the town of Germantown were week-end visitors with their parents.

—Miss Laura Reishier spent several days the forepart of the week with her sister, Mrs. Peter Greiten at Grafton.

NOTICE—Anyone desiring a good horse for hauling milk or light teaming inquire of Geo. F. Brandt, Kewaskum, Wis.

—Mrs. George Koerble and daughter, Mrs. Erwin Koch visited with relatives and friends at Fond du Lac Wednesday.

—Miss Belinda Backhaus of Oshkosh is spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Backhaus and family.

—Miss Laura Brandstetter of the town of Germantown was the guest of her mother, Mrs. C. Brandstetter and family.

—Mrs. John Brunner and daughter, Edna visited with relatives and friends at Milwaukee last Saturday and Sunday.

—Miss Sarah Moses, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Moses, is now employed in the office of the L. Rosenheimer store.

—Otto E. Lay and Jos. Welzien spent Sunday with N. W. Rosenheimer at the St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac.

—Miss Agnes Schaefer of Milwaukee spent this week here with her mother, Mrs. Laura Schaefer, and the Al. Schaefer family.

—Ralph Schaefer came up from West Bend to spend the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schaefer and family.

—Don't forget to attend the grand dance at the Opera House on Sunday evening, April 28, 1918. Music by the Gibson Harp orchestra.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Klessig and daughter Manilla spent Sunday with the former's brother, E. W. Jaenig and wife at Port Washington.

—C. R. Smallwood of Milwaukee, formerly telegraph operator at the local railway station, was a pleasant village caller last Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Bruessel, sons Edward and Jacob and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brandt were West Bend visitors Sunday, and also attended a show.

—Miss Elvira Morgenroth, who has employment in Chicago, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Morgenroth and family.

—A marriage license was issued to Joseph J. Mueller of the town of Ashford and Miss Rose Siachler of the town of Kewaskum the past week.

—The officials of the town and village of Kewaskum have posted the notices to dog owners, recently issued by the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture.

—Erwin Brandt and family moved their household goods from West Bend last week Thursday and are now occupying part of Mrs. Kludt's home on East Water street.

—Miss Irene Oppenorth of the Wisconsin University at Madison, spent the latter part of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Oppenorth and family.

—Investigations by the Department of Agriculture in 15 States show that of a total of 6,836,492 sheep, 34,683 were killed by dogs in one year and were paid for by the counties.

—Mrs. Katherine Harter moved her household furniture from the Otto Habek residence on lower Main Str. to the Mrs. Janssen residence on Wilhelmina street last Wednesday.

—L. P. Rosenheimer, Otto E. Lay and B. H. Rosenheimer attended the semi-annual session of the Wisconsin consistory of the Masonic order at Milwaukee last Tuesday evening.

—Miss Ruth Wollensak, student at the Madison University, Madison, Wis., spent several days of this and last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Wollensak and family.

—Ben. Gregorius, who for the past several years was in the employ of Henry Ramthun, dealer in general hardware, but now located at Milwaukee, spent Sunday with friends in the village.

—I hereby wish to inform the ladies of the village of Kewaskum and vicinity that I will start dress making the 1st of May at the residence of Byron Brandt.—Ella Gerhardt—Adv. 4-2-18.

—Field and garden seed are unconditionally exempted from all embargoes according to the Department of Agriculture. Instructions are issued to all railroads to do everything possible to get Campbellport Sunday.

—Peter Schaefer spent Monday at Fond du Lac, where he arranged for the transfer of his son, Philip Schaefer, from the Fond du Lac county hospital to the Washington county hospital. The transfer was made on Tuesday.

—The Shipping Board plans construction of three launching ways for three 3,500-ton concrete vessels. This type of vessel is still in an experimental stage, and if found successful the board may build 7,500-ton concrete ships.

—The order prohibiting the sale of flour in lots of less than 12 pounds has been suspended. Licensed dealers have been advised that they may market several sizes of packages weighing less than 12 pounds, with a 2-pound minimum.

—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Stern and family, Mrs. August Ramthun, Mrs. H. Klug and son Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Seefeldt, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Moldenhauer and daughter, Adela visited with Mrs. Henry Marquardt and family Sunday.

—August Schaefer moved his family and household goods from his farm south of this village into the Andrae residence on North Fond du Lac avenue, last week. August is now ready to begin his new duties as postman of public highways.

—Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Rosenheimer and son Byron, at a Newton Rosenheimer and daughter, Lilla, Miss Lilly Schlosser and Mrs. Holley autoed to Fond du Lac last Sunday, where they visited with N. W. Rosenheimer at the St. Agnes hospital.

—The West Bend Motor Co., dealers in Ford cars, opened their branch garage and service station here last Monday and are now prepared to serve the local public, both in sales and repairs. Jos. Reichert is in charge of the Kewaskum branch.

—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Nienow and sons, Henry and Edmund and Miss Maas of Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backhaus and son Christian, Mr. and Mrs. Emil Backhaus and Mrs. William Backhaus of Wayne spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Benjie Backhaus.

NOTICE—As I am in the next draft of April 26, 1918, all those who are indebted to me, kindly straighten their accounts on or before April 23, 1918, after which date all collections will be in the hands of the Bank of Kewaskum—P. J. Haug & Co., Kewaskum, Wis.—Adv.

—The following spent Sunday at the home of Geo. Rauch: Louis Hess and family, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Seefeldt, of South Eden, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Larson of Milwaukee, Joe. Hess of Fond du Lac, Sarah Smith of Milwaukee, Erna Backus and Mrs. Frank Heppel of here.

—Ralph Rosenheimer returned home from his western trip last Saturday evening. Ralph says that he enjoyed his trip very much and that California is some state. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Rosenheimer, will remain in the west for a more extended visit.

—Misses Clara Ramthun, Edna Roehrdanz, Annie Bruessel, Elsie Bruessel, Edward Bruessel and Erwin Schultz attended the farewell at Barton Sunday evening, given in honor of Arthur Bertram, who will leave for a training camp on April 26th. Everyone present enjoyed themselves immensely.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ramthun of Cascade, Mr. and Mrs. Fritz Aberd. Mr. and Mrs. August Stern, Oscar and Hulda Stern of Cascade, Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mancke and daughter, Miss Malinda Marquardt and Amanda Garberding spent Sunday with the Theo. Stern family.

—In Oklahoma, county councils of defense are securing pledges from automobile owners to furnish transportation to speakers for community councils. The pledges provide that the chairman of the county council may hire a car at the expense of any signer who fails to furnish transportation at the time promised.

—Throughout England 102 daily newspapers have been forced to increase their prices, and 676 weekly papers have followed suit. The monthly magazines selling before the war at 9 cents now cost 16 to 18 cents. The cost of novels and books has largely increased, even the popular and widely sold classes having risen from 50 to 100 per cent.

—The following were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Belger Sunday afternoon and evening: Frank Bauer and family, Mrs. Geo. Petri and daughters, Laura, Lena, Hannah, Rosa and son Arnold, Fred Hoffman and Walter Schumacher, all of Saukville; John Schriver and family of Cedar Lake; Fred Belger and family of Boltonville; Emma Belger, Albert Kocher and family, Henry Moos and daughter Viola, Louis Klein and family and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Meilahn.

ROUND LAKE

Louis Ramthun delivered stock to Dundee Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Luben spent Sunday with Mrs. Mazaka.

Hugh Murphy of Nasbro spent Sunday at the A. Braun home.

Miss Vera Seifert is spending some time with relatives at Milwaukee.

Miss Mabel Braun spent Friday afternoon with Miss Cecelia Calvey.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Dan Calvey Friday, a baby boy. Congratulations.

Earl and Clyde Hennings were business callers at Fond du Lac Monday.

John Schenk of Mayville spent Saturday and Sunday at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoffer spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rahm.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ellison are spending the week with their parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Haskins of Hingham spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Hennings.

Mrs. John Pesch and daughter of Campbellport spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mrs. William Ellison and Cecelia Calvey were callers at Herman Jandrae's Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Garrity and son of Nasbro spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hennings.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Baetz and daughter visited at the M. Calvey home Sunday evening.

Mrs. M. Calvey and daughter Cecelia spent Wednesday afternoon at the Ed. Johnson home.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Jandrae and son and Mrs. M. Calvey spent Monday afternoon with Mrs. Wm. Hennings.

Mrs. Charles Romaine returned home from St. Agnes hospital Saturday, after being confined there for the past six weeks.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

KOHLVILLE

August Hess and son Herbert were West Bend callers Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pamperin made an auto trip to Oconomowoc on Sunday.

Miss Amanda Endlich returned home from Milwaukee after staying there for a few months.

Mrs. Weber and Mrs. Fred Metzner were business callers at Milwaukee last Thursday.

A Grand Dance will be held at Walter Endlich's hall the 27th of April. Everybody is invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Starck and family of Wauwatosa spent Sunday with the Frank Witzling family.

After May 1st, the Farmers Mercantile Company will have their business closed every Tuesday and Thursday evening.

—Buy Liberty Bonds—

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

NEW SPRING COATS

Fine assortment of \$18.00 to \$22.00 Values. SPECIAL while they last at

\$14.95

L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

WE SELL THRIFT STAMPS

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley	1.75 to 1.80
Wheat	2.00 to 2.25
Red Winter	2.00 to 2.25
Rye No. 1	2.25 to 2.65
Oats	83c to 85c
Timothy Seed, per cwt.	6.00 to 8.00
Red Clover Seed, per 100 lbs	\$25 to \$27
Alsike Clover Seed, per 100 lbs	\$17 to \$20
White Clover Seed, per 100 lbs	\$25
Butter	38c to 40c
Eggs	32c
Unwashed wool	65c to 70c
Beans, bu.	7.00 to 7.50
Hides (calf skin)	15c to 20c
Cow Hides	11c to 12c
Horse Hides	5.00 to 5.50
Honey, lb.	15c
Potatoes, new, assorted well	55c to 65c
Live Poultry	
Spring Chickens (young roosters)	27c
Old Roosters	18c
Geese	22c
Ducks	24c
Dressed Poultry	
Spring Chickens	25c
Geese	23c
Ducks	24c

Dairy Market

SHEBOYGAN	
Sheboygan, Wis., April 15—Ten factories offered 722 cases of long-horns on the call board today and all sold at 21c.	
PLYMOUTH	
Plymouth, Wis., April 15—The offerings on the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange today by 35 factories were 3,338 boxes, and all sold as follows: 280 twins at 20 3/4c, 25 cases young Americas at 21 3/4c, 1,000 daisies at 21c, 150 double daisies at 20 3/4c, 1,062 cases longhorns at 21c, and 721 boxes square prints at 22c.	
The name of the board was changed today to the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange.	
—Buy Liberty Bonds—	
FOR SALE—One Peninsular Range, good as new.—Dr. N. Hausman.	

"Let's Keep The Glow in Old Glory"



SUBSCRIBE

for United States of America
4 1/2 Per Cent Gold Bonds of the
THIRD LIBERTY LOAN

through the

Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

"The Old Reliable Bank of Good Service"

The Best is None too Good for Our Customers

This motto, means that Highest Quality Merchandise, plus Honest Prices, plus Cheerful Service, have made permanent friends of all our patrons. We, of course, wish to retain this reputation for our store, and have purchased the best stock of spring merchandise that present day markets afford. These goods are arriving daily at our store and we invite the people of Kewaskum and vicinity to call and inspect these lines.

NEW SAMPLES FOR SPRING SUITS AND OVERCOATS

are now here and ready for your inspection

Just received a new selection of Emerson Records, including all the popular and patriotic airs

About Farm Machinery we wish to say that any one in need of Farm Machinery or Implements, should place an order early, not on account of the price only, but more so to be assured of prompt delivery. Shortage of material and delays in freight may cause many late orders to remain unfilled.

A. G. KOCH

Kewaskum, Wisconsin.
"The Store of Big Values"

U. S. MEN KILL 100 GERMANS

Enemy's Casualties Estimated at Between 300 and 400 Near Apremont Forest.

TWO NEW ATTACKS FAIL

Twelve of the 38 Prisoners Captured by Yankees Northwest of Toul on Friday Die of Wounds—Machine Guns Taken.

With the American Army in France, April 16.—Preceded by an intense bombardment of high explosives and poison gas shells, picked troops from four German companies hurled themselves against the American positions on the right bank of the Meuse north of St. Mihiel, but were completely repulsed after terrific hand-to-hand fighting. The Americans captured some prisoners. The German losses already counted are thirty-four dead and ten wounded, who were in the American trenches, and thirty dead in No Man's Land.

With the American army in France, April 15.—After another night of terrific artillery fire and a bombardment with gas shells, the Germans continued their efforts to drive through to the third line of the American positions near Apremont forest, northwest of Toul.

They made two attacks, both of which failed.

The enemy's casualties in the four days' fighting are estimated at between 300 and 400.

Of this number more than 100 were killed.

Although the enemy wasted fully a half of its specially trained shock-troop battalion of 800 men, he was unable to penetrate the American lines, which remained unchanged.

Of the 36 prisoners taken by American troops in the fighting on Friday northwest of Toul, during which two German attacks in force were repulsed with heavy casualties to the enemy, 12 have since died of their wounds.

The American troops also captured two German machine guns, besides a quantity of small arms, grenades and other war material.

SENATOR W. J. STONE IS DEAD

Chairman of Foreign Relations Committee Succumbs at Washington Following Stroke of Paralysis.

Washington, April 16.—Senator William J. Stone of Missouri, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee and for many years prominent among Democratic leaders, died here on Sunday. He had suffered a stroke of paralysis last Wednesday.

Senator Stone was in public life 45 years. It was in connection with the bill proposing the arming of American merchant ships that he took sharp issue with President Wilson. His opposition to the declaration of war on Germany was also pronounced, and he declined to take charge of the war resolution. He believed that American participation should be avoided if possible, but when the die was cast for war he changed over night. He took his place with the supporters of war measures and consistently maintained that attitude. He held it incumbent upon him to stand with his country regardless of his own views. He was born in Kentucky May 7, 1848.

LOCATE GERMAN SPY NEST

Hun Espionage Headquarters for This Hemisphere Found by U. S. Secret Service Men.

Washington, April 15.—The German espionage headquarters for this hemisphere has at last been definitely located at Havana, Cuba. The United States secret service. It was learned here from the highest sources, has finally rounded it up. The principal agents operating from it are Latins, directed of course, by Germans. A number of the leaders are already under surveillance. Working with officials of the Cuban government secret service agents now have about ended the usefulness of the Havana location.

U. S. MEN AT VLADIVOSTOK

Marines Join Japanese and British Troops in Patrol Duty at Russian Port.

Harbin, April 16.—American marines have landed at Vladivostok, as well as British and Japanese forces, according to advices from that place. The Americans are in control of the docks.

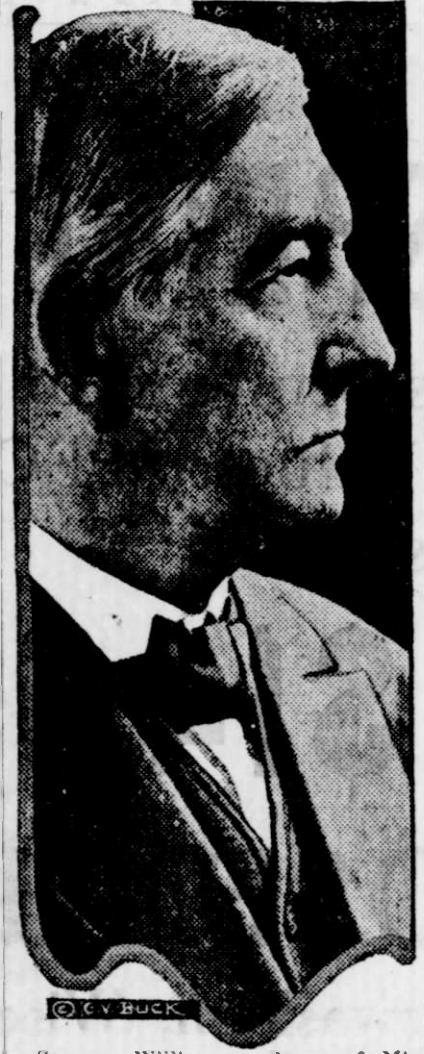
U. S. Calls Caruso Beck.

Peoria, Ill., April 16.—Fred "Caruso" Beck of Havana and Ben Doyle of Peoria, baseball players, have received notice calling them to the colors with the next group of National army men, leaving for camp April 23.

Watterson in Hospital.

Louisville, Ky., April 16.—Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, is ill here at the Norton Memorial Infirmary. His condition, however, it is said by the attending physicians, to be improved.

SENATOR WILLIAM J. STONE



Senator William J. Stone of Missouri, chairman of the foreign relations committee and for many years prominent among Democratic leaders, died in Washington on Sunday after suffering a stroke of paralysis.

U. S. MEN REGAIN HILL

AMERICANS IN COUNTER-ATTACK WIN OBSERVATION POST.

Yankees Repulse Two Attacks and Battle Is On—Fighting Lasts All Day.

With the American Armies in France, April 15.—After repulsing two German attacks on the American positions northwest of Toul, American troops on Friday counter-attacked and recaptured an observation hill.

The American troops battled with the Germans all day, infantry and artillery participating. At a late hour the fighting was continuing.

In the raid carried out by the Germans on Wednesday against the Americans northwest of Toul the enemy intended to penetrate to the third line positions, according to information obtained from a prisoner.

This is corroborated by material found on dead Germans. The enemy carried wire, dynamite, trenching tools and other implements for organizing the positions.

The Americans knew in advance of the proposed attack through information obtained a day or two previously from prisoners captured by the French on an adjacent sector.

The attack was made by a special battalion of 800 shock troops, who had rehearsed the operation for two or three weeks behind the lines.

As soon as the German barrage began the American batteries, without waiting for the rocket signal, laid down a counter-barrage, with the result that less than 200 of the enemy succeeded in climbing out of their trenches and advancing toward the American line.

The German officers sent the men right through the barrage, but only two succeeded in reaching the front line. Both of these were taken prisoner, one of them dying a short time afterward from wounds.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Copenhagen, April 15.—According to the Swedish Social Democrats, the large German battleship Rhipeland grounded near Lagskr Island. It is reported from other sources that the Rhineland struck a mine and sank. The ship is rated at 18,000.

An Atlantic Port, April 15.—The British steamship Alchionus, bound from England to this port, was torpedoed by a German submarine, but managed to make her way back to port, according to information received by importers in this city.

London, April 15.—Five persons were killed and 15 injured in the German air raid over the eastern coast of England Friday night, it was officially announced.

Washington, April 15.—Rice, cotton nuts and watch crystals were removed by the war trade board from the list of prohibited imports.

Paris, April 15.—The first American prisoner to escape from Germany, says the Temps, has reached Basel, Switzerland.

Hun Plane Seen Near Havre.

Havre, April 17.—An enemy airplane succeeded in passing observation posts and flew over the district. Several bombs were dropped near one of the camps for German prisoners. There were no casualties.

Iowa Bars German Concert.

Des Moines, Ia., April 17.—A concert by Friedrich Hempel, German-born operatic soprano, was called off after Governor Harding intimated to the promoters that he would not allow the concert to be held.

CZERNIN QUILTS; RULER'S TRIP OFF

Alsace Letter Shakes Austrian Cabinet and Causes Resignation of Leader.

AFFAIR DECLARED AT END

Foreign Minister Resigns Upon Hearing of Missive Which Official Statement Says Is a Forgery—Deep Interest at Capitol.

Amsterdam, April 17.—Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, according to a dispatch from Vienna, has resigned. Emperor Charles accepted the resignation and intrusted to Count Czernin the conduct of foreign affairs until his successor is appointed.

Count Czernin did not know of Emperor Charles' letter to Prince Sixtus when he made the statement that France had initiated the conversations with Austria, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin. On learning of the letter, he resigned, but yielded to a request that he remain in office until the conclusion of the peace agreement with Roumania.

Emperor Charles, according to a Vienna dispatch dated Saturday to the Berliner Tageblatt, has canceled a visit he intended to make to Budapest. Important conferences on Austro-Hungarian foreign and internal policies were to have been held. Count Czernin, Doctor von Seydler, Austrian premier; General Graf von Straussberg, chief of the general staff, and other officials were to have been present.

An official statement received here on Monday from Vienna asserts that the latest statements of the French premier, M. Clemenceau, concerning the conversations between Austria and France regarding the possibility of opening peace negotiations do not alter the situation as regards the majority of Count Czernin's declarations.

The Austrian foreign ministry, the statement says, is unable to ascertain who was responsible for delivering to the French what is said to have been a forged letter, substituted for the letter which was to have been delivered. Neither Prince Sixtus, whose character is beyond suspicion, nor anyone else is accused of falsification, continues the statement, which concludes: "The affair is herewith declared to be at an end."

Washington, April 17.—No official word of the reported resignation of Count Czernin had been received on Monday by the government, but all officials were deeply interested in the report, and it was recognized that the development undoubtedly was the outgrowth of Czernin's declaration that France had been ready to talk peace.

Amsterdam, April 17.—Thousands of people gathered in the streets of Prague, capital of Bohemia, on Saturday, denouncing the Germans and cheered President Wilson, says a dispatch from that city to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin.

293 ON MISSING U. S. SHIP

Collier Cyclops Long Overdue at Atlantic Port—Consul and 56 Naval Enlisted Men on Board.

Washington, April 16.—The big American naval collier Cyclops, carrying 57 passengers, 15 officers and 221 men in her crew, has been overdue at an Atlantic port since March 13.

The navy department announced on Sunday that she was last reported at a West Indies Island March 4.

The vessel was bringing a cargo of manganese from Brazil. A. L. Moreau Gottschalk, United States consul general at Rio de Janeiro, was the only civilian among the passengers, the others being two naval lieutenants and 54 naval enlisted men returning to the United States.

The Cyclops was commanded by Lieutenant Commander G. W. Worley, United States naval reserve force.

A thorough search of the course which she would have followed in coming to port has been made and continues, it was announced.

The official announcement by the navy does not give the ship up for lost, but merely says "the navy department feels extremely anxious as to her safety."

SENATE FOR HIGHER WHEAT

Upper Body Adopts Conference Report on Agricultural Bill—House to Vote Next.

Washington, April 15.—In the controversy over increase of the government minimum guarantee price for wheat to \$2.50 per bushel the senate on Friday again recorded itself in favor of the increase.

\$50,000,000 For Concrete Ships.

Washington, April 17.—The shipping board submitted to congress a supplemental estimate of \$15,000,000 for concrete ship construction. An authorization of \$50,000,000 is requested, of which \$15,000,000 will be used now.

U. S. Navy Man Is Killed.

Washington, April 17.—Minor Judson Chapin, a second-class quartermaster 7, S. Naval Reserve, attached to the aviation section, was killed in a seaplane accident in France April 12, the navy department announced.

LORD ABERNON



Lord ABERNON is chairman of the central control board of the liquor traffic of Great Britain. His position is one that requires extreme tact and capability. On several occasions workers in the munition plants struck when the government threatened to stop the manufacture of beer to conserve foodstuffs. Lord ABERNON's board is trying to solve the problem to the satisfaction of the workers and the government.

3 HUN CRUISERS SUNK

HOLLAND SAYS SHIPS WERE SUNK OFF MAAS LIGHT.

Teuton Torpedo Boat Goes Down After Striking Mine Off Zebrugge.

Amsterdam, April 13.—Three German cruisers have been sunk west of the Maas lightship, according to a rumor emanating from the Hook of Holland, published in the Telegraaf.

London, April 13.—A German torpedo boat struck a mine off Zebrugge and sank, according to a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from The Hague.

Berlin, April 13.—An official statement issued says: "British naval forces, consisting of monitors, torpedo craft and aircraft, attacked the coast of Flanders Thursday night. Ostend was bombarded with heavy caliber guns and aircraft bombarded Zebrugge. The attacks were beaten off without trouble by our batteries. There was no damage."

"A torpedo boat approaching Ostend was set afire and the crew abandoned it. We captured the boat with its complete equipment."

London, April 13.—With reference to the German official statement claiming that in the attack on the coast of Flanders a British torpedo boat was set afire and captured by the Germans the admiralty says that only one small motor boat is missing.

U. S. REPLIES TO HOLLAND

Ship Seizure Made Necessary by Enemy's Coercion, Says Lansing—America's Policy is Friendly.

Washington, April 15.—America's reply to the recent statement of the Netherlands government bitterly protesting against and denouncing the action of the United States in taking over Dutch ships in its ports, was made public in the form of a memorandum by Secretary Lansing, a copy of which has been sent to the Netherlands legation.

Pointing out that the Netherlands government itself does not question the legality of the act, Mr. Lansing devotes himself to a demonstration that it was an act of necessity resulting from Germany's menacing attitude which prevented Holland from fulfilling her engagements, and that instead of an injustice the step results in real benefit to the Dutch ship owners and people.

TO ARREST GERMAN WOMEN

Many of Them Are Under Surveillance by the Government—They Will Be Interned.

Washington, April 17.—Many German and Austrian women are under surveillance by government agents and will be arrested and interned as soon as President Wilson signs the bill which includes women in the class of enemy aliens. It was said the number is more than 100.

TWO SOLDIERS DIE IN CRASH

Six Others Injured in Motortruck Accident at Spartansburg, S. C.—Victims From Wadsworth.

Spartansburg, S. C., April 15.—Two soldiers were killed and six injured in a motortruck accident here. The troops were from Camp Wadsworth.

Drop in Fuel Production.

Washington, April 17.—Bifuminous coal production for the week ending April 6, decreased about 1,500,000 tons, or 14 per cent, as compared with the week previous, according to figures made public by the geological survey.

Book-Cloth Makers Enjoined.

New York, April 17.—Judge Julius Mayer, in the United States district court, issued a perpetual injunction against several book-cloth manufacturers concerning restraining them from making and monopolizing agreements.

HUNS TAKE THREE TOWNS AND MOST OF MESSINES RIDGE

Germans Use Three Fresh Divisions Against Haig.

GAIN AFTER FIERCE FIGHT

British Fall Back From Wytschaete, Spanbroekmolen and Bailleul—English Still Fighting Desperately on Slopes of Ridge.

London, April 17.—Field Marshal Haig, in his official report, announces the occupation by the Germans of both Wytschaete and Spanbroekmolen.

The war office announced that the Germans have captured Bailleul on the northern battle front, following a fierce battle, in which the enemy made use of three divisions of picked men who had not previously engaged in the battle.

The British have fallen back to new positions north of Bailleul and Wulverghem.

Fresh German attacks were then reported developing in the neighborhood of Wytschaete.

A German attack southwest of Vieux Berquin was repulsed.

Part of Messines Ridge Lost.

Ottawa, April 17.—German troops have carried Wytschaete and the greater part of Messines ridge, according to a dispatch from the Reuter correspondent at British headquarters in France, received here.

The enemy also has established himself in Spanbroekmolen. The British are still clinging to the slopes of Messines ridge, battling desperately to repel the attacks made upon them by overwhelming German forces.

Huna Win by Surprise Attack.

Berlin, April 17.—The official communication from general headquarters says German attacks on the Lys battlefield met with complete success.

The great mine craters of the Wytschaete battle of 1917 were taken by a surprise attack.

After a brief bombardment the Germans stormed Wulverghem in a surprise attack, also the British positions on both sides of the village.

British counter-attacks failed completely, says the report.

German troops scaled the heights between Neuve Chapelle and Bailleul and captured them in a vigorous hand-to-hand fight.

Germans Use Up Fresh Troops.

The statement reads: "In the evening, preceded by an intense bombardment, the enemy launched very heavy attacks against our positions between Bailleul and Neuve Eglise. The assault was delivered by three picked German divisions which had been previously engaged in the battle and it succeeded after a fierce and bitter struggle in carrying the high ground southeast and east of Bailleul known as Mont de Lille and Revetsberg. Our troops on this point have fallen back to new positions to the north of Bailleul and Wulverghem. Bailleul has fallen into the enemy's hands."

Repulse Hun Attacks.

"Severe fighting has been taking place on the front from Meteren to Wytschaete. At dawn the enemy renewed his attacks in strength in the neighborhood of Wytschaete and Spanbroekmolen.

"Supported by heavy bombardment, his troops approached our positions under cover of the mist, and after a prolonged struggle gained possession of both localities."

"In the morning fresh German attacks developed in the neighborhood of Wytschaete."

"Early in the morning the enemy also attacked southwest of Vieux Berquin under heavy artillery and trench mortar fire, but was repulsed."

"A number of prisoners were taken by us during the night in a successful minor enterprise southeast of Robecq."

"On the remainder of the British front there was nothing of special interest to report."

French Take Prisoners.

Paris, April 17.—Heavy artillery fighting occurred at night on the main battle front in the neighborhood of Montdidier, the war office announces. The French captured a machine gun and prisoners near the Olse canal.

TWO BRITISH MISSIONS ARRIVE

Reach Canadian Port and Will Proceed to New York—Purpose of One Body Kept Secret.

A Canadian Atlantic Port, April 17.—Two British missions to the United States arrived here and will proceed soon to New York.

The purpose of one of the missions, headed by General Hutchinson, was not made public. His plans were declared to be important. General Hutchinson is head of organization in the British war office.

Heading the other mission is Lieutenant General Bridges, Colonel Nelson, staff officer with this mission, explained that its purpose is to coordinate the work of other British officers in America, co-operating with Earl Reading, British special ambassador to the United States.

GERMANS USING CRIPPLES IN ARMY

Socialist Makes Charge in the Reichstag.

STATEMENT MADE IN DEBATE

Classes of 1869 and 1870 Cannot Be Discharged Because They Could Not Be Replaced, Says Deputy Byssel.

New York, April 17.—Germany is so hard pressed for man power that permanently disabled soldiers are retained in the army and cripples are called to the colors. This statement was made in the reichstag by Deputy Byssel, an independent socialist, on February 23, according to the Berlin Vorwaerts, a copy of which has been received here. Other deputies also laid bare sensational conditions prevailing in the German army.

The disclosures were made in a debate which was precipitated by a motion introduced by Deputies Mueller-Meinigen of the people's party; Fehrenbach, centrist party; Doctor Stresemann, national liberal, and Stuecklen, socialist, requesting the chancellor to see to it that the classes of 1869 and 1870 be discharged from the army as soon as possible and that the men of the landsturm who have been in active service since the beginning of the war and who have been one year in the front-line trenches be permanently transferred to the home reserves.

Ailing Cannot Be Replaced.

Deputy Byssel said it was explained that the men to question could not be withdrawn because they could not be replaced. He added:

"The resolution adopted by the reichstag two years ago providing for the discharge of persons permanently sick and unfit for service is not being acted upon. In the First reserve battalion of Infantry Regiment No. 61 a great many cripples have been drafted and the same is the case regarding Infantry Regiment No. 175 at Grunzenz. A man who had been stricken three times with apoplexy was accepted without examination as fit for service in the Hussar regiment at Groszenhain."

"Strikers and such persons as had caused offense politically are put into the army as a punishment. In Ruesstringen 20 men who joined the socialist party on January 3 were drafted into the army on February 14."

Officers Fed; Soldiers Hungry.

"The soldiers in general complain of insufficient and bad food. What becomes of the food articles which are supplied the army? The noncommissioned officers employed in the canteens continually take food home. In such manner some individuals enrich themselves by taking what belongs to the soldiers. Many officers eat as much as they like, while the soldiers received bad meat. There are new troops who have been named 'hunger companies'."

The motions under discussion were adopted by the reichstag.

THIRD VOTE ON IRISH DRAFT

British Man-Power Bill Carried in House of Commons by Vote of 301 to 103.

London, April 17.—The third reading of the government's man-power bill was carried in the house of commons by a vote of 301 to 103. Besides extending conscription to Ireland, the measure combs out many of the heretofore exempted working folk. Premier Lloyd George said in the house: "It is desirable in the interest of the war that we should settle the Irish question and produce something like contentment in Ireland and good will in America."

George N. Barnes, labor member of the British war cabinet without portfolio, announced in the house that the government intended to introduce a home rule bill immediately and would use every pressure to pass it.

DANIELS FLIES OVER CAPITAL

Secretary of the Navy Accompanies Aviator Doherty in Hydroplane.

Washington, April 17.—Secretary Daniels was a passenger with Lieutenant Doherty, a naval aviator, in a 20-minute flight over the capital. A service hydroplane was used.

HUN GUN KILLS PARIS WOMAN

Another Woman and Man Hurt by Long-Range Shell Fire, Says Official Announcement.

Paris, April 17.—Shells from the long-range German guns killed one woman and wounded one man in the Paris district, according to an official statement.

TORONTO STOCKYARDS BURN

Harris Abattoir Company Plant Destroyed, With Loss of Probably \$2,000,000.

Toronto, April 17.—The fire which started late at night on a loading platform of the Harris Abattoir company plant at the Union stockyards destroyed three-quarters of the big plant. The loss probably will exceed \$2,000,000.



Red-blooded men of courage are on the bring line—and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pinchy" or pale skin.

Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alterative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in sixty-cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

A good purge should be taken once a week even by persons who have a movement daily, in order to eliminate matter which may remain and cause a condition of auto-intoxication, poisoning the whole system. To clean the system at least once a week is to practice health measures. There is nothing so good for this purpose as tiny pills made up of the May-apple, leaves of aloe and jalap, and sold by almost all druggists in this country as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, sugar-coated, easy to take.

Married Life. As a girl pictures it: A novel, a rocking chair and a box of candy. As it really is: A washtub, a cook stove and a sewing machine.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Cuticura Beauty Doctor For cleansing and beautifying the skin, hands and hair, Cuticura Soap and Ointment afford the most effective preparations. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Lovely Compliment. Mrs. Parvenu ran an eager eye over the Tatler's report of the dinner party. Presently she came to this: "Mrs. Parvenu attracted universal attention by the gaucheries so characteristic of the nouveau riche."

"My! Ain't that a lovely compliment!" she exclaimed ecstatically.—Boston Transcript.

Time for Him to Flee. "William," said Mrs. Peckham sternly, "did you ever stop to think that someone might steal me when you were away?"

"Well," responded the poor husband, with a far-away look, "I was a little alarmed when a horse thief was prowling through these parts last week."

Mrs. Peckham stiffened up haughtily.

"A horse thief, eh?" "Yes, I heard that he carried off two or three bags from this district." And then Peckham made a bee-line for the door.

Demand on Demand. "The war is demanding great things of us, but it's a holy war, and we don't mind."

The speaker was a representative. He continued: "No, we don't mind—on the contrary, we're glad—but the war's demands, somehow, remind me of Smithers."

"Smithers entered a hatter's and produced a very dirty check to cash for

WHERE FARMING IS PROFITABLE

The Future of Great Possibilities.

Some idea of the great wealth that the Western Canada farmer had in view a few years ago is now being realized. The amount received from the sale of wheat, oats, barley, flax and rye in 1917 was \$270,000,000, while the sales of live stock at Winnipeg alone netted \$400,000,000 additional. Of this sum logs alone gave over eleven million dollars. The increases at Calgary and Edmonton were over 64 million dollars.

This money, so easily earned, is being spent in improvements in farm property, purchasing additional land, buying tractors, automobiles, and improving home conditions, providing electric light, steam heat, new furniture, pianos, buying Victory bonds, paying off old debts, etc.

Over five hundred tractors were sold in Southern Alberta in 1917. One implement agent reports that the increase in his business in 1917, over that of 1916, was equal to the total business in 1915. It is the same story all over the country. And it is not this evidence alone which proves the advancement and growth of the three prairie provinces, but the large increase in the number of settlers; the improvement in the extent of the cultivated areas and agricultural production; the increase in value of which over 1916 was \$77,000,000.

This wonderful progress that has been made in agriculture in Western Canada is but the beginning which marks the future of the greatest agricultural country on the continent, showing a future of great possibilities. There are millions of acres yet unutilized, and of land as good as any of that which is now giving its owners a return of from twenty to thirty dollars an acre, figures that in many cases represent the cost of the land, with all cultivation costs included. It is true that the cost of production has increased during the past few years, but the price of the product has also increased to a figure which leaves a large balance to the credit of the producer.

The following table shows how this works out:

	1913	1917
FARM NEEDS,		
Machinery—		
Self binder	100	100
Mower	70	38
6 H. P. gas engine	250	115
Seed drill	122	60
Cream separator	87	35

	1913	1917
Building—		
Bathroom, sink and septic tank	300	127
Pressure tank system	156	118
Steel shingles, per 100 sq. ft.	7	4
Lumber, per 1,000 ft.	28	17
Hamlock	47	32
Bricks, per M.	16	8
Cement, per 350 lbs.	2.5	1.2
Steel fence, 40 rods.	15	10
Paint, per 10 gals.	25	19
Pianos	440	215

Clothing and food—
Sugar, per cwt. 6.2 4.9
Cottonseed, per ton. 50 24
Lined, per ton. 50 25
Blue serge suit. 31 17

Percentage increases are shown too in another way, leading to the same conclusion, from consultation of the Department of Labor's review of prices. Taking 100 as the index number of normal production in the decade from 1890 to 1900, the increases in prices of farm products have slightly outdistanced the increases in his needs.

	1913	1916	1917
Grains and fodder	138	200	280
Animals and meats	170	213	293
Dairy produce	145	184	229
Build. materials	143	179	229
House furn'gs	126	163	205
Implement	105	139	190

—Advertisement.

NERVES GAVE OUT

Serious Kidney Trouble Had Made Life Miserable, But Doan's Removed All the Trouble. Hasn't Suffered Since.

"I had such severe pains in my back," says Mrs. Albert Akrod, 304 W. Indiana Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa., "that they almost doubled me up. Many a day I could not do my housework and at every move it seemed as if my back would break in two. My feet and ankles swelled until I had to wear large-sized slippers and sometimes I couldn't stand up."

"I had dizzy spells and dreadful headaches and fiery flashes passed before my eyes. A heavy weight had been resting on my head, the pain could not have been more distressing. The least noise startled me, I was so nervous, I couldn't control the kidney secretions and the pain in passage was awful."

"It began to look as though my case was beyond the reach of medicine until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. The first box benefited me and four boxes cured all the troubles. I have had no further cause for complaint."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

RAINBOW'S END A Novel

By REX BEACH Author of "The Iron Trail," "The Spoilers," "Heart of the Sunset," Etc.

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FOREWORD

The Cuba of the days of Weyler and Gomez and the ragged, half-starved bands of "insurrectos" furnishes an admirable background for this delightful story, in which love, war and the search for a buried treasure are the principal strands that are interwoven to make a plot that is worthy of the mind of Rex Beach. The author of "The Spoilers," "The Barrier," and other stirring tales, has produced his most thrilling story in "Rainbow's End."

CHAPTER I

The Valley of Delight.

In all probability your first view of the valley of the Yumuri will be from the Hermitage of Montserrat, for it is there that the cocheros drive you. There you overlook the fairest sight in all Christendom—the loveliest valley in the world, as Humboldt called it—the Yumuri nestles right at your feet, a vale of pure delight, a glimpse of Paradise that bewilders the eye and fills the soul with ecstasy.

Standing beside the shrine of Our Lady of Montserrat, you will see beyond the cleft through which the river emerges another hill, La Cumbre, from which the view is wonderful, and your driver may tell you about the splendid homes that used to grace its slopes in the golden days when Cuba had an aristocracy. Your cochero may point out a certain grove of orange trees, now little more than a rank tangle, and tell you about the quinta of Don Esteban Varona, and its hidden treasure; about little Esteban and Rosa, the twins; and about Sebastian, the giant slave, who died in fury, taking with him the secret of the well.

The Spanish Main is rich in tales of treasure-trove, for when the Antilles were most affluent they were least secure, and men were put to strange shifts to protect their fortunes. Certain hoards, like jewels of tragic history, in time assumed a sort of evil personality, not infrequently exercising a dire influence over the lives of those who came to fall under their spells. It was as if the money were accursed, for certainly the seekers often came to evil. Of such a character was the Varona treasure. Don Esteban himself was neither better nor worse than other men of his time, and although part of the money he hid was wrung from the toll of slaves and the traffic in their bodies, much of it was clean enough, and in time the earth purified it all. Since his acts made so deep an impress, and since the treasure he left played so big a part in the destinies of those who came after him, it is well that some account of these matters should be given.

The story, please remember, is an old one; it has been often told, and in the telling and retelling it is but natural that a certain glamour, a certain tropical extravagance, should attach to it, therefore you should make allowance for some exaggeration, some necronations due to the lapse of time. In the main, however, it is well authenticated and runs parallel to fact.

Donna Rosa Varona lived barely long enough to learn that she had given birth to twins. Don Esteban, whom people knew as a grim man, took the blow of his sudden bereavement as became one of his strong fiber. Leaving the priest upon his knees and the doctor busied with the babies, he strode through the house and out into the sunset, followed by the wails of the slave women.

Don Esteban was at heart a selfish man, and now, therefore, he felt a silent, fierce resentment mingled with his grief. What trick was this? he asked himself. What had he done to merit such misfortune? Had he not made rich gifts to the church? Had he not knelt and prayed for his wife's safe delivery and then hung his gifts upon the sacred image, as Loyola had hung up his weapons before that counterpart of Our Lady? Don Esteban scowled at the memory, for those gems were of the finest.

He looked up from his unhappy musings to find a gigantic bare-footed negro standing before him. The slave was middle-aged; his kinky hair was growing gray; but he was of superb proportions, and the muscles which showed through the rents in his cotton garments were as smooth and supple as those of a stripling. His black face was puckered with grief, as he began:

"Master, is it true that Donna Rosa—"

God was jealous and took here to Paradise." "Paradise! What is this but Paradise?" He stared with resentful eyes at the beauty round about him. "See! The Yumuri!" Don Esteban flung a long arm outward. "Do you think there is a sight like that in heaven? Paradise indeed! I gave her everything. She gained nothing by dying."

With a grave thoughtfulness which proved him superior to the ordinary slave, Sebastian replied:

"True! She had all that any woman's heart could desire, but in return for your goodness she gave you children. You have lost her, but you have gained an heir, and a beautiful girl baby who will grow to be another Donna Rosa. I grieved as you grieve, once upon a time, for my woman died in childbirth, too. You remember? But my daughter lives, and she has brought sunshine into my old age. That is the purpose of children." He paused and shifted his weight uncertainly, digging his stiff black toes into the dirt. After a time he said, slowly: "Excellency! Now, about the well—"

"Yes. What about it?" "Did the Donna Rosa confide her share of the secret to anyone? Those priests and those doctors, you know—"

"She died without speaking." "Then it rests between you and me?" "It does, unless you have babbled." "Master!" Sebastian drew himself up and there was real dignity in his black face.

"Understand, my whole fortune is there—everything, even to the deeds of patent for the plantations. If I thought there was danger of you betraying me I would have your tongue pulled out and your eyes torn from their sockets."

The black man spoke with a simplicity that carried conviction: "Times are unsettled, Don Esteban, and death comes without warning. You are known to be the richest man in this province and these government officials are robbers. Suppose—I should be left alone? What then?"

The planter considered for a moment. "Well, when my children are old enough to hold their tongues they will have to be told. If I'm gone, you shall be the one to tell them. Now leave me; this is no time to speak of such things."

Sebastian went as noiselessly as he had come. On his way back to his quarters he took the path to the well—the place where most of his time was ordinarily spent. Sebastian had dug this well, and with his own hands he had beautified its surroundings until they were the loveliest on the Varona grounds. It was Sebastian's task to keep this place green, and thither he took his way, from force of habit.

Through the twilight came Pancho Cueto, the manager, a youngish man, with a narrow face and bold, close-set eyes. Spying Sebastian, he began:

"So Don Esteban has an heir at last?"

The slave rubbed his eyes with the heel of his huge yellow palm and answered, respectfully:

"Yes, Don Pancho. Two little angels, a boy and a girl." His gray brows drew together in a painful frown. "Donna Rosa was a saint. No doubt there is great rejoicing in heaven at her coming. Eh? What do you think?"

"Um! Possibly. Don Esteban will miss her for a time and then, I dare say, he will marry." At the negro's exclamation Cueto said: "So! And why not? Everybody knows how rich he is. From Oriente to Pinar del Rio the women have heard about his treasure."

"What treasure?" asked Sebastian, after an instant's pause.

Cueto's dark eyes gleamed resentfully at this show of ignorance, but he laughed.

"Ho! There's a careful fellow for you! No wonder he trusts you. But do you think I have neither eyes nor ears? My good Sebastian, you know all about that treasure; in fact, you know far more about many things than Don Esteban would care to have you tell. Come now, don't you?"

Sebastian's face was like a mask carved from ebony. "Of what does this treasure consist?" he inquired. "I have never heard about it."

"Of gold, of jewels, of silver bars and precious ornaments," Cueto's head was thrust forward, his nostrils were dilated, his teeth gleamed. "Oh, it is something about, as you very well know! Bah! Don't deny it. I'm no fool. What becomes of the money from the slave girls, eh? And the sugar crops, too? Does it go to buy arms and ammunition for the rebels? No. Don Esteban hides it, and you help him. Come," he cried, disregarding Sebastian's murmurs of protest, "did you ever think how fabulous that fortune must be by this time? Did you ever think that one little gem, one bag of gold, would buy your freedom?"

"Don Esteban has promised to buy my freedom and the freedom of my girl."

"So?" The manager was plainly surprised. "I didn't know that. After a moment he began to laugh. "And yet you pretend to know nothing about that treasure? Ha! You're a good boy, Sebastian, and so I am. I admire you. We're both loyal to our master, eh? But now about Evangelina."

Cueto's face took on a craftier expression. "She is a likely girl, and when she grows up she will be worth more than you, her father. Don't forget that Don Esteban is before all else a business man. Be careful that some one doesn't make him so good an offer for your girl that he will forget his promise and—sell her."

Sebastian uttered a hoarse, guttural cry and the whites of his eyes showed through the gloom. "He would never sell Evangelina!"

Cueto laughed aloud once more. "Of course! He would not dare, eh? I am only teasing you. But see! You have given yourself away. Everything you tell me proves that you know all about that treasure."

"I know but one thing," the slave declared, stiffening himself slowly, "and that is to be faithful to Don Esteban." He turned and departed, leaving Pancho Cueto staring after him meditatively.

In the days following the birth of his children and the death of his wife, Don Esteban Varona, as had been his custom, steered a middle course in politics, in that way managing to avoid a clash with the Spanish officials who ruled the island, or an open break with his Cuban neighbors, who rebelled beneath their wrongs. Esteban dealt diplomatically with both factions and went on raising slaves and sugar to his own great profit.

The twins, Esteban and Rosa, developed into healthy children and became the pride of Sebastian and his daughter. Into whose care they had been given. As for Evangelina, the young negress, she grew tall and strong and handsome, until she was the finest slave girl in the neighborhood.

Then, one day, Don Esteban Varona remarried, and the Donna Isabel, who had been a famous Habana beauty, came to live at the quinta. The daughter of impoverished parents, she had heard and thought much about the mysterious treasure of La Cumbre.

Before the first fervor of his honeymoon cooled the groom began to fear that he had made a serious mistake. Donna Isabel, he discovered, was both vain and selfish. Not only did she crave luxury and display, but with singular persistence she demanded to know all about her husband's financial affairs.

Now Don Esteban was no longer young; age had soured him with suspicion, and when once he saw himself as the victim of a mercenary marriage he turned bitterly against his wife. Her curiosity he sullenly resented, and he unblushingly denied his possession of any considerable wealth. In fact, he tried with malicious ingenuity to make her believe him a poor man. But Isabel was not of the sort to be readily deceived. Finding her arts and coquetties of no avail, she flew into a rage, and a furious quarrel ensued—the first of many. For the lady could not rest without knowing all there was to know about the treasure.

She searched the quinta, of course, whenever she had a chance, but she discovered nothing—with the result that the mystery began to engross her whole thought. She tried into the obscurest corners, she questioned the slaves, she lay awake at night listening to Esteban's breathing, in the hope of surprising his secret from his dreams. At length a time came when they lived in frank enmity; when Isabel never spoke to Esteban except in reproach or anger, and when Esteban unlocked his lips only to taunt his wife with the fact that she had been thwarted despite her cunning.

It was only natural under such conditions that Donna Isabel should learn to dislike her stepchildren—Esteban had told her frankly that they would inherit whatever fortune he possessed. As may be imagined, she found ways to vent her spite upon the twins. She widened her hatred so as to include old Sebastian and his daughter, and even went so far as to persecute Evangelina's sweetheart, a slave named Asensio.

It had not taken Donna Isabel long to guess the reason for Sebastian's many privileges, and one of her first efforts had been to win the old man's confidence. It was in vain, however, that she flattered and caajoed, or stormed and threatened; Sebastian withstood her as a towering colossus with the summer heat and the winter hurricane.

His firmness made her vindictive, and so in time she laid a scheme to estrange him from his master.

Donna Isabel was crafty. She began to complain about Evangelina, but it was only after many months that she ventured to suggest to her husband that he sell the girl. Esteban, of course, refused point-blank; he was too fond of Sebastian's daughter, he declared, to think of such a thing.

"So, that is it," sneered Donna Isabel. "Well, she is young and shapely and handsome, as wenches go. I rather suspected you were fond of her—"

With difficulty Esteban restrained an oath. "You mistake my meaning," he said stiffly. "Sebastian has served me faithfully, and Evangelina plays with my children. She is good to them; she is more of a mother to them than you have ever been."

"Is that why you dress her like a lady? Bah! A likely story!" Isabel

tossed her fine, dark head. "I'm not blind; I see what goes on about me. I won't have that wench in my house."

Goaded to fury by his wife's senseless accusation, Esteban cried: "Your house? By what license do you call it yours?"

"Am I not married to you?" "Yes—as a leech is married to its victim. You suck my blood."

"Your blood!" The woman laughed shrilly. "You have no blood; your veins run vinegar. You are a miser."

"Miser! Miser! I grow sick of the word. It is all you find to taunt me with. Confess that you married me for my money," he roared.

"Of course I did! Do you think a woman of my beauty would marry you for anything else? But a fine bargain I made!"

"Vampire!" "Wife or vampire, I intend to rule this house, and I refuse to be shamed by a thick-lipped African. Her airs tell her story. She is insolent to me, but—I shan't endure it. She laughs at me. Well, your friends shall laugh at you."

"Silence!" commanded Esteban. "Sell her, or—"

Without waiting to hear her threat Esteban tossed his arms about his head and fled from the room. Flinging himself into the saddle, he spurred down the hill and through the town to the Casino de Espanol, where he spent the night at cards with the Spanish officials. But he did not sell Evangelina.

In the days that followed many similar scenes occurred, and as Esteban's home life grew more unhappy his dissatisfactions increased. He drank and gambled heavily; he brought his friends to the quinta with him, and strove to forget domestic unpleasantness in boisterous revelry.

His wife, however, found opportunities enough to weary and exasperate him with reproaches regarding the slave girl.

CHAPTER II

Spanish Gold.

The twins were seven years old when Donna Isabel's schemes bore their first bitter fruit, and the occasion was a particularly uproarious night when Don Esteban entertained a crowd of his Castilian friends. Little Rosa was awakened at a late hour by the laughter and shouts of her father's guests. She was afraid, for there was something strange about the voices, some quality to them which was foreign to the child's experience. Creeping into her brother's room, she awoke him, and



"Your Father Has Sold Me to Him!"

together they listened. Rosa began to whimper, and when Esteban tried to reassure her his own voice was thin and ready for flight.

In the midst of their agitation they heard some one weeping; there came a rush of feet down the hallway, and the next instant Evangelina flung herself into the room.

She fell upon her knees before them. "Little master! Little mistress!" she sobbed. "You will save me, won't you? We love each other, eh? See then, what a crime this is! Say that you will save me!"

The children were frightened, but they managed to quaver: "What has happened? Who has harmed you?" "Don Pablo Peza," wept the negress. "Your father has sold me to him—lost me at cards. Oh, I shall die! Sebastian won't believe it. He is praying. And Asensio— But what can they do to help me? You alone can save me. You won't let Don Pablo take me away? It would kill me!"

"Wait!" Esteban scrambled out of bed and stood before his dusky nurse and playmate. "Don't cry any more. I'll tell papa that you don't like Don Pablo."

Rosa followed. "Yes, come along, brother," she cried, shrilly. "We'll tell Don Pablo to go home and leave our Evangelina."

"My blessed doves! But will they listen to you?" moaned the slave.

"Papa does whatever we ask," they assured her, gravely. "If he should grow well he will come back and hide you in the big wardrobe where nobody will ever find you." Then hand in hand, with their long nightgowns lifted to their knees, they pattered out into the hall and down toward the living room, whence came the shouting and the laughter.

Don Mario de Castano, who was facing the door, stopped in the midst of a rhapsodic song to cry: "God be praised! What's this I see?"

The others looked and then burst into merriment, for across the litter of cards and dice and empty glasses they saw a dimpled girl and boy, as like as two peas. They were just out of bed; they were peering through the smoke, and blinking like two little owls.

"So! You awaken the household with your songs," some one chided Don Mario.

"Two cherubs from heaven," another exclaimed.

But the father lurched forward, a frown upon his face. "What is this, my dears?" he inquired, thickly. "Run back to your beds. This is no place for you."

"We love Evangelina," piped the twins. "You must not let Don Pablo have her—if you please."

"Evangelina?" They nodded. "We love her. . . . She plays with us every day. . . . We want her to stay here. . . . She belongs to us."

Accustomed as they were to prompt compliance with their demands, they spoke imperiously; but they had never seen a frown like this upon their father's face.

"Go to your rooms, my sweethearts," Don Esteban directed.

"We want Evangelina. She belongs to us," they chorused, stubbornly.

Don Pablo shook with laughter. "So! She belongs to you, eh? And I'm to be robbed of my winnings. Very well, then, come and give me a kiss, both of you, and I'll see what can be done."

But the children saw that Don Pablo's face was strangely flushed, that his eyes were wild and his magnificent beard was wet with wine; therefore they hung back.

"You won your bet fairly," Esteban growled at him. "Pay no heed to these babies."

"Evangelina is ours," the little ones bravely repeated.

Then their father exploded: "The devil! Am I dreaming? Where have you learned to oppose me? Back to your beds, both of you." Seeing them hesitate, he shouted for his wife. "Ho, there! Isabel, my love! Come put these lumps to rest. Or must I teach them manners with my palm? A fine thing, truly! Are they to be allowed to roam the house at will and get a fever?"

Mere mention of their stepmother's name was enough for Rosa and Esteban; they scuttled away as fast as they could go, and when Donna Isabel came to their rooms, a few moments later, she found them in their beds, with their eyes deceitfully squeezed shut. Evangelina was cowering in a corner. Isabel had overheard the wager, and her soul was evilly alight; she jerked the slave girl to her feet and with a blow of her palm sent her to her quarters. Then she turned her attention to the twins. When she left them they were weeping silently, both for themselves and for Evangelina, whom they dearly loved.

Day was breaking when Esteban Varona bade his guests good-by at the door of his house. As he stood there Sebastian came to him out of the mists of the dawn. He was half crazed from apprehension, and now cast himself prone before his master, begging for Evangelina.

The secret of the hiding place of the buried treasure dies with the two men who possess it. How this happened is told in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

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The Alert Auditor.
"Anybody pay much attention to your speech?" "One person," replied Senator Sorghum. "The word engineer was obliged to get every word of it."

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NEW PROSPECT

Oscar Suemnicht of Cascade called on relatives here Wednesday. Robert Ludwig of Batavia called on friends in the village Sunday. Carl Heberer of Beechwood Valley was here on business Wednesday. Orin Worden of Lake Seven was a pleasant village caller Wednesday. Dr. P. E. Weber and E. Bowen of Dundee were village callers Friday. Oscar Bartelt of Waucousta called on Wm. Bartelt and family Wednesday. Peter Krenn of Waucousta was a business caller in the village Wednesday. The A. S. of E. met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Romaine returned from their wedding trip on Thursday. Peter Uelmen of Campbellsport spent Sunday and Monday with his children here. Gust Pflitter and nephew of Campbellsport visited with John Tunn and family Sunday. Miss Helen Trelesen spent from Friday until Monday with her parents near Fond du Lac. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Butzke of Kewaskum visited with Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Kohn Sunday. Wm. Krueger and family of Cascade were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen Sunday. Wm. Meyers, son Charles and wife of Waucousta spent Wednesday with Wm. Jandre and family. Herman Backhaus and family of New Paine spent Tuesday evening with friends in the village. Walter Pflits of New Paine and Chas. Krueger Jr. of Lake Fifteen called on Emil Bartelt Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilhelmson of Forest Lake spent Monday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Walsh. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bartelt and daughter of Waucousta spent Sunday with August Bartelt and family. Mrs. Richard Hornbush and children of Waucousta called on Mr. and Mrs. Herman Jandre Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Banzel and Mrs. P. Bell of St. Mathias spent Tuesday with relatives in the village. Mr. and Mrs. John Ringel attended the funeral of the latter's sister, Mrs. Albert Fuchs at Milwaukee Tuesday. Miss Olive Rinzi who spent two weeks with Mrs. M. T. Kohn, returned to her home at St. Mathias Saturday.

Mrs. Harry Koch and daughter Leah returned home Thursday from a few days visit with relatives at Waldo. Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Meyer were the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Meyer at Cascade Wednesday. Mrs. A. Krueger returned home Sunday from a ten days visit with her son, Wm. Krueger and family at Cascade. Lester Kohn returned home Sunday from a month's visit with his grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kleinhans at Elmore. Oscar Bartelt and family of Waucousta and Venes Van Fas and family of Adell were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Romaine and son John of Fond du Lac were the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Romaine and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Meyer, son John, Mrs. Frank Bowen and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Uelmen at Campbellsport Friday evening. A meeting will be held in Tunn's hall next Wednesday evening, April 24th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a Red Cross society. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

FIVE CORNERS

Mrs. Herman Sabisch and children spent Monday with Mrs. Christ Becker. George Bingenheimer of Fond du Lac spent Sunday at the Christ Haug home. Mr. and Mrs. Christ Hall spent Sunday with the Jake Stoffel family at Ashford. Mr. and Mrs. Mat. Thill and son Clarence spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Rauch. Mrs. Gust. Warnardt and daughters Linda and Olga and son Walter autoed to Jackson Sunday. Mrs. Emma Krueger and sons Oscar, Wallace and Frank were Dundee callers Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bunkelman of Farmington spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Nordhaus. Miss Lazetta Schaefer and nephew Johnnie Schaefer of Kewaskum are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Christ Hall. Mr. and Mrs. O. Hendricks and children of North Oseola visited here last Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Steinacker and children visited with the Ed. Berlin family in Auburn last Sunday.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

WAUCOUSTA

Walter Bartelt purchased a Ford car last week. H. Denner of Fond du Lac was a caller here Friday. Supt. W. Duell of Fond du Lac visited the school here last Friday. Mr. and Mrs. H. Dann and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartelt spent Friday at Fond du Lac. Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Burnet and children were Campbellsport callers Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. E. Ford and sons Edward and John were Fond du Lac visitors Sunday. Miss Esther Exner and Miss Hatfield and Roland Baskett spent Saturday at Ripon. Private Herman Schultz of Camp Grant spent Thursday and Friday with relatives here. Arthur Engels, Miss Anna Engels and John Engels and Mr. and Mrs. Martin Engels spent Sunday at the Louis Buslaff home.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

LAKE FIFTEEN

Al. Harrington spent Monday at Fond du Lac. Mr. and Mrs. Otto Krueger were at Kewaskum Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Calhoun were Kewaskum callers Thursday. Herman Butzke was a business caller at Kewaskum Monday. Miss Catherine Harrington attended church at Dundee last Sunday. Miss Catherine and Willie Harrington were at Kewaskum Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kurrow and family spent Sunday at Beechwood. Willie Wunder was a caller at the home of Herman Weinbauer Sunday. Miss Ella Kruewald and Mrs. Wm. Wunder drove to Kewaskum Monday. Misses Lorinda and Aleda Kurrow visited with Miss Mabel Romaine Sunday. Chas. Krueger and son Chas. and Walter White spent Monday evening at Dundee. Mr. and Mrs. Al. Kurrow and family were joy riding in their Jeffrey car Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Herman Krueger and sons spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Otto Krueger. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ellison of Plymouth spent last Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Otto Krueger. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Krueger, son Chas. and daughter Clara were West Bend visitors Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Butzke Jr. and son Harry spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Butzke. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Krueger, son Chas. and daughter spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kratin. Chas. Krueger, a member of the council of defense attended a meeting held at Fond du Lac last Tuesday. Adam Smith of Milwaukee spent from Saturday until Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Al. Harrington and family. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Krueger and son Chas. spent Thursday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Krueger at New Prospect. Mr. and Mrs. Herman Butzke and family and Mr. and Mrs. Willie Wunder were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Butzke on Tuesday evening.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

ASHFORD

Mrs. Barbara Thelen is laid up with rheumatism. John Hurt of Milwaukee spent last Monday here. Frank Seiler Sr. has purchased a new Ford car. Mrs. John Fleishman is recovering from a recent illness. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jaeger Sr. spent Sunday at Fond du Lac. Mrs. John Scholer of Auburndale is visiting relatives here. John Sturm of North Dakota spent Sunday with his brother, Wm. Sturm. Mike Hall Sr. and family spent Sunday with Jac. Stoffel and family. Mrs. John McVoy of Eden spent Monday with the Frank Reimer family. Henry Manel and family of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with L. Hall and family. Wm. Driekosen and M. Driekosen of Wauwatosa spent Monday at Fond du Lac. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jaeger visited with their son Frank at Elmore on Thursday. George Schutz of Milwaukee will work this summer for his uncle, Anton Driekosen. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Braun and children of St. Cloud spent Sunday with relatives here. Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Weyer and daughter and Mrs. Weyer Sr. spent Sunday at Lomira. Mrs. Joseph Boisbier Sr. is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. M. Sewer who is ill. Mike Driekosen and family and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and son of Wauwatosa spent Sunday here. The funeral of Wm. Hall which was held here last Saturday was one of the largest held in Ashford.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

CEDAR LAWN

C. E. Tripp of North Egan called here last Sunday. The town board of Ashford met here last Saturday. Frank Bauer of Campbellsport called here on Tuesday. William Jaeger of Ashford was here on business Tuesday. Mrs. August Hoerth made a business trip to Lomira on Tuesday. T. W. Wolnor of Whitewater is canvassing this section for milk cows. Two mixed Durham bulls for sale. Inquire of John L. Gudex, Campbellsport, Wis. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gudex and children of North Oseola visited here last Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Steinacker and children visited with the Ed. Berlin family in Auburn last Sunday.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

BEECHWOOD

Miss Adalia Hintz left last Thursday for Waldo, where she will be employed for some time. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schultz of Milwaukee were pleasant callers at Aug. Hoffmann's last Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kratin and Mr. and Mrs. August Butzke spent Sunday with the John Hintz family. Martha Hintz and Arthur Staege Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schultz and family and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schultz and family of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schultz and Grandpa Schultz.—Buy Liberty Bonds—

KEWASKUM

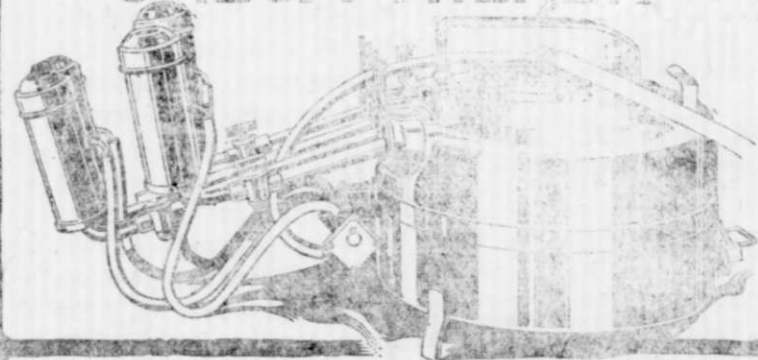
All airplanes manufactured in the United States for the Army and Navy will bear a red, white and blue bull's-eye of three concentric circles, similar to the insignia of allied planes on the wings, and vertical red, white and blue stripes on the rudders. These markings were adopted by the joint Army and Navy Technical Aircraft Board and approved by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy.

ASK

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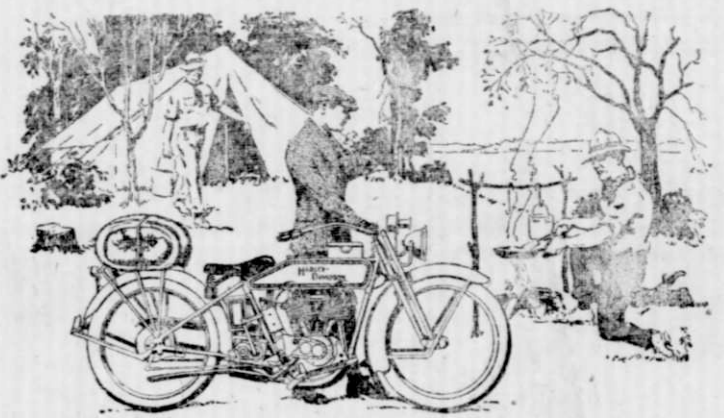
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