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Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXIII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1917

NUMBER 7

DUSTIN FARNUM AT THE MOVIES SUNDAY NIGHT

After leaving the university where he has been one of the greatest football stars in years, John Harkless (Dustin Farnum) plunges into the thick Indian politics through purchasing the Platville Herald and fearlessly smashing the corrupt political machine of Rodney McCune.

While this in a few words describes the gist of the play it by no means conveys to the reader the wonderful photoplay that has been built around Booth Tarkington's very human story. Pen and ink cannot describe the smoothness of the action, the transition from scene to scene as Mr. Farnum lives, not acts, the part of the character he is portraying.

To the man or woman who was born in a small town the "Main Street" of Platville will seem like a picture of the old homestead. To the city born it will bring a view of what a country town really looks like. And the characters are the everyday persons one meets in a town of this kind. The local political "boss"; the university professor, who had fallen from grace by his love for liquor, reforms when offered a helping hand; the leader of the "Whitecaps" and his crew of ruffians; the girl who has been adopted by her aunt in the city, all are true to life.

Fof those who like a strong love story, of a real man and a real woman, will not be disappointed. Every human element is offered. And last, but not least, special music has been written and adapted for this production; music that is suited to every foot of the film. You will enjoy it from beginning to end.

Amusements

Sunday evening, November 4—Grand opening dance in the Opera House. Music by Gibson's Harp Orchestra of Appleton. Everybody come and have a good time.

Sunday, October 21—Grand duck tournament at Chas. Brussels's place, Wayne. Warm lunch will be served. All are invited.

Thursday evening, October 25th—Entertainment at the Opera House by the Dvorak Trio, for the benefit of our soldier boys. Let everyone attend.

Sunday, Oct. 21—Grand duck and goose tournament at Wm. Hess' place at New Fane. A fine lot of poultry will be disposed off at this tournament, so come one, come all.

WITH SIGNAL CORPS.

Emmet Doyle, of Campbellsport, youngest brother of former Mayor T. L. Doyle, of Fond du Lac, has enlisted in the Signal Corps of the United States Army and is now stationed at Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan.

Mr. Doyle was employed at Campbellsport as a lineman.

Rosenheimer's Big Fall Sale

The Annual Fall Sale at L. Rosenheimers will be held next week Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 24, 25 and 26. The firm are making great preparations to make this year's sale the biggest and best that they have ever held. They are making great sacrifices in the large number of bargains offered in every department which will mean a great saving to you. A sale bill will be mailed to you within the next few days, kindly read same over very carefully, and make out your list of what you want to buy. All the employes of the store have been very busy this week, getting ready for this sale. You cannot afford to miss this sale, when you can purchase goods at such a reduced prices in war time.

Dancing Social

A grand October dance social will be given Wednesday, October 24th, at Schrauth's River Bank hall at Elmore. Good music will be furnished. Refreshments of all kinds will be served and a good time is assured to all who attend. You are cordially invited to this dance.

DEATH OF HENRY WITTENBERG

Henry Wittenberg, who had been suffering with a complication of diseases for the past several years passed away in death at his home at Five Corners on Tuesday morning at two o'clock, October 16th, 1917, at the age of 47 years, 9 months and 1 day.

Mr. Wittenberg was born on Jan. 15th, 1870 at Cedarburg, Wis., where he grew to manhood. On January 6th, 1894, he was married to Miss Johanne Schaefer, who preceded him in death on November 21st, 1916. This union was blessed with four children all of whom survive, and whose names are: Clarence and Erma of Dundee; Henry and Wilbur of Five Corners.

The diseased, who for a number of years, conducted a saloon in this village, and later at Dundee, was a kind father, although suffering from ill health for many years, he bore them with patience and always tried to make the best of it.

The funeral which was largely attended was held on Thursday afternoon, with services in the Ev. Pace church, Rev. Mohme officiating. Interment took place in the congregation's cemetery.

The surviving relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of their many friends.

Mrs. Anna Leonard

On Monday, Oct. 8, 1917, Mrs. Anna Leonard passed away at her home 391 Oakland Ave., Milwaukee. Mrs. Leonard, whose maiden name was Anna Murphy, was born in the town of Wayne and lived there until she was 19 years old, when she went to Milwaukee, where she was married to M. Leonard of Racine. She leaves to mourn her demise her husband and five children, namely: Agnes, Mrs. Geo Wells of Racine; Alice, Mrs. Ray Seiberlich of Milwaukee; Edw. Florence and Ralph at home and two grand-children, one brother, John Murphy of Wayne and two sisters, Mary Murphy of Wayne and Mrs. N. Strong also survive her. That Mrs. Leonard was highly respected by all her friends was plainly shown by all the floral and spiritual offerings. The funeral was held Thursday morning from the Holy Rosary church, Father Roach officiating, after which the remains were taken to the Holy Cross cemetery.

Death of Mrs. August Miritz.

Mrs. August Miritz died Monday afternoon at her home in St. Paul at the age of 70 years. The body was brought to Fond du Lac Thursday afternoon for burial. The deceased is survived by her husband, one son, Otto Wenzel, and the following stepsons: Emil, of Fond du Lac; Herman, of Empire and Chas. of Ashford; two brothers, Ernest and Wm. Yoakum, of Green Bay; two sisters, Mrs. John Bohn, Clintonville, and Mrs. Chas. Cooper, Oklahoma.

JUDGE MARTIN LUECK SPEAKS

On Tuesday evening at the Opera House Judge Martin Lueck addressed an audience, encouraging the purchase of Liberty Bonds. He was introduced by Village President Wm. Ziegler.

Judge Lueck paid the Germans this tribute:

"No class of people have contributed more to the upbuilding of this nation than the Germans, they have played a prominent part in the making of the history of this republic and in the Revolutionary War, and in the Civil War the names of Germans were found among the leaders and today the people of German blood would furnish their just share to their country, America. They can only stand by the country in which they have prospered; they can only stand by the country wherein are their homes and their property which today, in common with people, with blood of other nations flowing in their veins, they must protect."

He urged them to be loyal to America now, and do what they can to bring the war to a successful close.

Similar Effect.

Some of those who get into the public eye aggravate said public eye like a cinder in the individual optic.—Atchison Globe.

DEDICATION SERVICES TO BE HELD SUNDAY

On Sunday, Oct. 21, the Evangelical Luth. Immanuel congregation in the town of Scott will dedicate its renovated church. Three services will be held on this occasion. In the morning services, which begin at 10 o'clock, Rev. E. Huebner from the town of Sheboygan, will preach in the German language. In the afternoon service, which begins at 2 P. M., Rev. J. Halboth from Cascade will deliver the sermon, also in the German language. In the evening at 7:30 P. M. there will be English service conducted by Rev. C. Gutekunst from New Fane. In all three services the choir of the congregation will render appropriate selections. All are cordially invited.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Quite a number of students were absent this week.

Louis Rawekamp from Oshkosh was a pleasant high school visitor last week Friday.

Elroy—name the tenses in the German. Present, past, perfect, pluperfect, future and present future. The Girl's Basket Ball Association elected the following officers: Manager, Corena Schaefer, Treasurer, Gertrude Mohme.

The Senior girls are lately singing the popular song entitled "Oh! Johnnie." I wonder why?

One of our most popular Senior girls has introduced a new hair comb. Instructions will be given free of charge to any person wishing to obtain the latest coiffure.

GRAMMAR ROOM NOTES

The Grammar room has organized a basket ball team. The following officers were elected: Manager, Elmer Martin, Captain, Lester Dreher, Treasurer Eldon Ramthun.

Lester Dreher was absent from school Wednesday morning.

Teacher—What is measured by the peck? Pupil—Milk.

The Seventh Grade Geography class has started to make a cloth map of Europe, and are pasting on the products. Next Wednesday the public school will write the first examination of this term.

Several pupils have prepared the first twenty-five drills to be sent to A. N. Palmer at Chicago, Ill., for examination.

70,000 REAL ESTATE SOLD

Following are just a few of Reilly & Ninneman's deals made during the past ten days:

Sold the Francis Devine farm of 120 acres, in the town of Eden, to James Ayes of Sheboygan, including personal property, consideration \$16,500.

The B. J. Jaeger eighty-acre farm in town of Ashford, to Francis Devine including personal property to John Mullen, of Ashford, consideration \$15,500.

John Wenzel house and lot in the village of Campbellsport, to B. J. Jaeger, consideration \$4,500.

The Francis Devine house and lot in Sheboygan to M. Keenan, of Sheboygan, consideration \$3,300.

The Slattery cheese factory, of town of Eden, to Math Keisse, of Adell, consideration \$10,000.

The above deals were made through the Reilly & Ninneman, Auctioneer & Real Estate Agency, of Cascade, Wis.

CO. E. MASCOT

When Company E went down to Camp Mills, they had with them a mascot in the shape of a raccoon. They promised to send the coon back to Campbellsport as soon as it was no longer possible for them to keep it.

Saturday the coon showed up at Campbellsport, having been sent to Herman Paas for safekeeping until the soldiers return home.

Under, drain and add a cup or so of raisins and pack into a buttered mold. Steam for 10 minutes turn on and serve with plenty of butter and scraped maple sugar.

Neenie Maxme

WHAT HAS KEWASKUM DONE FOR HER SOLDIER BOYS?

We wonder how many of our readers have given this matter thought. We at home in the regular pursuit of our daily work find it hard to realize that our great country is at war and it is only to those Mothers and Fathers who have had to part with their sons that this world war has made a deep impression.

A large number of our Volunteers and drafted men are away from home for the first time in their lives. Army life being so different from that of the chosen occupation of most of our boys, the uncertainty of how soon they will be allowed to return to their home again, their being stationed at various distant camps and contentments amid strangers and strange surroundings, all these have had their effect to at some time give the boys the "Blues" and make them homesick. What a disappointment to expectantly await mail—just a post card or letter from some friend or a package of "Eats" from home, with the rest of the boys happy with receipt of theirs, and picture our boys walking back from the camp post office, discouraged, down cast, homesick because their friends back home had so soon forgotten them. Most towns and cities have provided Canteen funds or Emergency funds for their boys. Is but fair that we ask ourselves have we done our duty to our boys? A few Kewaskum boys are already in France with Persching. Are they provided with sweaters to withstand the damp trenches and the cold, raw European winter? The Post Office department advises that but a week or two remain in which to mail Christmas boxes to the boys fighting at the front in France and Belgium. Do we know the names of the boys who are over there? Has any one provided a box to be sent over?

At a recent meeting these questions were asked and discussed and it was unanimously agreed that there was need for the community to get busy.

The STATESMAN wants the parents or relatives of all the boys who are in the service to give them their full names and present address. Their names will be placed on the "Roll of Honor" which will occupy one of our columns and appear each week. Thus every one will know where to write to. We want the readers of the STATESMAN to become a big family of letter writers. Let us all pledge ourselves to write at least once every two weeks to at least one of the boys we know.

Mr. Steve Wollensak, Elwyn Roimaine, Otto Lay, David Rosenheimer and A. L. Simon are a committee of five to devise means of raising the what we might call Emergency, Canteen or Red Cross fund. They have decided not to go around with subscription lists, but ask for your Community Loyalty in an entirely different way. They expect to give you value received for everything you give but they want your support to this good movement.

The Committee will provide various amusements during the coming winter months. They have just contracted with the University of Wisconsin Extension Division for three entertainment numbers, they propose to give us a big Home Talent Play, they will provide a High School Play and pull off some real good old fashioned dances, the kind that young and old will have their fun. Outside of the three contracted numbers and other incidental expenses every dollar raised will go into this "Our Boys Fund".

The Committee announces the date of the first number as Thursday, Oct. 25th, when the celebrated DVORAK TRIO will appear at the Opera House.

Every Loyal citizen who has the interest of our Soldier boys at heart should be at this first number. The bigger the audience the more assured that this movement will be a big success. Remember the date, Oct. 25th, next Thursday.

Are all the boys getting the home paper? Write your boy and if he does not get it let E. H. Rosenheimer Cashier of the Bank of Kewaskum know. He will see that he does get it.

Deny yourself that five or ten cent cigar once or twice a week and place the cash, so saved, in that little round glass jar that you will find on the desks in both the Bank of Kewaskum and The Farmers & Merchants State

(Continued on last page).

POPULAR ST. KILIAN YOUNG COUPLE WED

Miss Rose Straub and John M. Flasch of St. Kilian were quietly married at Fredonia, Tuesday, the Rev. Peter Flasch performing the ceremony.

The bride wore a plum colored suit of silk broadcloth, with a becoming white hat and white shoes. She carried a prayer book. The couple was attended by Miss Carrie Flasch, who wore a brown suit, with hat and shoes to match, and carried large yellow chrysanthemums. Gregory Straub was best man.

After the ceremony a delicious wedding breakfast was served at the parsonage, to the immediate relatives of the couple. Mr. and Mrs. Flasch left the same day for a two week's trip to the northern part of the state. They will be at home to their many friends on the groom's farm after November 1.

Miss Straub is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Casper Straub of St. Kilian and has a wide circle of friends. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Flasch of St. Kilian.

Others Opinion of Us.

The following clippings taken from our exchanges pay us high compliment for our addition of a standard linotype to the already complete and modern equipment this office now has. Accept our thanks, Brother Editors:

Install Machine

The Kewaskum Statesman has installed an Intertype casting machine because of the fact that the old Typograph machine had served its purpose. To-day the Statesman comes out in a neat dress and is one of the best little papers, typographically, on our exchange table. We wish success to Messrs. Harbeck & Schaefer, editor and manager respectively of the Statesman.—Random Lake Record.

The Kewaskum Statesman was printed last week from type composed on a new model "Z" Intertype. The machine is of standard make and ought to prove a valuable acquisition to the office. We wish Bros. Harbeck and Schaefer all kinds of success with the new equipment.—West Bend Pilot.

The Kewaskum Statesman, Messrs. Harbeck & Schaefer, publishers, has taken a step in the right direction by installing a modern typesetting machine. The machine was erected last week and this week's Statesman showed the good effects, which can only be gained from a slug casting machine. A model "Z" Intertype is the new acquisition. With this new equipment the proprietors had ought to give Kewaskum as good a little weekly paper as can be found in any like village in the state, and they are doing it. Every newspaper office in Washington County is now equipped with modern composing machines. As a matter of fact, a newspaper plant without a typesetting machine is working under the same disadvantage as a farmer would be without a self binder.—Harford Times.

To Be Congratulated.

The Kewaskum Statesman is to be congratulated on the installation of a new model "Z" Intertype. This addition to its equipment is another evidence of the progressiveness that has marked the career of the Statesman under its present management. We wish the paper success with its new machine.—Hartford Press.

LEAVES \$24,000

TO FIVE HEIRS

The will of August H. Backhaus of Lamartine, who died October 11, was filed together with a petition for admission to probate in county court Tuesday. The heirs are Alfred Backhaus, of Oakfield; Alphonse Backhaus, of Oakfield; Olga B. Ebow, of Waupun; Sylvia Henning of Eldorado; and Esther Koepke or Eldorado.

Mr. Backhaus left \$24,000 in personal property and \$20,000 in real estate. According to the provisions of the will, all the property would have gone to his wife had she been alive at the time of his death. Mrs. Backhaus being dead, the property will be divided among the children share and share alike.

JURY LIST FOR FOND DU LAC COUNTY PICKED

Thirty-six jury men have been drawn in Fond du Lac county, for the November term of Circuit Court which opens at Fond du Lac November 5. The jury commissioners, who had charge of the drawing are E. H. Lyons, of Fond du Lac; Frank Bowe, of Eldorado; and Anton Leonard, of Forest.

Following is the list of jurors chosen: J. A. Dwyer, Eldorado. C. E. Atkins, 225 Linden street, Fond du Lac. Spencer Hazen, Waupun. H. Wagenknecht, 260 Fourth Str., Fond du Lac. John Kennedy, 725 Wisconsin avenue, North Fond du Lac.

Louis Miller, 41 East Ninth street, Fond du Lac.

J. Warren, Hoyt, Rosendale. W. H. Randall, R. D. 2, Brandon. John Annen, 232 Doty street, Fond du Lac.

John Henney, 127 Sheboygan St., Fond du Lac. Ed. Murray, 64 E. Follett street, Fond du Lac.

Alvin Annis, R. D. 8, Fond du Lac. Wm. Gabel, 1004 Wisconsin avenue, North Fond du Lac.

Charles Hersey, R. D. 3, Fond du Lac. C. H. Martin, R. D. 6, Fond du Lac. Ed. Fischer, R. D. 32, Campbellsport.

Wm. Nargess, R. D. 34, Campbellsport. Theo. Laudoff, 140 Amory St., Fond du Lac.

H. D. Vinton, 137 Sixth Main Str., Fond du Lac. Fred Kukuk, 418 South Main St., Fond du Lac.

Dan O'Rourke, 1006 Minnesota avenue, North Fond du Lac. Robert Byrnes, R. D. 7, Fond du Lac.

James O'Brien, R. D. 36, Fond du Lac. Herman Zimmerman, Ripon. Mike Hoffman, Oakfield, Wis.

John Meade, R. D. 35, Eden. Ed. Jones, R. D. 5, Fond du Lac. Albert Wagner, R. D. 41, Calvary.

John Diedrich, R. D. 42, St. Cloud. R. H. Crosby, 220 Elm street, Fond du Lac.

Geo. Pattison, R. D. 26, Oakfield. Anton Voell, 23 E. Johnson street, Fond du Lac.

Geo. Taylor, Oakfield. Chas. Lorenz, 88 East Eleventh St., Fond du Lac. Peter Leith, R. D. 2, Fond du Lac.

Uncle Sam Needs 10,000 Stenographers and Typewriters at Once

Washington, D. C., October, 1917. Now that Uncle Sam has the young men of the country in training for military service, he finds that he needs 10,000 typewriter operators and stenographers and typewriters, both men and women, for the Departments at Washington. The Civil Service Commission has notified all of its 3,000 boards of examiners that they should put forth their best efforts to secure these urgently needed workers. While examinations are now held weekly in 450 cities, the Commission states that arrangements will be made to have an examination held at any accessible place where a small class of applicants can be secured. The entrance salaries range from \$1,000 to \$1,200 a year. Promotion is reasonably rapid to those whose services prove satisfactory. No appointments can be made to these or other positions in the Federal classified civil service unless authorized by the Civil Service Commission under the civil service law. Any information to the contrary is unauthorized. This is a splendid opportunity to serve your country. Full information may be secured from the secretary of the board of civil service examiners at the post office in your city.

Funeral of August Backhaus

The funeral of August Herman Backhaus, was held at 1:30 P. M. Sunday, at Fond du Lac, from the residence on Superior street and at 2 o'clock from Immanuel's Lutheran Church, Rev. J. H. Becker officiating. The bearers were Herman, Oscar, Fred and Reinhold Backhaus, Frank Thuk and Alphonse Thuk. There was a large attendance and many beautiful flowers were in evidence. Burial was in Lamartine Cemetery.

THE LIBERTY LOAN AND THE FARMER

By D. Houshon Secretary of Agriculture

It is every citizen's duty to purchase a Liberty Bond if he is in a position to do so. Every patriot will regard it as a privilege to participate in the Liberty Loan. He will thereby contribute directly and effectively to the successful prosecution of the war which Germany has forced upon us. It faces you and me. If we do not win this war we must prepare ourselves for grave changes in our institutions and to lead a different sort of life from that which we had planned to live—from that which our forefathers died to give us that right to live. We shall indefinitely face the interference of the Prussian autocracy or bear permanently the intolerable burdens of militarism. To win this war we must have both men and money. I know that every farmer wants to do all in his power for the nation in this day of trial. He will not only labor to produce the necessary foodstuffs but will also generously contribute of his means to make it possible for the men at the front to achieve victory. I am confident that the farmers of the land will not permit any other class to take the leadership in supporting the Government in this crisis financially or otherwise.

We are at war with Germany because Germany made war upon us, sank our ships, killed our citizens, and plotted against us while professing friendship. We were patient till offenses became so flagrant and insults so intolerable that it was merely a question whether we would admit we were no longer a free nation or accept the challenge of the war-mad hypocritical, and medieval Prussian militarists. There was one choice we could not make—we were incapable of making. We could not "choose the path of submission and suffer the most sacred rights of our nation and our people to be ignored and violated."

We are defending our rights as a free nation. We are resolved that there shall be an end of brute force in international affairs. What Germany's victory would mean to the world is plain. There would be no right except might, no peace save at the price of humiliations too bitter to be borne. Small nations could not exist. There would be no sanctity to a pledge, no solemnity to a covenant.

With the dominance of Prussian militarism the Anglo-Saxon struggle for free institutions and liberty, persisting from Rummymede to Yorktown, with its Magna Charta, its Bill of Rights and its Declaration of Independence, will have been vain. It is to prevent this to defend our rights, and to make possible an orderly and just peace in the world that we are at war. The Nation calls on its citizens for high and noble service. On some it calls for service in the field; on others for service at home; on all, it calls for financial support. I am confident that the farmers of the nation will eagerly respond to the call for subscriptions to the Liberty Loan.

AN OVERSIGHT.

On account of an oversight in our last week's issue, we missed the following resolution in the village Board proceedings, which met at the village hall on Oct. 3rd, 1917:

The following Resolution presented by Trustee B. H. Rosenheimer was adopted. All members voting "Aye" Resolved, by the Village Board of the Village of Kewaskum, Washington County, Wisconsin, that there be and hereby is levied the sum of one thousand eight hundred (\$1800.00) dollars for current expenses for the year ending December 31st, 1917, upon the assessed roll of the current year.

The following Resolution presented by Trustee Rosenheimer was adopted. All members voting "Aye".

Resolved by the Village Board of the Village of Kewaskum, Washington County, Wisconsin, that there be and hereby is levied the sum of two hundred (\$200.00) dollars for public library purposes for the year ending December 31st, 1917, upon the assessed valuation of all property according to the assessment roll of the current year.



MINERS ON STRIKE; DEMAND PAY RAISE

Union Leaders Call Action of Men "Open Rebellion."

REPORT SENT WASHINGTON

State Fuel Administrator Outlines Situation to Garfield—Men Quit Because of Failure to Order Price Increase.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—John E. Williams, newly appointed federal coal administrator for Illinois, sent a report on the Illinois coal mine strike situation indicating that fully 75,000 tons a day of production had been cut off, that there was fear of the trouble spreading, and that immediate action was urgent.

The fuel administrator and the miners' union officials joined in declaring the situation to be one of open rebellion, existing wage agreements being regarded as "scraps of paper."

The trouble was precipitated by the failure of National Administrator Garfield to order immediate increases in Illinois coal prices and of the mine operators in turn to put extra pay in the miners' envelopes.

Expected More Pay. "The mine workers had expected to find more pay in their envelopes," said Mr. Williams. "They believed the agreement entered into by the mine operators with the union officials at Washington had become of immediate effect. The operators contended that the wage increase was dependent upon Administrator Garfield increasing the coal prices at Illinois mines."

"When the miners did not find the increased pay in their envelopes on Saturday when the semi-monthly wage was distributed they failed to report back for work. At the present time I understand that practically all mines in Williamson, Franklin and Macoupin counties are idle and that the disaffection has spread to several other big coal-producing counties."

"The miners' union officials have urged the men not to violate their wage agreements, but to no avail. It is a 'runaway' strike. The men want the 10 cents a ton and \$1.40 a day increase, which were agreed upon, at once. This latter would give them a \$5-a-day flat rate."

"Up to Garfield." "While the situation is serious, I believe that it will be settled as soon as Mr. Garfield takes action. I have made a full report to him covering all angles. I believe that the matter can be satisfactorily adjusted within a day or two after Mr. Garfield approves the wage contract."

It became known that a report containing estimates of the amount which should be added to the price of a ton of coal at the mines to cover the wage increase has been in course of production and should be ready in a day or two. It was said in Washington that the failure to receive this report had made it impossible for Mr. Garfield to approve the wage agreement.

Arrangement in Doubt. Whether an arrangement can be effected which will include an increase in the pay check which caused the walkout is doubtful. It being said that the report was predicated on the increase becoming effective on next pay day, November 1. In Washington Mr. Garfield and his advisers conferred regarding the Illinois situation, and efforts will be made at once to induce the miners to resume work.

Waits on Report. Rough estimates have been made that it would be necessary to raise the price of coal at the mines from 30 to 50 cents a ton. Until the report is made, however, Mr. Garfield will have no way of determining the exact amount.

That he is determined to prevent strikes if possible was indicated in action taken in connection with the situation in southwestern states. As soon as he heard that 35,000 men in the Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas mine fields were planning to walk out he sent telegrams to heads of local unions declaring that strikes must not take place and warned them he would use "every power committed to him" to prevent them. He urged them to send a committee to Washington.

This appeal, along with one sent out by John P. White, president of the National Miners' union, ordering the men to stay at work, had its effect, and the strike was called off.

Message of Garfield. In his message, Mr. Garfield said: "I am informed that the officers of your national association have appealed to you to use every effort in your power to avert a strike at this time. In view of the national situation and the great task imposed on President Wilson. Strikes must not take place. The terms of the agreement agreed upon at Washington between operators and miners are fair. "I shall use every power committed to me to prevent strikes and warn you against allowing the order to stand."

Cutting off 75,000 tons of daily production would practically paralyze the industry in the state, and with cold weather but a short time off and manufacturing concerns running night and day to meet the war order emergency, the situation would become

critical within two or three days' time. Report received here said miners in Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Kansas would strike Friday in rebellion against the penalty clause in agreements which would automatically cut mines for unauthorized strikes.

Miners Near St. Louis Go Out. St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 17.—Miners struck at several mines near Belleville, Ill., at some of the mines of the Southern Coal, Coke and Mining company, at two Dunk Bros. mines at Collinsville and Maryville, Ill., and at the Lumaugh mines at Maryville. Altogether about twenty mines in the Illinois field near St. Louis were affected.

E. J. Wallace, secretary of the Fuel Distributors' association of St. Louis, sent a telegram to Chairman Peabody of the coal committee of the council on national defense, asking that something be done to protect the coal supply of this city.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 17.—Ten thousand miners in central Illinois are on strike asking a ten per cent increase in wages.

Immediately reports were that the mines at Belleville and in Madison county also were out.

Mine men here declare that all the miners between Springfield and St. Louis on the Chicago and Alton railroad would likely go out, affecting thousands of miners.

Other States Affected. Peoria, Ill., Oct. 17.—Coal operators here expected a general strike of miners in Illinois, Indiana, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, following the reported walkout of 6,000 miners in the Springfield district. It was expected that the men in the Peoria district would go out by night.

U. S. SHIP BLAST KILLS ONE SAILOR LOSES LIFE ON PATROL VESSEL.

Germany Expects to Declare Coasts of United States and Canada War Zones. An Atlantic Port, Oct. 17.—An explosion on board a United States patrol boat off the eastern coast was reported. One sailor has been brought ashore dead and another seriously injured.

The patrol boat is reported to have been badly damaged. Coast guard cutters are hurrying to her assistance. London, Oct. 17.—According to news from Berlin in an undated dispatch received by the admiralty by wireless press Germany is expected shortly to declare the coasts of the United States, Canada and Cuba war zones.

COSTS \$160,000,000 A DAY Exceeded \$100,000,000—53,000,000 Men Engaged.

New York, Oct. 17.—The war is costing the belligerent nations \$160,000,000 a day—\$6,500,000 an hour—and the United States is paying at least one-quarter of this total, according to estimates made by the Mechanics and Metals National Bank of New York. The estimated daily cost at the beginning of the war was \$70,000,000 and a year ago it was \$100,000,000. This country's rate of expenditure is greater than any other nation, Great Britain being second and Germany next. By next August, according to the bank's figures, the total cost to the world will be \$155,000,000,000. Already expenditures have exceeded \$100,000,000,000, of which the greater part has been translated into permanent national indebtedness.

TWO LEYLAND LINERS SUNK Report Reaches New York of Destruction of Steamers Memphian and Bostonian.

New York, Oct. 17.—A report that the British steamships Memphian, formerly the Gambrian, of 6,365 tons gross, and the Bostonian, 5,200 tons, both of the Leyland line, had been sunk, reached here. At the office of the International Mercantile Marine it was said that this had been heard as a rumor, but that no definite information as to the sinking of either vessel had been received. Both ships were formerly in transatlantic trade, plying between Boston and English ports.

SUFFRAGISTS GET 6 MONTHS White House Pickets Sentenced to the Workhouse by Police Court—Threaten More Disorder.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The police courts swung back to the workhouse sentence policy in dealing with militants of the woman's party picketing the White House. Four arrested yesterday were today sentenced to terms of six months, the heaviest sentence yet imposed on any. The defendant woman told the court there would be more picketing soon.

BANDITS RAID MEXICAN TOWN Firing at Grangeno Can Be Plainly Heard at Madero City, South-east of Mission.

Mission, Tex., Oct. 17.—Seemingly reliable reports have just reached here of a bandit raid at Grangeno, a Mexican village on the Rio Grande, six miles southeast of Mission. Nothing concerning casualties has been learned here. The firing could be plainly heard at Madero City.

STATE AGAIN WINS IN BARLEY DISPLAY

For the Tenth Successive Time Wisconsin Given World's Championship.

WHEAT FIRST PRIZE ALSO

State Shown to Be One of the Two States of the Nation Which Lead in the Production of Potatoes.

Madison.—Wisconsin has again shown the superiority of her high-bred and improved grains, dairy and other farm products when they were placed in competition with the world at the International Soil Products exposition at Peoria, Ill. At this exposition the immigration division of the Wisconsin department of agriculture at Madison put on an exhibit in co-operation with various exhibitors of the state.

As a result Wisconsin, for the tenth successive time, won the world's championship in its barley, competing with the best barley sections of the United States and Canada, including irrigated districts. The winning sample of barley was exhibited by William Bell of Arlington, Wis.

Wins on Spring Wheat.

Wisconsin also won first on spring wheat and winter wheat in competition with the great wheat states of the West. This is a reminder that Wisconsin was once one of the leading wheat states, and indicates what it can do when it again places emphasis on this crop. The samples submitted were presented by U. E. Krueger of Beaver Dam.

The fact that Wisconsin is one of the two greatest potato states in the Union, and probably first in quality and standard varieties, was recognized by five first prizes and three second prizes on six of the recognized leading varieties of potatoes in this world's competition. Samples were submitted by E. S. Campbell of Three Lakes and H. L. Brooks of Tomahawk.

Wisconsin also won first on clover seed, field peas, blue-joint, second on timothy, sweet clover, orchard grass and durum wheat.

Wisconsin also won the \$75 prize for the best display from an individual farmer, through the display from the farm of H. E. Krueger of Beaver Dam. The Wisconsin exhibit was in charge of E. G. Packer, director of immigration, Wisconsin department of agriculture, assisted by H. E. Krueger. In addition to these products of the soil, a splendid display was presented of opportunities and accomplishments of Wisconsin along lines of general livestock and dairying.

Special emphasis was placed upon the Wisconsin sheep industry, and particularly the great opportunities of sheep in upper Wisconsin, especially for the great sheep ranchers now being crowded out of the West by settlement.

Tell Farmers to Make Best Corn Yield. A high pressure campaign has been started to supply Wisconsin corn growers with suitable seed corn for their 1918 planting.

With scarcely enough seed corn to go around, there is need to conserve the available supply. To accomplish this three special field agents have been appointed to assist Wisconsin farmers in the campaign. They are A. C. Russell, Augustus; Royes Rastler, Beloit; and E. D. Holden, Madison. They will work under the joint direction of the agricultural extension service, University of Wisconsin, and the United States department of agriculture.

"Hunt for, save, cure and store the best there is" will be the slogan to animate the state-wide seed corn selection drive which is now engaging the attention of county agricultural representatives, emergency food agents, farmers' clubs, and county councils of defense.

The widespread early frosts have made a concerted action necessary throughout the state in order that the 1918 corn planting may not be seriously restricted for want of suitable seed.

Appointed Market Commissioner.

C. W. Crotty of Tomah has been appointed by the state council of defense as state market commissioner. He will have charge of the work of supervising marketing of farm products.

Demand La Follette Resign.

Resolutions adopted by representatives of 300 state and county committees of defense demand Senator La Follette resign. In case he refuses the senate is urged to expel him. There was only one dissenting vote.

Faculty Engaged in War Work.

Some seventy-four members of the faculty and instructional staff of the University of Wisconsin are absent in various kinds of war service this fall, according to a summary prepared by President C. R. Van Hise at the opening of the college year. About ninety-four members of the faculty, other than those having commissions, were called at the beginning of the autumn semester as having given to war service a large part of their time since the outbreak of the war, and many more gave partial time.

Highway System for Month.

At the close of this month a special committee of five members of the legislature will have determined on a trunk line highway system in the state covering 5,000 miles, connecting the county seats and all cities with populations of 5,000 or over. During the coming five year period, the amount of federal aid granted toward the construction of these highways will be approximately \$2,000,000. These highways must be kept in repair by the state.

Indian Trails Now Roads. The improvements that have been made within the century in transportation facilities mark the rapid development of Wisconsin. Many of the old Indian trails of two centuries ago, crooked and serpentine at places, are to become the trunk line highways of today.

Along the waterways that early came to be used by canoes for transportation, land trails were made. These land trails were about eighteen inches wide and were worn deep by constant travel in single file. In general these Indian land trails came to be used by the white people when they came to settle in Wisconsin.

"These routes crossed the country along the Fox-Wisconsin waterway and along Lake Michigan," says Emily Alice Budd in a recent study on early trade routes in Wisconsin. "As the country developed and settlers came into the state, we find these trails connecting with places in the interior, such as Four Lakes, or Tazewell, Lake Geneva and Lake Koshkonong, all of which were surrounded by Indian villages. In the northwest we find trails from the Chequamegon bay extending into the Huron, the Sioux and the Chippewa countries, where the woods were especially full of fur-bearing animals."

By 1840 There Were Many

One of the earliest roads in the state led from Galena to Mineral Point and Dodgeville and passed through the townships of Hazel Green and Sinsler, Grant county. By 1840 the Lake Michigan towns, Green Bay, Beloit and Madison were connected with each other by roads and with the lead mining region of southern Wisconsin. According to R. G. Thwaites, prior to 1845, there were no roads north and west of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. In that year one was commenced from Prairie du Chien to Chequamegon bay by way of the Black and Chippewa rivers.

Since the advent of the automobile, there again came a more insistent demand for better highways connecting all population centers in the state. To the last legislature the national government made an offer of federal aid. If the state would join. The legislature has accepted the offer, and work on the federal trunk line system connecting all of the principal cities in the state will be begun in the spring of 1918.

Big Grain Year.

Losses amounting to millions of dollars were caused by the heavy frosts which occurred throughout most of the state during the second week of September, according to the joint crop report just issued at Madison. Forty-seven per cent of the corn crop, 14 per cent of the potato crop, 36 per cent of the bean crop, and 38 per cent of the buckwheat crop were seriously damaged, while 30 per cent of the tobacco crop was frosted, but not enough to make it worthless for harvesting. The cranberry crop has been reduced from 43,000 barrels to 20,000, or a loss of 17,000 barrels, largely because of the frost. It is estimated that the corn crop has suffered a reduction of 15,750,000 bushels; potatoes, 2,400,000 bushels, and tobacco, 3,442,000 pounds since the September report was issued. The most serious damage to the potato crop occurred in the counties of Portage, Waupaca, Waushara, Adams, Juneau, and Marquette, where a damage to the crop ranging from 20 to 30 per cent is reported. The crop in the eastern and southern counties, as well as in a number of the northern counties was damaged but little by frost, and an unusually large crop is being harvested.

On the other hand, with a total wheat crop of over five million bushels, an oat crop of 100,000,000 bushels, a barley crop of over twenty millions, and a rye crop of over seven million bushels, Wisconsin has harvested one of the best grain crops in the history of the state.

Home Guard Commissions Issued. Governor Philipp has commissioned officers in the new home guard of the state as follows: Warren E. Porter, first lieutenant, Eleventh separate company, Milwaukee; William H. Zuehlke, captain, Twenty-seventh separate company, Appleton; Maurice S. Feereboom, first lieutenant, Twenty-seventh separate company, Appleton; William Bussle, second lieutenant, Twenty-seventh separate company, Appleton; Carl C. Kramer, captain, Twenty-eighth separate company, Eau Claire; Edmund G. Hoepfner, first lieutenant, Twenty-eighth separate company, Eau Claire; Charles D. Bengfield, second lieutenant, Twenty-eighth separate company, Eau Claire.

Antigo Man Gets British V. C. Antigo—Sergeant-Major Edward Brooks, Antigo, was decorated with the Victoria Cross for "doing more than his duty," according to a report received here.

Imports Two Hundred Lambs. Rhinelander—Believing that northern Wisconsin is the ideal sheep raising country, Gus Gurgan of this city has imported two hundred lambs.

Asks Mayor to Get Him Wife. Kenosha—Martin Kelsler, of Chicago, has asked Mayor Penning to get him a Kenosha girl for his wife. He says he has looked 'em over.

McCormick Pleads Not Guilty. Ladysmith—Arthur H. McCormick, wealthy grocer here, charged with murder of his wife, pleaded not guilty in district court.

Prefers Jail to Work. Ashland—James Crowley, charged with vagrancy, is spending ten days in jail rather than split 25 cents' worth of wood.

Priest Becomes Chaplain. De Pere—Rev. Father Edmund Sarraclean has left for Boston to become chaplain and lieutenant in the navy.

Gets Five Years for Larceny. Milwaukee—Edward J. Regan, 43 years old, pleaded guilty in municipal court here to a charge of larceny from the person and was sentenced to five years at Waupun. It was testified that for their devoted children friends.

Wanted to Know. Charles, aged five, having been told that baby sister had just arrived from heaven, marched into the room and said: "Now, Miss Baby, tell us about heaven 'fore you forget it."

BADGER STATE NEWS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN A FEW LINES.

FOR ECONOMIC USE OF FOOD Episcopal Synod Adopts Measures at Fond du Lac Meet Urging Simpler Living to Help Nation in Struggle for Democracy.

Fond du Lac—One of the outstanding features of the closing session of the Episcopal synod at Fond du Lac was the adoption of measures urging simpler and more economical living to sustain the nation in a mighty struggle for democracy. The synod pledged itself and its people generally to meatless and wheatless days and urged its people to heed the requirements of the common book of prayer, which says that Friday should be kept as a day of abstinence, and that the first Sunday of Advent, which is Dec. 2, should be a day of sacrifice, fasting, prayer, devotion and dedication to simplicity in living.

Buy High Bred Holsteins. Watertown—A herd of 100 of the best Holstein cattle ever gathered together in this country is ready here for the United States government farm at Fort Leavenworth, in connection with the prisoners vocational school. The Holstein stock comes entirely from Wisconsin bred stock and prices were paid for individual animals ranging from \$275 to \$1,000.

Shoe Firms Get Big Army Orders. Milwaukee—Two Milwaukee shoe manufacturing concerns were successful bidders in the government's latest call for 2,000,000 pair of army shoes. The Nunn & Busch Shoe company will make 60,000 pair and the Orden Shoe company 25,000 pair. The government has let contracts for 1,500,000 pair, the average price being \$4.65.

Girls Work in Sawmill. Ashland—Dressed in dainty brown overall bloomers, eight young women of Washburn started work at the "enfield-Lamoureux sawmill. The company intends to employ about twenty women in places formerly held by men and boys. The women work on machines where the work is light and work fifty-four hours a week.

German Paper Changes to English. Appleton—The Appleton Volksfreund, largest German weekly newspaper in the state outside of Milwaukee, will discontinue issuing a weekly paper and start an English daily in a short time, according to Richard Meyer, president of the Volksfreund Publishing company.

Madison May Get Another Paper. Madison—W. T. Eviu, former business manager of the Wisconsin State Journal, is said to be identified with a movement to publish a new afternoon newspaper. Persons connected with the enterprise are known as La Follette men.

Campaign Opens With Parade. Port Washington—A big parade led by the Great Lakes Naval band opened the sales campaign for the second Liberty Loan. Thousands of people joined in the demonstration.

Falls Seventy Feet; Is Killed. Houghton—Henry Schumann, 35, of Eau Claire, fell seventy feet from a coal trestle on which he was working at Lake Linden and was instantly killed.

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Will Exhibit War Posters. Madison—A room devoted entirely to war posters and literature is being fitted up in the state historical museum. More than 100 of the best posters from all the allied nations and a few from Germany, gathered before the United States entered the war, will be on exhibition. The museum owns more than 350 war posters representing all sorts of enterprises, including recruiting, Red Cross, Liberty bonds, Canadian patriotic funds, and all kinds of relief campaigns.

Badger Aviator Injured. Stevens Point—Edward McLaughlin received a telegram from Camp Travis, San Antonio, Tex., stating that his grandson, Fenton H. McLaughlin, was seriously injured in an airplane fall. The young man graduated from West Point last spring and recently went from Washington to Camp Travis to serve as aide de camp on the staff of his father, Brig. Gen. Edward F. McLaughlin.

Answers Call at Big Expense. Marinette—After losing a \$41 check, pawning his \$40 watch for \$5, losing his job and spending a considerable amount of money in other ways, Henry Bergfelt has answered the call of the local exemption board and is now ready to serve in Uncle Sam's selective army. Bergfelt was on the Great Lakes sailing when the notices were sent out. After losing his pay check he had to pawn his watch to get home.

Candy Factories Stop Night Work. La Crosse—Three La Crosse candy factories complied with a request from Herbert L. Hoover, food administrator, and stopped overtime work at night to conserve sugar and coal. The factories involved are the Kratchwill, the Funke and the La Crosse Cracker and Candy factories. The Funke plant is thousands of boxes behind on peanut candy, but has complied with the order.

Teaching Not Pro-German. River Falls — German is taught in the schools of River Falls from the third grade up and is compulsory through the sixth grade. In the seventh and eighth grades it is elective. According to Miss Ann W. Williams, acting principal, it is not taught in a pro-German manner and teachers understand that language has nothing to do with the war.

Alleged Mail Robber Caught. Madison—Joe Davis, one of three alleged mail robbers who escaped from the jail here on Sept. 19, was arrested in East St. Louis, Ill. He will be returned here for trial. Jim Burke, another of the trio, was captured at Evansville, Wis., two days after his escape. Robert Watson is still at liberty. Federal indictments have been returned against the men.

Arrests His Own Deputy. Manitowish—To turn the key of a cell upon one of his own deputies was the act which Sheriff Joseph Kellner had to perform when he brought Albert Zingsheim here from Green Bay where Zingsheim was arrested upon charges with local authorities. He is wanted here on the charge of issuing checks with no funds in the bank.

Father Hinton Goes to Wausau. Antigo—Rev. Father Cuthbert F. Hinton, for five years rector of St. Ambrose Episcopal church, has resigned and accepted a call to St. John's church, Wausau. He will succeed Rev. John Lloyd who goes to St. Mark's Episcopal church, Chicago.

Farmer Attacked By Bull. Plymouth — Tossed twenty feet by an infuriated bull, butted and trampled, Fred John, a farmer residing near Waldo, owes his life to the timely arrival of his wife, who, wielding a heavy pitchfork, drove the animal away.

Newspapers to Help Soldiers. Janesville—Six newspapers in Rock county will put forth their efforts to the raising of a company fund to be sent to Company C, 331st Machine Gun battalion at Camp Grant, Rockford which is composed entirely of young men from this county.

Youth Missing Five Months. Stevens Point—Alex Mucha, 17 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mucha living near Coddington, left home on May 9 to carry a lunch to his sister attending school at Plover. He has not been seen since.

Potato Yield Is Small. Tomahawk—The potato harvest of this section of the state is now on the yield is far below what was expected. Prices range from 87 cents to \$1 per bushel.

Stoddard Made Major. Madison—Charles H. Stoddard, Milwaukee, has been commissioned by Gov. E. L. Philipp major of the medical corps of the new home guard.

To Hold Tests for Plumbers. Madison — A state examination for the licensing of plumbers will be held Oct. 24 at the school of trades, Milwaukee.

Dealers Cut Coal Price. Oshkosh — Oshkosh coal dealers have made a reduction in the price of coal which they state is voluntary. Stove, egg and nut coal, which sold all summer for \$11 a ton is now \$10.50. Solvay coke, formerly \$10, is now \$9.50.

Former Police Chief Dies. Portage—Patrick Conway, 59 years old, and former chief of police of Killbuck, Wis., was found dead in bed from heart disease.

WAS ALL RUN DOWN Faulty Kidneys Caused Acute Suffering. Completely Recovered Since Using Doan's.

Mrs. Harry A. Lyon, 5 St. William St., Boston, Mass., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have surely done me wonderful good. About two months prior to the birth of my baby, I had two convulsions and was taken to a hospital. Doctors said the convulsions were due to my kidneys not working properly. "I had swelling of the feet and ankles so that I had to wear large-sized slippers. My back ached intensely, I was nervous and unable to sleep. I also suffered from awful headaches and felt weak, tired, languid, and run down. "After I came home a friend suggested that I try Doan's Kidney Pills, and I got some. I soon noticed improvement; my back became stronger and I felt better in every way. I kept on taking Doan's and was cured. They are surely reliable."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS F. L. S. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night. Purely Vegetable Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Carter's Iron Pills Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

WORDS LOST THEIR FORCE

Schwab Should Have Spoken Into Phonograph, He Is Told, When Discussing His Speech.

A banker who was told that Charles M. Schwab, the president of the Bethlehem Steel works, was one of the most forceful speakers ever heard at a banquet table, said he believed it, and then told this story:

About the time that Schwab was buying Bethlehem steel, and had made arrangements with Piny Fisk of New York, to handle the bonds, he went over to New York, and, of course, was entertained at a dinner. There he made one of his most forceful utterances. Mr. Fisk was moved to such an extent that he said to Mr. Schwab: "That will set the bonds. Only, you should write it out for me when you return, so I shall have an accurate statement."

Mr. Schwab wrote out his remarks as soon as he got back to his home and sent them to Mr. Fisk.

Mr. Fisk saw him soon afterward, and said: "Why didn't you write me what you said?" "I did," responded the steel master, "I wrote the exact words."

"Well," answered Mr. Fisk, much disconcerted, "you should have spoken them into a phonograph."

The kiss one woman bestows on another is almost as meaningless as the handshake of a hotel clerk.

Poverty is the one luxury the rich can't afford.



THERE'S NO DOUBT ABOUT POSTUM

AS A HEALTH IMPROVEMENT OVER COFFEE



# A Medicine for Women

## For Forty Years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has Relieved the Sufferings of Women.

It hardly seems possible that there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, proving beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world.

### Mrs. Kieso Cured After Seven Month's Illness.

Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my house work, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for herself how good it is."—Mrs. KARL A. KIESO, 596 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—"I want you to know the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was in such bad health from female troubles that I could hardly get off my bed. I had been doctoring for a long time and my mother said, 'I want you to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.' So I did, and it has certainly made me a well woman. I am able to do my house work and am so happy as I never expected to go around the way I do again, and I want others to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. JOSIE CORNER, 1668 Harrison Ave., Fairmount, Cincinnati, Ohio.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

**Put a ... Stop to all Distemper CURES THE SICK**  
And prevents others having the disease no matter how exposed. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle, \$5 and \$10 a dozen bottles. All good druggists and turf goods stores.  
Spohn Medical Co., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

### GERMANS BRIBED THE IMPERIAL

Carl Emil Junck Tells How Teutons Are Tricky in Other Ways Than in War.

Carl Emil Junck, a dye importer of Chicago, was talking about Germany. "The German spirit today is tricky, sly and false," he said. "The Germans today think it's clever to cheat. Their war, with its violation of every war law and every international agreement, is a cheating war."

"Here is an illustration of the German spirit. "When I lived in Elberfeld I organized a football team among the Elberfeld boys. Once, when the team was to play a neighboring town, I gave the boys 100 marks to buy shoes, leg guards or whatever would most help them to win."

"Well, they won, but their shoes and leg guards were very old and shabby, and I said to the captain after the game: "Glad you liked 'em, though certainly some of the decisions were close. But what did you do with the money I gave you?" "The captain answered with a knowing smile: "You said, Herr Junck, that we were to use the money in any way that would best help us to win; so of course we made a present of it to the umpire."

She Studied Byron. Mrs. Hawkins, who posed as a literary woman and professed a great admiration for Byron's works, had recently purchased a little dog and was showing him to a caller. "What have you named him?" asked the caller. "Perchance," was the reply. "What a singular name for an animal!" commented the caller. "I named him after Byron's dog," she explained. "Don't you remember the line in 'Child Harold,' where the poet says, 'Perchance my dog?'"

An Expensive Incubance. "Old Bostely says he has a million dollar brain," observed the man who was always picking up information. "He's quite right," answered the other; "it would cost him fully that much to find out what's the matter with it."

**YOU BET I'M HELPING SAVE THE WHEAT**  
Bobby  
**POST TOASTIES**  
For me 3 times a day

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

Let me tonight look back across the span  
Twist down and dark, and to my conscience say—  
Because of some good act to best or man—  
The world is better that I lived to-day.  
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

### OCCASIONAL DISHES.

For the family which has tasted dully and often have the slices trimmed and crumbs that are left from preparing sandwiches as well as crusts, the problem of wasting none needs careful thought. The crumbs should be well dried, ground through the meat chopper, then made into bread. Take four cupsful of hot water, a half cupful of molasses, one yeast cake, two cupsful of graham flour, and three cupsful of bread crumbs, mix and add enough white flour to make a stiff dough, let rise, work down, place at once in tin, let rise again, and bake.

Four Quarts of Grapefruit Sherbet.—Sometimes when entertaining it may be convenient to use the following: Two and a half cupsful of water, five cupsful each of sugar and grape juice, three teaspoonfuls of gelatin, one and a fourth cupsful of lemon juice. Soften the gelatin in an additional fourth of a cupful of water, boil the sugar and water 15 minutes, cool, add fruit juice and freeze as usual.

Chilli Con Carne.—Take two pods of fresh or dried chilli peppers, two pounds of round steak, one-fourth of a cupful of pork fat or drippings, one clove of garlic, a teaspoonful of salt, a cupful of dried beans, four tablespoonfuls of flour. Soak the beans overnight and let simmer in fresh water until tender. Discard the seeds in the peppers or if the dried ones are used soak them until soft in warm water, then scrape the pulp into the water and discard the skin. Cut the steak in small pieces and cook in fat until well browned, add the flour to the fat in the pan and stir until well browned; add the chilli peppers and water and stir until boiling. Cut two gushes in a clove of garlic and add it with the other things to the meat. Cover and let simmer two hours, adding water as needed, add salt. Meanwhile the beans should have become tender, season with salt and pepper, and mix all together.

Deviled Ham.—Cut cold boiled or baked ham in uniform slices. Mix together two tablespoonfuls of flour, one tablespoonful of mustard, half a teaspoonful each of salt and paprika, then add Worcester's sauce to stir to a paste. Spread a little of this on both sides of the ham and broil about two minutes on each side. "Serve hot as a luncheon dish."

This is the truth as I hear it  
The clouds are rolling away,  
And Spirit will talk with spirit  
In the swift-approaching day.  
From the west shall come the driven  
From the east shall come the forth;  
And men shall make ready for heaven  
Through living in brotherhood.  
—E. W. Wilcox.

### GOOD THINGS FOR THE TABLE.

Prepare strips of state bread about an inch and a half wide and four inches long, spread with butter on both sides and set into the oven until delicately browned on both sides. When ready to use, spread with mayonnaise dressing, press chopped white of egg in a narrow row all around so into the oven until delicately browned on both sides. When ready to use, spread with mayonnaise dressing, press chopped white of egg in a narrow row all around so into the oven until delicately browned on both sides. When ready to use, spread with mayonnaise dressing, press chopped white of egg in a narrow row all around so into the oven until delicately browned on both sides.

Hamburg Roast on Surprise.—Remove all the skin from a pork and a half of round steak, put the meat through a food chopper; add one egg, beaten light, one tablespoonful of fine chopped parsley, a teaspoonful of onion juice, a teaspoonful of salt, one fourth of a teaspoonful of paprika, and a third of a cupful of soft bread crumbs. Mix and shape into a loaf longer than wide and set into a baking dish; take out some of the mixture in the center to leave an open space equally distant from each end; into this break two eggs, cover with the meat and sprinkle the top with crumbs mixed with melted butter. Bake a half hour, basting five or six times with pork or bacon fat. Parboil a pint of potato balls, cut with a French cutter, fifteen minutes and place them around the meat when it goes into the oven. Baste the potatoes as the meat is basted. Serve around the meat. Make a sauce after the meat is removed from the gravy in the pan, adding flour, catsup, Worcestershire sauce, salt and pepper for seasoning. If water is needed to add to the gravy save the water the potato balls were cooked in as it is rich in mineral salts.

Rice With Raisins.—Drop a cupful of rice into a kettle of salted water and keep it at a fast boil so that the grains do not stick together. When tender, drain and add a cupful of seedless raisins and pack into a buttered mold. Steam for 10 minutes, turn out and serve with plenty of butter and scraped maple sugar.

M. D. Spitzer asks \$10,000 because he ate a tack with some soup served him in a New York restaurant.

## MARKETS

Milwaukee, Oct. 17, 1917.  
Butter—Creamery, extra, 44c; prints, 45c; firsts, 40c; seconds, 37c; process, 39c; dairy, fancy, 40c.

Cheese—American, full cream twins, 25c; daisies, 26c; Young Americas, 26c; longhorns, 27c; @28c; brick, fancy, 32c; 32c.

Eggs—Current receipts, fresh as to quality, 35c; dirties, seconds, 26c; @27c; checks, 24c; 26c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fancy, 20c; @21c; roosters, old 15c; spring chickens, 20c; 20c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.95.  
Oats—No. 3 white, 59c; 60c; standard, 59c; No. 4 white, 58c; 59c.  
Rye—No. 2, 1.83; 1.84; No. 3, 1.79; 1.82.

Hay—Choice timothy, 21.00; 22.00; No. 1 timothy, 19.00; 20.00; No. 2 timothy, 17.00; 18.00; rye straw, 9.00; 9.25.

Potatoes—Minnesota or Wisconsin, early Ohio, sacked, on track, 1.15; 1.20; homegrown, out of store, 1.15; 1.30.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, 18.25; @18.50; fair to prime light, 16.25; @17.40; pigs, 10.00; 15.00.

Cattle—Steers, 7.85; 12.75; feeders, 8.60; 9.75; cows, 4.75; 9.25; heifers, 6.00; 9.50; calves, 14.75; 15.75.

Minneapolis, Oct. 17, 1917.  
Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.90; 1.93.  
Oats—No. 3 white, 57c; 58c.  
Rye—1.77; 1.78.  
Flax—3.12; 3.18.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.  
Chicago, Oct. 16.  
Corn—Open—High—Low—Close—Ing. est. est. est. est.  
Dec. .... 1.12 1/4 1.14 1/4 1.12 1/4 1.14 1/4  
May ..... 1.08 1/4 1.09 1/4 1.08 1/4 1.09 1/4

FLLOUR—Spring wheat, special brands. In wood, \$1.00 per bush; in June, \$1.00; hard spring wheat, patents, 95 per cent grade, in June, \$1.05; straight, in export sack, \$1.05; first clear, \$1.00; in June, second clear, \$0.95; low grade, \$0.90; 00, fancy clear, winter wheat patents, in June, \$1.05; standard soft winter wheat patents, \$1.00; in June; fancy hard winter wheat patents, \$1.05; in June; standard hard winter wheat patents, \$1.00; in June; first clear, \$1.00; in June; second clear, in June, \$0.95; new white rye, \$0.40; new dark rye, \$0.30.

HAY—Choice timothy, old and new \$2.00; 2.50; No. 1, \$2.50; 2.50; standard, \$2.50; 2.50; No. 2 and light clover mixed, \$2.50; 2.50; No. 3 red top and grassy mixed, \$2.00; 2.00; clover and heavy clover mixed \$2.00; 2.00; timothy, \$1.75; 2.00; extra. BUTTER—Creamery, extras, 42c; extra frats, 42c; 43c; frats, 41c; 42c; second, 40c; 41c; lades, 39c; 40c; process, 40c; 41c; packing stock, 37c; 38c.

EGGS—Fresh, \$1.75; 1.75; 1.75; 1.75; frats, 39c; 40c; miscellaneous lots, cases included, 36c; 38c; cases returned, 35c; 37c; checks, country candled, 29c; 30c; city received, 29c; 30c; frats, 29c; 30c; No. 1 recanded, 28c; 29c; city recanded, 28c; 29c; extra, 42c; 43c; refrigerator stock, 40c; 41c; foreign, 39c; 40c; TURKEYS—Turkeys, 2c; 2c; rofale, 16c; 20c, roosters, 15c; spring chickens, 18c; ducks, 17c; 18c; geese, 17c; 18c.

POTATOES—Minnesota, Early Ohio, \$1.15; per bush; Wisconsin, white, \$1.09; 1.15; South Dakota, \$1.09; 1.15.

CATTLE—Good to choice steers, \$14.00; 15.00; good to prime calves, \$12.00; 13.00; yearlings, good to choice, \$11.00; 12.00; range steers, \$9.00; 10.00; stockers and feeders, \$7.00; 8.00; good to choice cows, \$7.00; 8.00; good to choice heifers, \$9.00; 10.00; fair to good cows, \$6.00; 7.00; canners, \$5.00; 6.00; cutters, \$5.00; 6.00;ologna bulls, \$6.00; 7.00; butcher bulls, \$7.00; 8.00; heavy calves, \$7.00; 8.00; veal calves, \$10.00; 11.00; yearlings, \$11.00; 12.00; good to choice, \$11.00; 12.00; native lambs, good to choice, \$11.00; 12.00; feeding lambs, \$11.00; 12.00.

Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$10.00; 11.00; good to choice ewes, \$10.00; 11.00; yearlings, \$12.00; 13.00; western lambs, good to choice, \$11.00; 12.00; native lambs, good to choice, \$11.00; 12.00; feeding lambs, \$11.00; 12.00.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 16.  
CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000; steady.  
VEAL—Receipts, 500; slow; \$10.00; 11.00.  
EGGS—Receipts, 4,000; slow; heavy \$11.00; 12.00; mixed \$10.00; 11.00; Yorkers, \$11.00; 12.00; 13.00; light Yorkers, \$11.00; 12.00; 13.00; roughs, \$10.00; 11.00; stags, \$10.00; 11.00.

## DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

### TWO PIGEONS.

The day was very windy, and high in the air two pigeons were flying. One was a lovely blue one and the other was blue and gray. "Hello, coo-coo," said Mr. Blue Pigeon.

"Hello, coo-coo," said Miss Gray Pigeon. Although she was both blue and gray she was always known as Miss Gray Pigeon. "Don't go so fast, coo-coo," said Mr. Blue Pigeon. "Let me join you. The wind almost carries us along. We don't need to hurry so."

Now Miss Gray Pigeon didn't really want to hurry. She was only pretending she was in a great hurry. She wanted Mr. Blue Pigeon to follow her, for she had long admired his blue feathers and his collar of blue and green which shone in the bright sunlight.

"Let's sit on the eaves under yonder window," said Mr. Blue Pigeon, as he caught up with Miss Gray Pigeon. "I have something I want to tell you."

Miss Gray Pigeon was all of a flutter. What could Mr. Blue Pigeon want to say to her? She hoped—and yet she hardly dared hope so much.

He was such a very handsome pigeon and though she was lovely herself, still she didn't think she was nearly so fine as Mr. Blue Pigeon.

They settled down on the eaves under the window, and Mr. Blue Pigeon began to coo lovely little songs to her. They were quite the sweetest songs Miss Gray Pigeon had ever heard though they were the same songs which pigeons have sung to each other for years and years—as many years as there have been pigeons—and that means a great many years.

The names of the songs are called the "Pigeon Coo Songs" and Mr. Blue Pigeon had a beautiful soft voice. "I love you so much," he said, and Miss Gray Pigeon said: "Coo, coo, I love you too."

"Then," said Mr. Blue Pigeon. "I want you to make your home with me. I shall hunt for goodies for us to eat, and we'll be so happy. We will coo all day long—that is when we're not eating and bathing and flying. And sometimes we will coo even then."

Miss Gray Pigeon was very happy. She was very much flattered and honored too. For a long time they sat on the eaves under the window and after awhile Mr. Blue Pigeon said: "We must get our wedding breakfast now. Come! Coo, coo, coo, I'll look for it."

They flew down to the ground together. And what should they see before them but a regular feast!

Some children had left crumbs and other delicious things that pigeons love, on the ground. They had seen the pigeons and thought perhaps they might be hungry.

"Look!," said Miss Gray Pigeon. "You have a surprise for me! Here is our wedding feast all ready!"

"I didn't do this," said Mr. Blue Pigeon very truthfully. "I think some lovely children did this for us. I have seen some children around here lately, and they have seemed so friendly. I have been a little afraid of them but I am sure I will never feel afraid again."

From all around other pigeons joined the wedding feast. "This is our wedding day," said Mr. Blue Pigeon. "That's why we are having a feast." And the pigeons all ate and nibbled at the crumbs as if they had never had such a feast before in all their lives.

Now when the children came back they saw all the crumbs had gone, and all the pigeons had flown away, except Mr. Blue Pigeon and Miss Gray Pigeon. "Coo, coo, thank you, thank you," said Mr. Blue Pigeon and Miss Gray Pigeon. "Nice pigeons, good pigeons," said the children. They were afraid that the pigeons would fly off. But not at all! They had grown quite fat. And such friends as they all became!

## WRIGLEYS

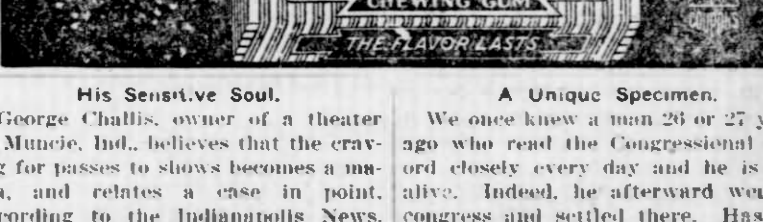


S. O. S. Send Over Some WRIGLEYS

Keep your soldier or sailor boy supplied. Give him the lasting refreshment, the protection against thirst, the help to appetite and digestion afforded by Wrigley's.

It's an outstanding feature of the war—"All the British Army is chewing it."

AFTER EVERY MEAL The Flavor Lasts



His Sensitive Soul. George Chellis, owner of a theater in Muncie, Ind., believes that the craving for passes to shows becomes a mania, and relates a case in point, according to the Indianapolis News.

He had been besieged for weeks by a man for passes to shows in the theater, and two or three times, just to get rid of him, had passed him in, which only seemed to make him the more insistent the next time, although Chellis was under no obligation to him.

Finally the fellow struck Chellis one day when the latter was suffering from the effects of a "poor house" the night before, and, exasperated, he reached down in his pocket and handing the importuning one a dollar, said, "Go over there to the box office and buy yourself a ticket like other people do."

Puffing up, his dignity ruffled and his feelings apparently hurt, the other replied, "What do you take me for—a cheap skate?" And then haughtily walked away—with Chellis' dollar in his pocket.

Don't Neglect Kidneys. It is now conceded by physicians that the kidneys should have more attention as they control the other organs to a remarkable degree and do a tremendous amount of work in removing the poisons and waste matter from the system by filtering the blood.

The kidneys should receive some assistance when needed. We take less exercise, drink less water and often eat more rich, heavy food, thereby forcing the kidneys to do more work than nature intended. Evidence of kidney trouble, such as lame back, annoying bladder troubles, smarting or burning, brick dust or sediment, sallow complexion, rheumatism, maybe weak or irregular heart action, warns you that your kidneys require help immediately to avoid more serious trouble.

An ideal herbal compound that has had most remarkable success as a kidney and bladder remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root. There is nothing else like it. It is Dr. Kilmer's prescription used in private practice and it is sure to benefit you. Get a bottle from your druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper. Adv.

Pressed Steel for Autos. Pressed steel is crowding out other materials—gray iron, malleable castings, wood, brass and aluminum—in the manufacture of automobiles.

This Will Interest Mothers. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children for Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Stomach Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colic in 24 hours. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 30 years. All Druggists. See Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

STOCK OWNERS? PREVENT UNNECESSARY EXPENSE! Read and Study Dr. David Roberts' Practical Home Veterinarian. Money back without question. If HENTZ'S CURE fails in the case and treatment of the following: Ringworm, Eczema, Ringworm, Better or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Roberts Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.



## Prepare for Cold Weather.

We are showing the largest stocks of Fall and Winter merchandise in town. Bought at a much lower market than the present, and marked to sell at a lower price than merchandise is worth now.

### Men's Fleece Shirts and Drawers.

Worth 85c a garment, while they last, special sale price a garment..... **65c**

### New Caps for Winter Wear

Complete line of men's and boys' winter caps with inside protection in blue serge, fancy mixtures, etc..... **50c, \$1 to \$2**

### Sale Womens' Plush Coats.

The sale of plush coats has been a big success, but still we have a very fine assortment of them, and you save 10.00 to 20.00 on every garment. These are up-to-the-minute styles, made of genuine Salt's plush. Your choice of these splendid coats at **17.50, 19.50 and 24.50.**

### New Sweaters for Young Men.

V neck cardinal sweaters with white stripes, all sizes, special values at..... **\$5.00**

### Large U. S. Flags.

Size 4 ft. by 6 ft. Fast color, with pole, rope and iron window socket, at 1.75 or 50c in cash and a filled book of merchandise bonds.

## The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend Wisconsin

HOME OF HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES

## Special Seven Day Grocery Bargains.

Highest grade, strictly fresh, bulk peanut butter, special a lb..... **23c**  
Eagle Chili powder for making chili con carne, special per bottle..... **25c**  
Anti carbon soot destroyer, will clean out your chimney, a can..... **15c**  
Troco nut butter, try it in place of butter, made of coconut oil, special, 2 lbs. for..... **65c**  
Uneda biscuit, 2 pkgs. for..... **15c**  
Large bar assorted toilet soap at..... **5c**  
Bulk cocoa in 1 lb. sacks, guaranteed pure, special a lb..... **29c**  
New pack Catsup, 10 oz bottles, 2 bottles for..... **25c**  
Canned peas, sweet and early June, 15c quality, 2 cans for..... **25c**  
Pure Sorghum, large can, spec. a can..... **25c**  
Toilet paper, 6c rolls, spec. 5 rolls..... **22c**  
Good eating and cooking apples, per crate..... **30c**

### Coffee Special

Regular 20c coffee, a good drinker, special—2 lbs. for..... **33c**

## BEECHWOOD

Mr. and Mrs. Deckliver celebrated their silver wedding anniversary last Saturday, Oct. 13, 1917. Those who attended were: Rev. and Mrs. Kanies and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Siefried and family, Emil Spradow and daughter Emma, Mr. and Mrs. F. Vetter and family, Mrs. Louis Bartelt, Mrs. Geo. Koerble, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bartelt and family, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Trapp and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ferd. Raether and family, F. E. Colvin, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Engelman Mr. and Mrs. Art. Engelman, Mrs. W. Darling, Frona Luecke, Levi Melius, Peter Fellenz and Arthur Briskey. A delicious supper was served. The evening was spent in playing games and music. At midnight the guests departed for their homes wishing Mr. and Mrs. Deckliver many happy returns of the day, and that they may live to celebrate their golden wedding.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Hoeft a son Friday.

Mrs. W. Darling of Mattoon spent from last week Wednesday to Thursday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Engelman and other relatives.

Mrs. John Feuerhammer and children of Campbellsport spent over Sunday with Henry Hicken and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Stahl and family spent Sunday with the Rietz family at Silver Creek.

Mrs. Engelman and Mrs. W. Darling spent Friday with Henry Reysen and family.

Mrs. Engelman and Mrs. W. Darling spent Thursday with Wallie Engelman and family.

Chas. Reilly and family and Henry Rilling and family of Cedarburg spent Monday with Wm. Janssen and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dettman and son visited Sunday with Arno Bartel and wife at Cascade.

Wallie Engelman and family spent Sunday evening with the William Janssen family.

Wm. Krueger and wife of Cascade helped Mr. and Mrs. Martin Krahn dig potatoes.

John Gatzke and family spent Sunday with Henry Schultz and family.

John Schultz and family spent Sunday evening with Rev. Kanies and family.

Gust Harder and family of Campbellsport and Robt. Ramel and family from New Fane spent Sunday with Oscar Muench and family.

Early Alfalfa Growers.

The early American colonies made several attempts to grow alfalfa, but without great success. George Washington grew trial plots of alfalfa on his Virginia farm, and Thomas Jefferson gave considerable attention and care to its cultivation. Their efforts, however, proved unsatisfactory, since they did not understand all of the requirements for the successful growth of the plant.

Washing the Hose.

Into a room full of company rushed Donald, soaking wet from head to feet "Why, Donald!" exclaimed his astonished mother, "where have you been?" "I been," gulped Donald, "I been washin' the hose!"

Gets Fire Without Heat.

The invention of a flame derived from electric energy that will not get off heat is claimed by a French scientist, who is keeping the details secret.

It Can't Be Done.

We know of a father who has been striding for five years in vain for mastery of the hair.—Exchange.

Mask to Aid Day Sleepers.

To aid persons to sleep in day, an opaque mask to be worn over eyes has been invented.

## Come In

and see us the next time you are in need of good printing We are specialists in the kind of work that pleases.

A trial is all we ask.



WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

Health depends, as nature shows, More on the interior than most suppose. Keep your system from impurities free, By using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea.—Edw. C. Miller.



You get more than ever for your money to-day when you buy a Ford Car. Prices on everything have been going up and your dollar is getting smaller. But it still buys as much Ford as it ever did. Prices on the Touring Car and Runabout have not yet advanced. We advise you to place your order at once and can promise prompt delivery.

Touring Car.....	\$360
Runabout.....	345
Coupelet.....	560
Town Car.....	645
Sedan.....	695

F. O. B. Detroit

## WEST BEND MOTOR CO.

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

### NENNO

Carpenters started to put the new floor in the church on Monday.

Jac. Schellinger of Neosho was a business caller here on Monday.

The masons started to plaster the new residence of Bert Benkler last week.

Miss Margaret Fellenz, supervising teacher of West Bend visited schools here last Wednesday.

Mrs. M. E. Pfeifer of Marshfield spent a few days of last week with the L. P. Newburg family.

L. P. Newburg and daughter Leona, the Misses Margaret Pfeifer and Linda and Alex Wolf spent Sunday with the Philip Schmidt family at Hubertus.

### KOHLVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wersonske of Horicon visited with the Ferdinand Sell and Otto Moritz families last Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Metzner was pleasantly surprised on Monday by a large number of relatives and friends. The occasion being her birthday anniversary.

Mrs. Lewis Heuer of Grafton, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Klug and family of Milwaukee and Mrs. Ed. Metzner of West Bend visited with the Fred Metzner family on Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weitzling and Mrs. Semson autoed to Appleton last Saturday and visited with friends and relatives. They returned home on Wednesday.

Fred Metzner made a business trip to Milwaukee Wednesday.

Quite a few from here visited with the boys at Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., on Saturday and Sunday.

Henry Bundrock and family of Milwaukee spent Sunday with relatives here.

Erwin Conrad and Walter Friedemann spent a week with relatives at Waupun and Milwaukee.

### ST. MICHAELS

Farmers in this vicinity are busy digging potatoes.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser spent Sunday at Barton.

J. A. Roden and Alex Klug furnished music at a dance at Campbellsport last Tuesday evening.

Rev. J. Beyer and Math. Herriges were business callers at Milwaukee last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roden, Mr. and Mrs. Gerhard Fellenz, Frank Rose and Miss Mae Stelplug spent a few days with Joseph Roden at Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.

Miss Clare Claffey spent over Sunday with her folks at Colgate.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Long Jr. and children of Milwaukee, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Long Sr. of Newburg autoed here on Sunday in the former's Willys-Knight car to spend the day with Adam Roden and family.

### BOLTONVILLE

Paul Belger received his new Ford car on Friday.

Mrs. Rob. Reul is visiting with relatives at Waubesa.

Miss Rena Landgraf was a business caller at Milwaukee Saturday.

Herbert Marshman of Plainview, Minn., is visiting with the Jacob Marshman family.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stautz and family of West Bend spent Sunday with relatives here.

Tibbie Groeschel and Amanda Becker were social callers at Fredonia last Sunday afternoon.

Miss M. Burke visited with her sister at Chicago, who is a trained nurse at the Mercy hospital.

Mrs. C. Gall and son Erwin and lady friend of Port Washington spent Sunday with Oscar Frauenheim and family here.

Health depends, as nature shows, More on the interior than most suppose.

Keep your system from impurities free, By using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea.—Edw. C. Miller.

### WAYNE

Wm. Bort and Frank Collings and son Fred of Milwaukee spent last Sunday with the Sam Hawig family.

Hilbert Schuster of Theresa spent last Sunday with the John Petri family.

George Petri and Arthur Martin delivered clover seed to Mayville Tuesday.

Mrs. Meyer of Milwaukee spent from Friday till Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. George Petri and family.

Mrs. George H. Martin of West Bend spent from Tuesday till Thursday with the And. Martin Sr., family.

Nora Petri spent last Saturday and Sunday at Milwaukee on business, and also visited with relatives while there.

The Frauenverein met with Mrs. Wm. Abel last Sunday afternoon.

Katie Steichen returned from Milwaukee, after spending from Thursday till Tuesday with her brothers and their families.

Math. Wietor of Milwaukee spent this week with his brother, Frank and family and other relatives at Ashford.

And. Martin Sr., and son Art. spent Monday at Kewaskum on business.

Louis Moll and family of Cascade spent Sunday with Mrs. Wm. Abel and son.

John H. Martin and family of Kewaskum spent Sunday with his folks and other relatives here.

John Kippenhan and family, Henry Storek and family and Otto Bartel and family of Schleisingerville, and Mrs. Geo. Kippenhan of Kewaskum spent Sunday with the Kippenhan families here.

### WAUCOUSTA

Herman Dennert of Fond du Lac was a caller here Monday.

Louis and Fred Buslaff were business callers at Campbellsport.

Will Thompson made a business trip to Campbellsport Monday.

Miss Hattie Buslaff spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Fond du Lac.

Joseph Polzean has rented his farm to John Polzean and will reside in Campbellsport.

Peter Kren of Eden moved onto the Plitter farm which he has rented for the coming year.

Rolland Buslaff and sister Roena and Martin Engles spent Sunday evening with friends at Friendship.

Mrs. George Rudolph returned to her home at Milwaukee Friday, after a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. A. C. Buslaff.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Raymond of Campbellsport and Mr. and Mrs. Forest Brown of Kansas City, Mo., were callers here Monday.

Learning From Birds.

Many wise suggestions come to one who observes the ways and traits of birds. Study of birds well repays the effort it demands. Respect for animal life and bird life humanizes us. The greatest and best of mankind have been tender and loving to animal life. The more we become friends of the birds the more we shall feel the force of the text: "Not one sparrow shall fall to the ground without your Father. Fear ye not, therefore, ye are of more value than many sparrows."—Milwaukee Journal.

# More New Garments

We have just received another large shipment of

## WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GARMENTS

reflecting the very latest styles of the season. When you see the beautiful designs, the attractive colors, the fine lining and general good make-up, you will want one. We urge you to look these over soon. Our prices are very low, quality considered

### Warner's Corsets

Smartness in costing begins with the corset. If the foundation is fashionably designed, properly builded and fitted, your frocks will fall with grace. There is a Warner corset made for your figure.

\$1.00 to \$5.00

## The Newest in Millinery

### Stylish Shoes Perfecting

for Men, Women and Children. Our stocks are very complete and expert fitting assures comfort and good wear.

# Pick Brothers Company

West Bend, Wisconsin

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Sales, Want Ads, For Rent, Etc., Under this heading, 5 cents a line straight. All notices of an advertising nature appearing among the Locals or on the Front Page will be rated at 10 cents per line.

FOR SALE—One Pennant Jar Range, good as new.—Dr. N. F. Hascamano

WANTED—Scrap iron of all kinds. Best market price paid.—Nicholas Remmel, Kewaskum, Wis.

FOR SALE.—My property located in the town of Kewaskum. For further particulars address me at 826-20th St., Milwaukee.—Mrs. Fred Andrae, Sr.

FOR RENT—A new lower flat with furnace heating and electric light. Inquire of F. E. Colvin, Kewaskum, Wis.

FOUND—Between the H. J. Lay store and ware house, a ladies hand bag, with pocket book containing some money. Owner can recover same at this office.

## Deutscher Advocate

BUCKLIN & GEHL  
Lawyers  
West Bend, Wis.

IN KEWASKUM  
(Wednesday of each week. Office 2d floor Bank of Kewaskum Bldg. Office hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.)

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."

### ORDER OF NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

State of Wisconsin, } In Probate.  
Washington County Court, }  
In the matter of the estate of August Wesenberg, deceased.

On application of William H. Wesenberg, administrator of the estate of said August Wesenberg, deceased, for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such other persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is ordered, that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a regular term of said court, to be held at the Court House in the city of West Bend, in said county, on the first Tuesday of November, A. D. 1917.

It is further ordered, that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court, as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the further order and judgment of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks before said day in the Kewaskum Statesman, a weekly newspaper printed at Kewaskum, in said county.

Dated October 12, A. D. 1917.  
By the Court, P. O'MEARA,  
County Judge.

W. O. Meilahn,  
Attorney.  
First publication Oct. 13, 1917.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.

The Bank where you feel at Home.

Open a checking account and pay your bills by check

Your Application for Liberty Loan Bonds Received at This Bank

FARMERS & MERCHANTS  
Kewaskum STATE BANK Wisconsin

"The Bank of the People and For All The People"



EXPERT CHEMISTS

watch every stage in the brewing of Lithia Beer. Master brewers, modern plant, and imported hops and Wisconsin malt is what makes Lithia Beer different—it's in the flavor. Phone No. 9

West Bend Brewing Company,  
West Bend, Wisconsin

If you want what you want when you want it—in the printing line—WE HAVE IT!

We Are Ready To turn out that job of printing whenever you need it. Our Prices Are Right



# ATTEND THE MOVIES

Opera House, Kewaskum,  
Sunday, October 21st

Pallas Pictures Presents

**DUSTIN FARNUM**

IN

**"A Gentleman From Indiana"**

**"FATTY" ARBUCKLE**

in a two-reel side-splitting comic

**Seven Reel Program**

**SHOW STARTS AT 8 O'CLOCK SHARP**

Usual Prices of Admission

**Don't Miss This Big Show!**

## Time Table—C.&N.W.R'y

**SOUTH BOUND**  
No 208..... 8:39 p m daily except Sunday  
No 112..... 12:27 p m daily except Sunday  
No 183..... 3:50 a m daily except Sunday  
No 107..... 8:29 p m daily  
No 242..... 6:34 p m Sunday only  
No 141..... 8:42 a m Sunday only

**NORTH BOUND**  
No 206..... 9:48 a m daily except Sunday  
No 210..... 12:37 p m daily except Sunday  
No 74..... 3:34 p m daily  
No 8..... 5:47 p m daily except Sunday  
No 148..... 7:32 a m daily  
No 244..... 11:33 p m Sunday only  
No 220..... 7:28 a m Sunday only

—Miss Alma Hembel visited at Milwaukee Sunday.

—Mrs. Henry Quade visited relatives at Plymouth Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Welzien were West Bend visitors Sunday.

—William Endlich was an over Sunday visitor at Oshkosh.

—Miss Theresa Raether was a Milwaukee visitor Monday.

—Raymond Lynn of Fond du Lac was a village caller Sunday.

—C. Uthus, the tailor, spent Sunday with his family at Milwaukee.

—H. W. Meilahn and family visited relatives at Boltonville Sunday.

—Louis Petri of Campbellsport was a business caller here Saturday.

—Jacob Schofer and friends of West Bend were village callers Sunday.

—Jos. Honeck of Milwaukee spent Sunday evening with friends in the village.

—Mr. and Mrs. Math Rodenkirch spent Sunday with the Math Bath family.

—Dr. Wm. Hausmann and family of West Bend visited relatives here Sunday.

—John Brunner Jr., of West Bend was an over Sunday visitor with his parents.

—Chas. Andrae of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his brother, Fred, and family.

—Mrs. Mike Thull and son Joseph called on Joseph Thuesch and family last Tuesday.

—Henry Garbisch and family of Horicon made an auto trip to this village Sunday.

—Ferd. Raether and family attended a silver wedding at Beechwood Saturday.

—Mrs. James Murphy of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Ferd. Raether family.

—A number of our young people attended a dance at Boltonville last Sunday evening.

—Gustave Siebert of Cheeseville visited relatives in Kewaskum and St. Michaels Sunday.

—Miss Rose Mc Laughlin returned home Tuesday after spending a fortnight at Wausau.

—Mrs. Bertha Reinhardt of Elmore is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Fred Schultz and family.

—Circuit Court was adjourned at West Bend Monday until the first Monday in January.

—Don't forget the date of the Dvorak Trio entertainment at the Opera House next Thursday evening.

—Charles Stern and brother Julius of Farmington called on business in West Bend Wednesday.

—Mrs. Scholler and daughter of Milwaukee spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Glander.

—Fred Krahn of Loyal, Wis., spent the latter part of last week with the Adolph Backhaus family.

—Chas. Buss and family of St. Kilian spent Sunday with relatives and friends in the village.

—Mrs. Jake Remmel spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. John Faber, and family at West Bend.

—Miss Louise Roewekamp of Oshkosh spent last week Friday with the Rev. F. Mohme family.

—Miss Alma Schroer and brother Norman of Elkhart Lake spent a week with Fred Schultz and family.

—Mrs. John Thuesch of Campbellsport spent the past week with Joseph Thuesch and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. August Kumrow and son Arnold of West Bend visited friends in the village Sunday.

—Albert Oppenorth and family spent Sunday afternoon with the Jac Fox family at Campbellsport.

—Mrs. H. Ebert and Miss Tillie Eggert of West Bend spent Sunday with Mrs. Herman Kneuppel.

—Miss Rose Kaas of Milwaukee was a week end visitor with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kaas.

—Joseph Oppenorth of West Bend spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Oppenorth and family.

—Mrs. Catherine Harter visited with relatives and friends at Campbellsport from Saturday to Monday.

—Mrs. D. M. Rosenheimer is spending the latter part of this week visiting with friends at Chicago.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schultz and family visited with Mr. and Mrs. Charley Wilke and family near Elmore last Sunday.

—Mrs. Conrad Moehle and daughter Grace of Milwaukee spent the past week with Joseph Thuesch and family.

—Miss Erna Backus of Milwaukee is spending this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backus and family.

—Miss Eva Young of Milwaukee visited with Mrs. Rob Davies and friends a few days the forepart of the week.

—We are in receipt of a specimen of mammoth potatoes from Frank Harter, four of the tubers weighing over five pounds.

—Miss Mabel Klug of Milwaukee spent a few days the forepart of the week with her mother, Mrs. Gust Fug and family.

—Mmes William Schoofs and Wm. Schill of Milwaukee spent the past few days with the John and Jos. Schoofs families.

—Miss Martha and Tony Garberding left from the Ig. Schiller place for their home at Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marquardt's Sunday.

—Emil Wolf and Arthur Kaddatz of Milwaukee spent from Saturday until Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marquardt and family.

—Don't forget to attend the grand opening dance in the Kewaskum Opera House on November 4. Music by Gibson's Harp Orchestra.

—Word was received here that Gregory Harter of Co. E., Waco, Texas, has been made bugler of the 2nd Battalion of Engineers.

—Mrs. H. P. Aagard and son returned to Milwaukee Saturday after an extended visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Wright.

—Mrs. Geo. Schneider returned to her home at Oshkosh Sunday after an extended stay with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nic Haug and family.

—Mrs. Fred Marquardt and daughter Malinda and Mrs. L. A. Garberding and daughter Louise were business callers at West Bend Wednesday.

—Next Thursday evening, October 25th, the Dvorak Trio, a company of the world's greatest musicians, will be at the Opera House. Don't fail to hear them.

—Mr. and Mrs. Math. Stockhausen and children and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stellpflug of St. Michaels spent Sunday with Mrs. Wunderle and Mr. and Mrs. John Stellpflug.

—The following teachers spent the week end at their respective homes: The Misses Olga and Olive Haug, Laura Brandstetter and Elsie Sommer and Agatha Tiss.

—The West Bend Beobachter, after a service of nearly thirty-seven years, discontinued publication of same last week, owing to the steady decline of subscriptions.

—The following spent Sunday with Mrs. Wm. Krahn and family: Mr. and Mrs. Philip Meinhardt, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stark and son, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Krahn, all of Milwaukee.

—Mrs. S. J. Driessel and son of Barton left Monday for Houston Texas, to join her husband who is a lieutenant in the Medical Corps of the U.S. Army, stationed there.

—The following students from Milwaukee spent the week end at home: The Misses Lydia Guth, Salome Tias, Manilla Klessig, Dorothy Driessel, Leo Marx and Elmo Rosenheimer.

—West Bend was selected as the meeting place for the next tournament of the Badger Firemen's Association, at a meeting in the Republican House, Milwaukee, last Sunday morning.

—Word was received here of the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stein at Evansville, Ind. Mrs. Stein will be remembered here as Miss Catherine Bath. We extend congratulations.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz, Arthur Schaefer and John F. Schaefer visited with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schaefer and family at Juneau Tuesday. It being the former's birthday anniversary.

—The local section crew have been in the Milwaukee yards the past week, assisting the Milwaukee crew in raising the tracks about a mile north of Milwaukee on the North Western Railway.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Reinertz and family of West Bend visited with the H. Oppenorth family Sunday. Mr. Reinertz returned the same day while his wife and family remained for a more extended stay.

—A large number of our teachers attended the teachers' meeting at West Bend last Saturday. This was the first meeting held under the supervision of Miss Alva Groth, the new county superintendent.

—Announcement of the engagement of Miss Hazel Elmergreen of Milwaukee to Capt. J. Robert Fitzsimmons of the 339th Infantry, Camp Custer, Mich., appeared in a Milwaukee paper Wednesday evening.

—Maud—Isn't 30 to 50 too old to hope for any improvement? I should say not. One just begins to live. Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea you will be blooming fair at 60. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

—Word was received here this week of the death of Mrs. John Gabriel, eldest daughter of Peter Dricken, which occurred at Milwaukee Tuesday. The funeral took place at Milwaukee Friday. An appropriate obituary will appear in next week's issue.

—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bath entertained the following to dinner and supper Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bath and son Mike, Nic Remmel and family, Don Harbeck and family, Lucille Harter and the Misses Helen, Rosalia, Marcella Herman, and Sylvester Herman.

—It seems that some of those in the service of Uncle Sam from this village and vicinity are wondering who the donor of the Statesman may be, so we wish to inform them that it is through the kindness of B. H. Rosenheimer of the Bank of Kewaskum, that they are receiving it.

—Buried Treasure Recovered. King John of England is credited with having recovered in the thirteenth century plate, coin and jewels worth \$1,000,000 or more that had been buried in one place beneath the Roman wall in Northumberland, and it is assumed that similar finds in other places are still possible.

—Tough, Sure 'Nuff. High up on the list of those who have no luck, says the Kansas City Star, is the man who advertised for a wife, and whose first wife read the ad and came back to him.

—Truthful Girl. He—"Nothing could ever come between us, could it, dear?" She—"I can't think of a single thing, unless I should happen to become engaged to some other man before we get married."



## Sticking Type

is one thing and  
Artistically Designed  
Advertising

is another. We specialize in the latter—the kind that will make your letterheads, stationery and advertising matter a credit to your business. See us the next time you need something in the printing line.

## England's First Flags.

The early inhabitants of England, like those of other countries, used emblematic devices of one kind or another. That of the Saxons was a white horse. The introduction of flags into England is ascribed to St. Augustine, the missionary, and his followers, who after the convention of King Ethelbert entered Canterbury in procession chanting and bearing similar banners.

## Earth and Moon.

Fifty moons would equal the earth in volume, although it would take 81 times the mass of the moon to equal the mass of our planet as the lunar density is only six-tenths that of the earth. The entire surface of the moon about equals North and South America in area, though about 40 per cent of this surface we can never see, since our satellite always turns the same face toward us.

## Why Ammonia Cleans Clothes.

Ammonia, the great spot remover of the American people, is really a gas dissolved in water. It belongs to the alkali family, and on account of its mineral origin is the foe of all oils and grease, which explains the easy way it disposes of spots that soap and water cannot affect. Bath ammonia is a fine cleanser.

## Wool Wool!

Perfume—"Will you be annoyed if I enjoy a weed in your presence?" Patience—"Not at all. I look at tobacco in the same light as hay. I don't eat it myself, but I like to see other enjoy it."

## Word From Br'er Williams.

They ain't no of men nowadays; de exercise of side-steppin' de speedin' mobelins keeps 'em young.—Atlanta Constitution.

## Chinese Pen Is Brush.

The Chinese pen is a brush made of soft hair, which is best adapted for painting the curiously formed letters of the Chinese alphabet.

## Was Ill-Fated Pope.

St. Silverius was the fifty-eighth pope and was supreme pontiff 537-7. He was elected when a subdeacon, and his year as pope was one of constant trouble for resisting the efforts of heretics to win him to their views. He was seized, carried into exile, and after returning to Rome was imprisoned and died from ill treatment.

## Three "Barleycorns" in Inch.

The inch was formerly subdivided into three "barleycorns," these divisions being originally the length of a well-dried grain of barley.

## Good Printing

THE kind of printing that pays dividends is the kind you should have. Pale, muddy, poorly arranged printed matter is worse than none. The quality of your business is often judged by the quality of your stationery—inferior printing gives an impression of cheapness that is hard to overcome, while good printing carries with it a desirable suggestion of quality.

We produce only Quality Printing. Whether you want an inexpensive handbill or a letterhead in colors, if you order it from us you will be sure of getting good work. We have the equipment and the "know how" that enables us to get out really good printing—printing that impresses people with the good taste of its users. That is the only kind of printing that

Pays

# ATTEND OUR ANNUAL FALL SALE

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday,  
October 24th, 25th and 26th.

and save money. Specials in every department

Cloak Day <sup>FIRST SALE DAY</sup> October 24

More New Coats  
Special assortment of Fall Coats

Big Discounts

# L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

## LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley	1.30-1.37
Wheat	1.75-2.10
Red Winter	1.75-2.10
Rye No. 1	1.65-1.85
Oats	.55
Timothy Seed, hd.	\$5.00-5.00
Red Clover Seed, per 100 pounds	20.00-25.00
Alsike Clover Seed, per 100 pounds	20.00
White Clover Seed, per 100 pounds	25.00-35.00
Butter	40-42
Eggs	41
Unwashed Wool	60-64
Beans	7.50-8.50
Hides (calf skin)	21-25
Cow Hides	17-18
Honey	10
Horse Hides	5.00-6.00
Potatoes, new, sorted w/h	\$1-1.10
LIVE POULTRY	
Spring Chickens	18
Old Chickens	18
Roosters	13
Geese	14
Ducks	18
DRESSED POULTRY	
Spring Chickens	25
Geese	19
Ducks	20

## Dairy Market

### PLYMOUTH

Plymouth, Wis., Oct. 15—23 factories offered 2,733 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all sold as follows: 265 boxes twins at 23½¢, 1,450 daisies at 25¢, 240 cases longhorns, 25½¢, 50 at 25¼¢, 400 at 25¼¢, 248 boxes square prints at 27¼¢ and 80 at 27¢. There were no young Americas offered.

### SHEBOYGAN

Sheboygan, Wis., Oct. 15—13 factories offered 662 cases of longhorns on the call board today. 41 cases sold at 24¼¢ and 258 at 24¢. The bids on 363 cases were passed.

### Croup.

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.

## The Facilities of This Bank

Large resources to make the security of deposits absolute. Prompt attention to requests for loans. Progressive and prudent, yet courageous to protect the customer's interests first of all.

This is a bank for either savings or checking accounts—for the selection of your investments—for the guardianship of your estate—for the protection of your valuables.

All these facilities are offered to you cheerfully by the Bank of Kewaskum.

# Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Stockholders' Individual Resources  
Over Two Million Dollars

# Columbia Sweaters

## The Very Latest Styles.

Every Garment Guaranteed

Our purchases of both Ladies' and Gents' SWEATERS were never so large as this year, nor the range of selection so wide. We are prepared to meet almost any requirement in these lines.

Prices to Suit the Customer

Our complete new line of Fall and Winter Dress Goods and Gents' Furnishings is now ready for your inspection

# A. G. KOCH KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN.



NEW WAR BODY TO STOP TRADE WITH GERMANY

Property of Country's Enemy, in the United States, to Be Taken Over.

DECREE IS FAR-REACHING

Proclamation Issued by the President Is Most Drastic—Export of Goods Barred—Censorship Board Has Unlimited Power

Washington.—President Wilson issued the following regulations for the trading with the enemy act. They constitute the most far-reaching control of every phase of intercourse between the United States and the rest of the world:

By virtue of the authority vested in me by "An Act to Define, Regulate and Punish Trading With the Enemy and for Other Purposes," approved October 6, 1917, and by title VII of the act approved June 15, 1917, entitled "An Act to Punish Acts of Interference with the Foreign Relations, the Neutrality and the Foreign Commerce of the United States, to Punish Espionage and to Enforce the Criminal Laws of the United States and for Other Purposes," approved June 15, 1917, I hereby make the following orders and rules and regulations:

WAR TRADE BOARD.

I hereby establish a war trade board to be composed of representatives, respectively, of the secretary of state, of the secretary of the treasury, of the secretary of agriculture, of the secretary of commerce, of the food administrator and of the United States shipping board.

I hereby vest in said board the power and authority to issue licenses under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse licenses for the exportation of all articles except coin, bullion or currency, the exportation or taking of which out of the United States may be restricted by proclamations heretofore or hereafter issued by me under said title VII of the espionage act.

I further hereby vest in said war trade board the power and authority to issue upon such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse licenses for the importation of all articles, the importation of which may be restricted by any proclamation hereafter issued by me under section 11 of the trading with the enemy act.

I further hereby vest in said war trade board the power and authority not vested in other officers by subsequent provisions of this order, to issue under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse licenses to trade either directly or indirectly with, to from, or for, on account of or on behalf of, or in connection with, any person with knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that such other person is an enemy or an ally of enemy or is conducting or taking part in such trade directly or indirectly for or on account of, or on behalf of or for the benefit of, an enemy or ally of enemy.

I further hereby vest in said war trade board the power and authority, under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law, to issue to every enemy or ally of enemy, other than enemy or ally of enemy, insurance or reinsurance companies doing business within the United States through an agency or branch office, or otherwise, applying therefor within 30 days of October 8, 1917, licenses to insure or to be insured by, to or from, or for, or on account of, or on behalf of, or in connection with, any person with knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that such other person is an enemy or an ally of enemy or is conducting or taking part in such trade directly or indirectly for or on account of, or on behalf of or for the benefit of, an enemy or ally of enemy.

I further hereby vest in said war trade board the power and authority, under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law, to issue to every enemy or ally of enemy, other than enemy or ally of enemy, insurance or reinsurance companies doing business within the United States through an agency or branch office, or otherwise, applying therefor within 30 days of October 8, 1917, licenses to insure or to be insured by, to or from, or for, or on account of, or on behalf of, or in connection with, any person with knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that such other person is an enemy or an ally of enemy or is conducting or taking part in such trade directly or indirectly for or on account of, or on behalf of or for the benefit of, an enemy or ally of enemy.

And I further hereby vest in said war trade board the executive administration of the provisions of section 4 (B) of the trading with the enemy act, relative to granting licenses to enemies and enemy allies, to assume or use other names than those by which they are known at the beginning of the war, and I hereby authorize said board to issue licenses not inconsistent with the provisions of law or to withhold or refuse licenses to any enemy or ally of enemy or ally of enemy of which an enemy or ally of enemy is a member or was a member at the beginning of the war to assume or use any name other than by which such enemy or ally of enemy or partnership was ordinarily known at the beginning of the war.

I hereby revoke the executive order of August 21, 1917, relating to the export administrative board. All proclamations, rules, regulations and instructions made or given by me under title VII of the espionage act and not being administered by the export administrative board are hereby continued, confirmed and made applicable to the war trade board, and all employees of the export administrative board are hereby transferred to and constituted employees of the war trade board in the same capacities, and said war trade board is hereby authorized to exercise without interruption the powers heretofore exercised by said export administrative board.

The said war trade board is hereby authorized and empowered to take all such measures as may be necessary or expedient to administer the powers hereby conferred. And I hereby vest in the war trade board the power conferred upon the president by section 5 of the trading with the enemy act, not inconsistent with law, as may be necessary and proper for the exercise of the power conferred upon said board.

WAR TRADE COUNCIL.

I hereby establish a war trade council, to be composed of the secretary of state, secretary of the treasury, secretary of agriculture, secretary of commerce, the food administrator and the chairman of the shipping board, and I hereby authorize and direct the war trade council, so constituted to act in an advisory capacity in such matters under said acts as may be referred to by the president of the war trade board.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

I hereby vest in the secretary of the treasury the executive administration of any investigation, regulation or prohibition of any transaction in any foreign exchange, export or earmarking of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency, transfers of credit in any form (other than credits relating solely to transactions to be executed wholly within the United States and transfers of evidences of indebtedness or of the ownership of property between the United States and any foreign country or between territory of one or more foreign countries by any person within the United States), and I hereby vest in the secretary of the treasury the authority and power to require any person engaged in any such transaction to furnish under oath complete information

relative thereto, including the production of any books or accounts, contracts, letters or other papers in connection therewith in the custody or control of such person, either before or after such transaction is completed.

I further hereby vest in the secretary of the treasury the executive administration of the provisions of subsection (C) of section 3 of the trading with the enemy act, relative to sending, or taking out of, or bringing into, or attempting to send, take out of, or bring into, the United States any letter, writing or tangible form of communication, except in the regular course of the mail; and of the sending, taking, or transmitting or attempting to send, take out of the United States any letter, writing or other paper, picture or any telegram, cablegram, or wireless message or other form of communication intended for or to be delivered, directly or indirectly, to any enemy or ally of enemy. And said secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and empowered to issue licenses under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse the same.

I further authorize the secretary of the treasury to grant a license under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse the same to any enemy or ally of enemy insurance or reinsurance company doing business within the United States through an agency or branch office or otherwise, which shall make application within 30 days of October 6, 1917.

I hereby authorize and direct the secretary of the treasury, for the purpose of such executive administration, to take such measures, adopt such administrative procedure and use such agency or agencies as he may from time to time deem necessary and proper for that purpose. The proclamation of the president, dated September 7, 1917, made under authority vested in him by title VII of said act of congress, approved June 15, 1917, shall remain in full force and effect. The executive order, dated September 7, 1917, made under the authority of said title, shall remain in full force and effect until new regulations shall have been established by the president or by the secretary of the treasury with the approval of the president, and thereupon shall be superseded.

CENSORSHIP BOARD.

I hereby establish a censorship board, to be composed of representatives, respectively, of the secretary of state, of the secretary of the navy, of the postmaster general, the war trade board and the chairman of the committee on public information.

And I hereby vest in said censorship board the executive administration of the rules, regulations and proclamations from time to time established by the president under subsection (D) of section 3 of the trading with the enemy act, for the censorship of communications by mail, cable, radio or other means, and of the passing between the United States and any foreign country from time to time specified by the president, or carried by any vessel or other means of transportation touching at any port, place or territory of the United States and bound to or from any foreign country.

The said censorship board is hereby authorized to take all such measures as may be necessary or expedient to administer the powers hereby conferred.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

I further hereby vest in the federal trade commission the power and authority, under such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse the same, to any citizen of the United States or any corporation or partnership organized within the United States, to file and prosecute applications in the country of an enemy or ally of enemy for letter patent or for registration of trade-mark, print, label, or copyright, and to pay the fees required by law and the customary agents' fees, the maximum amount of which in each case, shall be subject to the control of such commission, or to pay to any enemy or ally of enemy any tax, annuity or fee, which may be required by the laws of such enemy or ally of enemy nation in relation to such trade-marks, prints, labels and copyrights.

I hereby vest in the federal trade commission the power and authority to issue, pursuant to the provisions of section 7 (C) of the trading with the enemy act, upon such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law, or to withhold or refuse a license to any citizen of the United States or any corporation or partnership organized within the United States, to manufacture or cause to be manufactured a machine, manufacture, composition or matter, design, or carry on or cause to be carried on a process under any patent, or to use any trade-mark, print, label or copyrighted matter owned or controlled by an enemy or ally of enemy, and also to fix the prices of articles and products manufactured under such licenses necessary to the health of the community or for the interest of the United States or the successful prosecution of the war; and to prescribe the fee which may be charged for such license, not exceeding \$100 and the amount of the penalty to be deposited by the licensee with the alien property custodian as provided by law.

I hereby further vest in the said federal trade commission the executive administration of the provisions of section 10 (D) of the trading with the enemy act, the power and authority to prescribe the form and content of any and all filings, statements of the extent of the use and enjoyment of the license and of the prices received and the times at which the licensee shall make payment to the alien property custodian; and the amounts of said payments, in accordance with the trading with the enemy act.

I further hereby vest in the federal trade commission the power and authority, whenever in its opinion the publication of an invention or the granting of a patent may be detrimental to the public safety or defense, or may assist the enemy, or endanger the successful prosecution of the war, to order that the invention be kept a secret and the grant of letters patent withheld until the end of the war.

The said federal trade commission is hereby authorized to take all such measures as may be necessary or expedient to administer the powers hereby conferred.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

I hereby vest in the postmaster general the executive administration of all the provisions of section 19 of the trading with the enemy act, relating to the printing, publishing or circulation in any foreign language of any news item, editorial or other printed matter respecting the government of the United States or of any nation engaged in the present war, its policies, international relations, the state or conduct of the war, or any matter relating thereto, and the filing with the postmaster at the place of publication in the form of an affidavit of a true and complete translation of the entire article containing such matter proposed to be published in such print, newspaper or publication, and the issuance of permits for the printing, publication and distribution thereof, free from said restriction. And the postmaster general is authorized and empowered to issue such permits upon such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law, or to refuse, withhold or revoke the same.

CABINET MEMBERS ON WAR TRADE BOARDS

These two boards are the war trade council and the war trade board.

The members of the war trade council will be:

Robert Lansing, secretary of state.

William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury.

David F. Houston, secretary of agriculture.

William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce.

Herbert C. Hoover, food administrator.

Edward N. Hurley, chairman shipping board.

The following are to be members of the new war trade board:

Vance C. McCormick, chairman, representing the secretary of state.

Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor, representing the secretary of agriculture.

Thomas D. Jones of Chicago, representing the secretary of commerce.

Beaver White, representing the food administrator.

Frank C. Munson, representing the shipping board.

Representative of the secretary of the treasury yet to be named.

as may be necessary is hereby allotted out of the funds appropriated by the trading with the enemy act to be expended by the postmaster general in the administration of section 19 thereof.

The postmaster general is hereby authorized to take all such measures as may be necessary or expedient to administer the power hereby conferred.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

I hereby vest in the secretary of state the executive administration of the provisions of subsection (B) of section 3 of the trading with the enemy act relative to any person transporting or attempting to transport any subject or citizen of an enemy or ally of an enemy nation, and relative to transporting or attempting to transport by any owner, master or other person in charge of a vessel of American registry from any place to any other place, such subject or citizen of an enemy or ally of enemy.

And I hereby authorize and empower the secretary of state to issue licenses for such transportation of enemies and enemy allies or to withhold or refuse the same.

And said secretary of state is hereby authorized to take all such measures as may be necessary or expedient to administer the powers hereby conferred and to grant, refuse, withhold or revoke licenses thereunder.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE.

I hereby vest in the secretary of commerce the power to review the refusal of any collector of customs under the provisions of sections 13 and 14 of the trading with the enemy act to clear any vessel or other means of transportation for which clearance is required by law.

ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

I hereby vest in an alien property custodian, to be hereafter appointed, the executive administration of all the provisions of section 7 (A), section 7 (C) and section 7 (D) of the trading with the enemy act, including all power and authority to require lists and reports and to extend the time for filing the same, conferred upon the president by the provisions of section 7 (A) and including the power and authority conferred upon the president by the provisions of said section 7 (C) to require the alien property custodian, assignment, delivery or payment to himself, at such time and in such manner as he shall prescribe, of any money or other properties owing to or belonging to, or on behalf of, or for the benefit of any enemy or ally of an enemy not holding a license granted under the provisions of the trading with the enemy act, and to carry on or cause to be carried on a process under any patent, or to use any trade-mark, print, label or copyrighted matter owned or controlled by an enemy or ally of enemy, and also to fix the prices of articles and products manufactured under such licenses necessary to the health of the community or for the interest of the United States or the successful prosecution of the war; and to prescribe the fee which may be charged for such license, not exceeding \$100 and the amount of the penalty to be deposited by the licensee with the alien property custodian as provided by law.

Any person who desires to make conveyance, transfer, payment, assignment or delivery under the provisions of section 7 (D) of the trading with the enemy act, to the alien property custodian of any money or other property owing to or belonging to, or on behalf of, or for the benefit of an enemy or ally of enemy, not holding a license granted as provided in the trading with the enemy act, or to whom any obligation or form of liability to such enemy or ally of enemy is presented for payment, shall file application with the alien property custodian for consent and authority to make such conveyance, transfer, assignment or payment, and shall deliver or pass such money or other property to him, and said alien property custodian is hereby authorized to exercise the power and authority conferred upon the president by the provisions of section 7 (D) to consent and to issue permit upon such terms and conditions as are not inconsistent with law or to withhold or refuse the same.

I further vest in the alien property custodian the executive administration of all the provisions of section 8 (A), section 8 (B) and section 8 (C) of the trading with the enemy act, so far as said sections relate to the power and duties of said alien property act.

I vest in the attorney general all power and authority conferred upon the president by the provisions of section 9 of the trading with the enemy act.

The alien property custodian, to be hereafter appointed, is hereby authorized to take all such measures as may be necessary or expedient to administer the powers hereby conferred, and he shall further have the power and authority to make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with law as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of said section 7 (A), section 7 (C), section 7 (D), section 8 (A) and section 8 (B) conferred upon the president by the provisions thereof and by the provisions of section 9 (A), said rules and regulations to be duly approved by the attorney general.

The alien property custodian, to be hereafter appointed, shall, "under the supervision and direction of the president, and under such rules and regulations as the president shall prescribe," have administration of all moneys (including checks and drafts payable on demand and of all property, other than money, which shall come into his possession) in pursuance of the provisions of the trading with the enemy act, in accordance with the provisions of section 8, section 10 and section 12 thereof.

Signed, WOODROW WILSON.

The White House, October, 1917.

LIBERTY LOAN DAY

PRESIDENT URGES EVERY COMMUNITY TO HOLD DEMONSTRATION ON OCT. 24.

BILLIONS NEEDED FOR WAR

Only \$600,000,000 of Second Loan Subscribed and Campaign Now Half Over—To Buy Bonds Is Patriotic Service.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The president has proclaimed Wednesday, October 24, as "Liberty day." On that day he will expect all communities to unite in a demonstration for the second Liberty loan. All federal employees are given a half-holiday. The proclamation is as follows:

"The second Liberty loan gives the people of the United States another opportunity to lend their funds to this government to sustain their country at war. The might of the United States is being mobilized and organized to strike a mortal blow at autocracy in defense of outraged American rights and of the cause of liberty. Billions of dollars are required to arm, feed and clothe the brave men who are going forth to fight our country's battle and to assist the nations with whom we are making common cause against a common foe.

"To subscribe to the Liberty loan is to perform a patriotic service. "Now I, therefore, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, do appoint Wednesday, the 24th of October, as Liberty day, and urge and advise the people to assemble in their respective communities and to pledge to one another and to the government that represents them the fullest measure of financial support.

"On the afternoon of that day I request that patriotic meetings be held in every city, town and hamlet throughout the land, under the general direction of the secretary of the treasury and the immediate direction of the Liberty loan committee which have been organized by the federal reserve banks."

Disappointment over the results up to date in the Liberty loan campaign are expressed in a statement issued by the treasury department. Reports, however, are said to be encouraging.

It is believed that not more than \$600,000,000 worth of bonds have been sold.

Unofficial estimates from five of the twelve districts show a total subscription to date of \$525,000,000. The Chicago district is credited with \$44,005,400, as against \$325,000,000 for the New York district, \$65,000,000 for the Cleveland district, \$59,192,000 for the Boston district and \$30,196,550 for the San Francisco district.

MAY SEIZE U. S. RAILROADS

Transportation System of America is Bending and May Break Under Strain of First Year at War.

Washington, Oct. 15.—"The exigencies of war may force government ownership of the American railroads in the near future," says a statement issued on Friday by the conference committee on national preparedness.

"Not only is ship tonnage inadequate for war's demand, but the whole transportation system of America is bending and may break under the strain of our first year at war.

"With crops not yet moving freely, with only a fraction of our new army sent from home, with our whole national war effort yet unplanned and unmeasured, war production is already hampered by shortage of cars and locomotives, lack of ample terminal acreage and other facilities.

"Perhaps the only step that the railroad people could take to postpone government ownership for any length of time would be a very broad-minded and general attitude on their part in contributing their facilities to the community service (under conditions of sale or lease or perhaps pooling), where such facilities were needed to develop transportation facilities, which in the past would have been considered competitive to the individual road.

"Nothing short of the combined local and national effort can prevent our present transportation facilities from proving utterly inadequate to meet the needs for carrying this war to a speedy decision. The toll, therefore, which this nation must pay in blood of its children will be measured by the general interest and initiative in the transportation field."

Seize Four Swedish Ships.

London, Oct. 13.—Four Swedish steamers in British ports were formally requisitioned by the government in pursuance of the policy to commander neutral ships in British ports which are partly or entirely owned by companies capitalized in England.

Mrs. De Saules Indicted.

Hempstead, L. I., Oct. 17.—The Nassau county grand jury returned an indictment charging murder in the first degree against Mrs. Blanca De Saules, who shot and killed her husband, John Longer De Saules, on August 3.

Seize Bomb on Warship.

New York, Oct. 17.—A man, apparently a German, employed in repair work on a United States naval vessel here, was arrested for carrying what was apparently a bomb aboard the ship here.

BRIG. GEN. LEJEUNE



Brig. Gen. John Archer Lejeune of the Marine corps, whose assignment to the marine commandant at Quantico, Va., has given rise to the report that he is to command the first division of marines to be mobilized in France. General Lejeune has been serving as assistant to General Barnett, the commandant of the Marine corps. He was graduated from the naval academy in June, 1888. In 1890 he was assigned to the Marine corps as a second lieutenant. General Lejeune has seen much service. He has been on duty in Panama, the Philippines and Mexico.

EIGHTEEN IN BOMB PLOT

VON PAPAN AND OTHERS CHARGED WITH CRIME.

Dr. Karl Schimmel Alleged to Have "Planted" infernal Machines on the Lusitania.

New York, Oct. 13.—Capt. Franz von Papan, former attaché of the German embassy in Washington, now in Europe, and 17 others were indicted by a federal grand jury on Thursday charged with placing bombs in the Lusitania and many other ships in 1915.

Assistant United States Attorney James W. Osborne made a hasty presentation of the evidence to the grand jury, following the arrest of three of the alleged conspirators.

Nine "T. N. T." bombs, called "Cigars," were placed in the Lusitania before she sailed on her last voyage in March, 1915.

This information was carried to the United States attorney by Martin Ilse, a German lawyer, who edits a department of a New York German newspaper.

Ilse states he was in the office of Dr. Carl Schimmel when news was flashed of the Lusitania's sinking by a U-boat.

Doctor Schimmel, he declared, rushed about the room tearing his hair and weeping. He quoted Doctor Schimmel as shouting:

"The fool. He has ruined my work. I had nine 'cigars' planted on the Lusitania. They would have destroyed her before she reached Liverpool."

7 IN AUTO KILLED BY TRAIN

Two Women, Four Children and Driver Crushed to Death While Returning to Detroit From Drive.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 16.—Every occupant of the automobile driven by Joseph J. Pohl were killed outright on Sunday when the car was struck by a Michigan Central passenger train at Burtisburg crossing, 12 miles north of Detroit. The victims, seven in number, are as follows: Joseph J. Pohl, Mrs. Joseph J. Pohl, Mrs. George Harvey (Mr. Pohl's sister), Mary Pohl, one year old, and Thomas Pohl, three years old, children of Mr. and Mrs. Pohl; Ralph Harvey, three years old, and Helen Harvey, five years old, children of Mrs. Harvey. All were residents of Detroit.

Pass Seeks "Firebugs."

Paris, Ill., Oct. 15.—An armed posse is seeking a group of vandals who are creating a reign of terror by means of the torch in Edgar county. The latest victims were Harrison Moss and Lew Wallace, wealthy farmers. Beans valued at \$3,000 were destroyed when Wallace's barn was fired.

Bars Russ Clergy.

Petrograd, Oct. 16.—The orthodox council, at a meeting in Moscow, has decided against permitting the clergy to participate in the provisional parliament.

Salt Lake Train Held Up.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 17.—A sheriff's posse is on the trail of bandits who held up a Deep Creek railroad train en route from Salt Lake to Goldhill, Nev., robbed the passengers and wounded Charles Barborg of this city.

Don M. Dickinson Is Dead.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 17.—Don M. Dickinson, former postmaster general under President Cleveland and one of the great Democratic leaders produced by Michigan during the period of her statehood, died at his home in Trenton.

SOX WIN THE TITLE

COMISKEY'S MEN DEFEAT GIANTS 4 TO 2 AND CAPTURE CHAMPIONSHIP AT NEW YORK.

VICTORY FOR RED FABER

Three-Run Rally in the Fourth Inning Off Benton Decides Sixth Contest—Gandil Drives in Two.

Figures for Series. Attendance, 183,654. Receipts, \$425,875. Players' share (four games), \$162,888.58.

Each club's share, \$115,200.81. Commissioner's share, \$42,587.80. Each White Sox, \$3,929.72. Each Giant, \$2,038.59.

Polo Grounds, N. Y., Oct. 17.—White Sox, world's champions! Score for the series, four games to two.

Score of the final game, the same. Red Faber delivered the goods on Monday and brought home the sides of the razorback.

Again the fourth inning was the fatal one for the Giants and the fortunate one for the Sox. Helge Zimmerman started trouble at the first opportunity in this round which Eddie Collins gave him, by picking up his grounder and putting so much steam behind the throw that the ball landed in the stands. Eddie raced to second. Then Dave Robertson got into the goat class by dropping Jackson's fly. Eddie raced to third, but Jackson had to remain at first, where he didn't expect to find any permanent lodgment, when he saw Robertson camping under the ball.

Felsch hit down to Benton. The Rubie, instead of throwing to Zim at once to nail Collins, who was on the way home, raced over to make the put-out. Then he finally had to throw to Zim. Helge overplayed his speed, and instead of tossing to the plate started a footrace after Eddie, who was bounding it for the plate. Helge-chased him clear across the pan.

Then Gandil came up and spilled the beans for the Giants by driving a stinging single into right. Jackson and Felsch scored and Gandil's ambition put a check on the Sox column or it might have been six or seven runs. He tried to make second and was thrown out. As Schulk got a single and Faber a pass after it the count is merely a conjecture had Gandil held first.

Weaver started the final round with a single. Schulk fouled out, but Faber, a notoriously poor hitter, was instructed to sacrifice, and he did. Nemo Leibold drove a low liner to center that Benny Kauff couldn't handle, and he made a wild throw to the plate and Weaver was in.

Perritt went into the game in the sixth and only one run was made off him.

World's Series Composite Box Score. White Sox. R. H. A. E. B. A. V. F. A. V.

Table with 10 columns: Player, R, H, A, E, B, A, V, F, A, V. Rows include Lajoie, Combs, Herzig, Kauff, Zimmerman, Fletcher, Robertson, Russell, Schalk, Faber, Perritt, Benton, Williams, Nibberg, KLVN, Total.

Giants. R. H. A. E. B. A. V. F. A. V. Burns, 3 5 0 6 235 100. Herzig, 2 6 12 2 215 322. Kauff, 2 4 0 1 180 375. Zimmerman, 2 3 14 2 120 320. Fletcher, 2 5 17 3 100 288. Robertson, 3 11 2 1 438 888. Holke, 2 6 0 1 288 885. Russell, 2 6 0 1 400 900. Schalk, 1 6 2 2 350 850. Faber, 0 1 8 0 143 100. Benton, 0 1 6 1 143 357. Williams, 0 0 1 0 100 100. Nibberg, 0 1 0 0 300 300. KLVN, 0 0 0 0 300 300. Total, 21 54 75 12 274 858.

Willoughby batted for Danforth in fourth game and for Cleatle in fifth game. KLVN batted for Williams in fifth game.

Giants. R. H. A. E. B. A. V. F. A. V. Burns, 3 5 0 6 235 100. Herzig, 2 6 12 2 215 322. Kauff, 2 4 0 1 180 375. Zimmerman, 2 3 14 2 120 320. Fletcher, 2 5 17 3 100 288. Robertson, 3 11 2 1 438 888. Holke, 2 6 0 1 288 885. Russell, 2 6 0 1 400 900. Schalk, 1 6 2 2 350 850. Faber, 0 1 8 0 143 100. Benton, 0 1 6 1 143 357. Williams, 0 0 1 0 100 100. Nibberg, 0 1 0 0 300 300. KLVN, 0 0 0 0 300 300. Total, 21 54 75 12 274 858.

COAL SHORTAGE IN THE U. S.

Situation Attributed to Unprecedented Demand—Prices Raised in Southern District.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Existence of a general coal shortage was admitted by the geological survey, which attributes the situation not to the failure of producers to do their best but to the unprecedented demand.

A serious coal shortage exists in Ohio, fuel administration officials were told by a delegation of consumers.

Coal prices in some districts of Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia were raised by the fuel administration after it was shown operators could not mine coal at a profit at the prices fixed recently.

In Virginia prices in some districts are raised from \$2 to \$2.40 for run-of-mine coal.

In eastern Tennessee run-of-mine coal prices in five counties are raised from \$2.30 to \$2.40.

POLAND'S FLAG ON FRONT</



# THE HILLMAN

## An Unusual Love Story

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

"My own reputation," she murmured, "is absolutely of no consequence, but remember that you live here, and—"

"Don't be silly!" he interrupted. "What does that matter? And besides, according to you and all the rest of you here, these things don't affect a man's reputation—they are expected of him. See, I have rung the bell for breakfast. Now I am going to telephone down for a messenger boy to go for your clothes."

They breakfasted together, a little later, and she made him amuse. He stood before the window, looking down upon the river, with his pipe in his mouth and an unfamiliar look upon his face.

"Do you suppose that Louise knows anything?" he asked at length.

"I should think not," she replied. "It is for you to tell her. I rang up the prince's house while you were in the bathroom. They say that he has a broken rib and some bad cuts, sustained in a motor accident last night, but that he is in no danger. There was nothing about the affair in the newspapers, and the prince's servants have evidently been instructed to give this account to inquirers."

A gleam of interest shone in John's face.

"By the bye," he remarked, "the prince is a Frenchman. He will very likely expect me to fight with him."

"No hope of that, my belligerent friend," Sophie declared, with an attempt at a smile. "The prince knows that he is in England. He would not be guilty of such an anachronism. Besides, he is a person of wonderfully well-balanced mind. When he is himself again, he will realize that what happened to him is exactly what he asked for."

John took up his hat and gloves. He glanced at the clock—it was a little past eleven.

"I am ready," he announced. "Let me drive you home first."

His motor was waiting at the door, and he left Sophie at her rooms. Before she got out, she held his arm for a moment.

"John," she said, "remember that Louise is very high-strung and very sensitive. Be careful!"

"There is only one thing to do or to say," he answered. "There is only one way in which I can do it."

He drove the car down Piccadilly like a man in a dream, steering as carefully as usual through the traffic, and glancing every now and then with unseeing eyes at the streams of people upon the pavements. Finally he came to a standstill before Louise's house and stopped the engine with deliberate care. Then he rang the bell, and was shown into her little drawing-room, which seemed to have become a perfect bower of pink and white lilac.

He sat waiting as if in a dream, unable to decide upon his words, unable even to sift his thoughts. The one purpose with which he had come, the one question he designed to ask, was burning in his brain. The minutes of her absence seemed tragically long.

Then at last the door opened and Louise entered. She came toward him with a little welcoming smile upon her lips. Her manner was gay, almost affectionate.

"Have you come to take me for a ride before lunch?" she asked. "Do you know, I think that I should really like it! We might lunch at Ranelagh on our way home."

The words stuck in his throat. From where she was, she saw now the writing on his face. She stopped short.

"What is it?" she exclaimed.

"Ever since I knew you," he said slowly, "there have been odd moments when I have lived in torture. During the last fortnight, those moments have become hours. Last night the end came."

"Are you mad, John?" she demanded.

"Perhaps," he replied. "Listen. When I left you last night, I went to the club in Adelphi Terrace. There was a well-known critic there, comparing you and Latrobe. On the whole he favored you, but he gave Latrobe the first place in certain parts. Latrobe, he said, had had more experience in life. She had had a dozen lovers—you, only one."

She winced. The glad freshness seemed suddenly to fade from her face. Her eyes became strained.

"Well?"

"I found Grallot. I cornered him. I asked him for the truth about you. He put me off with an evasion. I came down here and looked at your window. It was three o'clock in the morning. I dared not come in. A very demon of unrest was in my blood. I stepped at the night club on my way back—Sophy was there. I asked her plainly to put me out of my agony. She was like Grallot. She fawned with me. And then—the prince came!"

"The prince was there?" she faltered.

"He came up to the table where Sophie and I were sitting. I think I was half mad. I poured him a glass of wine. I told him that you had prom-

ised to become my wife. He raised his glass—I can see him now. He told me, with a smile, that it was the anniversary of the day on which you promised to become his—!"

Louise shrank back.

"He told you that?"

"John was on his feet. The fever was blazing once more."

"He told me that, face to face?"

"And you?"

"If I had been alone," John answered simply, "I should have killed him. I drove the words down his throat. I threw him back to the place he had left, and hurt him rather badly. I'm afraid. Sophie took me home somehow, and now I am here."

She leaned a little forward on the couch. She looked into his face searchingly, anxiously as if looking for something she could not find. His lips were set in hard, cold lines. The likeness to Stephen had never been more apparent.

"Listen!" she said. "You are a Puritan. While I admire the splendid self-restraint evolved from your creed, it is partly temperamental, isn't it? I was brought up to see things differently, and I do see them differently. Tell me, do you love me?"

"Love you?" he repeated. "You know it! Could I suffer the tortures of the damned if I didn't? Could I come to you with a man's blood upon my hands if I didn't? If the prince lives, it is simply the accident of fate. I tell you that if we had been alone I should have driven the breath out of his body. Love you?"

He rose slowly to her feet. She leaned with her elbow upon the mantelpiece, and her face was hidden for a moment.

"Let me talk to you," she said. "I don't know what to say to you. I don't know you, John. There isn't anything left of the John I loved. Let me look again!"

She swung around.

"You speak of love," she went on suddenly. "Do you know what it is? Do you know that love reaches to the heavens, and can also touch the nethermost depths of hell? If I throw myself on your knees before you now, if I link my fingers around your neck, if I whisper to you that in the days that were past before you came I had done things I would fain forget, if I told you that from henceforth every second of my life was yours, that my heart beat with yours by day and by night, that I had no other thought, no other dream, than to stay by your side, to see you happy, to give all there was of myself into your keeping, to keep it holy and sacred for you—John, what then?"

Never a line in his face softened. He looked at her a moment as he had looked at the woman in Piccadilly, into whose hand he had dropped gold.

"Are you going to tell me that it is the truth?" he asked hoarsely.

"Think for a single moment of that feeling which you call love, John!" she pleaded. "Listen! I love you. It has come to me at last, after all these

years. It lives in my heart, a greater thing than my ambition, a greater thing than my success, a greater thing than life itself. I love you, John! Can't you feel, don't you know, that nothing else in life can matter?"

Not a line in his face softened. His teeth had come together. He was like a man upon the rack.

"It is true? It is true, then?" he demanded.

She looked at him without any reply. The seconds seemed drawn out to an interminable period. He heard the rolling of the motorbuses in the street. Once more the perfume of the lilac seemed to choke him. Then she leaned back and touched the bell.

"The prince spoke the truth," she said. "I think you had better go!"

CHAPTER XXII.

Before the wide-fung window of her attic bedchamber, Sophie Gerard was crouching with her face turned westward. She had abandoned all effort to sleep. The one thought that was

beating in her brain was too insistent, too clamorous. Somewhere beyond that tangled mass of chimneys and telegraph poles, somewhere on the other side of the gray haze which hung about the myriad roofs, John and Louise were working out their destiny, speaking at last the naked truth to each other.

She started suddenly back into the room. There was a knocking at the door, something quite different from her landlady's summons. She wrapped her dressing-gown around her, pulled the curtains around the little bed on which she had striven to rest, and moved toward the door. She turned the handle softly.

"Who is that?" she asked.

John almost pushed his way past her. She closed the door with nerveless fingers. Her eyes sought his face, her lips were parted. She clung to the back of the chair.

"You have seen Louise?" she exclaimed breathlessly.

"I have seen Louise," he answered. "It is all over!"

She looked a little helplessly around her. Then she selected the one chair in the tiny apartment that was likely to hold him, and led him to it.

"Please sit down," she begged, "and tell me about it. You mustn't despair like this all at once. I wonder if I could help!"

"No one can help," he told her grimly. "It is all finished and done with. I would rather not talk any more about it. I didn't come here to talk about it. I came to see you. So this is where you live?"

He looked around him, and for a moment he almost forgot the pain which was gnawing at his heart. It was such a simple, plainly furnished little room, so clean, so neat, so pathetically eloquent of poverty. She drew closer together the little chintz-covered bed, and came and sat down by his side.

She clasped her hands tighter around his arm. Her eyes sought his anxiously.

"But you mustn't climb down, John," she insisted. "You are so much nicer where you are, so much too good for the silly, ugly things. You must fight this in your own way, fight it according to your own standards. You are too good to come down—"

"Am I too good for you, Sophie?"

She looked at him, and her whole face seemed to soften. The light in her blue eyes was sweet and wistful. A bewildering little smile curled her lips.

"Don't be stupid!" she begged. "A few minutes ago I was looking out of my window and thinking what a poor little morsel of humanity I am, and what a useless, drifting life I have led. But that's foolish. Come now! What I want to persuade you to do is to go back to Cumberland for a time, and try hard—very hard indeed—to realize what it means to be a woman like Louise, with her temperament, her intense intellectual curiosity, her charm. Nothing could make Louise different from what she is—a dear, sweet woman and a great artist. And, John, I believe she loves you!"

His face remained undisturbed even by the flicker of an eyelid.

"Sophy," he said, "I have decided to go abroad. Will you come with me?"

She sat quite still. Again her face was momentarily transformed. All its pallor and fatigue seemed to have vanished. Her head had fallen a little back. She was looking through the ceiling into heaven. Then the light died away almost as quickly as it had come. Her lips shook tremulously.

"You know you don't mean it, John! You wouldn't take me. And if you did, you'd hate me afterward—you'd want to send me back!"

He suddenly drew her to him, his arm went around her waist. She had lost all power of resistance. For the first time in his life of his own deliberate accord, he kissed her—feverishly, almost roughly.

"Sophy," he declared, "I have been a fool! I have come an awful cropper, but you might help me with what's left. I am going to start afresh. I am going to get rid of some of these ideas of mine which have brought me nothing but misery and disappointment. I don't want to live up to them any longer. I want to just forget them. I want to live as other men live—just the simple, ordinary life. Come with me! I'll take you to the places we've talked about together. I am always happy and contented with you. Let's try it!"

Her arms stole around his neck.

"John," she whispered, hiding her face for a moment. "What can I say? What could my poor, weak little creature like me say? You know I am fond of you—I haven't had the pride, fond, to conceal it!"

He stood up, held her face for a moment between his hands, and kissed her forehead.

"Then that's all settled," he declared. "I am going back to my rooms now. I want you to come and dine with me there tonight, at eight o'clock."

Her eyes sought his, pleaded with him, searched them.

"You are sure, John?" she asked, her

voice a little broken. "You want me really? I am to come?"

"I am sure," he answered steadfastly. "I shall expect you at eight o'clock!"

John went back to his rooms fighting all the time against a sense of unreality, a sense almost of lost identity. He bought an evening newspaper and read it on the way. He talked to the hall porter, he talked to a neighbor with whom he ascended in the lift—he did everything except think.

In his rooms he telephoned to the restaurant for a waiter, and with the menu in his hand, a few minutes later, he ordered dinner. Then he glanced at his watch—it was barely seven o'clock. He went down to the barber shop, was shaved and had his hair cut, encouraging the barber all the while to talk to him. He gave his hands over to a manicure, and did his best to talk nonsense to her. Then he came upstairs again, changed his clothes with great care, and went into his little sitting room.

It was five minutes to eight, and dinner had been laid at a little round table in the center of the room. There was a bowl of pink roses—Sophy's favorite flower—sent in from the florist's; the table was lighted by a pink-shaded lamp. John went around the room, turning out the other lights, until the apartment was hung with shadows save for the little spot of color in the middle. An unopened bottle of champagne stood in an ice-pail, and two specially prepared cocktails had been placed upon the little side table. There were no more preparations to be made.

He turned impatiently away from the window and glanced at the clock. It was almost eight. He tried to imagine that the bell was ringing, that Sophie was standing there on the threshold in her simple but dainty evening dress, with a little smile parting her lips. The end of it all! He pulled down the blind. No more of the window, no more looking out at the lights, no more living in the clouds! It was time, indeed, that he lived as other men. He lifted one of the glasses to his lips and drained its contents.

Then the bell rang. He moved forward to answer its summons with beating heart. As he opened it, he received a shock. A messenger boy stood outside. He took the note which the boy handed him and tore it open under a lamp. There were only a few lines:

John, my heart is breaking, but I know you do not mean what you said. I know it was only a moment of madness with you. I know you will love Louise all your life, and will bless me all your life because I am giving up the one thing which could make my life a paradise. I shall be in the train when you read this, on my way to Bath. I have wired my young man, as you call him, to meet me. I am going to ask him to marry me, if he will, next week.

Good-by! I give you no advice. Some day I think that life will right itself with you. SOPHY.

The letter dropped upon the table. John stood for a moment dazed. Suddenly he began to laugh. Then he remembered the messenger boy, gave him half a crown, and closed the door. He came back into the room and took his place at the table. He looked at the empty chair by his side, looked at the full glass on the sideboard. It seemed to him that he was past all sensations. The waiter came in silently.

"You can serve the dinner," John ordered, shaking out his napkin. "Open the champagne before you go."

"You will be alone, sir?" the man inquired.

"I shall be alone," John answered.

CHAPTER XXIII.

It was a room of silence, save for the hissing of the green logs that burned on the open hearth, and for the slow movements of Jennings as he cleared the table. Straight and grim in his chair, with the newspaper by his side, Stephen Strangeway sat smoking stolidly. Opposite to him, almost as grim, equally silent, sat John.

"Things were quiet at Market Ketton today, then, John?" Stephen asked at last.

"There was nothing doing," was the brief reply.

That, for the space of a quarter of an hour or so, was the sole attempt at conversation between the two brothers. Then Jennings appeared with a decanter of wine and two glasses, which he reverently filled. Stephen held his up to the light and looked at it critically. John's remained by his side, unnoticed.

"A glass for yourself, Jennings," Stephen ordered.

"I thank ye kindly, sir," the old man replied.

He fetched a glass from the sideboard, filled it, and held it respectfully before him.

"It's the old toast," Stephen said glumly. "You know it!"

"Are, Master Stephen?" the servant assented. "We've drunk it together for many a long year. I give it ye now with all my heart—confusion to all women!"

They both glanced at John, who

showed no signs of movement. Then they drank together, the older man and his servant. Still John never moved. Jennings drained his glass, placed the decanter by his master's side, and withdrew.

"So the poison's still there, brother?" Stephen asked.

"And will be so long as I live," John confessed gloomily. "For all that, I'll not drink your toast."

"Why not?"

"There was a little girl—you saw her when you were in London. She is married now, but I think of her sometimes; and when I do, you and old Jennings seem to me like a couple of blithering idiots cursing things too wonderful for you to understand!"

Stephen made no protest. For a time he smoked in silence. Curiously enough, as they sat together, some of the grim fierceness seemed to have passed from John's expression and settled upon John. More than once, as he looked across at his younger brother, it almost seemed as if there was something of self-reproach in his questioning look.

"You dined at the ordinary in Market Ketton?" Stephen asked at last.

"I did."

"Then you heard the news?"

"Who could help it?" John muttered. "There wasn't much else talked about."

"Balliff Henderson has been over here," Stephen went on. "There's a small array of painters and decorators coming down to the castle next week. You saw the announcement of the wedding in the morning Post, maybe?"

John assented without words. Stephen smoked vigorously for a few moments. Every now and then he glanced across to where John was sitting. Once again the uneasiness was in his eyes, an uneasiness which was almost self-reproach.

John moved a little restlessly in his chair.

"Let's drop it, Stephen," he begged. "We both know the facts. She is best to marry him, and that's the end of it. Fill your glass up again. Here's mine untouched. I'll drink your toast with you, if you'll leave out the little girl who was kind to me. I'll give it to you myself—confusion to all women!"

"Confusion to—" Stephen began.

"What on earth is that?"

They both heard it at the same time—the faint beating of a motor engine in the distance. John set down his glass. There was a strange look in his eyes.

"There are more cars passing along the road now than in the old days," he muttered; "but that's a queer sound. It reminds one—good heavens, how it reminds one!"

There was a look of agony in his face for a moment. Then once more he raised his glass to his lips.

"It's passed out of hearing," Stephen said. "It's someone on the way to the castle, maybe."

Still their glasses remained suspended in midair. The little garden gate had opened and closed with a click; there were footsteps upon the flinty walk.

"It's someone coming here!" John cried hoarsely. "Why can't they keep away? It's two years ago this week since I brought her up the drive and you met us at the front door. Two years ago, Stephen! Who can it be?"

They heard the front door open, they heard Jennings' voice raised in unusual and indignant protest. Then their own door was suddenly flung wide, and a miracle happened. John's glass slipped from his fingers, and the wine streamed out across the carpet. He shrank back, gripping at the table cloth. Stephen turned his head, and sat as if turned to stone.

"John," she faltered, "it isn't the car this time—it is I who have broken down! I cannot go on. I have no pride left. I have come to you. Will you help me?"

He found himself upon his feet. Stephen, too, had arisen. She stood between the two men, and glanced from one to the other. Then she looked more closely into John's face, peering forward with a little start of pain, and her eyes were filled with tears.

"John," she cried, "forgive me! You were so cruel that morning, and you seemed to understand so little. Don't you really understand, even now? Have you ever known the truth, I wonder?"

"The truth!" he echoed hoarsely. "Don't we all know that? Don't we all know that he is to give you your rights, that you are coming—"

"Stop!" she ordered him.

He obeyed, and for a moment there was silence—a tense, strained silence.

"John," she continued at last, "I have no rights to receive from the prince of Sevre. He owes me nothing. Listen! Always we have seen life differently, you and I. To me there is only one great thing, and that is love; and beyond that nothing counts. I tried to love the prince before you came, and I thought I did, and I promised him at last, because I believed that he loved me and that I loved him,

and that if so it was his right. Look down the road, John! On that night I was on my way to the castle; but I broke down, and in the morning the world was all different, and I went back to London. It has been different ever since, and there has never been any question of anything between the prince and me, because I knew that it was not love."

John was shaking in every limb. His eyes were filled with fierce questioning. Stephen sat there, and there was wonder in his face, too.

"When you came to me that morning," she went on, "you spoke to me in a strange tongue. I couldn't understand you, you seemed so far away."

Stephen made no protest. For a time he smoked in silence. Curiously enough, as they sat together, some of the grim fierceness seemed to have passed from John's expression and settled upon John. More than once, as he looked across at his younger brother, it almost seemed as if there was something of self-reproach in his questioning look.

"You dined at the ordinary in Market Ketton?" Stephen asked at last.

"I did."

"Then you heard the news?"

"Who could help it?" John muttered. "There wasn't much else talked about."

"Balliff Henderson has been over here," Stephen went on. "There's a small array of painters and decorators coming down to the castle next week. You saw the announcement of the wedding in the morning Post, maybe?"

John assented without words. Stephen smoked vigorously for a few moments. Every now and then he glanced across to where John was sitting. Once again the uneasiness was in his eyes, an uneasiness which was almost self-reproach.

John moved a little restlessly in his chair.

"Let's drop it, Stephen," he begged. "We both know the facts. She is best to marry him, and that's the end of it. Fill your glass up again. Here's mine untouched. I'll drink your toast with you, if you'll leave out the little girl who was kind to me. I'll give it to you myself—confusion to all women!"

"Confusion to—" Stephen began.

"What on earth is that?"

They both heard it at the same time—the faint beating of a motor engine in the distance. John set down his glass. There was a strange look in his eyes.

"There are more cars passing along the road now than in the old days," he muttered; "but that's a queer sound. It reminds one—good heavens, how it reminds one!"

There was a look of agony in his face for a moment. Then once more he raised his glass to his lips.

"It's passed out of hearing," Stephen said. "It's someone on the way to the castle, maybe."

Still their glasses remained suspended in midair. The little garden gate had opened and closed with a click; there were footsteps upon the flinty walk.

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TAKE IT FROM BILLY POSTER, HIS BILLBOARDS ARE SPREADING THE GOOD NEWS



CAMPBELLSPORT

Frank Kleinhaus was a caller here Monday. W. Calvey was seen in the village Saturday. Jos. Rodler spent Friday with friends here. H. Somerville was a caller at Milwaukee Friday. F. Bauer called on friends at Fond du Lac Saturday. Mrs. R. James called on friends at Milwaukee Sunday. A. Meyers was a pleasant caller in the village Monday. John Polzean was an Eden business caller Monday. Miss D. Kohler spent Sunday with friends at Kewaskum. A. W. Koepke of Milwaukee was a village caller Friday. Miss M. Fellenz sojourned at Fond du Lac Thursday. Miss L. Mapes visited with friends in the village Saturday. Mrs. John Loeb called on friends at Fond du Lac Monday. W. Byers transacted business at Chicago last week Friday. John Grimes was a business caller at Milwaukee last Friday. Miss Germaine Paas called on friends at Kewaskum Sunday. Mrs. John Dunn was the guest of friends at Milwaukee Saturday. Miss H. Hull is visiting with old time friends here for a few weeks. Miss R. Thompson visited with relatives and friends at Oshkosh Saturday. Miss J. Roberts and Miss H. Raye were Milwaukee visitors on Wednesday. Miss M. Parks of Chicago visited with relatives and friends here last Sunday. A. Jewson and Frank Heffling were Fond du Lac business callers on Monday. Mike Theisen transacted business at the County Seat the forepart of the week. Miss E. McCullough, Miss M. Mack A. Jewson and W. Romaine transacted business at Fond du Lac Friday. H. A. Wrucke, Chas. Van de Zande and Mrs. M. Haessly and daughter were guests of friends at Fond du Lac Tuesday. Mrs. J. Loeb, John Wenzel, L. Haessly, Mrs. John Paas, Miss S. Duncan transacted business at the County Seat Wednesday. The following spent Thursday with friends at Fond du Lac: A. Jewson, Miss E. McCullough, Mr. and Mrs. R. Rahling, G. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. B. Ellis, Thos. Curran and John Dickman.

MIDDLETOWN

H. Bartelt was a caller at New Prospect Wednesday. Mrs. F. S. Burnett was a Campbellsport caller Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Wachs visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bartelt visited with Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Ford last Monday evening. Miss Viola Bartelt spent a few days of last week with her sister, Mrs. Edward Baumhardt. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Loomis and daughter Inez and Mildred Raymond of Campbellsport spent Sunday here. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Baumhardt visited Sunday evening with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bartelt. Arthur Bartelt, Cecelia Ludwig and Elsie Bartelt attended the wooden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. M. Tuttle at New Prospect last Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bartelt moved their household goods onto the H. F. Sackett farm, last Thursday and Friday, the farm which Mr. Bartelt purchased some time last winter. Constipation, indigestion, drive away appetite and make you weak and sick. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea restores the appetite, drives away disease, builds up the system. Nature's wondrous herbs scientifically blended. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

NEW PROSPECT

Oscar Stern drove to Campbellsport Thursday. Mrs. Harry Koch spent Thursday at Campbellsport. Aug. Falk transacted business at Kewaskum Tuesday. Adolph Glass of Beechwood was a village caller Sunday. Flitter Bros. of Waucousta were callers here Thursday. Wm. Bartelt transacted business at Kewaskum Wednesday. Fred Habeck of Waucousta was a village caller Wednesday. Wm. Glass of Beechwood was here on business Wednesday. Oscar Bartelt of Waucousta called on relatives here Wednesday. Sheldon Tuttle of Four Corners was a business caller here Saturday. John Ketter has been engaged to work for B. G. Romaine the coming year. Emil Bartelt and Norbert Uelmen motored to Campbellsport Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Uelmen of Campbellsport spent Monday with F. Bowen and family. M. F. Kohn and J. P. Uelmen motored to Campbellsport and Kewaskum on business Tuesday. Chas. Spradow and family of Elmwood spent Sunday with his brother, Emil Spradow and family here. Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen and Mrs. A. Krueger spent Monday with Wm. Krueger and family at Cascade. Mrs. Theresa Bach of Campbellsport spent from Sunday till Tuesday with the M. F. Kohn family here. R. Dettman, Wm. Gasser, Orin Warden and brother Charles were village callers Wednesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hill of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Romaine. Martin Krahn and family of Beechwood and Lorena Krueger of Cascade spent Saturday evening with friends here. Mr. F. Millad, traveling salesman for the Suelohn and Seefeld Hardware Co., Milwaukee, called on his trade here Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Venus Van Ess and children, Mr. Weinholdt, Eunice and Eugene Hess of Adell visited with Wm. Bartelt and family Sunday. Mrs. J. P. Uelmen entertained the following guests Wednesday afternoon: Mrs. M. Krahn of Beechwood, Lorena Krueger of Cascade, Mrs. F. Bowen and children from here. A surprise party was given in J. Tunn's hall Saturday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Tuttle's fifth wedding anniversary. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Romaine and children, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Romaine and son Frank, Mr. and Mrs. Al. Butzke, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hintz, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen, Mr. and Mrs. L. Ostrander, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koehn, Mr. and Mrs. G. Gilboy, Mr. and Mrs. C. Narges, Elsie Bartelt and brother Arthur, Celia Ludwig, Milly Krueger and brother Herman, Corral Romaine, Helen Treleven, Marion Gilboy, Eric and Ed. Falk, Will and Ed. Becker, Walter Jandre, Emil Bartelt and Earl Ostrander. The evening was spent in dancing. Music was furnished by Mr. Kohler of Elmore. At midnight a delicious lunch was served, after which the guests departed for their respective homes wishing Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle many more years of happy wedded life.

ST. KILIAN

Mrs. John Beisbier spent several days at Fond du Lac visiting with her father who is at the St. Agnes hospital. Martin Leonard left Sunday evening for Menominee Falls, to work in the sugar beet factory. Mrs. Andrew Delling of Milwaukee spent a week's visit with the Peter Hurth family. Ulrich Kuntz of Kingfisher, Oklahoma is visiting with old time friends here since Monday. Warnings Mountain Climbers. Colorado puts bells on dangerous mountain spots to warn climbers.

DUNDEE

Little Marcella Calvey, who was ill last week, has recovered. J. Weasler was a business caller at Campbellsport Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dins have returned from their honeymoon trip. C. Donhue and Paul Majake Sr., were callers at Fond du Lac Sunday. W. L. Calvey and family spent Sunday with relatives at Fond du Lac. The Misses Edith and Mabel Brown spent the week-end with Milwaukee relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Dan Calvey and family and Mae Murphy spent Sunday in Mitchell. John Schenk left Tuesday for Mayville where he will be employed in the gas works. Leon Newton of Fond du Lac visited his parents here several days of last week. Loraine Garriety, who attends high school at Kewaskum, spent Sunday with her parents here. A number from here attended "The Birth of a Nation" at the Opera House at Kewaskum Sunday evening. The Misses Christina and Anna Majaka left Thursday for Chicago where they will spend some time visiting relatives. George Whalen, Leon and Bert Newton and Clyde Hennings returned Tuesday from a hunting trip in the northern part of the state. Word was received here Tuesday morning of the death of Henry Wittenberg Sr., at Five Corners. Mr. Wittenberg was a former resident of this place.

ELMORE

Miss Adeline Schmidt of Fond du Lac spent the forepart of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus. Edward Kibbel of North Ashford filled silos here for Reuben Backhaus, Julius Kloke and Wm. Geidel the past week. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Geidel and daughter Oleida spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Emil Backhaus at Kewaskum. Miss Lydia Schmidt spent Sunday afternoon with the Misses Nora and Ella Geidel. Mr. and Mrs. Mike Gantenbein and family, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Volke and son spent Sunday evening at Kewaskum. Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus and Miss Adeline Schmidt, Wm. Geidel and sons Alfred, Franklin and Richard spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Backhaus at St. Michaels. Miss Olive Rusch left Monday for West Bend where she started a six months' course in sewing. Mrs. Albert Struebing and daughter Anita spent a few days at Milwaukee the past week. Miss Estella Mathieu is spending the week with the J. H. Kleinhaus family at Campbellsport. Mr. and Mrs. John Mathieu, Mrs. Wm. Oscar Hintz, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen, Mr. and Mrs. L. Ostrander, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koehn, Mr. and Mrs. G. Gilboy, Mr. and Mrs. C. Narges, Elsie Bartelt and brother Arthur, Celia Ludwig, Milly Krueger and brother Herman, Corral Romaine, Helen Treleven, Marion Gilboy, Eric and Ed. Falk, Will and Ed. Becker, Walter Jandre, Emil Bartelt and Earl Ostrander. The evening was spent in dancing. Music was furnished by Mr. Kohler of Elmore. At midnight a delicious lunch was served, after which the guests departed for their respective homes wishing Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle many more years of happy wedded life.

CEDAR LAWN

C. E. Tripp of North Eden called at the Hoerth home last Saturday. Miss Mary Garity of Fond du Lac spent last Sunday here. Ed. Sipple and Miss Rose Will of St. Cloud arrived Saturday for a week's stay. Mrs. Johanna Majerus of North Osceola spent the forepart of the week here. John Schrauth, who grinds feed for six cents per hundred, contemplates installing machinery for grinding flour in his mill. Al. Sweeney of Junction City is visiting at the Chesley home this week. Several farmers shipped stock thro the A. S. of E. on Wednesday. Two members of the town board of Eden were here on business Wednesday.

VALLEY VIEW

Miss Bernice Johnson was a recent caller at Fond du Lac. G. H. Johnson and family and Mrs. Frank Murray and daughter Blanche spent Friday evening at R. L. Norton's. Mrs. Francis Murray and daughter Blanche visited at the home of Aug. Brietzke and family Friday. William Brietzke called on friends in South Eden Saturday. Albert Sweeney of Spring Valley, Wis., is spending a few days as a guest of the A. D. Chesley family. H. B. Rehorst of South Eden, John Mullen of North Ashford and Mrs. F. J. Murray and daughter Blanche of Hillside were callers at the G. H. Johnson home Sunday. Leo Schommer of Kenosha spent Sunday as a guest of his mother, Mrs. Kathryn Schommer and family. Walter Nienemann of Sheboygan is visiting his uncle, James Ayers here this week. Harold Johnson spent Sunday with "Happy" Baumhardt in West Eden. William Baumhardt of West Eden was a pleasant caller at the Robert Norton home Sunday evening. A few from here attended a party at Peter Krenn's home in South Eden Saturday.

PARLOR GROUCH

The typical American parlor is an innocent looking institution, but the idea behind it has been indirectly responsible for a good many avoidable deaths. What a treacherous influence it exerts is illustrated by an instance, which was very recently brought to our attention. In Milwaukee workingmen's home, a girl of eighteen years lies dying of tuberculosis. Inasmuch as the cottage which houses her is small and the family is large, there is an insufficient number of bed chambers. As a consequence, a young sister has been slipping, nightly, in the bed with her sick sister. I have not yet heard the report from the physicians of the health department as to whether the younger sister has been found to be infected also. For that matter his report is of little importance in this connection because the chances are a hundred more to one that she has, and that without more intelligent care than is commonly employed she too will be in the course of time, a helpless victim. And yet in that small cottage the largest and sunniest room is being reserved for a practically unused parlor. In the normal course of events, it will be opened within the next few weeks to admit neighbors and friends who have come to pay their last respects to the memory of the eighteen year old daughter of the family. I say in the normal course of events because an intelligent visiting nurse from the health department has probably already upset the normal course and tactfully transformed that particular parlor into a light, cheery, and well-aired bed-chamber for the sick girl. This isn't the first time that such an instance has come to our attention and, unfortunately, it isn't likely to be the last one. Do not you, gentle reader, know of a musty, darkened, useless parlor within a hundred miles of you, which ought to have the everlasting stuffings kicked out of it? Why should American families be tyrannized over by the idea of reserving a room in which to hold funerals, weddings, and parties which are apt to be gloomy affairs, at best, because of the association of ideas connected with the typical parlor? I should like to see a Carrie Nation rise up in Wisconsin and launch a crusade against the abomination. It would be a most wonderful and health giving enterprise to tear down and destroy thousands of dollars worth of useless draperies and shades and give God's sunshine a chance to fade several thousand dollars worth of parlor carpets.

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