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Kewaskum Statesman

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VOLUME XXIII

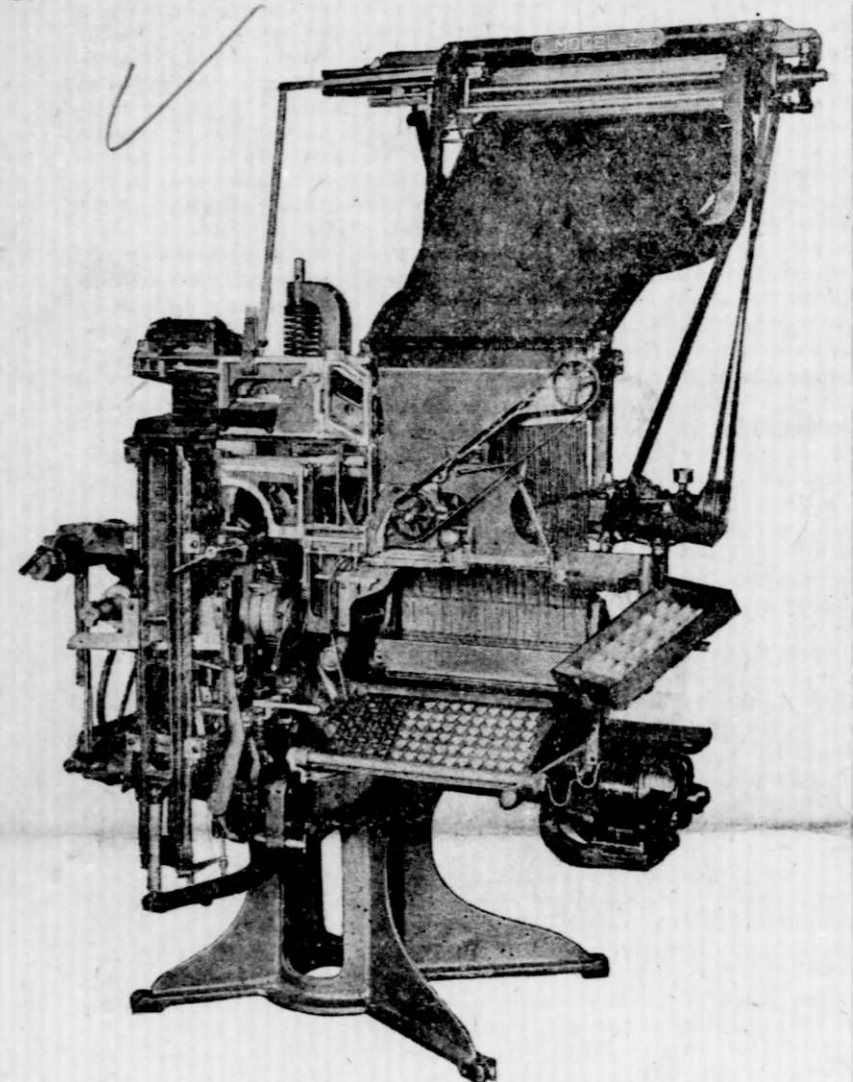
KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1917

NUMBER 5

NEW "MODEL Z" INTERTYPE INSTALLED IN STATESMAN OFFICE

The composition used in this issue of the Kewaskum Statesman was set up on our new "Model Z" Intertype, which was recently purchased from the Intertype Corporation of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Our "Model Z" Intertype is a standard linotype, with modernized and improved parts, and is in a class with the best and highest-priced machines on the market.



The installation of this new equipment has been in charge of B. E. Magland, of Chicago, a capable member of the Intertype Corporation's corps of erectors and inspectors.

The installation of the "Model Z" means a great expenditure for The Statesman and was made for the reason that we are now able to handle our large list of correspondence, live village and country news in a more prompt and better style than heretofore.

We also desire to extend a cordial invitation to our friends and subscribers to come in and look over our plant and see our new machine, of which we are very proud.

MENTALLY DERANGED

An alarming case of a young farmer suddenly becoming insane occurred in the town of Barton. The victim is Fred Rate. His mental condition became evident when he attacked one of his best horses with an axe, injuring the animal so badly that it had to be killed.

302 HIGH SCHOOLS ON ACCREDITED LIST

Eight Wisconsin high schools have been added to the list of those whose standing is accredited by the University of Wisconsin after inspection and whose graduates may be admitted to the university without examination.

ANNUAL MEETING OF MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Washington County Medical Society was held in the directors' room of the First National Bank, West Bend, on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 27. The following officers were elected:

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "I am suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative."

ACCIDENT NEAR CEDARBURG PROVES FATAL

An auto party composed of Gust Magritz and wife, Herman Kneueppel and wife and Walter Magritz, while on their way to Cedarburg for a visit with relatives, last Sunday, met with an accident near their destination, which proved fatal to one member of the party, Herman Kneueppel, and seriously injuring the other occupants of the car.

According to occupants of the wrecked car, they were riding on a crossroad about two miles west of Cedarburg. Magritz was driving. He crossed a bridge just in front of another auto. A few feet beyond the end of the bridge, the other machine struck the rear of Magritz's car, upsetting it and sending it down into a six foot culvert.

Kneueppel attempted to get out and his body was caught under the car. Mr. Magritz received injuries to his face. Mrs. Magritz was badly bruised and Walter Magritz had his face cut. Mrs. Kneueppel was also badly bruised. Recent reports are that the above parties are all getting along as well as can be expected.

THE SPIRIT OF CHARITY

Municipal Judge A. C. Backus of Milwaukee is an unusual man in many respects. He seems to have a sympathetic strain in his nature which especially qualifies him to fill the difficult and trying position of tempering justice with mercy in his official position.

MUCH CASH IS GONE.

John Callahan, of Eden, Misses Pocketbook Leaving City for Home. John Callahan, of Eden, reported to the police Monday night the loss of a draft for \$1,300 made payable to George Ryan, and also \$1,050 in cash. Callahan was leaving Fond du Lac on the 5 o'clock train Monday evening when he missed the pocketbook. He does not know whether he lost the pocketbook or whether his pocket was picked. The police are inclined to believe that the pocketbook was lost.

LIBRARY NOTES

During the months of July, August and September 769 books were circulated and 50 magazines. Articles of interest in the Atlantic Monthly for October: At Von Bissing's Headquarters—Vernon Kellogg. The Magical Chance—Harp. The War and the Constitution—H. J. Ford. In Turkish Quarantine—G. Philadelphes. Our Soldiers—M. C. Montague. Auf Wiedersehn, Berlin—Adele and Russell Phillip. The War Situation in Canada—R. A. Gould. Letters from France—C. R. Nordhoff.

VISIT THE BOYS AT WACO

Low fares in effect on the first and third Tuesday of each month. Slightly higher winter tourist fares in effect daily via the Chicago and North Western Railway. Train schedules and full particulars apply to Ticket Agents.

HUSBAND DIED LAST WEEK

Mrs. Hinn Was Old Resident of Fond du Lac County—Came Here in 1866.

Her death hastened by grief over the loss of her husband, Jacob Hinn, who died last week, Christina Hinn, age 63, succumbed to heart trouble at 5 o'clock Friday morning. Her death occurred after many weeks of illness. For the past month Mrs. Hinn had been confined to her bed.

She is survived by an aged mother and four children. They are Herman Hinn and Miss Rose Hinn of Fond du Lac; Otto Hinn of the town of Scott, Sheboygan county; Mrs. H. Butzke of Campbellsport. A brother is also left to mourn her loss, William Munk of Oecola. Mrs. Christina Hinn was born in Germany July 3, 1854. She came to this country and Fond du Lac in 1866. Five years later she moved to Oscola and was married to Jacob J. Hinn in 1877. She lived with her husband on a farm in Forest for 28 years, moving to Fond du Lac in 1907. September 22 Mr. Hinn died. The condition of his wife became worse from that time, and her death occurred last Friday at the family residence, 339 Superior street, Fond du Lac.

The funeral was held at 1:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon from the residence on Superior street and at 2 o'clock from St. Peter's Lutheran church, Rev. G. E. Bergemann officiating. The funeral was largely attended and the floral display was worthy of special notice because of its being unusually large. The flower bearers were Clarence and Alvin Butzke and Edward Hinn. The bearers were Wm. Wendt, Chas. Krause, H. Tambke, John Pohley, Gus Kohler and C. Hinn. Burial was at Estabrook Cemetery.

HERMAN KNEUEPPEL LAID AT REST

Herman Ernest William Kneueppel, who was instantly killed in an auto accident near Cedarburg Sunday, was born Sept. 17, 1860, in Warnow, Kreis Colzow Pommern, Germany. He came to this country with his parents in 1869, settling in the town of Kewaskum, where he has since made his home. On June 14, 1916, he was united in marriage to Elizabeth Brueswitz, who survives her husband. No children were born of this union. He also leaves to mourn his untimely death one brother and two sisters.

Mr. Kneueppel was a member of the Ev. St. Lucas church, a true christian and was beloved by all who had the honor of his acquaintance. He was always ready and willing at all times to be of assistance to his neighbors and friends and his death will be greatly felt by all.

The funeral was held on Wednesday, October 3rd, 1917, from the Ev. St. Lucas church, Rev. Greve officiating. Interment was made in the congregation's cemetery.

DIES AT RANDOLPH.

Former Campbellsport Woman Succumbs to Heart Trouble Sunday Afternoon.

Mrs. Amanda Liebenstein, 51 years old, formerly of Campbellsport, and now living at Sheboygan Falls, died Sunday at 4 p. m. at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Herman Weabler, of Randolph. Death was due to heart trouble, from which Mrs. Liebenstein had been a sufferer for thirty years. She is survived by her husband and the following children: Mrs. Clara Weabler, Charles Yankow, of Campbellsport; Henry Yankow of Lomira; George and Arthur Yankow of Campbellsport; Mrs. Harry Spoel of Bradford; Mrs. Emma Koehn of Milwaukee; Alvin Yankow of Vancouver, B. C.

Mrs. Liebenstein was formerly Mrs. Fred Yankow of Campbellsport. She moved to the village with her husband in 1889. Mr. Yankow died in 1902.

The body was taken to Sheboygan Falls and was brought to Campbellsport Wednesday for burial. The funeral was from the Methodist church in the afternoon and interment was held at Eden Cemetery.

RURAL CARRIERS' MEETING

The Rural Mail Carriers' Association of Washington County held its annual meeting in West Bend last Sunday. The following officers were re-elected for the coming year: President, Wm. Laubenheimer of Richfield; vice-president, Ben Rusco of West Bend; secretary, John E. Woldt of Jackson; treasurer, Wm. Herbst of Schleisingerville. Delegates to state convention at Wausau are John E. Woldt and Mert. Emery.

ANOTHER QUOTA OF "HONOR MEN" LEAVES FOR CAMP

The third quota of "Honor Men" from this county left Wednesday morning over the North Western Railway for Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill. There were about thirty of them in a special coach attached to the regular 9:04 a. m. train. On their arrival at Fond du Lac they were joined by the Fond du Lac county contingent, and together they partook of a dinner at the Erving hotel, after which they entrained for the training camp at Rockford. Those who made up this party were as follows:

- Peter Mago, Jr., R. D., Hartford. Theodore Mago, R. D., Hartford. Herbert G. Kasten, R. 1, Cedarburg. William Faber, R. 1, West Bend. Aaron H. Walterlin, So. German-town. Joseph B. Speeter, R. 1, Schleisingerville. Wm. G. Gronemeyer, Rockfield. Wilbert J. Kraemer, South German-town. Fred Feiten, R. 5, Kewaskum. Walter A. Steffen, R. 2, South German-town. John A. Vetter, Hartford City. August C. Vocks, R. 5, Kewaskum. Frank J. Haupt, Hartford City. Henry W. Groth, R. 2, Cedarburg. Adolph Strack, R. 2, South German-town. Ernst G. Franckenberg, West Bend City. Henry A. Schacht, R. 4, Kewaskum. George H. Becker, Richfield. Alfred Schoetz, R. 7, West Bend. Joseph Weich, R. 1, Schleisingerville. Peter N. Kreuser, R. 1, Hubertus. John A. Wagner, West Bend City. Truman Degner, West Bend City. Fred E. Frank, Jackson. Joseph Becker, Nashotah. Wm. J. Schneider, R. 5, Kewaskum. Rob. Pankow, R. 2, Jackson. Ben J. Boden, R. 2, Allenton.

LOVE CREATES PEACE AND HARMONY OUT OF CHAOS

Finding that the mayoralty campaign is turning against him, Frank Grandell, who heads the "reform" ticket which is trying to smash "Boss" Hoke's political machine, sends his lieutenants to pry into Hoke's private life in the hope of unearthing some damaging scandal. His curiosity aroused by the mysterious parentage of May Hoke, the adopted daughter of the politician, they corner "Looney Jim," a half-witted fellow whose devotion the "Boss" has won through kindness, but he dies before they can extort the secret. Grandell then offers the "Boss" \$15,000 for his support and he, determined to crush his enemy, accepts the money and then defies the "reformer" to enforce the bargain. Meanwhile Grandell's wife, whom the "Boss" has for years worshipped from afar, comes to prevent her husband's nefarious intrigue, and while there discovers that her long-lost baby is in reality the adopted daughter of the "Boss."

THIRD MAN KILLED BY ENSILAGE GAS

Aged Barron Farmer Found Dead in Silo—Two Similar Deaths at Summit.

Barron, Wis., Sept. 28.—Another man in the state was asphyxiated by ensilage gas. He is Nelson Johnson, 81 years old. He was found dead in a silo on the farm of his son, Ole Nelson, several miles from here. The fact that two other men, Roy Henry and Dennis McMahon, were fatally overcome with ensilage fumes on Wednesday in a silo on the farm of Fred Pabst, near Summit, is amazing farmers and others interested in ensilage. They are the first cases on record in the state of asphyxiation from this cause.

Maud—Isn't 30 to 50 too old to hope for any improvement? I should say not. One just begins to live. Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea you will be blooming fair at 60. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

BATTERY C BOYS KEPT ON THE GO AT CAMP GRANT, ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

Camp Grant, where 150 Washington county boys are now in training for Uncle Sam's new army, is a wonderful place.

You have to see it to really realize its magnitude and gain even an idea of the great scale upon which America has gone into the war. The camp is six miles south of the city of Rockford and when the jitney lands you at the heart of the unpainted wooden buildings that house the men of the new army and stretch in all directions it is bewildering. The buildings are of all sorts and sizes from the big long two-story barracks and hospital buildings to thousands of little one-story structures that are scattered all over the cantonment, all serving some definite purpose.

The cantonment is laid out in definite streets and the buildings have all been erected to a precise plan and arrangement. The various units occupy different sections of the camp and it is all ordered to the greatest military advantage. To the stranger, however, looking for the "one boy" in that great city of soldiers, unless he has definite directions for locating that boy's particular barracks, to find him is like looking for the proverbial needle in a haystack.

How to Find Battery C For the benefit of Washington county mothers and fathers and others planning to go to Camp Grant for the purpose of seeing their boys, we will here give as simple directions as possible for reaching the barracks where the Washington county boys are quartered at present.

If you go to Rockford by train, or by train to Janesville and then by interurban to Rockford, which ways are really easier than trying to make the 250-mile round trip by auto and see anything in one day, hire a "jitney" of which there are hundreds to take you out to the cantonment. These "jitneys" are all marked "To Camp Grant" and are for the most part private autos turned into revenue producers by their owners. The fare is 25 cents for one way. The drivers are for the most part very accommodating and will try to set you down at the cantonment at the place where you want to go.

When you reach the cantonment have your driver take you into the center of the camp and then tell him to drive west on South Service street as far as 7th avenue. At 7th avenue pay off your jitney man and then walk north on 7th avenue about half a block until you come to one of the big barracks numbered 708—the buildings are all numbered. Building No. 708 is the barracks of Battery C, 331st F. A.—the Washington county and Columbia county boys' home at present at Camp Grant.

Week Days Bad for Visit And a word to visitors at the camp—the officers of Battery C advise against making a visit to the camp on week days if parents and friends desire to see much of their boys, owing to the fact that they are constantly busy at some kind of military training. The boys have no regular duties, however, from Saturday noon until Monday morning, and visitors are welcome on Saturday afternoons and Sundays.

To show how busy the boys are at all other times we secured the following schedule of their day's duties and training as is at present being carried out every day of the week: The Daily Routine Reveille, 5:45 a. m. Assembly, 6 a. m. Physical drill (calisthenics), 6 to 6:10 a. m. Drill—School of the soldier, dismounted, 7:30 to 8:30 a. m. Signaling (semaphore), 8:30 to 9. Physical drill (calisthenics), 9 to 9:30. Drill—School of the squad, 9:30 to 10:30. Lecture (some military subject), 11 to 11:45. Mess (dinner), 12. Drill (dismounted), 1:15 to 2:15. Signaling (semaphore), 2:15 to 3. Drill—School of the squad, 3 to 3:30. Signaling (buzzer), 3:30 to 4:15. Mess (supper), 5. Retreat, 5:40. Taps, 11 p. m. The time between 4:15 and 5 p. m. is unoccupied. After retreat the men are free until taps, 11 p. m., when all must be in bed. Later the men will have mounted drill and gun drill. Practically all the men in the battery must learn

horsemanship, as most of the men will be mounted when the battery goes into action or is on the road. Must Know Every Branch In fact, the field artilleryman must be versed in every branch of the service—infantry, cavalry, signaling, telegraphy—as well as knowing how to handle their big field pieces. It is the most interesting branch of the service, and though also the most strenuous, the Washington county boys all seemed more than pleased with their assignment. They were up on their toes and eager to learn and not miss a single bit of training they had coming.

Their eagerness is well illustrated by a story going around—a joke on themselves—and an incident of their very first day in camp. Weren't Going to Miss Anything It seems that among the Washington county boys there is a man by the name of Rosenthal. He was wanted by the officer in charge of the battery office and Ed. Panter of the Portage bunch was sent to call him. The boys were looking about their quarters, waiting for the next signal for duty when Ed appeared and called "Rosenthal! Rosenthal!" As quick as thought they were called to repel a surprise attack, every man jack of them piled out of the barracks and fell into line on the assembly ground.

"What the blankety blank! blank! ails you fellows?" called acting first Sergeant Harry S. Wilson, who has been detailed to the battery from the regular army, as he saw the fellows tumbling over themselves to fall into line. "We're assembling for roll call," ventured one of the less timid. Then the joke broke on the enlightened officers. The men had taken the call for Rosenthal as "roll call," and every man of them was going to answer "present."

"Just because someone shouts a German name among you it don't necessarily mean you're fall in to march onto Berlin the first day you're here," bawled an officer, and then ordered a ten minutes' drill just to keep the boys in good spirits. Have Experienced Officers The 331st Field Artillery to which the Washington county boys at Camp Grant have been assigned is commanded by Col. W. McK. Lambdin, formerly of the 8th U. S. Field artillery, a soldier of experience and proven leadership.

The first battalion of the regiment of which Battery C is a unit is commanded by Maj. Alvin S. Perkins, another regular army man, whose proven ability won for him this assignment in the new army. The immediate officers over the Washington county boys, the men in command of Battery C, are all young men—but all have had experience. Cooks Now Civilians The cook at present is a civilian chef, who has been selected by the army school for bakers and cooks. He is under the supervision of one of the staff officers of the corps. As soon as suitable men are found among the selected men to do the cooking, the civilian cook will be dispensed with. He will act as an instructor to the selected men chosen for cooks, and will assist them in every way possible. All meals are very carefully prepared and the menus are made up by a graduate of the army school for bakers and cooks. The kitchen is inspected several times daily and the food must measure up to standard in every particular. There is fresh meat every day. Some of the Regulations Enlisted men of Battery C, 331st Field Artillery, are governed by regulations, some of which are: Each man will provide himself with the necessary toilet articles, such as brush, comb, soap, tooth-brush, shaving materials and towels. All men will be expected to bathe at least once a week and to keep themselves neat and orderly at all times. The hair will be cut short, and a beard, if grown, kept neatly trimmed. No smoking will be allowed outside of the barracks. Each man will be held responsible for the condition of the floor under and around his bunk, and will see that it is kept properly polished. Men not on special duties are free to go any place within the camp during leisure hours. No man may leave the camp without first obtaining a written pass issued by order of the battery commander. All men of this battery are required to turn in all civilian clothing.

Amusements

Sunday evening, October 14—Grand closing dance in the South Side Park Hall. Music by the Kewaskum Quintette. All are invited. Sunday evening, November 4—Grand opening dance in the Opera House. Music by Gibson's Harp Orchestra of Appleton. Everybody come and have a good time. Sunday evening, October 7—Grand closing dance in the North Side Park Hall. Music by the Kewaskum Quintette. Everyone is cordially invited. Sunday, October 14—"The Birth of a Nation," at the movies. Matinee and evening performance. Watch for further announcements. —Subscribe for the Statesman

HELD ANNUAL REUNION

The annual reunion of the Rosenheimer family took place Friday, September 21st, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rosenheimer, of Schleisingerville. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames Adolf Rosenheimer of Kewaskum; Lehman Rosenheimer, John Rosenheimer, Sr., A. B. Rosenheimer, Moses Rosenheimer, and John Rosenheimer, Jr., of Schleisingerville; Mrs. Max Rosenheimer, Mrs. David Rosenheimer and Mrs. Clara Elmergreen, of Milwaukee; Mrs. Alex Luedicke and Mrs. A. J. Krahn of Beaver Dam; Mrs. Stark of Hartford; E. Sperka of Schleisingerville; Fritz Rosenheimer of Kewaskum; West Bend News.



# CONGRESS MAKES LEVY AT \$27 FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN THE UNITED STATES

Excess Profits Revenue at Billion, and Incomes at Nearly as Much Remain Practically Unchanged by Work of The Conferees.

Corporations Will Pay Their Full Share Toward the Financing of the War—New System of Grading the Amount of Assessment Adopted Believed to Be the Best That Could Be Devised.

Washington.—The joint conferees on the war revenue bill completed their draft after two weeks of deliberation. As revised by the conferees the measure has been raised from the levy fixed by the senate of \$2,416,670,000 to an aggregate of approximately \$2,700,000,000. Chairman Simmons of the senate finance committee estimated that the increase made by the conferees would approach \$275,000,000.

**Profits Tax Modified.**

The excess war profits tax, as agreed to by the conferees, is a modification of the senate bill, the principal changes being in the maximum and minimum rates of exemption upon which the tax is to be determined. The senate graduated scale of exemptions ran from 6 to 10 per cent, while the house exemption rate was 8 per cent. The conferees adopted the graduated rate of from 7 to 9 per cent.

The definition of capital, which was a point upon which the conferees argued for days, was modified so as to provide that the actual value of tangible property paid into a corporation or partnership or individual business before January 1, 1914, shall be taken as of that date. The proviso as to good will and other intangible property has been somewhat liberalized.

**As to "Invested Capital."**

In calculating war excess profits the terms "invested capital" of corporations and partnerships was declared to include actual cash paid in, actual cash value and other tangible property paid for stock or shares at the time of payment or January 1, 1914, but in no case to exceed the par value of the original securities; paid in or earned surplus and undivided profits used or employed in the business, exclusive of undivided profits earned during the taxable year.

The allowance for intangible assets includes "actual cash value of patents and copyrights paid in for stock or shares at the time of payment . . . good will, trademarks, trade brands, franchises . . . if for bona-fide payments not to exceed the cash value."

It stipulates that such intangible assets exchanged for securities before March 3, 1917, not exceeding 20 per cent of the total, shall be included at a value not exceeding a fair cash value at the time of purchase.

**Postal Increases.**

A flat increase on reading matter of 1/4 cent per pound until July 1, 1919, and 1/2 cent thereafter was provided. Advertising matter exceeding 50 per cent of the total space would be taxed from 1/4 to 2 1/2 cents additional until July 1, 1919, and from 1/2 to 4 1/2 cents more until July 1, 1920; and from 3/4 to 6 1/2 cents to 1921 and from 1 cent to 9 cents thereafter.

An additional tax of 1/4 cent per pound until July 1, 1919, and 1/2 cent thereafter, on religious, agricultural, fraternal and similar publications was adopted.

The 1 cent tax on letters, excepting drop letters and postal cards, was restored by the conferees. A 1 cent additional tax on postal and private mailing cards was added. The first-class mail increase is estimated to raise from \$90,000,000, and are effective 30 days after the passage of the act. The senate provision exempting from postage letters written by soldiers and sailors abroad was retained.

**Railroad Tickets Hit.**

The conferees levied 8 per cent in lieu of the senate rate of 5 and the house rate of 10 per cent on passenger transportation, estimated to raise from the compromise levy about \$60,000,000 instead of \$350,000,000 under the senate plan. The 3 per cent tax on freight transportation was retained and the tax on express transportation was decreased so that 1 cent would be levied on each 20 cents paid instead of each 25 cents. The house 10 per cent tax on Pullman accommodations, cut to 5 per cent by the senate, was restored and is estimated to raise \$5,000,000.

In lieu of the house 5 per cent tax on sales of automobiles by manufacturers and the senate federal license tax on owners, the conferees adopted a 3 per cent tax on all motor vehicles, including trucks, payable by manufacturers, producers and importers.

Taxes of 3 per cent of manufacturers' sales of musical instruments and jewelry also were written in, with a tax of 1/4 cent a foot on motion picture film.

**New Inheritance Tax.**

A new system of graduated inheritance taxes was written into the bill in lieu of the house plan and despite the senate's rejection of such taxes. The new rates on inheritances, with those of Americans in military service exempted, range from one-half of 1 per cent on \$50,000 estates to 10 per cent on estates of \$10,000,000 and more.

The bulk of the increases of between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000 made by

the conferees in the senate bill was secured from the postage, public utilities and manufacturing sales section and the new inheritance taxes.

With but few exceptions, the new taxes are effective with the passage of the act.

**Senate Version Stands.**

The income tax section was adopted virtually as written by the senate. The new 2 per cent normal tax on incomes of more than \$2,000 for married persons and \$1,000 for single persons in addition to the present law exempting incomes of less than \$3,000 for single persons and \$4,000 for married persons. Thus those between the new low exemption bases and the present exemptions will pay only the 2 per cent tax, but single persons having an income of \$3,000 or more and married persons whose income is \$4,000 or more would pay the full 4 per cent normal tax.

The senate income provision allowing an additional exemption of \$200 for each dependent child to heads of families subject to the present law was retained. The exemption for children, however, does not apply to those subject to the new reduced taxes with the \$2,000 and \$1,000 exemptions, respectively, for married and single persons.

**Surtax Is Agreed Upon.**

Surtaxes were agreed upon as follows:

One per cent on income over \$5,000 and less than \$7,500; 2 per cent between \$7,500 and \$10,000; 3 per cent between \$10,000 and \$12,500; 4 per cent between \$12,500 and \$15,000; 5 per cent between \$15,000 and \$20,000; 7 per cent between \$20,000 and \$40,000; 10 per cent between \$40,000 and \$100,000; 15 per cent between \$100,000 and \$500,000; 22 per cent between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000; 25 per cent between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000; 30 per cent between \$2,000,000 and \$5,000,000; 37 per cent between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000; 40 per cent between \$10,000,000 and \$50,000,000; 45 per cent between \$50,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000; and 50 per cent on incomes exceeding \$1,000,000.

**Increased Tax on Whisky.**

Increased senate rates on whisky and beer were virtually retained, and that on wines somewhat reduced. The tax on distilled spirits was made \$2.10 per gallon when for beverage use and \$1 less for industrial purposes, estimated to raise \$135,000,000. The amendment prohibiting importation of distilled spirits, for beverage use was retained. Floor taxes to reach withdrawn liquors were approved. Beer was taxed \$1.50 per barrel additional, to raise \$46,000,000, an increase of 25 cents per barrel over the house rate.

Present wine taxes were doubled.

Taxes on nonalcoholic beverages were compromised. On prepared syrups and extracts the taxes graduated from 5 to 20 cents instead of from 3 to 12 cents a gallon were adopted. Grape juice and other soft drinks are taxed 1 cent per gallon, as provided by the senate in reducing the original 2-cent rate of the house.

Senate rates on cigars and cigarettes were retained, but those on snuff were increased from 4 cents to 5 cents a pound.

**Stamp Taxes Fixed.**

Stamp taxes agreed upon are:

Bonds of indebtedness, 5 cents on each \$100.

Indemnity and surety bonds, 50 cents.

Parcel post packages, 1 cent for each 25 cents of the cost of transportation.

Capital stock, original issues, 5 cents per \$100.

Sales and transfers, 2 cents per \$100.

Sales of produce on exchange, 2 cents for each \$100 value in merchandise.

Drafts, checks payable other than on sight or demand, promissory notes, except bank notes for circulation, and renewals, 2 cents for all sums below \$100 and 2 cents for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof.

Conveyance papers, 50 cents between \$100 and \$500 and 50 cents for each additional \$500.

Customs house entries, from 25 cents to \$1; entry for withdrawal from bonded warehouses, 50 cents.

Passenger vessel tickets for ports other than those in the United States, Canada and Mexico, between \$10 and \$50, \$1; between \$50 and \$90, \$3, and above \$90, \$5.

Voting proxies, 10 cents.

Power of attorney, 25 cents.

Playing cards, decks of not more than 54 cards, an additional 5 cents on the present rates.

Taxes on life insurance, eliminated from the house bill in the senate, were amended and reintroduced, raising about \$3,000,000. Effective November 1 the new taxes on new insurance policies issued are 8 cents per \$100 or fraction thereof on life insurance and

## New War Tax Levies as Made by Senate and House

Washington.—The war revenue bill, as finally agreed on by the house and senate conferees provides for the raising of approximately \$2,700,000,000, as follows:

Income tax	\$42,000,000
Excess profits tax	1,110,000,000
Distilled spirits	135,000,000
Rectified spirits	5,000,000
Fermented liquors	46,000,000
Wines, etc.	10,000,000
Soft drinks, sirups, etc.	14,000,000
Cigars	10,000,000
Cigarettes	20,000,000
Tobacco	25,000,000
Snuff	1,500,000
Cigarette papers	200,000
Freight transportation	77,500,000
Express and parcel post	16,000,000
Passenger transportation	56,000,000
Pipe lines	4,500,000
Seats and berths	2,250,000
Telegraph and telephone messages	7,000,000
Insurance policies (new)	5,000,000
Automobiles (sale of)	40,000,000
Musical instruments (sale of)	4,300,000
Motion picture films	3,000,000
Jewelry (sale by manufacturer)	4,500,000
Sporting goods	1,200,000
Perfumes and cosmetics	1,900,000
Proprietary medicines	3,000,000
Cameras	750,000
Admissions	50,000,000
Club dues	1,200,000
Schedule A, including playing cards	30,000,000
War estate tax	5,000,000
Virgin Island products	20,000
First class mail matter	60,000,000
Second class mail matter	14,000,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,606,320,000</b>

1 cent per \$1 on the premium charged on marine, casualty, fire and inland insurances.

Amusement taxes agreed upon provide that all persons entering places of amusement free, except employees and officials on duty and children under twelve, would pay a tax rate of 1 cent on each 10 cents or fraction thereof of the admission charge. This tax also would apply to cabarets and similar performances where the cost of entertainment is included in other costs, such as service. Holders of annual box seats would pay 10 per cent of the annual rental. Nickel theaters and shows, rides and other outdoor park amusements with a maximum admission of 10 cents and benefit entertainments and agricultural fairs were exempted.

After November 1, 1917, members of all clubs, except fraternal orders, paying more than \$12 annual dues would be subject to a 10 per cent tax.

**Exemptions Are Allowed.**

On excess profits the conferees agreed upon a minimum deduction of 7 per cent and a maximum of 10 per cent, instead of the 6 to 10 per cent fixed by the senate. Other exemptions are \$3,000 for corporations and \$8,000 for individuals. Corporations, partnerships and individuals having no capital stock would pay a flat rate of 8 per cent on net profits in excess of \$3,000 for corporations and \$6,000 for individuals and partnerships.

Miscellaneous income tax amendments inserted by the senate were generally adopted, including the so-called Jones amendment for a tax of 10 per cent on corporations' undistributed surplus, without allowance for income taxes paid. The 10 per cent tax would not apply to undistributed income actually invested or employed in business or invested in federal securities after September 1, 1917, and 5 per cent penalty for surplus retained but not employed is provided.

In making provision for administration and collection of the new and existing taxes the conferees provided that the special tax of 1 1/2 per cent on war munitions manufacturers shall be reduced to 10 per cent, but retained to January 1, 1918. It now yields about \$29,000,000 annually and the senate had proposed its repeal.

## GARFIELD FIXES COAL PRICES

Washington.—Fuel Administrator Garfield announced regulations, effective at once, for the limitation of the retail prices of bituminous and anthracite coal throughout the country.

The fuel administration has fixed, in the conclusions arrived at, not the specific price which the retail dealer will be allowed to charge the consumer, but the gross margin which the retail dealer will be allowed to add to the average wholesale cost of his coal in making retail prices.

The retail dealer will be allowed to sell coal to the consumer at a price representing an advance of not more than 30 per cent over the retail gross margin of 1915. In no case, however, is the gross margin from now on to exceed the gross margin of July, 1917.

If, for example, a retail coal dealer bought a particular kind of coal in 1915 at an average of \$2 a ton and sold it to the consumer at \$3 a ton, his gross margin was \$1. Dr. Garfield now allows him to add 30 per cent to this amount, making his gross margin for 1917 \$1.30, provided that is not in excess of his gross margin in July last.

If the retail dealer now pays an average of \$3 for the same kind of coal he will be allowed to sell to the consumer for not more than \$4.30 a ton. Doctor Garfield selected 1915 as a normal coal production year.

# WAR TAX MEASURE PASSED BY SENATE; WILL BE LAW TODAY

\$2,700,000,000 Bill to Be Signed by Wilson at Once.

## NO ROLL CALL DEMANDED

La Follette Casts the Only Dissenting Vote Against Bill, but Offered No Objection to Its Passage.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The \$2,700,000,000 war revenue bill passed the senate late yesterday with the only announced dissenting vote coming from Senator La Follette, although the senator did not seek a roll call on the measure and offered no objection to its passage.

The bill will be in the hands of President Wilson this afternoon. It was engrossed an hour after it had passed the senate. At noon today it will be signed by Speaker Clark and Vice President Marshall. It becomes a law when approved by the president.

For a time it looked as though La Follette and others in the senate were to make a special fight against the bill and hold up action on it for several days.

## Simmons Explains.

Senator Simmons explained why the conferees had reached agreement through compromises and spoke in justification of the newspaper and magazine taxes, against which there had been a protest. He had inserted in the record a long letter from Postmaster General Burleson defending the taxes as carried in the bill.

Senator Simmons made the statement that recapitulations of estimated revenues to be derived from the bill showed it would yield about \$2,600,000,000 less than was originally estimated. The losses would come from overestimations of the yields from the income and war profits taxes largely, but he asserted, the bill was the most equitable and evenly distributed burden bearer that could be drawn. Senator Smoot of Utah, Republican leader, defended the bill as a fair and impartial measure.

## Fordney's Figures.

Representative Fordney of Michigan, an expert on the tariff, explained by figures how the bill would operate on the three forms of business organization, corporations, partnerships and individuals.

In addition to showing how far incomes and profits the bill will reach, Mr. Fordney's tables indicate that the task of figuring corporation, partnership and individual taxes will be a gigantic one, and that an enormous amount of detail work will be exacted from both the treasury officials and the accountants of business houses.

Representative Fordney gave to each of his three forms of business a capital of \$100,000 and an income of \$50,000. In the partnership he allowed three partners, who would be assessed for individual taxes as well as standing the excess profits tax upon their 50 per cent return on the \$100,000 capital.

His table, which follows, shows the total amount of income, corporation and excess profit taxes that would be paid (a) by a corporation with a capital of \$100,000 and a net income of \$50,000; (b) by a partnership of three parties with a capital of \$100,000 and a net income of \$50,000; (c) by an individual engaged in business with \$100,000 capital and \$50,000 net profits.

(A) Corporation with capital of \$100,000 and net income of \$50,000. Deducting from net income 9 per cent of the capital, the maximum deduction, plus \$3,000, a total deduction of \$12,000 shows the taxable income to be \$38,000.

Tax on amount in excess of deduction and not over 15 per cent of capital, \$3,000 at 20 per cent—\$600.

Tax on amount of profit in excess of 15 per cent of capital and not over 20 per cent, \$5,000 at 25 per cent—\$1,250.

Tax on amount in excess of 20 per cent of capital and not over 25 per cent, \$5,000 at 35 per cent—\$1,750.

Tax on amount in excess of 25 per cent and not over 33 per cent of capital, \$8,000 at 45 per cent—\$3,600.

Tax on amount in excess of 33 per cent of capital, \$17,000 at 60 per cent—\$10,200.

Total excess profits taxes—\$17,400.

Net income—\$50,000.

Excess profits tax—\$17,400.

Net subject to income tax, \$32,600 at 6 per cent—\$1,956.

Total tax—\$19,356.

(B) Partnership of three parties with capital of \$100,000 and net income of \$50,000.

Deducting from net income 9 per cent of capital invested plus \$6,000, a total deduction of \$15,000, shows the taxable income to be \$35,000.

Tax on amount of income in excess of deduction and not over 15 per cent of capital—nothing.

Tax on amount of income in excess of 15 per cent but not over 20 per cent of capital, \$5,000 at 25 per cent—\$1,250.

Tax on amount of income in excess of 20 per cent but not over 25 per cent of capital, \$5,000 at 35 per cent—\$1,750.

Tax on amount of income in excess

of 25 per cent but not over 33 per cent of capital, \$5,000 at 45 per cent—\$2,250.

Tax on amount of income over 33 per cent of capital, \$17,000 at 60 per cent—\$10,200.

Total excess profits tax—\$16,900.

Net income—\$50,000.

Less excess profits tax—\$16,900.

Income for distribution—\$33,100.

Share of each partner—\$11,033.

**Income Tax for Each Partner.**

\$9,877 at 2 per cent—\$197.54.

\$7,877 at 2 per cent—\$157.54.

\$2,500 at 1 per cent—\$25.

\$2,500 at 2 per cent—\$50.

\$1,067 at 2 per cent—\$21.34.

Total for each—\$429.95.

Total for all three—\$1,289.87.

Total tax—\$18,089.07.

**Individual Tax.**

(C) Individual engaged in business with capital of \$100,000 and net income of \$50,000. The net profits tax would be the same as on a partnership, which is shown above to be \$16,900.

Net income—\$50,000.

Deduct excess profits tax—\$16,900.

Income subject to income tax—\$33,100.

Income tax of individual on \$33,100.

\$31,200 at 2 per cent—\$624.

\$29,200 at 2 per cent—\$584.

\$2,500 at 1 per cent—\$25.

\$2,500 at 2 per cent—\$50.

\$2,500 at 3 per cent—\$75.

\$2,500 at 4 per cent—\$100.

\$5,000 at 5 per cent—\$250.

\$13,200 at 8 per cent—\$1,056.

Total income tax—\$2,744.

Excess profits tax shown above—\$16,900.

Add total income tax—\$2,744.

Total tax—\$19,584.

## RAIL MAN IS MADE GENERAL

President Names W. W. Atterbury of the Pennsylvania and Many Other Brigadiers.

Washington, Oct. 3.—W. W. Atterbury, vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad system, now supervising railroad operations for the troops in France, has been nominated a brigadier general in the National Army.

Other nominations for promotion to the rank of brigadier general sent to the senate by President Wilson were:

Adjutant general's department—Col. James T. Kerr, U. S. A., retired; Col. Eugene F. Ladd, U. S. A., retired.

Judge advocate general's department—Lieut. Col. Samuel T. Ansell.

Quartermaster corps—Col. Isaac W. Lirtel, Col. Chamney B. Baker, Col. David L. Brainerd.

Engineer corps—Col. Frederick V. Abbott, Col. E. Evelyn Winslow.

Ordnance department—Col. Edwin B. Babbitt, Col. Charles B. Wheeler.

Medical corps—Col. Charles Richard, Col. William H. Arthur, Col. Henry P. Birmingham.

Others nominated to be brigadiers were:

Col. Benjamin Alvord, adjutant general's department; Col. Edward Russell, signal corps; Col. Alfred E. Bradwell, medical corps; Lieut. Col. Walter A. Bethel, judge advocate; Lieut. Col. James G. Harbord, cavalry general staff; Lieut. Col. Clarence C. Williams, ordnance department; Col. Harry L. Rogers, quartermaster's corps.

## 10 DIE IN LONDON RAID

German Squadrons Attack British City in Most Disastrous Raid Yet Accomplished.

London, Oct. 3.—German air frightfulness has reached its most acute stage. In Monday night's raid over London and the southeastern counties more than 20 great German machines of the Gotha type took part, it was estimated, and considerable damage was done not only by the bombs dropped from the airplanes, but by the rain of shrapnel from the high angle guns, which fell back upon the city. Ten persons were killed.

The government sees nothing whatever to indicate the early approach of peace, nor will Colonel House have anything to do with ascertaining the point of view of either the Entente belligerents or the central powers, or possible terms upon the basis of which they might be willing to enter into negotiations. He will remain in the United States. It is possible that the state department will be able to afford him aid in the work he has undertaken, but he will not work with the department nor in a diplomatic capacity, formal or informal. He will have no title and will receive no salary.

The appointment of Colonel House affords another illustration of the expanding position of the United States in world affairs. Heretofore the state department has been equipped with virtually all the information that was necessary to the solution of international problems in which the United States has taken a direct interest. The war has brought new problems and projected this country into a field of international activity which has seldom entered before.

**Information Must Be Ready.**

The questions which will come before the peace conference at the end of the war will be multitudinous. The freedom of the seas, the neutralization of peoples who claim the right of self-government and the disposition of territorial possessions involving economic, historical and political questions, will be some of the many subjects to be considered, and the information upon which conclusions may be based and policies decided must be at hand. It will be Colonel House's function to gather a corps of experts to get this material in form for use. Others, however, will prepare the brief.

With exclusive European problems, it is not expected that the representatives of the United States at the peace council will be concerned. But in the disposition of general questions, relating to economic intercourse and political development which will affect virtually all the nations of the world, the United States will have a potent

## NEW DRIVE ALARMS GERMANY

Kaiser Rushes Large Numbers of Austrian Troops to Meet Renewed Offensive.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Alarmed by the success of the Italian drive over the Bainsizza plateau, Germany is withdrawing large numbers of Austrian troops from France and from Galicia and Bukovina and rushing them to the Italian front to meet the renewed offensive of General Cadorna. Official dispatches received here from Rome say the second phase of the great battle is about to open.

## 40,000 GERMANS ASK PEACE

Great Mass Meeting Urges No Annexation to End War—Leaders Are Clericals and Socialists.

Copenhagen, Oct. 3.—A monster demonstration in favor of a peace without annexation was held Sunday at Frankfurt-on-the-Maine. Leaders in the clerical, radical and socialist parties sponsored the demonstration. The crowd numbered 40,000 or 50,000, and addresses were made from six platforms simultaneously.

**INSURANCE BILL IN SENATE**

Provides Disability Allowances for Soldiers and Sailors—Quick Passage Expected.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Government life insurance for soldiers and sailors, with disability allowance, instead of pensions, is provided in the administration bill reported in perfected form to the senate with plans for quick passage.

# COL. HOUSE HAS EXALTED MISSION

Directed by President to Collect Material to Be Used at Peace Conference.

## WAR'S END NOT IN SIGHT

United States to Be Equipped With Full Information on All Matters That Are Vital to Its Interests.

New York.—President Wilson, being fully advised of the fact that the European governments have for nearly three years been gathering and collecting data, which would be indispensable at the now unknowable but yet inevitable date, when the warring nations meet to settle peace terms, has asked Col. E. M. House, his intimate friend and unofficial counselor, to assume this complex and gigantic task.

Colonel House has accepted the undertaking, and with characteristic promptitude and thoroughness has already made groundwork plans for assembling all pertinent information, historical, geographical, and ethnological. His initial move was the selection as his chief lieutenant of Dr. John H. Finley, New York state commissioner of education, who has just returned from Europe, where he made an exhaustive study of conditions.

The selection of Doctor Finley is indicative of the sort of experts with whom Colonel House will confer. No man or woman with a preconceived opinion which might tempt one to color circumstances so as to prove the correctness of a personal point of view will be permitted to participate in a work where open-mindedness is a prerequisite to the arrival at conclusions that will enable the government to determine upon a correct policy.

**Prejudice to Be Barred.**

Emphasis is put upon the unalterable determination that neither professional pacifists nor confirmed militarists can be in the slightest degree useful in preparing statistics for governmental guidance, which must be without taint of bias.

In an interview Colonel House made it plain that his appointment does not indicate any thought of immediate peace is now being entertained by the United States government. He agrees with Lord Northcliffe in his message delivered before the American Bankers' association in Atlantic City that peace seems far off and America should beware the trickery and treachery of such propaganda. The truth is that this effort on the part of the United States to analyze war conditions and evolve a plan of procedure when hostilities end is a belated one. Just as our military preparations lagged for a period. But now it is "full steam ahead and dam the torpedoes" with our army and navy with not a thought of let-up in mind, so from now on there will be urgent prosecution of search for material, historical and informative, concerning the world war. This quest of data will keep pace with an energetic prosecution of the contest, but will not halt it in any way. To pause now in any phase of belligerent endeavor might make the prospect of peace even more remote than it seems at present.

## No Sign of Early Peace.

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## Must Have Data in Advance.

It is important for the United States government now and will be even more important later on to have a so-called "who's who and what's what" in the war in order that all phases involved may be properly understood by reference to data compiled in advance.

In time of war the government that fails to prepare for peace will ultimately be at a disadvantage, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger in an editorial. The representatives of Great Britain, Austria, Russia and Prussia, found this out after the fall of Napoleon when they met Prince Talleyrand at Vienna. Talleyrand, sent by France, had learned enough of the situation as it concerned all of the smaller European powers and as it concerned much of the opinion of Europe to turn the tables upon the four great powers and to stand as the champion of the public rights of Europe.

Prince Talleyrand maneuvered, and successfully, according to the rules of a secret diplomacy. He really worked in behalf of selfish and nationalistic interests. The partitioning of Europe by the congress of Vienna was the outcome of arbitrary compromise; it was prolific of future wars. The knowledge which the great diplomatic exponent of France displayed was more comprehensive than that of his foes, that is all. Excepting that he recognizes the need of precise information, President Wilson acts upon a principle different from that which guided Talleyrand. He will urge this nation into no alliance, even with the nations with whom it is associated in the common war against the Teutonic powers. He proposes simply to equip himself with knowledge pertinent to the rights of all nations in common with America as they may be concerned by the proceedings of the peace conference.

## To Show War Aims.

In this spirit the president has asked Colonel House to survey the field of military, naval and political conditions in the countries of our enemies and our friends; to get at the economic, political and emotional state of things in every country, and to tell frankly to Great Britain, Russia, France, Italy and the neutral powers the things that we are doing and that we intend to do in the war. Moreover, an attempt will be made to lift the heavy curtain of censorship in Germany and Austria-Hungary, in order to spread among their peoples a comprehension of American war aims and potentialities.

Officials are anxious that no impression should be created, as a result of Colonel House's appointment, of any intention to start peace negotiations in the near future. So far as the attitude of the United States is concerned, the president's reply to the pope still remains the unaltered view of the government here.

The appointment of Colonel House is recognition by the government of the fact that the adjustment of peace terms will be a very complicated proceeding. Many points of dispute must be settled. Questions of all sorts, economic, political, and historical, will come up for discussion, and the American delegates must be furnished with a mass of information and statistical data to meet every situation.

No data concerning present conditions in Germany or Austria will come within the scope of Colonel House's work, as this would come under "military information."

voice. In accordance with the policy that has been consistently followed since the outbreak of the war of holding aloof from European combinations except in the prosecution of the war, this government probably will not attempt to aid in the settlement of traditional European quarrels, except possibly as a matter of friendly interest if opportunity arises.

**House Likely to Be Delegate.**

It was said unofficially that when the time comes to organize a peace conference, Colonel House, by virtue of his present assignment, would in all probability be selected as one of the delegates from the United States. It will be a part of Colonel House's task to gather intelligence relating to commercial, economic and political situations abroad. He will keep abreast of developments in all non-military affairs.

Colonel House will have associated with him, as has been stated, several experts, probably college professors, economists and specialists in commercial and financial affairs. The work he is to perform will not be connected with similar undertakings in any of the countries with which the United States is associated in the war.

State department officials, when reminded of the statement that the United States would be interested in purely European territorial questions, answered that the American army was in France, and that the United States would, of course, have delegates at the peace conference. Colonel House will be expected to gather specific information by which American peace delegates can follow the conference intelligently.

These data will be compiled primarily to assist American representatives at the peace conference after the war, but may also be used in the meantime to help guide the government in formulating policies. It has no bearing on peace negotiations or negotiations of any kind with foreign governments, which, of course, come within the province of the president and the state department.

The United States government isn't getting ready to enter into peace negotiations with Germany, isn't going to meddle in strictly European questions relating to the war, and isn't negotiating just yet on the problems of peace with the Entente, as has frequently been surmised.

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# THE HILLMAN

## An Unusual Love Story

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM

CHAPTER XVII—Continued.

"You silly child!" Louise exclaimed. "No one told me you were here. Have you had any lunch?"

"Long ago," Sophy replied. "I have been finishing your accounts."

Louise made a little grimace.

"Tell me the worst," she begged.

"You are overdrawn at your bank. Your bills are heavier than ever this month, and there are five or six special accounts—one for some electric fittings, another for the hire of a motor-car—which ought to be paid."

Louise was looking up at the ceiling. She sighed.

"It would be nice," she said, "to have someone to pay one's bills and look after one, and see that one wasn't too extravagant."

"Well, you need someone badly," Sophy asserted. "I suppose you mean to make up your mind to it some day."

"I wonder," Louise murmured. "Did you know that that terrible man from the hills—John Strangewey's brother—has been here this morning? He frightened me to death."

"What did he want?" Sophy asked curiously.

"He was a trifle vague," Louise remarked. "I gathered that if I don't send John back to Cumberland, he's going to strangle me."

Sophy leaned across the table.

"Are you going to send him back?" she asked.

"I am in an uncertain frame of mind," Louise confessed. "I really can't decide about anything."

"I want to tell you this, Louise," Sophy said firmly. "John is getting to know a great many people, and you know how men talk at the clubs. Aren't you sometimes afraid that he will hear things and misunderstand?"

"I am expecting it every day," Louise admitted.

"Then why don't you end it?"

"Which way?"

There was a silence between the two women. The muffled street noises from outside became the background to a stillness which grew every moment more oppressive. Louise returned to her former attitude. She looked steadfastly before her, her face supported by her hands.

Sophy grew paler and paler as the minutes passed. There was something strange and almost beautiful in Louise's face, something which had come to her lately, and which shone from her eyes only at rare intervals.

"You care for him, I believe!" Sophy cried at last. "You care for him!"

Louise did not move.

"Why not?" she whispered.

"There was a ring at the front door. Louise, from her place, could see the long, gray bonnet of John's car. Almost before she could speak, he was announced.

"It's an atrocious time to come, I know—" he began apologetically.

"You're in time for some coffee, anyhow," Sophy told him cheerfully. "And I know Louise is glad to see you, because if you hadn't come, I was going to make her go through some accounts."

"You know I am always glad to see you," Louise murmured, pointing to a chair. "Sophy and I have been having a most interesting discussion, but we have come to a cul de sac."

"I really came," John explained, "to ask if you cared to come and see a collection of pictures. There's an Italian—a futurist, of course—just unpacked his little lot and set them up over a curiosity shop in Clifford street. He is sending out cards for next week, but I could take you today—that is, if you would care about it. We can go somewhere for some tea afterward."

Louise made a little grimace.

"What bad luck!" she exclaimed.

She stopped short. She felt that by her hesitation she had, in a sense, committed herself.

"I have promised to go and have tea with the prince at Seyre House," she said. "It is an engagement we made last week."

John set down his empty coffee cup with a clatter. An inexplicable but dominating fury seemed to have suddenly assailed him. He took out a cigarette and tried to light it. Sophy, after watching him for a moment in astonishment, slipped out of the room. Louise came over to his side.

"Are you really so much disappointed?" she asked. "I am so sorry! If I had known that you were coming for me, I would have kept myself free."

"It isn't that exactly," John answered. "It's something I can't altogether explain. If you don't mind, I think I will be going. There is something I must put right."

He left without another word. She watched him step into his new motor-car and drive away a little recklessly, considering the crowded state of the streets. He drew up, a few minutes later, outside the club in Pall Mall, where, as it chanced, he had lunched that day with the prince of Seyre.

He found the prince still sitting in the smoking room, reading a review, over the top of which he glanced up as John approached, and nodded nonchalantly.

"Back again?" he murmured.

"I came back to have a word with you, prince."

The prince laid down the review, keeping his finger in the place.

"Delighted!"

"Not long ago," John went on, "in this room, someone—I think it was Major Charters—asked you what you were doing this afternoon. You replied that you were engaged. There were several others present, and they began to chaff you. Perhaps I joined in—I don't remember. I think that it was Major Charters who asked you, to use his own words, whether your appointment was with a lady. You replied in the affirmative. There was a loud volley of chaff. You listened without contradiction to many references concerning the lady and the afternoon's engagement."

The prince nodded slightly. His face remained quite expressionless.

"As a matter of fact," John concluded, "I have discovered by the purest accident that Miss Maurel is to be your guest this afternoon at Seyre House."

The prince inclined his head gently. He remained monosyllabic.

"Well?"

John frowned heavily.

"Can't you see," he went on bluntly, "that if any one of those men who were present, and heard what was said about your guest, found out afterward that it was Miss Maurel who came to see you—well, I need not go on, need I? I am sure you understand. The things which were hinted at could not possibly apply to her. Would you

"Well, when I left your house the first time this afternoon, I went straight back to the prince. I pointed out to him that after what had been said, as it might become known that you were his guest of today, it would be better for him to postpone your visit. He agreed to do so."

"Was that all that passed between you?"

"Not quite," John replied. "He asked me what concern it was of mine, and I told him I hoped that some day you would be my wife."

She sat quite still, looking down upon the flaring lights. She was filled with a restless desire to escape, to start the motor herself, and rush through the wet air into London and safety. And side by side with that desire she knew that there was nothing in the world she wanted so much as to stay just where she was, and to hear just the words she was going to hear.

"So much for that!" John proceeded. "And now please listen. I have brought you out here because under these conditions I feel more master of myself and my thoughts, and of things I want to say to you. Something takes me by the throat in your little drawing-room, with its shaded lights, its perfume of flowers, and its atmosphere of perfect quiet. You sit enthroned there like the queen of a world I know nothing of, and all the time letters and flowers and flattering invitations are showered upon you from the greatest men in London. The atmosphere there stifles me, Louise. Out here you are a woman and I a man, and those other things fall away. I have tried my best to come a little way into sympathy with your life. I want you now to make up your mind to come down a little way into mine!"

She felt the sudden snapping of every nerve in her body, the passing away of all sense of will or resistance. She was conscious only of the little movement toward him, the involuntary yielding of herself. She lay back in his arms, and the kisses which closed her eyes and lips seemed to be working some strange miracle.

She was in some great empty space, breathing wonderful things. She was on the hilltops, and from the heights she looked down at herself as she had been—a poor little white-faced puppet, strutting about an overheated stage, in a faint atmosphere of adulation, with a brain artificially stimulated, and a heart growing cold with selfishness. She plied herself as she had been. Then she opened her eyes with a start of joy.

"How wonderful it all is!" she murmured. "You brought me here to tell me this?"

"And to hear something!" he insisted.

"I have tried not to, John," she confessed, amazed at the tremble of her sweet, low voice. Her words seemed like the confession of a weeping child. "I cannot help it. I do love you! I have tried not to so hard, but now—now I shall not try any more!"

They drove quietly down the long hill and through the dripping streets. Not another word passed between them till they drew up outside her door. She felt a new timidity as he handed her out, an immense gratitude for his firm tone and intuitive tact.

"No, I won't come in, thanks," he declared. "You have so little time to rest and get ready for the theater."

"You will be there tonight?" she asked.

He laughed as if there were humor in the suggestion of his absence.

"Of course!"

He slipped in his clutch and drove off through the rain-glimmering streets with the smile and air of a conqueror. Louise passed into her little house to find a visitor waiting for her there.

Eugene, prince of Seyre, had spent the early part of that afternoon in a manner wholly strange to him. In pursuance of an order given to his majordomo immediately on his return from his club after lunch, the great reception rooms of Seyre House, the picture gallery and the ballroom were prepared as if for a reception. Dust-sheets were swept aside, masterpieces of painting and sculpture were uncovered, the soft brilliance of concealed electric lights lit up many dark corners.

He was forty-one years old that day, and the few words which John had spoken to him barely an hour ago had made him realize that there was only one thing in life that he desired. The sight of his treasures merely soothed his vanity. It left empty and unsatisfied his fuller and deeper desire of living. He told himself that his time had come. Others of his race had paid a great price for the things they had coveted in life. He, too, must follow their example.

He was in Louise's drawing-room when she returned—Louise, with hair and cheeks a little damp, but with a wonderful light in her eyes and with footsteps that seemed to fall upon air.

"Some tea and a bath this moment, Alaine!" she called out, as she ran lightly up the stairs. "Never mind about dinner, I am so late. I will have some toast. Be quick!"

"Madame—" Alaine began.

"Don't bother me about anything now," Louise interrupted. "I will throw my things off while you get the bath ready."

She stepped into her little room, throwing off her cloak as she entered. Then she stopped short, almost upon the threshold. The prince had risen to his feet.

"Eugene," she said.

When he turned around, Louise had at least nerved herself to meet what she felt was imminent.

The prince approached her deliberately. She knew what he was going to say.

"Louise," he began, drawing a chair to her side, "I have found myself thinking a great deal about you during the last few weeks."

She did not interrupt him. She simply waited and watched.

"I have come to a certain determination," he proceeded; "one which, if you will grace it with your approval, will give me great happiness. I ask you to forget certain things which have passed between us. I have come to you today to beg you to do me the honor of becoming my wife."

She turned her head very slowly until she was looking him full in the face. Her lips were a little parted, her eyes a little strained. The prince was leaning toward her in a conventional attitude; his words had been spoken simply and in his usual conversational manner. There was something about him, however, profoundly convincing.

"Your wife!" Louise repeated.

"If you will do me that great honor."

It seemed at first as if her nerves were strained to the breaking-point. The situation was one with which her brain seemed unable to grapple. She set her teeth tightly. Then she had a sudden interlude of wonderful clear-sightedness. She was almost cool.

"You must forgive my surprise, Eugene," she begged. "We have known each other now for some twelve years, have we not?—and I believe that this is the first time you have ever hinted at anything of the sort!"

"One gathers wisdom, perhaps, with the years," he replied. "I am forty-one years old today. I have spent the early hours of this afternoon in reflection, and behold the result!"

"You have spoken to me before," she said slowly, "of different things. You have offered me a great deal in life, but never your name. I do not understand this sudden change!"

"Louise," he declared, "if I do not tell you the truth now, you will probably guess it. Besides, this is the one time in their lives when a man and woman should speak nothing but the truth. It is for fear of losing you—that is why."

Her self-control suddenly gave way. She threw herself back in her chair. She began to laugh and stopped abruptly, the tears streaming from her eyes. The prince leaned forward. He took her hands in his, but she drew them away.

"You are too late, Eugene!" she said. "I almost loved you. I was almost yours to do whatever you liked with. But somehow, somewhere, notwithstanding all your worldly knowledge and mine, we missed it. We do not know the truth about life, you and I—at least you do not, and I did not."

He rose very slowly to his feet. There was no visible change in his face save a slight whitening of the cheeks.

"And the sequel to this?" he asked.

"I have promised to marry John Strangewey," she told him.

"That," he replied, "is impossible! I have a prior claim."

The light of battle flamed suddenly in her eyes. Her nervousness had gone. She was a strong woman, face to face with him now, taller than he, seeming, indeed, to tower over him in the splendor of her anger. She was like a lioness threatened with the loss of the one dear thing.

"Assure it, then," she cried defiantly. "Do what you will. Go to him this minute, if you have courage enough! If it seems to you well, claim, indeed! Right! I have the one right every woman in the world possesses—to give herself, body and soul, to the man she loves! That is the only claim and the only right I recognize, and I am giving myself to him, when he wants me, forever!"

She stopped suddenly. Neither of them had heard a discreet knock at the door. There was a moment of silence.

"Put it down here by my side, Alaine," her mistress ordered, "and show the prince of Seyre out."

Alaine held the door open. For a single moment the prince hesitated. Then he picked up his hat and bowed.

"Perhaps," he said, "this may not be the last word!"

John came back to town from his Cumberland home, telling himself that Alaine had gone as well as he had expected. He had done his duty. He had told Stephen his news, and they had parted friends. Yet all the time he was conscious of an undercurrent of disconcerting thoughts.

Louise met him at the station, and he fancied that her expression, too, although she welcomed him gaily enough, was a little anxious.

"Well?" she asked, as she took his arm and led him to where her limousine was waiting. "What did that terrible brother of yours say?"

John made a little grimace.

"I beg you to do me the honor of becoming my wife."

That this visit was a coincidence, that it meant nothing, but all the time she knew otherwise.

The door closed behind Alaine, and they were alone. The prince, as if anxious to give her time to recover herself, walked to the window and stood for some moments looking out.

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are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

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Ad

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of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear. It will keep you informed on the doings of the community and the bargains of the merchants regularly advertised will enable you to save many times the cost of the subscription.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



WE WILL CONTINUE THIS SUCCESSFUL  
**SALE OF PLUSH COATS**

We were extremely fortunate in getting this choice lot of Women's Plush Coats and we offer them to you again at a saving of \$10.00 to \$20.00 on every garment. You cannot appreciate the values unless you see them yourself. All sizes 36 to 44.

<b>Lot No. 1</b> \$25.00 to \$27.50 values at <b>\$17.50</b>	<b>Lot No. 2</b> \$30.00 to \$32.50 values at <b>\$21.50</b>	<b>Lot No. 3</b> \$35.00 to \$45.00 values at <b>\$24.50</b>
<b>Shoe Sale Continues</b> Women's Shoe Special About 100 pair of women's fine shoes, in patent leather, vici kid, gun metal, etc. Lace and button, with the and plain toes. Regular \$4.50 and \$5.00 values, special a pair..... <b>\$3.85</b>	<b>Extra! Santa Claus Soap</b> The old reliable yellow laundry soap, every woman knows the brand. On sale Thursday morning. Don't come late and find it all gone. 10 bars for..... <b>46c</b> New line of ready made <b>Quality Dresses</b> for women. We just unpacked a shipment direct from New York, of high grade one piece dresses in fine serges, heavy messalines, etc. <b>\$22.50 and \$25.00</b>	
<b>Men's Shoe Special</b> 100 pair of men's fine shoes in black, tan and Hindu brown. Former values to \$7.00. English lasts, also button and lace in the round toes. A pair, special sale price..... <b>\$5.00</b>		

**COTTON BLANKETS**

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**The Poull Mercantile Co.** West Bend Wisconsin  
HOME OF HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES

**NENNO**  
Philip Hefter visited friends at Nabob on Sunday.  
Miss Mary Garvey spent Sunday with friends at St. Killian.  
Quite a number from here attended the county fair at West Bend Tuesday.  
Rev. Jos. Gabriels went to Milwaukee Friday to spend the day with relatives.  
Miss Catherine Both of West Bend is spending a two weeks' vacation at her home here.  
Misses Monica, Marie Both and brother Hieron were West Bend callers on Tuesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jake Gass and children of Milwaukee visited relatives here on Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gundrum of Milwaukee were the guests of the latter's parents on Sunday.  
Miss Elizabeth Gabriels of Fond du Lac came Thursday to spend the day with her brother, Rev. Jos. Gabriels.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Paff and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hefter, all of Hartford, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. K. Hefter and family.  
Art. Byrns and sister Ellen, Agnes and Mary Darmody and Ruth Cull, all of St. Killian, were the guests of Mrs. C. Dwyer and family on Sunday.

**ST. KILIAN**  
Thomas Wahlen and family spent Sunday at the Cream City.  
Quite a number from here attended the County Fair at West Bend this week.  
Strachota Bros. installed a Delco Light plant in their store and saloon last week.  
Mrs. Chas. Hermal of Milwaukee spent last week with the Thomas Byrnes family.  
The marriage of Miss Rosa Straub to John M. Flasch was announced in church last Sunday.  
Mrs. Gebhard Strobel and son Orlando spent Saturday and Sunday with the Wm. Boegel family.  
John Kleinhaus and family of Stratford, Wis., spent a week's visit with relatives and friends here.  
Earnest Haentze and family of Fond du Lac spent Wednesday and Thursday with the Chas. Buss family.  
Engelbert German returned home Sunday from Van Dyne, where he learned the cheesemaker trade this summer.  
Henry Krinker of Milwaukee spent Thursday and Friday with the Jacob Batzler family and other relatives and friends.  
Mr. and Mrs. Strachota, Mr. and Mrs. John Kleinhaus, Mr. and Mrs. C. Straub, Mrs. Strobel and O. Straub spent one day last week at Holy Hill.

**ELMORE**  
Mr. and Mrs. Rusch spent Thursday at Ripon.  
Becker's threshing crew finished grain threshing Saturday.  
Mrs. D. Sommers of Milwaukee is the guest of relatives here.  
Oscar and Martha Jung spent Sunday at the Wm. Geidel home.  
The Ladies will meet at the home of Mrs. Otto Schmidt Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boegel spent Sunday with relatives at Kewaskum.  
Miss Josephine Hess of South Elmore was a village caller Wednesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rauch and son Wealie of Five Corners were village callers Wednesday.  
Alfred, Franklin and Nora Geidel spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Becker and family.  
Mrs. Christ Becker and son Frank Mrs. Louis Sabisch and Mrs. Herman Sabisch autored to Holy Hill Sunday.  
There will be no services here tomorrow, Sunday, on account of Rev. Romeis attending a synod at Sheboygan.  
A number of friends were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilke on Sunday evening in honor of Mrs. Wilke's birthday anniversary.  
The following spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleinhaus: John Kleinhaus and family of Stratford, Alvin Kleinhaus and family of Kaukauna, Paul Kleinhaus and wife of Friendship, Tony Schaeffer and family of Fond du Lac, J. H. Kleinhaus and family of New Prospect, Andrew Beisler and family of St. Killian and Albert Strueb'ng and family of here.  
A surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wilke in honor of Mrs. Wilke's forty-first birthday. Those who attended were as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Wolke and son, William; Mr. and Mrs. Mike Gantenbein, Mr. and Mrs. Rob Strueb'ng, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Strueb'ng and daughter Anita, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Strueb'ng, Mr. and Mrs. Earnst Reinhardt, Mr. and Mrs. John Schrauth and Mrs. O'Hara of Milwaukee. The main pastime of the evening was spent in dancing and card playing. At midnight a delicious lunch was served, after which the guests departed for their homes, wishing Mr. Wilke many more returns of the day. All reported having had a good time.

**KOHLVILLE**  
Miss Hattie Hose of Milwaukee spent a few days at her home here.  
Frank Weitzling is the proud owner of a new Chevrolet car since Monday.  
Nick Marx returned home from Detroit, Mich., after spending a year there.  
Miss Martha Meinhardt is on the sick list. We all hope for a speedy recovery.  
Miss Carey Schuppel, east of here, spent a few days with relatives and friends here.  
Mike Johnson is seriously ill with pneumonia. His many friends wish for a speedy recovery.  
A large number from here attended the Washington county fair at West Bend on Tuesday.  
Wilmer Marx left for Milwaukee on Tuesday, where he will be employed for some time.  
The dance which was held at Walter Endlich's on Sunday was largely attended and enjoyed by all.  
The Misses Lillie Bundrock and Alice Foller of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the August Hose family.  
The following spent Sunday with the Geo. Gutjahr family: Louis Hammen of Ripon, Miss Mabel Simmons of Pewaukee, Wis.; Flora Erwin and Harvey Rosenthal of the town of Barton; Miss Malinda Guth of Kewaskum and Arthur Kirchner and sisters, east of here.

**ST. MICHAELS**  
Wm. Schneider visited last week with his brother Jac at Stratford.  
Miss Anna Schladweiler of Allenton visited with her parents here.  
Mrs. J. A. Roden spent over Sunday with her parents at New Fane.  
A number from here attended the County Fair at West Bend this week.  
Gerhard Schladweiler and family of Plymouth visited with relatives here.  
Once more the people of this community journeyed to West Bend to bid farewell to the soldiers.  
Mary Ann and Florence Schmidt and Joseph Hoening of Kewaskum spent Sunday with John Schmidt and family.  
John Koelch and daughter Viola of Milwaukee and Math. Stockhausen and family spent Saturday with the F. Stelplflug family.  
Mr. and Mrs. P. Schiltz, Julius Reysen and wife and daughter Ruth Adam Roden and wife and Mrs. Jung spent Saturday afternoon with John Roden and wife.  
Again Uncle Sam has called upon some of his worthy sons to serve in the National Army those who answered the call from this community on Wednesday were Wm. Schneider, Fred Feiten and Henry Schacht. Farewell and good luck to all.

**ROUND LAKE**  
Henry Mitchell lost a valuable horse Sunday.  
George Whalen purchased a car from Dr. Benedixen.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Bohlman were Dundee callers Monday.  
Sherman Tuttle and sons were callers here Tuesday evening.  
Mr. Acker of Sheboygan spent Friday hunting at Round Lake.  
Anton Lesefer of Sheboygan was a caller at the Stantons Friday.  
Clarence Wittenberg was a business caller at Plymouth Tuesday.  
Dr. and Mrs. Benedixen spent Sunday with relatives at Kewaskum.  
A number from here attended the movies at Kewaskum Sunday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hofferman spent Wednesday at the Frank Rahn home.  
Miss Irene Cahill spent from Friday until Sunday with Miss Delia Bohlman.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hofferman spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rahn.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ira Stanton were business callers at Sheboygan Friday

**Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured** by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reached and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.  
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

**BEECHWOOD**  
Miss Adelia Hintz spent Sunday with Clara Hintz.  
Oscar Muench and J. H. Janssen attended the County Fair at West Bend Tuesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wallie Engelman visited Wednesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hoffmann.  
Wm. Janssen and family and Hy. Dettman and family were callers at West Bend in the town of Barton recently.  
L. Marasky and family of Milwaukee and Mr. and Mrs. Tobias Heberer visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Muench and family.  
Miss Martha Hintz and Arthur Staeger and Mr. and Mrs. John Hintz spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schultz and Grandpa Schultz.  
Mr. and Mrs. Paul Koplin and family and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Schumacher of Milwaukee spent Saturday evening with Oscar Muench and family.  
Mrs. D. Reysen, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Reysen and family and Miss Flora

and Saturday.  
Ira Stanton sold his farm to Mr. Seefert of Sheboygan, who will take possession soon.  
Mrs. William Bartell and mother, Mrs. Mathews, visited relatives at Waucousta Sunday.  
Stanley Majake and sister Anna and Christina Luben spent Saturday evening at Kewaskum.  
Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Romaine of Fond du Lac called at the William Hennings home Sunday.  
Mrs. William Hennings and son, Earl, and Mrs. M. Calvey were Kewaskum callers Monday.  
Miss Anna Majake and brothers spent Sunday afternoon with Misses Cecelia and Delia Calvey.  
Miss May Pratt of North Dakota spent Sunday evening with Misses Cecelia and Delia Calvey.  
Miss Mable Braun and May Murphy spent the past week with relatives at Nasbro and Fond du Lac.  
Mr. and Mrs. William Stanton and family of Clintonville are spending a few days at the Ira Stanton home.  
Mr. and Mrs. Otto Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wittenberg and Bert Newton spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.  
Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wickman and family and Mr. and Mrs. Jake Johnson spent Sunday at the Stanton home.  
Mr. and Mrs. William Ellison and Miss Cecelia Calvey were callers at Plymouth and Sheboygan Falls on Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. William Ellison, M. Calvey and son Vincent and William Hennings spent Sunday afternoon at Plymouth.  
Stanley Majake returned to Chicago Sunday evening after spending the past month with his parents at Long Lake.  
Mrs. M. Calvey, daughter Cecelia and brother Vincent spent Saturday evening with Mrs. Henry Powers at Campbellsport.  
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Skelton, William Skelton and Mr. and Mrs. Dan Calvey attended the fair at West Bend Tuesday.  
The dance which was to have been held at Wittenberg's hall, Dundee, Wednesday evening was postponed on account of the bad weather.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jake Johnson, Harry Gaghan and Mrs. Ira Stanton spent Wednesday at Fond du Lac, to bid farewell to their son Earl, who left for a training camp.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beggan and son, Mr. and Mrs. John Pesch and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. George Tewig and family of Sheboygan were visitors at the A. Braun home Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Rosenbaum of Fond du Lac, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bleck of Beechwood were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wittenberg Sunday evening.  
Eight little friends, consisting of Mabel Romaine, Beatrice Bowen, Phyllis Baetz, Rea Delieg, May Murphy, Alice and Ruth Calvey and Aldona Madaka, gathered to celebrate little Beulah Calvey's ninth birthday Sunday afternoon. They brought their little dolls and played games and sang songs to the height of their glee until they were invited to partake of the birthday supper, which consisted of ice cream and many good things. Supper was served by the Misses Cecelia and Delia Calvey, assisted by Miss Anna Majake, and little Beulah wishes to thank her little friends for the pretty and useful gifts of remembrance.  
The following were entertained at a birthday surprise, given in honor of Miss Delia Bohlman, at her home Wednesday evening: Miss Edith Gill and brother Henry, Mildred Johnson, George Buehner, Florence and Anna Gibbons and brothers Harvey and Ray, Cecelia and Delia Calvey and brother Vincent, Cecelia Sook and brother Everett, Arlo Pratt, and sister, May Williams and Frank Morris, Harry Whalen and sisters Tessie and Sadie, Butch Rolls, Isadore Shea William Jones and brother and Louis Tow. The evening was spent in dancing. Music was furnished by the Jones Brothers of Fond du Lac. At midnight a delicious lunch was served by Mrs. Bohlman assisted by Edith Gill and Tessie Whalen. When the guests departed for their respective homes, which was at a late hour in the morning in the morning, they wished Miss Bohlman many more happy birthdays.  
(Too Late for Last Week.)  
Emmet Doyle spent Wednesday at Milwaukee.  
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ramthun autored to West Bend Friday afternoon.  
Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wittenberg spent Sunday at the Otto Smith home.  
Norman Odekirk and sister Lula and friend were callers at Dundee Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. William Baumann and family visited relatives at Cascade Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Garrity and Hugh Murphy of Nasbro visited relatives here Sunday.  
Misses Cecelia and Delia Calvey spent Saturday evening with Miss Marie Bowen.  
Henry and Wilbur Wittenberg spent Wednesday evening with their

**Nobby New Suits and Overcoats with All-Around Belts.**  
In shades and fabrics to suit every taste. There will be a lot of them worn by careful dressers this Fall and Winter. We have anticipated their popularity by securing a large assortment of these snappy  
**Elk Brand Suits and Overcoats**  
Each is carefully designed and tailored with that pleasing individuality which marks all ELK BRAND Clothes.  
They are now on display at our store. Styles that will delight you. Prices that will surprise you. Come in and look them over.

**Pick Brothers Company**  
West Bend, Wisconsin

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West Bend, Wisconsin

**CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING**

Sales, Want Ads, For Rent, Etc., Under this Heading, 5 cents a line straight. All notices of an advertising nature appearing among the Locals or on the Front Page will be rated at 10 cents per line.

**FOR SALE—One Pennistar Range, good as new.—Dr. N. H. Hatsmann**

**WANTED—Scrap iron of all kinds. Best market price paid.—Nicholas Remmel, Kewaskum, Wis.**

**WANTED—Girl for general housework, private family; good home. Apply 548 Milwaukee Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. 9-22-3**

**Lost.—Package containing dress goods, on the road between this village and Beltonville, last week Saturday. Honest finder leave same at L. Rosenheimer's store, Kewaskum, Wis.**

**Notice.—My wife, having left my home, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her.—G. W. Benson.**

**Notice.—Anyone having beans or peas to thresh call on Joseph Strachota, who has purchased a new threshing outfit for this purpose. Guaranteed to do good work, separates the straw from the beans.**

**NOTICE.—Anyone caught trespassing or hunting on my premises will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.—Mrs. And. Braun, Kewaskum, Wis. 10-6-2**

**Deutscher Advokat**  
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Lawyers  
West Bend, Wis.

Office 211 First Bank of Kewaskum Bldg. Office hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

**Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable.**  
After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough medicines, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ill., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."  
brother, Clarence.  
Mr. and Mrs. Herman Jandry and Walter Jandry called on Mr. Calvey Tuesday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Gay Cummins and family of Rathburn spent Sunday at Edward Johnson's.  
Miss Mabel Braun spent Wednesday and Thursday with her sister, Mrs. George Towig.  
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Baetz attended the funeral of a relative at Milwaukee Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. Ploutz of Mitchell and Mr. and Mrs. Christ Rahn visited at the home of Otto Rahl Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Pesch and daughter and Miss Edith Braun spent Sunday afternoon at the A. Braun home.  
Frank Bohlman and sister, Delia, Miss Irene Cahill and Louis Tunn attended the play at the Henry Boyle Sunday evening.

—Subscribe for the Statesman.

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Kewaskum STATE BANK Wisconsin  
"The Bank of the People and For All The People"



**EXPERT CHEMISTS**  
watch every stage in the brewing of Lithia Beer. Master brewers, a modern plant, and imported hops and Wisconsin malt is what makes Lithia Beer different—it's in the flavor. 'Phone No. 9

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West Bend, Wisconsin

**FARMERS BIG ADVERTISERS!**  
All over the country the farmers are getting to be the biggest advertisers. WHY? Because there is hardly a farmer now days but what has something to sell. They are fast becoming our leading business men.  
**FARMERS TRY A WANT AD IN THE STATESMAN**



# ATTEND THE MOVIES

Opera House, Kewaskum,  
Sunday, October 7th

Pallas Pictures Presents  
**MACLYN ARBUCKLE**

## The Reform Candidate

"Boss" Hoke's Personal Version of Frank Grandell's Sensational Defeat for Mayor

Seven Reel Program

SHOW STARTS AT 8 O'CLOCK SHARP

Usual Prices of Admission

Don't Miss This Big Show!

### Time Table—C.&N.W.R'y

NORTH BOUND	
No. 205	3:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 113	12:15 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 125	9:04 a.m. daily except Sunday
No. 107	8:28 p.m. daily
No. 243	8:54 p.m. Sunday only
No. 141	5:42 a.m. Sunday only

SOUTH BOUND	
No. 206	9:48 a.m. daily except Sunday
No. 210	12:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 214	2:34 p.m. daily
No. 316	5:47 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 106	8:32 a.m. daily
No. 244	11:13 p.m. Sunday only
No. 218	7:06 p.m. Sunday only

### KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., Oct. 6

### LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Miss Cora Beiting spent Sunday at Milwaukee.

—Mrs. R. E. Davies was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.

—Mrs. N. J. Mertes was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.

—Neal Wollensak was a West Bend caller Sunday.

—Rob. Davies was an Oshkosh caller last Wednesday.

—Robert Little of Milwaukee spent Sunday with home folks.

—Jos. Welzien and wife visited relatives at West Bend Sunday.

—Miss Elsie Sommers began teaching near Jackson last Monday.

—H. W. Meilahn and wife were Milwaukee visitors last week Friday.

—Herman Gottsleben of Kimberly visited with home folks over Sunday.

—Andrew Groth and wife spent Sunday with relatives at West Bend.

—Mrs. Paul Belger visited with her husband at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Gottsleben and family were West Bend visitors Sunday.

—Clarence Hoffmann of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Henry Backhaus family.

—B. H. Mertes and wife of Newburg spent Sunday with the Aug. Bilgo family.

—A number from here attended the skat tournament at Campbellsport last Sunday.

—Don't forget the closing dance at the North Side Park tomorrow, Sunday evening.

—Mrs. Fred Bartelt and Roman Backhaus and wife were Lomira visitors Saturday.

—Ed. Ott and wife of West Bend spent Monday evening with the Al Schaefer family.

—Miss Olive Haug, teacher in the town of Rockfield, visited with her parents Sunday.

—Fred Groth and wife of Jackson were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Mummel Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Rosenheimer spent Sunday with their son Maurice at Fort Sheridan, Ill.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Miller of Milwaukee visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Miller and other relatives.

—The regular meetings of the Hook and Ladder Co. and Fire Co. were held on Wednesday and Thursday evenings respectively.

—W. F. Backus and wife were Milwaukee visitors Thursday and on Friday attended the Ozaukee County Fair at Cedarburg.

—Dr. A. A. Wendell of Winnemucea, Nevada spent a few days this week with the Otto E. Lay family and other friends in the village.

—William J. Schoofs of Milwaukee and Miss Kathryn Schoofs of West Bend visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Schoofs.

—Miss Rose Ockenfels of Jefferson spent from Saturday evening to Monday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ockenfels and family.

—August Kumrow moved his family and household goods to West Bend last Tuesday where the family will make their future home.

—The Misses Clara Simon and Katherine Amerling of St. Killian were guests of Misses Ida and Christina Fellenz last Wednesday.

—Misses Louise and Martha Garberding and Gustave Siebert of Cheesville spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marquardt.

—Miss Lydia Guth, who is taking practice teaching at Milwaukee, spent last Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Guth and family.

—Mrs. Ed. Spoerl returned to her home at Knowles after visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. August Schnurr, from Sunday to Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elwyn Romaine returned Sunday from their wedding trip and are now at home in the F. E. Colvin residence on West Water street.

—August Kumrow, wife and son Arnold, returned from Fort Atkinson Sunday evening, after visiting with the Otto Baummel family there since last week Wednesday.

—Mrs. Herman Gilbert, Mrs. Ed. Faureck, Miss Amanda Heise and Arthur Habeck of West Bend attended the funeral of Herman Kneuppel here last Wednesday.

—There will be no services in the Ev. Peace church, to-morrow, Sunday on account of the absence of the pastor, who will conduct services at a mission feast at Scofield, Wis.

—The card party given at the Temperance hall by the Woman's Club last Thursday evening was very largely attended and everyone spoke very highly of the entertainment accorded them.

—L. P. Rosenheimer and wife, Otto E. Lay and wife and Byron Rosenheimer attended the play, "Nothing But the Truth," at the Davidson theatre, Milwaukee, last Monday evening.

—Emil Borkow and son Archie, Otto Beaver, Otto Borkow and John Henry of Milwaukee autoed to Kewaskum and visited with Fred Marquardt and family Friday and Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sam Euhke and family, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nienow, Mr. and Mrs. Haas and family, all of Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Backhaus spent Sunday with the Fred Schultz family.

—A large number of people from this village and vicinity attended the county fair at West Bend this week. On Tuesday the public and parochial schools closed to allow the children to attend the fair.

—Mrs. B. M. Altenhofen, Miss Susan Altenhofen and Edw. Aitenhofen of Milwaukee and Miss Ella Backus of West Bend spent Sunday with the Mrs. Emma Altenhofen family and other relatives in the village.

—Mr. and Mrs. Math. Weiss of Schleisingerville, Mr. and Mrs. John Peters of Cedar Lake, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Peters of the town of Farmington spent Sunday afternoon and evening with the Val. Peters family.

—Otto E. Lay and Byron Rosenheimer and Miss Edna Schmidt visited the Harry Henry family at East Troy Sunday. They were accompanied by Mrs. Lay and Miss Lillie Schlosser, who had been spending several days there.

—Aug. Miller, Herbert Backhaus, Otto Backhaus, Carl Brandstetter, Frank Becker and William Eberle visited the boys at Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., last Sunday. The three former returned Monday evening while the latter trio came home Tuesday.

—Ernest Haentze, wife and son Arthur of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with the August Buss family. They were accompanied to New Fane by Mr. and Mrs. Fred Foxhoven and daughter Geraldine, also of Fond du Lac, who spent the day with relatives there.

—Constipation, indigestion, drive away appetite and make you weak and sick. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea restores the appetite, drives away disease, builds up the system. Nature's wondrous herbs scientifically blended. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

—The following spent last Saturday, St. Michaels Kirmes day, with John Schaefer and wife: Peter Schaefer and wife, Nic Gross and family, of St. Michaels, Jacob Schaefer and wife of St. Bridgets, Miss Susan Schaefer and gentleman friend of Milwaukee.

### HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Nathan Moses entered school Monday as a sophomore.

During Miss Guth's absence last week Wednesday, Gladys Perschbacher had charge of the intermediate department.

The school gave donations to the Soldiers' Library Fund, the total amount being \$1.65.

Girls' Glee Club will again begin their work Monday.

More chairs were bought for the recitation rooms on account of the immense size of the freshman class.

Dorothy Seering, Delores Kohler, Edna Fleischmann and Lillian Benke were high school visitors one day last week.

Boys' Basketball Association had a meeting one day last week. They elected the following officers: Manager, Elroy Backhaus; captain, James Heisler; treasurer, Leo Brodzeller.

Quite a number of students attended the county fair to hear Governor Phillips' patriotic speech.

P. J. Haug has presented the high school with fifty copies of song books of "Patriotic Songs." The high school appreciates the gift and wishes to thank Mr. Haug for the gift.

### Intermediate Notes

A collection of 92 cents was made which will be donated to the Soldiers' Library Fund.

The total enrollment of children is 27—16 in the third grade, 5 in the fourth grade, and 6 in the fifth grade.

### Primary Notes

We have 32 pupils enrolled—7 in the second grade, 13 in the first, and 12 beginners.

A collection of 66 cents was made. This will be donated to the Soldiers' Library Fund.

### BIRTH OF A NATION COMING

On Sunday afternoon and evening, October 14th, at the Kewaskum Opera House, D. W. Griffith's mammoth production, "The Birth of a Nation" will be shown in moving pictures. This play which has electrified the world is made up of 5,000 scenes, 18,000 people and 3,000 horses. The play was put on at a cost of \$500,000.00 and see cities built up and destroyed by fire, the biggest battle of the Civil War enacted. Ford's theatre at Washington reproduced to the smallest detail for the Lincoln tragedy. The story taken from Thomas Dixon's "The Clansman" carries a series of wild rides that commanded a country for a day and cost \$10,000. Night photoplay of battle scenes, invented and perfected at a cost of \$12,000. Wonderful artillery duels in which real shells, costing \$80 a piece, were used. Miles of trenches, thousands of fighters, "war as it actually is." Don't fail to see this wonderful photoplay.

### INFORMATION TO OR FROM PERSONS IN GERMANY OR AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Congressman Voigt writes us from Washington as follows:

As the postal service has been discontinued between the United States and Germany and Austria-Hungary, it is impossible for persons here to correspond with relatives or friends, in those countries. In order to give persons in this country an opportunity to send personal messages to persons in the territory belonging to or occupied by the Central Powers, the American Red Cross has undertaken to act as intermediary. The American Red Cross will transmit such messages or inquire to the Red Cross at Geneva, Switzerland, and the latter will forward the messages and also the return answer. The following instructions should be rigidly observed:

1. Address your letter to "Bureau of Communication, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C."
2. State briefly the information you wish to convey, which must be strictly personal; also request such personal information as you desire.
3. You may write in English, French, Italian, Russian, German, Polish, Hungarian, Turkish or Greek.
4. Give full name of person to whom you wish information sent, his age, occupation and address.
5. You may inquire concerning the same person not oftener than once in six weeks.
6. You must enclose 4 cents in stamps, that is, two-2 cent stamps.

The following form of letter is suggested:

"(P. O. and date)  
Bureau of Communication,  
American Red Cross,  
Washington, D. C.  
Gentlemen:

I wish to send the following information to Mr. . . . whose age is . . . whose occupation is . . . and whose full address is . . . (Here state whatever information you wish to inquire about a person and his family, state what you wish to know.)

I enclose two-2 cent stamps.  
My name is . . . my occupation is . . . my address is . . .

Respectfully yours,  
.....

It Can't Be Done.  
We know of a father who has been striving for five years in vain for mastery of the heir.—Exchange.

# L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Our classy new Jerseys are here. The most delightful color combinations in purple and gold, green and red, etc., also plain greys, maroons and blues, all \$2.50-\$3.75 sizes, prices ranging from \$2.50-\$3.75

Why not do your Coat shopping early, while our line is complete?  
Ladies' Beautiful Plush Coats from \$25 up  
Ladies' Cloth Coats, newest styles, from \$15-\$33

All kinds of Fashionable Autumn Apparel at Moderate Prices

# L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

### LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley	1.30-1.45
Wheat	1.75-2.10
Red Winter	1.75-2.10
Eye No. 1	1.65-1.85
Oats	.55
Timothy Seed, hd.	\$5.00-5.50
Red Clover Seed, per 100 pounds	18.00-20.00
Alsyke Clover Seed, per 100 pounds	18.00
Hay No. 1, per 100 pounds	25.00-25.50
Butter	.40-42
Eggs	.40
Unwashed Wool	.60-84
Beans	7.50-8.50
Hides (calf skins)	21-22
Cow Hides	17-18
Horse Hides	5.50-6.00
Potatoes, new, sorted well	.80-90

### STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin  
at the close of business September 11th, 1917

#### RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$528,889.19
Bonds	44,036.26
Banking House Furniture and Fixt.	15,000.00
Cash on hand and due from banks	131,780.61
	\$719,706.06

#### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	\$40,000.00
Surplus	20,000.00
Undivided Profits	16,548.69
Deposits	\$643,157.37
	\$719,706.06

#### OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

A. L. Rosenheimer, President  
M. Rosenheimer, Vice-President  
George Petri, Vice-President  
B. H. Rosenheimer, Cashier  
N. W. Rosenheimer, Ass't Cashier  
H. A. Rempel, Assistant Cashier  
Otto E. Lay, Arthur W. Koch

Washington County's Largest State Bank

## Plymouth Self-Feed Ensilage Cutters



Do you want the best? Then get the Plymouth. No competition in this class. Positively the only feed cutter that will cut either green or dry feed without changing any of its parts. No handling of feed after thrown into feed box. BUY NOW AND SAVE MONEY. Machinery prices are advancing. Give us a call.

# A. G. KOCH KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN



AGUARANTEED REMEDY FOR ASTHMA

Your doctor will be surprised by your prompt relief...

DR. R. SCHIFFMANN'S ASTHMADOR

In either form (Liquor, Pipe Mixture or Powder)...

BLACK LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED BY CUTLER'S BLACKED PILLS

ECZEMA! Mosey back without question...

A Question. "He was boasting that he did some record flying abroad at the front..."

Don't Listen Too Much. If you expect to believe everything that you hear, better not listen much of the time.

How's This? We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE...

The Worst Way. Back in the dark ages, when the management of the Erie railroad was not all that it should have been...

Get Menthol From Japan. Before the war about half the menthol crystals exported from Japan went to Germany...

Printing Plants Consolidated. Fond du Lac—Announcement was made here of the merging of the A. E. Schaar job printing establishment with the P. B. Haber Printing company...

Start Work on New Paper Plant. Menasha—Work on the new plant of the Edgewater Paper company has been started...

Six Escape From Jail. Chippewa Falls—Six prisoners, bound over for the fall term of circuit court, sawed their way out of jail here...

Wireless Operator on Way to Russia. Neenah—A letter from Cornelius Quinn of this city, who is in the federal service as a wireless operator...

Driver Succeeds Col. Salsman. Madison—Earl S. Driver has been commissioned major by Gov. E. L. Phillip and has assumed his duties...

Creamery Destroyed by Fire. Cumberland—The Ahnena creamery with considerable butter, was burned the loss was \$5,000, partly insured...

BADGER STATE NEWS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN A FEW LINES.

FEWER HUNTING LICENSES

Records Show Falling Off in Permits Issued Owing to the Fact That Many Sportsmen Are Among Enlisted and Conscripted Men.

Green Bay—Fewer hunting licenses have been issued in Brown county to date than up to the same day in 1916, it was learned upon investigation of County Clerk R. B. Vickery's records...

Carroll Enrollment Good. Waukesha—Notwithstanding the fact that one-third of the male enrollment of undergraduates at Carroll college last year is enlisted in government service...

Bank Permits Are Granted. Madison—Permission to commence business was granted the Farmers' State bank of Canton, Wis. The capital is \$10,000. An amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Meinhart bank of Burlington, increasing capital from \$25,000 to \$62,500 was approved...

La Crosse Milk Price Raised. La Crosse—Milk dealers in La Crosse county raised the price of milk from 7 cents to 8 1/2 cents a quart to the retail trade...

Parents Save Child's Life. Sheboygan—After his wife had leaped off a bridge into the Sheboygan river to save the life of their 2-year old son, William Poetschke dived off the rail into the water where the mother was frantically struggling to save her babe...

See Foul Play in Suicide. Fond du Lac—Relatives of G. E. Finger, grocer, whose lifeless body was found hanging in an elevator shaft in his store, declare that he was not a suicide but met with foul play...

Printing Plants Consolidated. Fond du Lac—Announcement was made here of the merging of the A. E. Schaar job printing establishment with the P. B. Haber Printing company...

Many Students Enrolled. Janesville—Attendance totals available at this time show that the graded and high school attendance this year will equal if not surpass that of last year...

Sheep Culture Near Bayfield. Bayfield—One farmer in this part of the state has already entered intensive sheep culture fields. An entire croled of the wool producers and two blooded Shropshire rams have made their way to the M. B. Johnson farm near this city...

Start Work on New Paper Plant. Menasha—Work on the new plant of the Edgewater Paper company has been started. Excavation for the building 48x150 feet, has been completed and work on the foundation and ground floor is to be started at once...

Six Escape From Jail. Chippewa Falls—Six prisoners, bound over for the fall term of circuit court, sawed their way out of jail here, cutting two steel window bars with files...

Wireless Operator on Way to Russia. Neenah—A letter from Cornelius Quinn of this city, who is in the federal service as a wireless operator, gives the information that he is on his way to Russia...

Driver Succeeds Col. Salsman. Madison—Earl S. Driver has been commissioned major by Gov. E. L. Phillip and has assumed his duties as assistant adjutant general in a place of Col. John G. Salsman. A. B. Beechcroft, clerk in the office, has been made secretary to Adj. Gen. O. Holway...

Creamery Destroyed by Fire. Cumberland—The Ahnena creamery with considerable butter, was burned the loss was \$5,000, partly insured. Owner Charles Kaemer will rebuild...

Finds Snake in Mail Box.

Stevens Point—L. B. Rivers, a post office employe is used to handling many peculiar things sent through the mails, but when it comes to reptiles he draws the line...

Suspend New Law Provision.

Madison—The Wisconsin conservation commission authorized the fishermen of Green Bay to catch and sell, in Wisconsin, perch measuring seven inches in length...

Milk and Cream to Cost More. Green Bay—Another increase in the price of milk will take place in an advance from 9 cents to 11 cents a quart and cream from 36 to 48 cents a quart...

Scores Food Slackers. La Crosse—"The biggest slacker of them all is he who heeds not the warnings of the food administrators," said T. H. Canipon, principal of the La Crosse County Agricultural college to a large audience at the Interstate fair here...

File Complaint Against Railroad. Janesville—Seven complaints have been filed in the municipal court by the Leaf River Creamery company against the Chicago & Northwestern railroad for its alleged failure to deliver shipments of cheese to destinations in good condition...

Firms Give Garden Prizes. Janesville—Two firms of this city, the Rock River Cotton company, and the Janesville Machine company, have distributed prizes to employes who had the best gardens during the summer. Over three hundred men and women took part in the contests...

Keyser, Not Kaiser, Aids U. S. Bancroft—A potato of the kind that will win the war and weighing two pounds, four ounces, was raised by L. A. Keyser, a farmer near here. It is of the Green Mountain variety. By putting the species to reproduction, Mr. Keyser is certain that a different Mr. Kaiser will have to stagger under the oppression of American crops...

Joins Rainbow Division. Portage—Maj. Williams of Camp Douglas, who has been in charge of the commissary department at the state camp for many years has been transferred to the Rainbow division. He leaves Camp Douglas with twelve trained men on October 9 for Camp Mills, Long Island, N. Y.

Pickpockets Make Rich Haul. Racine—Pickpockets reaped a harvest at the Roosevelt massmeeting here, the police receiving reports from seven men that they had been relieved of \$60 and a diamond ring valued at \$150. One man lost a pocketbook containing \$250 and another had one containing \$215 stolen.

Women After Bob Too. Fond du Lac—And now the women are after Senator Robert M. La Follette. The Irish History class, composed of prominent club women of this city, has adopted resolutions condemning La Follette for his utterances on various war questions.

Coroner Orders Inquest. Janesville—An inquest to determine the cause of the death of William D. Ludveigh, 46 years old, of Beloit, has been ordered by Coroner Frank Ryan of this city. The death of De Ludveigh has been a mystery.

Drowns When Boat Capsizes. Wausau—Paul Westphal was drowned in Lake Wausau while hunting ducks when a steel collapsible boat capsized. Oscar Allen, his companion, was rescued as he was sinking for the last time.

Columbus Banker Dies. Columbus—John E. Wheeler, president of the Farmers' and Merchants' Union bank of Columbus, died here at the age of 66 years. Mr. Wheeler lived in La Crosse for many years.

Next Convention at Rhineland. Racine—Rhineland was selected as the next convention city of the League of Wisconsin Municipalities and there will be celebrated the twentieth anniversary of the organization.

To Adopt Cooperative Delivery. Marshfield—Local merchants, acting on the suggestion of the State Council of Defense, have adopted the cooperative delivery service beginning Monday, Oct. 1. There will be two general deliveries in the morning and two in the afternoon.

Gasoline Fumes Prove Fatal. Green Bay—Iver Terp, 48 years old, prominent business man and church worker, was asphyxiated by gasoline fumes in his garage here.

A NEW HOSPITAL FOR TUBERCULOSIS

Badly Needed to Handle the Cases That Are Now on the Waiting List.

\$50,000 IS NOW AVAILABLE

Money Appropriated by the Last Legislature—Sanitarium Will Be Constructed in the Northern Part of State.

Madison—State officials believe that the early construction of the new state sanitarium in northern Wisconsin will be forced by the large increase in the waiting list.

The report of the state board of institutions shows that there are 44 on the waiting list for the Wales sanitarium; 27 at Tomahawk Lake camp and 39 on the waiting list of county sanitariums.

The last legislature appropriated \$50,000 for the construction of a tuberculosis hospital in northern Wisconsin. At the time Gov. E. L. Phillip suggested that he did not believe it would be necessary to construct this new plant at once...

The legislature planned to have a sanitarium established in northern Wisconsin along the lines of the institution at Wales. The bill was introduced by Senator Fred A. Buxter, Superior. In the different sanitariums of the state the report shows there are 186 in the Wales institution receiving care, 21 in the Tomahawk Lake camp, and 495 in the county sanitariums, a total of 702. This makes no record of the number in private institutions.

8,036 Insane in State. The same report gives the number of insane in the state under public care as 8,066, of which 3,568 are women and 4,518 are men. The population of the industrial school for boys is 404; state prison, 870; home for the feeble-minded, 1,105, and state reformatory, 291.

Farmers Saving the Calves. Report that Wisconsin farmers were sacrificing heifer calves for the high price received for veal have been found untrue by the State Council of Defense.

The investigation proves that, on the contrary, more heifer calves are being retained for raising and the increasing of dairy herds than ever before.

Figures from the Milwaukee stock yards show an increase in the receipts for calves, but it is estimated that 81 or 90 per cent are male calves. Many dealers who receive heifer calves are selecting the well-formed, sound heifers and are selling them to farmers at a slight advance over the market price...

Reports from live-stock shipping centers in the state indicate that farmers are raising as many calves as their housing facilities and feed supply will admit.

For several years the animal husbandry department of the college of agriculture has been urging farmers to raise only pure-bred calves, so that the herds of Wisconsin have gradually been improved. The report of men connected with the agriculture extension work of the university say in the report made to the state council that the farmers are following this advice more than ever before.

Heads Dairy Measures Division. Ralph Smith of Minneapolis, Minn., has been appointed chief of the weights and measures division of the dairy and food commission to succeed J. P. Downing. He has been in charge of the weights and measures division in Minnesota four years and is a graduate of the school of engineering of the University of Minnesota.

New U. of W. Building Done. The new Physics building at the university has been completed and was ready for occupancy when school opened.

Working Children Backward in School. The industrial commission has issued a short bulletin giving statistics as to the educational attainments of the children to whom child labor permits were granted in Wisconsin. Figures gathered by the state board of education show that of public school children in general who are fourteen years of age, more than one-half have completed the eighth year, but only one-fourth of the permit children of the same age have done so. In fact, nearly one-half of these children have only completed the fifth or sixth grade.

Food-Saving Plea Issued.

Wisconsin households, clubs, hotels and restaurants are urged to observe each Tuesday as a wheatless day and each Wednesday as a wheatless day for the duration of the war by Magnus Swenson, food administrator for Wisconsin. A proclamation issued by Mr. Swenson reads as follows: "Pursuant to the authority vested in him by the president of the United States, Herbert Hoover, national food administrator, has urged as a patriotic duty one meatless day and one wheatless day each week as a means of conserving the food supply. Owing to the very great shortage of wheat and meat, and the urgent necessity of conserving the present food supply and creating a reserve supply for future needs, the people of this nation have been asked to make personal sacrifices. It is through their co-operation alone that the food administration can be successfully carried out. Therefore, acting under the direction of Food Administrator Herbert Hoover, I, Magnus Swenson, food administrator for Wisconsin, hereby call upon and urgently request the citizens of this state to set aside Tuesday, September 18, 1917, and all Tuesdays thereafter during the period of the war as a meatless day. I ask that all hotels, restaurants and other eating places serve meatless meals upon that day and that this practice be followed in the homes of all patriotic citizens. In order, further, that Wisconsin may do its share in the conservation of food, I ask that Wednesday, September 19, 1917, and all Wednesdays thereafter during the period of the war be set aside as a wheatless day. I ask the people of Wisconsin to abstain from the use of bread and pastries made from wheat upon that day, to the end that the wheat supply of the United States may be increased for the time when greater calls will be made upon it. It was for this purpose that the people of Wisconsin were asked to sign the food pledge cards, but we have concluded to put the above plan into effect without waiting for a complete return of the food pledge cards."

Never has farming offered such profitable returns for labor as at present and nowhere is the large profit equal to that of the low priced, high yielding lands of Western Canada.

There has been a big rush during the past few weeks of renters and owners of high priced lands in many parts of the United States to investigate these 100% profit reports. No better season of the year could be selected by anyone desiring to better their condition and wishing to give Western Canada the "once over."

Threshing is now completed and the grain being marketed. The weather is fine and will be pleasant for a couple of months and a visit now to personally investigate the conditions will be convincing and profitable. While old home ties and family associations are one of the first considerations in the mind of the reader, who feels that the old five or ten per cent return is sufficient, it behooves the modern and progressive farmer always to be on the alert to grasp the opportunities of the hour. Land in Western Canada that is annually producing a gross return of from \$40.00 to \$80.00 per acre is purchasable at from \$15 to \$30 per acre. It can be seen at a glance that such values cannot help but increase as they have done in the older agricultural districts of the United States. The new settler will find himself surrounded by same contented and prosperous neighbors. The expense of making one visit to look into Western Canada's opportunities is small—a special reduced rate is available and you owe yourself a holiday and a trip may do you good. You owe your dependents a right to better your condition and Western Canada offers that opportunity.—Advertisement.

Relieving Anxiety. "What makes you so thoughtful, Algeron, dearest?" "I was just thinking of the disturbance to business caused by the war, darling. Now, they say there is going to be a sugar shortage in the United States."

A Suggestive Slip. "You are my silvery-toned belle," said Sentimental Sammie. "Huh!" rejoined Practical Pauline; "What is the use of having a bell if you don't ring it?"

The Comparison. "Experience is the best teacher." "Yes, but time gives us a lot more wrinkles."

Nervy. Georgene—Cheek! Why, I've seen him joke with a waiter that he hadn't tipped.

State Charity Meeting. The Wisconsin conference for charities and corrections will be held at Chippewa Falls October 10 and 12. "Prevention" will be the general topic of the conference, according to the program arranged by Prof. J. C. Gillin, secretary of the conference. Mrs. Florence G. Buckstaff, Oshkosh, president, will deliver the first address. W. Frank Parsons, Washington, D. C., director general of civilian relief of the National Red Cross, will talk in the evening.

Aeronautics in University. Some of the future aviators of the nation's great air army are receiving their first knowledge of aeronautics in a special war course that is now being given in the college of engineering at the University of Wisconsin. Although the prospective aviators do not receive actual practice in flying, they work with airplane motors and are making a thorough study of the theory of aeronautics.

Fear of Coal Shortage. Coal shipments to the state have not satisfied Gov. E. L. Phillip, and as a result he has sent William Fitzgerald, special agent for the state board of control, to Washington to lay the matter personally before federal officials, with a view of hastening fuel shipments to the state.

Held Rhodes Exams. Although no Wisconsin Rhodes scholar to Oxford university, England, will be appointed this year, examination for the scholarship were held as usual at the University of Wisconsin.

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MORE WHEAT PRIZES

Honors for Western Canada Come Year After Year.

At the recent Soil Products Exposition at Peoria, Ill., in a keen contest for the coveted first prize for wheat, Western Canada has again carried off all the honors. Not only has she won the first, but also the second and third prizes. These were won by Mr. S. Larcombe, of Erie, Manitoba. In past years the Province of Saskatchewan had the distinguished honor of carrying off the initial prize.

Harvesting and threshing are now completed in Western Canada, and while it is early in the season to give exact figures as to the average yield per acre of wheat, oats, barley and flax it is safe to assume that the former will yield about 20 bushels per acre. The price to the farmer will be about \$2.00 per bushel, giving him \$40.00 an acre of a return. When it is considered that the land upon which this wheat is grown averaged less than \$30 an acre, it takes very little figuring to arrive at an estimate of the profit there is to the grain grower of Western Canada. The writer knows where a farmer purchased 160 acres of land in the spring of 1916, broke it up the same year, put it in wheat in 1917. His crop was harvested a few days ago. It yielded 4,800 bushels and he sold it at \$2.05 per bushel, giving him \$9,840. The land cost him \$4,800, breaking, seeding, seed, cutting and threshing, \$1,920. His profit was \$3,120 after paying for his land and his costs of improving. He has now \$3,120 to commence another season with a "paid for in full" improved farm.

Never has farming offered such profitable returns for labor as at present and nowhere is the large profit equal to that of the low priced, high yielding lands of Western Canada.

There has been a big rush during the past few weeks of renters and owners of high priced lands in many parts of the United States to investigate these 100% profit reports. No better season of the year could be selected by anyone desiring to better their condition and wishing to give Western Canada the "once over."

Threshing is now completed and the grain being marketed. The weather is fine and will be pleasant for a couple of months and a visit now to personally investigate the conditions will be convincing and profitable. While old home ties and family associations are one of the first considerations in the mind of the reader, who feels that the old five or ten per cent return is sufficient, it behooves the modern and progressive farmer always to be on the alert to grasp the opportunities of the hour. Land in Western Canada that is annually producing a gross return of from \$40.00 to \$80.00 per acre is purchasable at from \$15 to \$30 per acre. It can be seen at a glance that such values cannot help but increase as they have done in the older agricultural districts of the United States. The new settler will find himself surrounded by same contented and prosperous neighbors. The expense of making one visit to look into Western Canada's opportunities is small—a special reduced rate is available and you owe yourself a holiday and a trip may do you good. You owe your dependents a right to better your condition and Western Canada offers that opportunity.—Advertisement.

Relieving Anxiety. "What makes you so thoughtful, Algeron, dearest?" "I was just thinking of the disturbance to business caused by the war, darling. Now, they say there is going to be a sugar shortage in the United States."

A Suggestive Slip. "You are my silvery-toned belle," said Sentimental Sammie. "Huh!" rejoined Practical Pauline; "What is the use of having a bell if you don't ring it?"

The Comparison. "Experience is the best teacher." "Yes, but time gives us a lot more wrinkles."

Nervy. Georgene—Cheek! Why, I've seen him joke with a waiter that he hadn't tipped.

State Charity Meeting. The Wisconsin conference for charities and corrections will be held at Chippewa Falls October 10 and 12. "Prevention" will be the general topic of the conference, according to the program arranged by Prof. J. C. Gillin, secretary of the conference. Mrs. Florence G. Buckstaff, Oshkosh, president, will deliver the first address. W. Frank Parsons, Washington, D. C., director general of civilian relief of the National Red Cross, will talk in the evening.

Aeronautics in University. Some of the future aviators of the nation's great air army are receiving their first knowledge of aeronautics in a special war course that is now being given in the college of engineering at the University of Wisconsin. Although the prospective aviators do not receive actual practice in flying, they work with airplane motors and are making a thorough study of the theory of aeronautics.

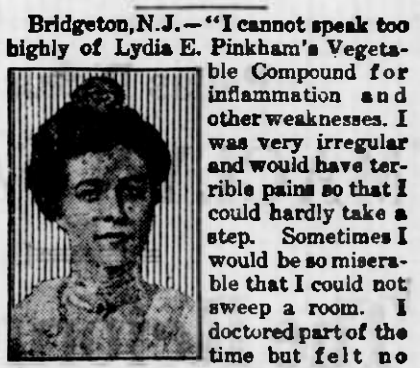
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NOTICE TO SICK WOMEN

Positive Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves Suffering.



Bridgeton, N. J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and other weaknesses. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains so that I could hardly take a step. Sometimes I would be so miserable that I could not sweep a room. I doctored part of the time but felt no change. I later took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt a change for the better. I took it until I was in good healthy condition. I recommend the Pinkham remedies to all women as I have used them with such good results."—Mrs. M. F. CUMMINGS, 322 Harmony St., Penn's Grove, N. J.

Self-Consideration. "How could you urge your husband to go to the war? Won't it be hard on you as a wife?" "Maybe so, but it will be lots easier for me as a widow."

Progress. "Are you interested in food control?" "I have gotten away past it. What I'm interested in now is appetite control."

Which Is Done. "My husband worries so over our gas bill." "Oh, tell him to make light of it."

It is asserted that the best marksmen are usually those with blue or gray eyes.

Pliny says that the Emperor Augustus was the first to exhibit at Rome a tame tiger.

European experimenters have found that explosions can be caused in gas works by sparks from a telephone.

The turkey buzzard is nearly as large as an eagle, dull black, soars almost constantly, often in large curves.

Twenty-four lumber yards in Wisconsin now employ women as lumber handlers.

In 25 days from hatching a silk-worm increases 14,000 times its original size.

GAVE UP HOPE Often Wished For Death to End Her Misery. Doan's Effected a Complete and Lasting Recovery. "I was helpless with kidney trouble," says Mrs. Ellen Janis, 1404 N. Third St., St. Charles, Mo., "and began to think my case was beyond the reach of medicine. The pain in my back laid me up in bed and it seemed as if my back had been crushed. I couldn't sleep and was so nervous I was almost frantic. "Flashes of fire came before my eyes and the pains in my head were terrible. My sight was affected and there were large, puffy spots beneath my eyes. "How I suffered when passing the kidney secretions! I seemed in agony and I often wished I might die and be out of misery. I had night sweats and mornings on getting up I was so weak and numb I could hardly stand up. I grew so pale and emaciated I looked like death. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely and I have been as well and healthy since as any woman of my age."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 40-1917.

POSTUM has been adopted as the table beverage in many a home because of its pleasing flavor and healthful nature

For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills Helpful to the Healthiest Set You Right Over Night



EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI. THE SKINNER'S MACARONI. A woman may always help her husband by what she knows, however little; by what she half-knows, or mis-knows, she will only tease him.—Ruskin.

Wisconsin Directory. I. DIAN ERLICH WANTED of cop-... PROTECT YOUR PATENTS MORSELL, KEENEY & FRENCH

RACINE COUNTRY ROAD TIRES. See our dealers in your city. STANDARD RACINE RUBBER CO.

STOCK OWNERS! PREVENT UNNECESSARY EXPENSE! Read and Study Dr. David Roberts' Practical Home Veterinarian

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.

Rat Deadly Disease Carrier. The Spanish war developed the fact that the mosquito was the carrier of yellow fever, writes E. W. Nelson in the National Geographic Magazine.

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

Variety of Time in Honolulu. On Papaikou plantation the clock marks three-quarters of an hour ahead of standard time for the day.

SKIN-TORTURED BABIES. Sleep, Mothers Rest After Treatment With Cuticura—Trial Free.

Send today for free samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and learn how quickly they relieve itching, burning skin troubles, and point to speedy healing of baby rashes, eczema and itchy feet.

Use for Horse Chestnuts. Horse Chestnuts Wanted—British Find They Will Replace Other Cereals in Munitions.—Newspaper Headline.

The crow is the one big black bird larger than a pigeon that flaps its wings all of the time slowly as it flies.

Yet the fruit tree agent doesn't care to be known as a professional grafter.

When Your Eyes Need Care. Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

THE KITCHEN CABINET. A woman may always help her husband by what she knows, however little; by what she half-knows, or mis-knows, she will only tease him.—Ruskin.

LESS MEAT IN OUR DIET.

It is no doubt true that the majority of people buy for food the things that appeal to the eye rather than buying with reference to the nutritive value of food, and this in spite of the fact that papers, magazines, lecturers and food experts are daily bringing before us the importance of food supply.

One reason for the popularity of meats, such as steaks and chops, is that they may be cooked and served in a few minutes. Meat being the main dish, other things having secondary importance, helps to solve the everyday problem of what to have for dinner.

If the purse is ample there is no reason why we should exclude meat from our tables; but once a day for dinner is often enough to serve. In many experiments carried on by students it has been shown that a decrease of meat to one-sixth of the usual amount has made an actual increase in their capacity for physical endurance.

Our faith in the strengthening property of meat has no doubt come down to us from our ancestors who from necessity lived largely on meat. We know by observation and statistics that the amount of meat consumed in our country is gradually being reduced and everybody concerned is better in health for such restrictions.

As meat proteins are particularly liable to putrefaction in the intestinal tract, these products through the activity of bacteria, are often poisonous, and when absorbed into the system give rise to hosts of ills.

The foods which may take the place of meat supplying the body with all that it needs to repair waste and give heat and energy, are milk, eggs, cheese, nuts and peas and beans. By using these foods and cutting down the meat allowance the health will be better and the purse heavier.

He is happiest who hath power To gather wisdom from every flower. And wake his heart in every hour To pleasant gratitude. —Wordsworth.

A FEW FRAPPES AND GRANITES.

Frappes are real thirst quenchers especially used to serve from the punch bowl at teas, receptions and dances. They are made of fruit juices, while the granites are another form of frappe in which the bits of fruit are used with the juice.

Tea Frappe.—Boil a cupful of sugar and two cupfuls of water for five minutes. Add a pint of strong tea infusion, freshly made and cooled, then the grated rind and juice of three oranges.

Coffee Frappe.—Make the coffee of the desired strength, strain, cool and sweeten, place in a mold and pack in ice and salt. Serve garnished with whipped cream. Chocolate or cocoa may be prepared in the same manner.

Fruit Juice Frappe.—Take two cupfuls of fruit juice, one cupful of sugar and two cupfuls of water, the juice of two lemons. Cook the sugar and water for five minutes, cool and add the fruit juices. Bury in equal parts of ice and salt for three hours.

Orange and Grape Juice Frappe.—Add one cupful of sugar to two cupfuls of grape juice and one cupful of orange juice, with a fourth of a cupful of lemon juice. One cupful of cream may be added if desired. Fill the mold and pack as usual in ice and salt. Garnish with whipped cream in serving.

Cider Frappe.—To four cupfuls of sweet cider add one-half cupful of sugar and the juice of a lemon. Freeze as usual.

Granites are made using a sugar syrup, with fruit juice and one or two cupfuls of crushed or chopped fruit. To four cupfuls of ripe cherries, cut up after stoning, add two cupfuls of sugar and the juice of a lemon. Place in a mold in salt and ice five hours.

Skim Milk Is Profitable. If skim milk is available, it can be fed very profitably to growing chicks as well as to mature hens. The amount of beef scrap may then be reduced.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, Oct. 3, 1917. Butter—Creamery, extra, 44c; prints, 45c; firsts, 40c; seconds, 37c; process, 39c; 40c; dairy, fancy, 40c.

Eggs—Current receipts, fresh as to quality, 34c; dirties, seconds, 25c; 27c; checks, 24c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fancy, 21c; 22c; roosters, old, 15c; spring chickens, 22c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.96@1.97. Oats—No. 3 white, 59c; standard, 59c; No. 4 white, 58c; No. 5.

Potatoes—Minnesota or Wisconsin, early Ohio, sacked, on track, 95c; 1.00; homegrown, out of store, 1.05@1.10.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, 19.30@19.50; fair to prime light, 18.25@19.10; pigs, 10.00@17.25.

Cattle—Steers, 7.85@12.75; feeders, 8.60@9.75; cows, 4.75@9.25; heifers, 6.00@9.50; calves, 7.45@15.50.

Minneapolis, Oct. 3, 1917. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.90@1.91. Oats—No. 3 white, 56c@58c.

Grain, Provisions, Etc. Chicago, Oct. 2. Corn—Open High Low Close. Dec. .... 1.15 1/4 1.19 1/4 1.19 1/4

FLOUR—Spring wheat, special brands, in wood, \$1.40 per bu.; hard spring wheat patents, 85 per cent grade, in tote, \$1.00; straight in export bags, \$1.15; first clear, \$1.00.

BUTTER—Creamery, extras, 45c; extra firsts, 42c; firsts, 41c; 42c; seconds, 40c; 41c; ladies, 39c; process, 41c; packing stock, 37c; No. 1 red top and grassy mixed, \$1.00@1.10; light clover mixed, \$1.00@1.10; heavy clover mixed, \$1.00@1.10; clover hay, \$1.00@1.10; threshold timothy, \$1.00@1.10.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, 18c; fowls, 20c; roosters, 15c; spring chickens, 22c; ducks, 18c; geese, 17c; 18c; KEED POULTRY—Turkeys, 22c; fowls, 22c; roosters, 18c; 19c; spring chickens, 22c; ducks, 18c; geese, 17c; 18c.

CATTLE—Good to choice steers, \$14.00@17.50; yearlings, good to choice, \$11.00@14.00; range steers, \$8.00@14.25; stockers and feeders, \$8.00@12.25; good to choice cows, \$10.00@10.00; good to choice heifers, \$9.00@10.25; fair to good cows, \$8.75@9.25; canners, \$5.00@8.00; cutters, \$5.00@6.25; bologna, bulls, \$6.00@7.00; butcher bulls, \$7.25@10.00; heavy calves, \$7.50@12.00; good to prime calves, \$12.00@15.00.

HOGS—Prime light butchers, \$18.50@19.25; fair to fancy light, \$18.50@19.00; medium weight butchers, 20c@25 lb., \$18.00@19.50; heavy butchers, \$20.00@25 lb., \$19.00@19.50; choice heavy packing, \$18.75@19.10; rough heavy packing, \$18.00@18.75; pigs, fair to good, \$14.50@17.00; stags, \$18.50@19.50.

SHEEP—Good to choice wethers, \$16.00@21.50; good to choice ewes, \$16.00@21.75; yearlings, \$12.50@14.50; western lambs, good to choice, \$18.00@18.40; native lambs, good to choice, \$17.00@18.50; feeding lambs, \$17.75@18.25.

Oklahoma City—Sam Williams, banker and ranch owner of Purcell, Okla., was shot and instantly killed in crowded Main street here. O. C. Patterson, lawyer, surrendered to the police. The shooting is said to be the outgrowth of a feud.

Minneapolis—Run down by a motorcycle on a country road, Earl B. Brown, an aviator of the Twenty-third squadron, in training at the aviation corps field here, died in the field hospital from the injuries inflicted.

Youngstown—William F. Maag, owner of the German language weekly newspaper, the Rundschau, has ordered its publication suspended until the end of the war.

Peoria—Miss Ruth Law claimed a new woman's altitude record when she went up in her airplane 14,700 feet. The previous record of 12,800 feet also was held by Miss Law.

Petrograd—The arrest of seventeen agents of an important German military espionage organization is announced. The agents are all of Swedish nationality.

London—A big German munition works at Immishofen, near Constance, Baden, was destroyed by fire, according to a dispatch from Geneva.

Petrograd—The committee of public instruction has worked out legislation providing for obligatory fundamental education for all Russians.

San Francisco—Frank C. Oxman, Oregon cattleman, was acquitted on a charge of attempted subornation of perjury in connection with the trial of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to death for murder as one of the preparedness parade bomb conspirators in 1916.

SINK TEUTON DIVERS

BRITISH SUBMARINE AND TORPEDO BOATS DESTROY GERMAN SUBMARINES.

CREW IS TAKEN PRISONER. Germans Say They Were Blown Through the Conning Tower—Another U-Boat in Flames—Bombs Used in Fights.

London, Oct. 2.—Another series of thrilling reports of recent naval actions against German submarines, illustrative of the manner in which the U-boat menace is being met, was given out by the admiralty. The figures are official and authenticated, but no dates given.

The statement begins by reciting how a torpedo gunboat sighted a periscope 600 yards away and turned ship so that the periscope was traveling in the opposite direction to that in which it was first seen. When at a distance of 50 yards the periscope disappeared and the gunboat, altering its course, passed over the submarine.

The impact of the collision was felt, and when the captain estimated that the submarine was under the after-part of his ship, explosive charges were dropped astern. A seaplane reported patches of oil on the surface and a mine-sweeper found an obstruction on the bottom at this point.

A torpedo boat patrolling in the Atlantic found a steamer torpedoed and sinking. The survivors were rescued, and then the torpedo boat circled about the locality for more than an hour. Finally a white patch of water was seen dead ahead.

The torpedo boat dashed over the spot, grazed the submarine and dropped three submarine bombs. Oil and air bubbles reeking with gasoline came to the surface, and the mine-sweeper found another obstruction here.

The next encounter described in the statement was that of submarine against submarine. A British U-boat sighted a German submersible while both were on the surface.

The British submarine dived and later picked up the enemy through the periscope. A torpedo, fired at 800 yards, caused a violent explosion in the German vessel.

When the British arrived they found a patch of oil in which Germans were swimming. The Germans said that they had been blown out through the conning tower, and that their craft had been hit amidships, overturned and sank.

The training of mercantile marine officers in gunnery tactics is bearing fruit. A British merchantman was attacked by submarine gunfire from a distance of three miles. The shots were wild and she immediately repelled. At the sixth and seventh rounds, smoke and flame burst from the fore part of the submarine, which abandoned the chase.

Little Nettie asked her teacher what was meant by "Mrs. Grundy." She was told that it meant the "world."

Some days after the teacher of the class to which Nettie belonged asked, "what is the equator?" After some hesitation Nettie said: "I know; it's the belt around Mrs. Grundy's waist."

Just as Good. Tommy Atkins had taken a German officer prisoner and denounced the latter's sword. The officer shook his head.

"I have no sword to give you," he said, "but won't my vitriol spray, my flame projector or my gas cylinder do as well?"

The New Way. Chancellor—Sir, we will have to camouflage some of our diplomatic schemes. Kaiser—Then paint them a neutral tint.

Mean. "He paid me a compliment." "That's queer. I didn't think you had one coming."

Always Be Fair. Try and find the good that is in your neighbor, even if you have to take a microscope.

Over 3,000 Breton women earn their living as sailors.

CASTORIA. 900 DROPS. ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT. A Vegetable Preparation of Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use in the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Exact Copy of Wrapper. Religion in France. There is no state religion in France, but the adherents of any church or creed can hold their religious belief and observe their religious practices.

CUT OUT CROOKED STICKS. Use of Dead Wood for Fuel is Also Applied to Scoundrels and the War. Forestry experts in New York, a state which has given much conserving attention to its wealth in trees, urge farmers to help the country meet the high cost of fuel by making more use of the dead and dying timber in their wood lots.

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Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA. What is CASTORIA. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use in the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

There is no state religion in France, but the adherents of any church or creed can hold their religious belief and observe their religious practices. Under the law promulgated on December 9, 1905, the churches were separated from the state, the adherents of all creeds were authorized to form associations for public worship, and the state, the departments and the communes, were relieved from payment of salaries to clergymen. For clergymen of forty-five years of age pensions were provided. Buildings used for public worship were made over to associations for public worship. The association law of July 1, 1901, requires religious communities to be authorized by the state, and no monastic association can be authorized without a special law in each particular case. Before the passing of that law there were 910 recognized associations, and 753 not recognized. After the passing of the law, of the 753 not recognized, 305 dissolved themselves, and 448 asked for authorization which was refused by the chambers, or parliament, to the majority of them.

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Eat More Corn!

When you eat corn instead of wheat you are saving for the boys in France. Corn is an admirable cool weather food.

Whether or not you like corn bread, corn muffins, "Johnny Cake", or corn pone, you are sure to like

Post Toasties

The newest wrinkle in corn foods—crisp, bubbled flakes of white corn—a substantial food dish with an alluring smack—and costs but a trifle.

Make Post Toasties Your War Cereal



THE GOOD JUDGE VISITS ARMY HEADQUARTERS

COLONEL, HOW IS YOUR REGIMENT TO-DAY?

FINE, GENERAL, BUT YOU KNOW THE BOYS IN THE RANKS ARE WANTING W-B CUT—THAT REAL TOBACCO CHEW.

GOOD TOBACCO IS THE SOLDIER'S COMFORTER.

**WHEN you trim your outfit down to military bedrock, W-B Cut Chewing scores a bull's-eye. A soldier gets more from his pouch of W-B than from a bulky ordinary plug—rich leaf plump full of sap, all tobacco satisfaction, every shred of it. And the water-proof pouch keeps it clean and fresh in the pocket of his khaki.**

Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 2307 Broadway, New York City

**Why Pay the Peddler or Canvasser Twice These Prices?**

You can save a good deal of money by buying your stock tonic at this store, instead of paying the peddler big, fancy prices for goods of unknown quality. Look at these prices for that old reliable and guaranteed stock conditioner and worm expeller—

**DR. HESS STOCK TONIC**

25 pound pail costs \$2.00  
100 lb drum costs \$6.50

Remember, we have no peddler's wagon and horse expenses to pay. That's why we can sell you Dr. Hess Stock Tonic at these rock-bottom prices.

Here is another point, Mr. Farmer, we want to emphasize, that is: Dr. Hess Stock Tonic is highly concentrated; it goes farther, as the small dose quantity proves. Dr. Hess Stock Tonic is to put your animals in a thriving condition, make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms—otherwise you get your money back right here at our store. We also handle

Dr. Hess Dip and Disinfectant  
Dr. Hess Poultry Pan-a-c-a  
Dr. Hess Instant Louse Killer

**John Marx, Kewaskum, Wis.**

**HARNESS AND COLLARS.**

Quality Team Harness, my own make, per set, \$50.00 and up. Our all leather Collars at \$4.00. Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Gloves and Mittens. Now when you can spare your harness, is a good time to have it oiled and repaired. I will oil team harness for 75c, if you take it apart and clean it, you also to buckle it up. If I do all the work I will oil same for \$2.00.

**VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis**

**Why This Store Prefers the Parker Pen.**

It's the only pen in the world with no holes in the wall—no levers or rings for ink to escape. It's Safety-Sealed—can't leak—can't spill. Fills in a few seconds by pressing a concealed button—this button is Safety-Sealed. See the newly patented Parker Clip—it's a big hit. Come in now, while you think of it. Large assortment to choose from.

**MRS. K. ENDLICH**  
Jeweler & Optometrist  
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

**HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH**

For Scrap Iron, Bones and Everything You Want to Sell by

**S. MOSES, Kewaskum, Wis.**  
Telephone 1091

FUNERAL PARLOR  
**FRANK A. ZWASKA**  
UNDERTAKER  
LADY ASSISTANT

**AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE**  
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT  
Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital  
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**CAMPBELLSPORT**

H. Seering transacted business at Milwaukee Tuesday.

Nic Hart was a Fond du Lac business caller Tuesday.

W. Majerus was a business visitor at Elmore Thursday.

George Braun called on friends at Fond du Lac Sunday.

Sheldon Tuttle left Monday for a business trip at Racine.

A. Meyers visited with friends at Fond du Lac Thursday.

B. Hodge transacted business in the village on Thursday.

A. Meyers was a business caller at Kewaskum on Wednesday.

H. Robinson visited with old-time friends in the village last week.

John Gill of Milwaukee visited with friends in the village Sunday.

Ray Pohey of Milwaukee spent a few days of last week with his family here.

A. Buslaff and J. J. O'Connell were pleasant village callers last week Thursday.

Miss Florence Senn and sister called on friends at Fond du Lac Saturday.

Miss Germaine Paas was the guest of friends of Kewaskum on Thursday.

Mrs. August Haffner spent Thursday with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.

R. Weber and W. Ketter were guests of friends at Milwaukee last week Saturday.

A. Jewson, W. Mulke, L. Haessly and Mrs. L. Biersdorf were Fond du Lac callers Monday.

Mrs. Albert Guepe and children, of Milwaukee, visited with relatives and friends here last week.

The Misses Lydia and Emma Vetsch visited with relatives and friends at Milwaukee Saturday.

P. Flynn, A. Tunn, Q. B. Williams, M. Flanagan, W. Krueger, H. Oppen and H. Schrauth were Milwaukee visitors last Sunday.

The following were business callers at Fond du Lac last week Friday: Misses Ella and Mary McCullough, Mrs. John Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Platt Durand, John Wenzel, Mrs. Bartholomew Jaeger, E. Senn, A. Jewson, John McCarty and O. Johnson.

P. Schlaefler, John Adams, Mr. and Mrs. P. Mayer, J. B. Williams, Miss E. McCullough, W. Ketter, John Ketter and Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Haskins transacted business at the county seat Wednesday and also visited with relatives and friends while there.

**FOUR CORNERS**

Mrs. Wm. Rahn spent Monday with Mrs. Martin Tunn.

Lewis Mulke and Andrew Polzean motored to Ripon Tuesday.

Mr. Sheldon Tuttle made a business trip to Madison Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Krenn were callers at Flitter Bros. Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ludwig Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. John Polzean.

Mrs. Philip Heerey of Chicago spent Monday at the M. Polzean home.

Mrs. Joseph Parrot spent a few days of last week with the John Corbett family.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Romaine spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Romaine.

Mr. and Mrs. John Tunn and daughter Elizabeth; Mr. and Mrs. Herman Molkenhine motored to Silver Creek Sunday.

The party given at John Tunn's hall in honor of Earl Tuttle Friday evening was very well attended. The evening was spent in dancing and all reported having a good time.

Those who were entertained at the Sheldon Tuttle home Sunday evening were: Eugene Tuttle of Racine, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ludwig, Mr. and Mrs. John Polzean, Arthur and Albert Schultz, John Thompson, Billy Baumhart, George Polzean, Edward Ford, Ethel Norton and Miss Gustie Polzean.

**CEDAR LAWN**

Hazel Gudex returned home from North Osceola on Monday.

J. O. Frish of Fond du Lac was here on business last Monday.

A. J. Jaeger attended the Koch wedding at St. Cloud on Tuesday.

George Marshall of Brandon was a pleasant caller here on Tuesday.

Leonard Gudex who is threshing near Dundee was home last Sunday.

Ed Sipple, who spent several weeks here, returned to St. Cloud last Saturday.

Fred and John Krueger called on their mother at Fond du Lac last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gudex called on Mrs. Henry Rauch of Elmore last Thursday.

Mrs. Johanna Majerus is with her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Gudex, of North Osceola this week.

Mr. and Mrs. August Hoerth and children attended the wedding of John Koch of St. Cloud on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. Kraemer, who visited her son P. A. Kraemer and son during the past week, returned to her home at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

**VALLEY VIEW**

Francis Devine transacted business at Sheboygan Friday.

Alvin Seefeld called on relatives at River Valley Tuesday.

Miss Bernice Johnson spent Friday with friends in Osceola.

Eugene Tuttle, Jr., of Racine visited relatives here Sunday.

Albert Seefeld of River Valley was calling on relatives here recently.

"Happy" Baumhardt of West Eden spent Sunday with Harold Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Norton and son Louis autoed to Brandon Saturday.

Mrs. A. D. Chesley and daughter Marie autoed to Campbellsport Monday.

Miss Marie Ketter is a guest of her sister, Mrs. John Velmen at Greca Bay.

Herman Rehorst of South Eden called on friends in this vicinity Sunday evening.

Several from here attended a farewell party at Bartholomew Jaeger's Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Charles Flarety of Loyal is spending the week with the R. L. Norton family.

Mrs. G. H. Johnson and daughter Bernice transacted business at Campbellsport Monday.

Miss Susan Jaeger of North Ashford spent Saturday as a guest of Miss Bernice Johnson.

Several from here attended the dance at the new opera house at Campbellsport Friday night.

Robert Hilbert and Allen McAuley of North Ashford and Bertam Jaeger of South Eden called on friends here Sunday.

Mrs. John Mullen returned home Friday after a two weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Schommer at Menomonee, Wis.

Messrs. George Johnson and son Harold, John Mullen and son Leo, Matt. Theisen, Francis Devine, Peter Schommer, Alvin Seefeld and Henry Walsh were business callers at Campbellsport recently.

**NEW PROSPECT**

Rob. Buettner was here on business Thursday.

Falk brothers were village callers Sunday afternoon.

Aug. Stern attended the fair at West Bend Tuesday.

H. Fick and A. Butzke were visitors here Sunday evening.

Emil Spradow and son Oscar motored to Kewaskum Monday on business.

Chas. Holtz of Waucousta was a business caller in the village Monday.

Lon Tuttle and brother Rance called on friends in the village Monday night.

Wm. Krueger, E. Bartelt, N. Uelmen attended the West Bend fair Tuesday.

B. Romaine purchased a new Ford from Glen Hill at Campbellsport the past week.

The village school opened Monday with Miss Treleven of Fond du Lac as teacher.

Dan Warden of Beechwood and F. Habeck of Waucousta were here on business Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Bartelt, Jr., visited with relatives at Waucousta and Eden Sunday.

G. Romaine and wife, Mrs. C. Hill, of Fond du Lac, spent Sunday with the H. Jandre family.

Mr. and Mrs. Tunn and daughter autoed to Silver Creek with H. Molkenhine and wife Sunday.

F. Scholtz and sister Freida and J. Walsh and wife took in the movie at Kewaskum Sunday night.

Friends here are pleased to know Mrs. Spradow has recovered from a severe attack of heart trouble.

P. G. Van Blarcom of Fond du Lac spent several days with relatives and friends here and at Forest Lake.

F. Heffling, W. Martin, Mrs. P. Housner and friend, of Campbellsport, motored to Crooked Lake Thursday.

Lloyd Romaine and wife, with the latter's parents of Fond du Lac, were spending Sunday with W. Romaine and family.

F. Kleinhaus and family of Elmore, J. Kleinhaus and wife of Stratford, Wis., spent Tuesday with the M. Kohn family.

A farewell party was given Earl Tuttle, soon to join the U. S. boys, at J. Tunn's hall Friday night. Music was furnished by P. Bowen and Mrs. Charles Norges.

**LAKE FIFTEEN**

Henry Lawrenz made a business trip to Fond du Lac Tuesday in his Regal car.

Mrs. Gust Lawrenz and daughter Ermina spent last Sunday with Mrs. Jos. O'Laughlin and family.

Mrs. Philip Hausner and Mrs. Chas. Nolan and daughter, Vivian spent one day last week at the Gust. Lawrenz home.

Mrs. Augusta Emma Birkenfeld (nee Bohlman) of San Francisco, Cal., spent from Saturday to Wednesday with Mrs. Gust Lawrenz.

**SOUR STOMACH.**

Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.

**SOUTH EDEN**

Smith brothers are busy filling silos this week.

Herman Rehorst was a Fond du Lac caller Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edw. C. Baumhardt were at Fond du Lac Monday.

School commenced in district No. 1 with Marcello Lloyd as teacher.

Dr. Leo M. ... of Campbellsport was a professional caller here Sunday.

Elsie Bartelt of Waucousta called on Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Baumhardt here.

**"HOOVERIZE" FOR HEALTH**

Personal interest, as well as patriotism, dictates a hearty response to Mr. Hoover's program of partial fast days. As has been frequently urged in this column, most Americans have, in the past, been eating too much. It will not hurt us a bit, therefore, as a part of our contribution to national defense to endure a trifling privation or to develop a taste for perfectly good articles of food which have not been popularized hitherto.

There is something about the Hoover idea and the manner in which the people are responding to it that suggests a spirit of what might almost be called religious consecration. This in turn suggests the part that fasting has played in practically all of the old religions. There is very good reason for believing that, as a religious rite, it has had as great health and political significance as religious.

In the early days of civilization, the priests, as the best educated persons in their respective communities, were the physicians and health officers as well as religious leaders. This being so, what could have been more natural or commendable than that they should have given to some of their health rules the force of sacred religious exercises and discipline.

It may be true, also that in their function as statesmen their regulations were inspired in part as food conservation measures similar to our present one. Certainly one cannot read the Old Testament without being impressed that famines were frequent enough to cause grave concern to the public leaders and teachers.

Nothing is detracted from the force of fasting either as a religious or a patriotic exercise by the knowledge that it is a health exercise as well. Possibly, it will be shown some day that the general participation in wheatless and meatless days has contributed something toward cutting down the prevalence of kidney and heart diseases which have apparently been very much on the increase for the past few years. If so, this would be somewhat payment for the direct suffering and loss of life war is responsible for.

**Wife Deserter Taken at Lomira**

His wife dying in a hospital, Chas. Johnson alias Charles Erkman, is waiting in the county jail for the coming of a police official from Beloit. He was arrested at Lomira and taken to the sheriff's office Wednesday afternoon.

Johnson is charged with deserting his wife March 12. A description of the man was furnished the local office and his arrest was effected at Lomira. Police Sergeant B. F. Lanphear, of Beloit was scheduled to arrive Thursday to take him to Beloit.—Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

**STATEMENT**

of the ownership, management, etc. of the Kewaskum Statesman, published weekly at Kewaskum, Wis., required by the Act of August 24th, 1912. Name of Editor and managing Editor, D. J. Harbeck; Publisher and Business Manager, Arthur W. Schaefer, Kewaskum, Wis. Known bond holders, mortgages and other securities holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities, None.

D. J. Harbeck, Editor

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 29th day of Sept., 1917.

(Seal) B. H. Rosenheimer,  
Notary Public.

My commission expires Feb. 3rd, 1918.

**Three "Barleycorns" in Inch.**

The inch was formerly subdivided into three "barleycorns," these divisions being originally the length of a well-dried grain of barley.

**Similar Effect.**

Some of those who get into the public eye aggravate said public eye like a cinder in the individual optic.—Atchison Globe.

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A series of wild rides that commanded a county for a day and cost \$10,000. Night photography of battle scenes invented and perfected at a cost of \$12,000. Wonderful artillery duels in which real shells, costing \$80 a piece, were used. Miles of trenches, thousands of fighters, "war as it actually is."

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