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Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1917.

NUMBER 44

CORRESPONDENCE

SOUTH EDEN

Ed Baumhardt spent Monday at Marblehead.

Herman Rehorst was an Eden caller Monday evening.

E. C. Baumhardt was a Waukesha caller Tuesday evening.

Billy Baumhardt spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Milwaukee.

Mrs. Wm. Fett of Fond du Lac is staying with her mother here for a few days.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Seiloff of Eden was the scene of a very pretty wedding, when Miss Minnie Seiloff was united in the bonds of matrimony to Mr. William Braatz. Rev. G. H. Heaverbeck tying the nuptial knot. The color scheme at the home was pink and white. The bride, who is an accomplished young lady and whose willing and kind disposition has won for her a host of friends by whom she is held in high esteem was becomingly dressed in a white silk tulle gown and carried a bouquet of white roses. She was attended by Miss Laura Braatz, as bridesmaid, who was gowned in a white satin dress and carried a bouquet of carnations. The groom who was attended by Harry Seiloff as best man, is one of South Eden's most popular young men, he is an industrious young farmer to which position in life he is well adapted. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home with about fifty invited guests, all of whom enjoyed the celebration immensely. The newly wedded left the same day for a short wedding trip to interesting places in the state, and will be at home to their friends and relatives after July 15, 1917. The Statesman together with its many readers join in extending the young couple much, health, happiness and prosperity in the sea of matrimony.

CEDAR LAWN

Joseph Calhoun was a pleasant caller at F. J. Murray's Sunday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. August Hoerth Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Thomas Dieringer Sr., called at the Hoerth home Tuesday evening.

William Little of Campbellsport was a business caller here last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Kraemer and children visited friends at Lomira last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dieringer Sr. of Campbellsport called here last Monday.

Viola Blye of Calvary is engaged to do general house work for Mrs. Hoerth.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Gudex called on friends in Auburn and Dundee last Sunday.

Dr. P. A. Hoffman of Campbellsport was a professional caller here Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Johanna Majerus visited her son Joseph Majerus and family Tuesday and Wednesday.

N. Kraemer left for Fond du Lac last Saturday, where he visited his family over Sunday.

Mrs. Ben. Steinaecker visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ferber in Auburn last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gudex and daughter Vila of North Osceola visited with the George Gudex family last Sunday.

Miss Rosa Ferber who visited her sister, Mrs. Ben. Steinaecker and family for a few days last week, returned to her home in Auburn last Saturday.

Library Notes

Please bring to the library Tuesday or Saturday afternoons or evenings any old sheets, pillow cases, Turkish towels, table linens and worn bed spreads that you have no use for. These articles will be cut up for handkerchiefs and wash cloths for our soldiers to use at the front. Any one having leisure time is welcome to come and help them these articles. You do not have to be a member of the Red Cross to offer your services to your country. All donations and help will be gratefully received.

CHANGES ARE MADE IN THE GAME LAWS

The fish and game bill, which was signed by Governor Philipp this week, makes illegal for non-residents of the state to make more than three shipments not to exceed twenty pounds each, on their licenses.

All nonresident fishermen must pay a license fee of \$1 and to this license is attached coupons which permits the shipment of three consignments. A coupon must accompany each shipment of fish. This provision is incorporated to prohibit nonresidents coming into this state and going into the fishing business on a commercial basis.

The bill allows a nonresident woman to fish without a license, but if she desires to make any shipments of fish, she must secure a license.

Resident hook and line fishermen need not secure a license, but are limited to shipments in the state and in order to ship outside the state they must secure a permit.

The season of black bass fishing which formerly opened on May 31 will, after this year, open on June 15, except in a few of the inland lakes. Oswego or green bass may be caught after May 29. This also prevents the sale of black bass.

One of the important changes made in commercial fishing, is the size of trout, whitefish and perch. Formerly any size could be sold, while under the new bill it will be unlawful to ship whitefish of less than thirteen inches, trout less than twelve and perch less than eight inches.

Helping The Fighting Men

By organizing a mutual employer's and employes' association, the Milwaukee Electric Rail and Light Company has reduced the amount of sickness among employes by one half. Both employer and employe apparently consider the investment well worth while from a purely dollars and cents point of view.

After making great gains in the health of employes themselves, the company found it to be a good business to extend the service to the families of the employes as well. It was determined that no man was as good at his work as he ought to be if his mind was disturbed by thoughts of a sick wife or child at home. In the instance of the train employes, it is believed that the company will save itself, its passengers, and the public generally, many accidents which might be very costly in dollars and lives.

That experience offers a great lesson to public officials and the people generally in the war predicament in which we now find ourselves. President Wilson, Governor Philipp, State and Local Defense Councils are urging that our success in war depends as much upon our productiveness in various forms of manufacturing and agricultural industries as in the strength and effectiveness of our fighting men.

Obviously, the health of workers on farms and villages and cities is a most important factor in determining what the productiveness of the country will be. Likewise, in the matter of economies if the amount of sickness could be reduced by one half an enormous sum of money would be directly saved.

Every community, every family, and every individual can do a great deal to reduce illness by two means, first by building up health and resistance; second, by preventing disease and curing it as rapidly as possible. It is a patriotic duty now to avoid abuses which invite sickness, to eat and exercise properly, and secure proper heat. The secret of preventing and rapidly curing disease is just as simple. In general, it consists in discovering little ills early and removing them before they become big.

That has been the method of the electric company. It is a method that can be equally well employed by the public if an equal amount of will and intelligence is employed on the job.

ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING HELD LAST MONDAY

The annual meeting of the Joint School District No. 5, Town and Village of Kewaskum, was held in the assembly room of the High School on Monday evening, July 2, 1917. A fair representation of the district was present.

The meeting was called to order by Director Emil C. Backhaus. On motion made and seconded, Emil C. Backhaus was chosen chairman of the meeting. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Treasurer Arthur W. Koch read his annual financial report, which showed a balance of \$1392.50 in the treasury.

The Clerk L. D. Guth then read his annual report, which upon motion made and carried was accepted and placed on file.

Not only did the auditing committee find the reports of the named officers correct, but satisfied itself of the efficient, capable and business like manner employed by the school board in keeping their books and accounts during the past year.

It was favorably recommended that the district raise \$2500 this year for teachers wages and for the maintenance of the school. It was also recommended that there be nine months of school. The question of whether the district shall furnish free text books was not approved. Mr. Guth stated that all teachers for the coming term have been engaged.

After the general business of the meeting had been transacted, Clerk L. D. Guth read a letter from State Superintendent of schools, dated December 2, 1916, stating that it would be advisable for the district to have electric lights installed in the school building as same could not be properly lighted on dark days. Also that the district make preparations for the building of a new school house, the present one being too small for the number of students attending.

Motion made and carried the meeting was adjourned.

It is probable that a special meeting will be called sometime in the near future to discuss matters as to what preparations can be made for the building of a new school house.

New Law Passed

If you have a Ford car or any other car or implement repaired in the future the mechanic who makes, alters or repairs, such an article, at the request of the owner is entitled to a lien thereon for his charges providing they are reasonable and just, according to a new law just passed by our legislature. The law concerns only those who do not pay. The lien given takes precedence over any chattel mortgage upon such property for all charges not exceeding \$75 in amount. For the excess in amount over \$75 the lien given by this law is subject to the lien of any chattel mortgage. It is possible under the law to file a lien at any time. The lien will not apply except to unpaid payments. If the principal contractor has been satisfied a subcontractor cannot have a lien against the property.

Charivari on Newly Weds Against the Law

When a newly married couple is given a nice charivari accompanied by some classic selections by the tin pan orchestra, the newly weds can collect a nice little bill of damages from the city permitting it, according to the Illinois courts. The law holds a city responsible for damages done by a mob, and the courts have decided that a charivari is a mob. A person annoyed by a howling mob that disturbs him or his premises can collect damages from the city that permits it. The fact that he is newly married offers no excuse. The town of LeRoy in McClean county has just been assessed \$156 and costs for permitting a crowd to surround the residence of W. H. Clime, of that city, yelling, beating tin pans, firing off guns and battering the sides of the residence with bricks. The city will pay the damages.

HIGH CLASS ENTERTAINMENT IS COMING

The Euphonia Male Quartette of Eden Seminary, St. Louis, Mo., has been engaged to give a concert at the Opera House, Kewaskum on the evening of Wednesday, July 18th, at 8:30 o'clock. This quartette is a very excellent organization and is seldom heard outside of the largest cities. They are making a tour through Illinois, Iowa the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin, and give a varied and high class program replete with song, music and verse. It was through the efforts of Rev. F. Mohme of the Ev. Peace church, that these young gentlemen were persuaded to come here for a concert. They also are schoolmates of Erwin Mohme, and but for this fact we would be unable to hear this talented musical organization. The members of the quartette are C. H. Koehler, J. C. Melchert, H. Kettelhut, W. J. Witt and Mr. J. R. C. Haas, who is considered a musical genius, presides at the piano. The program will be rendered in both English and German. Do not fail to attend this concert as it is seldom a town of this size has a chance to hear an array of talent of this kind. Come and bring your friends.

BIG Barn Dance
George Schleif Jr.'s Place
KEWASKUM, WIS.
Saturday Evening, July 7th
Good Music Furnished
Refreshments and Lunch
EVERYBODY COME

Klumb-Proeber Nuptials

Marriage vows were exchanged in St. Peter's Luth. church in the town of Addison last Saturday, June 30, at 7 o'clock in the evening by Edw. F. Proeber and Miss Clarinda Klumb, both of the town of Barton. Rev. W. Weber spoke the words that united the young couple in matrimony. The bride was attended by her sister, Amanda, as maid of honor, and by the Misses Florence Martin and Emma Klumb as bridesmaids. The groom was attended by his brother Emil as bestman, and John Proeber and Edw. Klumb as groomsmen. Little Elizabeth Martin was flower girl. The reception was held at the home of the bride's brother, Edw. Klumb in the town of Barton, the nearest relatives and friends being present. The bride is a charming young lady who should make a helpful and cheerful life partner for her husband. The latter is a son of Mrs. Wm. Proeber of the town of Barton. He is an industrious and capable young man who chose agriculture as his calling. The newly weds will make their home on the farm of the bride's brother in the town of Barton. They have the best wishes of their numerous friends for a happy married life.

Gets Damages

On August 9, 1915, John Zwaska was injured while at work at the Roddis Veneer company's works by a large pully which he was moving falling on him. He was taken to the Marshfield hospital and later to Duluth where it was announced that he was permanently disabled. D. D. Conway was engaged to take care of Mr. Zwaska's interests and last month he was taken to specialists at Milwaukee who pronounced his injuries of a permanent character, and as a result the case was settled on June 7, the injured man receiving \$2,250 and all his expenses.—Grand Rapids Leader.

PROMINENT YOUNG PEOPLE ARE WEDDED

The Ev. Luth. St. Lucas church was the scene of a pretty wedding last week Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when Miss Elsie Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Miller of the town of Kewaskum was united in marriage to Mr. William Bassel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bassel of this village. Rev. F. Greve performing the ceremony.

The bride was dressed in a white pussy willow taffeta gown trimmed with georgette crepe. She wore a veil with cap effect caught with orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of white roses. She was attended by Miss Ella Bassel, sister of the groom, as bridesmaid, who wore a light blue marquisette dress, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. The groom was attended by Edwin Miller, brother of the bride, as best man.

After the ceremony the bridal couple together with a number of intimate relatives repaired to the home of the bride, where a reception was held. The house was prettily decorated with cut flowers and ferns.

The bride is well and favorably known in this community, her kind disposition has won for her a large circle of friends, by whom she is held in high esteem and respect. The groom is one of Kewaskum's most popular young men, he is well liked by all who know him.

The newly weds left for a short wedding trip to Milwaukee, upon their return they will go to house keeping in this village, where the groom is working at the carpenter trade.

The Statesman together with its many readers extend best wishes for a happy and prosperous married life.

Haessly-Seefeld

The M. E. church at Campbellsport was the scene of a pretty wedding last Sunday June 30th 1917, when Miss Martha Haessly became the bride of George F. Seefeld of North Ashford. Rev. T. Ellis tying the nuptial knot using the two ring service. The bride was gowned in a simple but pretty marquisette dress trimmed with silk lace, and she wore a silk tulle veil and carried a shower bouquet of carnations, ferns and cedars. Her bridesmaid Miss Viola Backhaus was attired in a pale blue silk dress trimmed with silk lace and she carried carnations and ferns, and wore a picture hat. The groom wore the customary suit of blue. After the ceremony the bridal party together with intimate relatives celebrated the occasion at the home of the brides grand uncle George Raich at South Elmore, where a five course dinner was served.

The bride is a young lady of very exemplary character and will no doubt be a faithful and loving companion for the groom. The groom is a very industrious young farmer. After the reception they boarded the 3:45 train at Campbellsport for Birmawood Wis. for their honeymoon which they will spend with the groom's sister, Mrs. Adolph Toetcher. After July 10 they will be at home to their many friends on the groom's farm which he bought about a year ago at North Ashford. The young couple accept our heartiest wishes for a very bright and happy married life.

Among those present at the wedding were: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seefeld of South Eden, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Seefeld, Messrs. Erwin and A. Seefeld, Wm. Reilly and Miss Viola Backhaus of Elmore.

Grocery at Cedar Lake

Big Cedar Lake is to have a new up to date grocery store. The old dance hall at the Hacker summer resort is to be converted by Mrs. Hacker into a long needed grocery store. She will keep a complete line of fresh groceries on hand at all times, and will sell them as cheaply as they can be purchased anywhere in cities or villages. The store will be greatly appreciated by the cottagers and visitors at this popular resort.—Hartford Times.

IT DOESN'T PAY TO BE OUTSPOKEN

The United States Postal Department is "getting after" employes in the mail service who are giving vent to personal appreciations of the President of the United States. In cases where these appreciations are not exactly pleasing to the ear, the employes are being suspended from the service pending investigations and where warranted they are summarily dismissed.

At Mayville there is a case at point. A rural mail carrier after listening to a commencement address at the Mayville schools in which the speaker lauded America and the President, is said to have declared: "If that was the kind of doctrine that is going to be preached in the public schools I'll take my children out of public school and send them to a parochial school."

The remarks were reported to the postmaster general, who ordered the civil service board to suspend the mail carrier, pending investigation.

At Iron Ridge the postmaster has been dismissed from the service for uttering derogatory remarks about the President. In the Mayville case Senator Husting has written a letter commending the young man who gave the oration, which the mail carrier complained about.—Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

Who Leads in Crops?

OATS.
Wisconsin stands first in yield per acre of states growing 7,000,000 bushels or more without irrigation and its additional labor and expense. Wisconsin's crop is 90,000,000 bushels.

BARLEY.
Wisconsin stands first in yield per acre of states producing 500,000 bushels or more without the added cost and labor of irrigation. Wisconsin's crop is 18,000,000 bushels.

SPRING WHEAT.
Wisconsin stands first in yield per acre of non-irrigated states harvesting 1,000,000 bushels or more. Of states growing both spring and winter wheat without irrigation, Wisconsin is second only to Iowa, 1.4 bushels less per acre.

RYE.
Wisconsin stands first in total production of states producing 1,000,000 bushels or more. Wisconsin is third in acre yield. First state leads by 1.4 bushels; second by 4 bushels. Wisconsin's crop 6,000,000 bushels.

Corn
Wisconsin stands third in yield per acre of states harvesting 50,000,000 bushels or more. First state, Ohio leads by 3.7 bushels; second, Indiana by 2 bushels per acre.

HAY
Wisconsin stands first in yield per acre of states producing 2,000,000 tons or more leading Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Minnesota, Missouri, and Nebraska. Wisconsin's crop 4,000,000 tons.

SUGAR BEETS
Wisconsin stands first in yield per acre of nonirrigated states, tied with California.

FLAX.
Wisconsin stands first in yield per acre.

WHY?
Good seed, good soil, good crop systems, good cultivation, good rainfall, good dairymen.

Annual Humane Meeting

The Washington County Humane Society will hold its annual meeting at the West Bent High School Hall on Sunday afternoon at 3 P. M., July 8th.

There will be a program of music and Judge S. S. Barney will address the meeting. Officers of the Society will make their annual reports, and a board of directors elected for the ensuing year. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Annual Mission Festival

The Emmanuel congregation of Town Scott, (Rev. G. Kanies, pastor) will celebrate its annual mission festival in Mr. Chas. Krahn's grove Sunday, July 8th. All are cordially invited. Rev. G. Kanies.

CORRESPONDENCE

ELMORE

Franklin Geidel spent Thursday in Milwaukee.

Peter Driekosen held a barn raising bee Tuesday.

Frank Bach received his Crow Elkart car Thursday.

Miss Georgia Scheid spent a few days with her parents here.

A. Volm purchased the P. Schmidt farm the past week.

Edwin Borchardt of Auburndale visited with friends here the 4th.

The Ladies Aid meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Scholl Sunday.

Mrs. Otto Backhaus visited Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Philip Schmidt.

Walter Jandre and Norma Kumrow visited with Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus Sunday.

Mrs. Henry Degenhardt and children of Campbellsport spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Gust Scholl.

Mr. and Mrs. George Williams, and family and Miss Elsie Domann of Fond du Lac spent the Fourth here with relatives.

A number from here attended the birthday party given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wehling Sunday evening.

VALLEY VIEW

N. J. Klotz Jr., spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Robert Norton purchased a car this week.

Ray Johnson of Fond du Lac spent Tuesday with relatives here.

Several from here attended the celebration at Campbellsport Wednesday.

Miss Mayme Kenney of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with Miss Theresa Schommer.

Herman Rehorst was a pleasant caller at the home of Miss Mary Garity Friday evening.

Joseph Calhoun of River Valley was a pleasant caller at F. J. Murray's Sunday evening.

Messrs. R. L. Norton and William Baumhardt spent Saturday and Sunday in Milwaukee.

Several young people of this vicinity attended the barn dance at George Baumhardt's Friday night. Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Schommer of Menominee, Wis., are visiting with friends and relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Norton and son Harry of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the R. L. Norton family.

Miss Blanche Murray and Jos. Calhoun and Alvin Seefeld were callers at G. H. Johnson's Sunday evening.

Miss Clara Case returned to her home at Fond du Lac Sunday evening after a week's visit with Mrs. Kathryn Schommer and family.

BOLTONVILLE

The Sunday school picnic will be held here on Sunday, July 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Raetzler and son spent the Fourth with relatives at Waubesa.

Mrs. Roy Kraetsch and son Elroy of Springfield, Ill., are visiting J. Kraetsch and wife.

Mrs. Maereklein and daughter of Milwaukee are visiting the Wendel and Kraetsch families.

Mrs. Oscar Morbus and children of Milwaukee and Miss Elsie Batch of Chicago are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Morbus.

Mrs. Alma Mat and daughter Eileen of Elk Mound, Wis., are spending the week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Heister.

Chas. Trost Dies

This community received quite a shock Friday morning when it was learned that Chas. Trost had expired at 4:30 o'clock at his home in the village after a prolonged illness. The funeral of Mr. Trost will be held from the residence at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Funeral services will be held at the Ev. Luth. St. Lucas church and interment will be made in the congregation's cemetery. A more complete obituary will appear in our issue of next week.

They Go Together.

He who would gather some must not fear thorns.

WILSON GIVES OUT RULES FOR DRAFT

President Insists on Equality in the New Army.

BE FEARLESS AND IMPARTIAL

Admission to Exemption Boards Asks Greatest Impartiality and Least Personal Hardship—Each Case on Its Merits.

Washington, D. C.—Regulations to govern the next step toward selecting a national war army from the millions registered for service on June 5, were issued at the direction of President Wilson. They leave to be prescribed later the manner of determining the order of liability of the men registered, but set forth in great detail the method of arriving at exemptions and the work generally of the local and district boards already named to carry out the task.

Exemption regulations add little to the terms of the draft law, the question of whether a man between the ages of twenty-one and thirty is entitled to exemption because of dependence, the nature of his occupation or physical unfitness being for the boards to decide after proper investigation. It is made clear, however, that there are to be no class exemptions and that each individual case must be decided upon its merits.

Those Entitled to Exemption. Persons who must be exempted or discharged by the local board include: Officers of the United States, of the states, territories and the District of Columbia; ministers of religion, students of divinity, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, subjects of Germany, all other aliens who have not taken out first papers, county or municipal officers, customhouse clerks and workmen in arsenals and navy yards, pilots, merchant marine sailors.

Men morally deficient. Members of recognized religious sect existing prior to May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids participation in war.

Men who have not taken out first papers, county or municipal officers, customhouse clerks and workmen in arsenals and navy yards, pilots, merchant marine sailors.

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MEN WHO ARE EXEMPT

Officers of United States, states, territories and District of Columbia. Ministers of religion and students of divinity. Persons in military or naval service of United States. Subjects of Germany and all aliens who have not taken out first papers. County or municipal officers. Customhouse clerks and workmen in arsenals and navy yards. Pilots, merchant marine sailors. Married men with dependent wives or children. Sons of dependent widows, or dependent, aged or infirm parents, or brothers of dependent orphans under sixteen years of age. Men morally deficient. Members of recognized religious sect existing prior to May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids participation in war.

ed for service in the order of their liability, post the list, give it to the press, and within three days send notice to each designated person by mail.

As the men so notified appear the boards first will make a physical examination in accordance with special regulations to be provided, bearing in mind that all persons accepted by them will be re-examined by army surgeons. If the physical examination is passed successfully, then comes the question of exemption.

Those Entitled to Exemption. Persons who must be exempted or discharged by the local board include: Officers of the United States, of the states, territories and the District of Columbia; ministers of religion, students of divinity, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, subjects of Germany, all other aliens who have not taken out first papers, county or municipal officers, customhouse clerks, workmen in federal arsenals, arsenals and navy yards, persons in the federal service designated by the president for exemption, pilots, merchant marine sailors, those with a status with respect to dependents which renders their exclusion desirable (a married man with dependent wife or child, son of a dependent widow, son of dependent, aged or infirm parent, or brother of dependent orphan child under sixteen years of age), those found morally deficient, and any member of any well-recognized religious sect existing May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids participation in war and whose religious convictions accord with the creed.

Man or Wife May Make Claim. Claims for exemption because of dependents may be made by the man himself, his wife or other dependents, or by a third party who has personally investigated the case. A claim made by the husband must be accompanied by supporting affidavits signed by the wife and by the head of a family residing in the same territory. A claim by the wife or a third party must be accompanied by two supporting affidavits signed by heads of families. Similar rules govern claims on the grounds of other dependents when the dependents or third parties being authorized to file claims with supporting affidavits. In each case the board must be satisfied before it grants exemption or discharge that the dependent or dependents actually are supported mainly by the fruits of the man's mental or physical labor.

Local boards are required, subject to appeal, to pass upon claims for exemption or discharge within three days after the filing of affidavits.

Must Decide in Five Days. District boards must decide appeal cases within five days after the closing of proofs and their decisions are final. If the ruling of a local board is affirmed the person in question stands finally accepted for military service.

In passing on claims for exemption on the ground of employment in necessary industrial and agricultural occupations the district boards must be convinced that the particular enterprise affording such employment actually is necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment of national interest during the emergency.

"The evidence must also establish," the regulations say, "even if the particular industrial enterprise or particular agricultural enterprise is found necessary for one of the above purposes, that the continuance of such person therein is necessary to the maintenance thereof and that he cannot be replaced by another person without direct, substantial material loss and detriment to the adequate and effective operation of the particular industrial enterprise or agricultural enterprise in which he is engaged."

May Designate Certain Industries. Later the president may from time to time designate certain industries or classes of industries that are necessary and the district boards will be so notified. It will be the duty of each board, however, to ascertain the available labor supply for such industries outside the men called for military service and to take the result into consideration in determining such things.

"If, in the opinion of the district board," this section of the regulations concludes, "the direct, substantial, material loss to any such industrial or agricultural enterprise outweighs the loss that would result from failure to obtain the military service of any such person, a certificate of discharge may be issued to him X X X."

Certificates of exemption will not necessarily be permanent. They may be revoked with changing conditions, or may be granted only for prescribed periods.

15 DIE ON LAKE SHIP

OWNERS OF WHALEBACK STEAMER EXPLAIN ACCIDENT IN MILWAUKEE RIVER.

23 PERSONS ARE MISSING

Passengers Crushed to Death When Huge Tank Holding Water Crashes Through Decks of Excursion Boat.

Milwaukee, July 3.—A sudden current in the Milwaukee river is blamed for the Christopher Columbus excursion boat disaster, in which 15 persons are known to have lost their lives and more than a score were hurt.

The explanation was made by H. W. Thorp, general manager of the Goodrich Transportation company, owners of the boat, after he had talked with Capt. Charles E. Moody.

Six of the injured are to a critical condition and twenty-three passengers are reported missing.

The revised death list follows: Fred Blum, Milwaukee; Mrs. Blanche Cooper, Cherokee, Kan.; Bertha M. Comstock, Kenyon, Minn.; Thomas H. Creel, Parkersburg, W. V.; Robert Downs, colored, Chicago; Eva Eatanan, Chicago; Alfred B. Murray, Chicago; Cecil Neil, Billings, Okla.; Bertha Parsons, Chicago; A. G. Pollak, Dubuque, Ia.; Alta Roberts, Morrill, Kan.; Frank Saukup, Chicago; William Stenberg, Milwaukee; Adelia Swanson, Kenyon, Minn.; unknown man.

Federal agents opened an inquiry, and it was hinted that arrests will be made.

BIG CHICAGO BANK FAILS

Private Institution of Graham & Sons Closes Doors—Has Deposits of \$5,000,000.

Chicago, July 2.—The private bank of Graham & Sons, 659 West Madison street, closed its doors on Friday, and two hours later detectives from State Attorney Hoyne's office broke in the door with fire axes and took possession of the place.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the federal district court later on behalf of William Shale, who made a claim of \$3,000.

The bank is the one of which the late Andrew J. Graham was president. It was considered one of the strongest banks in Illinois. Estimates of the deposits ran as high as \$5,000,000.

Heavy investment of the bank's funds in real estate bonds that could not easily be transformed into money is said to have embarrassed the bank.

28 DROWN IN NIAGARA RIVER

Trolley Car on the Great Gorge Route Hurled into Stream—Soldiers Aid Rescue Work.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., July 3.—Twenty-eight persons were drowned late Sunday afternoon when a Great Gorge trolley car was hurled into the Niagara river. Many others were injured. Twenty bodies have been recovered.

A few escaped by jumping. The others were carried into the rapids. The accident occurred shortly before four o'clock and was due to a landslide under a trestle, caused by recent rain.

The car was overturned by the slipping of the earth and then rolled into the river at the lower rapids.

MANY PERSONS FLEE FOOD

Town of Rock Creek, Ore., Reported Swept Away—Fifty-Foot Dam Gives Way.

Baker, Ore., June 30.—Reports from Haines on Thursday said the town of Rock Creek virtually was swept away when a 50-foot dam at the flooded Killamancey lake, 15 miles west of Haines, gave way. Residents of Haines, which is in the path of the flood, are reported hurrying for high ground. Nearly every building in the town is said to have been destroyed. Communication with the flooded district has been cut off. It is not known whether there has been any loss of life.

BOYS TO THE FARMS, SLOGAN

War Mobilization of Youths Discussed at Convention Held in Washington.

Washington, June 30.—War time mobilization of the boy labor of the nation is the purpose of a convention of the United States boys' working reserve, which was opened in the offices of the council of national defense here today. The vast labor shortage which, it is believed, will ensue when conscription goes into effect is hoped to be partly offset by the utilization of America's youth in agriculture and the industries.

Antiwar Shouters Warned

San Francisco, July 3.—Acting on instructions from Attorney General Gregory, United States District Attorney John W. Forester issued a warning against the making of speeches designed to embarrass the government.

Oil Fire Spreading

Lexington, Ky., July 3.—A destructive fire is sweeping through the oil fields of Lee county. Flames are shooting skyward, menacing residences and valuable property. Several men are reported to have been injured.

BRIG. GEN. W. L. SIBERT



Brig. Gen. William L. Sibert is commander, under Major General Pershing, of the American regulars that already have been landed in France.

U-BOATS SINK 28 SHIPS

WEEKLY REPORT ISSUED IN LONDON SHOWS FALLING OFF.

Liner Mongolia Hit Mine—Passengers and Crew Landed at Bombay—American Vessel Torpedoed.

London, June 29.—Twenty-one British vessels of more than 1,000 tons each and seven under 1,000 tons were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly statement of losses issued on Wednesday by the admiralty.

No fishing vessels met with disaster. The aggregate number of vessels flying the British flag destroyed by mines or submarines last week shows a net falling off of four, as compared with the losses reported the previous week, which numbered 32—27 of more than 1,000 tons and five in the smaller division.

In the larger category a decrease of six vessels is shown, while among the smaller craft an increase of two vessels lost is indicated.

Bombay, India, June 29.—The Peninsular and Oriental liner Mongolia struck a mine off Bombay on June 23.

London, June 29.—The American sailing ship Galena, 1,048 tons, was sunk by submarine bombs on June 25. There were no casualties.

The Galena was sunk off Ushant island (off the coast of France, 23 miles northwest of Brest). Fifteen survivors were taken to Brest.

MAKE REPORTS ON CROPS

Agents of Canadian Railroad Declare Grains Are in Excellent Condition—Wheat 15 Inches High.

Toronto, July 2.—Out of 260 detailed crop reports for the week ending June 29 covering the territory served by the Canadian Northern railway in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, 165 pointed out that rain had fallen; 76 showed the crop as of excellent condition, and 93 indicated a need of rain. Fifty-three reports upon the extent to which grain was showing above the ground show wheat varying from eight to fifteen inches in height.

DAIRY AND POULTRY MEN AID

Representatives of Association Agree to Put Industries Under Supervision of Food Administration.

Chicago, June 29.—Representatives of the country's chief dairy and poultry associations, after a conference here with Herbert C. Hoover, voted to put their industries under the supervision of the food administration and named George E. Haskell of Chicago to serve as a volunteer aid to Mr. Hoover in charge of a dairy and poultry division.

ATLANTIC CITY GETS MEET

Imperial Council of Mystic Shrine to Hold Next Meeting at Eastern Resort.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 29.—Next year's meeting of the Imperial council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, will be held at Atlantic City. Before adjourning the Shriners elected Charles E. Ovenshire, Minneapolis, Imperial potentate, and David W. Crossland, Montgomery, Ala., Imperial outer guard.

Internal Revenue Record

Peoria, Ill., July 2.—A new record was established here when internal revenue collections for the last fiscal year in the Peoria district reached \$35,124,431.

Receives War Prisoners' Conference

The Hague, July 3.—Queen Wilhelmina received the German delegates to the war prisoners' conference. The British delegates were received later. The conference will discuss the question of war prisoners.

Autoist Killed by Train

Webster City, Ia., July 3.—Louis Coquelin of Woodstock died in a hospital here after a collision of his auto mobile with an Illinois Central fast mail train. Coquelin's car struck the tender of the engine.

NO RAIL RATE RAISE

INTERSTATE BOARD HOLDS 15 PER CENT INCREASE FOR ROADS TOO HIGH.

HEAVIER TARIFFS ALLOWED

Opinion Says 1916 Was Most Prosperous Year in History of the Carriers—Commissioner McChard Dissented.

Washington, July 2.—The railroads of the United States lost their fight for a 15 per cent increase in rates. The interstate commerce commission denied their petition. The commission's order was dated June 27. Commissioner McChard dissented.

The commission finds that 1916 was the most prosperous year the railroads ever had.

"It may be assumed," the opinion says, "that they might suffer some abatement of the prosperity of that year without being crippled or in any way incapacitated."

The order sets forth: "That the operation of the schedules submitted by the railroads upon which increases were asked 'be and hereby are suspended until October 28, 1917.' Exception is made to schedules applying to bituminous coal, coke and iron ore, naming rates in the southern district.

Exception is made to schedules applying to bituminous coal, coke and iron ore, naming increased rates in the eastern district.

All schedules naming increased rates apply interterritorially between districts excepting only those applying to bituminous coal, coke and iron ore between the eastern and southern districts.

That the use of the rates, charges, regulations and practices stated in such suspended schedules be deferred upon interstate traffic until October 28 unless otherwise ordered by the commission.

The commission grants certain increases in coal, iron and coke rates on the basis of equalizing this rate structure. The opinion also recognizes that the roads in the eastern district must have increased revenue beyond what the new coal and iron rates will produce.

The technical terms of the commission's order merely "suspend" the proposed increases to October.

The commission finds that the war has not affected the railroads as disastrously as the first general statement of railroad witnesses might have indicated.

GREECE BREAKS WITH KAISER

Recalls Envoys From Germany, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria—'State of War' Exists.

Athens, July 2.—The Greek government has broken diplomatic relations with Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey.

Although war has not yet been declared, the Greek government considers that a state of war exists since its advent to power.

Paris, July 2.—Telegraphing from Athens the correspondent of Le Temps says: "The Greek government has directed its minister to Switzerland, G. Caradja, to communicate to the Greek legations at Berlin, Vienna, Sofia and Constantinople instructing the ministers to break diplomatic relations between the Greek kingdom and the governments of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey."

JAIL MILITANT SUFFRAGISTS

Six Women Who Created Riot in Front of the White House Are Punished.

Washington, June 29.—Six militant suffragists, who created a riot in front of the White House when they displayed banners attacking President Wilson, were sentenced on Wednesday to pay a fine of \$25 each or to spend three days in the workhouse. The fine is the maximum penalty for unlawful assemblage.

The women, in long speeches defending the legality of the picketing, declared the fines to be exorbitant and gave their answers in unmistakable terms. "We will go to jail first," they said.

Potato Prices Go Down

Chicago, June 29.—Wholesale prices of medium grade potatoes dropped to \$2 a bushel. A week ago they sold at \$3.20.

First Fourth Accident

Argyle, Ia., July 3.—The first Fourth of July casualty in this section occurred when George Routh, aged nine, had three fingers blown off. His face was badly lacerated when a percussion cap exploded.

Will Welcome U. S. Fleet

Buenos Aires, July 3.—Although Argentina continues neutral in the war between the United States and Germany, a cordial reception will be tendered the American squadron at Argentine ports.

COMMANDER W. M. HUNT



W. M. Hunt, U. S. N., is commander of the American battleship Minnesota.

COAL PRICES ARE CUT

SLASH OF \$1.50 AT MINES MADE AFTER DEMAND BY U. S.

Bigger Concession Due in New Schedule Effective When Committee Fixes Permanent Price.

Washington, June 30.—An immediate general reduction of \$1 to \$1.50 a ton in the price of coal at the mine was agreed upon here on Thursday by representatives of the coal operators. The reduction relates to bituminous coal.

This reduction is expected to be followed by still further decreases in price after investigation into the costs of mining coal, and it is probable that the government will be given a still lower price than that to the general public.

The operators agreed to the immediate reduction at a meeting here, after adopting a resolution by which coal prices would be fixed with the aid and approval of the secretary of the interior, the federal trade commission and the committee on coal production of the national defense council.

About 600,000,000 tons of coal were mined in this country last year, and Secretary Lane, who has earnestly urged a reduction, believes that the saving to the American people will be enormous.

The resolution declared that a great national emergency exists in the nation's fuel supply, and that the coal operators and miners desire to closely cooperate with the government.

As soon as this resolution was agreed to another one was presented, under which it was proposed that the government authorize the government representatives named in the resolution to issue a statement forthwith fixing a tentative price which, in their judgment, shall be a fair and reasonable one for the various districts until the committee shall fix a permanent price.

SANCTION PRINT PAPER QUIZ

Senators Ask Federal Board to Tell Why It Has Not Curbed Prices.

Washington, June 29.—The resolution of Senator Reed of Missouri calling upon the federal trade commission to inform the senate why it has not ordered newspaper paper manufacturers to desist from "illegal practices and exorbitant charges" was passed by the senate without objection. Further action by the department of justice for the federal trade commission, it was stated unofficially, will be deferred pending the outcome of prosecution of manufacturers in New York, indicted under the Sherman antitrust law.

CANADIANS DRIVE ON LENS

Dominion Troops Gain on Two-Mile Front—Within Mile of City's Center—Take German Front Line.

Canadian Army Headquarters in France, June 30.—Under a protecting concentration of artillery fire Canadian troops on Thursday stormed and captured the German front line before Avion, a suburb of Lens. By this advance the British line has been carried forward to within one mile of the center of Lens.

The attack was made along a two-mile front. On the extreme left Nova Scotians pushed their way up the Lens-Arras road to the village of Leauvette.

Kin of Ex-King to Wed U. S. Girl

New York, July 2.—Prince Constantine, brother of former King Constantine of Greece, is coming to London to marry Miss Lily, a wealthy American, whose identity is still a mystery.

Amateur Killed by Pitched Ball

Great Bend, Kan., July 2.—A game of baseball, played on Thursday at Alameda, Kan., cost the life of Theodor Notois, a young farmer of Beeler. He was struck on the head by a pitched ball.

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HEART of the SUNSET by REX BEACH

Author of "The Spoilers," "The Iron Trail," "The Silver Horde," Etc.



CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

"So! Let us go outside and learn more about this." Longorio waved his men before him, and followed them out of the room and down the hall and into the night.

When a moment or two had dragged past, Dolores quavered. "What are they going to do with him?"

"I don't know. Anyhow, you need not fear."

There sounded the report of a gunshot, deadened indeed by the thick adobe walls of the house, yet sudden and loud enough to startle the women.

When Longorio reappeared, he found Alaire standing stiff and white against the wall, with Dolores kneeling, her face still buried in her mistress's gown.

"Give yourself no concern," he told them, quickly. "I beg a thousand pardons for Felipe. Henceforth no one will molest you."

"Was that a—shot?" Alaire inquired faintly.

"Yes. It is all settled."

"You killed him?"

The general nodded. "Purely for the sake of discipline—one has to be firm. Now your woman is badly frightened. Send her away so that we may reach an understanding."

"Oh—! This is frightful," Alaire gasped. "I can't talk to you. Go—let me go."

The man pondered for an instant. "Perhaps that would be better," he agreed reluctantly. "For I see you, too, are unstrung. Very well! My affairs will have to wait. Take a few hours to think over what I have told you. When you have slept you will feel differently about me. You will meet me with a smile, eh?" He beamed hopefully.

"Sleep? You expect me to sleep?"

"Please," he begged. "Beauty is like a delicate flower, and sleep is the dew that refreshes it. Believe me, you can rest in all security, for no one can come or go without my consent. You are cruel to postpone my delight; nevertheless, I yield to your feelings. But, star of my life, I shall dream of you, and of that little priest who waits with the key to Paradise in his hands."

He bowed over Alaire's cold fingers, then stood erect until she and Dolores had gone.

CHAPTER XXII.

The Priest From Monclova.

That was a night of terror for the women. Although Longorio's discipline was in some ways strict, in others it was extremely lax. From some quarter his men had secured a supply of mescal, and, forgetful of Felipe's unhappy fate, they rendered the hours blest. There were singing and quarreling, and a shot or two sounded from the direction of the outbuildings. Morning found both Alaire and Dolores sadly overwrought. But they felt some relief upon learning that the general had been unexpectedly summoned from his bed at daylight, and had ridden to the telegraph office.

Profiting by his absence, Alaire ventured from her room, racking her brain to devise some means of escape. But soldiers were everywhere; they lolled around the servants' quarters; they dozed in the shade of the ranch buildings, recovering from the night's debauch; and an armed sentinel who paced the hacienda road gave evidence that, despite their apparent carelessness, they had by no means relaxed their vigilance. A round of the premises convinced Alaire that the place was actually guarded, and showed her the futility of trying to slip away. She realized, too, that even if she managed to do so, her plight would be little better. For how could she hope to cover the hundred miles between La Ferla and the Rio Grande when every peon was an enemy?

She was standing in one of the open, sashless windows when her former protector, the old lieutenant, bade her good morning and paused to smoke a cigarette.

"Well, it was a great night, wasn't it?" he began. "And we have great news this morning. We are going to fight you gringos."

"I hope not."

"Yes; it will probably go hard with you. Tell me, this city of Washington is a fine city, and very rich, is it not?"

"Oh, yes."

"It's full of loot, eh? Especially the president's palace? That is good. One can never believe all one hears."

"Why do you ask?" Alaire was curious.

"I was thinking it would pay us to go there. If your soldiers march upon Mexico City, it would be a brilliant piece of strategy for General Longorio to invade the United States, would it not? It would be funny to capture Washington and hold your president for ransom, eh?"

"Very funny," Alaire agreed dryly. "How would you go about it?"

Pancho shrugged. "That is the trouble. We would have to march around Texas, I presume."

"Around Texas?"

"Yes. You see, Texas is a bad country; it is full of—barbarians who know how to fight. If it were not for Texas, we would have the United States at our mercy." After some consideration, he ventured this opinion: "We could afford to pay the Texans for allowing us to ride through their country, provided we stole nothing and paid for the cattle we ate. Well, Longorio is a great one for schemes; he is talking over the telegraph with somebody at this moment. Perhaps it is the president of Texas."

"You are a poor man, are you not?" Alaire inquired.

"Miserably poor."

"Would you like to make a great deal of money?"

"Dios! That is why I'm a soldier."

"I will pay you well to get me two horses—"

But old Pancho shook his head vigorously. "Impossible! General Longorio is going to marry you. We all got drunk last night to celebrate the wedding. Yes, and the priest is waiting."

"I will make you rich."

"Ho! I wouldn't live to spend a single peso. Felipe disobeyed orders, and the general shot him before he could cross himself. Boom! The poor fellow was passed in a minute. No. We will all be rich after we win a few battles and capture some American cities. I am an old man; I shall leave the drinking and the women to the young fellows, and prepare for my old age."

Seeing that she could not enlist Pancho's aid, Alaire begged him to fetch the priest.

"You wish spiritual comfort, señora?"

"Perhaps."

"Well, he doesn't look like much of a priest, but probably he will do. As for me, I don't believe in such things. Churches are all very well for ignorant people, but we Mexicans are too intelligent; we are making an end of them."

The priest was a small, white-haired man with a gentle, almost timid face, and at the moment when he appeared before Alaire he was in anything but a happy frame of mind. He had undergone, he told her, a terrible experience. His name was O'Malley. He had come from Monclova, whence the rebels had banished him under threat of death. He had seen his church despoiled of its valuables, his school closed; he himself had managed to escape only by a miracle. During his flight toward the border he had suffered every indignity, and finally Longorio had intercepted him and brought him here, practically in chains.

"What a situation! What chaos!" he lamented. "The land is overrun with bandits; there is no law, no authority, no faith; religion is made a mockery. The men are becoming infidels and atheists, and in many places they will not allow us to give comfort even to their women."

"Is it as bad as that?"

Father O'Malley shook his head sadly. "You've no idea. What do you think of a people who forbid the mention of God's name in their schools? That is what the revolutionists are doing. Candelaria claims that the churches are the property of the state. He confiscates them, and he charges admission. He has banished all except a few of us priests, and has shamefully persecuted our Sisters of Mercy. Oh, the outrages! Mexico is, today, the blackest spot on the map of Christendom." His voice broke. "That is the freedom, the liberty, the democracy, for which they are fighting. That is the new Mexico. And the federalists are not a bit better. This Longorio, for instance, this wolf—he brings me here, as his prisoner, to solemnize an unholy marriage! He treats me like a dog. Last night I slept in a filthy hovel—"

"Oh! I'm sorry," Alaire exclaimed. "But I'm half-crazed with my own troubles. You must come into the house; the best I have is yours. You shall be as much my guest as I can make you, and—perhaps you will help me to escape."

"Escape?" The little man smiled mournfully. "You are watched and guarded, and so am I. Even if you got away from here, what then? You can't imagine the condition of the country."

"I won't marry him!" Alaire cried, with a shudder. "I won't!"

"He can't very well force you to do so. But remember, these are war times; the man is a fiend, and he puts no restraint upon his desires. If he is madly bent on having you, how can you prevent it? In normal times he would not dare injure one so prominent as you, but now—"

Father O'Malley lifted up his hands. "I only wonder that he suggests a lawful marriage. Suppose you refuse? Will he not sacrifice you to his passions? He

has done worse things." After a moment's consideration, he said: "Of course it is possible that I misjudge him. Anyhow, if you desire me to do so, I will refuse to perform the ceremony. But—I'm afraid it will just mean ruin for both of us."

"Surely he wouldn't harm you?"

The father shrugged. "What am I? An obscure priest. Many of my brothers are buried in Mexico. However, I shall do as you wish."

As the day wore on Alaire realized even more clearly the fact that she was Longorio's prisoner. His men, in spite of their recent debauch, kept very good watch over her, and it was plain that they would obey his orders, no matter how extreme. It occurred to her finally that he was staying away purposely, in order to give her a fuller appreciation of her position—so that she might beat her wings against the cage until exhausted.

Afternoon came, then evening, and still Longorio did not return. Father O'Malley could give scant comfort; Dolores was a positive trial.

Half-distracted, Alaire roamed through the house, awaiting her captor's coming, steeling herself for her final battle. But the delay was trying; she longed for the crisis to come, that this terrible suspense might be ended. At such an hour her thoughts naturally turned to Dave Law, and she found herself yearning for him with a yearning utterly new. His love had supported her through those miserable days at Las Palmas, but now it was a torture; she called his name wildly, passionately. He knew her whereabouts and her peril—why did he not come? Then, more calmly, she asked herself what he, or what anyone, could do for her. How could she look for succor when two nations were at war?

Night had come before she finally gave up and acknowledged the hopelessness of her situation. She had fought bravely, but with darkness her fears grew blacker. She was on the verge of her first breakdown, when, in the early dusk outside, she heard voices and the stamping of horses' hoofs. The sounds were muffled by the heavy wooden shutters she had taken pains to close and bar, but they told her Longorio had returned. Since it was futile to deny him entrance, she waited where she was. Old Pancho's voice sounded outside; then there came a knock upon the door of the room in which she stood.

"Come in," she said tensely.

The lieutenant thrust his head in, and, removing his hat, announced, "There is someone here to see General Longorio on important business. He says you will do."

"Yes. He says he is one of us—"

Pancho was pushed aside, the door was flung back, and a man strode

swiftly into the lamplight. He paused, blinking as if momentarily blinded, and Alaire clutched at the nearest chair for support. A roaring began in her ears; she felt herself away forward as if the strength had left her knees. She heard Dave's voice faintly; he was saying:

"Take care of my horse. Feed and water her well. Understand? When General Longorio comes tell him I am waiting here."

As if in a dream, Alaire saw the Mexican go out, closing the door behind him. Then she saw Dave come toward her, heard him speak her name, felt his arms around her.

Alaire did not swoon, but she never could remember very distinctly those first few moments. Scarcely knowing what she did, she found herself clinging to her lover, laughing, weeping, feeling him over with shaking hands that would not be convinced of his reality. She was aware of his kisses upon her lips, her eyes, her hair; he was saying something which she could not understand because of that roaring in her ears.

"You heard me calling," she told him at last. "Oh, I was—so frightened!" She clung closer to him. After a time she discovered that she was mechanically nodding and shaking her head at the questions he was putting to her, but had only the vaguest idea what they were. By and by she began to tell him about Longorio, speaking in a sort of hypnotic murmur, as if her words issued at his mental suggestion. And all the time she struggled against his breast.

"Dearest!" Dave held her away in gentle hands. "I was afraid you'd go to pieces like this, but I had to break through the best way I could. I learned you were here and something about

what was going on from the people at the next ranch. But I expected to find him here, too."

"How did you manage to get here?"

"I hardly know. I just wouldn't let 'em stop me. This lieutenant wouldn't let me in until I told him I was from Monterey with important news. I don't remember all I did tell him. I tried to get here last night, but I had trouble. They caught me, and I had to buy my way through. I've bribed and bullied and lied clear from Romero. I reckon they couldn't imagine I'd risk being here if I wasn't a friend."

It was more Dave's tone than his words that roused Alaire to an appreciation of what he said.

"Are you alone?" she asked, in vague dismay. "Then what are we going to do?"

"I don't know yet. My plans ended here."

"Dave! You rode in just to find me! Just to be with me?"

"Yes. And to get him." Alaire saw his face twitch, and realized that it was very haggard, very old and tired. "They lifted my guns—a bunch of fellows at the Rio Negro crossing. Some of them were drunk and wouldn't believe I was an amigo. So I finally had to ride for it."

"Can't you take me away?" she asked, faintly. "What will you do when—he comes?"

"I reckon I'll manage him somehow." His grip upon her tightened painfully, and she could feel him tremble. "I was afraid I wouldn't find you. I—O God, Alaire! He buried his face in her hair."

"I had a terrible scene with him last night. He insists upon marrying me. I—I was hoping you'd come."

"How could I, when nobody knew where you were?"

"Didn't you know? I wrote you." He shook his head. "Then how did you learn?"

"From Jose. I caught him within an hour of the murder, and made him tell me everything."

Alaire's eyes dilated; she held herself away, saying, breathlessly: "Murder! Is that what it was? He—Longorio—told me something quite different."

"Naturally. It was he who hired Jose to do the shooting."

"Oh—!" Alaire hid her face in her hands. She looked up again quickly, however, and her cheeks were white. "Then he won't spare you, Dave." She choked for an instant. "We must get away before he comes. There must be some way of escape. Think!"

"I'm pretty tired to think. I'm pretty near played out," he confessed.

"They're watching me, but they'd let you go."

"Now that I'm here I'm going to stay until—"

She interrupted, crying his name loudly. "Dave!"

"Yes. What is it?"

"Wait! Let me think." She closed her eyes; her brows drew together as if in the labor of concentration. When she lifted her lids her eyes were averted, her voice was eager. "I know how. I see it. He won't dare— but you must do what I tell you."

"Of course."

"No questions. Understand?"

When he nodded impatiently she ran to the door and, flinging it open, called down the hall:

"Father! Father O'Malley! Quick! Then she summoned Dolores.

The priest answered; he hurried from his room and, with a dazed lack of comprehension, acknowledged his swift introduction to Dave. Alaire was keenly alive and vibrant with purpose now. Dolores, too, came running, and while the men were exchanging greetings her mistress murmured something in her ear, then hastened her departure with a quick push. Turning upon the others, Alaire explained:

"I've sent for some of the women, and they'll be here in a minute. Father, this man has come for me. He loves me. Will you marry us before Longorio arrives?"

"Alaire!" Dave exclaimed.

She stilled him with a gesture. "Quick! Will you?"

Father O'Malley was bewildered. "I don't understand," he expostulated. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Clever Burro.

A friend tells us the following about Rowdy, a burro he bought as a foal in Colorado and brought home to Massachusetts for his children: "Rowdy is now an aged pensioner, but he has been as clever a little pet and servant as one could wish. His friendship for the family cow has been one of the distinguishing features of his career. They used to stand side by side in the stable, and in the pasture would actually play tag. The cow began years ago with her rough tongue to lick Rowdy's face. When he attempted to reciprocate the courtesy, his smooth tongue made no impression. This was what we have seen him do a hundred times: He would find a small stick, take it in his teeth, and scratch the cow all about the eyes, and ears and horns." Can anyone call this instinct? Was such an idea tucked away in Rowdy's brain when he was born, a part of his inheritance from generations of ancestral burros? That would seem out of the question. We are inclined to think that Rowdy thought out the stick idea for himself. —Our Dumb Animals.

Trapped!

Witness—He looked me straight in the eye and—

Lawyer—There, sir, you've flatly contradicted your former statement.

How so?

"You said before that he bent his gaze on you. Will you please explain how he could look you straight in the eye with a bent gaze?"

Witness collapses.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, July 3, 1917.

Butter—Creamery, extra, 37c; prints, 37 1/2c; firsts, 34 1/2c; seconds, 33 1/2c; process, 36 1/2c; dairy, fancy, 35 1/2c.

Cheese—American, full cream twins, 22 1/2c; dairies, 22 1/2c; Young Americas, 23 1/2c; longhorns, 23 1/2c; brick, fancy, 22 1/2c.

Eggs—Current receipts, fresh as to quality, 27 1/2c; dirties, 25 1/2c; seconds, 24 1/2c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fancy, 19c; roosters, 15 1/2c; broilers, 1 1/2 lbs., 28 1/2c.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 2.25@2.35; No. 2 northern, 2.15@2.25; No. 3 northern, 1.75@2.10; No. 2 hard, 2.28@2.30.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.77@1.78.

Oats—No. 3 white, 71@72; standard, 71@72; No. 4 white, 70@71c.

Rye—No. 2, 2.40@2.41; No. 3, 2.37@2.38.

Hay—Choice timothy, 18.50@19.00; No. 1 timothy, 17.50@18.25; No. 2 timothy, 16.00@16.50; rye straw, 10.00@10.50.

Potatoes—Wisconsin, Minnesota, Dakota, round, white stock, 1.75@2.00.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, 15.60@15.75; fair to prime light, 14.00@14.65; pigs, 12.00@13.00.

Cattle—Steers, 8.00@12.50; feeders, 8.75@10.00; cows, 5.00@9.75; heifers, 7.00@10.50; calves, 13.00@14.25.

Minneapolis, July 3, 1917.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 2.38@2.43; No. 1 northern, 2.28@2.33; No. 2 northern, 2.23@2.28.

No. 3 yellow, 1.69@1.70.

Oats—No. 3 white, 69@70c.

Rye—2.20@2.22.

Flax—2.81@2.87.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Chicago, July 2.

Wheat—Open High Low Close July 2.01 2.05 2.01 2.01

Sept. 1.92 1.98 1.92 1.94

Corn—July 1.53 1.54 1.53 1.53 1/2

Sept. 1.47 1.48 1.50 1.47 1/2

Dec. 1.39 1.40 1.42 1.39 1/2

July 1.65 1.66 1.65 1.66

Sept. 1.55 1.56 1.54 1.55 1/2

Dec. 1.45 1.46 1.44 1.45 1/2

Flour—Spring wheat, special brands, in wood, \$12.00 per bbl.; hard spring wheat patents, \$6 per cent grade, in June, \$12.40; straight, in export bags, \$12.30; first clear, \$10.75 in June; second clear, \$9.50; low grades, \$8.00@8.50; fancy soft winter wheat patents, in June, \$11.50; standard soft winter wheat patents, \$11.10; in June; fancy hard winter wheat patents, \$12.40; in June; first clear, \$10.75@11.00; in June; second clear, in June, \$9.50; pure white rye, \$13.00; pure dark rye, \$11.75.

July—Choice timothy, \$19.50@20.30; No. 1 timothy, \$17.50@18.25; No. 2 timothy, \$16.00@17.50; No. 3 red top grassy mixed, \$15.00@16.50; clover, \$15.50@17.50; light clover mixed, \$14.00@15.50; heavy clover mixed, \$14.00@15.00; Kansas and Oklahoma clover, \$22.00@25.00; No. 1, \$20.00@21.00; No. 2, \$17.00@19.00.

Butter—Creamery, extra, 34c; extra firsts, 35c; firsts, 34 1/2c; seconds, 32 1/2c; packing stock, 30 1/2c; ladies, 32 1/2c; process, 30c.

Eggs—Firsts, 31 1/2c; ordinary firsts, 29 1/2c; miscellaneous lots, cases included, 27 1/2c; cases returned, 26 1/2c; extra, 34 1/2c; checks, 28 1/2c; dirties, 25 1/2c; storage, 25 1/2c.

Live Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; fowls, 15c; broilers, 20 1/2c; roosters, 15c; ducks, 16 1/2c; springs, 20 1/2c; geese, 12 1/2c; spring, 14 1/2c.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, \$15.50@16.00; fair to fancy light, \$14.25@15.50; medium weight butchers, 20 1/2c; lbs., \$15.25@15.75; heavy butchers, 25 1/2c; lbs., \$15.25@15.75; choice heavy packing, \$14.00@15.50; rough heavy packing, \$14.00@15.50; pigs, fair to heavy, \$12.00@14.00; steers, \$10.00@14.00.

Sheep—Clipped wethers, \$8.00@9.75; clipped ewes, \$5.00@5.25; clipped yearlings, \$12.00@14.00; springs lambs, \$16.00@18.50.

East Buffalo, N. Y., July 2.

Cattle—Market slow; prime steers, \$13.00@13.50; shipping steers, \$11.00@12.50; butcher grades, \$9.00@12.00; heifers, \$6.00@11.00; cows, \$4.00@9.50; bulls, \$6.00@9.50; feeders, \$5.00@9.50; milk cows and springers, \$6.00@12.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Market slow; choice lambs, \$16.00@17.00; cull to fair, \$8.00@10.00; yearlings, \$10.00@14.50; sheep, \$5.00@10.00.

Hogs—Market active; Yorkers, \$14.75@15.85; pigs, \$14.00@14.75; mixed, \$13.75@15.00; heavy, \$15.50@16.00; rough, \$13.50@14.00; stage, \$12.50@12.75.

Chicago—C. Beard, cashier for the National Tea and Coffee company, was held up by five bandits and robbed of between \$15,000 and \$20,000. The men escaped in an automobile.

Amsterdam—Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary and Empress Zita have arrived at Munich. They were received by the King and Queen of Bavaria.

Petrograd—On request of his troops, the king of Roumania has abolished capital punishment.

Washington—Venezuela has denied that either her government or any private individuals are intriguing to sell the island of Margarita to Germany as a secret base for German submarines.

Tampico—The American tanker Santurce, 1,826 tons, burned and sank off Labos island, it was learned here. The disaster is said to have been the work of German agents. The crew was saved.

London—Retaining old customs, Eton college is still mourning for King George III, who died ninety-seven years ago.

The KITCHEN CABINET

In the development of flavor lies the secret of good cooking, and in the enjoyment of it the art of wholesome eating.—Henry Finck.

USE MORE NUTS.

We have our nuts freshest and cheapest in the fall, but the peanut is like the poor "always with us," and we may fall back on the plectrum ground nut for many good dishes. Any nuts that are purchased should be carefully washed and dried before using, even when they have been handled under sanitary conditions as far as known; this is essential.

Those who are fortunate enough to have a hickory grove or even one or two trees to supply them with this delicious nut, no other need be desired. The black walnut too is another good-flavored nut and grows in various parts of the country.

Where one lives near a brook where watercress grows, a most refreshing and useful salad may be made, using watercress sprinkled with nuts of any kind, a little shredded onion and a French dressing.

Any plain ice cream is made more appetizing by a spoonful of fresh chopped nuts; a few nuts added to almost any cake filling improve it. They may be made into a loaf, being a good substitute for meat or served with fruit and gelatin, make a very pretty dessert.

Pecan Breakfast Muffins.—Take

Time Table—C.&N.W.R'y

NORTH BOUND	
No 206	8:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 111	12:35 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 124	5:04 a.m. daily except Sunday
No 107	8:30 p.m. daily
No 243	6:34 p.m. Sunday only
No 141	8:42 a.m. Sunday only
SOUTH BOUND	
No 206	9:48 a.m. daily except Sunday
No 210	12:35 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 214	7:24 p.m. daily
No 216	5:47 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 108	7:32 a.m. daily
No 244	8:35 p.m. Sunday only
No 218	7:08 p.m. Sunday only

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., July 7

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Fred Luedtke of Lomira was a village caller Monday.

—G. Konitz was a business caller at Milwaukee Saturday.

—Carl Urban of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with his parents.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger Sr., were Campbellsport callers Sunday.

—L. P. Rosenheimer was a Milwaukee business caller last week Friday.

—Otto Lay transacted business at Turtle Lake, Wis., several days this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Oppenorth and family autoed to Cedar Lake Wednesday.

—Christian Enderle of Hampton, Neb., spent the Fourth with Mrs. M. Jacobitz.

—Miss L. A. Weisbier visited the Fourth with relatives and friends at Grafton.

—John Lorenz of Milwaukee was a very pleasant village caller last Friday.

—Jos. Honeck of Milwaukee spent the Fourth with friends in the village.

—Mesdames H. J. Lay and A. L. Rosenheimer autoed to Milwaukee Wednesday.

—The Bank of Kewaskum, this week installed a new electric adding machine.

—Frank Becker of Milwaukee is spending the week with the Eberle family.

—Adolph Backhaus, Mr. and Mrs. Weber spent Sunday with Mrs. Albert Backhaus.

—Alvis Schill of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the John Schoofs family.

—Mrs. John Theusch of Campbellsport spent the forepart of the week here.

—Miss Margaret Meyer is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Fancher Colvin.

—Mrs. G. B. Wright was a Milwaukee visitor last week Tuesday and Wednesday.

—Alex Herring and Erwin Schmidt are visiting here with relatives and friends.

—Peter Kohn of Fond du Lac called on relatives and friends in the village Friday.

—Mrs. Nic. Halz left for Groten, South Dakota for a few weeks visit with relatives.

—W. O. Meilahn of Milwaukee called on relatives in the village last week Thursday.

—Miss Clara Schaefer of Milwaukee is spending a few weeks with Miss Ida Fellenz.

—Mrs. James Gill of Cascade spent a few days this week with the Sommers family.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Klessig autoed to West Bend, Waupaca and Boltonville this week.

—The Kewaskum Quintette furnished music for a dance at Rockfield Saturday evening.

—John Reggel and family of Barton spent Saturday and Sunday here with relatives.

—William Falk of West Bend spent Saturday and Sunday with his brother and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Christ Schaefer Jr. spent Wednesday with their sons Elmer and William.

—Frank Jokesch of Milwaukee visited with the L. D. Guth and Jacob Rempel families.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groeschel visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Koch at Beechwood.

—Raymond Polnow of Milwaukee visited a few days here with the Ferd Raether family.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy of Milwaukee spent this week with the Ferd Raether family.

—Andrew Groth and family, Wm. Baumgartner and Hilda Martin visited at Mayville Sunday.

—Rev. John Grasser and mother visited the Simon Stoffel family for a few days this week.

—Henry Habeck and wife of Mayville visited with relatives in the village over the Fourth.

—Mr. and Mrs. Moos and daughter of Scott spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Belger.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schoofs of West Bend were Sunday visitors with the Theo. Schoofs family.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Lavrenz, Paul Krahn and Charles Garbisch visited in Sheboygan Monday.

—Mrs. Robert Wesenberg and family left the latter part of last week for a visit at Milwaukee.

—Oscar Backus of Milwaukee visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backus over the Fourth.

—Mrs. C. C. Henry of West Bend gave a lecture on the Red Cross at the Library last week Friday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Gust Krueger at Campbellsport.

—Mrs. Albert Backhaus returned home Sunday after spending the week with her son in Milwaukee.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Gilbert and family of West Bend visited Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Heise Wednesday.

—Arnold Martin of New Pene visited with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Martin over the Fourth.

—Dr. and Mrs. H. Lambeck and son of Milwaukee spent the week with the D. M. Rosenheimer family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Math Rodenkirch, Mike Bath and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bath spent Sunday with Math. Bath.

—Mrs. John Husting and Mrs. Jac. Schaefer of Campbellsport spent Sunday with Mrs. Kathryn Harter.

—Dr. and Mrs. Sylvester Driesel and family of Barton spent the Fourth with Mr. and Mrs. Mat. Schmit.

—Ben H. Mertes and wife of Newburg spent Wednesday with the Atg. Bilgo and N. J. Mertes families.

—The Misses Emma and Dorothy Gregorius of Milwaukee visited with their brother Ben here last Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger Jr., and family of Boltonville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meilahn.

—Emil Miller of Milwaukee visited Sunday with August Miller and family in the town of Kewaskum.

—Mrs. William Hatsmann visited last Sunday with her son, Dr. Gustave Hatsmann and family at Waupun.

—The Misses Louise Silberzahn and Meta Ziesel of West Bend visited over the Fourth with Miss M. A. Schmidt.

—Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Herring and sons Walter and Joseph spent Wednesday with the Geo. Wehling family.

—A marriage license was issued in Fond du Lac Monday to Henry Garzen and Annie Backhaus, both of Ashford.

—A large number from this village attended the Fourth of July celebration at Campbellsport last Wednesday.

—Herman Gottsleben of Kimberly, Wis., spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Gottsleben and family.

—Albert Beisbier of Grafton spent a few days this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Math. Beisbier and family.

—Henry Backhaus and wife returned home Sunday, after spending their vacation at Milwaukee, Chicago and Wilton.

—Mrs. Jacob Theisen and daughter Anna of Campbellsport visited Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. Edw. Hausmann and family.

—The Misses Lucretia Winkelman and Dorothy Binger of Milwaukee visited the John H. Martin family Wednesday.

—Otto Luedtke and family motored here from Milwaukee Sunday and spent the day with friends in the vicinity.

—Mrs. Adolph Backhaus and children returned home Saturday after a few weeks visit with her parents at Loyal, Wis.

—Louis and Henry Kocher of Milwaukee were guests of the Albert Kocher family in the town of Kewaskum last Sunday.

—William Suemnicht of Cascade, Mr. and Mrs. F. Baker and family of Beechwood spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. A. Claus.

—Miss Emily Forrer and niece, Miss Pileen Steller, of Milwaukee, visited a few days this week with the Nicholas Rempel family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Reinertz and family of West Bend are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Oppenorth and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Gottsleben and daughter Adela and Dr. Wm. Klumb visited with relatives and friends at West Bend Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ph. Meinhardt, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stark and son Harold of Milwaukee spent the week with the Krahn families.

—Aloysius, Joseph, Raphael, Clara and Teckla Hochhaus of Milwaukee spent Sunday with Miss Ida and Christian Fellenz.

—Edward Seip and family, Mrs. Mary Wittenberg and daughter Magdalyn of Milwaukee visited the Koch families Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Foote and family of Fond du Lac spent a few days this week with the Edw. C. Miller family and R. L. Davies and wife.

—Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Schaefer and family and Miss Elsie Borgwardt of Milwaukee spent a few days this week with the Al. Schaefer family.

—George Kretzinger, son Harold and daughter Agnita and Miss Gladys Wyck of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the John Weddig family.

—George and Charlie Seitz of Milwaukee visited with Mr. and Mrs. John Muehleis Saturday. The young men are now camping at Crooked Lake.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Scherer and family of North Lake motored here Sunday and spent the day with the Edw. C. Miller and Robt. Davies families.

—W. Klotsch and Miss Otilie Klotsch of Appleton and Mrs. Fred Sievers of Oshkosh spent the week with Mr. and Mrs. John Klessig and family.

—Mrs. Geo. H. Schmidt very pleasantly entertained a large number of her lady friends at a "Five Hundred" party at her home last Monday evening.

—Misses Hattie and Leona Nowak of Milwaukee arrived here Tuesday to visit several weeks with the Jos. Schmidt family and other relatives and friends.

—N. W. Rosenheimer and family left for Antigo Friday. Mr. Rosenheimer returned home Monday while his wife and daughter remained for a few days' visit.

—Bishop Shinner of Spokane, Wash., Rev. Gebhardt of Milwaukee and Rev. Ph. Vogt of Kewaskum visited with the Simon Stoffel family one day last week.

—Mrs. Vincent Bredeman and children and Mrs. James Laughlin of Chicago are spending a few days this week with Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Schaefer and family.

—Miss Erna Backus of Milwaukee, Edward Gavin of Highwood, Ill., Ed. Connors and Charlie Parker of Chicago visited with the Henry Backus family this week.

—Romar and Clarence Stoffel, who attend the St. Francis seminary, are spending a few weeks vacation with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Stoffel and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Braun and daughter Rosalie and Miss Rose Ockenfels of Jefferson and Leo Ockenfels of Milwaukee spent the Fourth with the John Ockenfels family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Miller, Mrs. Raether of Milwaukee, Mrs. Nic. Weber of Nabob and Mr. and Mrs. Nick Groth of St. Lawrence visited with the S. E. Witzig family Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Krahn and daughter, Charles Garbisch and family of the town of Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Harter of West Bend spent the Fourth with the Staeger and Lavrenz families.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. Lehmer of Milwaukee and John Koepke left Thursday for Girard, Ohio, to attend the funeral of Annie Certlich, granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franz Koepke.

—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bath entertained the following guests Wednesday: Miss Alma Dickmann, Crescence and Lucile Harter, Math Rempel from Milwaukee and Gregory Harter.

—Judge A. C. Backus and family of Milwaukee, Dr. William Hatsmann and family of West Bend, Dr. Gustav Hatsmann and family of Waupun spent the Fourth with the Hausmann families.

—August Enderle of Jackson, Florida, John and Edward Enderle of Theresa, Mrs. N. Hook of Winona, Minn., Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Miller of Milwaukee spent the Fourth with Mrs. M. Jacobitz.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wehling, Mrs. Ph. Jung, daughter Mabel and son Clarence and Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Mack and daughter Myrtle and Oscar Miske spent Sunday afternoon with Geo. Wehling and family.

—The twentieth birthday anniversary was celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wehling Sunday evening in honor of their daughter Maria. About sixty guests were present, dancing and music was the pastime of the evening. At midnight a lunch was served, after which the guests departed for their homes wishing Miss Wehling many more happy returns of the day.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Wendt and daughter Jeanette, Mr. and Mrs. Druecker of Chicago, Mrs. Frank Enright, daughter Florence and son Arthur are spending the week with Dr. E. L. Morgenroth and family.

—Mrs. Math Rempel and son Math and Mr. and Mrs. Jack Rodenkirch and daughter Lucile visited with Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Rempel and family and other relatives in the village the forepart of the week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Bammel and children of Fort Atkinson, John Naumann and family of Scott, Arnold Kumrow, Mayme Alpperle and Ella Gerhardt of Fillmore visited with Mr. and Mrs. Atg. Kumrow Wednesday.

—Mat Hein and wife of Markton, Wis., stopped off here for a few days visit with relatives and friends while on their way home from attending the funeral of Miss Margareta Gabriel, which took place at Milwaukee last week Wednesday.

—Jos. Heppel of Hartford, who last week formed a partnership with Henry Conrad to conduct a saloon and park at Hartford, has since withdrawn from the partnership and will again assume his duties as bookkeeper for the Jos. Schwartz brewery.

—Mr. and Mrs. Florian Furich and Rudolph Schmaltz of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Smith of Milwaukee, Mr. and Mrs. Math Thorn and daughter Rosie of Kolby spent the Fourth with Roman Smith and family. The three former are spending a few weeks here.

—The marriage of Wm. Schoofs of Milwaukee, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Schoofs of this village, and Miss Rosa Peil of Luxemburg, took place at the latter place last Tuesday. After the ceremony at the church a reception was held at the bride's home. The young couple will reside at Milwaukee where the groom has employment. Those from here who attended the wedding were: Mrs. John Schoofs, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schoofs and Miss Kathryn Schoofs of West Bend.

—The Fourth of July passed off very quietly in this village. Aside from a picnic in the North Side Park there was nothing going on in the afternoon. Nearly all our people attended the celebration at Campbellsport. In the evening a large dance was held at the North Side Park which was attended by a very large crowd, over 300 dance tickets being sold. On Thursday evening the dance held in the South Side Park was also largely attended and greatly enjoyed by all.

—This village was thrown into a high state of excitement Thursday noon, when it was reported that the numbers for the selective draft had been drawn. The numbers as taken from a report going over the telephone were as follows: 5, 11, 17, 61, 109, 107, 111, 114, 145, 146. The holder of No. 1 here was Erwin Koch, No. 5 Edwin Backus, No. 11 Joseph Eberle and No. 17 Matrice Rosenheimer. In the town of Kewaskum the following held the above numbers: Frank Goring, Louis Habeck, John Botzkoivs, Frank Stelplig and Gustav Schaefer. Later reports however discredit the story and the boys have a chance to get their second wind again. The report had the effect of arousing more interest in the present war than has been manifested since the break in relations between this country and Germany.

Final Sale of Ladies' Summer Coats

13.50 Coats Reduced to \$ 8.95
14.00 " " " 9.35
15.00 " " " 9.95
22.50 " " " 14.50

Special Sale on
Laces and Embroideries
1-3 Reduction on Everything

Unbreakable Patriotic Doils
\$1.25 each

Ladies' Raw Silk Skirts
7.50 value reduced special 4.75

Base Ball Goods-Big Assortment
Headquarters for Fishing Tackle

Ladies' Parasols
Special lot 1.65 each
Misses' size 55c each
Children's size 25c each

Men's Straw Hats
50c to 2.00 each

Sport Shirts
50c to 2.00

Fourth of July Goods
Big assortment

L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Are You One of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas and severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

Metal Long in Use.
Tin was known to the Hebrew metal workers as an alloy of other metals as early as the time of Moses. There was no tin in Palestine. Their tin in the time of David was obtained from Tyre and Tyre was supplied by the ships that traded with Tarshish. This tin came from Spain, but doubtless the greater quantity came from the tin districts of Britain.

Tracing Organ Mechanism.
When pneumatic power in the construction of the organ began to take the place of the hydraulic is uncertain, although the invention of the bellows mechanism dates from the time of one of the later Roman emperors—probably Julian. But it was only in the tenth century, when Germany had taken the place of Constantinople as the center of organ building, that the bellows mechanism came into general adoption.

—Subscribe for the Statesman.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley	1.20-1.40
Wheat	1.60-1.75
Red Winter	1.60-1.70
Rye No. 1	1.80
Oats	1.10-1.14
Timothy Seed, hd	50.00-51.00
Butter	36-38
Eggs	30
Unwashed Wool	60-64
Reams	11.00
Hides (calf skin)	21
Cow Hides	15-18
Honey	9
Horse Hides	5.00-5.50
Potatoes, new, sorted	31.50

LIVE POULTRY

Spring Chickens	17
Old Chickens	17
Roosters	13
Geese	14
Ducks	15-16

DRESSED POULTRY

Spring Chickens	16-17
Geese	19
Ducks	20

DAIRY MARKET

SHEBOYGAN.

Sheboygan, Wis., July 2—18 factories offered 1,392 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all sold as follows: 25 cases young Americas, 24c; 90 at 23c; and 1,277 cases longhorns, 23c.

PLYMOUTH.

Plymouth, Wis., July 2—22 factories offered 3,483 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all sold as follows: 230 twins, 21c; 50 cases young Americas, 24c; 2,345 daisies, 22c; 428 cases longhorns, 23c; 230 boxes square prints, 24c and 200 at 23c. These prices show an advance over a week ago ranging from 1/2 to 1 1/2 cents.

—Subscribe for the Statesman.

FUNERAL PARLOR

FRANK A. ZWASKA

UNDERTAKER
ADY ASSISTANT



AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital

2201 Center Street, Corner 22nd,
Milwaukee, Wis.
Phone Kilbourn 1318

—Legal papers for sale at this office.

Ready to Lend

The business man or farmer who needs working capital for a sound enterprise need never hesitate to approach this bank for financial help—we are as ready to lend money as to receive it, because unless we kept our resources alive and active, we would not score the progress we have or that we intend to have straight along.

Requests for loans will be considered courteously and promptly. Advances will always be made without delay whenever the demand is in our judgment reasonable and safe.

Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Stockholders' Individual Resources over two million dollars

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Doing Good

Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delmeny, Sask., says of it, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myself and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

Optimistic Thought.
Without danger danger cannot be surmounted.

What Well Dressed Women Will Wear



Among the latest efforts of a talented designer, whose products make place for themselves all over this country, appears this handsome afternoon dress. It almost goes without saying that it is of crepe georgette—although it might be of voile or of net. But georgette has become a habit and we have to compel ourselves to think twice in order to consider any other fabric for the light frocks of midsummer.

Even when another material is to be used it borrows something from the merits of georgette and is made up in combination with this lovely fabric. Silk, satin and wool are all used in

four to tribute to the glories of summer. For August they presage its passing with plainer headwear in white and black, in light colored, untrimmed felts and in new inspirations of similar character that may come to them. But to midsummer belong the loveliest and most alluring harmonies that are ever translated into headwear, the dreams of artists come true.

Here are two new arrivals in picturesque hats that remind us of summer days. One of them is of black malines, with a double crown and a wide, drooping brim. Just how the outside crown is shaped so smoothly is a secret of the milliner. It is bulky



A HANDSOME AFTERNOON DRESS.

this way. But the dress shown in the picture is entirely of the crepe, even to the girle and sash ends. It is cut with a shaped yoke which extends from the back and front to a point under the arms. Aprons, hemmed and tucked, are gathered into the yoke at the front and back and hang to the bottom of the skirt. The plain undershirt has a tucked panel gathered in at each side. All tucks and seams are hemstitched. The neck and sleeves are finished with a narrow binding of satin and satin-covered buttons are used for a finishing touch on the sleeves. The yoke is embellished with a braided pattern in silk soutache. Silk tassels weight the sash ends; dress and trimmings are all in one color.

In dresses of soft materials the straight-hanging and stippled modes for midsummer have greatly simplified things for the home dressmaker. Besides, we are assured that the very latest of all fads is the fad for things that have a made-at-home look. Since

border light, and beautiful with a narrow muslin braid about it in the natural color of the straw. The same braid is laid in Greek key design about the upper brim and used for a finish at the brim edge. A border, called a "drop" of malines, extends about the brim edge. Its name betrays that it is worn turned down, sometimes, veiling the eyes in a way altogether alluring. Small flowers and leaves in linen color, matching the straw braid, are placed in a wreath about the crown, and little bunches of silk-covered grapes, in the colors of the ripened or ripening fruit, are set in the wreath.

A wide milin, in the yellow shade called "sunbeam," is pictured in the graceful shape, with sweeping brimlines that are much wider at the sides than in the front and back. Three flat brims—two loops and one end to a bow—provide all the trimming needed on this unusual design. One is in brown, one in natter blue, and one in old rose, all of satin ribbon about four



"DREAMS COME TRUE" IN SUMMER MODES.

society is going in for common sense and economy in matters of dress, in order to look the part of devoted patriots, the homemade dress is about to be placed a notch higher than the manufactured dress, and it belongs there.

Midsummer millinery, in dress hats, is the swan song of designers, for the season—their final and supreme ef-

fects are about four inches wide. The brown bow is placed at the front and one of each of the others at each side, against the base of the crown. This unusual model is called the "East-and-West" hat, in recognition of its width of brim from side to side.

Julie Bottomley

Playtime With Men of the Navy

What Happens When Several Hundred Jackies Are Turned Loose for Shore Liberty.

MAKES FOR THE 'HAPPY SHIP'

Liberality of Private Citizens Has Given Men of the Fleet a Big Athletic Field for Their Recreation.

With the United States Atlantic Fleet, it is two bells in the afternoon watch when the shrill trill of the bos'n's whistles are heard piping the crews of the mighty dreadnaughts to the rails and the sing-song cries of the bos'n's mates carry out over the water, "Liberty party to muster."

This is the summons given three times each week to the men of the Atlantic fleet to take their hours of recreation on the immense athletic field provided for them by the Navy league. By the hundreds, on every battleship and cruiser, the youthful, white-uniformed Jackies come rushing on deck to form into line for the liberty inspection.

Two long white lines form on deck and every man stands rigidly at attention while officers pass along marking the appearance of each one. Their uniforms are spotlessly white. Their shoes freshly blackened. Off come their little round white caps to show that their hair is closely cropped. No visitor to the fleet fails to be struck, when he views that line at inspection, with the extreme youth of the men, their intelligent faces and happy, smart appearance. The average age appears to be less than twenty years and many of them seem barely to have passed their eighteenth birthday on the date of their enlistment. From every state in the Union they hail and thousands of them from the farms of the middle West. A collection certainly of America's finest gathered on the deck of a floating fortress to form the first line of the nation's defense.

Off for Day of Sport. On every sun-tanned face is worn a broad smile in expectation of the sport that the afternoon will bring. Over the rail, the visitor sees the ship's launches bobbing about in the seaway with the bowmen holding fast to the ship's side with their boathooks. Then the sharp word of command rings out on deck and the white line of sailors begins to move forward toward the gangway and the men go over the side to the waiting launches.

Discipline begins to give way a little at this point, although the coxswain of the boat is all business as he calls to the bowmen to shove off. The afternoon's recreation has begun. Thousands of superbly healthy, absolutely carefree and very young men are turned loose. To be sure there is the provost guard with their policemen's sticks, but that is only to guard against the chance of ugly blood developing from the fun, which does not happen.

When the dock at the athletic field is reached the men from the launches tumble out pell-mell and immediately begins a raid upon the canteen. Pop is sold faster than corks can be pulled. The man who gets anything over the canteen counter fights for it. You must come with your change ready or go without. There is too much business to stop to change money.

Watermelons Last Quick. A pump receives the overflow from the canteen and those who have been unable to spend their money for candy or pop take their chances on getting ducks under the pump. A farmer drives onto the field with a load of watermelons. At 50 cents apiece his watermelons last about fifty seconds. A colored cook's helper buys a melon and dives into it when a huge hand belonging to a Jackie from an Indiana farm buries the dark's face into the melon up to his ears. Another enterprising farmer brings some old farm rags on the field to hire them out for "gentlemen's mounts" to the sailors. Obviously the horses are about as used to their saddles as a hog is to work. But they are hired by the sailors at any price the farmer asks. A lad hailing from Maine takes his first chance on horseback and slides down the horse's neck. His shipmate yells at him, "Go aft, you fool, go aft."

The thousands of Jackies swarm over the field. Hundreds of them break and run for the beach for a swim. A crowd of them gather at target practice with small rifles. Six of the ten baseball diamonds are promptly put into use by scrub teams.

And then more launches from the battleships come in bringing the star baseball teams from four of the battleships. A double-header is to be played between four of the best teams of the fleet in a series to determine the fleet championship. The grand stands fill rapidly and soon they are a swelling sea of white suits and red and brown faces as the sailors cheer their ship's teams on to victory. Rattling good ball is played by these navy teams. The nine men on the diamond represent the pick of a thousand from a battleship and they play with the interest and a good bit of the money of the whole crew backing them. They train and work for months for a championship series like this.

Provides the "Happy Ships." It is the liberality of private American citizens that has given these men of the fleet their big athletic field. When the war came on the fleet lost

the income it usually had for its athletic fund from the Guantanamo canteen and the Navy league of the United States offers to lay out a field for the men of the fleet. In all about 115 acres have been obtained. The ground has been leveled, plowed and prepared. Ten baseball diamonds have been laid out. Docks were built at the water's edge. A bathing beach was cleared. The officers of the fleet also were provided with tennis courts and a golf course. Every sort of sport is found there. The result is that every man on the fleet has plenty of healthy outdoor sport and the officers of the fleet say that this provision for their recreation has done much to provide "happy ships" in the fleet as it waits for the opportunity to strike a blow at the Huns in defense of civilization and freedom.

FRENCH WAR MINISTER



This is the latest picture of M. Painleve, the new French minister of war, taken at the British headquarters on the French front.

Signal Corps Is in Need of Men

On the Hunt for Patriotic Telegraphers for Service in the War.

TRAINING CAMP IS PLANNED

Former Operators Are Urged to Return to the Key to Release Eligibles for Service with "The Heroes of the Army."

New York.—The United States government has leased 381 acres of land at Monmouth Park, near Long Branch, N. J., to be used as a training camp for the reserve battalions of the signal corps. This land has been acquired because of its adaptability for signal corps work, involving all kinds of signaling, telegraphy and maintenance of rapidly constructed lines of communication.

The quartermaster's department will build a large cantonment, consisting of temporary barracks, kitchen, storehouses, and everything necessary to promote the efficient training of the battalions, several of which have already been organized.

The camp will be under the direct supervision of Lieutenant Colonel Hartmann, who will be assisted by other officers of the regular army. An intensive course of instruction will be given to both the officers and men of the signal corps, preparing them for service abroad in every phase of military life necessary to perform their interesting work on the battlefield and to keep up the traditions of the signal corps.

Only men with education and experience along signal corps lines, aside from the special lines mentioned, and cooks, horseshoers, farmers and mechanics are sought for this branch of service.

Lieutenant Colonel Hartmann has been given one of the biggest tasks of the day in organizing this branch of the new national army. He needs some 3,000 telegraphers—and he needs them now. Telegraphers are scarce.

The unusual number of men required cannot be taken from the commercial and railroad forces without jeopardizing the prompt transmission of government business.

Men and women who manipulated the key in former years—and they are legion—are being induced to return to the wire and release eligibles for service in the signal corps.

Brig. Gen. George O. Squier, present chief signal officer, U. S. A., is the man on whose shoulders rests the big responsibility for keeping up to the mark—and, if possible, a bit beyond—the "eyes, ears and nerves" of the army; better known to the layman as the signal corps.

The signal corps has recently addressed a letter to presidents of colleges and universities, asking their cooperation in a plan of instruction for telegraphers and prospective telegraphers. Six thousand young men are

NEW MONSTER U-BOATS NOISELESS, SAYS SWISS

A Swiss newspaper correspondent who recently visited Kiel says the German submarines of the latest type are cruisers of 2,000 or more tons, with a radius of action of thousands of miles. At least four of these new U-cruisers have already been built, and several others will be completed this summer.

The submersible cruisers have several batteries of six-inch guns and three torpedo tubes. Their speed is said to be over 20 knots per hour on the surface and 12 knots submerged. Each one of the vessels has a crew of more than 100 men.

An important feature of the new monster submarines is that they have noiseless motors. After diving they move silently through the water and their presence cannot be detected by an enemy ship even with the finest instruments.

POOH-BAH JOINS THE ARMY

Sandberg Held Nearly Every Office in His Town, But War Wooded Him.

Bangor, Me.—When Carl J. Sandberg of The Folks enlisted the other day with Company E of Skowhegan, which is now doing guard duty, he upset the entire officialdom of the town. He was principal of the high school, assistant postmaster, chairman of the board of selectmen, superintendent of schools, notary public, tax collector and game warden.

But patriotism overcame all these honors, and he walked out of all these official robes to help Uncle Sam in his scrap with the kaiser.

The Folks is not a large place, having about 200 residents and a valuation of about \$200,000. It is largely a lumbering community and is fifty miles southeast of Skowhegan, in Somerset county. Sandberg was not the whole town, but as shown by the honors conferred upon him, he was a real somebody in the community.

SOUNDNESS OF HORSE

One of the First Considerations of the Buyer.

Temporary Unfitness Should Be Distinguished From Permanent Unsoundness—Some of Common Faults and Blemishes.

(By H. H. REESE.) Selection of a horse must be based primarily on a thorough, systematic examination; the examination should be based on a clear knowledge of desirable and undesirable qualities. Not only the presence of unsoundness but also the condition or seriousness of the unsoundness should be noted. Temporary unfitness should be distinguished from permanent unsoundness.



Shoulders Lacking in Depth and in Good Seat for a Collar.

A hurried examination is likely to prove a disappointment. Observe blemishes, vice, faulty conformation, unsoundness and general characteristics. Common blemishes are scars from old wounds, poll evil, scratches, shoe boils and small ruptures. Common vices are halter pulling, cribbing, kicking, stall walking, weaving, and biting. Common faults of conformation are straight shoulders, crooked, weak or improperly set legs, eye neck, long, weak back and drooping erup.

Common unsoundness are splints, thoroughpin, spavin, curb, extreme fistula, ringbone, side bones, extreme atrophy of muscles, contracted tendons and broken wind. General characteristics include fleshing, temperament, quality, color, and age. In final selection, look for the good qualities and weigh them against the defects.

Enlargements or scars (due to deformity, unusual mishap, or uncommon disease) not conforming to any of those discussed should cause a horse to be rejected unless the nature of the cause and the detriment to the value and usefulness of the animal is self-evident. Experience gained by examining large numbers of horses will aid in quickening the eye and judgment, thereby making it possible to perceive readily any unusual condition, but it should be remembered that a hurried examination is liable to prove a disappointment, consequently plenty of time should be taken in making the examination, because time is much cheaper than money tied up in an unsatisfactory horse. If possible, get a history of the animal, and while you are about it, get a history of the person having it for sale. So many defects may be covered up by such unfair methods as drugging that it is a good plan to make purchases only from those with good reputations. Horses offered at auction sales should be thoroughly examined previous to their being brought into the ring, or else they should be tried out in compliance with the rules of the sale before time for settlement.

It is well not to form the habit of seeing only the defects, for horses, like people, are seldom perfect, consequently in judging them weigh the good qualities against the bad. A horse should be valued by the amount of service he will perform rather than by his minor shortcomings.

CAUSE OF SCOURS IN CALVES

Avoid Irregular Feeding and Dirty Milk or Pails—Best to Separate Affected Animal.

Scours in calves are caused by irregular feeding, overfeeding, sudden change of food, fermented feeds, feeding dirty or sour milk or milk of diseased cows, the use of dirty milk pails or feed boxes, and damp, dirty stables. As soon as scours are discovered it is best to separate the affected calf from the others and carefully disinfect the pen.

FEED CALF SEPARATED MILK

This May Be Done Where Animals Are Especially Strong at Birth—Make Change Gradually.

Calves especially strong at birth may be put on separated milk entirely at two weeks of age, but this should not be attempted with weak ones. Until the calf is in vigorous and thrifty condition no attempt should be made to change to separated milk. This change should always be made gradually.

LATE POTATO BLIGHT SPRAY

Work Should Begin as Soon as Plants Are Six Inches High and Continue at Intervals.

The weather conditions which favor the spread of late potato blight are a humid, still atmosphere with a temperature around 75 degrees F. Above 78 F. and below 50 F. there is practically no germination of the blight spores. Since spraying for late blight is a preventive rather than a curative measure, spraying should begin as soon as the plants are six inches high and should continue at intervals of one or two weeks, depending upon weather conditions until near the time of maturity.

The effectiveness of spraying as a preventive depends upon the thoroughness with which it is done. It is essential that the whole plant be kept constantly covered with the mixture if the blight spores are to be prevented from finding a place of entrance into its surface.

The wheels of the sprayer do not seem to injure the vines sufficiently to be a source of apprehension, even when they are large and cover the ground, as is often the case late in the season.

ESTIMATE OF DAY'S PLOWING

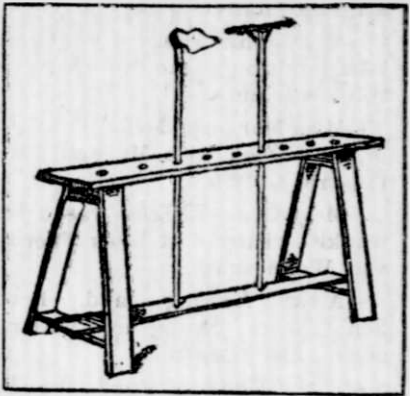
Time Required to Plow an Acre Depends on Size of Plow and Number of Horses Used.

Farmers frequently want to know how much land can be plowed in a day and how much work it requires to break an acre. Records at the Missouri College of Agriculture on 2,122 acres of land show that it required 3.4 hours of man labor and 9.3 hours of horse labor for each acre. Of course, the time required to plow an acre will depend on the size of the plow and the number of horses used. A four-horse gang plow with two 14-inch bottoms will average about 2.5 hours a day of 9.6 hours when it is running six inches deep. The same plow running eight inches deep will break a quarter of an acre less. A three-horse sulky with a 14 or 16-inch bottom will average about 2.5 acres at a six-inch depth, and about 2 acre less for the eight-inch depth. A two-horse 14-inch walking plow will break about 1.75 acres a day at a six-inch depth and about 2 acre less at the eight-inch depth.

GOOD RACK FOR IMPLEMENTS

Device Shown in Illustration Keeps Tools Together and Saves Gardener Much Time.

To have the tools within reach makes for economy of time in putting in odd moments in the garden. Tools have a way of scattering and hiding when wanted most. A tool rack as illustrated, placed in a handy place, keeps the tools together. Such a rack



Garden Tool Rack.

is merely a modification of a carpenter's saw horse. Holes bored through the top hold the handles of tools and a board across the bottom is for the handles to rest on.

PLAN TO FERTILIZE TUBERS

Use of Barnyard Manure and Acid Phosphate Recommended as Ideal by Ohio Station.

Selection of a good clover sod where potatoes have not grown for at least five years, and the use of barnyard manure with acid phosphate are given by the Ohio experiment station as ideal conditions for fertilizing potatoes. After 23 years' investigations with this crop the experiment station advises farmers to plow under 12 to 16 tons of manure per acre if plenty is available, and then to apply about 300 pounds of acid phosphate per acre as a surface dressing. If manure is scarce four or five tons per acre may be used, and then 400 pounds of acid phosphate along with 100 pounds of nitrate of soda will yield about the same results. These experiments have shown that fertilizer should be spread over all the land and not confined to the potato rows, for in this way the potato roots spread out more widely and succeeding crops make better use of what the potatoes leave.

LOOK OUT FOR SQUASH BUGS

Insects Attack Melon, Cucumber and Squash Vines When Plants Are Small—Use Netting.

Look out for the yellow striped squashbugs that attack melon, cucumber and squash vines when the plants are small. The best preventive is to put a mosquito-netting tent over each hill, using two little sticks as supports, and covering the edges with soil to hold the netting in place. Erect these tents as soon as the plants come through the ground, or sooner, and leave them in place until the vines begin to push for room. Then store the netting for future use.

THOSE AWFUL CRAMPS

Suggestions that may save Much Suffering

Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years I suffered with terrible cramps. I would have to stay in bed several days every month. I tried all kinds of remedies and was treated by doctors, but my trouble continued until one day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for others. I tried it and now I am never troubled with cramps and feel like a different woman. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly and I am recommending it to my friends who suffer as I did."

Write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Only women open and read such letters.

SEA SOLDIERS GOOD SHOTS

There is a Story From Vera Cruz That Tells of the Marksmanship of Uncle Sam's Marines.

The marines know how to handle a rifle; 50 per cent of the force are qualified, listed as such. There is a story from Vera Cruz that tells of good shooting and a sure eye, Henry Reuter-dahl writes in the Youth's Companion.

Our bluejackets were marching up the street from the plaza between rows of low two-story houses. A well-dressed Mexican, with a newspaper over his knee, was sitting on the balcony of his house, apparently intent on watching our sailors advance; but hidden under the paper he held a big revolver, and as our men went by he fired. The bullets were striking, but our officers could hardly suspect a well-dressed Mexican, reading a paper and looking peacefully on from his own house, of being the sniper.

Dropping his paper, the Mexican went inside to reload. When he came out again on the balcony the glint of the gun caught the attention of Lieutenant Colonel Neville on horseback in the plaza, 1,000 or more yards away. Through his eight-power field glass the colonel saw plainly the flash of the shots under the newspaper.

"Get him," he said, turning to his orderly. The man raised his rifle, pressed the trigger—and the Mexican fell out of his chair. "Got him, sir," said the marine.

Between Friends. Hallie was great friends with a neighbor boy named Bruce. They lived in the country and had a mile to walk to school, and always went and returned together. One day, after school, Hallie came home alone, Bruce having stopped at his own home just below our house. He was in a disheveled condition, and, on being questioned, confessed that he had been fighting, and that he had come out second best.

"But," said his mother, in a puzzled tone, "I thought Bruce was your friend." "Yes, he is," replied Hallie, plaintively. "I don't know what he would have done to me if he hadn't been my friend."

Not by strength but by perseverance are great works accomplished.

The Danger Zone for Many Is Coffee Drinking. Some people find it wise to quit coffee when their nerves begin to "act up."

The easy way nowadays is to switch to Instant Postum. Nothing is pleasanter than the change, and greater comfort follows as the nerves rebuild.

Postum is economical to both health and purse. "There's a Reason"

BADGER STATE NEWS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN A FEW LINES.

NO TRACE OF MISSING BOY

Milwaukee Road Car No. 590,099 Located at Savanna, Ill., But Shows No Trace of Superior Youth. Believed Kidnaped.

Superior—Word has been received here that the Milwaukee road freight car, 590,099, in which it was thought 5-year-old William McLean of this city might have been carried away, was opened in Savanna, Ill., but that it contained no trace of the missing child. Refusing to believe his son is dead, Capt. W. S. McLean is directing his efforts to get in touch with steamers which were tied up at the dock where the boy was last seen here. City detectives working on the case believe that the child has met an accidental death or has been made away with by degenerate.

Superior Saloons Reopen. Superior—Superior is again an "oasis" after twelve months' experience under a dry regime, sixty saloons opening their doors on July 2. The addition of extra cars to give ten minute in place of a twenty minute schedule from Duluth signaled the opening of the city across the bay entering the dry list. In anticipation of great crowds from Duluth, the bars have been made double length and additions built on to some of the smaller buildings.

File Claim Against State. Madison—As a result of the defeat in the legislature of several bills intending to compensate farmers in northern Wisconsin who had their crops destroyed by beaver dams, a claim has been filed against the state amounting to \$13,131.92 on the basis of the defeat of the bills to compensate the farmers, and an action will be started in the courts in an attempt to collect this amount.

Iowan Wears Big Shoes. Jefferson—A shoe company of this city has just completed the manufacture of a pair of shoes, size 22, with the following measurements: Ankle, 11 1/2 inches; heel, 1 3/4 inches; instep, 14 1/2 inches; 16 inches long, 5 1/2 inches wide and weighing six pounds. This pair of shoes is made for a young man in the state of Iowa.

246 Boys in Service. La Crosse—Two hundred and forty-six La Crosse High school boys are performing patriotic service during the summer vacation, working on farms, in canning factories and other places designated by the county council of defense, according to R. E. McCormick, superintendent of schools.

Electrician Survives Heavy Shock. Manitowish—Although 2,300 volts of electricity passed through his body, Albert Johnson, an employe of the city light plant, is alive. Johnson was engaged in cutting wires on top of the light plant and he touched one of them. Both arms and hands were seriously burned.

Blind, Aids Red Cross. Westby—Mrs. B. Anderson, 71 years old and totally blind, was first to donate articles here for the Red Cross. She knitted a pair of gray wristlets for the noble cause.

Drill Copany Is Planned. Madison—An attempt is being made to establish a volunteer military drill company during the summer at the University of Wisconsin. The company will drill for two hours each day.

Values Inch of Leg at \$15,000. La Crosse—Herman Kremer, section hand, has started suit against the Milwaukee road asking \$15,000 for the loss of an inch from his leg.

Man Is Building Own Coffin. Seneca—Michael Larry, 70 years old, is building his own coffin. He is making an elaborate affair of black walnut.

Lands 16 1/2 Pound Pickerel. Stevens Point—Paul Pasternaeki while fishing at First lake in the Wisconsin river, landed a sixteen and one-half pound pickerel.

Badger Red Cross Gifts. Washington—Latest tabulations by the American Red Cross show that the per capita contributions to the war fund for Wisconsin was 48 cents.

Get U. S. Wireless Licenses. Neenah—Cornelius Quinn and Horace Bishop, both local amateur wireless operators, have received licenses for the government service.

Court Clerks to Meet. Shawano—The state association of clerks of the circuit court and state treasurers will meet in Shawano on Aug. 8, 9 and 10. Entertainment will be provided by the Advancement association.

Shouter Pays Fine. Oshkosh—Verne Ferris, who, during a Red Cross campaign rally here, shouted, "Let Rockefeller finance the war," paid a fine of \$5 on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Government Accepts Badger Guard. Madison—Telegrams have been received from the war department at Washington accepting all the state national guard units that have been organized, and announcing that all these units would be taken over into federal service as soon as arrangements can be made for their equipment. Adjutant General Holway announces that practically all his units are enlisted up to their full war strength and that some of the units have more than their war strength required. There is now hardly a city in Wisconsin of a population of over 3,000 which has not one of the units of the Wisconsin national guard. Adjutant General Holway hopes to have equipment so as to place his men in the field early in July.

Kenosha Elks Lay Cornerstone. Kenosha—Elks from all over Wisconsin and northern Illinois gathered here and aided members of the Kenosha lodge in laying the cornerstone for a new \$200,000 Elks temple. Chicago sent a delegation of more than forty and nearly every Wisconsin lodge was represented. The address was delivered by Chauncey Yackey of Milwaukee, president of the Wisconsin Elks association.

Held on Murder Charge. Waukesha—Grace Lusk, the school teacher accused of the shooting and killing of Mrs. David Roberts of Waukesha June 21, following an altercation involving the "eternal triangle," will be held for trial on a charge of murder by recommendation of the coroner's jury which held its inquest on the death of Mrs. Roberts.

Re-Elected Twenty-Seventh Time. Cedar Grove—George Spratt was re-elected president of the Sheboygan County Soldiers and Sailors for the twenty-seventh time. Other officers are: John De Brune, vice president; Henry Stannard, secretary and treasurer; and Peter Fagan, historian. Sheboygan was chosen for the next reunion.

Defamed Wilson: Fined. Oshkosh—Because he maliciously used defamatory words against President Wilson, William Teessendorf of Neenah, an aged man, was fined \$50. He was arrested after he had mentioned the president's name in profane language in a Neenah saloon. He admitted his guilt, but made the excuse that he was drunk.

Governor Appoints Highway Body. Madison—Gov. Philipp has appointed Senators Jennings and Clarke and Assemblymen Peterson, Woodward and Chapple on the legislative committee which will assist in routing the state's trunk line system of highways. The committee will tour the state.

Consider Winter's Coal Supply. Superior—Plans whereby the territory tributary to the head of the lakes will be assured of sufficient coal to prevent a fuel famine next winter were considered at a meeting of Superior and Duluth coal dock and railroad officials.

Shoots Woman; Kills Self. Superior—After shooting and killing Lou Milford, Carl Franz, believed to be a woodsman, blew out his brains when capture was imminent. The murder, which followed a quarrel, took place in front of a shack in which the two had been living for some days.

Gets Medical Corps Commission. Oshkosh—Dr. John F. Schneider has received his commission as first lieutenant in the medical corps, United States army, with instructions to be ready to report for an early call.

Would Go to Berlin. La Crosse—"My home was in Berlin, Wis. I want to be there when we get to Berlin, Germany," announced Scott Drake, as he applied at the recruiting station here. He was accepted.

Install Electrical Turntable. Antigo—An electrically operated steel turntable 95 ft. long has been installed at the roundhouse of the Chicago & Northwestern railway in this city.

Youthful Swimmer Loses Life. Racine—The body of Lyle Vanzalder, aged 11 years, who was drowned while bathing in the river, was found floating nearly three miles from where he was bathing.

Antigo Accepts Armory Gift. Antigo—The council has made for final acceptance for the city of the gift of the opera house, donated by John Hancusek, for an armory.

Elect Librarian at Antigo. Antigo—Miss Rosette Reese has been elected librarian of the Antigo public library to succeed Mrs. Jessie Luther, resigned.

Gardens Raided by Thieves. Neenah—Vegetable thieves are active in this city. Many gardens have been raided and much produce stolen.

May Go to France. Green Bay—"Reggie" Calkins, star football player of West Green Bay High School two years, and a member of the 1916 graduating class, has joined the American ambulance corps in New York city. He expects to see service in France before fall.

Dies Following Operation. Appleton—Samuel G. Marshall, 53 years old, president of the Marshall Paper company, died at a local hospital following an operation.

STATE ASSEMBLY ENDS ITS WORK

Legislature to Wind Up in Ten Days to Give Governor Chance to Dispose of Bills.

BILLS READY FOR GOVERNOR

Will Adjourn Sine Die as Soon as Executive Passes on Measures—Senate Backs President.

Madison—The great work of the Wisconsin legislature has been completed and the curtain rung down, although the formal adjournment will come in ten days.

Commencing with Monday evening both houses will meet nominally each day, but no business will be transacted, except the receipt of bills from the governor. As soon as the governor passes upon these bills the legislature will adjourn sine die.

Speaker Whitteit has announced the appointment of members on the interim committees on social insurance and marketing. These committees will make an investigation of these subjects during the next two years and will make a report to the next session of the legislature with bills for legislation. On the committee on social insurance Speaker Whitteit has appointed Assemblymen W. L. Smith of Clark county, Donnelly and Oth of Milwaukee. On the committee to investigate the subject of marketing, the following assemblymen were appointed: H. J. Grell of Johnson Creek, Charles D. Ross, Beloit, and Riley H. Young of Walworth.

The closing hours of the active session of the legislature were marked with some feeling of bitterness between the two houses. The senate has criticized the assembly for not passing strong resolutions backing up President Wilson. The assembly has criticized the senate for defeating a resolution which would place the burden of cost during the war upon the incomes and the swollen fortunes of the state.

The senate sustained the veto of Governor Philipp on the Bray bill appropriating \$200,000 for extensions at the home for feeble-minded at Union Grove. The governor has uniformly vetoed appropriation bills which he thought could be delayed. This was the reason given in his message.

The following statement of appropriations as passed by the 1917 legislature was given by Senator Platt Whitman, chairman of the joint finance committee:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Rows include: Boards, departments, commissions, etc.; Charitable and penal; Normal; University; Total.

Signs Albers' Bill. Governor Philipp has signed the Albers' bill giving the state board of control supervision over the industrial school for girls at Milwaukee. The institution will be taken over immediately. This institution has been conducted as a private institution, receiving state aid.

Upwards of a dozen bills have been introduced and passed at this session of the legislature changing the laws relating to taxation. Probably one of the most important of these bills is the exemption of homestead rentals from income taxation. This bill was urged by Governor Philipp in his message. Among the more important bills relating to taxation which have thus far been signed by the governor are:

Providing that towns having income taxes in their treasuries may expend it for highway purposes. Providing that the income tax of nonresidents shall be paid in the taxing district in which the income is derived. Providing for the payment of income taxes by administrators before an application for the final settlement of an estate shall be granted. Exemption from income taxation cash bonuses paid to employees, and interest paid during the year, providing in the latter case that reports are made of amount paid and the name of the person to whom it is paid. Exempting rent received for real estate from income taxation. Providing for the furnishing of tax bills to taxpayers by town treasurers.

School Appointments. The senate received from Governor Philipp the following nominations for membership on the state board of education: Claire E. Bird, Wausau, term ending August 1, 1918; Mrs. Meta Berger, Milwaukee, term ending August 1, 1919; Herman Grodolphorst, Neenah, term ending August 1, 1920; Charles Hill, Roseauville, term ending August 1, 1921; Frank P. Hixon, La Crosse, term ending August 1, 1922. The nominations were laid over under the rules in the senate. These appointments expand the membership of the board from five members to ten.

Patriotic Close of Legislature.

The closing days of the Wisconsin legislature were marked by an unusual burst of patriotism on the part of the assembly. Two patriotic resolutions were adopted by the house. One offered by Assemblyman Rosa of Beloit and the second by Assemblyman John C. Chapple of Ashland. The original Rosa resolution was adopted by a vote of 66 to 8. The Chapple resolution, which followed, covered much of the same ground and was adopted by a vote of 54 to 17.

Following this, the assembly refused to further consider the Wilson preamble to a bill to print 100,000 copies of President Wilson's war message. This preamble sought to state the cause of the war. Evine denounced the Wilson amendment, which has been honored from one house to the other during the past three months, as a cheap attempt to gain political advertising.

The Wilson amendment was returned to the senate by a vote of 50 to 11.

In a brief address to the assembly Governor Philipp thanked the members for their industry and for the consideration that has been given to matters of legislation. He said that he hoped it would not be necessary to call the members into special session during the next two years, but indicated that such a thing was possible.

Men to Fix Routes. Governor Philipp named the two senators and the three assemblymen who are to have the final say in fixing routes of the federal state aid trunk line highway system. The new body is officially termed the "special state trunk highway commission." The appointees are:

Senators—E. F. Clarke, Republican, banker, Galesville, D. J. Jennings, Democrat, real estate dealer, Milwaukee. Assemblymen—Weston Woodward, Republican, farmer, Bloomer; P. W. Peterson, Republican, builder, Racine; John C. Chapple, Republican, editor, Ashland.

In counties where a number of free holders equal to 5 per cent of the votes cast for governor at the last election petition for such action, this legislative commission will hold public hearings to review the tentative routes laid out by the regular state highway commission. Their decision will be final.

It took two hours of the assembly's time to settle the peddlers' license question. Assemblyman Schiewitz, Milwaukee, had introduced an amendment providing that peddlers might pay their license fee quarterly instead of annually. This amendment had been adopted and reconsideration was asked. It took over an hour's time to strike this amendment out of the bill. Then three or four amendments were offered. An amendment by Riley Young, Waukesha county, providing for the inspection of shows and their license, was adopted. The bill as then amended was concurred in. The vote on the final passage was 37 to 35.

By a vote of 60 yeas and 15 nays, the assembly refused to pass the bill providing that state banks might become depositories for the federal government.

Military Affairs Bill. Almost a dozen bills have been passed relating to military affairs. Most of these have been occasioned as a result of the war. The more important of these measures are:

Allowing county boards in counties having 100,000 population to pay \$500 a year to members of soldiers' relief commission and \$1,000 a year to secretary.

Placing Wisconsin Veterans' home at Waupun under state control, managers to be appointed by the governor, to meet requirements of national government. Establishing state council for defense of 11 members to be appointed by governor. Executive to be a member ex-officio. Providing campaign badges for officers and enlisted men who served in the army or navy during the Spanish-American war.

Giving preference to war veterans in civil service. Establishing civilian army, under state control of defense, and providing that persons may enlist with state and be assigned to work in industries or activities under the direction of the state council.

Amending law fixing salaries of enlisted men in National Guard to be \$2.25 a day for first sergeant, chief musician, principal musician, drum major and members of noncommissioned staff; \$2 a day for sergeant, \$1.75 a day for corporal and \$1.50 a day for privates, but providing that subsistence shall be furnished in addition to pay. Law to supply an annual enactment and for 30 days after being called into service, after which they shall be allowed by national government.

Providing for registration of those eligible for draft through election machinery of state. Authorizing the building of armories all over the state. Giving county boards the power to appropriate funds for the work of county councils of defense.

Special Report on Pass Episode. A recommendation that the next session of the legislature enact further restricting laws regarding the issuance of railroad passes is contained in a report of the special legislative committee which has investigated the railroad pass episode. This committee has just filed its report. The investigation was made as a result of charges by Senator H. A. Huber of Stoughton that a member of the legislature was alleged to have given passes furnished to him to a constituent in his district. The committee, in its report, found this charge untrue.

One Exception.

"There is no sense of humor among animals."

"How about the laughing hyenas?"

Evanescent. "Does your family have any trouble with servants?" "No," replied Mr. Crosslots. "I don't believe any of them stay around the place long enough to become really troublesome."

Self-Evident. "Please, lady," begged the very dirty tramp at the back door, "can you help a poor man that lost his job three weeks ago and ain't been able to find no work since?" "What sort of a job was it?" asked the lady.

"It was workin' in a soap factory." "Well, it's plain to be seen that you were not discharged for dishonesty."

Doesn't Interrupt Him. "Does your wife listen to your advice?" "Listen? Of course she does. My wife is very polite."

The Exclamation. A bachelor's exclamation: "A lass!" A maiden's exclamation: "Ah Men!"

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Lusty Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles. As the prescription of "Doubtless" strength—a guaranteed to remove those homely spots—simply get an ounce of "Doubtless" strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength "Doubtless" strength in solid under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles—Ad.

Doesn't Interrupt Him. "Does your wife listen to your advice?" "Listen? Of course she does. My wife is very polite."

The Exclamation. A bachelor's exclamation: "A lass!" A maiden's exclamation: "Ah Men!"

Save the Babies

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. There can be no danger in the use of Castoria if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher as it contains no opiates or narcotics of any kind.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Raise High Priced Wheat on Fertile Canadian Soil



Canada extends to you a hearty invitation to settle on her FREE Homestead lands of 160 acres each or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than ever. Canada wants you to help feed the world by tilling some of her fertile soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think of the money you can make with wheat around \$2 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming in Western Canada is as profitable an industry as grain growing.

The Government this year is asking farmers to put increased acreage into grain. There is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service. The climate is beautiful and agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature or to reduced railway rates to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Geo. A. Hall, 123 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis.; C. A. Lauer, Marquette, Mich. Canadian Government Agents

Value of Deep Breathing. Every man can live five years longer if he will take from twenty to fifty deep breaths of fresh air every day. Not the way we usually breathe, but real deep breaths; counting ten as you take in the breath through your nose; ten more while you hold it, and ten while you are letting it out. No single rule is so infallible for good health. I know this from personal experience. I realize a "cold" is coming. I breathe deeply and almost invariably kill the cold. Deep breathing starts the circulation, and where good circulation exists there can be no "cold." Ladies' Home Journal.

Always. "What does your electricity cost you?" "Oh, I pay current prices."—Boston Transcript.

Wisconsin Directory. PROTECT YOUR PATENTS INVENTIONS BY MORSELL, KEENEY & FRENCH. Solicitors of Patents and Trade Marks. Arthur L. Morse, Counsel in Patent Causes. 814 Majestic Bldg., Milwaukee. Phone Gr. 1404.

INDIAN RELIEN WANTED OF cup and more. Write and tell me what you date. P. P. MARLTON, 100 River, Wis.

RACINE COUNTRY ROAD TIRES. See our dealer in your city. STANDARD RACINE RUBBER CO. Cor. Jefferson & Cass Sts., Racine, Wis. Open every hour during the year.

MEN WANTED. To learn the barber trade. Only a few weeks required; no experience necessary; tools furnished free; money earned while learning. Call or write the Wisconsin Barber College, 800-802 Chestnut St., Milwaukee, Wis.

DAISY FLY KILLER. Pinned anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. No odor, no mess, no inconvenience. Cheap. Look all season. Guaranteed effective. Hold up dealers, or if sent by express prepaid for \$1.00.

ECZEMA! Money back without question if HENRY'S CURE fails in the treatment of ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

Every Woman Wants PASTINE ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for Jouches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economy! Use extraordinary cleaning and germicidal Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or for ten year guarantee, The Pastine Toilet Company, Boston.

Wanted! Medicina's Pills. Berlin, Baire, Bismarck, etc. prices paid. Write for prices list, etc. NORTHWESTERN BLDG CO., 328 N. C. St., Wash. D. C.

Always. "What does your electricity cost you?" "Oh, I pay current prices."—Boston Transcript.

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Wanted! Medicina's Pills. Berlin, Baire, Bismarck, etc. prices paid. Write for prices list, etc. NORTHWESTERN BLDG CO., 328 N. C. St., Wash. D. C.

Sore Eyes. Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smearing, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

OLD PEYTON GRAVELY MADE THE FIRST PLUG OF TOBACCO THAT EVER WAS MADE

NO MAN EVER MADE AS GOOD

GRAVELY'S CELEBRATED Chewing Plug

BEFORE THE INVENTION OF OUR PATENT AIR-PROOF POUCH GRAVELY'S PLUG TOBACCO MADE STRICTLY FOR ITS CHEWING QUALITY WOULD NOT KEEP FRESH IN THIS SECTION. NOW THE PATENT POUCH KEEPS IT FRESH AND CLEAN AND GOOD. A LITTLE CHEW OF GRAVELY IS ENOUGH AND LASTS LONGER THAN A BIG CHEW OF ORDINARY PLUG.

ESTABLISHED 1831
P. B. Gravelly Tobacco Co. Dumur, Wis.

TAKE IT FROM BILLY POSTER, HIS BILLBOARDS ARE SPREADING THE GOOD NEWS

Wagner Dry Goods Co.

Corner Main and 2nd St. Fond du Lac, Wis.

Annual July Clearance Sale

JULY 7th to 14th.

The prices we have made on all remaining Spring and Summer goods will make this a value giving Sale fully on a par with our best Sales of the past. This is a wonderful opportunity for you to pick up first class merchandise at a great saving

WEARING APPAREL

Ladies' Summer Wash Dresses

\$5.50 Voile Dresses with colored figures and stripes, beautifully made and trimmed with lace and embroidery. Clearance Price..... **\$3.98**

\$6.50 White Violet and Organdie dresses, lace trimmed at..... **\$4.48**

\$10.00 White Voile dresses, trimmed with lace edging and insertion. Clearance Price..... **\$6.48**

\$5.50 Dress Skirts in Black, Navy Blue and fancies, plain and plaided. Clearance Price..... **\$3.98**

Children's Gingham Dresses, plaids trimmed with plain combinations, and plain colors trimmed with plaids.

65c values at 48c
\$1.00 values at 79c

We have about 25 to 30 Spring Coats in Green-Gold and Rose colors, values from \$18.00 to \$30.00 at..... **Half Price**

\$18.00 values at..... **\$9.00**
\$22.00 values at..... **\$19.00**
\$25.00 values at..... **\$12.50**
\$30.00 values at..... **\$15.00**

\$1.25 Ladies' Gingham and Percale House dresses in light and dark colors at apiece..... **95c**

35c 18 inch Embroidery, Flouncing and Corset Cover, at a yd..... **25c**

48c 27 inch Embroidery Flouncing at a yd..... **35c**

\$6.50 quality Georgette Crepe Waists in White and Colors at a yd..... **\$5.50**

Piles Cured Without the Knife

ITCHING, BLEEDING, BLIND, PROTRUDING PILES, all cases, except cancer. My mild, safe treatment dissolves piles in ten minutes without pain, danger or detention from work. I have cured thousands in the past forty years. I treat pile cases only. To make any money I must cure those I treat, for you.

Pay Me Nothing Unless Cured

Isn't it reasonable to suppose I can and will cure you? **DON'T SUBMIT TO THE KNIFE** Write for particulars. Tell me about your case. Learn what I can do for you.

Dr. Fletcher Riley Rectal Specialist
426 M. & M. Bank Bldg. Milwaukee

CAMPBELLSPORT.

John Jewson was an Eden caller Thursday.

P. G. Van Blarcom was a caller here Saturday.

P. Krueger visited with friends Elmore Friday.

Elmer called on friends at Elmore Thursday.

F. Loyd called on friends at Elmore Saturday.

O'Connell called on friends at Elmore Monday.

Ward and B. Doyle were callers Monday.

Ward as a business caller 2064 Thursday.

2065 as a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2066 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2067 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2068 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2069 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2070 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2071 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

2072 on was a business caller 2065 Thursday.

(Cont.)

lers at Fond du Lac Friday.

H. Krueger, W. Romaine, B. Romaine and P. G. Van Blarcom were business callers here Wednesday.

Mrs. Jos. Bauer and Mrs. Thos. Johnson and daughter called on friends at Fond du Lac Wednesday.

Mrs. H. Seering and daughter returned home Thursday from Shawano, where they visited relatives and friends for some time.

WAUCOUSTA

Miss Anna Wachs of Chicago is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Buslaff spent Sunday with relatives in Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ellison of Green Bay were callers here Monday.

R. A. Robst and son of Milwaukee were business callers here Tuesday.

A. C. Buslaff and sons, John and Arthur were callers at Fond du Lac Thursday.

Mrs. George Rudolf of Milwaukee is spending a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. C. Pieper spent the latter part of the week at Fox Lake with her son Hilbert.

Miss Ella Kellar of Milwaukee spent a few days of last week with her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Kellar of Campbellport spent Sunday with the former's parents here.

Mrs. W. C. Corah of Downers Grove, Ill. and Mrs. F. Jewson of Fond du Lac visited with their brother E. Ford and family.

Daily Thought.

A single grateful thought turned heavenward is the most perfect prayer.

—Loring

NEW PROSPECT

John and Aug. Krueger were village callers Monday.

A. Flitter and J. Majerus looked after trade here Friday.

Edgar Romaine was in the village on business Monday.

Geo. Meyer made a business trip to Campbellsport Monday.

H. Uelmen and Falk Bros. spent Sunday evening in the village.

Chas. Tuttle of Auburn was in the village on business Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudy Kurth spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Krueger.

Wm. Jandre and son Aug. autoed to Kewaskum on business Thursday.

Mrs. P. G. Van Blarcom of Fond du Lac called on Mrs. Wm. Bartelt the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Van Blarcom and children are occupying their cottage at Forest Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt spent Sunday with Aug. Bartelt and family at Forest Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilke of Beechwood spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Jandre.

Lee Vangilder and friend of Waupun were guests at the Geo. Romaine home the past week.

Ralph Romaine of Dundee purchased an Elgin Six from his nephew Lloyd the past week.

Mrs. Sile and sons were pleasant callers here Tuesday while returning home from a business trip.

Wm. Gosser and H. Taylor are laying the foundation for Christ. Smith's new residence at Forest Lake.

Opperman Bros. were pleasant callers here Friday. The boys looked after business matters while here.

H. Lavrenz and A. Butzke returned from a visit with friends at Unity in the former's auto Saturday.

H. Reysen, Chas. Dickenliver and son, O. Warden, L. Kaiser of Beechwood autoed here Sunday to call on friends.

R. Dettman, Wm. Gosser, Otto Housner and P. Fellenz of Beechwood were in the village on business Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Bartelt and son and sister Dahl motored to Forest Lake Sunday and spent the day with relatives.

Erick Falk injured his knee while working on a building the past week, but expects to soon be able to take up his work again.

Mrs. J. Tunn spent several days with her mother, who is very ill at Waucousta. A. Polzean remained here until she returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Romaine returned to their home in Fond du Lac after spending several days with the former's parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus. Lavrenz of Auburn spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. Butzke. They spent the evening with friends in the village.

Wm. Metz of Kewaskum was taken ill while painting the M. Kohn new residence last week, we hope he will soon recover and be able to be on duty.

Dan Warden of Beechwood drove his noble gray here Tuesday evening and Richard had to speed up his Ford in order to keep out of the way.

Jas. Foley has given the boys his fine gray horses to care for during the summer as he is now using his auto truck for making deliveries of Standard Oil.

Joe Majerus, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walsh, Lillian and Beatrice Kelly of Chicago and Joe Vandergrinder of Campbellsport motored here Sunday to call on relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norges, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fuller and children, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Norges and Mrs. Body, all of Waucousta were pleasant callers in the village Sunday.

Ernst Hantsner and friend Bob Hettle of Milwaukee were pleasant callers here Friday. Bob returned to his home in Milwaukee Saturday after spending several days at Crooked Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen and Mrs. Augusta Krueger drove to Milwaukee Sunday to spend the day with relatives. Their niece Miss Florence Krueger returned with them to spend the summer here.

Mr. and Mrs. Eldon Romaine and daughter motored with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kolmire and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Romaine to Sheboygan on a pleasure trip Sunday. Master Louis Arimond of Milwaukee was one of the happy crowd

FALL IN, WISCONSIN!

Wisconsin, say you're ready
For any foreign foe—
Say you're aim is clear and steady,
So Uncle Sam will know;
He needs you, now, Wisconsin,
As he never did before—
Wake up! Wake up, Wisconsin!
Your Uncle Sam's at War!

Wisconsin, how's your powder?
Is it plentiful, and dry?
Let us hear a little louder
Old Wisconsin's battle cry!
Old Abe once called you soldiers
When your country was at war—
Are you ready, now, Wisconsin,
To heed the call once more?

The fife and drum once thrilled you
When your nation needed men—
Old Glory waved and filled you
With a fighting spirit then;
One country, now, Wisconsin—
One flag, worth fighting for!
Wake up! Wake up, Wisconsin!
Your Uncle Sam's at war!
—R. B. Pixley.

STATE WILL GAIN BECAUSE OF WAR

ECONOMIC GROWTH WILL BE SHOWN WHICH WILL BE BREED BY NECESSITY.

SACRIFICES ARE TO COUNT

While Soldiers Are Fighting in the Trenches Others May Show Patriotism Worth While at Home.

Madison, Wis.—Although the State Council of Defense was created because of the war and goes out of existence when that crisis which is facing the nation is over, the work it is doing will have an unestimable economic value to the state.

If the plans of the council are carried out, and with the co-operation which is being given freely by the people there is no doubt of it, Wisconsin will gain over night because of the necessity for economic advancement what she could not have gained in the ordinary progress in years.

All Citizens Must Aid.

No matter how progressive a state may be—and Wisconsin has borne a reputation of being a progressive state—material growth comes slowly. Half the people, or perhaps less than half, are striving always to do more today than they did yesterday, and with still greater hopes for tomorrow.

The others, no matter how much they appreciate the results, are apt to accept conditions as they are.

The work of the state council of defense along economic lines will be undertaken now because the nation needs food, and the state must do its share. The fact that bread is as necessary as bullets to win a war will be better realized if the conflict is of long duration.

If Wisconsin increases its acreage so that it can not only feed its own citizens at reasonable prices but also send food to the east and across the water, it will be doing a service as valuable in its way as the sending of soldiers to fight in the trenches.

To bring this about the state council is appealing to the producers to grow more and is trying to enlist more volunteers in the army of producers. The reports to the state department of agriculture have been promising. More potatoes, more beans and more acres of nearly every thing grown in the ground already is assured for 1917. The planting season being nearly over, the next problem will be the harvest. With thousands of men out of the state, labor also is a problem.

1918 Problem Is Next.

The state council has departments devoted to all these phases of the situation.

When the crops of 1917 are harvested, then comes the work for 1918. It is with this problem that the state council will work during the winter months.

So much for the present. After the war, when Wisconsin goes back to the business of producing its own needs and once more enters into competition with other states for the markets of the nation and of the world, the state which is the best prepared will lead all others. The growth which came over night because conditions demanded it will not be lost. Wisconsin will have increased millions of dollars in producing wealth. Thousands of acres of land will be under the plow which might not have been for a decade or more. The output of the factories, increased to meet war conditions, will continue because manufacturers will have learned how to economize on time and material.

After the war, much as it will cost the state, the lessons of sacrifice will show their worth.

The State Council of Defense appeals to the producers of Wisconsin. Their slogan should be: "I will produce more in 1917 and until the war is over. An increased production means lower prices for the consumer without reducing the reasonable profit of the producer."

—Subscribe for the Statesman.

Start Now To Make Your Tire Equipment FISK

BEGIN NOW by getting a Fisk for your spare rim. Thousands of today's users of complete Fisk equipment began years ago with the purchase of a single tire. Experience proved to them that the famous Fisk Non-Skid is the greatest dollar-for-dollar tire value on the market—and the standard of Fisk Quality is higher today than ever.

Fisk Tires For Sale By All Dealers
THE FISK RUBBER COMPANY
of N. Y.

General Offices: Chicopee Falls, Mass.
Fisk Branches in More Than 125 Cities

Why Pay the Peddler or Canvasser Twice These Prices?

You can save a good deal of money by buying your stock tonic at this store, instead of paying the peddler big, fancy prices for goods of unknown quality. Look at these prices for that old reliable and guaranteed stock conditioner and worm expeller—

DR. HESS STOCK TONIC

25 pound pail costs \$2.00
100 lb. drum costs \$6.50

Remember, we have no peddler's wagon and horse expenses to pay. That's why we can sell you Dr. Hess Stock Tonic at these rock-bottom prices.

Here is another point, Mr. Farmer, we want to emphasize, that is: Dr. Hess Stock Tonic is highly concentrated; it goes further, as the small dose quantity proves.

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic is to put your animals in a thriving condition, make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms—otherwise you get your money back right here at our store. We also handle

Dr. Hess Dip and Disinfectant
Dr. Hess Poultice Pan-a-ce-a
Dr. Hess Instant Louse Killer

John Marx, Kewaskum, Wis.

HARNESS AND COLLARS.

Quality Team Harness, my own make, per set, \$50.00 and up. Our all leather Collars at \$4.00. Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Gloves and Mittens. Now when you can spare your harness, is a good time to have it oiled and repaired. I will oil team harness for 75c, if you take it apart and clean it, you also to buckle it up. If I do all the work I will oil same for \$2.00.

VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis

HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH

For Scrap Iron, Bones and Everything You Want to Sell by

S. MOSES, Kewaskum, Wis.
Telephone 1091

Deutscher Advocat
BUCKLIN & GEHL
Lawyers
West Bend, Wis.

Wednesday of each week
Office 2: floor Bank of Kewaskum Bldg. Office hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

—Fine job printing is a specialty of the Statesman, give us a trial.

We don't simply sell to our patrons—we help them to buy. And we see to it that they buy to the best advantage. When you are ready to buy, come in and let us help you.

We are always ready and anxious to help you in any way possible:

MRS. K. ENDLICH
Jeweler & Optometrist
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN