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VOLUME XXII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1917.

NUMBER 40

CLERGYMAN AND FAMILY NEAR TO WATERY GRAVE

Rev. Ira Wayne Ellis, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church in Campbellsport, Wis., was on his way to Fairfield, Ill., his old home, for a vacation of about three weeks, when his motor car leaped on the gap of the West-Water street bridge at Milwaukee and turned a complete somersault and buried him and his wife under the upturned vehicle.

Both had marvelous escapes. The presence of mind of bridegroom John Elser, who operated the south leaf, saved the automobile and its party from going into the river.

Gilbert Ellis, the 12-year-old son was thrown out of the car as it made the dive through the air and after making a complete circle, landed on the fashion of an acrobat, landed on his feet.

Mr. Ellis and his wife were pulled from under their car and taken to the Emergency hospital. They had received body bruises and cuts. Both will be able to continue the trip in a few days. The front part of the car was wrecked. The tolling of the bridge bell had no significance to Mr. Ellis, who was driving. He left Campbellsport at 5 o'clock Monday morning and was passing right along south just as he did on the country roads. The bell was sounded for a tug.

Fred Andrews, who operates the north leaf turned on the mechanism and the bridge began to raise. When poised six feet above the south leaf, the clergyman drove his car off the end and the car made a skid drop to the other leaf, being pitched forward and turning turtle as it hit the pavement.

Saves Three by Holding Leaf. "I say Jim coming along and it occurred to me that he would not stop his car," said Bridgetender Elser. "The bells were ringing and he kept creeping up the raised leaf until he made the drop. When I noticed that he did not I held the south leaf and did not raise it. If I had not exercised that precaution, the car would have plunged into the water."

Elser and others rushed upon the leaf and pulled Mr. and Mrs. Elser from under the car. The boy was thrown to one side and landed right side up, unhurt but scared—Evening Wisconsin.

Death of E. F. Rudolph
The village of Fillmore lost one of its best known and most distinguished citizens when Ernst F. Rudolph passed away in death last Tuesday, May 21st, after ailing with Bright's disease for the past three years.

Deceased was born in the town of Fredonia, Ozaukee county, on June 13, 1850. In 1873 he came to Fillmore and established himself as wagon and carriage maker, and which calling he showed unusual skill. For many years he successfully carried on his business. His marriage to Miss Mathilda Wolf occurred on February 15, 1877. He leaves his wife and the following three children: Albert of Campbellsport; Charles of Milwaukee; and Arthur at home. A fourth son, Benjamin, died Aug. 21, 1907.

Mr. Rudolph led a life whose ennobling and inspiring effect was felt throughout the community in which he lived, and which effect will be felt long after his death. He put his best efforts in all he undertook and this was the secret of his success. He was highly esteemed by his fellow men who were attracted to him by his genial and upright character, and his family was attached to him by the strongest ties of love. His memory will be revered by all who learned to know him.

The funeral was held last Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock with services in St. Martin's Evangelical church, Rev. H. E. Herber officiating. Interment was made in the cemetery of that congregation. The Turn Verein attended in a body.—West Bend News.

High School Notes
School closed on Wednesday, June 6th for the summer months. Loretta Schaefer and Lydia Guth were pleasant high school visitors Friday.

The students with the exception of the seniors suffered their final exams on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Flattery did not teach singing on Tuesday, but was with us again on Monday and Wednesday.

Maylinda Reiter has now resigned her position as address and will go to James Heister, whom she feels sure is very much inclined toward it.

On Friday evening, June 27th, the seniors were invited to the home of Mrs. A. L. Sapp.

They again visited with them for the lovely time they showed the class of 1917.

Has a Good Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets
"Chamberlain's Tablets are a wonder. I never sold anything that beat them," writes F. H. Toney, Richmond, Ky. When troubled with indigestion or headache, give them a trial.

INSURE AGAINST GHASTLY DEFEAT

The American people have plunged into the gulf of war and they must fight their way out with sword and sinew.

The sword of victory will be forged from the dollars of the people. The Liberty Loan will help to win the war. The alternative is an overwhelming disaster for us.

We are at war, whether we like it or not. The ghosts of our wounded have not yet reached our ears. The casualty lists of our dead lay out yet been posted. The full force of our sacrifice has not yet been felt. But these will come.

The United States has to fight its way to liberty by wading through blood and every American home will feel the solemn nature of the death-grapple. The world can be "made safe for democracy" only after a year or more of tremendous sacrifice in men and money.

Our 500,000 army of liberation will fight in Europe; but the real fight will be at home to back up that army with dollars. Every dollar that the people can save from current income and from additional economies will be needed. No man is exempt. No man is too poor to do his bit by subscribing for a Liberty Loan bond, a \$50 bond, or a \$100 bond.

It is the duty of every man to make a solemn effort to save up for the purchase of a bond. In doing so he not only insures victory in place of defeat for the United States, he not only insures his own savings in a gilt-edged interest-bearing convertible investment in a first mortgage on the United States, but he insures the continuance of business and industry and of his own occupation. Take out your war insurance today; buy a Liberty bond.

Gonring-Muehlbauer Nuptials
A marriage of more than usual interest was solemnized at Holy Angel's Catholic church on Tuesday, June 5, 1917, at 9:30 o'clock in the morning, when George W. Muehlbauer of Milwaukee and Miss Emma Gonring, daughter of Mrs. Nic. Gonring of this city, were joined in wedlock, Rev. P. J. Stupel officiating.

The bride wore a dress of real tulle and lace and georgette crepe trimmed with gold and beads. Her veil was of silk tulle edged with real Valenciennes lace and caught with lilies of the valley. She carried a bouquet of pink roses and lilies of the valley.

She was given away by her brother, Math. Miss Elsie Muehlbauer, sister of the groom was maid of honor. She wore a dress of Nile green crepe de chine and carried a bouquet of pink roses.

The bride's brother, the groom's best man, was the happy even was quietly celebrated at the home of the bride's mother, and only nearest relatives were present.

The bride is a charming young lady of very pleasing disposition and will make an ideal companion to the man of her choice. The groom is an exemplary young man, industrious and ambitious, and able to provide for the comforts of a happy home. He is employed by the Ford Motor Co. of Milwaukee. The newly weds left Wednesday morning on a short wedding trip to the Dells. They will make their home at 755 Thirteenth street, Milwaukee. They have the best wishes of scores of friends for a happy married life.—West Bend News.

Miss Mary Hall a Bride
Frank Smith of Fond du Lac and Miss Mary Hall, daughter of Bertram Hall of Campbellsport, were married at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning at the parsonage of St. Matthew's church, Campbellsport. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. B. July, Albert Keeter of Fond du Lac and Miss Ottilla Hall, a sister of the bride, attended the couple.

The bride was attired in a sand colored traveling suit trimmed with old rose. She wore a picture hat of Milan straw and carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses. Miss Ottilla Hall wore a champagne colored georgette crepe gown and carried a shower bouquet of American beauty roses. At 12 o'clock a wedding breakfast was served to the immediate friends and relatives of the couple. The rooms were attractively decorated with cut flowers and ferns as well as crepe paper streamers.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith will enjoy a wedding trip, the destination of which has been kept a secret. The groom is in the employ of the R. Keeping Leather company.

Opening Dance
The first dance of the season of the River Bank hall near Elmore is announced to take place Wednesday evening, June 13th. J. E. Schrauth, owner of the hall, has arranged for good music and refreshments and he extends a cordial invitation to everybody to attend.

Dance Postponed
The dance which was to have been held at Beechwood last Sunday evening, was postponed to Sunday, June 17th, on account of the bad weather. Music will be furnished by Schmitz orchestra of Fond du Lac. All are invited.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES VERY WELL ATTENDED

Probably the largest crowd that ever gathered for an entertainment in the local opera house, witnessed the production of "The Old Quarry," a four act rural drama presented by the members of the Senior class of the Kewaskum High School last Tuesday evening.

The crowd began arriving early and by the time the curtain rose for the first act, the hall was packed to the doors, there being scarcely standing room. Every member of the cast portrayed their part in a very capable manner and showed the care and training given them by their director for the first act, the hall was packed to the doors, there being scarcely standing room.

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PICNIC SUNDAY A VERY ENJOYABLE AFFAIR

The first annual picnic, given by the patrons of the John Heinecke cheese factory, last Sunday afternoon, was a decided success in every way.

Although the severe storm during Saturday, helped to keep back a large number of people who would otherwise have attended, Sunday was ushered in by an ideal day and right after dinner the crowds began arriving at the picnic grounds in William Prost's grove, about five miles southwest of the village.

Music for the afternoon was furnished by a ten-piece brass band and was greatly appreciated by all present. The afternoon was spent in a get-together manner, thus bringing the farmers and their families into closer relationship with their neighbors and the people from the villages.

Through the afternoon liquid refreshment and an abundance of excellent eatables, furnished by the patrons, were passed around in the true old basket picnic style. We are safe in stating that no one left the grounds without having had a great plenty to eat.

The committee in charge of the affair is to be complimented upon the excellent manner in which they entertained and handled the large crowd present.

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REGISTRATION PASSES OFF VERY QUIETLY

Amid cloudy skies and threatening weather conditions, registration day passed off very smoothly in the village and town last Tuesday.

No trouble of any description was experienced either in the village or town. Sixty-one young men placed their names on the roll of honor in the town and forty-six in the village.

The greater number of applicants were nearly all in the noon, in both the village and town. Erwin Koch of the village was the first to register. Following is a complete list of those who placed their names on the honor roll of the United States army:

VILLAGE.
Erwin Koch, Edwin Miller, Joseph Zelzian, George Schmidt, Edwin Backus, Fred Witzig, Newton Rosenheimer, Frank Henpe, Louis Bath, Peter Haug, Joseph Eberle, John Tassar, Albert Schaefer, Alton Altofofen, Arthur Schaefer, Arthur Eichstedt, Maurice Rosenheimer, Fred Buss, Charles Westermann, William Schlaub, William Eberle, Adolph Rosenheimer, Fred Basil, Philip Basil, Elmer Basil, William Basil, Arthur Basil, Frank Brandstetter, Alfred Meinecke, Alexander Klug, Walter Schneider, George Kueck, Oscar Miske, John Keller, Edward Gust, Elwyn Romine, Albert Terlinden, Isador Keller, Harvey Brandt, Herman Koepke, Edron Brandt, Math Beber, Alvin Haug, Otto Backhaus, Robert Little, Walter Belger.

TOWN.
Frank Gonnering, Wm. Doebeke, Otto Ramthun, Ed Schaefer, Louis Haeck, Walter Mueckelheide, Louis Seefeldt, Math. Volm, Gust Siebert, Math. Stockhausen, John Bockroy, Florence Kinney, Math. Bath, Cles. Bedner, Art. Schleit, Art. Hauschild, Frank Schiefelg, John Lehndorf, James Ryan, Martin Bremser, Reinhold Miller, Ed. Westerman, Albert Koepke, John Henrich, Bernard Volm, Albert Uelmen, Roman Strupp, John Shara, Wm. Backhaus, John Rita, Carl Fromm, Christian Backhaus, Math. Herriges, Franklin Bucktaus, Nic. Stoffel, Edward Herriges, John Mueckelheide, Miles Mueckelheide, Anton Fellenz, Gregor Hilmes, Wallace Geidel, Jos. Roden, Al. Herriges, John Herriges, Elmer Schaur, Alvin Gottsleben, John Oppenhor, Edwin Bruessel, Alfred Ramthun, Herbert Ramthun, Art. Ramthun, Albert Prost, Walter Roehrdanz, Alvin Westerman, Fred Stein, Henry Hauschild, Paul Seefeldt, Dan Schrauth, Leo Guldan, Arthur Seefeldt, Gustav Schaefer.

Ballad of The Hoe
We'll rally round the hoe, boys, and join the ranks of toil, shouting the battle cry of "Feed 'em!" We'll train the crops to grow, boys as tillers of the soil, shouting the battle cry of "Feed 'em!" Where there is work to do—boys, we'll get on the spot, shouting the battle cry of "Feed 'em!" To duty we'll be true boys and till the vacant lot, shouting the battle cry of "Feed 'em!" Nature kind man, will aid in our need. Down with the cater, up with the weed. So we'll rally round the hoe boys, and train the crops to grow, shouting the battle cry of "Feed 'em!"

At The Movies
Tomorrow, Sunday evening will see Hart, the popular and well known actor, appear at the movies in the leading role of "The Dawn Maker," a six reel Thomas H. Ince production. The drift of the play leads to where an Indian half-breed played by Mr. Hart falls in love with a white girl, up in the Hudson Bay country. The white girl treats him with courtesy and respect which the Indian mistakes for love. A series of complications develop which tend to emphasize the strength and nobility of the Indian character and show the inner mental struggle between the white man and the Indian. There will also be shown a two-reel comic. Don't fail to attend this big eight-reel show. Be there at 8 sharp.

Amusements
Friday, June 15—Grand ball in L. Rafferty's hall, 1140 First. Music by Koller's orchestra. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

20th CONGRESS NORTH AMERICAN SKAT LEAGUE

The 20th Congress of the North American Skat League for the year 1917 will be held at the Coliseum, in the City of Chicago, Ill., June 16th and 17th, 1917.

A sum equal to sixty per cent of all receipts derived from entry fees will be given as prizes, plus \$500.00.

The first prize will be \$1000.00. This is \$500.00 more than provided for under the by-laws, being made possible through the liberality of the Chicago Skat Fraternity.

The officers have determined that the second prize shall be \$500.00. The balance of the 60 per cent will be apportioned by a committee of three members of the League which were appointed at the 19th Convention of the North American Skat League and is constituted as follows: J. M. Heaney of Chicago, Ill., Fred H. Kunkel of Dayton, Iowa, and Robert Schiller of Milwaukee, Wis.

The committee will meet immediately after the first session of the tournament to make the apportionment of prizes and report the same to the participants at the opening of the second session, Sunday, June 17th, 1917.

The tournament will be held in two sessions. The first session will be called Saturday, June 16th at 7:45 o'clock P. M. and the second session will be called Sunday, June 17th at 2:45 o'clock P. M.

Drawing of the first prize will begin Saturday, June 16th, 1917, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and continue until the opening of the tournament, 7:45 P. M. Drawing of seats for the second session will begin Sunday, June 17th, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and continue until the opening of the second session at 2:45 P. M.

The admission fee to both sessions of the tournament will be \$2.00 which 60 per cent will be given as prizes.

The rules of the North American Skat League will be strictly enforced. Players' attention is particularly called to have every score against 5 or more matadores, every round against 5 or more matadores and every high play of 140 points or more O. K'd by a skat master. Unless such plays are O. K'd by a skat-master, same will receive no consideration by the Prize Committee. See that your score is properly entered at all scores. Score sheets will not be permitted to leave the table before sealing the score sheet envelope, great care should be exercised in filling out the RECORD OF CLAIMS.

Every player should see that his name and address is written correctly and legibly and that every player signs the score sheet before leaving the table.

A certified copy of the prize list will be mailed to each participant within ten days after the tournament by the Secretary.

Within fifteen days after the tournament a check will be forwarded to each prize winner by the Treasurer.

Address Oscar E. Schwemer, Secretary, Rooms, 208-209 Peresels Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

Big Home Coming at Barton
The village of Barton, the thriving and enterprising suburb of West Bend, will have a big "home coming" on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 15, 16 and 17.

The village has never had a celebration of magnitude, but the "home coming" will make up for whatever was omitted these many years. This being the sixty-ninth anniversary of the founding of the village, the citizens will give of the old boys and girls of Barton to come back home to join in a celebration which will always prove a bright page in the history of their old home town.

The village desires to show their hospitality during "home coming" days, not only to former residents but to all who come to Barton, even if for but a day. So swing into this romantic little village on June 15, 16 and 17 and join the merry crowd. If you have relatives or friends in or near the village it will do your heart good to meet them and to visit with them. They will be glad to meet you and will see to it that you feel at home while with them, so that when you leave you will take with you such a strong feeling for Barton that you will want to come again.

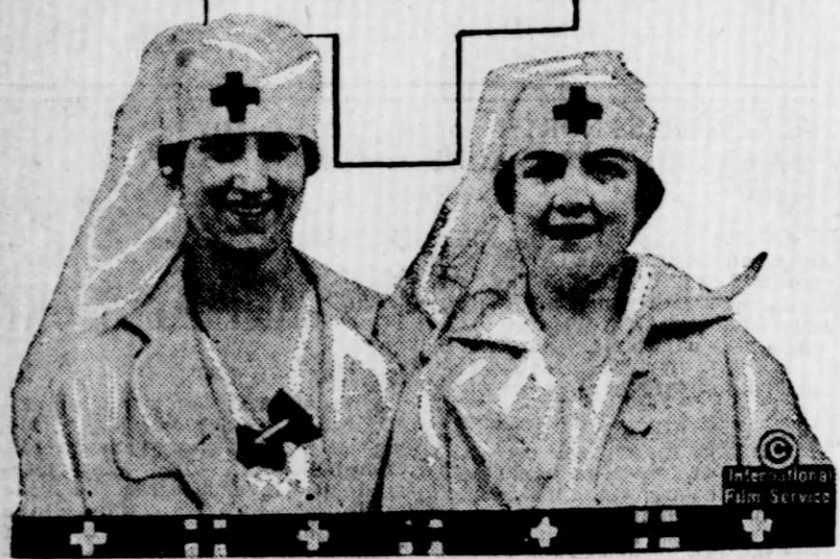
In connection with this "home coming" and to induce still more people to come there, the Barton firemen will on Sunday, June 17, entertain the Badger State Volunteer Firemen's association. This association has held a tournament annually for the past twenty-three years, and Barton, because of its splendid showing at previous tournaments, was voted an opportunity to entertain their fellow firemen this year. And Barton's firemen are going to do so in a manner which will leave no cause for complaint.

Matrimony
The marriage of John Petersick of St. Kilian, and Miss Emma Ulrich of Campbellsport, was performed by Rev. B. July at 9 o'clock Monday morning at St. Matthews' Catholic church at Campbellsport. They were attended by Frank Petersick, brother of the groom and Miss Mayme Ulrich, the bride was given in a crystal chalice adorned with iridescent lace. She wore a veil and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Mayme Ulrich wore pink silk and carried pink roses. A reception at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Ulrich, followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Petersick will beat home to their friends at St. Kilian after July 1.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD
A chill after bathing, cooling off suddenly after exercise and drafts give the cold germs a foothold that may lead to something worse. Safety requires early treatment. Keep Dr. King's New Discovery on hand. This pleasant balsam remedy always inflames, soothes the cough and repairs the tissues. Better be safe than sorry. Buy the cold with Dr. King's New Discovery before it is too late. At your druggist, 50c, \$1.00.

THIS SAFELY REMOVES WORMS
Worms are common disease of children and every mother should know their symptoms. Sallow complexion, with dark circles under eyes, irregular bowel movement, with stomach hard or swollen, grinding teeth or itching may mean that Kickapoo Worm Killer is needed at once. It is a mildly laxative remedy in candy form that children like. Kills and removes the worms and lets the child grow strong and healthy. At druggists, 25c.

What Can We Do?



There are some matter-of-fact, highly practical ways in which women can manifest their patriotism. They are not at all spectacular—just plain, everyday, commonplace services—but they leave no room for doubt as to the sincerity that prompts them. First of these is the conservation of food for future use. It appears that an abundance of vegetables and fruits will be grown this year and it is up to the housewives to see to it that much greater quantities are canned, dried and otherwise preserved, than in normal times. Then, in case of shortage in any quarter, there will be a reserve to call on in other localities.

About the next most useful thing to do is to gather up all old materials that can be used to make surgical dressings and have them thoroughly washed. These materials may be shipped to the National Surgical Dressings Committee, at 299 Fifth avenue, New York city. In old materials the committee asks for linen and cotton, blankets and spreads, sheets and pillow cases, tablecloths and napkins, towels and underclothing. This committee is thoroughly organized for war relief and is engaged in making a variety of surgical dressings out of old and new materials. Many cities and towns have sub-committees who gather and forward donations to headquarters. Over 1,000 hospitals are served on the continent and over 8,000,000 dressings have been shipped to them.

Women who have the leisure, may organize a sub-committee in communities that have none. The national committee welcomes the names of people who might be interested in forming sub-committees. Volunteer workers make up old and new materials into surgical dressings and all other work is donated, so that the real spir-

it of service is maintained throughout the organization.

A great work is to be done for the American Red Cross. Its membership must be brought up to the strength required by the war and that is the first business in hand. Individual memberships for one year, cost only one dollar and two dollars will pay for a year's membership and subscription to the Red Cross magazine, which is issued monthly. Nearly all communities have a chapter or other representation of the Red Cross, but where there is none, anyone may send in an application for membership addressed to the American Red Cross, Washington, D. C. We must look to the Red Cross to save the lives of wounded soldiers and every American woman will want to help in this matter.

There are many activities in the work of the Red Cross that are in the hands of women. The making of hospital supplies, comfort kits and many other things for the soldiers will keep a big army of women busy for some time. This part of the work is done under the supervision committee on hospital supplies and workers in each community must be trained in order to make and pack these supplies up to the standards required by the U. S. army. Hospitals, churches, schools, clubs and organizations of all kinds are assisting in this work. Classes for instruction are being formed everywhere. Pupils in these classes are being taught how to make bandages, hospital garments and everything needed, how to pack them in the right way, and fitted to teach others to do this work. Unemployed and especially unmarried women, can give much of their time to this work and every woman will want to have some part in it.

The KITCHEN CABINET

About the cheapest thing in the world is happiness, but lots of rich people can't afford to buy it.

MORE ABOUT OMELETS.

The white of the eggs if beaten until dry will make a less tender omelet than one in which the eggs are beaten until light then carefully mixed with the yolks. Adding a tablespoonful of water (cold) for each egg is also an improvement as to texture over milk. A most delicious omelet may be made using blanched almonds in the omelet pan and cooking them until brown before the omelet is turned. Serve with hot maple syrup.

Spinach Omelet.—Put half a cupful of cooked spinach in an omelet pan with a tablespoonful of butter, when thoroughly hot pour in a three-egg omelet, season and cook as usual. Peach juice may be substituted for sugar and when served in and around the omelet. Serve with hot peach sauce.

Orange Omelet.—Beat the yolks of three eggs with three tablespoonfuls of sugar and the grated rind of an orange with three tablespoonfuls of the juice. Add the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs and pour into a hot buttered pan. Sprinkle with powdered sugar and when well cooked on the bottom set in the oven to cook on top.

Mushroom Omelet.—Fry a few thin sliced mushrooms in butter and spread them over a plain omelet just before folding it. Serve a few mushrooms finely chopped and cooked in butter in a white sauce to accompany the omelet.

Asparagus Omelet.—Break three eggs in a bowl, add a little white pepper and salt and beat them slightly, add two tablespoonfuls of cream, thick and sweet, and pour the mixture into a frying pan containing hot butter. With a spatula rapidly stir the egg. From all parts of the pan, letting the uncooked portion run down to be cooked in its turn. As soon as the mass begins to set it is ready to fold. Have a few spoonfuls of tender tips of asparagus cooked and hot, well seasoned with butter and salt. Spread this over the omelet, fold and serve at once.

Any vegetable or fruit may be served with an omelet, choosing the kind most enjoyed.

My business is not to re-make myself, but to make the absolute best of what God made.—Robert Browning.

SEASONABLE DISHES.

With the coming of warm weather, salads and other dainty dishes will be welcome to the housewife who likes a variety in her menu.

Lima Bean Salad.—Cook a cupful of fresh or dried lima beans until tender and the liquid is evaporated. Let them chill; grate half of a mild onion, add a tablespoonful of finely chopped capers, two tablespoonfuls each of finely chopped green pepper and olives, half a teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of paprika, one-third of a cupful of olive oil, and a fourth of a cupful of vinegar; pour this over the chilled beans, mix thoroughly and turn upon a chilled serving dish. Garnish with slices of pickled beet and sprigs of parsley.

Creole Rice.—Remove the stems and seeds from two red peppers and chop fine; peel a large, mild onion and chop it fine; chop fine one-fourth of a pound of lean ham, cooked or not, as convenient. Melt three tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan, add pepper, onion, ham, and stir without discoloring the vegetables until the moisture is absorbed. Add one cupful of blanched rice and stir and cook about five minutes, then add three cupfuls of broth, or a teaspoonful of beef extract dissolved in three cupfuls of boiling water and let cook covered about half an hour; add three or four tomatoes, cut in small pieces and a teaspoonful of salt; cover and let cook until the grains of the rice are tender. Lightly stir in with two forks, three tablespoonfuls of butter in bits; let stand five minutes, covered. Serve as a hearty dish for supper or luncheon.

Scotch Gingerbread.—Sift together two cupfuls of flour, half a cupful of granulated sugar, half a teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of baking powder, three-fourths of a teaspoonful of cinnamon, half a teaspoonful of nutmeg, and a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt; add half a cupful of seeded raisins, half a cupful of sliced ginger and a fourth of a cupful of blanched almonds chopped fine. Heat a cupful each of molasses and shortening to the boiling point and stir into the dry ingredients. Add lastly two well-beaten eggs. Bake in a sheet one-half hour.

Rice Cups.—Prepare a thick custard by boiling a cupful of rice until dry and tender, stirring in a well-beaten egg, a tablespoonful of sugar, a few drops of vanilla and two tablespoonfuls of cream; beat until light and pour into shallow cups to mold. When firm, unmold and remove the center of each cup, filling the depression with sliced peaches; cover the tops with whipped cream and serve.



GREAT HOUSE DRESSES OF HEAVY COTTONS

Some women contrive to do their own housework in neat house-dresses that bespeak them the mistresses of their occupation. They never look driven and overwhelmed by work, or as if they were left with no time to consider the matter of personal appearance. They look capable—as they are—of meeting the obligations of life, that are of all, most important, and their house-dresses tell their whole-story.

The house dress, like the tailored suit, is here—was here and is always going to be here, like bread and butter. Its business is to be strong, convenient, plain and shapely and to stand wear and tear with little change of aspect. It must be put to the test of the wash and unnerve therefrom fresh and whole. Because it is plain is no reason why it should be unattractive.

The house dress of today is made of strong, cotton fabrics with very oc-

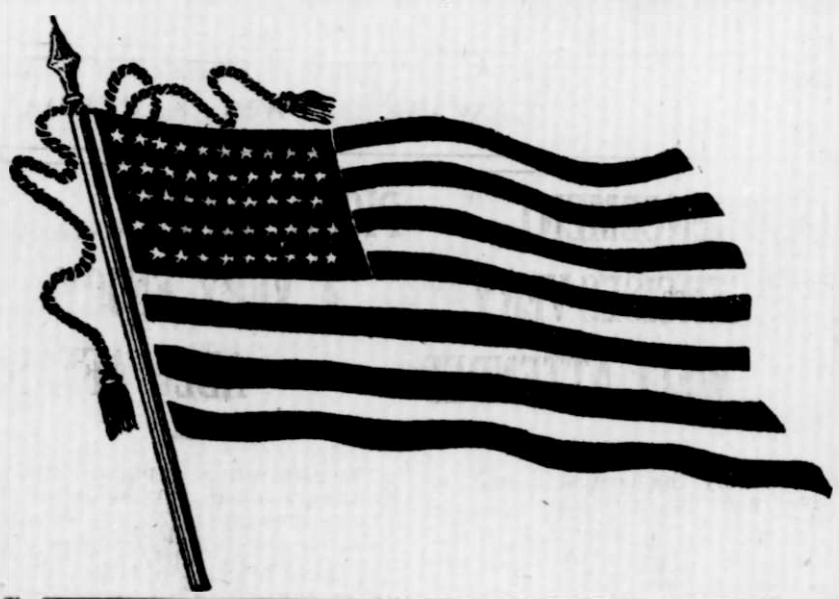
casional exceptions, when coarse unbleached linen is used. These exceptions are destined to become more rare and cotton fabrics are the best for them. The heavy ginghams, galatea and border garden cloth, chambrays and Scotch madras linens and other strong weaves repay best the work of making them up.

A good model in linen is shown in the picture. This is a heavy cotton that looks like unbleached linen. It is used for a sailor collar and for a belt that goes twice about the body, also for the cuffs. The belt buttons in front and the dress is fastened up the side with bone buttons. This allows it to be spread flat for ironing and adds to its trim finish.

Julie Bottanly

Nellie Maxwell

Old Glory Has Waved Over Us For One Hundred And Forty Years. It Is The Sentiment Uniting Us As A Nation That Makes It More To Us Than A Beautiful Piece of Cloth. It Means: "Liberty And Union, Now And Forever, One And Inseparable."



The Flag

By FRANKLIN K. LANE Secretary of the Interior

"NE morning, as I passed into the land office, the Flag dropped me a most cordial salutation, and from its rippling folds I heard it say: "Good morning, Mr. Flag Maker."

"I beg your pardon, Old Glory," I said. "You are mistaken. I am not the President of the United States, nor the Vice President, nor a member of Congress, nor a general in the army. I am only a government clerk."

"Well, you helped to clear that patent for the hopeful inventor in New York, or pushed the opening of that new ditch in Colorado, or made that mine in Illinois more safe, or brought relief to the old soldier in Wyoming. No matter whichever one of these beneficent individuals you may happen to be, I give you greeting, Mr. Flag Maker."

"Yesterday the Congress spoke the word which will open the door of Alaska, but a mother in Michigan worked from sunrise until far into the night to give her boy an education. She, too, is making the Flag. Yesterday we made a new law to prevent financial panics; yesterday, no doubt, a school-teacher in Ohio taught his first letters to a boy who will write a song that will give cheer to millions of our race. We are all making the Flag."

"But," I said, impatiently, "these people were only working."

Then came a great shout about the Flag.

"Let me tell you who I am.

"The work that we do is the making of the real Flag.

"I am not the Flag, not at all. I am but its shadow.

"I am whatever you make me, nothing more.

"I am your belief in yourself, your dream of what a people may become.

"I live a changing life, a life of moods and passions, of heart-breaks and tired muscles.

"Sometimes I am strong with pride, when men do an honest work, fitting the rails together truly.

"Sometimes I droop, and then purpose has gone from me and then cynically I play the coward.

"Sometimes I am loud, garish and full of that ego that blasts judgment.

"But always I am all that you hope to be and have the courage to try for.

"I am song and fear, struggle and panic, an ennobling hope.

"I am the day's work of the weakest man and the largest dream of the most daring.

"I am the Constitution and the courts, statutes and statute makers, soldier and drayman, drayman and street-sweep, cook, counselor and clerk.

"I am the battle of yesterday and the mistake of tomorrow.

"I am the mystery of the men who do without knowing why.

"I am the clutch of an idea and the reasoned purpose of resolution.

"I am no more than what you believe me to be, and I am all that you believe I can be.

"I am what you make me, nothing more.

"I swing before your eyes as a bright dream of color, a symbol of yourself, a pictured suggestion of that big thing which makes this nation. My stars and my stripes are your dreams and your labors. They are bright with cheer, brilliant with courage, firm with faith because you have made them so out of your hearts, for you are the makers of the Flag, and it is well that you glory in the making."

CUSTOMS IN ARMY AND NAVY

Explicit Regulations Govern the Display of the Stars and Stripes on Land and Sea.

Concerning "Flag Day" the following from the Army and Navy Journal may be of interest:

A correspondent asks as to the origin of the custom of hoisting the flag on board ship and at our army posts at sunrise and hauling it down at sunset. Some of our readers may be able to add to the information we give here. The army hoists its flag at sunrise and hauls it down at sunset. The navy raises the flag at eight in the morning and hauls it down at sunset. The flag is not flown at sea except for the purpose of exchanging courtesies with other vessels, but a vessel making port keeps the flag flying until she comes to anchor, whatever the hour may be. The flag is hoisted on board ship during church service, with the church pennant flying above it. The hoisting of a flag below another flag is the token of surrender.

The regulations require that: "At every military post or station the flag will be hoisted at the sounding of the first note of the reveille, or of the first note of a march, if a march be played before reveille. The flag will be lowered at the sounding of the last note of the retreat, and while the flag is being lowered the band will play 'The Star-Spangled Banner.' The national flag shall be displayed at a seacoast or lake fort at the commencement of an action and during a battle in which the fort may be engaged, whether by day or at night.

The national ensign on board a ship of the navy at anchor shall be hoisted at 8 a. m. and kept flying until sunset, if the weather permits. Whenever a ship comes to anchor or gets underway, if there is sufficient light for the ensign to be seen, it shall be hoisted, although earlier or later than the time specified. Unless there are good reasons to the contrary, the ensign shall

be displayed when falling in with other ships of war, or when near the land, and especially when passing or approaching forts, lighthouses or towns."

OUR FLAG

By ROBERT C. WINTHROP.

Behold it!
Listen to it!
Every star has a tongue, every stripe is articulate.
"There is no language or speech where their voices are not heard."
There is magic in the web of it.
It has an answer for every question of duty.
It has a solution for every doubt and perplexity.
It has a word of good cheer for every hour of gloom or of despondency.
It speaks of earlier and of later struggles.
It speaks of victories, and sometimes of reverses, on the sea and on the land.
It speaks of patriots and heroes among the living and the dead.
But before all and above all other associations and memories, whether of glorious men, or glorious deeds, or glorious places, its voice is ever of Union and Liberty, of the Constitution and the Laws.

Colors Have Significance.

The very colors of our flag have a language which was officially recognized by our fathers. White is for purity, red for valor, blue for justice; and all together—stripes, stars and colors, blazing in the sky—make the flag of our country, to be cherished by all our hearts, to be upheld by all our hands.—Charles Sumner.

GREAT NEED OF FOOD

No Danger of Overproduction This Year—Dean Mumford.

Any Surplus Which American Farmers Can Produce Will Be Quickly Absorbed by Hungry People of England and France.

While the farmer is being urged to greater and greater production, he naturally considers the possibility of overproduction. Many farmers in the state have advanced this question. According to Dean F. B. Mumford in the Missouri College of Agriculture, overproduction is exceedingly improbable this year. It has been agreed that this country's part in the war will be largely to supply food. "Our food resources have been depleted by shipments to Europe and by several poor crop years," said Dean Mumford recently, "and now with unrestricted export to the allies, the small reserve which we have will be further decreased. Any surplus which the American farmers can produce will be quickly absorbed at war-time prices. Millions of people in England, France and other countries at war with the German powers are in need of food. They must have food not only for their civilian population but for their armies. They are too busy fighting to provide that food themselves. It then behooves the United States to supply food."

"But it is not alone for the allies that we must produce maximum crops. If we should have a poor crop year throughout the country, our own people may actually suffer.

"If Germany is able to continue the ruthless submarine warfare unblinded, some food will be lost on its way to Europe. Consequently the losses will tend toward a further shortage and to absorb any surplus even if there were danger of overproduction."

What would happen if peace should come within the next few weeks? Would not the markets be glutted? In answer to these questions, Dean Mumford said: "It is doubtful if there will be a great decrease in the demand for food immediately following the war. With commerce restored, every nation which is now at war will become a market place for American farm produce. Those countries have no food reserve left and they will turn to the United States to furnish food during reconstruction, and until they can feed themselves."

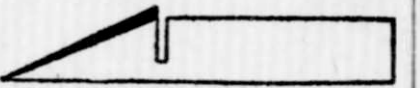
As an example of the actual scarcity of food in America, Dean Mumford cites the condition of wheat: "In 1915 the United States produced 10 bushels of wheat per capita; in 1916 we produced 6 bushels per capita, but used 6 1-3 bushels for seed and ordinary consumption and exported 2 1/2 bushels per capita. The present condition of wheat in the United States is 63 per cent of a normal crop. This is 23 per cent below the average for the last ten years. The condition in Missouri is even worse—59 as compared with the 15-year average of 85 per cent. The latest reports are that the world crop of wheat is far below average." Other foods are correspondingly scarce.

DEVICE TO HOLD DOOR OPEN

Half-Inch Piece of Board, Eight Inches Long and Three Wide Is Easily Arranged.

(By R. PHILLIPS, Washington.)

A simple device may be made which is useful for holding doors open when the old-fashioned lock is used. Take a half-inch board, eight inches long and three inches wide and shape it like the above cut. Screw it to a 2 by 4 on the bar where the stick on the lock



Holds Door Open.

projects. Nail it so the projecting stick hits the lock about one-fourth of an inch above the point. With a little pressure, the slope of the lock will make the projecting stick move up. When it comes to the notch in the lock it will drop down, locking the door back securely.

GROUND WIRE FOR FENCES

Danger of Death to Farm Animals From Lightning May Be Avoided With Little Work.

All danger of death to farm animals coming in contact with fence wires heavily charged may be avoided by attaching a wire to the strands of the fence every two or three hundred feet, running one end of it into the ground about four feet deep.

This will afford an outlet for the electricity and render the wire fence as safe as any other.

PROPER EGGS FOR HATCHING

Costly Mistake to Use Those From Unculled Flock—Best to Have Small Breeding Pen.

It is a costly mistake to hatch eggs from the whole uncultured flock, and to keep males enough the year around so that the eggs will be fertile.

Far better get the eggs from a neighbor who culls his hens for hatching eggs, or send to some breeder who does. It is not an expensive thing to have a small yard for one's own best hens and mate.

WORK WHILE ITS COOL

You'd better speed up on the work while the weather's still cool. Statistics show you'll very likely not get it done when it gets hot.

A person will do 15 per cent less physical work at 75 degrees and 37 per cent less work at 86 degrees than he will at 68 degrees when he has full choice of doing or not doing, quotes K. G. Smith, extension engineer at Ames, from an investigation carried on by the New York state commission on ventilation. It was found that the power to do either physical or mental work, by subjects doing their utmost, was not diminished by a room temperature of 86 degrees. It's the inclination that lags when the mercury begins to rise.

BUYING AND SELLING EGGS

Prominent Dealer in Food Supplies Opposed to Practice of Handling Them by Dozen.

A prominent dealer in food supplies has gone on record as opposed to buying and selling eggs by the dozen. "I am strongly in favor of selling eggs by weight," he says. "It is the only just way for both seller and purchaser. As things are now, one man may buy a carton of eggs, very good, but very small, while another may buy a carton of fine big eggs. Yet both will pay the same price. It is not fair. The only fair and just method is to buy and sell them by weight."

Eggs vary so in size that a dozen large and a dozen small eggs purchased at the same price per dozen



Eggs of Various Sizes.

may differ as much as 25 per cent in the value of the food elements furnished. Perhaps the fairest way to buy or sell eggs is by weight. Because of the wide variations in the size of eggs, it is also coming to be recognized that more accurate results in recipes can be obtained by weighing or measuring the eggs out of their shells.

WHY TOMATO PLANTS WITHER

Those Raised in Cold Frame Are Less Hardy Than Those Grown in Open—North Wind Hurts.

Frequently it is found by those who start tomato plants in a cold frame that the blossoms which appear so thrifty and which give such promise of future returns wither and drop from the plant a few days after the latter is transplanted to the open field. Consequently a new set of blossoms must be developed and the plants lose all advantage that was theirs in the way of an early start.

There may be two reasons for this. Plants raised in a cold frame are necessarily less hardy than those grown in the open. If the weather happens to be sufficiently mild for two or three days after the transplanting occurs the plant will adapt itself to the change. But if the winds veer about into the north or northwest and there is a marked drop in temperature the shock is too great and the blossoms go. Experienced growers watch for what they anticipate will be a settled spell of spring weather—even delaying the removal of their plants to the open for a week or ten days beyond the time they feel the change should occur, in order to avoid loss of blossoms.

USING MANURE FOR ALFALFA

Astonishing to See Extraordinary Growth Where Strip of Fertilizer Had Been Spread.

Many alfalfa growers claim that manure makes an excellent substitute for lime for alfalfa. Some have gone so far as to claim that manure inoculates alfalfa, says a writer in an exchange. However that may be, we have several times been astonished to see the extraordinary growth of alfalfa where a strip of manure had been spread across the field for experimental purposes.

Recently, 626 alfalfa growers who had spread manure on alfalfa, reported an average yield of 3.9 tons to the acre, whereas 414 who had used no manure reported only 3.4 tons to the acre. A half ton of alfalfa will pay for considerable manure. Moreover, manure is applied to alfalfa ground before seeding.

GOOD GARDEN SEED FAVORED

Essential in Successful Gardening—Best Way Is to Patronize Some Reliable House.

Good garden seed is an essential in successful gardening. If we are going to plant something, we want it to grow. The worst thing possible is to plant seed that won't germinate, and it is almost as bad to find that the seed which has been planted is untrue to name.

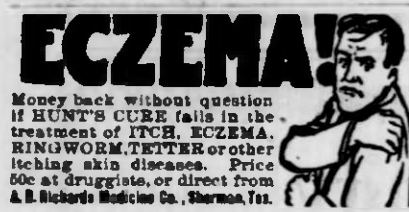
In order to avoid all annoyance it is best to secure good seed. When buying garden seed demand that it be fresh; likewise insist that it be true to name. The easiest way of avoiding poor seed is to purchase the product of some reliable house.

FOUR WEEKS IN HOSPITAL

No Relief—Mrs. Brown Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cleveland, Ohio.—"For years I suffered so sometimes it seemed as though I could not stand it any longer. It was all in my lower organs. At times I could hardly walk, for if I stepped on a little stone I would almost faint. One day I did faint and my husband was sent for and the doctor came. I was taken to the hospital and stayed four weeks but when I came home I would faint just the same and had the same pains.

A friend who is a nurse asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began taking it that very day for I was suffering a great deal. It has already done me more good than the hospital. To anyone who is suffering as I was my advice is to stop in the first drug-store and get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before you go home."—Mrs. W. C. Brown, 2944 W. 12th St., Cleveland, Ohio.



Money back without question if HUNT'S CURE fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at drugstore, or direct from A. B. Nichols, Boston, Mass.

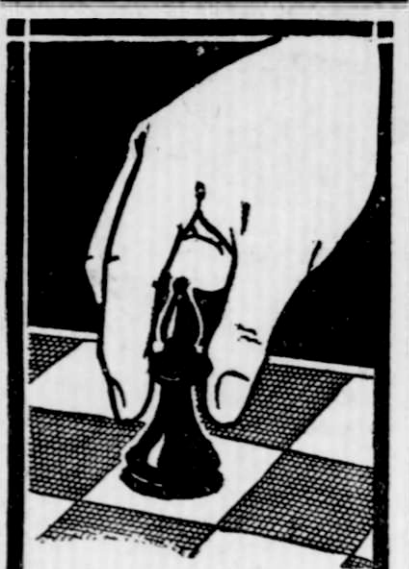
DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Best class, economical, convenient, cheap. Kills all house flies, stable flies, and other annoying pests. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 4 cent by express prepaid for \$1.00.

PATENTS All kinds bought and sold. If you have any to sell or want to purchase any write, giving particulars. G. E. Hoad, 200 N. 1st St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Much Too Much. We eat too much. We heat too much. We try too much to beat too much. We grow too much. We scowl too much. We play the midnight owl too much. We ape too much. We gape too much, and dally with red tape too much. We treat too much, and cheat too much, and fear to face defeat too much. We buy too much. We lie too much, and snivel and deny too much. We save too much, and slave too much, with one foot in the grave too much. We sit too much. We spit too much, wear shoes too tight to fit too much. We mess too much and dress too much; in sixteen suits or less too much. We spite too much. We fight too much and seek the great white light too much. We read too much. We speed too much, hit dope and use the weed too much. We drink too much. We drink too much. I think we even think too much.—Oscar Schiefel, in Health Culture.

Certainly Not. "Gee, but she's a fine-looking widow!" "Of course! And if I were a widow you wouldn't see me."

It's hard for the girl who throws herself at a man's head to make a hit. Nothing pleases a little man more than an opportunity to act big.



A Wise Move is to change from coffee to POSTUM before the harm is done. "There's a Reason"

GET BIG WAGE BILL

MILL MEN HAVE RECEIVED FROM 50 TO 75 CENT INCREASE SINCE LAST SPRING.

OTHER WISCONSIN DOINGS

Items of Interest Throughout the State Gathered by Alert Correspondents and Bulletin in Brief for the Busy Reader.

Marquette—Two thousand men, employed in the sawmills and other wood working establishments of Marquette and Menominee, began to receive the benefit of an increase of wages. The Sawyer Goodman company, the J. W. Wells company and the Marquette and Menominee Box company announced a raise of 15 cents a day for all hands. Senator Stephenson went them one better by increasing the pay of his 150 men 25 cents a day. This makes an increase of from 60 to 75 cents the woodworkers have received since last spring.

P. O. Clerks Seek Sundays Off. Green Bay—Postal clerks of the Green Bay office will make an effort during the annual state convention in Madison, July 4, to have the postal authorities arrange to have all Sunday work done by substitutes. Regular clerks are entitled to Sunday off, but in many instances they are obliged to work.

War Closes Social Organization. Green Bay—With one-half of its membership of forty enlisted in various units of the United States army, the Wallack club, a social organization composed of business and professional men, has given up quarters it has occupied for nine years and disbanded for the duration of the war.

Liberty Loan Campaign. Ripon—At a meeting of citizens a campaign to raise \$200,000 here through the sale of liberty bonds was launched. G. B. Horner was named general chairman, and ten teams will canvass the territory. It is expected that the work will be completed within a week.

Investigating Veterans' Home. Waupaca—W. N. Fitzgerald, a personal representative of Gov. Philipp is journeying at the Veterans' home here, making a complete investigation of charges recently preferred by the local post against the officers in charge of the institution.

Body is Recovered. Oshkosh—The body of John Burke, town of Poygun farmer who had been missing for some time, was found floating on Lake Poygun. A piece of log chain was found attached to the body. It is believed the man took his own life.

Neenah Elects Alderman. Neenah—At a special session held here to elect an alderman to fill the unexpired term of the late J. N. Jersild, E. C. Draheim was elected from among a field of five candidates. A total of 304 votes were cast, the winner getting 117 votes.

K. of C. Initiates Forty. Neenah—Forty candidates were initiated at a meeting of the Neenah-Menasha council of the Knights of Columbus. Supreme Grand Knight J. A. Flaherty of New Haven, Conn., conducted the work. A banquet followed the ceremonies.

Called to Service. Fond du Lac—Attorney Arvid Welser, Fred Ellison and Dan Trevelyan have gone to the officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan, Ill., while William J. Tuylis has been summoned to the aviation training camp at Huntington, L. I.

Women Robbed While Praying. La Crosse—Aaron Savage is in jail here charged with stealing handbags and purses from five women while they were praying in three different churches in this city.

Wins Spelling Contest. Florence—Miss Alice Goranson of Aurora, having won the county spelling contest, will represent Florence county in the state fair spelling contest.

Complains Garden is Destroyed. Milwaukee—Complaining that his garden has been destroyed by his enemies because he was a German, a man asked for the aid of the department of justice.

Fined \$10 for Disloyalty. Florence—Charles Branson, arrested at Long Lake on a charge of casting contempt on the American flag, was fined \$10 and severely reprimanded by Justice J. E. Johnson.

Many Buy Liberty Bonds. Marshfield—Marshfield has already subscribed approximately \$50,000 for Liberty Loan bonds in the last few days. Within a short time it is expected the amount will be swelled to \$140,000, according to leading citizens.

Record Graduating Class. Darlington—The Darlington High school graduating class numbers thirty-eight, the largest class in the history of the school. Commencement will take place on June 15.

\$5,030,480 in State Treasury. Madison—According to the report of the state treasurer for June 1 the state treasury is in a healthy condition. The report shows that there was a balance of \$5,030,480.79 in all funds on June 1, as compared with \$5,429,046.09 on May 1. The balance in the general fund, which is the working fund of the state, on June 1 was \$3,078,937.87. During the month the receipts were \$451,368.44 and the disbursements \$824,917.19.

Win Freight Rate Fight. La Crosse—A four years' fight for equitable freight rates for La Crosse ended in a victory when the interstate commerce commission rendered a decision by which this city and Winona, Minn., twenty-eight miles from here, were put in a separate rate making group. Business men estimated that the ruling means an annual saving of from \$40,000 to \$50,000.

"Murder Mystery" is Solved. La Crosse—The "murder mystery" surrounding the mysterious disappearance of La Crosse of Halvor Lee of Oak Ridge, Minn., a wealthy farmer, was solved when the "missing man" applied at the county insane asylum at Rochester, Minn., for admission. Lee disappeared from La Crosse over a month ago.

Explosion Blows Child's Hand Off. Green Bay—Curiously to learn the contents of a dynamite cap which she found near her home in Spring cost little Lila Olson her left hand and injuries which may result in death. The child picked the head of the cap with a needle, the cap exploded, blew off her hand, and inflicted a deep wound above the child's abdomen.

Joins Ambulance Service. Kenosha—Gordon Hackett, son of Clifford E. Hackett, prominent Kenosha manufacturer, came home from Beloit college to be sworn in as a member of the American ambulance corps for France, hospital base 13. He will be graduated the latter part of June and will sail about July 1.

Second Field Hospital Ready. Milwaukee—Dr. W. F. Lorenz, Madison, has fully recruited field hospital No. 2, according to Dr. Gilbert E. Seaman, surgeon-general of the Wisconsin national guard, who has returned from Madison. There are five officers and seventy-five men in the unit. Its equipment includes 216 beds.

Rail Traffic Curtailed. Birchwood—A new railroad schedule, eliminating several passenger trains from service on the North Western and Omaha roads in this section went into effect on June 4. The action is announced as a war time measure.

Former "U" Student Admits Forgery. Madison—The career of Louis R. Frank, former university student, as a financier was cut short when Frank was haled into court on a charge of passing bad checks. He pleaded guilty, but sentence was deferred until June 11.

Battery B Presented With Mascot. Green Bay—Battery B, First Wisconsin field artillery, has been presented with a cub bear 6 weeks old as a mascot by John J. Hoberg, paper manufacturer of the city. The boys expect to take the cub to Camp Douglas when ordered there.

Child Swallows Large Bolt. Green Bay—Only a delicate operation, it is said, can save the life of Dedore Tremblay, 2-year-old daughter of the Rev. H. Tremblay of Robinsonville. The child swallowed a three-inch bolt which lodged in the bronchia leading to the right lung.

Match Factory Being Enlarged. Oshkosh—The Diamond Match company of this city is building a new plant 160x240 feet. It will be four stories high and of brick, fireproof construction. It will mean an addition of 400 men to the present force and a 50 per cent increase in output.

Purchase Site for Terminal. Neenah—The Wisconsin Traction company has purchased a site here, presumably for the erection of a terminal building. The property is adjacent to a site purchased some time ago.

Superior Saving Daylight. Superior—Superior awoke an hour earlier on June 1 under the "daylight saving" plan, which went into effect at midnight. Street cars and many industries are being operated on the new time.

Vote \$4,000 for Defense Council. Jefferson—The county board of supervisors met and appropriated \$4,000 for the use of the county council of defense. The board again turned down the proposal to employ a county agricultural agent.

Pastor Accepts California Call. Darlington—The Rev. C. C. Wilson, pastor of the First Congregational church here, has accepted a call to Sierra Madre, Cal.

Fond du Lac Teacher Resigns. Fond du Lac—Miss Fern Jackson tendered her resignation as a member of the high school faculty here to accept the position as head of the literary department of the Humboldt state normal school at Arcata, Cal.

Farmers in Need of Help. Oshkosh—The local branch of the state free employment bureau has more applications for farm help than it can fill. Wages of from \$35 to \$40 are offered.

ESCAPE NECESSITY OF AN EXTRA LEVY

Receipts of Wisconsin Will Meet the Amount of Legislative Appropriations.

A TOTAL OF \$28,000,000

Estimated That Finances of the State Will Be Safe Without Providing Any Further Source of Revenue.

Madison.—The total appropriations by the present legislature, according to Finance Chairman Platt Whitman, will approximate \$28,000,000 for the biennium, as shown by figures compiled by the finance committee. This will be within the estimated receipts of the state, so that no levy will be necessary for the usual expenses. The estimated receipts are \$28,800,000. The total appropriations will be very near to the figures of the last legislature.

Members of the finance committee, headed by Mr. Whitman, occupied the week-end in visiting Leslie, Lafayette county, where stands the two-story frame structure which was the territorial capitol of Wisconsin in which the first territorial council met in 1836. The structure is now used as a cow barn. It is located about two miles from Belmont, the first capital in Wisconsin.

Some years ago the building was moved across the road from its original site, but the place where it first stood is still marked by a marble slab. A bill is pending in the legislature to purchase the old territorial capitol building, together with another old building, which was used for some official purpose, and the original site, two acres in extent. The cost will be about \$5,000. Historical societies of the state favor the purchase.

Licenses for Detectives. Private detectives, private police and employment agencies will be licensed by the state if the Obi bill, which has passed the assembly, is concurred in. The bill forbids any person to receive a fee, or to represent himself to be engaged in any of the occupations named in the bill, without first taking a license from the secretary of state. An amendment was adopted to eliminate private watchmen, investigators and claim adjusters from the bill. The license fee is \$2 per year. Applicants for license are required to give bond of \$1,000, with two sureties capable of indemnifying any person who suffers by reason of the transaction of any of the agencies to whom the license is granted. The fine for operating without a license is \$100 to \$500.

A big sign of the times in legislative circles is the fact that there is no printed bulletin of committee hearings for the week. The mills of legislation have well-nigh ground their grist. The joint finance committee is the only one to which bills will henceforth be sent, and to this committee will go all those involving appropriations.

Unfinished Business. There are, however, some matters still left for disposition by the legislature. These include industrial education, the state board of education and proposed organization thereof, and workmen's compensation.

Concurrence by the assembly in the senate amendment to 568-S, inserting the preamble of Senator Wilcox's resolution for printing and distributing President Wilson's address; a northern Wisconsin development measure; drainage bills; bank taxation; separation of grades and sidetrack bills; appropriation measures, some of which are somewhat involved, and social insurance bill and joint resolutions.

The first appeal to the legislature for a direct appropriation for the Wisconsin Veterans' home at Waupaca, since the control of the home was placed with the state early this session by the legislature, was made when the finance committee was presented with a request for an appropriation of \$80,000 for a new power house at the home. There were two plans placed before the committee, one of which was to repair the present power house and the other for the building of a new one.

Residents of Waupaca and representatives of the home were in favor of building a new power house. It was stated that the present power house was not well located and could not be repaired so as to give satisfaction. Whether the committee will grant the appropriation is a matter of doubt. Many prominent members of the G. A. R. have written letters to the legislature in favor of the appropriation. The home officials are also desirous for the new power house. Department Commander O. L. Rosenkranz of the Wisconsin department of the G. A. R. appeared in favor of the bill.

Vetoes School Lunch Bill. Governor Philipp has vetoed the Smith bill to furnish lunches for less than cost to schoolchildren. The bill, which is generally known as the free lunch bill, had a general application to all school districts in the state. Governor Philipp intimates that a bill to furnish free lunches might be unconstitutional. The governor suggests that a bill be introduced embodying his suggestions, so that lunches shall be furnished at cost. In that form he will sign it. The governor signed the bill providing for a central purchasing board in Milwaukee.

Governor Urges Dry Camps.

Governor Philipp sent a special message to both houses of the legislature asking for the enactment of a law creating a three-mile dry zone around any military camp or reservation. Such a law will also apply to the suppression of vice. In the message Governor Philipp calls attention to the fact that he has recently received a communication from the secretary of war in which that official makes a strong plea that all reasonable precautions be taken to protect the health and morals of the soldiers. Governor Philipp says that the legislature should co-operate with the federal government in that regard.

"In order to place proper restrictions around the sale of liquor," says the governor, "so that our soldiers will not be tempted by it and we may keep the surrounding territory free from any form of vice which may be established, or attempted to be established, I recommend that you pass a law which will create a zone three miles in width around the grounds of any military reservation or training ground used for training purposes, and that during the time that said military reservation or training ground is occupied by soldiers, other than those employed regularly as camp officers or employees, no liquor shall be sold within this zone; and that the territory thus described shall be properly policed by the civil authorities; and that no form of vice shall be permitted to exist therein; and that any person who shall attempt to establish or carry on any unlawful business within the described limits, shall upon trial and conviction thereof, be subject to heavy penalty."

Kill Amendment to Wilcox Bill. The assembly nonconcurred in the amendment to the Wilcox bill to print 100,000 copies of President Wilson's war message. The amendment which was killed, sought to proclaim the causes of the war and to condemn Prussian autocracy and to set forth the idea that the war is entered by the United States and other countries in "a league of honor composed of the liberal governments of the world." The original bill for printing the copies still stands.

Wisconsin's labor laws will not be suspended during the war. Both houses of the legislature have adopted a resolution, presented by Senator Wilcox, to the effect that the labor laws of Wisconsin shall continue to be enforced as if there were no war. Scores of applications had been filed with the industrial commission asking changes in the labor laws and in the hours of labor for women and children in Wisconsin. The passage of this resolution is an indication as to how the industrial commission may consider these cases.

Baxter Bill Passed. Both houses of the legislature have passed the Baxter bill providing for foot boards on switch engines. This is the one measure asked of the legislature by the organized trainmen of the state. After a long debate the assembly concurred in the Bennett bill appropriating \$8,400 to former State Treasurer A. E. Dahl to reimburse him for litigation started against him in his official capacity, while acting as state treasurer.

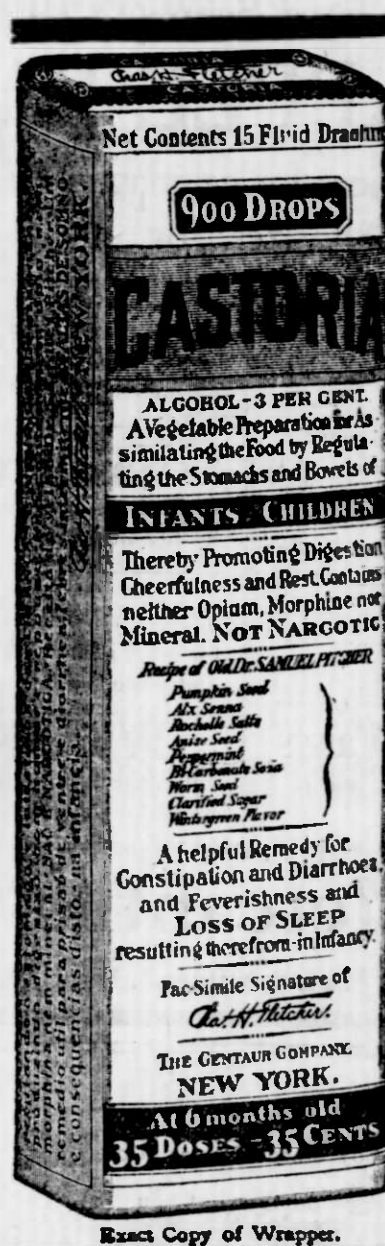
When the joint finance committee bill, 625-S, "relating to the department of agriculture and making an appropriation," came up in the senate a move which would mean suspending the state fair at Milwaukee and might lead to cutting out all appropriations for fairs in the state, was initiated.

The bill appropriates \$125,000 for this year and the same amount for next year, for the operation of the state fair at Milwaukee, and leaves standing some appropriations for improvements. Senator Bray offered the following amendment: "No part of this appropriation shall be available during the continuance of the present war, except to pay existing indebtedness."

Indefinitely Postponed. After being passed by the assembly, the bill to permit cities and villages to hire city managers has been indefinitely postponed by the senate. In the session of two years ago a similar bill was passed by the senate, but not by the assembly. There is a great demand among smaller cities of the state to be permitted to adopt the city manager plan, and several of the smaller cities have been eagerly waiting for the new law to pass so that they could place the plan in operation. Just what the objections to the plan is hard to say. It was Assembly Newcomb Spoor who defeated the plan two years ago, while this year the strongest opponent to the bill was Senator Cunningham.

Works Well at Horicon. One city in the state which is operating under special charter law, and where a city manager is employed, is the city of Horicon. The city manager plan is one whereby the city council employs one man to look after all the city business. The plan has worked very well in Horicon. Nearly all the cities in the vicinity of Horicon have been extremely anxious to adopt the plan.

Grade Crossing Legislation. That some action will probably be taken by the legislature on the grade crossing situation is indicated by the introduction of a resolution by Senator Skogmo for a joint legislative committee to investigate the subject and report to the next session of the legislature. There is pending before the senate a bill by Senator Roy P. Wilcox of Eau Claire to place the complete burden of costs of railroad crossing connections upon the railroad affected. The bill provides that the railroad commission shall determine as to whether the crossing is dangerous



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Always Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over

Thirty Years CASTORIA

Advertisement for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Includes text: 'Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price, But Great in Every Other Way' and 'Carter's Little Liver Pills'. Also features a signature 'Genuine bears signature' and 'PALLID PEOPLE'.

A New Measure for Distance. Some mud-splattered autoists were attempting to reach Nashville, Brown county. Even with chains on their wheels, they were wasting lots of gasoline in investigating a washout or a valley which they had left triumphantly only a few minutes before.

Three times in three hours they had asked the distance and each time had received the same answer. "Bout three miles to Nashville."

It is true that in those three hours they had had one blowout and once they had to get a team of horses to pull them out of the mud. But even so, it seemed as if they could not be more than a half mile away. Finally they met a man on horseback.

"How far to Nashville? Three miles, I suppose." But the fine sarcasm was not lost on him. He grinned and said in a soft voice: "You're 'most there. It's just two hoops and a collar away."—Indianapolis News.

FRECKLES Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots. There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription outline—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of outline—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it at night and morning, and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while your complexion has vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength outline, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Tender. "She's tenderhearted." "So?" "Yes. She says she couldn't think of planting potatoes if she has to cut out their eyes to do it."

About the Thing. "What does a press censor do, pop?" "Oh, he just increases everybody."—Baltimore American.

His Threat. A month or two after the war started a collie entered a large hotel on Tyneside and ordered refreshments, saying: "Big prices now! As might as well be a big man."

On discovering that the waiter was a German, the irate pitman, choking with anger, leaped to his feet, ran the frightened Teuton to the door, and assisted him into the roadway with his foot, and then, whirling round upon the trembling, expostulating proprietor, he spluttered: "Man, if I ever see dare to set a thunderin' German to wait on me agyen, An'll twist ye an' him round yer own necks, an' ram the pair of ye halfway down yer own throats until that's howt to be seen or ye but the ends ov yer dirty shirt-collars stickin' out ov yer bloomin' red eyes. Now ye kwan what to expect if ye de!"—London Tit-Bits.

A Real Patriot. "You ought to be proud of your boy." "We are. He volunteered to serve his country without insisting on being enlisted as an officer."

Give some men a dollar and they will believe anything you tell them.

Wisconsin Directory INDIAN RELIQUARY WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell us what you have. R. F. HAMILTON, Box 8100, Wau.

PROTECT YOUR PATENTS INVENTIONS BY MORSELL, KEENEY & FRENCH Solicitors of Patents and Trade Marks. Arthur L. Morsell, Counsel in Patent Causes. 814 Majestic Bldg., Milwaukee. Phone Gr. 1404

RACINE COUNTRY ROAD TIRES 4.000 MILES See our dealers in your city. STANDARD RACINE RUBBER CO. Cor. Jefferson & Oneida Sts., Milwaukee, Wis. Open every hour during the year.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 23-1917.

Canada's Liberal Offer of Wheat Land to Settlers

Advertisement for 60-acre farms in Western Canada. Includes text: '60-ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE' and 'is open to you—to every farmer or farmer's son who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever.'

You can help conserve the Food Supply by taking advantage of our

PINEAPPLE SALE

We are offering them at prices for canning, cheaper than they will be at any time this season. All sizes, by the case, dozen or less.

Grocery Bargains

Ginger Snaps, a pound.....10c
Fresh Corn Flakes, a package.....9c
1 dozen Maple Clothes Pins, for.....10c
Strawberry and Apple Preserves, lb.....8c
Monarch Coffee, 1 pound tins.....32c
Monarch Coffee, 3 pound tins.....94c
Gibb's Condensed Milk, 2 cans for.....25c
10c Seeded Raisins, 15 oz. 2 pkgs. for.....25c
5c Argo Starch, 4 packages for.....15c
5c Garden Seeds, 3 packages for.....10c
Crepe Toilet Paper, 6 rolls for.....25c

New Georgette Crepe Waists

The new shades and styles are shown in this lot.
Priced at \$5.00 to \$6.50

Straw Hats

Here's where you will find what you want in straws for men and boys. All shapes and styles at 50c to \$5

New Oxfords for Men

English toe lace oxfords, black and hindu brown shades leather and Neolin soles, \$5 value, special a pr. \$4.65

White Shoes

for every member of the family. Tennis shoes in black and white, oxfords, etc. 50c a pair to \$3.50.

White Kid Lace Boots

Julia Marlowe make, high boots, all white, \$10 value. Special a pair \$7.85.

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend Wisconsin

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

ST. MICHAELS

Roden Bros. did some dynamiting for Peter Schlitz Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stelpflug spent Sunday with their son John at Kewaskum.
Miss Alvina Eggert of Barton spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser.
Miss Lucy O'Keane closed her school last Tuesday with a picnic in Ramtlan's woods.
The marriage of John Herriges to Miss Maria Bremser will take place Tuesday, June 12th.
The total number of sixty-one men from the town of Kewaskum registered on "Dut Day."
Miss Anna Schladweiler who underwent an operation Tuesday is reported as getting along nicely.
Miss Clara Claffey closed a successful term of school Tuesday. She has been re-engaged for the coming season.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Krueger and children of Kewaskum spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bremser.
Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Morwitz and daughter Dolores, Miss Agnes Schlutz of West Bend and Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Habeck and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Habeck.
Mr. and Mrs. John Roden entertained the following Sunday evening: Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roden, Mrs. John Jung, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Habeck, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bremser, Jos. Roden and the Misses Mae Stelpflug, Viola Geasli and Clara Claffey.

NEW FANE

Ethel Kleinke from New Prospect visited Sunday with Amanda Stange.
Clas. Meilahn and family visited Sunday with Paul Moldenhauer and family.
Theo. Dworschak and family visited Sunday evening with John Klug and family.
Kilina Honesty and family from Barton visited Sunday with Wm. Fick and family.
Fred Bremser and family from South Byron called on Hy. Ficks and family Tuesday evening.
Henry Fick and son Eddie and William Fick were business callers in the town of Barton Monday.
The St. John's congregation will hold their annual school picnic in Brockhaus' woods, Sunday, June 10th.
Henry Moldenhauer and family, Henry Fick and family and Fred Klein and family visited Sunday with John Klug and family.
Name of Applicant:—
John Mertes.
Location where business is to be conducted at New Fane, town of Auburn, Fond du Lac county.
Bondsmen—Henry Ficks and Joe Schlitz.
The following spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ramel in honor of Mrs. Ramel's birthday: Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Magritz and family, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fick and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Klug, Theo. Dworschak and family, Ernest Ramtlan and family, Robt. Yoost and family, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ramel, Adolph Heberer and family, Clas. Meilahn, Fred Klein, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Quandt and daughter Elvora, Frank Backhaus and sons George and Art.

KOHLVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Endlich spent a few days at Mayville.
Rev. Schmeisser is attending the conference at Milwaukee this week.
Elmer Busenberger of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Jacob Meinkardt family.
Miss May Schields closed her school term on Friday and left for her home in Monches.
Mrs. Walter Endlich entertained a number of her lady friends on her birthday Tuesday.
Lester Hance of Fond du Lac is employed by Frank Witzling as helper in the cheese factory.
John Conrad, painter of Allenton, is renewing the Henry Kohl residence with a coat of paint.
Mr. and Mrs. Walter Roehn and daughters of Milwaukee visited with the Geo. Gutzjahr family on

Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kirchner are the proud parents of a little baby boy, born Monday. Congratulations.
A large number of our young people attended the dance at Kewaskum on Sunday evening. All reported a good time.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bartelt moved their household goods to Mayville Monday, where they will make their future home.
A large number of friends gathered at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Weber on Friday evening, the occasion being their 10th wedding anniversary.
Miss Elsie Dean left for Le. Lome at West Bend on Sunday after leaving closed a successful milinery season at the Farmers Merc. Co. No. 1.
Jos. Umbe and family and Miss Hilda Moritz, Arthur Moritz and family and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyer attended the ball game at Hartford Sunday.

WAYNE

Quite a few from here attended the dance at Kewaskum Sunday evening.
Jac. Hawig and family spent Sunday afternoon with relatives at St. Anthony.
Mr. and Mrs. Pl. Roos from Milwaukee spent Sunday with his parents here.
The Frauenverein met at the home of Mrs. Henry Schaub Sunday afternoon.
John Hawig and family and John Werner spent Sunday afternoon with relatives at Allenton.
C. W. Bruesel and family spent last week Friday with the Peter Klumb family at Koltsville.
Miss Alma Hembel from Kewaskum spent Saturday and Sunday with Geo. Petri and family.
Fred Burckhardt and family of Knowles spent Sunday afternoon with Hy. Schmidt and family.
Mrs. Andrew Martin Sr. spent from last week Wednesday till Friday with her sons Geo. and Wm. at West Bend.
J. A. Kuechenmeister of West Bend visited with friends here Tuesday, and also assisted in registering the men for military service.

Too Late For Last week.
Ralph Petri spent Wednesday, Decoration Day, at West Bend.
Arthur Koch and Albert Sauter of Beechwood called on business here Monday.
Adam Batzler of St. Kilian did some paper hanging in the village this and last week.
George Kippenkan and wife of Kewaskum visited with the former's parents here Thursday.
Henry Gritzmacher and family and Henry Schmidt transacted business at West Bend Monday.
John Brandt of here and son Charles of Kewaskum built a ventilator on the local cheese factory this week.
John H. Martin and family and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bunkelman of Kewaskum spent Sunday with A. Martin Sr. and family.

NEW PROSPECT

Oscar Stern spent Sunday at his home here.
Al Butzke and H. Fick were here on business Sunday.
Aug. Fumow was a village caller Sunday morning.
Mr. and Mrs. M. Tuttle spent Tuesday evening here.
Dr. P. A. Hoffman was a professional caller here Sunday.
Andre Bros. attended church at New Fane Wednesday evening.
Mrs. J. P. Uelman spent the past week with relatives at Milwaukee.
John Krueger spent Saturday evening with relatives at Dundee.
M. Krahn of Beechwood motored to the village on business Thursday.
Edgar Bowen of Dundee drove to the village on business Thursday.
Miss Ella Jewson of Fond du Lac called on relatives here Wednesday.
Ed. Stahl and J. Glanders motored to the village on business Friday.
Mrs. R. Backhaus spent Friday

with her father Wm. Jandre and family.
Lizzie Polzean and brothers of Dundee spent Sunday at the J. Tunn home.
Paul Bremser of Beechwood and J. F. Walsk. motored to Campbellsport Friday.
Falk Bros. purchased a driving horse from Wm. Hess of New Fane the past week.
Mr. and Mrs. M. Kohn and family and Miss Mary Senn motored to Kewaskum Sunday.
H. Milke and little daughter of Beechwood spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Jandre.
M. Gilboy, A. Koch and Bert Newton of Dundee motored to the village Tuesday evening.
Messrs. J. Linn, J. Forte and W. J. Romaine motored to Campbellsport Monday on business.
Herman Krueger, Dundee's bustling merchant, brother Aug. and John Schenks were Sunday callers here.
Mr. and Mrs. Eldon Romaine and daughter of Milwaukee are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Romaine.
Ed. Peck and friends of Fond du Lac made a pleasant call here while spending Sunday at Long Lake fishing.
Mr. and Mrs. F. Haskin are spending several days with their daughters Mmes Geo. and Ralph Romaine and families.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz have closed out their store here and are now at the home of Otto Stern at Barton for an extended visit.
Wm. Moikenthine of Batavia was a pleasant caller here Saturday night, he visited with Mr. and Mrs. H. Moikenthine and parents over Sunday.
Mrs. Wm. Bartelt went to Waukesha Wednesday to take treatment for inflammatory rheumatism. Wm. Barzell and Edna Thayer accompanied her.
Adolph Nering and friends of Chicago spent several happy days at the former's cottage at Forest Lake the past week. The boys did not forget New Prospect.

Friends here are pleased to know that Mrs. Harry Koch has improved enough to leave the hospital at Sheboygan and was taken to her mother's home in Waukegan.
Aug. Falk Sr., celebrated his 60th birthday anniversary Sunday his children and neighbors assisted in making the event a joyous one. A delicious lunch was served by Mrs. Falk and daughters.
Miss Marie Bowen closed a successful term of school Thursday. The pupils enjoyed a picnic. A delicious lunch and ice cream were served to all, present. A great many of the district and vicinity attended.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Seil and Mr. and Mrs. J. Rysen and daughter were callers here Sunday evening, while enroute to Campbellsport. The Ford took pleasure in giving Mr. and Mrs. Seil a ride on their 5th wedding anniversary.
Mr. and Mrs. Walsh are in receipt of an invitation to the ordination to the priesthood of Rev. Janeski of Chicago. The village people remember him well as he spent several weeks with his brother Frank and family at Forest Lake, where they still own a cottage.

The young men of the town willingly responded to the call of Registration and all wore a good natured smile in doing so, nearly everyone did their duty during the day. The Registration was conducted by T. Doyle of Fond du Lac, Peter Schrooten, H. Fick and L. Klein town board members, ably assisted by the Misses Margaret Fitzgerald and Miss Alern representatives of the Red Cross Society of Fond du Lac.

Birds Feared by Snakes.
Snakes in South Africa fear the secretary-bird, and will even crawl away from its shadow. This bird devours snakes and can easily kill a reptile twice its size.
Heaviest and Lightest Woods Here.
Both the heaviest and the lightest woods now in the United States, the former being Florida ironwood and the latter the so-called cork of south-eastern Missouri.

DOUBLE DUTY

A Dairy Ration Has Two Main Uses—Life and Product.

(National Crop Improvement Service.)
A ration is divided into two parts:

1. The part needed to maintain or keep the animal alive.
2. The part needed to make stored up material like wool, fat, meat or milk.

Milk is roughly in solids, one-third each casein (protein), fat and sugar. The casein in milk can only be furnished by the protein in the food. The fat and sugar may be derived from either protein, fat or carbohydrates.

If a cow has the ability to give 50 pounds of milk containing two pounds of casein, and only gets enough protein to make one pound of casein, then she will only give 25 pounds of milk.

A balanced ration is one that has just the exact amount of protein, fat and carbohydrates that the cow needs. Just what this is we cannot ever say exactly, because the amounts vary from week to week and no two cows are alike, nor are feeds alike.

A practical ration is one that has sufficient protein and enough total food to make the greatest amount of milk without the cow losing weight.

A commercially successful ration is the one that makes the most milk or profit, keeps the cow healthy and enables the use of the most roughage.

All the hay and ensilage a cow can eat will keep her alive and make about 15 pounds of milk. Any more milk has to come from grain or grain feed.

The farm can usually raise carbohydrates cheap in the form of hay and ensilage, and, outside of clover, peas, etc., protein can usually be bought cheaper than it can be raised.

The average price of protein feeds with 20 per cent digestible protein was about \$25 to \$35 per ton before the war, but the prices are much higher now, while hay (clover) with 5 per cent digestible protein has been rated at \$10 per ton, so the protein feed at \$40 would furnish protein about the same as clover at \$10.

DIFFERENT COWS, DIFFERENT FEEDS.

(National Crop Improvement Service.)
No suggestions that we can offer nor any other formula that can be made can be followed to the letter as a druggist follows the prescription of a physician. Feeds vary in their nutritive values, some being better than the average and some not as good, and cows vary in their ability to digest and transform nutriment. These conditions make it necessary for the feeder to use a good deal of judgment and not follow too blindly the suggestions of others. Any good stock feed is recommended as a base, to be supplemented by home-grown roughage.

CONCENTRATES FOR RATIONS

Taken From an Article by E. S. Savage, Professor of Animal Husbandry, New York College of Agriculture.

(National Crop Improvement Service.)
A good rule to follow in all rations is to have at least three plants represented in the ration. There are seven factors which should be considered: (1) Bulk, (2) Digestibility, (3) Relation between the digestible protein and carbohydrates and fat, (4) Variety, (5) Suitability of the feeds to the animal and product, (6) Palatability, (7) Cost.

As an example, choosing the cheapest feeds relatively, considering nutritional values, suitability and all, we would recommend the following mixture of grains as suitable for dairy cows at present prices:

- 600 pounds distillers dried grains.
- 400 pounds gluten feed.
- 300 pounds wheat bran or brewers dried grains.
- 400 pounds hominy feed.
- 300 pounds cottonseed or oil meal.

SALT FOR CATTLE.

(National Crop Improvement Service.)
Professor Henry says that a cow requires three-quarters of an ounce per day per 1000 lbs. of weight and six-tenths of an ounce per day per 20 lbs. milk. Therefore, a cow which weighs 1200 lbs. and gives 30 lbs. milk should have 1.8 ounce salt. It must be remembered, however, that salt is generally included in high-grade dairy feeds: It is well to give cows access to extra salt. They will take what their roughage demands.

THE PRICE OF FEED.

(National Crop Improvement Service.)
Feed is handled on a smaller margin than coal, ton for ton. The retail feed dealer who buys in carload lots can sell as cheap as the manufacturer can in less-than-carload lots, the difference in freight rates being the dealer's gross profit. In nearly every instance, a group of farmers can order their feed, through a dealer, in carloads and make a material saving. The difference in freight alone will show a good profit.

Take the chill off the drinking water in cold weather and cows will drink more and produce more.

Don't figure too fine on rations. Be liberal but don't overfeed. You can kill all of your profit by feeding more than the cow can assimilate.

(National Crop Improvement Service.)
The human element in dairy feed is important. Two men may have the same equipment, one make good money, the other fail, while both are supposed to be feeding by the same system and the same tables.

Horse sense is good cow sense.

Pick Brothers Company, West Bend

Spring Millinery at a Tremendous Reduction in Price

Our entire stock of Spring millinery reduced in price to sell quickly. The selection is very large—styles very attractive. We offer you wonderful bargains, come early.

Clothing for Men and Boys.

We know that a wide search would prove that the quality of the clothing we are selling far superior to any other. Our fortunate purchases are now your profit makers. For forty-five years we have satisfied our customers and are better prepared to do so now during these critical times than ever before. Let us show you what we have.

Large juicy, ripe pineapples,
each 8½c, 10½c, 12½c.
Special price by the case.

Large Naval oranges at 2 c doz

Shoes
We fit your feet perfectly and have the largest selection of fine shoes. Our prices are very reasonable.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Sales, Want Ads, For Rent, Etc., Under this heading, 5 cents a line straight. All notices of an advertising nature appearing among the Locals or on the Front Page will be rated at 10 cents per line.

FOR SALE—My 38 acre farm with personal property and good buildings, located at Schrauth's pond, Elmore, Wis. For further information inquire of E. Y. Damm, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D. 31 1/2.

WANTED—Man to work on farm Inquire of John L. Gudex, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D.

WANTED—Am in the market at all time for old scrap iron. Best prices paid.—Nickolas Rimmel.

FOR SALE—Seed potatoes, early Triumph and late Bermuda.—Ed. Ferber. 6-2-2.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Good wages paid. Inquire of Mrs. A. L. Rosenleimer, Kewaskum, Wis.

ST. KILIAN

John M. Flasch spent Sunday and Monday at the Cream City.
Jos. Flasch spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives in the Cream City.
Miss Rose Straub returned home last Monday after spending several weeks at Milwaukee.
Mr. and Mrs. Anton J. Miller attended the Ulrich-Petersick wedding at Campbellsport last Monday.
Anton Schrauth and gentleman friend of Fond du Lac called on C. D. Schrauth and family last Tuesday.
Mrs. Paul Gundrum and son of Allenton spent several days last week with the Mrs. J. Marion family.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Lanser of Port Washington are on their honeymoon visiting with the Geo. Lanser family since Wednesday.
Albert German and carpenter crew are busily engaged remodeling Simon Stracelota's place ago from And. Strobel. Simon Stracelota sold the residence and lot last Thursday to Peter Kurth for \$1700. Mr. Kurth expects to occupy same next fall.

NENNO

Rev. Jos. Gabriels spent Tuesday in Milwaukee.
Ger. Willkomm of Nabob called on friends here Sunday.
John Lambert visited over Sunday at his home in Milwaukee.
Peter Ritger and daughter Rose were pleasant callers here Sunday.
Miss Lena Wolf of West Bend spent Sunday under the parental roof.
Quite a number from here attended the dance at Allenton Wednesday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Gebhard and children of Allenton were callers here Sunday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. John Johannes of Hartford were the guests of the latter's parents here Sunday.
Mrs. K. Heffer and son Raymond spent Sunday with the Adolph Lehmann family at Knowles.

Where the Sexes Differ.

When trouble comes hobbling along a woman gives way to a flood of tears—but a man proceeds to tint the atmosphere blue.

Smooth Work.

That job is best done at which the bossing is least in evidence.—Albany Journal.

Leaving What?

Wife looked out the window. "It is time for my spouse to be coming home," she murmured. "Ah, there he comes—and somebody has removed the 'p'!"—Judge.

An Opportunity

may present itself to you at any time to buy out a small business—buy into a large business—enlarge your own—perhaps to purchase a piece of property which the owner must sell at a sacrifice.

The question is—have you the money to take advantage of such opportunities?

Many times a few hundred dollars is all the actual cash required. It does not take long to save such an amount if you make the start.

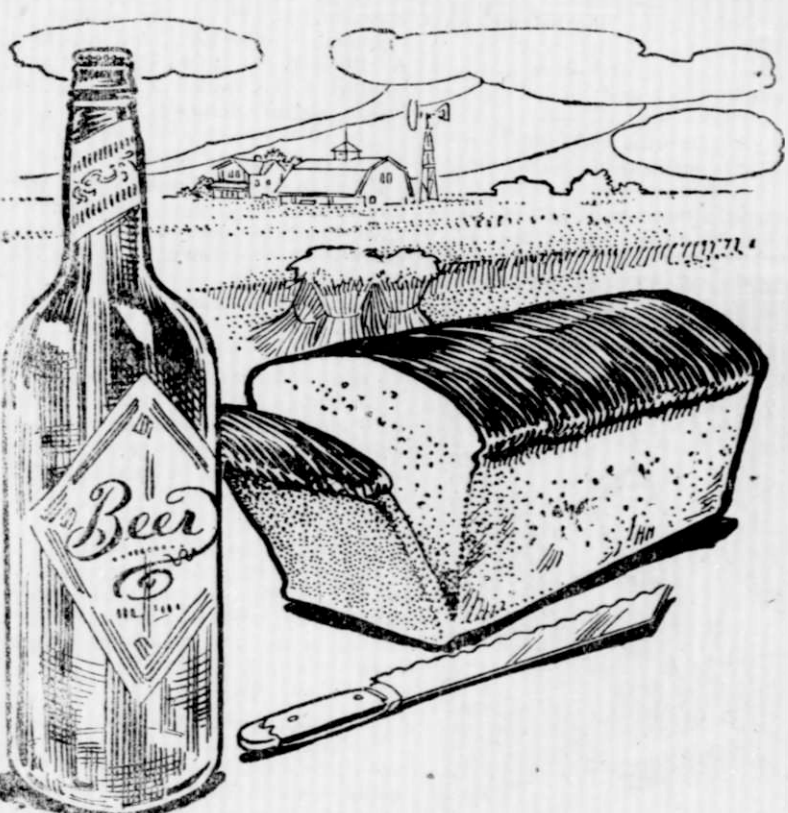
Come to us and make the start NOW. We will help you to make your money grow.

3% Interest Paid on Savings

FARMERS & MERCHANTS

Capital \$25,000 STATE BANK Kewaskum

"The Bank of the People and For All The People"



The value of good beer

as a tonic and health builder is beyond question.

If you have never tried

LITHIA BEER

order a case sent home today. You will find it an invigorating, satisfying beverage, as well as a food and tonic.

PHONE NO. 9
West Bend Brewing Company

West Bend, Wisconsin

TRIANGLE PICTURES

OPERA HOUSE SUNDAY EVENING

June 10

WILLIAMS. HART

The Dawn Maker

8-REEL PROGRAM

Also a Two Reel Side-Splitting Comedy

Admission 15 and 5 cents

Show Starts Promptly at 8. Be There on Time

Time Table—C.&N.W.R'y

NORTH BOUND	
No 205	8:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 113	12:15 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 121	9:04 a.m. daily except Sunday
No 107	8:26 p.m. daily
No 242	8:34 p.m. Sunday only
No 141	8:42 a.m. Sunday only

SOUTH BOUND	
No 206	8:48 a.m. daily except Sunday
No 210	12:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 214	2:34 p.m. daily
No 218	5:41 p.m. daily except Sunday
No 108	7:32 a.m. daily
No 24	11:18 p.m. Sunday only
No 220	7:24 p.m. Sunday only

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., June 9

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Jack Tassar was a Milwaukee visitor last Tuesday.

—Miss Mary Rempel was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.

—Herman Lavrenz was a Kewaskum caller Wednesday.

—Dr. McCarty of Eden was a pleasant village caller Sunday.

—Leo Ockenfels of Milwaukee spent Sunday with home folks.

—Mrs. Hannah Burrow was a West Bend visitor last Tuesday.

—D. M. Rosenheimer and family were Cedarburg visitors Sunday.

—Jack Tassar called on his mother at Newburg last Sunday.

—Miss M. A. Schmidt visited with friends at Milwaukee Sunday.

—D. M. Rosenheimer transacted business at Milwaukee Wednesday.

—N. W. Rosenheimer transacted business at Milwaukee last Monday.

—A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Krahn Monday. Congratulations.

—Mrs. Wm. Hallett of Chicago was a village visitor last Wednesday.

—Peter Dieken and Edw. C. Miller were West Bend callers Wednesday.

—John Bassil of West Bend visited with the Martin Bassil family Sunday.

—Pay your poll tax by June 10th, the time required and save the penalty.

—J. J. O'Connell of Plymouth called in the village on business Saturday.

—John Van Blarcom of Beechwood was a pleasant village caller Sunday.

—Mrs. W. F. Backhaus spent last week in Milwaukee with relatives and friends.

—Ray Foley of Milwaukee spent last Tuesday in the village calling on old friends.

—Washington Jones has been called upon to subscribe \$500,000 in Liberty Bonds.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Binder of Fillmore were pleasant village callers Sunday.

—G. A. Kuefeneister of West Bend was a business caller in the village Tuesday.

—L. P. Rosenheimer left for Wadena, Washington last Tuesday on a business trip.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joe, Oppenort and family spent Sunday with relatives in the village.

—Joe Reinartz and family of West Bend spent Sunday with the H. Oppenort family.

—All the saloons in the village were closed last Tuesday on account of registration.

—Mrs. N. W. Rosenheimer and Miss Lilly Schlosser were Milwaukee visitors Wednesday.

—Miss Mabel Klug of Milwaukee visited her mother a few days the forepart of the week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Habbeck of Mayville attended the Senior class play here Tuesday evening.

—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harter, at Wabeno last week, a daughter. Congratulations.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Schlosser of Milwaukee called on the Jake Schlosser family Wednesday.

—Mrs. E. L. Morgenroth spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Riecke and family at Fillmore.

—Sylvia and Elmer Harder of West Bend visited with Grandpa and Grandma Lavrenz Sunday.

—Mrs. John Lindl of Milwaukee was here last week Thursday to visit her father, Jos. Strachota.

—Peter Lenz and Jos. Peil of Cedar Creek made a business trip to this village one day last week.

—William Krahn of Milwaukee assisted the Quintette at the commencement exercises Tuesday evening.

—Arnold Hanson, our telegraph operator, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents at Brooklyn, Wis.

—Mrs. John Naumann and children and Arnold Kumrow called on friends at Cascade and Plymouth Friday.

—Mrs. Roman Smith and children have gone to Tomah for a few days' visit with relatives and friends.

—Messrs. Jacob Johannes and Frank Koerbl of Milwaukee visited the Mich. Johannes family over Sunday.

—Large numbers of young people from the neighboring towns attended the dance here Sunday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Haessli and family of West Bend spent Sunday with the Geo. Schleit family here.

—Rev. Selesetze of Tigertown Wis., spent last Tuesday and Wednesday here with Rev. F. Mohr and family.

—Misses Gretchen and Marie Kress and Hugo Bohn of West Bend were Sunday callers in the village.

—Mr. Ed. Proeber and Clarinda Klumb of the town of West Bend spent Sunday with J. H. Martin and family.

—A large number of people from the surrounding community attended the class play here Tuesday evening.

—Fred Schaefer Jr., of Milwaukee spent a few days this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schaefer Sr.

—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Oppenort and family attended the Goring-Muelbauer wedding at West Bend Tuesday.

—Rev. Motzke left for Milwaukee to attend a conference of Lutheran ministers, which is being held there this week.

—Henry Hauschild, who is training for an officer in the U. S. army, at Ft. Sheridan, Ill., spent Sunday with his parents.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank O'Meara and family and Miss Judith Jones of West Bend spent Sunday with the Theo. Schools family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stagy and daughter Emma visited Monday with Charley Garbisch and family and Paul Krahn and family.

—Mrs. August Kumrow visited from Sunday until Wednesday with her daughter, Mrs. John Naumann, in the town of Scott.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Murphy of Milwaukee attended the commencement exercises here Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

—John Harter of Wabeno had the misfortune of breaking three ribs last week while employed at the Jones mill at the latter place.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Nauman and children, Arnold Kumrow of Scott, Mrs. Robert Falk visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. August Kumrow.

—Alton Altenkotten and Theo. Schmidt, who attend college at Milwaukee, arrived home this week to spend their summer vacation.

—Jos. Schlenzer Jr., who teaches school at Deer Park, St. Croix county, Wis., stopped here Thursday on his way home to Wabeno.

—The Kewaskum Fire company and Hook and Ladder company held their regular quarterly meetings on Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

—The dance held in the North Side Park last Sunday evening was quite well attended. Music was furnished by Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton.

—Mrs. Amelia Koelne of Parkton, S. D., and Charles Stango of Salem, S. D., spent a few days this week with relatives and friends in the village and vicinity.

—The annual Milwaukee Journal tour under the auspices of the Milwaukee Motorcycle Club will be held on June 16 and 17. The party will include Kewaskum in its itinerary.

—William Agnew, an army cook at Fort Sheridan, was taken to Emergent Hospital at Milwaukee Thursday with a cut over his right eye. He said he had been assaulted by a man unknown to him.

—Mrs. Peter Metz of this village received the sad news on Saturday of the death of her sister, Mrs. Josephine Cole, which occurred at Milwaukee. Mrs. Metz had lost track of her sister over thirty years ago.

—Next Thursday, June 11th, is Flag Day, the 10th anniversary of the adoption of the flag of the United States. It is most likely that Flag Day will be celebrated with greater enthusiasm than ever this year on account of the war.

—Lightning played overpranks in the residence of Kilian Honeck in the town of Barton last Saturday at about noon. The bolt entered the roof near the chimney and did considerable damage as it plowed its way through the ceiling. The Barton firemen responded to a call for assistance, but the blaze was quenched while still incipient and the loss to the owner consequently was nominal.

People who are always constipated which brings on headache, sallow color, foul breath, poor appetite should not delay a minute but take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea now. You will wonder at its results. 35c.—Edw. C. Miller.

Women who are big meat eaters and drink much coffee yearly have coarse, florid skins—your stomach needs extra help; you've got to clean the bowels, purify the blood or your complexion gets bad. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is what you need once a week.—Edw. C. Miller.

—Albert Naumann, who joined the army on May 1, writes as follows: "I am in good health now and like army life very well and the country out here is just grand. Nice and warm and the best place I ever saw, with all the beautiful scenery. I look forward to the heavy coast artillery at Ft. Washington, Maryland and all we got to do is to drill six hours a day. With best regards to all my Kewaskum friends."

—A pillow made by Miss Frieda Kieke, a young woman 25 years of age who has ready underwear 12 operations and who is now ill at the hospital at Fond du Lac, has been presented to Miss Jarvis, 236 Doty street, Fond du Lac, by the Golden Rod Club, which had charge of it. Miss Kieke is expecting to be able to leave the hospital in a short time. Miss Kieke assists in defraying the heavy expense caused by her illness by doing fancy work.

—A pretty good story is making the rounds lately, which is as follows: "A lady was playing the Star Spangled Banner on a piano and upon reaching the strain where it says, 'And long may it wave o'er the land of the free and the home of the brave,' the piano suddenly refused to respond to her touch and she could not get a sound out of it. Upon making a thorough investigation of the instrument she found a name plate on the inside bearing these words: 'Made in Germany,' which undoubtedly accounted for the piano's behavior."

Teachers' Examinations

Teachers' examinations will be held at the court house, West Bend, June 12, 13 and 14, 1917. The following schedule will be followed:

First day: Spelling, Geography, Civics, Grammar and Physiology.

Second day: Reading, Arithmetic, History, Orthography and Agriculture.

Third day: Library Methods, Manual, Rural Economics and School Management.

Manuscript will be furnished to teachers.

Subjects for first and second grade certificates will be written upon at times convenient to the greatest number of applicants.

Teachers expecting to renew their certificates by any other means than an examination should consult the county superintendent before the time of the examination.

LAKE FIFTEEN

Mr. and Mrs. Clas. Krueger spent Monday in Fond du Lac.

Walter White and Chas. Krewald autoed to Dandee Monday.

Quite a few from here attended the picnic at Beechwood Sunday.

Mrs. Herman Molkenhine spent Sunday with Mrs. Al. Harrington.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Harrington spent Tuesday evening at Campbellsport.

Clas. Krueger Jr. and sisters Clara and Elsie visited Sunday at Beechwood.

Al. Krahn Chas. Krueger and sisters Clara and Elsie spent Sunday evening at New Prospect.

Mr. and Mrs. Clas. Krueger and daughter spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Krahn.

Miss Norma Kumrow and friend spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Clas. Norris at Waucousta.

A number from here attended the dance at the North Side Park, Kewaskum Sunday evening.

Walter Scholtz and sisters, Anna and Maria spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Otto Krueger.

Those from here who registered on Tuesday, "Duty Day" were as follows: Walter White, Charles Krueger Jr., Otto Krueger, Wm. Wandler, Wm. Scholtz and Henry Scholtz.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wandler entertained at a kitchen shower on Monday evening in honor of Miss Caroline Heberer. A joyous evening was spent and at midnight a delicious lunch was served.

BEECHWOOD

Beechwood and Waucousta will play ball at Beechwood tomorrow, June 10.

Myrtle Koch returned home Saturday after a seven weeks visit in Milwaukee.

Albert Loose who is employed by Aug. Arndt was operated upon Tuesday for appendicitis.

Mrs. Fred Kaiser of Silver Creek is visiting since Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kaiser and family.

Mrs. Aug. Arndt and daughter Hattie were to Milwaukee Tuesday where the latter is taking treatments for eczema.

J. P. Van Blarcom sold Oakland cars to the following last week: John Held, Herman Schütz, Hy. Fellenz and Frank Stang.

J. H. Reysen and family and A. C. Hoffmann and family visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Krahn and family near Campbellsport.

The dance which was to have been given by L. P. Van Blarcom in the E. F. U. hall last Saturday, was postponed on account of the heavy rain, and will be held Sunday evening, June 17th.

Don't Wake 'Em.

Some men get an immense amount of satisfaction out of their conviction that all who disagree with them are in the wrong.—Albany Journal.



"United We Stand, Divided We Fall"

Veterans to Meet at Kenosha

Kenosha, one of the famous old camp grounds of Wisconsin Soldiers during the war of the rebellion and now one of the most progressive cities of Wisconsin is going to throw open its doors next month to greet the members of the Wisconsin Department of the Grand Army of the Republic. The Fifty-first encampment of the Wisconsin Veterans is to open in Kenosha on June 19th and continuing through the 20th and 21st.

It will be the first time that Kenosha has had a chance to show her veneration for the soldiers since the days of civil warfare and the three days are going to be so crowded with events that the encampment—which may be the last general encampment of the Wisconsin division—will be made one notable in the history of the Grand Army in the state.

While the camp fires are to be of special interest to Wisconsin Veterans men prominent in the Grand Army throughout the country are to be invited to be present and many of them have already promised to accept the invitation. The Kenosha Committee under the leadership of C. F. Stemm, former mayor of Kenosha, is now busy preparing the program for the three day gathering. It will be one which will bring cheer and tears from the men who wore the blue on the fields of the sunny southland. It will be one of greatest interest to the hundreds of patriotic women who will accompany the veterans to Kenosha for the encampment. Simultaneously with the holding of the annual encampment there will be state conventions of the various organizations including the Sons of Veterans, the Woman's Relief Corps, the Ladies of the Grand Army and the Daughters of The Grand Army. Kenosha organizations have thrown open the doors of their halls and club rooms that the visiting delegates to these various meetings may have convenient places for meetings. Kenosha private citizens have thrown open their homes that the men and women who come as delegates may have comfortable places to stay. Friends made by soldiers who camped in Wisconsin way back in '61' when the Wisconsin regiment hesitated at the state line before being enlisted into the federal service are going to renew friendships which they formed at that time.

The entertainment of veterans in Kenosha at this encampment is not only the duty of the members of the local Grand Army post but it is going to be the pleasure of the whole patriotic citizenship of Kenosha. The bronze button of the Grand Army is going to be the key that will unlock everything that Kenosha has to offer. It will be the going to be the pleasure of the whole patriotic citizenship of Kenosha. The bronze button of the Grand Army is going to be the key that will unlock everything that Kenosha has to offer. It will be the going to be the pleasure of the whole patriotic citizenship of Kenosha.

The city and county of Kenosha have officially recognized the coming of the members of the Grand Army and the allied organizations and large appropriations have been made by the City Council and the County Board to insure the proper entertainment of the Veterans and their friends to visiting Parks and play ground will be open to them and many special entertainments will be provided.

The sessions of the Grand Army will be held at the Kenosha Court House, the entire buildings having been turned over to the committee for use during the encampment. The big camp fire will be held at the Coliseum—one of the largest buildings in Wisconsin.

Department Commander O. L. Rosenkrans, of Milwaukee has been in close touch with the members of the local committees in making arrangements for the encampment and he has declared that he is certain that the gathering will be one offering an especial interest to patriotic people from all over Wisconsin. Kenosha is planning to entertain at least 700 members of the Grand Army and it is expected that fully this number will be in the parade which is to be reviewed by Commander in Chief Wm. J. Patterson, Department Commander Rosenkrans, and Bishop Samuel Fellows of Chicago, one of the best loved of the Wisconsin Veterans. A complete program of the encampment will be issued within the next few days.

W. T. MARLATT.

Cholera Morbus

This is a very painful and dangerous disease. In almost every neighborhood someone has died from it before medicine could be obtained or a physician summoned. The right way is to have a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house so as to be prepared for it. Mrs. Charles Eneyart, Huntington, Ind., writes: "During the summer of 1911 two of my children were taken sick with cholera morbus. I used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and it gave them immediate relief."

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley	1.25-1.45
Wheat	1.67-1.75
Red Winter	1.60-1.70
Rye No. 1	1.40
Oats	58
Timothy Seed, bl.	\$5.00-6.00
Butter	30-32
Unwashed Wool	50-52
Hens	11.00
Hides (calf skin)	21
Cow Hides	15-16
Honey	7.00-7.50
Horse Hides	25.00-2.60
Potatoes, new, sorted	25.00

LIVE POULTRY

Spring Chickens	16
Old Chickens	18
Roasters	13
fowls	14
Ducks	15-16

DERESSED POULTRY

Spring Chickens	16-17
Geese	19
Ducks	20

DAIRY MARKET

PLYMOUTH

Plymouth, Wis., June 4—24 factories offered 2,176 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all except 200 boxes of square prints sold as follows: 111 twins, 23½c; 72 cases young Americas, 24½c; 50 daisies, 23-8c; 961 at 23½c; 223 cases long-Lorns, 21-5-8c; 370 at 23½c; and 162 boxes square prints, 23½c.

SHEBOYGAN

Sheboygan, Wis., June 4—15 factories offered 1,334 boxes of cheese on the call board today. Bids were passed on 326 cases of long-Lorns and the balance sold as follows: 20 cases young Americas, 24-5-8c; 71 at 24½c; 55 cases long-Lorns, 24-5-8c; 809 at 24½c; and 50 boxes of square prints, 23½c.

June Merchandise

- Straw Hats for the Family
Men's.....50c to 2.00
Children's.....25c to 75c
- Silk Petticoats
3.00 to 4.50
- Canvas Shoes
Big stock for Ladies and Children
- Ladies' Hose
35c and 50c seller reduced to 19c
- Sport Suit Materials
Special new patterns, 25c per yd.
- New Voiles
25c to 55c per yd.
- Children's Underwear
Special Lot
25c and 35c sellers reduced to.....16c
- Men's Sport Shirts
65c to 1.25
- Men's and Boys' Belts
30c to 55c
- Lawn Mowers
3.50 to 7.50

QUICK MEAL and FLORENCE OIL STOVES and BAKE OVENS

- Ladies' House Dress Special
1.50 each
- Afternoon Dresses
Just in, 3.50 to 5.00 each

L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Travel Amidst the Scenic Wonders of the Great West This Summer

A vacation trip this year is almost a necessity in order to provide one with the rest and diversion which is most welcome at this time.

Let our experienced travel representatives plan a delightful western trip for you, one which will be unusual and surprising in the wealth of entertainment and interesting features it will offer. You will enjoy a wide diversity of scenery and your trip will include direct and de luxe railway and comfortable automobile tours through the National Parks, bring you directly to the distinctive attractions to be found in the Wonderful West. Colorado, Utah, California, The Pacific Northwest and Alaska can all be included in a grand circle tour.

You should know also of the splendid opportunities offered for a summer's outing in the Black Hills of South Dakota.

Favorable rates and splendid train service.

Any agent of the Chicago & North Western Ry., will be glad to assist you in planning your trip and supply full particulars covering all details of travel. Ask for descriptive literature, or address C. A. Cairns, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Chicago & North Western Ry., 226 W. Jackson St., Chicago.

Have you ever stopped to consider what it means to your own individual credit amongst the trade in general by having a Bank Account with a good strong bank like *Yourc*, The Bank of Kewaskum.

Small accounts as well as the large are cheerfully accepted.

Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Stockholders' Individual Resources over two million dollars

ORDER OF NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

State of Wisconsin, In Probate.
Washington County Court.

In the matter of the estate of George Schuppel, deceased.

On Application of Katherine Schuppel, administratrix of the estate of said George Schuppel, deceased, for the adjustment and allowance of said account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such other persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said account be adjusted and allowed at a special term of said court, to be held at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, on the third Tuesday of June A. D. 1917.

His further order, that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court, as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the further order and judgment of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks before said day in the Kewaskum Statesman, a weekly newspaper printed at Kewaskum, in said county.

Dated May 15 A. D. 1917.

By order of the Court,
Bucklin & Gehl, P. O'MEARA,
Attorneys, County Judge
w First publication May 19, 1917.

THE EVILS OF CONSTIPATION

Constipation is one of the main reasons why the average human life is below 40 years. Leaving waste material in the body, poisons the system and blood and makes us liable to sick headaches, biliousness, nervousness and muddy skin. When you note these symptoms, try Dr. King's New Life Pills. They give prompt relief, are mild non-gripping in action, add tone to your system and clear the complexion. At your druggist, 25c.


—Legal papers for sale at this office.

FUNERAL PARLOR

FRANK A. ZWASKA

UNDERTAKER

LADY ASSISTANT



AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital

2201 Center Street, Corner 22nd, Milwaukee, Wis.

Phone Kilbourn 1318

NATION ENROLLS OVER 10,000,000 FOR ARMY DRAFT

Young Men of Country Swamp Polls to Register.

NO DISORDER IS REPORTED

Wildest Hopes of the Country Exceeded—Washington Hears of Only Three Arrests Made During the Day—Floods Prevent Some From Registering.

Washington, June 6.—Early reports from the various states indicate that the war department estimate of a war registration of 10,264,869 was conservative. The figures probably will go higher.

More men registered than the wild estimates called for.

The government knew almost to a man the number of men of draft age in the country. It had the census report of 1910, and could make an approximate guess as to the increase in population since that census was taken. It was able to check the guess by population returns made by state authorities and by municipal police.

10,000,000 is Estimate.

Therefore, it was able to say definitely that a little more than 10,000,000 men would be subject to registration.

To the astonishment of Major General Crowder, provost marshal general, reports of governors show more men registered than the census figures estimated. Certainly men of draft ages were not created overnight.

A slight lapse of memory is attributed to many. Some, not quite twenty-one, said they were twenty-one; others, over thirty, said they were thirty or under.

Willing, General Response.

Attorney General Gregory issued this statement: "Reports received at the department of justice relative to registration indicate a ready and general response on the part of the young men of the country to the demands of the conscription act."

"So far only three arrests have been reported to the department, and none of these grew out of a serious situation. No resistance to registration has come to my attention."

When registration closed at nine o'clock last night in the eastern section of the country reports to the provost marshal general's office from 46 of the 48 governors showed that the day had passed without anti-registration demonstrations of any serious nature.

Illinois First to Report.

Illinois, New York and Ohio were the first states to report progress of registration.

Governor Lowden of Illinois said: "Registration progressing quietly. No disorder or confusion anticipated."

Governor Whitman of New York telegraphed: "Registration in New York progresses rapidly and quietly. No indication of disorder."

From Governor Cox of Ohio came the following: "Indicated 70 per cent of those eligible had been registered at eleven o'clock and that less than one-tenth of 1 per cent within the registration age will attempt to evade. No disorder."

Favorable reports on the progress of registration continued to come in during the afternoon at the office of General Crowder. Trouble on account of high water was reported from Illinois, Minnesota and Indiana.

Registrars Use Boats.

The governor of Minnesota wired: "Some little trouble in northwestern Minnesota on account of high water. Registrars are using boats."

The governor of Indiana said: "High water in Brown county renders complete registration impossible."

Nebraska, Kansas, Louisiana, South Carolina, Florida, Connecticut, Arkansas, Rhode Island and Maryland all reported that registration was progressing satisfactorily, that no trouble had been reported and that none was expected.

Reports of satisfactory progress came from Wisconsin, Vermont and New Jersey.

California.

San Francisco, June 6.—It was a legal holiday in California. In San Francisco saloons were closed and business generally suspended.

In Los Angeles men waited at many booths for their little blue cards even before the registration clerks arrived.

In San Diego there was a military parade.

Governor Stephens sent this telegram to Provost Marshal General Crowder in Washington: "The registration is much heavier than was expected. No disturbance reported."

In the Oriental quarter of Stockton, Cal., all the Chinese-Americans who registered waived exemption from draft. Each said he was perfectly willing to go to war if called upon by the government.

Colorado.

Denver, June 6.—Heavy enrollment and enthusiasm for the selective draft marked the progress of registration day throughout Colorado. Reports from all sections of the state were that the

enrollment passed quietly and as planned. One arrest was made.

Connecticut.

New Haven, Conn., June 6.—Registration under the law went forward smoothly in Connecticut.

Georgia.

Atlanta, June 6.—Registration under the draft law in Georgia was almost wholly without untoward incident and in many cities took on the character of a patriotic holiday. There was no sign of troubles from negroes or the mountaineers, among whom German agents are said to have been at work.

Portland, Me., June 6.—Reports from cities and towns of the state indicate a heavy registration and no disorder.

Michigan.

Detroit, June 6.—So heavy was the registration for the selective draft here that permission was asked and received from Washington to keep the booths open all night if necessary.

Registration of Detroit's large foreign population slowed up the work considerably and it was early evident that it could not be completed on time. Long lines of citizens were in front of many of the registration places until an early hour today. The only instance of disorder reported was a saloon fight. Indications were that Detroit would register approximately 25,000 more than had been expected.

Minnesota.

St. Paul, June 6.—Preliminary returns received here indicate that Minnesota registration totals will exceed the official estimates furnished by the federal census department. Throughout the state the day passed quietly. A feature in St. Paul was the small number claiming exemption.

At Duluth there was a draft registration that literally swamped the registrars. No disorders were reported.

Missouri.

St. Louis, June 6.—Registration proceeded rapidly and without disturbance in all the 500 precincts of St. Louis.

At Kansas City registration proceeded under adverse weather conditions, rain falling intermittently. Reports to federal and local authorities here were that the work progressed without disorder. Officials said arrests of alleged plotters last week and the convening of the special federal grand jury had broken the opposition.

Nebraska.

Omaha, June 6.—Registration day in Omaha was made a gala occasion, many of the larger department stores closing all day.

Reports received from a number of towns and precincts in the state indicated that registration had proceeded rapidly and without disorder. The total registration, it was estimated, would reach 125,000.

Nevada.

Reno, June 6.—Registrars in each of the Reno precincts found it impossible to handle the large number of applicants and assistants were appointed. No anti-draft sentiment was expressed.

Ohio.

Columbus, June 6.—Two remarkable features stand out in Ohio's response to the call to the colors. One is the practically complete absence of trouble of any nature. The other is the large number of registrations. The large registration is attributed to the response of hundreds of aliens. It is believed 500,000 were enrolled in Ohio.

South Dakota.

Sioix Falls, June 6.—Registration day passed in South Dakota without a single instance so far reported of outward opposition to the draft enrollment.

Iowa Women Tag Youths.

Des Moines, Ia., June 6.—A copy of President Wilson's war message to congress and a small tag bearing the inscription, "I have registered," were given to every man who registered in Des Moines by members of various women's clubs. Similar tags or arm bands were used in many other cities and towns of Iowa. Registration in Des Moines proceeded without notable incident and apparently a minimum of confusion, and early reports from scattered sections of the state showed no disturbances.

Utah.

Salt Lake City, June 6.—Fair weather marked registration day in this state. Reports from various points indicate there was general conformity to the nation's call. Registration at Park City, where thousands of aliens are employed and where officers anticipated trouble, was effected without trouble.

Vermont.

Montpelier, Vt., June 6.—Registration in Vermont came fully up to expectations and there were indications that young men of draft age had responded to the call in every city, town and village. No disorder was reported.

Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, June 6.—Scattered reports from throughout Wisconsin indicate that the registration of men under the selective draft act will easily reach the state's quota of approximately 230,000. Antiregistration agitators were quiet, according to P. J. Barry, special agent for the department of justice.

At Beloit 1,700 registered, which far exceeded the estimate.

At Janesville thousands of men, club women, children, National Guardsmen, Spanish war veterans and Civil war veterans marched in procession in honor of 650 duty day recruits who registered.

At Oshkosh and in Winnebago county registration progressed with promptness. In the county about 100 registrations of absent residents were recorded and in Oshkosh 347 such registrations were received.

At Green Bay various industries observed the day as a holiday. A parade participated in by contingents from towns 30 miles distant was a feature in a patriotic demonstration.

230,000 REGISTER IN BADGER STATE

MILITARY CENSUS ENROLLMENT FOR WISCONSIN EXCEEDS ALL ESTIMATES.

NO DISORDER IS REPORTED

Few Claims of Exemptions Proves Loyalty of State—Young Men Are Anxious to Give Their Services to Nation.

Madison, Wis., June 6.—Wisconsin unquestionably proved its loyalty to the nation yesterday when approximately 230,000 men between the ages of 21 and 31 registered for the selective draft. Unofficial reports from sixty counties complete, and estimates from the remaining counties, show that the draft registration in Wisconsin has exceeded the highest estimates that were forecast.

As further evidence of the patriotism of the Badger state, Wisconsin consummated its registration with probably fewer disturbances than any state in the Union. No trouble of any consequence had been reported from any county in the state.

At an early hour this morning the registration for Milwaukee county, with five city wards missing, was 45,868. The forecast had been for approximately 40,000 registrations in this county.

The registration figures for other large cities in the state are: La Crosse, 2,725; Green Bay, 2,811; Madison, 4,398; Racine, 6,381; Oshkosh, 2,749.

Enrollment was especially heavy in the industrial districts, and some of the farming sections reported larger totals than anticipated. Some of the counties which ordinarily are slow in reporting registration figures were among the first to report on the results of "Duty day."

Few Exemptions Claimed.

Information reaching here indicates that less than 10 per cent of the men who offered their services to Uncle Sam claimed exemptions, which is striking evidence of Wisconsin's loyalty.

Practically all of Wisconsin's army was enrolled at 9 o'clock. Booths in some of the county precincts closed earlier, but in La Crosse and other cities the registration continued after the closing hour to accommodate the rush of men who wished to enlist.

There was sharp competition from points in every section of the state to get returns in early, and telegraph and telephone wires hummed. From the cities, from the villages and from little homes along the countryside came the same fine story—the story of patriotism and loyalty. Examples of un-Americanism and attempts to cheat the draft were few. Alien and native born, marching as sons of liberty, registered by the thousands. A comparatively small number of men exercised the right of exemption on the score of dependents. Men enrolled for service.

Richland county, with a registration of 1,803, was the first county to make a complete report. La Crosse county, outside of the city of La Crosse, reported about the same time with a registration of 1,240. At the state prison at Waupun 350 men enrolled, this figure not including the prisoners who were away doing road work.

During the day the prisoners subscribed \$500 for Red Cross work, and liberty bonds to the amount of \$5,000 were purchased. Ashland county, with an enrollment of 2,577, was the second county to make a complete report.

Second Chance to Register.

Plans are being made in the city of Milwaukee to give victims of accidents or those who were suddenly taken sick another chance to enroll. It is probable that a central registration bureau will be established in the city hall, where any one who was unable to register on June 5 will be given a chance to add his name to the roll. It is practically certain, officials say, that the lists of those who registered will not be posted in the various neighborhood until after the emergency registration has been completed. Neither will there be any prosecutions until this final opportunity has been withdrawn.

Demonstration in Janesville.

Janesville—Never in the history of Janesville has such a public demonstration been enacted as the loyalty parade which followed the registration of about 600 Janesville young men. Ten thousand were in line. Six hundred clubwomen of the city were led by Mrs. Marge Smith, president of the Civic federation. Thirty-five hundred school children marched.

Man Forced to Kiss Flag.

Racine—John Bobush, a foreigner employed at the J. I. Case T. M. company plant, was forced by 300 of his fellow employees to kiss the American flag, after he is alleged to have declared that he would not register and to have said "I'll be damned if I'll fight for the United States." The man was made to crawl on his knees to the flag, which was spread upon the floor. After kissing it he was compelled to salute and then was escorted to the door of the shop and dismissed.

THE EASIEST WAY Ring Lardner Tells How You Can Serve Your Country With Minimum of Effort.

(This is one of a series of articles by western writers of national note in support of the \$2,000,000 Liberty loan.)

By RING W. LARDNER.

THE population of the world is 1,675,000,000, including the Bronx, and it is estimated that all but one of this number dislike William Hohenzollern and wish he would resign. He has been told this, but he doesn't believe it.

Just because 79,000,000 Germans, 50,000,000 Austrians and Hungarians, and 27,000,000 Bulgarians and Turks, of whom more than 22,000,000 are wretches, break down and cry when he scolds he thinks is Grand Exalted Ruler of the Ancient Order of Humans and first cousin to the Lord.

He won't quit of his own accord, but he will if 1,519,000,000 of us insist on it.

The most effective way of insisting is to get into the trenches. A great many have done it and a great many more intend to. A vastly greater many can't or won't.

The next most effective way, and the easiest way, is to buy a Liberty bond.

DRAFT LAW IS UPHELD FIRST DRAFT SEPT. 5

JUDGE SO DECIDES IN CIRCUIT COURT AT KANSAS CITY.

Petitioners for Injunction Advised to Go to the Nearest Place of Registry.

Kansas City, Mo., June 2.—Judge Daniel Bird in the circuit court here on Thursday denied an injunction to prevent state officials from enforcing the draft registration.

Judge Bird held that the draft law was valid and that his court had no jurisdiction to prevent its being carried out.

From the bench he recommended that Thomas Sullivan and Raymond I. Moore, the petitioners, both of whom are eligible for registration, seek out the first enlistment place without attempting to evade the registration law. J. D. Showalter, attorney for the petitioners, announced immediately after the decision was rendered that he would go to Jefferson City at once for the double purpose of endeavoring to obtain an appeal hearing before the supreme court and of instituting mandamus proceedings against the governor and other state officials. These, he hoped, if granted, would prevent the enforcement of the registration law throughout Missouri.

Judge Bird, in his decision, referred to the selective draft army as the "most equitable and efficient" this country has ever had.

He said he had studied all the similar laws since the formation of the republic and that none was comparable to the new law. He also ruled that in times of war state, county and city officials could be used by congress to further any war measures.

The petition had sought to invoke the thirteenth and fourteenth amendments of the federal Constitution and also certain provisions of the Missouri constitution. Judge Bird ruled against all the points brought up.

NINE DIE IN ILLINOIS BLAST

Two Others Hurt by Explosion Near Herrin, Ill.—Men Walked Off Into Abandoned Workings.

Herrin, Ill., June 5.—Nine dead and two injured were the definite toll, ascertained, of a gas explosion at No. 2 mine for the W. P. Rend Coal and Coke company north of here on Sunday night. The dead are:

Ira Sanders, night boss; Otis Reynolds, Amos Mezo, Guy Vickery, Roy Weathers, Charles Rice, John Gossage, I. S. Good and Ezra Adams.

The injured at the hospital are Tom Cox and W. A. Brewer, both dangerously burned.

It is supposed that the workmen walked off into an abandoned workings where there was gas.

FIRE DESTROYS MUCH GRAIN

Three Million Bushels of Wheat Burned by Forest Flames in Russia.

Petrograd, June 5.—Forest fires in the Minsk region have already burned over 7,000 acres, destroying 3,000,000 bushels of wheat and the big elevators at Saratoff, according to reports received here.

The fires are believed to be of incendiary origin. Whether there was loss of life has not been learned.

Russ Troops Rout Turks.

Petrograd, June 5.—Russian troops have won a victory in a battle with the Turks in the Sakiz region on the Mesopotamian frontier, taking possession of three heights, the war office announced.

Dutch Lend Food to Belgium.

The Hague, June 5.—Because of the scarcity of foodstuffs in Belgium and northern France, the Dutch government has placed at the disposal of the Belgian relief commission 12,000 tons of grain.

Band Escorts Dead Boxer.

San Francisco, June 6.—A procession headed by a corps of police and a band escorted the body of Les Darcy, the boxer, to a steamer for shipment to Australia. Darcy was a member of the U. S. aviation corps.

Chicago Bandits Get \$6,800.

Chicago, June 6.—George Meyer, messenger of the Stockmen's Trust and Savings bank, 5435 South Halsted street, was held up by two bandits just before noon on Monday and robbed of \$6,800.

THE EASIEST WAY

Ring Lardner Tells How You Can Serve Your Country With Minimum of Effort.

You may be too young or too old or too ill or too timid or too poor to fight. None of these alibis applies to the Liberty loan. The age limit for purchasers is on a minute to one hundred and forty-seven years old. If you are sick, send Kenneth or Dorothy. "Timidity and poverty don't enter into the case. The bonds are as safe as butter and as cheap as you want to make them. You can buy one for \$50 and pay for it as you would an encyclopedia, and no taxes can touch you.

Your neighbor who is killed at the front gives his life for his country and his country gives him credit. You who buy a Liberty bond give your country nothing but your support and confidence and your country gives you 3 1/2 per cent.

When you take three people to lunch and it costs you \$5 you may be doing good to four people, your guests and the proprietor.

When you deposit \$5 for a Liberty bond you are doing good to 1,674,999,999 people, including the 7,915,101 Norwegians and Swedes, all but five of whom are blonds.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, June 6, 1917.

Butter—Creamery, extra, 40 1/2c; prints, 40 1/2c; firsts, 38 1/2c; seconds, 35 1/2c; process, 36 1/2c; dairy, fancy, 35 1/2c.

Cheese—American, full cream (wax), 23 1/2c; daisies, 24 1/2c; Young Americans, 24 1/2c; longhorns, 24 1/2c; limburger, fancy, 2 lbs., 24 1/2c; brick, fancy, 24 1/2c.

Eggs—Current receipts, fresh as to quality, 31 1/2c; seconds and cracks, 27 1/2c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fancy, 22c; rosters, old 15 1/2c; fancy springers, 23c.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 2.78@2.88; No. 2 northern, 2.68@2.75; No. 3 northern, 2.35@2.55; No. 2 hard, 2.75@2.80.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.63@1.64.

Oats—No. 3 white, 64@65c; standard, 64@65c; No. 4 white, 64@65 1/2c.

Rye—No. 2, 2.36@2.37; No. 3, 2.35@2.36.

Hay—Choice timothy, 19.50@20.50; No. 1 timothy, 18.50@19.50; No. 2 timothy, 16.00@17.00; rye straw, 10.00@10.50.

Potatoes—Homegrown or Michigan, out of store, 2.75@3.00.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, 15.85@16.00; fair to prime light, 14.75@15.50; pigs, 12.50@14.00.

Cattle—Steers, 10.50@12.50; feeders, 7.00@8.25; cows, 7.50@10.00; heifers, 7.00@10.50; calves, 12.50@13.50.

Minneapolis, June 6, 1917.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 2.90@2.96; No. 1 northern, 2.84@2.89; No. 2 northern, 2.74@2.79.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.57@1.58.

Oats—No. 3 white, 60@61c.

Flax—3.25@3.32.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Chicago, June 4.

Wheat—Open-Ing. est. est. Ing. July 2.07 2.16 2.07 2.15

Sept. 1.92 1.98 1.88 1.96

Corn—July 1.46 1.47 1.50 1.46 1.45-46 1/2

Dec. 1.34-34 1.37 1.32 1.34 1/2-3/4

Oct. 35-36 1/2 35 35 35 1/2-3/4

Oats—July 30 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2

Sept. 30 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2

Dec. 33 33 33 33

FLOUR—Spring wheat, special brands, in wood, \$14.00 per bbl.; hard spring wheat patents, 56 per cent grade, in June, \$13.15; straight in export bags, \$13.00; first clear, \$12.90; in June, second clear, \$12.00@12.50; low grade, \$8.50@9.00; fancy soft winter wheat patents, in June, \$12.80; standard soft winter wheat patents, \$12.40; in June; fancy hard winter wheat patents, \$12.50; in June; standard hard winter wheat patents, \$12.00; in June; first clear, \$11.50@12.00; pure white rye, \$12.00; pure rye, \$11.75.

HAY—Choice timothy, \$11.00@12.00; No. 1 timothy, \$10.00@11.00; No. 2 timothy, \$10.00@11.00; No. 3 red top and grassy mixed timothy, \$11.00@12.00; clover, \$11.00@12.00; light clover mixed, \$10.00@11.00; heavy clover mixed, \$11.00@12.00; Kansas and Oklahoma choice, \$12.00@13.00; No. 1, \$12.00@13.00; No. 2, \$10.00@11.00.

BUTTER—Creamery, extras, 40c; extra firsts, 39c; firsts, 38 1/2c; seconds, 36 1/2c; packing stock, 35 1/2c; larders, 34 1/2c; process, 33 1/2c.

EGGS—Frisch, 34 1/2c; ordinary firsts, \$14.00@15.00; miscellaneous lots, cases included, \$13.00; cases returned, \$11; extras, 30 1/2c; dimes \$1.25; storage, 34 1/2c.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, 18c; fowls, 15c; broilers, 35@37c; roosters, 15c; ducks 16@18c; springers, 24@25c; geese, 12@14c.

NEW POTATOES—Texas Triumph, \$3.25@3.40 per bu.; Louisiana, \$1.75@1.90 bu.

Live Stock.

Chicago, June 4.

CATTLE—Good to choice steers, \$12.50@13.70; yearlings, good to choice, \$11.00@12.00; fair to good steers, \$8.50@11.00; stockers and feeders, \$8.00@10.00; good to choice cows, \$5.50@11.00; good to choice heifers, \$9.00@12.00; fair to good cows, \$5.00@9.50; canners, \$2.50@3.00; cutters, \$1.50@2.00; bo-boma bulls, \$8.00@9.00; butcher bulls, \$5.50@10.50; heavy calves, \$8.00@11.00; good to prime calves, \$12.00@14.00.

HEART of the SUNSET

Author of "The Spoilers," "The Iron Trail," "The Silver Horde," Etc.



CHAPTER XVII.—Continued.

A little later Paloma, pale and heavy-eyed, stole into the room, and Dave's cheerful greeting awoke Mrs. Strange with a jerk.

"So! You're feeling better, aren't you?" the latter woman cried, heartily.

"Yes. How did I get here?" Dave asked. "I must have been right sick and troublesome to you."

Paloma smiled and nodded. "Stick! Why, Dave, you frightened us nearly to death! You were clear out of your head."

Mrs. Strange broke into his frowning meditation to ask, "How long since you had a night's sleep?"

"Oh, the prosecutor at Brownsville ain't let me alone a minute for a week."

"Umph! I thought so. You puzzled that pill-roller, but doctors don't know anything, anyhow. Why, he wanted to wake you up to find out what ailed you! I threatened to scold him if he did."

"I seem to remember talking a good deal," Dave ventured. "I reckon I said a lot of foolish things. He caught the look that passed between his nurses and its significance distressed him."

Mrs. Strange continued: "That's how we guessed what your trouble was, and that's why I wouldn't let that fool doctor disturb you. Now that you've had a sleep and are all right again, I'm going home and change my clothes. I haven't had them off for two nights."

"Two nights!" Dave stared in bewilderment. Then he lamely apologized for the trouble he had caused, and tried to thank the women for their kindness.

He was shabby when, an hour later, he came downstairs for breakfast; but otherwise he felt better than for many days; and Dave's open delight at seeing him did him as much good as the food he ate.

Dave spent part of the morning sunning himself on the porch, reading the papers with their exciting news. During his absence Paloma had done her best to spoil Montrosa, and among other marks of favor had allowed her free run of the yard, where the shade was cool and the grass fine, and where delicious tidbits were to be had from the kitchen for the mere asking. In consequence, Dave did not remain there long until he was discovered. Montrosa signaled, then trotted toward him with ears and tail lifted. Her delight was open and extravagant; her welcome was as enthusiastic as a horse could make it. Gone were her coquetry and airs; she nosed and nibbled Dave; she rubbed and nuzzled him with the violence of a battering-ram, and permitted him to hug her and murmur words of love into her velvet ears. She swapped confidence for confidence, too; and then, when he finally walked back toward the house, she followed closely, as if fearful that he might again desert her.

Phil Strange met the lovers as they turned the corner of the porch, and warmly shook Dave's hand. "Twenty—my wife—told me you was better," he began, "so I beat it out here. I hung around all day yesterday, waiting to see you, but you was batty."

"I was pretty sick," Dave acknowledged. "Mrs. Strange was mighty kind to me."

"Sick people get her goat. She's got a way with 'em and with animals, too. Why, Rajah, the big python with our show, took sick one year, and he'd have died sure only for her. Same with a lot of the other animals. She knows more'n any vet I ever saw."

"Perhaps I needed a veterinary instead of a doctor," Dave smiled. "I guess I've got some horse blood in me. See?" Montrosa had thrust her head under his arm and was waiting for him to scratch her ears.

"Well, I brought you some mail," Strange fumbled in his pocket for a small bundle of letters, explaining: "Blaze gave me these for you as I passed the post office."

Dave took the letters with a word of thanks, and thrust them carelessly into his pocket. "What seems to be the trouble?" he inquired.

"You remember our last talk? Well, them Mexicans have got me rattled. I've been trying everywhere to locate you. If you hadn't come home I'd have gone to the prosecuting attorney, or somebody."

"Then you've learned something more?"

Phil nodded, and his sallow face puckered with apprehension. "Rosa Morales has been to see me regular."

Dave passed an uncertain hand over his forehead. "I'm not in very good shape to tackle a new proposition, but—what is it?"

"We've got to get Mrs. Austin away from here."

"Why? Why?"

"If we don't they'll steal her."

"Steal her?" Dave's amazement was patent. "Are you crazy?"

"Sometimes I think I am, but I've pumped that Morales girl dry, and I can't figure anything else out of what she tells me. Her and Jose expect to make a lump of quick money, jump to Mexico, get married, and live happy ever after. Take it from me, it's Mrs. Austin they aim to cash in on."

"Why—the idea's ridiculous!"

"Maybe it is and maybe it ain't," the fortune-teller persisted. "More than one rich Mexican has been grabbed and held for ransom along this river; yes, and Americans, too. If you can believe the stories, anything goes in that country over there."

"You think Jose is planning to kidnap her? Nonsense! One man couldn't do such a thing."

"I didn't say he could," Phil defended himself, sulkily. "Remember, I told you there was somebody back of him."

"Yes, I remember, but you didn't know exactly who."

"Well, I don't exactly know yet. I thought maybe you might tell me."

There was a brief silence, during which Dave stood frowning. Then he appeared to shake himself free from Phil's suggestions.

"It's too utterly preposterous. Mrs. Austin has no enemies; she's a person of importance. If by any chance she disappeared—"

"She's done that very little thing," Strange declared.

"What?"

"She's disappeared—anyhow, she's gone. Yesterday when I saw you was laid up and couldn't help me, I phoned her ranch; somebody answered in Spanish, and from what I could make out they don't know where she is."

Dave wondered if he had understood Strange aright, or if this could be a trick of his own tired brain. Choosing his words carefully, he said: "Do you mean to tell me that she's missing and they haven't given an alarm? I reckon you didn't understand the message, did you?"

Strange shrugged. "Maybe I didn't. Suppose you try. You sabs the lingo."

Dave went to the telephone, leaving Phil to wait. When he emerged from the house a few moments later, it was with a queer, set look upon his face.

"I got 'em," he said. "She's gone—left three days ago."

"Where did she go?"

"They wouldn't tell me."

"They wouldn't?" Strange looked up sharply.

"Wouldn't or couldn't?" The men eyed each other silently; then Phil inquired:

"Well, what do you make of it?"

"You're loaded for bear."

The horseman answered, grimly: "I'm loaded for Jose Sanchez. If I lay hands on him I'll learn what he knows."

"You can't get nothing out of a Mexican."

"No? I've made Filipinos talk. Believe me, I can be some persuasive when I try." With that he swung a leg over Montrosa's back and rode away.

CHAPTER XVIII.

A Surprise.

Law found it good to feel a horse between his knees. He had not realized until now how long Montrosa's saddle had been empty. The sun was hot and friendly, the breeze was sweet in his nostrils as he swept past the smiling fields and out into the mesquite country. Heat waves danced above the patches of bare ground; insects sang noisily from every side; far ahead the road ran a waveling course through a deceitful mirage of rippling ponds. It was all familiar, pleasant; it was home. With every mile he covered his strength and courage increased.

Such changes had come into his life since his last visit to Las Palmas that it gave him a feeling of unreality to discover no alteration in the ranch. He had somehow felt that the buildings would look older, that the trees would have grown taller, and so when he finally came in sight of his destination he related in to look.

Behind him he heard the hum of an approaching motor, and he turned to behold a car racing along the road he had just traveled. The machine was running fast, as a long streamer of choking dust gave evidence, and Dave soon recognized it as belonging to Jonesville's prosecuting attorney. As it tore past him its owner shouted something, but the words were lost. In the automobile with the driver were several passengers, and one of these likewise called to Dave and seemed to motion him to follow. When the machine slowed down a half-mile ahead and veered abruptly into the Las Palmas gateway, Dave lifted Montrosa to a run, wondering what pressing necessity could have induced the prosecuting attorney to risk such a reckless burst of speed.

Dave told himself that he was unduly apprehensive; that Strange's warnings had worked upon his nerves. Nevertheless, he continued to ride so hard that almost before the dust had settled he, too, turned into the shade of the palms.

Yes, there was excitement here; something was evidently very much amiss, judging from the groups of ranch-hands assembled upon the porch. They were clustered about the doors and windows, peering in. Briefly they turned their faces toward Law; then they crowded closer, and he perceived that they were not talking. Some of them had removed their hats and held them in their hands.

Dave's knees shook under him as he dismounted; for one sick, giddy instant the scene swam before his eyes; then he ran toward the house and up the steps. He tried to frame a question, but his lips were stiff with fright. Heedless of those in his path, he forced his way into the house, then down the hall toward an open door, through which he saw a room full of people. From somewhere came the shrill wailing of a woman; the house was full of hushed voices and whisperings. Dave had but one thought. From the depths of his being a voice called Alaire's name until his brain rang with it.

A bed was in the room, and around it was gathered a group of white-faced people. With rough hands Law cleared a way for himself, and then stopped, frozen in his tracks. His arms relaxed, his fingers unclenched, a great sigh whistled from his lungs. Before him, booted, spurred, and fully dressed, lay the dead body of Ed Austin.

Dave was still staring at the master of Las Palmas when the prosecuting attorney spoke to him.

"God! This is terrible, isn't it?" he said. "He must have died instantly."

"Who—did it?"

"We don't know yet. Benito found him and brought him in. He hasn't been dead an hour."

Law ran his eyes over the room, and then asked, sharply, "Where is Mrs. Austin?"

He was answered by Benito Gonzalez, who had edged closer. "She's not here, seior."

"Have you notified her?"

Benito shrugged. "There has been no time, it all happened so quickly—"

Someone interrupted, and Dave saw that it was the local sheriff—evidently it was he who had waved from the speeding machine a few moments before.

"I'm glad you're here, Dave, for you can give me a hand. I'm going to round up these Mexicans right away and find out what they know. Whoever did it hasn't gone far; so you act as my deputy and see what you can learn."

When Dave had gained better control of himself he took Benito outdoors and demanded full details of the tragedy.

With many lamentations and incoherencies the range boss told what he knew.

Ed had met his death within a half-mile of Las Palmas as he rode home for dinner. Benito, himself on his way to the house, had found the body, still warm, near the edge of the pecan grove. He had retained enough sense to telephone at once to Jonesville, and then—Benito hardly knew what he had done since then, he was so badly shaken by the tragedy.

"What time did it happen?"

"It was noon when I came in."

Dave consulted his watch, and was surprised to discover that it was now only a few minutes past one. It was evident, therefore, that Benito had indeed lost no time, and that his alarm had met with instant response.

"Now tell me, who did it?"

Benito flung his hands high. "God knows! Some enemy, of course; but Don Eduardo had many."

"Not that sort of enemy. There was nobody who could wish to kill him."

"That is as it is."

"Haven't you any suspicions?"

"No, seior."

"You say Mrs. Austin is gone?"

"Yes."

"Where?"

"I don't know."

Dave spoke brusquely: "Come, Benito; you must know, for your wife went with her. Are you trying to keep something back?"

"No, no! As God is my judge!" Benito declared. "I didn't know they were going until the very last, and even then Dolores would tell me nothing. We were having bad times here at Las Palmas; there were stormy scenes yonder in the house. Seior Ed was drinking again, you understand? The seiora had reason to go."

"You think she ran away to escape him?"

"Exactly."

Dave breathed more easily, for this seemed to settle Strange's theory. The next instant, however, his apprehensions were doubled, for Benito added:

"No doubt she went to La Feria."

Law uttered an incredulous exclamation. "Not there! Surely she wouldn't go to La Feria at such a time. Why, that country is ablaze. Americans are fleeing from Mexico."

"I hadn't thought of that," Benito confessed. "But if she didn't go there, where did she go? Saints above! It is a fine condition of affairs when a wife keeps secrets from her husband. I suppose Dolores feared I would tell Don Eduardo. God rest his soul! This much I do know, however: not long ago there came a letter from General Longoria, offering settlement for those cattle he stole in his government's name. Dolores told me the seiora was highly pleased and was going to Mexico for her money. It was a mark of Longoria's favor, you understand that? He's a great friend, an ardent admirer." Benito winked. "Dolores told me all about that, too. No, I think they went to La Feria."

Dave remembered his first conversation with Phil Strange and the fortune-teller's insistence that some powerful person was behind Jose Sanchez. More than three weeks ago Strange had forecast something very like this murder of Ed Austin. Dave felt as if he were the victim of an hysterical imagination. Nevertheless, he forced himself to ask, quietly:

"Is Jose Sanchez anywhere about?"

The range boss shrugged. "I sent him to the east pasture this morning."

"Did he go?"

"Eh? So! You suspect Jose of this. God in heaven! Jose is a wild boy—but but! I'll ask Juan if he saw him; yes, and Victoria, too. That is Victoria you hear squalling in the kitchen. Wait here."

Benito hurried away, leaving Dave a prey to perplexity; but he was back again in a few moments. His face was grave.

"Jose did not go to the east pasture," he said.

"Where is he now?"

"No one seems to know."

Law walked to his horse, mounted, and galloped away. Benito, who watched him, saw that he turned toward the river road which led to the Las Palmas pumping plant.

LANE EXPLAINS WAR

"WHY WE FIGHT," IS TOLD WORLD BY MEMBER OF WILSON'S CABINET.

IS FIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE

Kaiser Thrust the Battle Upon America—Attacked U. S. by Sinking Our Ships and Attempted to Rule the Seas.

Washington, June 6.—On the eve of war registration day Secretary Lane made a speech before the Home club of the interior department in which he addressed a word to those who have not seen clearly the reason for the country's call upon its young men, and in ringing sentences answered the question, "Why are we fighting Germany?"

America is at war, Mr. Lane said, in self-defense and because she could not keep out; she is at war to save herself with the rest of the world from the nation that has linked itself with the Turk and adopted the method of Mohammed, setting itself to make the world bow before policies backed by its organized and scientific military system.

"Why are we fighting Germany?" said the secretary. "The brief answer is that ours is a war of self-defense. We did not wish to fight Germany. She made the attack upon us, not on our shores, but on our ships, our lives, our rights, our future. For two years and more we held to a neutrality that made us apologists for things which outraged man's common sense of fair play and humanity."

"At each new offense we said: 'This is war—archaic, uncivilized war, but war. All rules have been thrown away; all nobility, man has come down to the primitive brute, and while we cannot justify we will not inter-vene. It is not our war.'"

"Then why are we in? Because we could not keep out. The invasion of Belgium, which opened the war, led to the invasion of the United States by slow, steady, logical steps. Our sympathies evolved into a conviction of self-interest. Our love of fair play ripened into alarm at our own peril."

"We talked in the language and in the spirit of good faith and sincerity, as honest men should talk, until we discovered our talk was construed as cowardice. And Mexico was called upon to cow us. We talked as men would talk who cared alone for peace and the advancement of their own material interests, until we discovered that we were thought to be a nation of mere money makers, devoid of all character—until, indeed, we were told that we could not walk the highways of the world without permission of a Prussian soldier, that our ships might not sail without wearing a striped uniform of humiliation, a narrow path of national subservience."

"And so we came into this war for ourselves. It is a war to save America to preserve self-respect, to justify our right to live as we have lived, not as someone else wishes us to live. In the name of freedom we challenge with ships and men, money and an undaunted spirit, that word 'verboten' which Germany has written upon the sea and upon the land. For America it is not the name of so much territory. It is a living spirit, born in travail, grown in the rough school of bitter experience, a living spirit which has purpose and pride, knows why it wishes to live and to what end, knows how it comes to be respected of the world, and hopes to retain that respect by living on with the light of Lincoln's love of man as its old and new testament."

PLAN HEAVY WHISKY TAX

Prohibitive Rate Proposed by Senate Committee—Suspension of Beverage Production Would Result.

Washington, June 6.—Prohibition legislation was approved by the senate finance committee on Monday, as a new feature of the war tax bill.

Prohibitive taxes upon distillation of whisky and other spirits for beverage purposes, with a ban upon their importation, were agreed upon by a substantial majority of the committee.

General suspension of beverage production by distilleries and use of liquor now in bonded warehouses probably would be the effect of the new tax section if enacted into law.

In addition to the present tax of \$20 per gallon, a tax of \$20 per bushel (from \$5 to \$9 a gallon) upon all grain, cereal or other foodstuffs used in manufacturing whisky or other distilled spirits for use as beverages was written into the bill. Senator Simmons said the increase would be prohibitive upon manufacture while the law is in effect, or during the war.

Recruit for British, Too. Chicago, June 6.—Men owing allegiance to nations other than the United States will be accepted by United States army recruiting officers throughout the service for enlistment in the British or Canadian military service.

Ruth Law to Drop Bombs. Cleveland, O., June 6.—Ruth Law, famous aviatrix, soared above Cleveland in her Curtiss biplane, warming up for her Liberty bond flight over midwest cities. The premier bird woman will drop "Liberty bombs."

Bryn Mawr college will use the old Garrett estate near Baltimore as a farm to teach the girl students how to farm and be gardeners.

MISSION IN RUSSIA

WILSON'S ENVOYS, HEADED BY ELIHU ROOT, HASTEN TO PETROGRAD.

U. S. WAR AIMS ARE GIVEN

Seek to Avert Collapse of Slav Republic—Will Pledge Aid of America in Fight for New Peace Ideals.

Washington, June 5.—The American mission to Russia, headed by Elihu Root, arrived at a Russian port. Announcement of the safe passage of the commission was made on Sunday by Secretary Daniels, who received a dispatch from the commander of the vessel on which the journey was made.

Former Senator Root and his colleagues will proceed to Petrograd immediately, arriving there when the new government is hemmed in on all sides by disorganization, royalist plots, radical uprisings and lack of power to meet the situation which threatens to force a separate peace.

This statement was drafted by President Wilson. It is addressed to Russia for two main reasons—to brace her by assurance of America's aid and to convey to the Liberals of Russia the knowledge America is fighting for the same ideals which they demand as part of any peace treaty.

The Wilson statement was cabled several days ago, but has been withheld from publication in America in courtesy to Russia.

WILSON TO GIVE WAR AIMS

Formal Statement Opposes Annexation—Restitution and Restoration Is Kept.

Washington, June 2.—President Wilson's outline of the position of this government as to the object of the war will be made public upon receipt of an acknowledgment by Ambassador Francis at Petrograd that he has a copy of the document. In this statement, which is an answer to the request of the Russian government for a statement of all the allies of their attitude toward "no annexations and no indemnities," the position of Belgium will probably play an important part in illustrating the position of this government. It has been known for some time here that, while the administration from the time it entered the war has been opposed to punitive annexations and war tributes, it would, nevertheless, favor indemnity to the extent of restitution and restoration for destruction. The restoration of the smaller nations swallowed up in the maelstrom of war by the larger nations will undoubtedly prove to be the keynote of any policy on this subject announced by this government.

BIG LOSSES FOR AUSTRIA

Italy's Drive Costs foe 300,000 Men—King's Troops Are Re-Enforcing Lines Taken During Advance.

Rome, June 4.—Italy's great offensive already has cost the Austrians 300,000 in killed, wounded and missing, according to conservative estimates. The Italians are now consolidating, re-enforcing their lines with new troops and re-fortifying positions, but continue to inflict frightful losses on the enemy by repelling countless counter-attacks.

From semi-official sources these instances were obtained, illustrating the tremendous losses of the enemy's forces:

On May 19, four divisions (approximately 60,000 troops) which vainly defended positions between Auzza and Frigidu were practically wiped out.

On the next day, two desperate attempts to recapture Allingort, positions in the Vodice sector and around Massif cost the Austrians at least three full regiments (nearly 15,000 men).

He Was Far-Sighted. An ambitious colored man had quit his job and was being granted a new one with another concern, when his employer asked him if he could be ready to commence work in two weeks. He replied: "I fear dat would be difficult for me to be ready in two weeks, but I could be ready in one week shore."

"How's that?" asked his employer. "Well, in one week I can finish de garden work," was his answer, "but if I is home the one week more de missus would be rushin' me into de middle of house-cleanin'."—The Christian Herald.

HEAL ITCHING SKINS With Cuticura Soap and Ointment—They Heal When Others Fail.

Nothing better, quicker, safer, sweeter for skin troubles of young and old that itch, burn, crust, scale, torture or disfigure. Once used always used because these super-creamy emollients tend to prevent little skin troubles becoming serious, if used daily.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

A Norfolk county, Virginia, farmer went bankrupt recently with liabilities \$38,618 and assets 0.

Nearly 5,000 Canadian miners are afflicted with the United Mine Workers.

U. S. Hospital Unit Is Safe. Chicago, June 6.—The steamship Mongolia, aboard of which was hospital unit No. 12 from Chicago, which met with an accident when two nurses were killed, has arrived at a British port.

KIDNEY REMEDY HIGHLY RECOMMENDED

There is no medicine which we handle that gives such good results as your Swamp-Root. Many of our customers have informed us at different times that they have derived great benefit from its use.

There was one case in particular which attracted a great deal of attention in this neighborhood early last Spring as the gentleman's life was despaired of and two doctors treating him for liver and kidney trouble were unable to give him any relief. Finally a specialist from St. Louis was called in but failed to do him any good. I at last induced him to try your Swamp-Root and after taking it for three months, he was attending to his business as usual and is now entirely well. This case has been the means of creating an increased demand for your Swamp-Root with us.

Very truly yours, L. A. RICHARDSON, Druggist, Marine, Illinois, May 27, 1916.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

EUROPE FOR CLEAN MOVIES

Foreign Countries Are Buying Much Film From America, But Suggest Change in Its Character.

Europe is buying more motion picture film from America than ever before. This is an excellent branch of our export trade. It does not take much raw material. It gives employment to many grades of labor from the rough to the highest grade. It distributes money through all the stages of its progress from the crude product to the finished.

Europe finds in the "movie" a bit of relief, of relaxation from the long strain and horror of war. It wants American pictures but what an indictment of American morals is contained in the report of our vice consul, David C. Kerr, stationed at Birmingham, England, who notifies the secretary of commerce that "the only recommendation offered by renting agents as to any improvements desired in American films is a request for 'less of the sexual problem!'" We are so habituated to seeing indecent plays, suggestive "movies" and women in scant drapery that we have lost the proper sense of proportion morally. "Less of the sexual problem," says Europe. The message is a good one from a people who are being made better, cleaner, truer as they are tried in the fire of war.—Financial America.

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter: wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezeone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding skin.

A small bottle of freezeone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezeone for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

He Was Far-Sighted. An ambitious colored man had quit his job and was being granted a new one with another concern, when his employer asked him if he could be ready to commence work in two weeks. He replied: "I fear dat would be difficult for me to be ready in two weeks, but I could be ready in one week shore."

"How's that?" asked his employer. "Well, in one week I can finish de garden work," was his answer, "but if I is home the one week more de missus would be rushin' me into de middle of house-cleanin'."—The Christian Herald.

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THE SENATOR DECLARES HIMSELF.

LIKE W-B CUT TOBACCO, AND INTEND USING IT JUST AS LONG AS I WANT TO, REGARDLESS OF WHAT ANY ONE SAYS OR DOES.

I ADMIRE HIS SPIRIT OF INDEPENDENCE.

ACCORDING TO THE PRINCIPLES OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT HE HAS THE RIGHT.

WHAT makes tobacco good is the sap there is in the leaf to start with and the way it's cured—some tobacco is sappier than others. If you take a big chew of W-B CUT, you may find it too rich for you. Take a little chew—it's made of fine, sappy, leaf; there's a lot of tobacco satisfaction stored away in it. The touch of salt brings it out, without so much chewing; and a little chew lasts and satisfies.

Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 111 Broadway, New York City

CAMPBELLSPORT.

John Grill called on friends here Sunday.

O. A. Braun spent Sunday at Fond du Lac.

F. A. Dieringer spent Monday at Fond du Lac.

Mrs. J. H. Paas spent Friday at Fond du Lac.

Mrs. Jos. Bauer was at Fond du Lac Thursday.

F. Ludwig was a pleasant caller here Thursday.

A. Buslaff was a pleasant village caller Monday.

Miss T. Erts visited with friends in Chicago Thursday.

Miss L. Doyle called on friends at Milwaukee Friday.

James Murray was a business caller at Edena Monday.

R. Pieper was a business caller at Kewaskum Thursday.

M. Thelen was a business caller at Fond du Lac Friday.

Miss T. Johnson called on friends at Milwaukee Thursday.

Martin Haesly of Eden called on friends here Sunday.

Walter Brook of Oshkosh called on friends here Sunday.

F. Gremminger transacted business at Kewaskum Friday.

Paul Krueger transacted business at Fond du Lac Monday.

Mrs. L. Biersdorf visited with friends in Fond du Lac Friday.

Henry Scholler transacted business at Fond du Lac Saturday.

Dr. Thompson of Chicago was a pleasant village caller Saturday.

J. O'Connell of Plymouth was a business caller here Saturday.

Miss J. Laffer visited with relatives at Milwaukee Wednesday.

Miss Gretchen Paas called on friends at Fond du Lac Monday.

Charles Lade of Oshkosh was the guest of friends here Sunday.

Mrs. N. Walters was a week end guest of her son, Dr. D. N. Walters.

Irene Klokke and Estelle Paas were callers at Fond du Lac Sunday.

Otto Trentlage of Ft. Houston is visiting relatives here for some time.

John Enright spent Monday with relatives and friends in Milwaukee.

Thos. Johnson, W. Myers, R. R. Ellis were Fond du Lac business callers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Odekirk, Mrs. Chas. Barnett were Fond du Lac business callers Friday.

Misses F. Senn and sister called on their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Senn here over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Haesly and Mrs. W. Jaeger called on friends at Fond du Lac Saturday.

Miss Angeline Esser of Milwaukee spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. D. N. Walters.

The Misses Margaret Rothberger and Leona Meyer were Fond du Lac callers Monday.

Mrs. W. Martin and sister were the guests of relatives and friends at Milwaukee last week Saturday.

Mrs. D. N. Walters, D. Keno and J. L. Gudex looked after business interests at Fond du Lac Thursday.

Mathias Boeckler, a student of the Marquette University, Milwaukee spent Sunday with his parents.

R. Weber, Mr. and Mrs. H. Husman and W. Knickel were Milwaukee business callers the forepart of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Carrather returned to Chicago Sunday after spending the week end with Jos. Bauer and family.

David Wenzel Jr. and sister Marie left Tuesday morning for the west. David has accepted a position at Fairview, Montana, and his sister Marie will visit relatives at Mott, N. D.

Sour Stomach

This is a mild form of indigestion. It is usually brought on by eating too rapidly or too much, or of food not suited to your digestive organs. If you feel too slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, eat but little meat and none at all for supper, you will more than likely avoid the sour stomach without taking any medicine whatever. When you have sour stomach, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets to aid digestion.

MIDDLE TOWN

Frank Burnett was a caller at St. Kilian Monday evening.

Misses Lauretta and Nina Ludwig spent Monday with Viola Bartlett.

Adella Bartlett and Elsie Bartlett were callers at Frank Jacobitz last Sunday.

Miss Bernice and Mildred Jacobitz spent Tuesday with Marie Buslaff at Waucousta.

Misses Adela and Elsie Bartlett and Evelyn Schultz were callers at Fond du Lac Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family and Mrs. W. Bartlett were Fond du Lac callers Tuesday.

Miss Hazel Allen returned to her home at Fond du Lac Friday after spending a few weeks at John Jewson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Sammons, Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartlett, Cecelia Ludwig and Arthur Bartlett were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartlett Sunday evening.

AUBURN

Fred Dickmann spent Thursday in Fond du Lac.

William Dins and Walter Dickman spent Sunday at Lemira.

Misses Alma Dickmann and Ella Miller spent Saturday in Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. August Koel visited with relatives at Kewaskum last Monday.

Peter Schroeder spent Saturday and Wednesday in Fond du Lac on business.

Hugo Steinacker spent Sunday with Ben Steinacker and family at North Auburn.

Miss Olive Terhinden returned home from Mendota Thursday to spend her summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Senn and family and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Cooney visited Sunday at the Gustave Dickmann home.

ELMORE

Margaret Schill spent Friday at Fond du Lac.

Miss Nora Geidel spent Sunday with Ernst Rusch and family.

Mrs. Bertia Mueller of Milwaukee is visiting relatives here.

John Lichensteiger of Oshkosh spent Sunday here with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boegels spent Sunday with relatives at St. Aronian.

William Berg and son Arnold of Ashford were village callers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zielke and family spent Sunday with the A. J. Scheurman and family.

Charles Corbett and family of Dundee were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mathieu Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Jewson of Campbellsport moved onto the former Robert Dens farm the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Beisler and family of St. Kilian spent Sunday with Albert Strubing and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleinhaus and son Wesley spent the forepart of the week with friends in Milwaukee.

Viola and Oscar Backhaus Alfred and Franklin Geidel spent Sunday evening at the George Scheid home.

Mr. and Mrs. Clrist Matthies and children of South Elmore were guests of John Mathieu Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Strubing and daughter Anita spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Strubing and family at South Elmore.

Mr. and Mrs. Clas Spradow and son Walter, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kibbel, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel and family Messrs. Allen, Lester and Clester Mc Auley spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus.

CEDAR LAWN

Ben Steinacker made a business trip to New Fane Tuesday.

Wm. Klies of Campbellsport was here on business Monday.

Paul Chesley who attended Ripon college is home for his vacation.

Leonard Gudex called on his sister, Mrs. Ratzel at Elmore last Sunday.

On account of the heavy rain here Saturday, low lands are flooded.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gudex made a business trip to Eden village on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Odekirk made a business trip to Fond du Lac Friday.

Mrs. Johanna Majerus spent the past week visiting her brother, Jac. Boegel and family at St. Kilian.

Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Scheid of Ashford called on the A. D. Chesley family in South Eden last Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gudex and Miss Rosa Will visited with Anton Bertram and family near Campbellsport last Sunday.

Too Late For Last Week.

Ben Steinacker lost a valuable horse Thursday.

Wm. Backhaus lost a valuable horse a few days ago.

Charles Marx and son of Empire spent last Sunday here.

George Keno of Campbellsport is working on the A. B. Moore farm.

Jake Harter and Mr. Heberer of Auburn were here on business last Friday.

Slaveyvor John L. Gudex was a business caller at the County Seat Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Bertram of Campbellsport were callers here last Sunday.

Miss Rose Will of St. Cloud is spending a week with her sister Mrs. George Gudex.

Nic. Kraemer spent from last Saturday to Monday with his family in Fond du Lac.

Conrad Maek sold four one-year-old Leifers to John Braun at Eden on Thursday for \$500.

Justice of the Peace John L. Gudex transacted business at Young America last Thursday.

The heavy storm which passed over this section last Saturday consisted largely of hail.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gudex and Miss Rose Will visited with the H. A. Raulf family at Byron last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Sackett of Fond du Lac passed through here Wednesday morning enroute to Campbellsport.

FIVE CORNERS

Henry Schultz received his new Clevecot car Monday.

Miss Lucile Harter is spending a few days with relatives at Kewaskum.

Wm. Pesch and family of New Fane visited with the C. Raether family Sunday.

Miss Dolly Drickien of Milwaukee is the guest of Miss Francis Raether this week.

John Becker of Random Lake was a caller at the J. Harter home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. T. F. Wickert of Schleisingerville is visiting at the Perry Night home at present.

Messrs. and Mesdames John and Peter Thill visited Sunday with Mrs. Emma Volz and family.

Miss Cecelia Calvey of Dundee spent a few days of this week with her friend, Irma Wittenberg.

Messrs. Henry and Wilbur Wittenberg, Fred and Wilbur Schief were West Bend callers Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Schaefer and family and Mrs. Butzlaff of West Bend and Mrs. Otto Schaefer of Milwaukee spent Monday with Miss Irma Wittenberg and brothers.

WAUCOUSTA

Will Ellison of Sheboygan was a business caller here Tuesday.

Herman Dunn and family spent Sunday with relatives at Rosendale.

Mrs. M. D. Haskin is entertaining company from Chicago this week.

Bernice and Mildred Jacobitz of Auburn spent Tuesday with Marie Buslaff.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Buslaff and family spent Monday afternoon Round Lake fishing.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett and children and John Terry motored to Fond du Lac Sunday afternoon.

Arnold Sook, who has been attending Normal school at Milwaukee is spending his vacation with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Steiner and daughter Silvia, Miss Clara Lapins and Earl Bentley, all of Lemira were callers here Sunday.

Rev. John Pieper and daughters Cecelia and Adela of Minnetonka visited with relatives here the latter part of last week.

Quite a number from here attended the class play given by the Campbellsport high school graduates last Saturday evening.

ASHFORD

About 115 registered here Tuesday.

Attorney Doyle of Fond du Lac spent Tuesday here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wenzel Wagner spent Sunday with relatives at Campbellsport.

Mrs. Peter Driekosen of Elmore spent Sunday with the William Driekosen family.

Wm. Driekosen Jr. of Elmore spent Tuesday with his grand father, Wm. Driekosen Sr.

Nick Mangel who attended Marquette college at Milwaukee is home for his summer vacation.

Arnold Kruedwig and Al Seland purchased a 22 H. P. threshing engine in Fond du Lac this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wenzel Janous and son Joe attended the Ulrich-Peter wedding at Campbellsport last Monday.

Mrs. Henry Maudel and daughter Helen of Colly, Wis. returned home after spending a month with relatives here.

Whooping Cough

In this disease it is important that the cough be kept loose and expectoration easy, which can be done by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. P. H. Martin, Port. Ind. writes "My two daughters had whooping cough. I gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it worked like a charm."

Prosperity and Health

Much of the most important knowledge we have of human life has been gained by a study of the lives of lower and simpler animal creatures. Students of complex modern community life have been aided by a study of less advanced civilizations. I believe I obtained a better idea of rural Wisconsin health problems by visiting a more primitive state, recently, than I would have formed in a much greater length of time spent within our own borders.

Notwithstanding the fact that the region I visited is several hundred years older than Wisconsin, there are few localities left in our state which present such clear pictures of pioneer days as are to be seen there in connection with relics of our earliest national history.

From the ear windows forested hundreds of acres in extent were seen, in which, perhaps, not a single blow of an axe has ever been heard. Here and there were little clearings with rough board fences and rather flimsy attempts at primitive agriculture.

The people are so poor that they haven't the time nor money to provide themselves with the luxury of a deep well of unpolluted drinking water. Privies are open to swarms of flies, and pesting much less wire screening checks their flight into the cabins at mealtimes.

The faces and figures of the people show the endless chain of poverty and sickness. They are sick because they are poor, and poor because they are sick.

We who live in Wisconsin are well situated. We can see an end to biting poverty and bread hunger. The day when we shall be free of the simpler forms of preventable diseases at least, is not so very remote. Our cold winters and springs may irritate us, but they do not rob us of the ability to work profitably. And profitable work in a few years provides the means by which we may prevent disease or secure proper treatment and care if it should overtake us.

People should not postpone too long the spending of a due proportion of their savings to secure life and health protection. For, after all, health really does constitute the great wealth.

VALLEY VIEW

Francis McNamara was a Sunday visitor at Campbellsport.

Leo Mullen of North Ashford called on friends in this vicinity recently.

Mrs. Charles Seefeld and son Alvin were Kewaskum callers last week Friday.

J. B. Hughes of Markesan is visiting his son Charles and family here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Tuttle and Robert Norton called on relatives in Auburn Sunday.

Misses Ethel Norton and Bernice Johnson called on North Ashford friends recently.

Miss Hazel Chesley of Malcom, Iowa is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Chesley.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Norton and son Louis spent Tuesday evening at B. Jaeger's in North Ashford.

Mrs. Frank Murray and daughter Blanchie spent Tuesday as guests of relatives in Milwaukee.

Messrs. Alvin Seefeld, Alvin M. Auly and Wm. Baumgardt were Campbellsport callers Sunday evening.

Miss Johanna Campbell of North Ashford is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. N. J. Klotz and family.

Miss Rose Lembeck and Paul Libbecki of Milwaukee were guests of the B. Jaeger family a few days recently.

Mesdames George Johnson and John Mullen spent Sunday with the Edward Schneider family near Campbellsport.

Misses Rose Lembeck, Susan Jaeger, Ethel Norton and Bernice Johnson called on Campbellsport friends Sunday evening.

Joseph Calhoun of River Valley and Mrs. John Hilbert and son Walter of North Ashford spent Sunday evening at Frank Murray's.

Misses Bernice Johnson, Ethel Norton, Theresa Schommer, Marie Koelne, Johanna Campbell and Marie Ketter were Campbellsport visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Robert Newton and son Louis returned home Sunday evening after a few days visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Tuttle in Auburn.

Misses Blanchie Murray, Ethel Norton, Johanna Campbell, Theresa Schommer, Marie Ketter, Marie Koelne and Bernice Johnson attended the ball game Sunday.

Several from here attended the class play "The Lion and the Mouse" given by the high school graduates at the New Opera House at Campbellsport Monday evening.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS.

They cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

SCOUTS' EDUCATIONAL WORK

No organization in the country has any stronger leadership in educational matters than has been secured by the Boy Scouts of America. Members of the board are well qualified to keep the work of the Boy Scout movement in full accord with the most modern and best ideas of education. The national council has planned to refer to this department all matters of an educational character. The department is now preparing:

1. To give leadership in a series of conferences for scoutmasters and other scout officials throughout the country as deemed advisable from time to time.
2. To promote and develop training courses for leadership in scouting throughout the country either in connection with established educational institutions or under the auspices of local councils.
3. To arrange for the presentation of the merits of the scout program and its appeal for leadership before various student bodies and educational and religious conventions and conferences.
4. To co-operate in making "scouting" the official bulletin, helpful to scoutmasters and others actively engaged in scout work through definite suggestions and general educational articles.
5. To develop correspondence courses for inspiration and instruction for scout leaders.
6. To cultivate the interest of school teachers and others particularly interested in educational problems through educational journals and conferences.



A TROOP'S BIG GOOD TURN.

Troop 1 of Santa Fe, N. M., had its first opportunity to do a community good turn when the New Mexico State Education association met for its annual convention in their city.

Hotel accommodations were limited and many of the visiting teachers had to be assigned to private houses. The scouts served as guides, one riding on the running board of each automobile and helping the teachers with their luggage.

No tips were taken, although many were offered. The work of the scouts made a great hit with the town as well as with the visitors. The chamber of commerce and the women's clubs are to give the scouts a banquet to show their appreciation. The association adopted resolutions thanking the troop for its efficient service.

SCOUT HANDBOOK BIG SELLER.

Our country's most popular juvenile book is not, as might be supposed, "Robinson Crusoe" or "Treasure Island," but the "Handbook for Boys," published by the Boy Scouts of America. Within the last two years there have been published more than 300,000 copies of this book, and it is a good guess that more copies have been sold than have been sold of both "Treasure Island" and "Robinson Crusoe" together during the same period. Indeed, it is not too much to say that if the figures were available to make such a comparison possible, it would be shown that there have been published in the last two years more copies of the "Handbook for Boys" than all the standard stories for boys published during the same period.

AMONG THE SCOUTS.

A scout walks through the woods with silent tread. No dry twigs snap under his feet and no loose stones turn over and throw him off his balance. His eyes are keen and he sees many things that others do not see. He sees tracks and signs which reveal to him the nature and habits of the creatures that made them. He knows how to stalk birds and animals and study them in their natural haunts. He sees much but is little seen.

A scout can make himself known to a brother scout wherever he may be by a method which only scouts can know. He has brothers in every city in the land and in every country in the world. Wherever he goes he can give his signs and be assured of a friendly welcome. He can talk with a brother scout without making a sound, or he can make known his message by imitating the click of a telegraph key.

The New York State College of Forestry at Syracuse university has offered one scholarship annually to a Boy Scout who is a resident of the state of New York.

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Dr. Hess Instant Louse Killer

John Marx, Kewaskum, Wis.

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Quality Team Harness, my own make, per set, \$50.00 and up. Our all leather Collars at \$4.00. Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Gloves and Mittens. Now when you can spare your harness, is a good time to have it oiled and repaired. I will oil team harness for 75c, if you take it apart and clean it, you also to buckle it up. If I do all the work I will oil same for \$2.00.

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