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VOLUME XXII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1917.

NUMBER 29

Registration Notice

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
Department of State,

In accordance with the provisions of chapter 196, Laws of Wisconsin for 1917, and a proclamation by the Governor dated May 23, 1917,

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, that Tuesday, June 5, 1917, has been designated by the President of the United States as the day of registration, in accordance with the provisions of an act of Congress approved May 18, 1917.

"All male persons who have attained their twenty-first birthday, and who shall not have attained their thirty-first birthday," shall present themselves for registration in the precincts wherein they have their permanent homes, between the hours of seven, A. M., and nine, P. M., on said day.

This registration will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of said Chapter 196, and the rules and regulations prescribed by the United States government.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at the Capitol in the city of Madison, this 23rd day of May, A. D., 1917.

(Seal) **MERLIN HULL,**
Secretary of State

Office of County Clerk,
Washington County, Wisconsin
R. G. Kraemer, Clerk

Notice to the Public

The inevitable has come. Beginning June 1st, 1917, we will charge for all bottles and cases and kegs as follows, viz:

80 cents for each case with bottles, 32 cents for each case without bottles, 2 cents for each bottle, 50 cents for each 1-8 keg.

These charges will be made and collected in addition to the price of the beer, and will apply to wholesale as well as retail orders. In other words no exceptions will be made whether the customer buys a wagon load, or if a private party buys a single case or keg. The containers must be paid for in addition to the beer as per above schedule. Consequently, when you buy bottle beer from your neighboring buffet, you must expect (if you take it out of the place) to pay 2 cents for each bottle in addition to the price of the beer. Upon the return of the empties the proper credit or refund will be made for all bottles and cases in good condition. If all the bottles are not returned, credit or refund will be made for only those returned.

No credit or refund will be made on cases or bottles delivered prior to June 1st, 1917, nor will credit or refund be made on any package not bearing the SPECIAL BRAND OR MARK of the Brewing Company.

We have been compelled to announce the enforcement of this new rule on account of the enormous increase in the cost of all containers and the tremendous loss we suffer through failure to return and destruction by unscrupulous persons.

Respectfully Yours,
West Bend Brewing Co.
West Bend, Wis.

"How Delightful It Is"

How delightful it is to do one's duty well;
How delightful it is in the House of God to dwell.

How delightful it is like Sheridan on his ride,
With a heart full of hope to swim to the Other side.

How delightful it is at the country's call,
To put on the armor and fight for all.

How delightful it is, in foreign land,
To uphold the flag and for Justice stand.

How delightful it is to slip out of the sod,
And on the wings of music to fly to God.

Has a Good Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets

"Chamberlain's Tablets are a wonder. I never sold anything that beat them," writes F. B. Treasey, Richmond, Ky. When troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial.

EMERSON OLWIN WRITES FROM WASHINGTON

The following letter was received from Emerson Olwin who is serving in the regular army of the U. S. The letter is dated at Vancouver, Wash., and states that he arrived there Friday morning. He writes as follows: "We arrived here Friday morning and it took us five days and five nights to make the trip through California and Oregon. We certainly passed through some beautiful scenery, among the sights were Mt. Lassen, the only active volcano in the United States, and Mt. Shasta, which is 14,377 feet high. It was covered with snow as were the smaller hills surrounding it. We wound our way around it in an up and down manner, passing through long tunnels, until we had reached the other side. It certainly was some trip from Jefferson Barracks, Mo. Our route took us by the way of Little Rock and Texarkana, Austin, San Antonio, El Paso, Tucson, Nogales, Arizona. From there we went to Yuma and then to Los Angeles, Bakersfield, Fresno, Sacramento, Stockton and Lodi. From there we went to Vancouver, Wash., by way of Marysville, Dunsmore, Mt. Shasta, Lozelle, Salem and Portland. There was quite a change in the climate in Washington compared with that at Nogales and Yuma, Arizona. The climate here is a great deal like that of Wisconsin. I do not know how long we will be here as they are now talking about going to American Lake, Wash. I am now a member of Co. G, 44th Infantry, U. S. A. Give my best regards to all my Kewaskum friends."

Miss Myrtle Schnurr Married

Miss Myrtle Schnurr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Schnurr, of the town of Kewaskum, was united in marriage to Mr. Edw. J. Spoerl of Knowles, Wis., at the home of the bride's parents, at 6 p. m., on Saturday, May 26. Rev. F. Mohme tied the nuptial knot. Miss Frieda Spoerl, sister of the groom, acted as maid of honor and Elmer Schnurr, brother of the bride, was best man. The bride was dressed in white georgette crepe and carried a slower bouquet of ward roses and sweet peas. The maid of honor wore a gown of pink flowered voile and wore a corsage bouquet of pink sweet peas. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, with only immediate members of both families present. The home was beautifully decorated in a color scheme of green and gold and cut flowers. After partaking of a delicious wedding supper the guests employed their time in social converse until the time of departure. The bride is one of Kewaskum's most popular young ladies and has a host of friends who wish her all the happiness and success that may attend her and hers throughout their wedded life. Although not intimately acquainted with the groom we feel that Miss Schnurr made no mistake in choosing one who will be a pleasant and helpful companion through life. The young couple will be at home to their many friends after July 15th, at Knowles, Wis., where the groom owns a prosperous blacksmithing business. We extend our congratulations to the happy couple.

Amusements

Sunday, June 3—Grand ball in the North Side Park hall, music by Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton. Everyone invited.

Sunday afternoon June 3—Grand picnic given by patrons of Kleinschay cheese factory in the West woods. Brass band and amusements of all kinds.

Tuesday evening, June 5—Senior class play, "The Old Quarry" at the Opera House. Dance after the play. Music by Kewaskum Quintette. Don't fail to attend!

Wednesday evening, June 6—Graduation exercises of the Kewaskum High School.

Thursday evening, June 7—Grand ball in Wm. Hess' hall, New Pine. Music by McKinnon's Harp orchestra. Everyone invited.

NIC ZIEMET KILLED FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK

Nic Ziemet, who was doing some repair work on the electric wires, last week Friday, in the city of Marshfield, was suddenly electrocuted. Mr. Ziemet had been in the employ of said city in the electrical work for several years, and while working on one of the poles, in some manner accidentally came in touch with a live wire, causing his untimely death. Deceased was born on July 2nd, 1876, in Oakfield, Fond du Lac county, Wis., and later settled in Beaver Dam, where, after becoming an efficient electrician, moved to Marshfield, where he accepted a position for the city of Marshfield as electrician, which position he held up to time of his death. On September 12, 1905, he was united in marriage to Miss Matilda Witzig, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sebastian Witzig of this village. Their union was blessed with six children, three of whom, together with their grief-stricken mother survive. The names of the children are, Arnold, aged 10; Raymond, aged 6; and Francis, aged 4 years.

Mr. Ziemet was one of Marshfield's most prominent young men. He was an active member of a number of societies, and for several years a star player on the Marshfield base ball team. He was a hard and conscientious worker, one who well fulfilled the duties of life and in his chosen vocation. His presence will be greatly missed by his relatives and large number of acquaintances.

The funeral was held at Marshfield on Monday at 9 a. m., with services in the St. John's church. Interment was made in the St. John's Catholic cemetery. Rev. Father Volz officiating.

The Statesman joins his many friends in extending heartfelt sympathy to the surviving relatives.

Mrs. Carl Huecker Stricken

About nine o'clock Monday evening, Mrs. Arthur Schlichting received a telephone message from LaCrosse, Wis., stating that her sister, Mrs. Carl Huecker had dropped dead of apoplexy late that afternoon while using the telephone. Mrs. Schlichting had received a cheerful letter from her sister only a few hours before and the message coming as it did was a severe shock. Mr. Schlichting has been ill and confined to his bed since Sunday so that his wife was unable to leave, but her aunt, Mrs. Louis Anderson left today for Fond du Lac to accompany Mrs. Geo. Dix, another sister of the deceased to LaCrosse. Mrs. Huecker before marriage was Miss Myrtle Peltz of Campbellsport. She was 37 years old and survived by her husband and two children, Dorothy, aged 13 and John 9 years old. They had lived at LaCrosse six years. Mrs. Huecker was a charming woman of lovely disposition and had many admiring friends who deeply regret her sudden passing while they extend sincere sympathy to the bereaved family and surviving sisters.—Sheboygan County News.

Young Man is Reported Missing

Ed. Johann, aged 29 years, son of Jacob Johann, residing two miles south of the village of Campbellsport, is missing.

Young Johann, it is reported left the family home after supper a week ago Sunday evening saying he was going over to the neighbors to play cards. This was the last that was seen of him. Members of his family are at a loss to explain his disappearance. He was jovial and happy when he left home. It may be possible that he has simply gone away without telling his folks where he was going.—Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

Annual Picnic July 4th

The Schleisingerville Fire Department will have its 3rd annual picnic and dance July 4th, 1917. Watch for further particulars.

Fine job printing is a specialty of the Statesman. Give us a trial.

COUNTY DEFENSE COUNCIL HOLDS FIRST MEETING

The first regular monthly meeting of the Washington county defense council was called to order by its chairman H. J. Lieven, who presided. The following members responded to roll call.

Ex Officio Emil C. Backhaus, Agriculture, Walter Schroeder, West Bend; Labor and Manufacture, John W. Gehl, West Bend; General Business, Henry V. Schwalbach, South Germantown; Banking, B. H. Rosenheimer, Kewaskum; Press, Henry P. Kaempfer, West Bend; Woman's Organization and Red Cross, Mrs. C. C. Henry, West Bend; Physician, Dr. Syl. Driessler, Barton; Education, Geo. T. Carlin, county superintendent, West Bend. Delegates at large, Henry J. Lieven, Hartford; Geo. H. Schmidt, Kewaskum; Wm. H. Froehlich, Jackson; Ben Woog, Boltonville and B. C. Ziegler, West Bend.

Minutes of organization as read by secretary were approved. The appointment of J. B. Day of Hartford by the Chairman was upon motion made, seconded and carried, confirmed.

Secretary read a letter from the Chairman, stating that J. P. Smart of Hartford, member of transportation and communications committee, resigned. Upon motion made seconded and carried, Robt. Rolfs was chosen to succeed Mr. Smart.

Upon motion made, seconded and carried, it was decided that the Washington County Defense Council take the necessary steps to call an extra session of the honorable board of supervisors of the county for the purpose of appropriating \$2000 to carry on the defense work in the county.

After considerable discussion relative to plans for registration it was upon motion made seconded and carried that the Secretary be instructed to notify all school clerks in Washington county including every local defense council together with the different town, village and city clerks, requesting them to make a school district canvass and secure a list of all those who are required to register, and that each officer give the list to every registrar in the voting precinct and register.

It was moved seconded and carried that the Secretary be instructed to notify the clergy of the county to announce from the pulpit the Sunday preceding the registration day, the importance of every man within the ages required to go to his respective precinct and register.

The Secretary then read several communications from the State Council of Defense, which were thoroughly discussed.

Proceedings May 27th. Secretary read communication from the National Y. M. C. A. War work council. After considerable discussion it was moved, seconded and carried that the National Y. M. C. A. War Work Council be given a letter from the Washington County Defense Council signed by its chairman, H. J. Lieven, authorizing them to solicit within the county, and that the county council act as a committee of one to assist in the work.

The following responded with a few chosen remarks, relative to their work in the defense work.

Walter Schroeder, Agriculture, stated that he thought the county was more than organized and that the acreage of production this year will be greatly increased.

Henry Schwalbach, General Business, stated that he soon will have a list of all business men in the county, which list he will obtain from all local secretaries. He also further reported that South Germantown is very active in the work.

B. H. Rosenheimer, Banking, stated that the Banks of the county will do their utmost in helping subscribe towards the Liberty Loan Bonds, and that they would extensively advertise the sale of these bonds.

Dr. Syl. Driessler, Physician, stated that as far as the physicians were concerned in the county that they were well organized and are working in accord with the wishes of the government.

County Supt. Geo. T. Carlin, reported that a list of boys in the

Your Home Town

As a people we're quick to grasp opportunities and eager to enjoy every privilege. As the boys say, we don't overlook any bets. Then just why are we so exceedingly slow to acknowledge favors, especially those conferred upon us by the community? We are hardened in the habit of thinking that all public blessings, all advantages resulting from community interests, are ours by right. Talk about "The divine right" of Kings! The big, upstanding, loose thinking American citizen imagines that his right to the pursuit of happiness was conferred upon him by the gods. He feels no sense of responsibility; makes no effort to give any return. Always there are exceptions, else the world would not progress. There would be no community, no organized society.

An advantage must be immediate or direct, otherwise we overlook it entirely, or consider it like the rain falling on the just and the unjust alike; something entirely too general for personal thanksgiving. Everybody knows something about banking; how such an institution is conducted; how it looks from the outside. Few people ever appreciate how a community is benefited by a good bank.

In the main the saving of a single individual, that is, the surplus money over and above what he must use all the time, is small. It is not large enough, usually, to benefit the community.

Without banks such small sums, the surplus capital of countless individuals, would remain inactive and of no power in building up the country. Held by the different individuals as a safeguard, an emergency fund, all the surplus money in the community would be out of circulation.

The home town bank is a community institution. It is one of our modern methods of economizing. It gathers up the surplus dollars of the individual; and in the aggregate, these surplus dollars amount to huge sums that are turned back into the community, and with the credit thus established, multiply the business capital of the people many times over. Individuals can have their savings returned to them in money any time; still the community gets the benefit of large capital that otherwise would remain unused.

These surplus funds enable more cattle and hogs to be raised and fed; farm products to be held for better prices; new buildings to be erected; new farms to be opened up—and the country improves more rapidly than otherwise would be possible.

Everybody benefits by the home town bank either directly or indirectly. It is one of the many advantages of the home town.

The other day one thoughtful farmer said, what would we do without our home town. Merchants and dealers there handle our salable products like the banker handles our surplus money. Here's a farmer say, who has a few surplus hogs to market—not enough for a carload or a long shipment still he wants to get the money out of the few he has to sell. Maybe another farmer has a few hundred bushels of wheat that he wants to turn into money, still the quantity is too small for profitable, long distance shipments. The home town gathers up a little surplus here and there, pays about as much for it

schools, that would be willing to work on the farms the coming vacation is being compiled, which will soon be ready for the use of the County Labor.

Mrs. C. C. Henry Woman's Organization and Red Cross Work, stated that after three weeks of work she finally was able to get all information necessary as to how to proceed with her work, and that she now will take a very active part, and try and have every precinct in the county organized.

She also reported that the West Bend unit of the Red Cross will give a benefit dance at West Bend on June 17th, to which she invites every one.

Ben C. Ziegler gave a short talk as to his knowledge of the Liberty Loan Bonds.

Upon motion made, seconded

as though each individual offered a large quantity. These mites, coming from here, there and everywhere are collected and stored until finally sent out to the markets of the world in bulk.

If it wasn't for the home town there would be no profitable market for broken lots of produce, which really make up the bulk of a community's surplus. Think back to the time when the nearest town was miles and miles away. There was no local market, and not many products of the farm would pay a profit after hauling. The home town has made a market, right at the farm gate, almost, for every little surplus crop there is for sale. We forget what the home town really means to us.

We become so accustomed to modern conveniences, modern privileges, modern opportunities, that we overlook the advantages of them. They seem to us like air, water and heat—"kinder" natural. Think, for instance, of the home town doctor and his value to the community.

In an emergency the doctor and surgeon can be at the bedside of any individual in the community with little delay. These professional men are close at hand and always subject to call.

Back in the old times it often required days and even weeks to get the help of a doctor. Frequently the patient died before the services of a medical man could be obtained. Of course the country will never go back to those times; but the point is, we do not appreciate our present days' advantages. They are too common for us to place any value on them.

We have a competent doctor in the home town, but we never consider that of any advantage to us. We take it as a matter of course still the home town doctor is part of the home town—and the home town is what makes living in the average community modern, desirable and profitable.

What would happen throughout the country if there should be a widespread tieup of transportation lines, such as was recently threatened if it were not for the home town?

Whenever the great arteries of distribution are clogged, even for a short time, there is widespread distress unless there is a convenient home town. All over this country, scattered here and there are thriving towns where food, clothing, fuel and all necessities of life are stored up. These home towns guarantee the communities around them against such disasters as might otherwise happen any day or any hour. So the home town is more than a convenience. It gathers up, conserves and uses the surplus money of countless individuals for the upbuilding of the community. The home town stands between us and any emergency. No matter what the temporary conditions; no matter if every railroad in the country should be tied up and not a pound of freight moving for weeks—the home town would stand between its people and privation.

Long live the home town—the greatest of the many conveniences we now enjoy and the greatest single factor in our modern commercial life. We don't value the home town, but our property values would be cut in half over night if it were removed or wiped out of existence.

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and carried the meeting adjourned until the fourth Sunday in June at 2 p. m.

Geo. H. Schmidt,
Secretary

Bids Wanted

Notice is hereby given that the Village Board of the Village of Kewaskum, Washington County, Wis., will receive sealed bids on the laying of about 4,000 square feet of cement walk and also on the best grades of cement. All bids to be in the Clerk's office not later than 7:30 P. M. June 4th, 1917. The Board reserving the right to reject any and all bids. For further particulars call at Clerk's office.

Dated at Kewaskum, Wis., this 7th day of May, 1917.
Edw. C. Miller,
Village Clerk

HEART OF THE SUNSET

By Rex Beach

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CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

"But first, wait!" exclaimed the horse-breaker. "I bring you something of value, too." Desiring to render favor for favor, and to show that he was fully deserving of the general's generosity, Jose removed from inside the sweatband of his hat a sealed, stamped letter, which he handed to his employer. "Yesterday I carried the mail to town, but as I rode away from Las Palmas the senora handed me this, with a silver dollar for myself. Look! It is written to the man we both hate."

Longorio took the letter, read the inscription, and then opened the envelope. Jose looked on with pleasure while he spelled out the contents. When the general had finished reading, he exclaimed: "Ho! A miracle! Now I know all that I wish to know."

"Then I did well to steal the letter, eh?" "Diable! Yes! That brute of a husband makes my angel's life unbearable, and she flees to La Feria to be rid of him. Good! It fits in with my plans. She will be surprised to see me there. Then, when the war comes, and all is chaos—then what? I'll warrant I can make her forget certain things and certain people." Longorio nodded with satisfaction. "You did very well, Jose."

The latter leaned forward, his eyes bright. "That lady is rich. A five prize, truly. She would bring a huge ransom."

This remark brought a smile to Longorio's face. "My dear friend, you do not in the least understand," he said. "Ransom! What an idea!" He lost himself in meditation, then, rousing, spoke briskly: "Listen! In two, three days your senora will leave Las Palmas. When she is gone you will perform your work, like the brave man I know you to be. You will relieve her of her husband."

Jose hesitated, and the smile vanished from his face. "Senor Ed is not a bad man. He likes me; he—" Longorio's gaze altered and Jose felt silent. "Come! You are not losing heart, eh? Have I not promised to make you a rich man? Well, the time has arrived." Seeing that Jose still manifested no eagerness, the general went on in a different tone: "Do not think that you can withdraw from our little arrangement. Oh, no! Do you remember a promise I made to you when you came to me in Romero? I said that if you played me false I would bury you to the neck in an ant-hill and fill your mouth with honey. I keep my promises."

Jose's struggle was brief; he promptly resigned himself to the inevitable. With every evidence of sincerity he assured Longorio of his loyalty, and denied the least intention of betraying his general's confidence. After all, the gringos were enemies, and there was no one of them who did not merit destruction.

Pleased with these sentiments, and feeling sufficiently assured that Jose was now really in the proper frame of mind to suit his purpose, Longorio took the winding trail back toward Sangre de Cristo.

CHAPTER XVII.

A Warning.

A few days after she had written to Judge Ellsworth Alaire followed her letter in person, for, having at last decided to divorce Ed, she acted with characteristic decision. Since Ellsworth had more than once advised this very course, she went to Brownsville, enlisting his willing support. She had written Dave Law, telling him that she intended to go to La Feria, there to remain pending the hearing of her suit. To be sure, she would have preferred some place of refuge other than La Feria, but she reasoned that there she would at least be undisturbed, and that Ed, even if he wished to effect a reconciliation, would not dare to follow her, since he was persona non grata to federal Mexico.

She had counted upon seeing Dave

during her stay in Brownsville, and her failure to do so was a grave disappointment as she knew that he was in town attending court. Yet she told herself that it was brave of him to obey her injunctions so literally and to leave her unembarrassed by his presence at this particular time. It inspired her to be equally brave and to wait patiently for the day when she could welcome him with clean hands and a soul unshamed.

In the midst of Alaire's uncertainty of mind it gratified her to realize that Dave alone would know of her whereabouts. She wondered if he would come to see her. He was a reckless, headstrong lover, and his desires were all too likely to overcome his deliberate resolves. She rather hoped that in spite of his promise he would venture to cross the border so that she could see and hear him, if only for a day or for an hour. The possibility frightened and yet pleased her. The conventional woman within her frowned, but her outlaw heart beat fast at the thought.

Alaire did not explain her plans even to Dolores, but when her preparations were complete she took the Mexican woman with her, and during Ed's absence slipped away from the ranch. Boarding the train at Jonesville, she was in Pueblo that night. It seemed as if last that war with Mexico was imminent. After months of uncertainty the question had come to issue, and that lowering cloud which had hung above the horizon took ominous shape and size. Ellsworth awoke one morning to learn that an ultimatum had gone forth to President Potosi; that the Atlantic fleet had been ordered south; and that marines were being rushed aboard transports pending a general army mobilization. It looked as if the United States had finally risen in wrath, and as if nothing less than a miracle could now avert the long-expected conflict.

Blaze Jones took the San Antonio paper out upon the porch and composed himself in the hammock to read the latest war news. Invasion! Troops! The Stars and Stripes! Those were words that stirred Jones deeply and caused him to neglect his work. Now that his country had fully awakened to the necessity of a war with Mexico—a necessity he had long felt—he was fired with the loftiest patriotism and a youthful eagerness to enlist. Blaze realized that he was old and fat and near-sighted; but what of that? He could fight. Fighting, in fact, had been one of his earliest accomplishments, and he prided himself upon knowing as much about it as any man could learn. He believed in fighting both as a principle and as an exercise; in fact, he attributed his good health to his various neighborly "unpleasantnesses," and he had more than once argued that no great fighter ever died of a sluggish liver or of any one of the other ills that beset sedentary, peace-loving people. Nations were like men—too much ease made them flabby. And Blaze had his own ideas of strategy, too. So during the perusal of his paper he bemoaned the mistakes his government was making. Why waste time with ultimatums? he argued to himself. He had never done so. Experience had taught him that the way to win a battle was to beat the other fellow to the draw; hence this diplomatic procrastination filled him with impatience. It seemed almost reasonable to one of Blaze's intense patriotisms.

He was engaged in laying out a plan of campaign for the United States when he became conscious of voices behind him, and realized that for some time Paloma had been entertaining a caller in the front room. Their conversation had not disturbed him at first, but now an occasional word or sentence forced its meaning through his preoccupation, and he found himself listening.

Paloma's visitor was a woman, and as Blaze harkened to her voice, he felt his heart sink. It was Mrs. Strange. She was here again. With difficulty Blaze conquered an impulse to flee, for she was recounting a story all too familiar to him.

"Why, it seemed as if the whole city of Galveston was there, and yet nobody offered to help us!" the dressmaker was saying. "Phil was a perfect hero, for the ruffian was twice his size. Oh, it was an awful fight! I hate to think of it."

"What made him pinch you?" Paloma inquired.

"Heaven only knows. Some men are dreadful that way. Why, he left a black-and-blue mark!"

Blaze broke into a cold sweat and cursed feebly under his breath.

"He was drunk, either. He was just naturally depraved. You could see it in his face."

"How did you escape?"

"Oh, dad! He's sick—sick." Paloma sobbed. "Dave, don't you know us? You're home, Dave. Everything is—all right now."

"Why, you'd hardly recognize the boy!" Blaze exclaimed; then he added his appeal to his daughter's. But they could not arouse the sick man from his coma.

"He asked me to take him to Las Palmas." Strange explained. "Looks to me like a sunstroke."

Paloma turned an agonized face to her father. "Get a doctor, quick," she implored; "he frightens me."

But Mrs. Strange had followed, and now she spoke up in a matter-of-fact tone: "Doctor nothing," she said. "I know more than all the doctors. Paloma, you go into the house and get a bed ready for him, and you men get him in. Come, now, on the run, all of you! I'll show you what to do." She took instant charge of the situation, and when Dave refused to leave the carriage and began to fight off his friends gubbling wildly, it was she who quieted him. Elbowing Blaze and her husband out of the way, she loosed

Alarmed at his tone, Paloma came running. "What is the matter?" she asked, quickly.

"Get her out!" Blaze cried, savagely. "Get shed of her!"

"Her? Who?"

"That varmint."

"Father, what alls you?"

"Nothin' alls me, but I don't want that cuterpillar crawlin' around my premises. I don't like her."

Paloma regarded her parent curiously. "How do you know you don't like her when you've never seen her?"

"Oh, I've seen her, all I want to; and I heard her talkin' to you just now. I won't stand for nobody tellin' you—bad stories."

Paloma snickered. "The idea! She doesn't—"

"Get her out, and keep her out," Blaze rumbled. "She ain't right; she ain't—human. Why, what d'you reckon I saw her do, the other day? Makes me shiver now. You remember that big bull-snake that lives under the barn, the one I've been layin' for? Well, you won't believe me, but him and her are friends. Fact! I saw her pick him up and play with him. Who—ee! The goose-flesh popped out on me till it busted the buttons of my vest. She ain't my kind of people, Paloma. 'Strange' ain't no name for her; no, sir! That woman's dam' near peculiar."

Paloma remained unmoved. "I thought you knew. She used to be a snake-charmer."

"A—what?" There was no doubt about it. Blaze's hair lifted. He blinked through his big spectacles; he pawed the air freely with his hands.

"How can you let her touch you? I couldn't. I'll bet she carries a pocketful of dried toads—and keeps live lizards in her hair. I knew an old voodoo woman that ate cockroaches. Get shed of her, Paloma, and we'll fumigate the house."

At that moment Mrs. Strange herself opened the kitchen door to inquire, "Is anything wrong?" Misreading Blaze's expression for one of pain, she exclaimed: "Mercy! Now, what have you done to yourself?"

But the object of her solicitude backed away, making peculiar clucking sounds deep in his throat. Paloma was saying:

"This is my father, Mrs. Strange. You and he have never happened to meet before."

"Why, yes we have! I know you," the seamstress exclaimed. Then a puzzled light flickered in her black eyes.

"Seems to me we've met somewhere, but—I've met so many people." She extended her hand, and Blaze took it as if expecting to find it cold and scaly. He muttered something unintelligible. "I've been dying to see you," she told him, "and thank you for giving me Paloma's work. I love you both for it."

Blaze was immensely relieved that this dreaded crisis had come and gone; but wishing to make assurance doubly sure, he contorted his features into a smile like the like of which his daughter had never seen, and in a disguised voice inquired, "Now where do you reckon you ever saw me?"

The seamstress shook her head. "I don't know, but I'll place you before long. Anyhow, I'm glad you aren't hurt. From the way you called Paloma I thought you were. I'm handy around sick people, so I—"

"Listen!" Paloma interrupted. "There's someone at the front door." She left the room; Blaze was edging after her when he heard her utter a stifled scream and call his name.

Now Paloma was not the kind of girl to scream without cause, and her cry brought Blaze to the front of the house at a run. But what he saw there reassured him momentarily; nothing was in sight more alarming than one of the depot hicks, in the rear seat of which was huddled the figure of a man. Paloma was flying down the walk toward the gate, and Phil Strange was awaiting on the porch. As Blaze flung himself into view the latter exclaimed:

"I brought him straight here, Mr. Jones, 'cause I knew you was his best friend."

"Who? Who is it?"

"Dave Law. He must have come in on the noon train. Anyhow, I found him—like that." The two men hurried toward the road, side by side.

"What's wrong with him?" Blaze demanded. "I don't know. He's queer—he's off his bean. I've had a hard time with him."

Paloma was in the carriage at Dave's side now, and calling his name; but Law, it seemed, was scarcely conscious. He had slumped together; his face was vacant, his eyes dull. He was muttering to himself a queer, delicious jumble of words.

"Oh, dad! He's sick—sick." Paloma sobbed. "Dave, don't you know us? You're home, Dave. Everything is—all right now."

"Why, you'd hardly recognize the boy!" Blaze exclaimed; then he added his appeal to his daughter's. But they could not arouse the sick man from his coma.

"He asked me to take him to Las Palmas." Strange explained. "Looks to me like a sunstroke."

Paloma turned an agonized face to her father. "Get a doctor, quick," she implored; "he frightens me."

But Mrs. Strange had followed, and now she spoke up in a matter-of-fact tone: "Doctor nothing," she said. "I know more than all the doctors. Paloma, you go into the house and get a bed ready for him, and you men get him in. Come, now, on the run, all of you! I'll show you what to do." She took instant charge of the situation, and when Dave refused to leave the carriage and began to fight off his friends gubbling wildly, it was she who quieted him. Elbowing Blaze and her husband out of the way, she loosed



DALTON VALENTINE

"I'm Going to Pack His Head in It." The young man's frenzied clutch from the carriage and, holding his hands in hers, talked to him in such a way that he gradually relaxed. It was she who helped him out and then supported him into the house. It was she who got him upstairs and into bed, and it was she who finally stilled his babble.

"The poor man is burning up with a fever," she told the others, "and fevers are a lot of fun. Get me some towels and a lot of ice."

Blaze, who had watched the snake-charmer's deft ministrations with mingled amazement and suspicion, inquired: "What are you going to do with ice? Ice ain't medicine."

"I'm going to pack his head in it," Blaze was horrified. "Do you want to freeze his brain?"

"Mrs. Strange turned on him angrily. 'You get out of my way and mind your own business. Freeze his brain!'"

With a snarl of indignation she pushed past the interloper.

But Blaze was waiting for her when she returned a few moments later with bowls and bottles and various remedies which she had commandeered. He summoned sufficient courage to block her way and inquire:

"What you got there, now, m'm'am?" Mrs. Strange glared at him balefully. With an effort at patience she inquired: "Say! What alls you, anyhow?"

Jones swallowed hard. "Understand, he's a friend of mine. No magic goes."

"Magic?"

"No—cockroaches or snakes' tongues, or—"

Mrs. Strange fingered a heavy china bowl as if tempted to bounce it from Blaze's head. Then, not deigning to argue, she whisked past him and into the sickroom. It was evident from her expression that she considered the master of the house a harmless but offensive old busybody.

For some time longer Blaze hung about the sickroom; then, his presence being completely ignored, he risked further antagonism by telephoning for Jonesville's leading doctor. Not finding the physician at home, he sneaked out to the barn and, taking Paloma's car, drove away in search of him. It was fully two hours later when he returned to discover that Dave was sleeping quietly.

Dave slept for twenty hours, and even when he awoke it was not to a clear appreciation of his surroundings. At first he was relieved to find that the splitting pain in his head was gone, but imagined himself to be still in the maddening local train from Brownsville. By and by he recognized Paloma and Mrs. Strange, and tried to talk to them, but the connection between brain and tongue was imperfect, and he made a bad business of conversation. It seemed queer that he should be in bed at the Joneses'. When he had recovered from his surprise he turned his head and saw Mrs. Strange slumbering in a chair beside his bed; from her uncomfortable position and evident fatigue he judged that she must have kept a long and faithful vigil over him.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NO ONE EXCUSED FROM REGISTERING

All of Specified Age Must Respond on June 5 to Call of Nation.

QUERIES TO BE ANSWERED

Government Has Issued Circulars Making It Easier for Those Who Register to Respond to Interrogations That Will Be Made.

There is but one answer to every question asked regarding registration, and it is this:

"Every man between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, inclusive, whether native born, an alien, or even an alien enemy, must register June 5. This applies also to invalids and persons who are ill. A man is thirty until his thirty-first birthday anniversary."

The government has adopted a plan to facilitate and simplify the filling in of conscription registration cards June 5. Circulars containing the twelve questions to be asked and advice as to how they should be answered have been prepared for distribution.

Answers to the Questions.

The circular, which bears the heading, "How to Answer Questions on Registration Cards," reads as follows: "Questions will be asked for you to answer in the order in which they appear on this paper. These questions are set out below with detailed information to help you answer them."

"Do not write on, mark or otherwise mutilate these instructions. Do not remove them. They should be carefully read so that you will have your answers ready when you go before the registrar."

"All answers will be written on the registration card in ink by the registrar, who should be careful to spell all names correctly and to write legibly."

"1. Name in full. Age in years. — This means all your names spelled out in full."

"State your age today in years only. Disregard additional months or days. Be prepared to say 'nineteen' or 'twenty-five,' not 'nineteen years three months' or the like."

"2. Home address. — This means the place where you have your permanent home, not the place where you work. Be prepared to give the address in this way: '222 Main street, Chicago, Cook county, Illinois; that is, give number and name of street first, then town, then county and state."

Have Birthday Date Ready. "Date of birth. "Write your birthday (month, day and year) on a piece of paper before going to the registrar and give the paper to him the first thing. Example: 'August 5, 1884.'"

"If you do not remember the year, start to answer as you would if someone asked you your birthday, as 'August 5.' Then say, 'on my birthday this year I will be (or was) — years old.' The registrar will then fill in the year of birth. Many people do not carry in mind the year they were born. This may be obtained by the registrar by subtracting the age in years on this year's birthday from 1917."

1. Are you (1) a natural born citizen; (2) a naturalized citizen; (3) an alien; (4) or have you declared your intention to become a citizen (specify which)?

"(1) If you were born in the United States, including Alaska and Hawaii, you are a natural born citizen, no matter what may have been the citizenship or nationality of your parents. If you were born in Porto Rico you are a citizen of the United States, unless you were born of alien parentage. If you were born abroad, you are still a citizen of the United States, if your father was a citizen of the United States at the time you were born, unless you have expatriated yourself."

"(2) You are a naturalized citizen if you have completed your naturalization; that is, if you have taken final papers. But you are not a citizen if you have only declared your intention to become a citizen (that is, if you have only taken out first papers); in the latter case you are only a 'declarant.'"

"You are also a naturalized citizen if, although foreign born, your father or surviving parent became fully naturalized while you were under twenty-one years of age, and if you came to the United States under twenty-one."

"(3) You are a declarant if, although a citizen or subject of some foreign country, you have declared on oath before a naturalization court your intention to become a citizen of the United States. Receipt from the clerk of the court of the certified copy of such declaration is often called 'taking out first papers.' You are not a declarant if your first paper was taken out after September 20, 1906, and is more than seven years old."

"(4) You are an alien if you do not fall within one of the three classes above mentioned."

5. Where were you born? "First name the town, then the state, then the country, as 'Columbus, O.,' 'Vienna, Austria,' 'Paris, France,' 'Sofia, Bulgaria.'"

"6. If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?"

"This need be answered only by aliens and declarants. Remember that a 'declarant' is not yet a citizen of

the United States. If an alien or declarant, state the name of your country, as 'France,' 'Japan,' 'China,' etc.

What Is Your Job Right Now? "7. What is your present trade, occupation or office?"

"This does not ask what you once did, nor what you have done most of the time, nor what you are best fitted to do. It asks what your job is right now. State briefly, as farmer, miner, student, laborer (on farm, in rolling mill, in automobile, wagon or other factory, etc. If you hold an office under state or federal government, name the office you hold."

"If you are in one of the following offices or employments, use one of the names hereafter mentioned: 'Custom house clerk,' 'employed in the transmission of the mails,' or 'employed in an armory, arsenal or navy yard,' 'mariner actually employed in the sea service of citizen or merchant within the United States.'"

"8. By whom employed? Where employed?"

"If you are working for an individual, firm, corporation or association state its name. If in business, trade, profession or employment for yourself, so state. If you are an officer of the state or federal government say whether your office is under the United States, the state, the county or a municipality. In answer to the question as to where you are employed give the town, county and state where you work."

"9. Have you a father, mother, wife, child under twelve or a sister or brother under twelve solely dependent upon you for support (specify which):

"Consider your answer thoughtfully. If it is true that there is another mouth than your own which you alone have a duty to feed do not let your military ardor interfere with the wish of the nation to reduce war's misery to a minimum. On the other hand, unless the person you have in mind is solely dependent on you do not hide behind petticoats or children."

"10. Married or single (which)? Race (specify which)?

"This does not ask whether you were once married, but whether you are married now. In answer to the question as to your race state briefly whether Caucasian, Mongolian, negro, Malayan or Indian."

Must State Past Military Service. "11. What military service have you had? Rank? Branch? Years? Nation or state?"

"No matter what country you served, you must give complete information. In answering these questions first name your rank, using one of the following words: 'Commissioned officer,' 'noncommissioned officer,' 'private.' Next, state branch in which you served in one of the following words: 'Infantry,' 'cavalry,' 'artillery,' 'medical,' 'signal,' 'aviation,' 'supply,' 'marine,' 'navy.' Next, state the number of years' service, not counting time spent in the reserve. Finally, name the nation or state you served. If you served under the United States or one of the states of the United States, name your service in one of the following terms: 'National Guard' (of such and such a state), 'militia' (of such and such a state), 'volunteers of United States' or 'regular army (navy) of United States.'"

"12. Do you claim exemption from draft? Specify grounds."

"Because you claim exemption from draft, it by no means follows that you are exempt. For the information of the war department you should make a claim now if you intend to prosecute it. Some persons will be exempted on account of their occupations or offices, some on account of the fact that they have relatives dependent upon them for support. Your answer touching these things will be important in supporting the claim you now intend to make in your answer to the present questions. Be sure, therefore, that the grounds you now state are in conformity with your answers to questions 7 and 8."

"In stating grounds you claim as exempting you use one of the following terms: If you claim to be an executive, legislative or judicial officer of the state or nation, name your office and say whether it is an office of the state or nation. If you claim to be a member of a religious sect whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form, simply name the sect. If you are employed in the transmission of the United States mails or as an artificer or workman in an armory, arsenal or navy yard of the United States, or if you are a mariner employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, so state. If you are a felon or otherwise morally deficient and desire to claim exemption on that ground, state your ground briefly. If you claim physical disability, state that briefly. If you claim exemption on any other ground, state your ground briefly."

Only One Day to Register. The war department wishes to impress upon the people that there is only one day for registration. All males between the designated ages must register on the day set. The fact that five days were allowed for the placing of the necessary blank forms in the hands of registrars appears to have misled some headline writers. One day only—the day fixed in the president's proclamation—will be devoted to registration.

States in Rivalry for Honor. Not only has the individual citizenry of the country made a remarkable response to the registration call, but the states through their official heads have indicated such zeal that there is great rivalry among some of the commonwealths for the honor of making the first complete registration return.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, May 29, 1917.

Butter — Creamery, extra, 43c; prints, 44c; firsts, 38@38½c; seconds, 35@37c; process, 36@37c; dairy, fancy, 35@36c.

Cheese—American, full cream twins, 24½c; daisies, 24½@25c; Young Americas, 24½@25c; longhorns, 23½@24c; Limburger, fancy, 3 lbs., 24½@25c; brick, fancy, 24½c.

Eggs—Current receipts, fresh as to quality, 31@32c; seconds and cracks, 27@29c.

Live Poultry — Fowls, fancy, 22c; roosters, old, 15@16c; fancy springers, 23c.

Wheat — No. 1 northern, 2.70@2.80; No. 2 northern, 2.60@2.70; No. 3 northern, 2.20@2.55; No. 2 hard, 2.70@2.78.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.57@1.58.

Oats—No. 3 white, 63@65c; standard, 64@65c; No. 4 white, 63@64c.

Rye—No. 2, 2.40@2.41; No. 3, 2.37@2.39.

Hay—Choice timothy, 19.50@20.50; No. 1 timothy, 18.50@19.50; No. 2 timothy, 16.00@17.00; rye straw, 10.00@10.50.

Potatoes—Homegrown or Michigan, but of store, 2.75@3.00.

Hogs—Prime heavy butchers, 15.75@15.95; fair to prime light, 14.75@15.35; pigs, 11.00@12.75.

Cattle—Steers, 10.50@12.50; feeders, 7.00@8.25; cows, 7.50@10.00; heifers, 7.00@10.50; calves, 12.75@14.00.

Minneapolis, May 29, 1917.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 2.67@2.72; No. 1 northern, 2.67@2.76; No. 2 northern, 2.47@2.57.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.49@1.50.

Oats—No. 3 white, 61@62c.

Rye—2.33@2.35.

Flax—2.13@2.19.

Grain, Provisions, Etc. Chicago, May 29.

Wheat—Open High Low Close July 2.07-2.09 2.10 2.10 2.10 Sept. 1.83 1.84 1.80 1.83

Corn—July 1.45-1.47 1.48 1.47 1.47 Sept. 1.31-1.34 1.34 1.34 1.34

Oats—July .57-.58 .57 .57 .57 Sept. .54-.56 .54 .54 .54

HAY—Choice timothy, \$2.00@2.20; No. 1 timothy, \$2.00@2.10; No. 2 timothy, \$1.90@2.00; No. 3 red top and grassy mixed timothy, \$1.80@1.90; timothy, \$1.80@1.90; light clover mixed, \$1.60@1.70; heavy clover mixed, \$1.50@1.60; Kansas and Oklahoma choice, \$2.00@2.20; No. 1, \$2.00@2.10; No. 2, \$1.90@2.00; Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin, \$1.80@1.90.

BUTTER—Creamery, extra, 43c; extra firsts, 42c; firsts, 39@40c; seconds, 37@38c; packing stock, 32@33c; ladles, 34@35c; press, 31@32c.

NEW MERCHANDISE FOR JUNE WEAR

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

June let is straw hat time, and this is the place to look for all the new shapes. Men's and Boys' Sailors and soft straws, big assortment. Special values at 50c, 1.00, 1.50 and 2.00. Field straw hats at 10c to 50c. Genuine Panama Hats. Many shapes to select from, 5.00 and up.

New Summer Hats for Children

We are showing many pretty styles in cloth and straw hats, 50c to 1.00.

White Canvas Hats

for men, women and children, 29c to 60c.

New Sport Hats for Ladies

Many pretty patterns in cloth and fine straws, 48c to \$1

Ladies' Spring Coats

Final Clean-up of Entire Line. Regular \$20 \$9.85 and \$25 coats at.....

New Auto Veils

in all the popular shades, 1.25 and 1.50.

Men's and Boys' Sport Shirts

Newest and finest line in town. All sizes and patterns. This merchandise will be scarce and higher, and we advise buying your summer needs early. 50c, 75c, 1.00, 1.25 to 2.00.

Summer Underwear

B. V. D. and Poroknit Union Suits, all sizes at 1.00 a suit. Complete line of Knit Ribbed union suits for men and boys at 50c, 1.00, 1.50 and 2.00, knee and ankle length, short and long sleeves.

Khaki One Piece Auto Suits

They keep you clean. A suit, 2.00

Patriotic Belts for Young Men

with small neat flag on buckle, 59c.

Men's wash ties, 2 for 25c.

Buy bathing suits now. There may be another shortage this year.

White Shoes for Women and Children

We can fit you with high or low cuts, leather or rubber soles. All sizes in tennis shoes. White and black.

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend Wisconsin

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

VALLEY VIEW

Miss Blanche Murray was a business caller at Campbellsport Tuesday.

Willie Baumhardt of West Eden called on friends here Sunday evening.

Harry Kohlmeier of Campbellsport was a pleasant caller here Sunday.

Misses Ethel Bernice and Bernice Johnson were North Ashford callers recently.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Norton and family spent Tuesday evening at George Johnson's.

Joseph Cathoun of River Valley was a pleasant caller in this vicinity Sunday evening.

Mrs. August Brietzke spent Sunday as a guest of relatives and friends at Fond du Lac.

Miss Elsie Sospeltat of Fond du Lac is visiting at the home of Charles Pagel this week.

Misses Leona Pagel and Elsie Sospeltat called at the R. L. Norton home Sunday evening.

Miss Margaret Schommer left last week for Montana where she will make her future home.

Mrs. Wm. Campbell and son Wm. of North Ashford spent Sunday with the N. J. Klotz family.

Miss Ethel Norton returned home Saturday evening, after visiting with relatives in Auburn.

Mrs. Justin Cagle and son Lawrence and daughter Clara of Fond du Lac spent Wednesday with relatives here.

Misses Margaret Welch, Mary Koelne and Bernice Johnson were callers at the home of Miss Ethel Norton Sunday.

Misses Elsie Seefeld and Bernice Johnson and Norris, Willie and "Happy" Baumhardt were Campbellsport callers Tuesday.

MIDDLE TOWN

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz were callers at Fond du Lac Monday.

Oscar Schultz of Waucousta visited Sunday with his parents here.

Bernice Jacobitz spent Wednesday afternoon with Adela Bartelt.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Norges were callers here Wednesday evening.

Adela Habeck and Herman Marquardt were callers here Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Bartelt and Elsie Bartelt were Kewaskum callers Wednesday.

Wm. Schultz Jr., and lady friend spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartelt.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Bixby and family of Campbellsport visited Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Walter Bartelt.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Bartelt and daughters Adela and Viola spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and family.

While a number from here were returning from Fond du Lac in their Ford, they heard a loud report while passing through Marbledale, one yelled Oh! we're shot and upon investigating, found that it was only a blow-out.

Women who are big meat eaters and drink much coffee, usually have coarse, florid skins—your stomach needs extra help; you've got to clean the bowels, purify the blood or your complexion gets bad. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is what you need once a week.—Bit & C. Miller.

WAUCOUSTA

Clarence Kuehl was a pleasant caller here Monday.

Herman Marquardt was a Fond du Lac caller Monday.

Wm. Ellison of Green Bay was a business caller here Friday.

Clarence Kuehl closed a very successful term of school here last Friday.

Carl Pieper returned home Monday from a visit with relatives at Juneau.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Buslaff and daughter Alice were Fond du Lac callers Saturday.

Miss Marie Buslaff returned home Friday after spending a few days at Fond du Lac.

H. C. Searles of the Wisconsin Dairy Association held a meeting here Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wach and children of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Dennert and grandson Harold of Fond du Lac were callers here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett motored to Fond du Lac Saturday evening.

Miss Rose Marquardt, who underwent an operation for appendicitis last Saturday, is getting along nicely.

Mrs. George Rudolf returned to her home at Milwaukee Wednesday after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. A. C. Buslaff.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Norges, Mr. and Mrs. Rich. Hornberg attended the shower given in honor of Miss Goldie Romaine at New Prospect Friday evening.

FOUR CORNERS

Adolph Glass and Edna Smith passed through here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Flynn were callers at New Prospect Saturday.

Art Kock of Beechwood was a caller at Campbellsport Monday.

Bert Newton and George Tlayer were at New Prospect Monday.

Ranson Tuttle and Mike Polzean returned to South Eden Sunday evening.

Clarence Hill of Fond du Lac spent Sunday afternoon with the Romaine family.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Tuttle attended the movies at Kewaskum Sunday evening.

A number from here attended the dance at Campbellsport Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bowen spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Uelmen.

Misses Coral and Goldie Romaine spent Monday afternoon with Miss Ethel Romaine.

Raymond Tlayer and brother George were callers at Wm. Bartelt's Monday evening.

Arthur Schultz and Ida Wagner called on Gusta Polzean at New Prospect Sunday evening.

Ranson Tuttle, Mike Polzean and a number of friends were at Round Lake froggling Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Uelmen and Mrs. John Tunn and Mrs. Krueger were Campbellsport callers Monday.

Whooping Cough

In this disease it is important that the cough be kept loose and expectoration easy, which can be done by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. P. H. Martin, Port, Ind., writes "My two daughters had whooping cough. I gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it worked like a charm."

BOLTONVILLE

Miss Schultz is keeping house for her brother Oscar here.

The new hotel building in the village is nearing completion.

Jake Kraetsch and wife visited relatives at West Bend Sunday.

Charles Morgenroth of Kewaskum visited relatives here last week.

Mr. Gruhle has returned home from West Bend much improved in health.

Sylvester Wendel is under the care of Dr. Bemis. We wish him a speedy recovery.

Jake Hammen and family of Silver Creek spent Sunday with Emil Dettman and family.

The Cooper Medicine Co., are giving entertainments at the M. W. A. hall this week.

Mr. Curtis and Miss Landgraf who gave good satisfaction as teachers, have been re-engaged for next year.

A complete fire fighting apparatus will soon be purchased for the protection of this village and community in case of fire.

Mmes Pietschman and Groeschel spent Sunday at Orchard Grove with Albert Pietschman and family and joined in observing little Ethel's first birthday anniversary.

Some of the rural patrons who have formerly been served by Mr. John Martin as mail carrier will be sorry to lose his service which was always satisfactory, they wish his successor the best of success.

A fire which is thought to have originated from a chimney, completely destroyed the J. Bolton residence on Thursday of last week. The building was partially covered by insurance but the members of the family sustain a heavy loss and the sympathy of the community is extended to them.

The following program was given at the M. W. A. hall on Tuesday evening, May 29th, and pleased a large audience:

Edna Reul and Harold Riley. Class colors purple and gold. Class flower, Violet, class motto "Aim High."

Program. School

Flag Salute. School

Stand by Your Country. School

Stand by the Flag. Three Boys Song. First Grade Recitations. First Grade

If I Had This or That. Alice Ryan America for Me. Four Girls Only One Flag. Majorie Woog

The U. S. A. Forever. School Memorial Day. Four Girls These Shall Be. Lucile Stautz

We are the Men of Coming Years. Two Boys

Breathes There the Man. Elmer Donath

Your Flag and My Flag. Concert Recitation

Gettysburg Speech. Francis Riley The Skyrocket. Walter Ryan Patriotic Drill. Nine Girls Farewell to Schoolmates.

Country Life Vision. Harold Riley Response. Alice Ryan Class Prophecy. Evelyn Geib Farewell to Graduates.

B. C. Curtis Presentation of Diplomas

Mr. Jos. Riley. School Vacation Song. School Music. Cooper's Orchestra

Not Very Intellectual. Many a fellow who has more money than brains—hit the price of a pack of cigarettes.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

ROUND LAKE

Wm. Marquardt was a caller here Monday.

Emil Smith spent Saturday and Sunday at Fond du Lac.

Adolph Glass and Edna Smith were callers here Sunday.

Mrs. A. Braun and family spent Wednesday at Campbellsport.

Mrs. Louis and Mrs. Henry Ramthun spent Tuesday at Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. Raeh of Campbellsport spent Sunday with relatives here.

Hugh Murphy of Nasbro spent Sunday afternoon at the A. Braun home.

Herman Bauman and daughter were callers at Wm. Bauman's on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hafferman spent Sunday with relatives at Waucousta.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Romaine of Fond du Lac visited relatives here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Henning and son Earl were Kewaskum callers Wednesday.

Miss Mabel Braun and brother Glenn spent Tuesday evening at M. Calvey's.

John Bast and Frank Haskin of Campbellsport spent Tuesday at Round Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Johnson and son called on Mr. and Mrs. Ira Stanton Sunday.

Mrs. Otto Krueger and family spent Friday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Calvey.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ellison and Mrs. M. Calvey spent Memorial Day at Fond du Lac.

Miss Edith Braun is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. John Pesch at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Raeh and daughter visited with Mr. and Mrs. Hafferman at Dundee Sunday.

Mrs. Ida Kanise and family of West Bend were entertained at the Louis Ramthun home Sunday.

Louis and Joseph Ewald of Sheboygan Falls visited here Sunday to spend the day with their parents.

Mrs. H. Mangan, Miss Loraine Gariety and Patsy Gariety spent Sunday with Louis Mielke and family.

Earl Johnson returned to his home at Mitchell after working for his uncle, Christ Johnson the past three months.

Mr. and Mrs. William Henning, Mr. and Mrs. M. Gariety and family and Miss Erna Wittenberg spent Sunday at the M. Calvey home.

George Meyer, the lightning rod agent of Calvary erected lightning rods on the house of L. Calvey and Wm. Bauman's barn last week.

A number of cars passed through here Tuesday afternoon advertising the celebration which is to take place at Eden Wednesday afternoon, June 8th.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wickman and family of Sheboygan, Mrs. Jake Johnson and sons Earl and Melvin visited at the home of Ira Stanton Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ellison, Misses Cecelia and Delia Calvey and brother Vincent and Otto Wittenberg spent Sunday evening Smith were entertained at the Hy.

NEW FANE

Mrs. John Heberer from Plymouth visited with relatives here.

Herman Bruener and family of Milwaukee are visiting with Henry Firks and family.

Wm. O. Meila and Amelia Buss from Milwaukee spent a few days with relatives here.

Henry Firks and family spent Sunday with Fred Bruener and family at South Byron.

Jacob Schultz and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Roden at St. Michaels.

The marriage of Susan Laubach to Edwin Brandt took place at the St. Bonifacius church at Milwaukee Monday.

The marriage of Caroline Heberer daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Heberer to Ed. Krueger, was solemnized at the St. John's church Wednesday.

Name of Applicant:— Wm. Hess.

Located at New Fane, in the town of Auburn, Fond du Lac County.

Bondsmen—Wm. Fick and Henry Firks.

Sour Stomach

This is a mild form of indigestion. It is usually brought on by eating too rapidly or too much, or of food too suited to your digestive organs. If you eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, eat but little meat and none at all for supper, you will more than likely avoid the sour stomach without taking any medicine whatever. When you have your stomach take one of Chamberlain's Tablets to aid digestion.

Attractive Prices on Merchandise YOU WANT NOW

1000 rolls wall paper at per single roll.	4c
1600 yards Neponset floor covering, per square yard	49c
125 yards rag carpet—a big value, a yard only	59c
50 pair of lace curtains—extra values, per pair	1.69
300 men's dress shirts, special at	1.35
Women's shirt waists—patriotic design	1.25
350 yards dress goods, big values, a yard now	22c
150 women's Spring hats at a reduction of	25%
45 pieces of silk at prices saving you from 15c to 35c per yard.	
Palm Beach cloth, special per yard	23c
Blatchford's calf meal, 100 pounds	3.50
Fine chick feed with grit, 100 pounds	4.50

Pick Brothers Company, West Bend

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Sees, Want Ads, For Rent, Etc., Under this heading, 5 cents a line straight. All notices of an advertising nature appearing among the Locals or on the Front Page will be rated at 10 cents per line.

FOR SALE—My 38 acre farm with personal property and good buildings, located at Schrauth's pond, Elmore, Wis. For further information inquire of Hy. Damm, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D. 31.

WANTED—Man to work on farm Inquire of John L. Gudex, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D.

WANTED—Am in the market at all time for old scrap iron; Best prices paid.—Nicholas Remmel.

FOR RENT—A flat with or without business place. Inquire of Mrs. H. W. Schour.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Good wages paid.—A. L. Rosenheimer, Kewaskum, Wis.

FOR SALE—Seed potatoes, early Triumph and late Bermudas.—Ed. Ferber. 6-2-2.

BEECHWOOD

Mrs. Weinbauer was a Kewaskum caller Tuesday.

Miss Adela Hintz spent Monday afternoon with the Misses Lierman.

Henry Dettmann and Chas. Trapp were to Kewaskum on business Wednesday.

Henry Backhaus and son Arno were to Waldo and Plymouth Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bruesevitz and family spent Sunday with the Oscar Muench family.

Miss Alma Braun of New Fane spent Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Reysen and family.

Miss Martha Hintz and Arthur Staeger spent Monday afternoon with Anna and Ed. Koepke.

Mrs. P. Schultz and son John visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Roden at St. Michaels.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Frokman and Mr. and Mrs. Art. Woog of Boltonville were callers at the Julius Reysen home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Reysen and family, Mrs. D. Reysen and Miss Eva Schladweiler visited Sunday with Julius Reysen and family.

The following spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. A. Sauter: Misses Martha, Irene and Dala Hintz, Edla Liehman and Frieda Trapp.

The following spent Tuesday evening with the John Hintz family: Miss Anna and Edw. Koepke, Lazetta and Art Staeger, Carl Heberer and Karl Nolting.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Baum visited with the L. J. Kaiser family from Sunday till Wednesday evening and are visiting since then with Mr. and Mrs. Otto Baum.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schultz and daughter Carola and sons Wilbert and Albert of Milwaukee visited Memorial Day with Aug. Hoffmann and family and the several Schultz families here.

The following spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. Doman and family: Rev. and Mrs. G. Kames and family, Richard Doman and children Mr. and Mrs. Herman Klug and family and Emil Dorman.

The following spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Hintz and family: Mr. and Mrs. Art. Krahn of Cascade, and Miss Irene Hintz of Waldo, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hintz and son Herman of Batavia and Mr. and Mrs. John Krautkramer.

An Opportunity

what present itself to you at any time to buy out a small business—buy into a large business—enlarge your own—perhaps to purchase a piece of property which the owner must sell at a sacrifice.

The question is—have you the money to take advantage of such opportunities?

Many times a few hundred dollars is all the actual cash required. It does not take long to save such an amount if you make the start.

Come to us and make the start NOW. We will help you to make your money grow.

3% Interest Paid on Savings

FARMERS & MERCHANTS
Capital \$25,000 **STATE BANK** Kewaskum

"The Bank of the People and For All The People"



EXPERT CHEMISTS

watch every stage in the brewing of Lithia Beer. Master brewers, a modern plant, and imported hops and Wisconsin malt is what makes Lithia Beer different—it's in the flavor. Phone No. 9

West Bend Brewing Company,

West Bend, Wisconsin

THIS SAFELY REMOVES WORMS

Worms are common disease of children and every mother should know their symptoms. Sallow complexion with dark circles under eyes, irregular bowel movement, grinding teeth or itching may mean that Kickapoo Worm Killer is needed at once. It is a mild laxative remedy in candy tablet form that children like. Kills and removes the worms and lets the child grow strong and healthy. At your druggist, 25c. \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment for Rheumatism

The pain goes so quickly after you apply Sloan's Liniment for rheumatic pains, neuralgia, toothache, lumbago, sprains, and its so easy to use. It quickly penetrates and soothes without rubbing and is far cleaner and more effective than many plasters or ointments. Keep a bottle in the house and get prompt relief, not only from all nerve pains but from bruises, strains, sprains, over exercise and all external aches. At your druggist, 25c. \$1.00.

TRIANGLE PICTURES

OPERA HOUSE

SUNDAY EVENING,

June 3rd

The Wolf Woman

7-REEL PROGRAM

Also a Two Reel Side-Splitting Comedy

Admission 15 and 5 cents

Show Starts Promptly at 8. Be There on Time

Time Table—C.&N.W.R'y

NORTH BOUND	
No. 30	3:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 111	12:15 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 132	9:04 a.m. daily except Sunday
No. 147	7:30 p.m. daily
No. 243	6:24 p.m. Sunday only
No. 41	8:42 a.m. Sunday only

SOUTH BOUND	
No. 205	9:45 a.m. daily except Sunday
No. 210	12:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 214	5:47 p.m. daily
No. 216	7:35 a.m. daily
No. 244	11:35 p.m. Sunday only
No. 250	7:24 p.m. Sunday only

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., June 2

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Nic. Tiss spent last Saturday at Holy Hill.

—Mrs. Fred Martin is confined to her home with illness.

—Mrs. Otto E. Lay was at Milwaukee on Memorial Day.

—Arthur Koch transacted business at Milwaukee Monday.

—Louis Brandt was a West Bend business caller last Monday.

—D. M. Rosenheimer transacted business at Milwaukee Monday.

—Jacob Schaeffer and wife were West Bend visitors Wednesday.

—Wm. Schultz and wife were Milwaukee visitors last Saturday.

—The regular monthly stock fair was well attended last Wednesday.

—The state of Wisconsin celebrated its 69th birthday last Tuesday.

—B. Jaeger of Campbellsport was a business caller here Tuesday.

—Our high school will close next Wednesday for the summer vacation.

—Herman Suckow of Barton was a pleasant village caller Saturday.

—Miss Adela Gottsleben visited with relatives at West Bend Wednesday.

—Fred Jung of Theresa was a pleasant village visitor last week Friday.

—Memorial Day was fittingly observed in this village last Wednesday.

—Mrs. L. D. Guth and daughter, Edna were Milwaukee visitors last Monday.

—Miss Elsie Sommers is spending the week with relatives at Milwaukee.

—Rev. Karnitz of Milwaukee spent Monday with Rev. Greve and family.

—John Rimmel of Campbellsport was a pleasant village caller Tuesday.

—Mrs. Albert Opgenorth and son Marcellus were at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Groth of Jackson visited the Jake Rimmel family Sunday.

—Joseph Honeck of Milwaukee spent Memorial Day with friends in the village.

—J. J. O'Connell of Plymouth was a business caller in the village Wednesday.

—Jacob Schaeffer and daughter Susie spent Monday at Oskosh and Fond du Lac.

—W. S. Olwin is doing some painting and paper hanging at Parnell this week.

—Frank Beggan of the town of Scott boarded the train here for Milwaukee Monday.

—Miss Elvira Morgenroth spent this week with relatives and friends at Fillmore.

—Henry Ramthun had a new glass front put into his hardware store the past week.

—Miss Agatha Tiss closed a successful term of school in the town of Jackson last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Rosenheimer and son Byron were Cream City visitors Tuesday.

—John H. Martin and wife, Wm. Bunkelman Sr., and wife were callers at Wayne Sunday.

—Mrs. K. Eberle, Mrs. Jos. Mayer and William Eberle motored to Milwaukee last Monday.

—Wm. Bunkelman Jr., and wife of Farmington spent Sunday with J. H. Martin and family.

—Miss Margery Elmergreen of Milwaukee visited the D. M. Rosenheimer family Sunday.

—Mrs. Gust Krueger and daughter Mildred of Campbellsport were village visitors Thursday.

—Arthur Schleif of Duith, Minn. spent a few days this week here with relatives and friends.

—George and Miss Anna Oonring of West Bend visited the Albert Opgenorth family Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Goldammer and family from near Fillmore spent Sunday in the village.

—Miss Elsie Sommers closed a very successful term of school in the town of Jackson last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schoofs and family of West Bend spent Sunday with Theo. Schoofs and family.

—Miss Etel Elmergreen of Milwaukee spent last Tuesday with D. M. Rosenheimer and family.

—Miss Laura Brandstetter closed a very successful term of school in the town of Jackson last week.

—The G. U. G. held their regular monthly meeting last Monday evening in the Good Templars hall.

—Charles Guth, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia, at Ackerville, is reported to be on the gain.

—N. W. Rosenheimer and wife, the Misses Lilly Schlosser and Edna Schmidt aufered to Fond du Lac last Monday.

—Don't forget to attend the dance in the North Side Park Sunday evening. Music by Gibson's Harp orchestra.

—The Northwestern Band Association will hold their annual convention at Burnett, Wis., on Sunday, July 22.

—Quite a number of the skat onkels of this village participated in the tournament held at West Bend last Sunday.

—A number of our villagers attended the decoration day exercises at West Bend and Campbellsport Wednesday.

—Miss Erna Backhaus of Milwaukee spent a few days of this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backhaus.

—Wm. Schaub sold Dodge cars to the following the past week; Math Hergiges of St. Michaels and Aug. Backhaus of Kewaskum.

—Don't fail to attend the class play and commencement exercises at the Opera House next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Belger Sr. returned home Tuesday after visiting several days with relatives and friends at Sheboygan.

—Dr. and Mrs. A. D. Backus of Cedarburg were over Sunday visitors with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Backus.

—Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Flood and son of St. Cloud and Mrs. J. E. Ward of Campbellsport were pleasant village callers Sunday.

—F. E. Colvin has the foundation completed for a new double flat building which he is having erected on his property north of his residence.

—Geo. Kippenhan and Wendel Petri of Wayne were at Milwaukee Monday to get the latter's new automobile which he recently purchased.

—Take in the dance at the North Side Park tomorrow, Sunday evening. Music by the popular Gibson Harp orchestra. A good time is assured.

—Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Mertes and daughter Aleda, Mrs. Geo. H. Schmidt and daughters visited with B. H. Mertes and wife at Newburg Sunday.

—John Tiss of Sullivan, Ill., spent a few days this week with his brother Nic. The two brothers had not seen each other in twenty-five years.

—Mrs. Jac. Bruessel entertained a number of friends at her home on Tuesday in honor of her birthday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Korbel, Mrs. Emil Rueck, Mrs. Wm. Diehl and son Roland of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Mich. Johannes Jr., family.

—Privates Jack Tassar, Ralph Petri and Edwin Backus, members of Co. E of Fond du Lac, attended the Memorial exercises at West Bend last Wednesday.

—Marriage licenses were issued the past week to Louis Bath and Miss Lorene Rimmel of Kewaskum and John Hergiges and Miss Marie Bremser of St. Michaels.

—Elmo Rosenheimer, Theodore Schmidt, Misses Lydia Guth, Manilla Klessig and Salome Tiss, who attend school at Milwaukee spent the week end with home folks.

—Tornado and Windstorm insurance, are you protected? Get our rates on both farm and city property. The rates are low, the loss may be large.—Bank of Kewaskum.

—A party of surveyors employed by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway were in the village this week getting data and measurements of the company's property here.

—Ralph Petri, Harvey Brandt, Miss Lazetta Schaeffer, Miss Alma Hembel and Mrs. L. D. Guth and daughters called on Chas. Guth at Ackerville, who is seriously ill with pneumonia.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Witzig and sons John and Fred attended the funeral of Nic. Ziemet held at Marshfield last Monday. Mrs. Witzig remained for some time while the rest returned home Tuesday.

—The dance held in the South Side Park Hall last Sunday evening was very largely attended and greatly enjoyed by all present. The Kewaskum Quintette furnished some very excellent music.

—Be sure and take in that big picnic in Wm. Prost's woods tomorrow, Sunday, given by the patrons of the Kleinschay cheese factory. Hear the Katzenjammer Brass Band, which alone is worth the effort of going there.

—Announcement of the approaching marriage of Miss Lorene Rimmel and Louis Bath, both of this village, and Miss Wick of West Bend and Jos. Welzien of Kewaskum was made in the Holy Trinity church here Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lawrenz and Mrs. Wm. Staegy and daughter, Emma, Herman Lawrenz and family, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Garbisch and son Marvin, Paul Krahn and wife were at West Bend Monday to visit with the Sam Harter family.

—The West Bend Pilot last week was circulated to its subscribers in an enlarged form, laying changed from a six column quarto to a seven column quarto. This excellent paper is certainly getting to the front as the best small paper published here. Continued luck to you Brother Henry.

—The German Ev. Luth. Emmanuel's school of the town of Scott, Rev. G. Kanies, pastor, will hold their annual picnic in Karl Krahn's Grove south of the church on Sunday, June 3rd. All kinds of refreshments will be served and a general good time will be had by all. Games and singing by the school children will be the main pastime of the afternoon. All are extended a cordial invitation.

No Need to Worry

The following is said to be the Litany of the "Poilus," an article of faith that is said to be very popular with the French soldiers in the trenches. Anyway it is a well reasoned bit of philosophy worth while to read and consider:

Of two things one is certain: Either you're mobilized or you're not mobilized.

If you not mobilized there is no need to worry; if you are mobilized, of two things one is certain: Either you're behind the lines or you're on the front.

If you're behind the lines there is no need to worry; if you're on the front, of two things one is certain: Either you're resting in a safe place or you're exposed to danger.

If you're resting in a safe place there is said to be no need to worry; if you're exposed to danger, of two things one is certain: Either you're wounded or you're not wounded.

If you're not wounded there is no need to worry; if you are wounded, of two things one is certain: Either you're wounded seriously or you're wounded slightly.

If you're wounded slightly there is no need to worry; if you're wounded seriously of two things one is certain: Either you recover or you die.

If you recover there is no need to worry; if you die you can't worry.

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Cholera Morbus

This is a very painful and dangerous disease. In almost every neighborhood someone has died from it before medicine could be obtained or a physician summoned. The right way is to have a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house so as to be prepared for it. Mrs. Charles Enyeart, Huntington, Ind., writes: "During the summer of 1911 two of my children were taken sick with cholera morbus. I used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and it gave them immediate relief."

People who are always constipated which brings on headaches, yellow color, foul breath, poor appetite should not delay a minute, but take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea now. You will wonder at its results. 35c.—Edw. C. Miller.

Why America's Crops Count

The United States produces:

Three-fourths of the world's corn crop

One-fifth of the wheat crop

One-fourth of the oat crop

One-eighth of the barley crop

One-fiftieth of the rye crop

One-sixteenth of the potato crop

Three-fifths of the cotton crop

One-fourth of the flax seed crop

One-third of the tobacco crop

One-fourth of the hop crop

One-tenth of the sugar crop

The United States ranks first in production of corn, wheat, oats, cotton, tobacco, and hops; second for barley and flax; fourth for sugar and fifth for rye and potatoes.

But since the European war started, notwithstanding the increased exports, the United States has consumed about 99 per cent as much as it has produced of food stuffs, that is it has imported almost as much as it has exported. Before the war it consumed more than it produced, taking into consideration both exports and imports, based on wholesale values.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Wheat	1.25-1.45
Red Winter	1.93-1.75
Rye No. 1	1.60-1.70
Oats	1.60
Timothy Seed, lid	85.00-87.00
Butter	36-38
Eggs	35-36
Unwashed Wool	50-52
Hens	11.00
Hides (calf skins)	21
Cow Hides	15-16
Honey	9
Horse Hides	7.00-7.50
Potatoes, new, sorted	82.60-2.60

LIVE POULTRY

Spring Chickens	18
Old Chickens	15
Roosters	15
Geese	14
Ducks	14-16

DRESSED POULTRY

Spring Chickens	16-17
Geese	15
Ducks	20

DAIRY MARKET.

SHEBOYGAN.

Sheboygan, Wis., May 28—15 factories offered 1,267 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all sold as follows: 96 cases young Americas at 24½c; 56 cases long-horns, 24½c; 76 at 24 1-8c; and 1,045 at 24c.

PLYMOUTH.

Plymouth, Wis., May 28—26 factories offered 2,561 boxes of cheese on the call board today. Bids were passed on 60 double daisies and 200 boxes of square prints and the balance sold as follows: 20 twins, 22 1-8c; 168 at 22c; 50 at 21 7-8c; 1,356 daisies, 22c; 507 cases long-horns, 24c; and 150 boxes square prints, 23c.



"United We Stand, Divided We Fall"

County Men Plan Big Drive

"Quartermasters in the army of the commissary," as the county agricultural representatives have been called, are straining every nerve to increase, in their respective counties, the quantity and quality of the national food supply.

Realizing the value of concerted action in this crisis Wisconsin's nineteen county agricultural representatives have just held a conference at the College of Agriculture with the Experiment Station staff.

Men from the northern counties reported the season well advanced, and the prospects for good crops excellent. Farmers in these counties are not only planning to put a larger acreage into the production of food stuffs, but are carrying more live stock and laying out a program of intensive cultivation as far as the labor supply would admit.

The organization of farm forces for less waste in time and money in making more acres count this year will largely rest with these leads of farm improvement bureaus. The several county representatives realize the situation and state that farmers in their districts believe that a man who joins the army or navy when he can fight more effectively behind the plow handles or in the feed lot is making a mistake.

Counties represented at the conference were Oneda, Barron, Eau Claire, Price, Langlade, Taylor, Lincoln, Vilas, Forest, Polk, Douglas, Walworth, Ashland, Sawyer, Portage, Rusk, Burnett, Washburn, and Brown.

Travel Amidst the Scenic Wonders of the Great West This Summer

A vacation trip this year is almost a necessity in order to provide one with the rest and diversion which is most welcome at this time.

Let our experienced travel representatives plan a delightful western trip for you, one which will be unusual and surprising in the wealth of entertainment and interesting features it will offer.

You will enjoy a wide diversity of scenery and your trip will include direct and de luxe railway and comfortable automobile tours through the National Parks, bring you directly to the distinctive attractions to be found in the Wonderful West. Colorado, Utah, California, The Pacific Northwest and Alaska can all be included in a grand circle tour.

You should know also of the splendid opportunities offered for a summer's outing in the Black Hills of South Dakota.

Favorable rates and splendid train service.

Any agent of the Chicago & North Western Ry., will be glad to assist you in planning your trip and supply full particulars covering all details of travel. Ask for descriptive literature, or address C. A. Cairns, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, Chicago & North Western Ry., 226 W. Jackson St., Chicago.

Optimistic Thought.

It costs more to revenge injuries than it does to bear them.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Wheat	1.25-1.45
Red Winter	1.93-1.75
Rye No. 1	1.60-1.70
Oats	1.60
Timothy Seed, lid	85.00-87.00
Butter	36-38
Eggs	35-36
Unwashed Wool	50-52
Hens	11.00
Hides (calf skins)	21
Cow Hides	15-16
Honey	9
Horse Hides	7.00-7.50
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June Merchandise

Straw Hats for the Family

Men's.....50c to 2.00
Children's.....25c to 75c

Silk Petticoats

3.00 to 4.50

Children's Underwear

Special Lot
25c and 35c sellers reduced to.....16c

Canvas Shoes

Big stock for Ladies and Children

Men's Sport Shirts

65c to 1.25

Ladies' Hose

35c and 50c seller reduced to 19c

Men's and Boys' Belts

30c to 55c

Sport Suit Materials

Special new patterns, 25c per yd.

Lawn Mowers

3.50 to 7.50

New Voiles

25c to 55c per yd.

QUICK MEAL and FLORENCE OIL STOVES and BAKE OVENS

Ladies' House Dress Special

1.50 each

Afternoon Dresses

Just in, 3.50 to 5.00 each

L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

What It Means

Many people do not know what a bank's Capital is for, or the difference between a bank of little or no capital and one with large capital.

A Bank's Capital

Is the fund that protects the depositor from loss; therefore the larger it is, the greater protection the depositor has. This Bank has a

Capital of	\$40,000.00
Surplus of	20,000.00
Undivided Profits	15,000.00

Stockholders Individual Resources over \$2,000,000

This protection is for YOU. When you think of "BANK," think "BANK OF KEWASKUM"

Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

- A. L. Rosenheimer, President
- M. Rosenheimer, Vice-President
- George Petri, Vice-President
- Arthur Koch, Otto E. Lay
- B. H. Rosenheimer, Cashier
- N. W. Rosenheimer, Assistant Cashier
- H. A. Rimmel, Assistant Cashier

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

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Oats	1.60
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Eggs	35-36
Unwashed Wool	50-52
Hens	11.00
Hides (calf skins)	21
Cow Hides	15-16
Honey	9
Horse Hides	7.00-7.50
Potatoes, new, sorted	82.60-2.60

ORDER OF NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

State of Wisconsin, In Probate.
Washington County Court, do hereby certify that in the matter of the estate of George Schuppel, deceased.
On Application of Katherine Schuppel, administratrix of the estate of said George Schuppel, deceased, for the adjustment and allowance of her administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such other persons as are by law entitled to the same.
It is ordered, that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a special term of said court, to be held at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, on the third Tuesday of June A. D. 1917.
It is further ordered, that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court, as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the further order and judgment of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.
It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks before said day in the Kewaskum Statesman, a weekly newspaper printed at Kewaskum, in said county.
Dated May 15 A. D. 1917.
By order of the Court, P. O'MEARA, County Judge
Bucklin & Gehl, Attorneys
First publication May 19, 1917.

THE EVILS OF CONSTIPATION

Constipation is one of the main reasons why the average human life is below 40 years. Leaving waste material in the body, poisons the system and blood and makes us liable to sick headaches, biliousness, nervousness and muddy skin. When you note these symptoms, try Dr. King's New Life Pills. They give prompt relief, are mild non-gripping in action, add tone to your system and clear the complexion. At your druggist, 25c.

FUNERAL PARLOR

FRANK A. ZWASKA

UNDERTAKER

LADY ASSISTANT

AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

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GOVERNOR VEToes PROHIBITION BILL

Kills Evjue Referendum Measure Just Five Minutes Before It Becomes Law.

PROPOSES SUBSTITUTE LAW

Executive in Message to Legislature Urges Act Which Will Permit Only Sale of Beer and Wine.

Madison.—Just five minutes before the Evjue referendum bill would have become law, Governor Philipp filed his veto message with the chief clerk of the assembly, thus denying the people of Wisconsin the opportunity of voting on the subject of wet or dry at the spring election in 1918.

In the Evjue state-wide dry referendum bill the message on which was read in the assembly Governor Philipp recommends the enactment of the following additional liquor legislation at this session.

A law to take effect not later than July 1, 1917, which will permit only the sale of beer containing not more than 3 per cent alcohol and wine to contain not more than 10 per cent of alcohol.

He urges this bill as a war measure. Recommends the enactment of a law giving the state the right to cancel any liquor license that is issued within the state, if upon good and sufficient proof it can be shown that the person conducting such saloon has sold liquor to a minor or to a person intoxicated, or to one to whom drink is forbidden by law. The person holding such license shall not again be eligible to receive a renewed license within the state.

Reason for Veto. Discussing his reasons for vetoing the Evjue referendum bill, Governor Philipp says that the suggestions he made to the legislature to amend them are reasonable and fair. These suggestions were that the breweries be permitted to continue to manufacture for shipment into other states and countries where the sale is permitted and also that individuals be permitted to make wine or cider of their own product.

"There can be no objection founded upon reason to the amendment that I have suggested," declares the governor in his message.

May Split Party.

For five months the Evjue bill has been the leading topic of discussion of the legislature. There are convictions here that the Republican party will be split in the campaign over this issue. The dry forces have called a mass meeting conference of all people interested in this issue for Thursday afternoon. At this meeting a campaign will be mapped out for carrying the issue into every legislative district in the next campaign.

Governor Philipp's objections to the Evjue referendum bill were that it was too sweeping in that it would not permit breweries to operate if the state voted dry, and further, that it would not permit the farmer to manufacture wine for his own table use.

"By substantial majorities the house passed the referendum bill," declared Assemblyman Evjue. "Governor Philipp vetoed the bill. The responsibility is upon his shoulders. The people's rights were denied by him. Governor Philipp has made it a political issue while I was attempting to take the issue out of state politics by having a referendum vote in the spring of 1918, when no state officials or members of the legislature are to be elected."

Kill Pension Bill.

The bill to pension members of the supreme court after they have reached the age of sixty-five years by allowing them to retire and become court commissioners on a salary of \$1,000 annually has been defeated in the assembly. This measure has attracted wide attention because of the fact that Justice R. D. Marshall would have come under the terms of the bill on January 1 next. Two of the other seven supreme court judges would have come under the bill during the next few years.

The state council of defense will be given power to control the food situation in Wisconsin. Practically without opposition the assembly advanced the bill conferring broad powers of requisitioning and food distribution upon the state council of defense.

The assembly reconsidered, but later killed the Everett bill creating a state board for the supervision and licensing of real estate agents. It also killed the V. V. Miller bill on the same subject.

By a vote of 72 to 3 the assembly passed a bill providing a new method of distributing street car taxes.

Municipal Ice Depots.

That many cities of Wisconsin will avail themselves of the provisions of the Metcalf bill giving to cities the power to establish municipal depots to supply ice and fuel is indicated by a number of letters which have been received at the extension department of the university and by members of the legislature from cities asking for information on the subject. This bill provides that every city of the state shall have the power by a vote of three-fourths of the members-elect of the common council to operate depots or plants.

Stump-Pulling Demonstrations.

Stump-pulling demonstrations will be carried on under the direction of the university as a result of the passage of the Wilkinson bill in the house by a vote of 43 to 25. The bill has had a stormy career. The measure carries an appropriation of \$37,500 and provides that a demonstrational train shall visit all sections of northern Wisconsin, demonstrating to the farmers, the most feasible way of clearing land of stumps. The appropriation is for four years.

By an unanimous vote the assembly concurred in the Baxter bill appropriating \$75,000 for the establishing of a state tuberculosis sanitarium in northern Wisconsin. Final passage was given in the house to the big fish and game bill of the session. The measure now goes to the senate, where much opposition is expected.

The senate indefinitely postponed the Evjue bill to hold saloonkeepers for civil damages as a result of persons becoming intoxicated. The committee bill for the establishment of the Torrens land title system in this state, and the Clark bill giving cities of the third class the right to fix the time for the opening and closing of polls were also indefinitely postponed.

The assembly has adopted the Carl Hansen resolution for a sine die adjournment of the legislature on June 9.

The senate laid over until June 6 the Pullen bill to give to banks the option of taxation under the income tax law. It killed the Reguse bill to establish a minimum wage in the state, opposition to its advancement being based on the fact that the state industrial commission now has the power to establish a wage.

Normal School Bill Passed.

After three hours' debate the assembly sent to engrossment the normal school appropriation bill just as it came from the finance committee and as it was approved in the senate. An amendment by Assemblyman George D. Whiteside of Portage county to give the normals the amount recommended by the state board of education was defeated 58 to 24. This would have meant an increase for operation of about \$225,000.

Following are the amounts carried for all the nine normals in the state as the bill was engrossed in the house:

Table with 4 columns: Operation, Maintenance, Capital, Grand total. Rows for 1917-18, 1918-19, and Grand total.

Restricts the Injunction.

A bill of far-reaching effect in the interests of labor organizations has been sent to engrossment in the assembly by a three to one vote. The bill curtails the power of courts in the issuance of restraining orders and injunctions in labor disputes, and limits the meaning of conspiracy. The measure was introduced by Assemblyman Turner of Milwaukee.

This measure provides that no person shall be indicted, prosecuted, or tried in any court in this state for entering into or carrying on any agreement or arrangement or combination between themselves made with a view of lessening the numbers of hours of labor or increasing wages, or bettering the conditions of workingmen.

Defeats Governor's Liquor Bill.

While the assembly defeated the introduction of Governor Philipp's bill, prohibiting the sale of whisky in Wisconsin, beer of more than 3 per cent, and wine of more than 10 per cent in the state after July 1, 1917, Speaker Whittef announced that the measure would be re-introduced in the senate. Assemblyman W. T. Evjue of Dane county, author of the referendum bill, which was vetoed, led the fight in favor of the introduction of the measure. The roll call stood 45 in favor of introduction, and 42 against. It lacked 13 votes necessary to secure its introduction. Senator J. Henry Bennett of Viroqua announced that he would introduce a bill along the lines recommended by the governor in the upper house but that the provisions would be stronger.

New Liquor Bill.

Assemblyman George Carpenter, acting upon one of Governor Philipp's recommendations in his veto of the Evjue bill Tuesday night, introduced in the lower house a new bill on the regulation of the liquor traffic in Wisconsin. The measure places the ban on the sale of hard liquors during the war with Germany, but permits the sale of beer and wines containing a certain small percentage of alcohol.

This is one of the most drastic regulatory measures that has ever been introduced in a Wisconsin legislature with the personal backing of the governor of the state.

Some opponents of the proposed plan of the introduction into Wisconsin of a social insurance question, desire that further consideration of this question shall be postponed until after the war.

Armory Bill Passed.

Under suspension of the rules the assembly concurred in the Wilcox bill appropriating \$50,000 annually for state aid in the building of armories. An amendment was attached providing that none of this aid could be used in the acquiring of the old armory before July 1, 1919. This limits the fund to the construction of new armories until that date. The senate killed the bill legalizing group insurance in Wisconsin. It nonconcurrent in the Rosa measure the provisions of which provided for the city manager plan of government in this state.

APPOINT FOOD AGENT

MISSOURI MAN NAMED SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ST. CROIX COUNTY.

OTHER WISCONSIN DOINGS

Items of Interest Throughout the State Gathered by Alert Correspondents and Bulletin in Brief for the Busy Reader.

Madison — The county board has hired Thomas M. Olson, formerly county agent in Butler county, Missouri, to serve St. Croix county in the capacity of a permanent resident food agent. The new appointee is the twenty-third regular county agricultural representative to start work in Wisconsin. Oneida county in 1912 took the step which began the movement. All but three of the men are serving northern or north central counties. About thirty counties of the state are now supplied with temporary emergency food agents, to work with county defense councils during the present season.

Big Class to Graduate.

Manitowoc — The largest class ever graduated from the local high school will receive diplomas this year when ninety-three students, fifty-six girls and thirty-seven boys, finish school. Carroll G. Pearce, president of the Milwaukee normal, will deliver the commencement address.

Draft Clerks Volunteer.

Manitowoc — Seventy-six registrars, three from each precinct in the city and two for towns and villages, have been named by county officials to serve for registration under the army act, June 5. Many of the registrars volunteered their services.

Organize Band on Military Basis.

Beloit — The Beloit Boys' band of forty members will receive systematic military training as well as instruction in music. The leader, Police Officer J. H. McNeil, was a soldier in England, and some time ago organized the band on a military basis.

Marshfield Doctor Called.

Marshfield — Dr. K. W. Doege, president of the Marshfield clinic, has received his call from the government. All of the clinic doctors volunteered their services in the medical corps some months ago.

Receive Red Cross Instructions.

Stevens Point — Mrs. W. S. Whyte of Madison is here giving a course of instruction to the recently organized Red Cross chapter. A house to house canvass for members for the organization is being made.

Farmers To Get Assistance.

Wausau — The county council of defense has authorized A. C. Berg, principal of the County Agricultural school, to assist farmers financially in securing seed and potatoes for planting.

Sell \$120,000 Road Bonds.

Kenosha — Road bonds to the amount of \$120,000 have been sold by Kenosha county and the town of Pleasant Prairie. Work to complete Sheridan drive from Kenosha to the Illinois line will be started at once.

Pastor Accepts Call.

Fond du Lac — The Rev. P. G. Van Zandt, pastor of the Baptist church here for five years, has accepted a call to La Grange, Ill., and will leave here July 1.

Will Help Buy Bonds.

Fond du Lac — Soo railroad employees will be aided in buying liberty bonds through the deducting of a minimum of \$2 monthly from their pay, railroad officials here announced.

Planning Grove and Public Park.

Stevens Point — The Whiting-Plover Paper company is developing a public grove and park near its plant, where the new village of Whiting is expected to be incorporated.

Commands New Company.

Marshfield — First Lieut. Edward O. Witt of Company A of this city has been elected captain of the newly organized Phillips company in that city.

Letter from Mrs. Wilson.

Stevens Point — John Bischoff, 7-year old son of Dr. J. M. Bischoff, sent a box of arbutus to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and received a letter of thanks from the president's wife.

Vacuum Wireless Operator Returns.

Marinette — Leslie Hutton, wireless operator, who was rescued after the American tank steamer Vacuum was torpedoed, has returned to his home in Niagara, Wis.

Will Stage "Duty Day" Dance.

Fond du Lac — Company E likes war rations, but it also likes pie and other delicacies. Therefore, the guardsmen will stage a Duty day dance, June 5, to secure funds for buying "extras."

Class Takes Tour.

Stevens Point — The geology class of the Normal school, accompanied by Prof. Culver, made a tour around Wausau to study the rock and other formations in that region.

Industrial Body Sued.

Racine — Alleging that the industrial commission of Wisconsin acted in excess of its power and that findings, in a claim for damages, do not support the award, Henry Nelson, owner of the Star Taxi company of Racine, brought suit against Mrs. Mary Dahlberg and the industrial commission, demanding judgment that the award be set aside.

Sentenced for Manslaughter.

Wausau — James and Burton Robbette were found guilty on the charge of manslaughter in the second degree for shooting and killing Thomas Jones at Nashville, Forest county, in March. The former was sentenced to five years in the Green Bay reformatory and the latter to five years at Wausau.

Alleged Bandit a Lunatic.

La Crosse — John Schaefer, held on a charge of holding up a train near Sparta, is an escaped lunatic. This was revealed when he was arraigned in court. His attorney produced a letter from an asylum at Norfolk, Neb., from which Schaefer escaped about six months ago. Judge E. C. Higbee continued the case until June 9.

Farm Work Too Hard; Go Home.

Marinette — Eight boys sent from Chicago to work on farms near Amesberg have returned after four days spent with the hoe and shovel. The work was too arduous for them and they asked to be permitted to return. The farmers granted the request and the lads took the first train home.

Ordered to Pay Judgment.

Racine — In the circuit court here a decision was rendered ordering John C. Peterson and his bondsmen to pay the John A. Tolman company of Chicago \$1,607.16, the amount alleged to be due for goods sold and delivered by Peterson as salesman of the company to the trade and collected for by him.

Medics for Prohibition.

Marinette — At a meeting of the physicians of Marinette and Florence county, held here, resolutions were adopted favoring the enactment of laws prohibiting the manufacture of alcoholic drinks from grain during the war. Every member of both counties voted for the resolutions.

Assemblyman Recovering.

Madison — Assemblyman Charles Hart of Oshkosh, who has been ill with pneumonia at a hospital here for several weeks, is out of danger and will be able to leave the hospital within two weeks. Hart is not expected to return to his work in the legislature this season.

Mill Men Buy Three Boats.

Green Bay — The sale of three boats of the Nau Tug line to S. W. Murphy of Appleton is announced. The J. C. Amer, 162 feet beam; the Erma and the L. T. Brogan were the boats involved in the sale. Murphy represented the paper mill interests of the Fox River valley.

Registration Day Concerts.

Fond du Lac — Arrangements were completed for free band concerts in principal towns and villages of the county on Tuesday, June 5, registration day. The Red Cross will present each man with a badge as he registers.

Preparing for Ambulance Corps.

Janesville — Miss Isabel S. MacLean has provided Jonathan Weber, an orphan working his way through Beloit college, with \$400 to equip himself for the American division of the French ambulance corps.

Do Away with Free Lunch.

Kenosha — Kenosha has given up free lunch. All saloons in the city announced that after June 1 the lunch counter will be banished. The plan has been agreed to by every retail liquor dealer in the city.

Prominent Socialist Quits Party.

Fond du Lac — Dean B. I. Bell of St. Paul's cathedral, one of the most prominent socialists in this city, has resigned from the party. He declared that its policies are deadly to industrial democracy.

Rev. Groff to Leave Brandon.

Beloit — The Rev. Walter C. Groff, Brandon, has accepted a call to the pastorate of Griddley Congregational church, to succeed the Rev. E. L. Jones, resigned.

Trail Passes Neenah.

Neenah — The route of the Yellowstone trail is being changed to include this city. The necessary markings are now being made.

Liquor Dealers Organize.

Chilton — Fifty retail liquor dealers of Calumet county organized and have affiliated with the state association. N. A. Bell was elected president.

War Veteran Dies at 73.

Manitowoc — Calvin A. Cary, Civil war veteran, died at his home here, aged 73 years, from a stroke of paralysis. He was born in New York.

Urge War Building Fund.

Beloit — As part of Beloit's campaign to raise \$3,000 for a Y. M. C. A. war building, a mass meeting was held at which the local military company was present. The citizens' committee expects to reach its goal within a few days.

Loses All Fingers.

Racine — Elmer Johnson, employed by the Mitchell Motors company, lost four fingers of both hands while operating a metal shearing machine.



Time turns his hours as once again. The sun in an unceasing stream falls just as swiftly now as when Youth's sunshine hid them with its gleam.

Life has its seasons, as the year Turns softly on from day to day; Ere we may sense it, change is here; No hour with us may ever stay.

GOOD, PLAIN DISHES.

Among these dishes you will be sure to find some favorite dish that may have been forgotten.

Cabbage With Sausage. — Remove the outer leaves of a hard head of cabbage and cut out the center, filling it with well-seasoned, uncooked sausage. Tie up and drop into boiling water to cook for an hour. Serve sliced hot or cold.

Liver Balls. — Parboil and chop enough liver for a cupful, mix it with an equal quantity of crumbs soaked in milk; add a tablespoonful of softened butter, a little salt and pepper, cloves and powdered parsley, then three beaten eggs. Cook until thick. Make into balls, drop into a kettle of boiling water and cook half an hour; drain and serve with parsley as a garnish.

Sauerbraten. — Cover a piece of beef stew with vinegar and let stand two days, drain and lard it with strips of salt pork, sprinkle with spices and fry in drippings. When well browned all over, put into a pot with a lemon rind, two each of sliced carrots and leeks and add a little hot water. Simmer until the meat is tender, then strain. Thicken the liquor left with flour and add enough lemon juice or vinegar to make it tart. Serve the meat with sauerkraut.

Potato Salad. — Chop one onion and sprinkle with salt; let stand an hour. Roll in their jackets two large potatoes, peel and slice while hot. Alternate the hot sliced potato and the onion in a salad bowl, sprinkling with parsley, pepper and dry mustard. Pour over the whole a tablespoonful of hot goose grease or olive oil. Add two and a half tablespoonfuls of water mixed with one and a half tablespoonfuls of vinegar and a teaspoonful of sugar. Serve warm.

Beef Fritters. — Mash five cooked beets, mix with four eggs, beaten, three tablespoonfuls of cream and two tablespoonfuls of flour, the grated rind of a lemon, nutmeg and sugar to taste. Mix and shape into fritters and saute in butter. Garnish with parsley.

Chopped Ham and Corn Patties. — Take half a cupful of corn, three cupfuls of chopped ham, one well beaten egg, fry after making into patties, in hot fat. Season with salt if needed and a dash of pepper.

Parsley as a garnish and flavor for chopped meat, buttered potatoes, fish sauces, as well as soups.

How easy it is for one benevolent being to diffuse pleasure around him and how truly is a kind heart a fountain of gladness making everything in its vicinity to freshen into smiles. — Washington Irving.

WAYS WITH BRAN.

As the health bread is so popular it may be helpful to have a few ways to vary it in bread as well as other dishes.

Bran Bread. — Use two cupfuls of clean bran, one cupful of flour, one cupful of buttermilk, one-half cupful of molasses or brown sugar, one teaspoonful each of soda and salt. Mix well and bake in moderate oven one and a quarter hours.

Another good bran bread: Take two cupfuls of bran, two cupfuls of flour, two cupfuls of sour milk, one cupful of brown sugar, one cupful of raisins, one teaspoonful of soda, and one-half teaspoonful of salt. After sifting the flour into a basin, add the bran and other dry ingredients. Mix the soda with the sour milk and pour this into the dry ingredients, turn when well blended into a well-greased pan and bake in a hot oven one hour.

Fruit Bran Muffins. — Take two tablespoonfuls of molasses, one pint of milk, one cupful of bran, one-fourth of a cupful of walnut meats, one cupful of entire wheat flour, one teaspoonful of salt, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder and one-half cupful of raisins. Mix the molasses, bran, milk, flour, salt and baking powder, nut meats and raisins cut in pieces. Bake in a hot oven in muffin tins for 30 minutes.

Bran Orangeade. — Take a fourth of a cupful of bran and cover with two cupfuls of cold water; let it stand overnight. Strain, chill and add the juice of an orange and serve.

Bran Gems. — Take a cupful each of bran and graham flour, add seven-eighths of a cup of milk, one teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder and four tablespoonfuls of melted butter. Mix the bran and other dry ingredients together, add the melted butter, turn into buttered muffin pans and bake in a hot oven 20 to 30 minutes.

Bran Biscuit. — Take a half cupful each of bran and flour, a teaspoonful of baking powder, one teaspoonful of melted butter, a little salt and mix to make a dough to roll. Cut to rounds and bake in a moderate oven.

Net profit after paying for farina and all cost..... \$2,472.67

S. Joseph and Sons of Des Moines, Ia., are looked upon as being shrewd, careful business men. Having some spare money on hand, and looking for a suitable investment, they decided to purchase Canadian lands, and farm them.

With the assistance of the Canadian Government Agent, at Des Moines, Ia., they made selection near Champion, Alberta. They put 240 acres of land in wheat, and in writing to Mr. Hewitt, The Canadian Government Agent at Des Moines, one of the members of the firm says: "I have much pleasure in advising you that on our farm five miles east of Champion, in the Province of Alberta, Canada, this year (1916) we harvested and threshed 10,600 bushels of wheat from 240 acres, this being an average of 44 bushels and 10 pounds to the acre. A considerable portion of the wheat was No. 1 Northern, worth at Champion, approximately \$1.85 per bushel, making a total return of \$19,010, or an average of \$81.70 per acre gross yields. And by aid of a thorough system were able to keep the cost of growing wheat at about 25 cents a bushel."

Messrs. Smith & Sons of Vulcan, Alberta, are growers of wheat on a large scale and have demonstrated that there is greater profit in Western Canada wheat-raising than probably in any other business anywhere. Speaking of their experience Mr. Smith says:

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 40 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

FARMING NOW A BUSINESS

The Modern Day Farmer Applies Business Methods and Seeks More Than a Living on the Farm.

A nation-wide cry is being made for more economy and greater production, and probably never was the need of foodstuffs equal to that of the present. Grain prices are the highest in the nation's history and today the agricultural fields of America offer inducements that are unequalled in any other line of commerce or business. The ideal life is that close to nature, enjoying the freedom of God's great outdoors and fulfilling a duty to humanity by producing from a fertile soil that which is essential to the very existence of a less fortunate people who are actually starving to death for foodstuffs that can be produced so economically in the United States and Canada.

High prices for all grains, undoubtedly, will be maintained for a number of years, and it appears a certainty that the agriculturist will reap a bounteous return for his labor and at the same time carry out the demands of patriotic citizenship. A wrong conception has been generally noticed as to "Life on the Farm." It has been, to a large extent, considered as only a place to live peacefully and afford a living for those who are satisfied with merely a comfortable existence. Such a wrong impression has been created, in a measure, by the lack of systematic business principles to farming in general. But today farming and agriculture have been given a supremacy in the business world and require the same advanced methods as any other line of commerce. In no other business does a system adoption pay better than on the farm, and it is certain that there is no other line of work, that, generally speaking, needs it as much. The old idea of getting a living off the farm and not knowing how it was made and following up the details of each branch of farming to get the maximum of profit, at the least expense, is fast being done away with.

Farming is now being considered as a business and a living is not sufficient for the modern agriculturist; a small per cent on the investment is not enough, the present-day farmer must have a percentage return equal to that of other lines of business. The prices for produce are high enough, but the cost of producing has been the factor, in many places, that has reduced the profit. It is the application of a system to the cost of various work on the farm that it is possible to give figures on profits made in grain-growing in Western Canada.

Mr. C. A. Wright of Milo, Iowa, bought a hundred and sixty acres of land in Western Canada for \$3,800 in December, 1915, and took his first crop from it in 1916. After paying for the land in full and the cost of cultivating it and marketing the grain, he sold his grain at \$1.55 a bushel (a low price compared with the present market), had a surplus of \$2,472.67. His figures are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Rows for 4,487 bushels worth, Seed at 95c, Drilling, Cutting, Twine, Shocking, Hauling to town, Total cost, Cost of land.

Net profit after paying for farina and all cost..... \$2,472.67

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NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill. — "I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."

—Mrs. ROSE STROPP, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

WHO IS TO BLAME

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Thousands recommend Dr. KILMER'S Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

TYPHOID

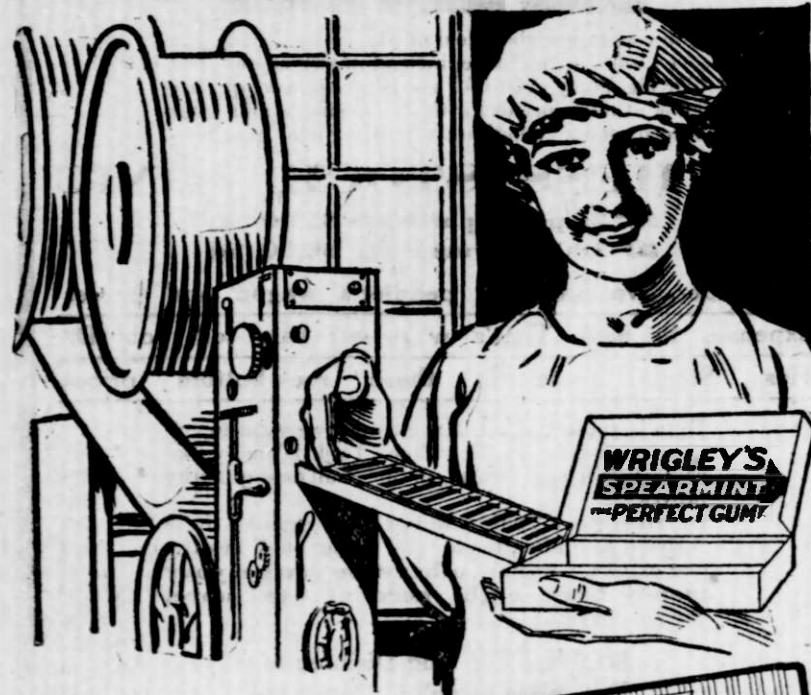
is no more necessary than Smallpox. Any experience has demonstrated the almost instantaneous relief. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Flies spread disease. They are a nuisance and a pest. They are a nuisance and a pest. They are a nuisance and a pest. They are a nuisance and a pest.

DAISY FLY KILLER

WRIGLEY'S



Made by machinery—filtered—safe-guarded in every process:

Factories inspected by pure food experts and highly praised:

Contented employees, of whom perfection is the pride:

Such is WRIGLEY'S—the largest selling gum in the world.

Helps appetite and digestion. Keeps teeth clean—breath sweet.



The Flavor Lasts

Not Bear Like.
"He's very nice to his wife when they are out in company, but at home he acts like a bear."
"Oh, no, he doesn't. She says he never hugs her."

Lincoln Highway Toll.
Pennsylvania is the only state which charges toll for using the Lincoln highway.

Still.
"What a taciturn man he is."
"Yes. He's almost as silent as a pro-German."

Men who lack imagination are often forced to adopt the expedient of telling the truth.



This Car Is Worthy of Your Confidence

You can buy a Saxon car secure in the knowledge that you are getting full value in tried and proven motor car mechanism.

Saxon cars are built to win the confidence of their owner—and they do. But first they must win the confidence of their builders—and this they could not if they embodied any feature or any part of unproved worth.

So no Saxon principle of construction has ever been changed until a better principle has fully proved its greater value. And so no Saxon car has ever embodied features of doubtful worth.

Saxon cars have simply been in a state of transition, passing thru phase after phase of gradual improvement without a break in production. They are refined from time to time, not radically changed.

They are in the fullest sense of the phrase, products of evolution. They are developed rather than built.

Isn't that the kind of a car you want—one that you can feel confident is right before you put down your good money for it? If it is, then you want a Saxon.

There is still some good territory open for Saxon Dealers. For information you should apply to

Saxon Motor Car Corporation
Detroit, Michigan

BERMUDA IN FOOD CRUSADE

Government of Island Colony Urges Farmers Not to Rely Further on Imported Supplies.

United States Consul Carl R. Loop, at Hamilton, says: The department of agriculture of Bermuda has issued a leaflet for general distribution throughout the colony, urging on the farmers the necessity of growing larger quantities of food for home consumption. It says in part:

"The government is most anxious that farmers and others realize the importance under present conditions of increasing local food supplies. The high prices of imported foodstuffs, which are likely to be still further increased in the future, add very greatly to the cost of living, and at the present time it is a patriotic duty for all to do their utmost to insure the practice of economy in every department of life.

"Heretofore the farmers of the colony have depended too much on imported and too little on home-grown foods. The present aim of every farmer should be to produce as much food for his family and live stock as he can grow with economy, and to have a surplus to sell. By so doing he can greatly reduce his own cost of living and at the same time lessen the colony's dependence on imported foods. The high cost of imported foodstuffs should increase the demand for local grown foods, and a market would seem to be assured, especially for potatoes, both Irish and sweet, and pigs."

BIRDS WOULD CONSERVE FOOD

Return of Feathered Benefactors to Farm Would Mean Saving of Billion Dollars a Year.

If the Eastern states alone could bring back the quail, the rose-breasted grosbeaks and other bird benefactors they would save \$15,000,000 a year in the price of materials used to kill potato bugs.

Charles P. Shoffner of the Liberty Bell Bird Club made this statement, the Philadelphia North American states. He made a plea for the birds as a means of conserving the nation's food resources.

"If Pennsylvania had but one pair of goblings to the acre," he said, "the birds would consume 3,600 tons of insects a day. The nation loses \$1,000,000,000 a year through ravages of insects which the birds can eliminate.

"Next year the country must double its crop output to feed its army. It is necessary, therefore, to have the best crops we can obtain, and the way to obtain them is by bringing back the birds."

Mr. Shoffner explained the importance of erecting bird houses to take the places of the thickets, the hollow trees and other natural resting places for the birds which have disappeared.

Keep Your Fish Dry.

Strange as it may seem there is nothing in the world that will spoil a dead fish so quickly as water. If your fishing conditions are such as to prevent your keeping your catch alive, by all means kill each one as quickly as caught, and having done so dry it and keep it dry. Remember that a fish strung through the gills and thrown overboard is doomed to a speedy death by suffocation. If you must string them use one of the patent stringers that holds through the jaw and gives the fish a fighting chance for life. If, however, you can neither treat your catch in this way nor turn them loose in a tank, kill them instantly, wipe them quite dry and keep them sheltered from the sun. Fish should not be packed so that they come in direct contact with ice; place a sheet of nonabsorbent paper between. Avoid damp moss or seaweed in your creel.

Blossoms for Dead Soldiers.

One of the most prosperous agricultural districts in France at the present time is in the near neighborhood of Toulon, the Mediterranean seaport not far from Marseilles, and therefore far distant from the scene of war.

But the war is to this district the most important source of its prosperity. For its chief product is those tiny, long-lasting flowers known as "immortelles." They go, in vast quantities, to decorate the graves of French soldiers. In early spring the fields planted with them are densely carpeted with the blossoms—associated in everybody's mind not with life, but with death—which are picked in early morning, before the dew is off the ground, and shipped, via Toulon, to all parts of France.

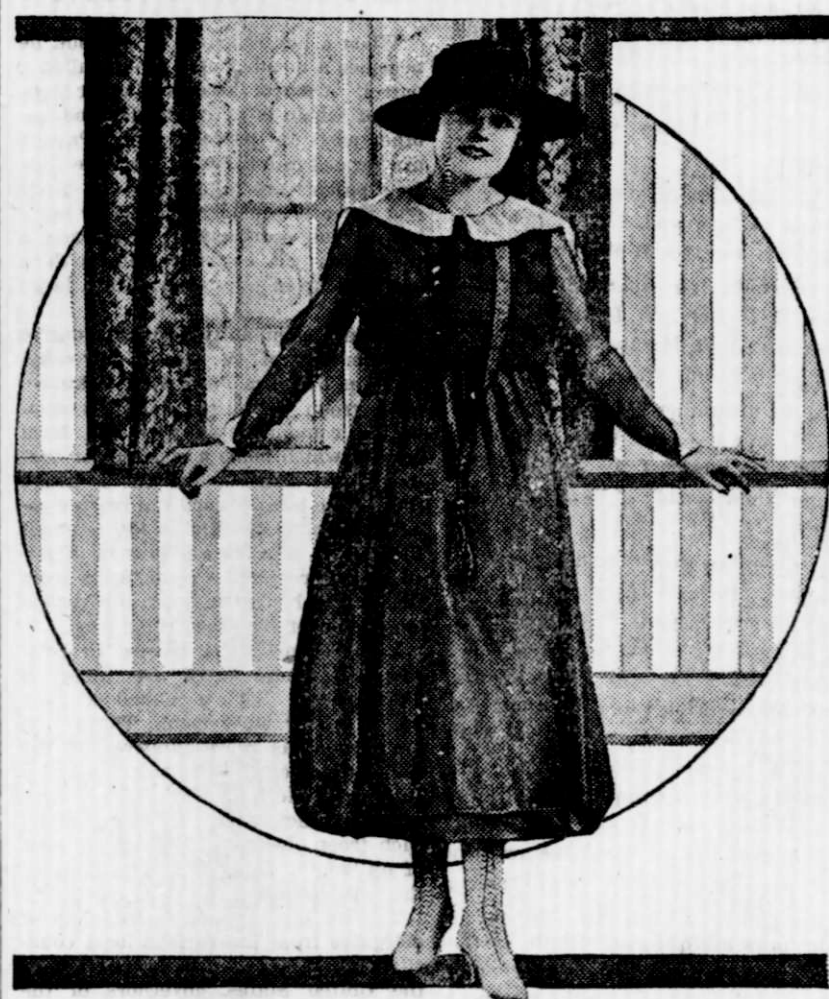
True Friendship.

We are all inclined to lean too much on friendship; to depend not on our own souls for strength, but on the strength that comes from other souls. So the building in process of erection has many props to support it; but as it nears completion prop after prop is knocked away, and it is secure only as it rises firmly in its own foundation. No friend can bear our burden for us; the most he can do is to help us to bear it well, prompting us to endeavor by his sympathy and wisdom. If we have so used friendship that we have lost the power to stand alone, we have misused it.

Use of Soy-Bean Oil.

Soy-bean oil has been studied with other oils in a series of experiments carried on by the office of home economies and found to compare favorably with the more common culinary table oils with respect to the thoroughness with which it is assimilated.

Fads and Fancies of Fashion



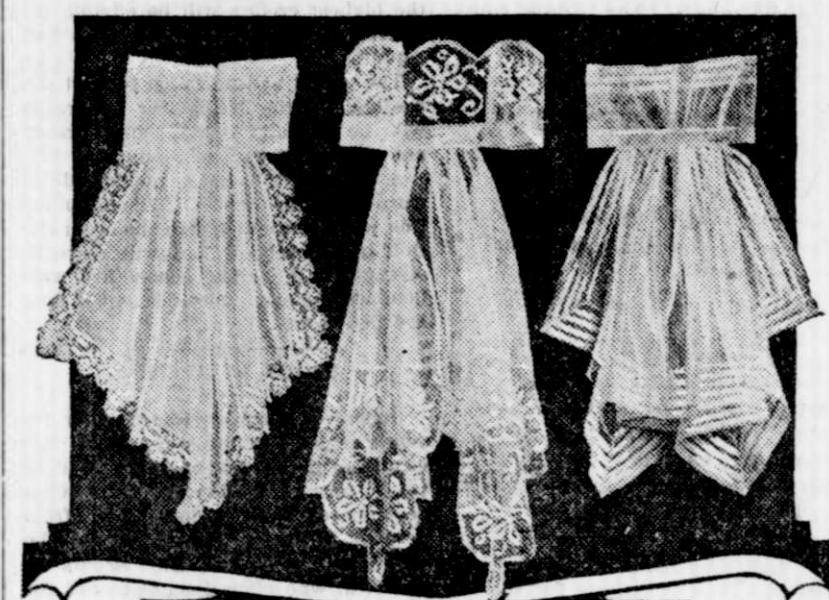
WHEN GOWNS ARE REMODELED.

A special dispensation from the goddess of fashion, in the interest of thrifty women, lies in the present vogue for two or more fabrics in one gown. In all the array of pretty frocks for afternoon wear—or any other dressy wear, for that matter—there are hardly any that are fashioned of just one material. If the mission of a gown is fulfilled by merely looking well, it is made of two or more materials, or of two patterns in one material.

Thrift is a mark of good breeding in these times. Now, when the resources of this country are about to be put to the test, women must be willing to do with less so that others, who need, may have more.

But it is no great hardship to do without a new frock if an old one can be remodeled into a thing of beauty. The gown shown in the picture offers a good suggestion for remodeling because the overbodice and sleeves are made of georgette crepe, and worn with a silk skirt and underbodice. This overbodice bears all the evidences of being strictly up-to-date with its wide tucks, long sleeves and its big cape collar of white crepe. A small triangle of white crepe is set in the sleeves at the wrist.

A new bodice of this kind simply effaces the memory of the dress it used to be and makes this into a dress of today. A new finishing touch appears in the neck ribbon and tassel which add the final charm to a frock that can't help proving a satisfaction to its wearer. There are so many possibilities



A FUREUR FOR JABOTS.

lies in the remodeling of gowns by combining materials that the amateur is apt to try a little original designing. But safety lies in copying the models in afternoon frocks turned out by expert designers, when gowns are to be remodeled.

Everything else in neckwear is more or less eclipsed by the vogue of the jabot which amounts, just now, to a furore. Snowy heaps of net and lace, fashioned into every variety of jabot, happen in all parts of the dry goods stores, and each is a center of attraction for a crowd of absorbingly interested women, otherwise the regular neckwear section would be overwhelmed. It doesn't take any salesmanship to sell jabots, they sell themselves, and all the merchant has to do is to take the money—and keep up the supply.

This pretty madness on the part of women promises to outlast the summer and the jabot is so altogether classy and pretty that it should have a long popularity. With this in mind we can be reconciled to the rather extravagant prices that are asked for

an accessory whose only mission in life is being good to look at. It takes a good grade of net, good lace and good work to make a successful jabot, that is, one that will stand laundering. For the jabot is nothing if not immaculate as to freshness and dignifiedness.

Net and combined with lace make the three pretty examples of the jabot shown in the picture. One consisting of a square of net, with one corner cut off and gathered into the stock, which is a straight band of the net. Fillet lace is used for edging the jabot and for the narrow turndown over the stock and hemstitching finishes its lower edge.

A wider silk fillet, set to a long piece of net on the ends and one edge, makes the center jabot with a stock of the same lace and net. Lace is left out of the tailored jabot at the right and tucks, with hemstitching, make its elegant decoration.

Julia Bottomley

Skirts of Wash Fabrics.

Now wash skirts now being added to the lines, says the Dry Goods Economist, are largely in plain white cotton and linen materials, but with fair proportion of novelty effects. All-white skirts made on simple lines are by far

False Pretense.
"Bill says he would like to enlist but he would be rejected on account of his teeth."
"Merely an excuse. He hasn't got any."

FIERY RED PIMPLES

That Itch and Burn Are Usually Eczematous—Cuticura Quickly Heals.

It needs but a single hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to the most distressing, disfiguring eczemas, itchings and burnings to prove their wonderful properties. They are also ideal for every-day toilet use. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Any woman who merely powders feels superior to the woman who paints.

FARMERS ARE WORKING HARDER

And using their feet more than ever before. For all these workers the frequent use of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, increases their efficiency and insures needed physical comfort. It takes the friction from the shoe, softens the feet, and prevents tired, aching and blistered feet. Women everywhere are constant users of Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't get foot sore, get Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by dealers everywhere, 26c.—Adv.

At the Club.

"You look tired, old man."
"Well, why wouldn't I? Going up on the subway tonight I couldn't get a seat."

"Bad enough."
"When I got to my apartment house I couldn't sit down in the elevator 'cause there were two women in it."
"Hard luck!"

"And when I reached my apartment I found my wife had put in her time today varnishing all the chairs."

What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 80 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-Good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment. Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"
\$3 \$3.50 \$4 \$4.50 \$5 \$6 \$7 & \$8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

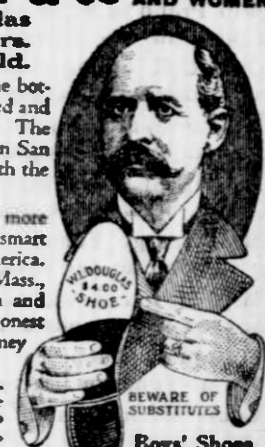
Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.



Risky Business.
"Elephants are used as work animals in India."
"Swapping elephants must be a precarious business."
"Why so?"
"You're liable toicker for what you think is a colt of twenty, and get one three hundred years old."

Safe Deduction.
Simson—I wonder where the stepladder is?
Mrs. S.—Willie had it last.
Simson—Then it must be in the pantry.

We Want a Young Man.
Of good standing and business ability to represent us in this section, organizing the producers for the purpose of selling direct to consumers. Liberal compensation to the right man. Write Farm to Table Association, Inc., 171 Madison Avenue, New York.—Adv.

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.



Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness. A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezeone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezeone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off. Freezeone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezeone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.



Considerable Clatter.
"Has your husband got good, sound teeth?"
"Oh, yes."
"Have you seen them all?"
"No, but the other night he got frightened and I heard them."



MADE FROM THE HIGHEST GRADE DURUM WHEAT COOKS IN 12 MINUTES. COOK BOOK FREE SKINNER MFG. CO. OMAHA, U.S.A. Largest Macaroni Factory in America.

MEN WANTED
To learn the barber trade. Only a few weeks required; no experience necessary; tools furnished free; money earned while learning. Call or write The Wisconsin Barber College, 835-837 Chestnut St., Milwaukee, Wis.

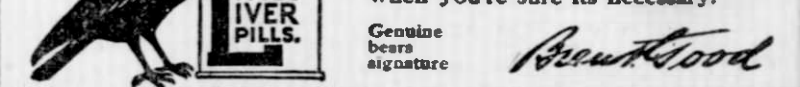
PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, 115 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 22-1917.

Open-Air Exercise and Carter's Little Liver Pills are two splendid things For Constipation

If you can't get all the exercise you should have, its all the more important that you have the other tried-and-true remedy for a torpid liver and bowels which don't act freely and naturally.

Take one pill every night; more only when you're sure its necessary.



CHALKY, COLORLESS COMPLEXIONS NEED CARTER'S IRON PILLS

THE SENATOR TELLS THE GOOD JUDGE ABOUT IT.

HELLO JUDGE! YOU OUGHT TO KNOW A LOT ABOUT GOOD TOBACCO, BUT YOU NEVER TASTED ANY AS GOOD AS THIS W-B CUT—TRY IT?
BEEN CHEWING NO OTHER FOR THREE YEARS.
WAKE UP SENATOR! THE JUDGE PUT THE NEXT TO THE THREE YEARS AGO.



IT'S worth your while to get what good tobacco judges say about W-B CUT, and to notice the way men are changing over to it. Talk it over with some one who chews W-B CUT—there's something sound and fundamental about the tobacco. It's not gummy with syrup; just tobacco through and through—and mighty rich, sappy leaf at that—shredded and lightly salted to bring out the good tobacco taste.

Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 1107 Broadway, New York City

CAMPBELLSPORT.

W. Bixbe called on friends at Eden Tuesday.
A. Krueger called on friends at Eden Tuesday.
Mrs. P. Flynn was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.
Glenn Hill was a business caller at Lomira Tuesday.
Carl Beck spent Sunday at his home at West Bend.
B. Jaeger was a business caller at Kewaskum Tuesday.
Will Prehn of Fond du Lac spent Tuesday in the village.
Otto Cole of Milwaukee spent last Friday in the village.
Miss S. White called on friends at Fond du Lac Monday.
M. Farrell was a business caller at Fond du Lac last week.
Mrs. George Yankow was a caller at Fond du Lac Friday.
Miss M. Farrel was the guest of Fond du Lac friends Friday.
Miss Mary Guepe called on relatives at Fond du Lac Sunday.
Louis Biersdorf and family were Fond du Lac visitors Sunday.
Fred Jung of Theresa was a business caller here Saturday.
P. G. Van Blarcom transacted business in the village Friday.
Ernst Breyman left for Milwaukee Saturday to visit relatives.
John Kohler and Frank Bauer were Milwaukee callers Sunday.
Alfred Van De Zande transacted business at Elk Hart Lake Monday.
Charles Cole and Wm. Guenther were business callers at Eden Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Otto Lay of Kewaskum were visitors here Sunday.
Alfred Van De Zande spent Tuesday at Clinton and New Holstein.
J. H. Kleintans sold an Avory tractor to John Braun in Eden last week.
Miss R. Thill and W. Myers were Fond du Lac business callers Saturday.
James Ward Jr., of Minneapolis spent Saturday at his home in the village.
P. J. Strobel of Milwaukee was a pleasant caller in the village on Tuesday.
Dr. E. Flood and family of St. Cloud visited relatives in the village Sunday.
George Lindsey of Plymouth looked after the cheese business here Tuesday.
P. Krueger was a business caller at the County Seat the latter part of last week.
Philip Guenther and C. R. Van De Zande transacted business at Theresa Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. F. Jewson were the guests of relatives and friends in the village Monday.
Frank Heffling looked after business interests at Fond du Lac the forepart of the week.
The Misses Selma Utke and Emma Glass spent Sunday with friends at Fond du Lac.
C. R. Van De Zande and son Alfred and Wm. Wedde spent Saturday evening at Mayville.
Miss Leona Paas of Fond du Lac and Miss Germaine Paas of Milwaukee spent Sunday at their home here.
Mrs. L. Hendricks, Thos. Dieringer and Mrs. Jos. Bauer and daughter were Fond du Lac business callers Saturday.
Miss Edith Brown of Dundee is spending the present week with her sister, Mrs. John Pesch in the village.
Daniel Corbett, who spent several days with relatives and friends here, left for his home in

NENNO

Joe Gundrum took a trip to Lomira Wednesday.
Al. Kirtscher of Lomira was a business caller here Monday.
Hugo Schultz of Milwaukee called on his trade here Tuesday.
The dance at Hoepner's last Thursday evening was well attended.
L. P. Newburg and children and Maggie Pfeiffer spent Tuesday at Hartford.
Mr. and Mrs. Ph. Wolf visited their son Arthur at Jefferson from Saturday till Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. John Johannes of Hartford spent Sunday with the latter's parents here.
Mr. and Mrs. Adam Wolf visited the Frank Klink and Ph. Pfeiffer families at Hartford Monday.
The following spent Sunday with Mrs. K. Heffer and family: Mr. and Mrs. Ger. Paff, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Heffer and John Martin, all of Hartford.
Quite a number from here attended the shower given at Allenton Tuesday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Sauer whose wedding took place last week.

Mondovi Monday.

Mrs. John Naughton and son John of Milwaukee are spending a few days of the present week with relatives and friends in the village.
O. A. Braun, Dewey Keno, Fearson Brown, Leo Uelmen, Rudolf Kraemer, Frank Curran and Anton Hilbert were Fond du Lac visitors Sunday.
Rev. Zenk, Misses Mary and Ella McCullough, Miss E. Mack, Mrs. H. J. Paas, Mrs. D. Walters and R. B. Ellis were business callers at Fond du Lac Thursday.
F. Bauer, J. Graveling, J. H. Paas and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schultz, A. White, H. Marquardt were at Fond du Lac the forepart of the week.
William Bonesko of Detroit, Mich., spent Monday in the village. Mr. Bonesko has joined the Ambulance Corps and will leave Philadelphia for abroad Thursday.
H. J. Weld, A. Flitta, Peter Schrooten, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Curran, B. Hall, R. Baker, P. M. Schlafer and Henry Scholler were Fond du Lac business callers last Wednesday.
M. Flanagan, Ernst Kloke, Mr. and Mrs. F. Loomis, F. Dickmann, Henry Damm, Mrs. J. Braun and Mr. and Mrs. W. Kloke called on relatives and friends at Fond du Lac Thursday.
The play "The Lion and the Mouse" will be given at the Opera House by the Senior class and members of the local high school on Thursday and Saturday evenings, May 31st and June 3rd.

ELMORE

Albert Schmidt spent Monday and Tuesday at Fond du Lac.
Christ Schmalz and Mrs. Baum of Theresa were village callers Sunday.
The Ladies Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. Christ Guntly Sunday afternoon.
Mr. and Mrs. Gust Scheurman of Fond du Lac visited with relatives here over Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wielke spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel and family.
Mr. and Mrs. John Feterhammer and family visited with relatives at New Fane Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. George Williams of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Adam Schmitt.
Mr. and Mrs. Alex Sook and son Elmer spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Geidel and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Schrauth of St. Kilian spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Anton Schrauth and family.
Albert Struebing, Peter Boegel and Frank Kleinkans Sr., transacted business at Fond du Lac on Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleinkans Jr. and son Wesley spent Sunday with the Mike Kohn family at New Prospect.
Mrs. Clas. Reinhardt of Milwaukee visited a few days with her mother, Mrs. Jacob Guntly and other relatives.
Mrs. Peter Mueller and daughter Lena left Tuesday for Milwaukee from where they will go to Damos, Dakota.
Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Backhaus at Kewaskum.
Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Flaseh, and family and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Sabisch and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Christ Backer and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stauning and daughter Anita and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boegel were Kewaskum callers Monday evening.
Mrs. Wm. Klumb and daughter Alma and sons Ewald and William George Klumb and son Lee and Mrs. Clas. Zieckle of Milwaukee spent Wednesday with relatives here.

NEW PROSPECT

Name of Applicant—
J. A. Welsh
Location where business is to be conducted—At New Prospect, Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin.
Bondsmen: National Security Co., of New York.
Feel tired all the time—can't sleep, work or rest. Nothing tastes right. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will give you up help you eat, sleep and work. Try it without fail.—Edw. C. Miller.
Improved Ice-Cream Cone.
To provide a substitute for the not always sanitary ice-cream cone, an inventor has patented a device that cuts a core from a banana and replaces it with ice cream.—Exchange.
Something to Wonder About.
It was Phyllis' first visit to the country. "What are you thinking about?" asked her grandma. "The wondering," answered Phyllis. "where the cow keeps all the bottles."
One's Neighbor's Burden.
If a little fairy should appear and make visible the bad every mortal carries, some startling discoveries would result and our sympathies and charity broaden.—New York Evening Sun.
Why Bank Officials Get Gray.
"By the way, Mrs. Small, that check you deposited the other day came back marked 'No funds.'" "Oh, thanks! I won't deposit it this time. I'll cash it instead."—Life.
Daily Thought.
A single grateful thought turned heavenward is the most perfect prayer.—Leading.

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

ORGANIZATION OF SCOUTS

When a boy registers as a scout, he becomes a member of a group called a patrol. A patrol consists of eight boys, one of whom is patrol leader and another assistant patrol leader. Patrols are formed into troops. Not more than four patrols are taken into one troop and three is considered a better number as the scoutmaster who leads a troop can get better results with a small group of boys than with a large one.

When a community desires to derive the benefits of the scout movement three or five men form what is known as a troop committee and this committee communicates with the local council which holds a charter for that particular district. In cases where there is no local council the troop committee applies directly to the national council. A scoutmaster is then selected and he receives a commission from the national council upon the recommendation of the troop committee.

Local councils are formed in communities where there are three or more troops. Such a council is made up of ten or more men. These men are elected as representatives of the various interests of the community including religious, educational, business and civic activities. In many cities each troop elects at least one member of its troop committee as a member of the local council.

The national council is made up of delegates from the various local councils, president and ex-presidents of the United States, governors of the various states, and a limited number of other men distinguished for their achievements in work for boys.

This in brief is the scout organization. It was planned with a view of insuring proper supervision of all scout work and of keeping the local council and the national council directly in touch with both the scout and the scoutmaster. As soon as any important addition is made to the scout program, as soon as some means is discovered of doing things better than they have been done before, this information must immediately reach every branch of the organization. Some of the best men in the country are every day volunteering valuable suggestions to local councils and to the national council and it is very necessary that these latest details of scouting should reach the scout and the scoutmaster with the least possible delay.

TO BE FIRE SCOUTS.

Fire Chief Elliot Whitehead of Oakland, Cal., appreciated the value of the scout preparation and believing that the scouts can be counted on in emergencies, is planning to form a fire patrol in each troop. These patrols will receive recognition at fires and will be counted on to prevent fires. Instruction in fire-fighting and prevention is given by the chief himself. Patrol leaders and older scouts are eligible to join these patrols.
At the end of the course of instruction, a short civil service examination will be given and the scouts receiving the highest credits will be eligible for election as fire chiefs, assistants and captains.

The patrol will be taken to visit the fire houses; the fire-fighting apparatus will be explained and demonstrated and fire drills will be conducted.
A distinctive badge or shield will be worn by the fire scouts. This organization will not conflict with the organization in the schools, but will serve to strengthen it, as the school fire wardens will be even more efficient if they are fire scouts.

SCOUT ACTIVITIES.

Rochester (Mass.) Boy Scouts recently flashed a message across the city from the roof of one high building to the roof of another, by means of a semaphore, thus winning \$20 from Jerome R. George, president of the Woodchester council, Boy Scouts of America, who offered that amount for the correct sending and receiving of a message which he had prepared. The message read: "The president says he will promptly approve an efficient and democratic plan for national preparedness. What is the matter with the Boy Scout plan?"
The Boy Scouts of Tacoma, Wash., have been making themselves useful this winter in cutting wood and shoveling snow for dependent women and old people. They divided the town into districts and carefully looked after every case which needed help.
A branch of the Boy Scouts of America has been organized at Tokyo, Japan, with the assistance of Col. James A. Irons, the American military attaché. About twenty American boys, all of whom are pupils of the Tekyo grammar school, have formed the nucleus of the organization.
A scout chooses as his motto "Be Prepared," and he seeks to prepare himself for anything—to rescue a companion, to find a stream, to gather firewood, to help a stranger, to distinguish right from wrong, to serve his fellow-men, his country and his God—always to "Be Prepared."

Fire Protection

Twenty-one of these storehouses of food burned down in 1916 in this state alone, causing a fire loss of \$730,050.00. In the present national crisis Wisconsin cannot afford to waste food in any form.

Observing the following suggestions will help you to protect your mill or elevator, and the food products stored therein.

1. Boiler—Locate this in outside fireproof building, or cut off boiler room by standard fire wall and standard, automatic fire doors.
2. Stack—Build of brick instead of metal. Have it not less than 20 feet from main building, and extend at least 2 feet above elevator or mill roof.
If not practicable to erect brick stack, metal stack should have at least 36-inch clearance to all exposed woodwork.
3. Wall Openings—Windows should be intact and screened, doors closed except for necessary entrance and exit, all loose, broken and missing siding replaced.
4. Electrical—Installation must fully comply with the requirements of the National Electrical Code Wires and extension cords must not hang on or be in contact with nails, hooks, staples, rods, machinery or other foreign materials or with each other.
Cut-out and fuse boxes should be installed in approved metal cabinets.

Electric motors, preferably of the enclosed type, should be mounted on non-combustible base or floor, and motor room should be iron sheathed.

Avoid use of open lights.
5. Interior Woodwork in flour mills should be whitewashed, using U. S. Government Standard, or painted with approved fireproof paint.

6. Fire Doors—All fire doors to be according to standard specifications, and arranged to work automatically. Doors should be tested frequently. Fire shutters must be closed at night.

7. Vertical Openings—Stairway, elevator, belt and shaft openings should be close dup as far as possible, or provided with automatic traps, to prevent the spread of fire.

8. Housekeeping—Building must be kept free of dust, dirt, refuse and spider webs.

Flour mills should be provided with cyclone or tubular dust collectors on each floor.
Standard, self-closing, metal waste cans should be installed and used.

9. Oiling—All bearings should be well oiled and free from dust and dirt; oil drip cups should be installed where oil is liable to drip.

Installation of automatic journal alarms is highly recommended.

10. Belts and Shafts should run true to prevent friction.

11. Smoking—Post and strictly enforce "No Smoking" rules against employees, visitors and all.
12. Locomotive—Permit none to enter the building unless its fire box is protected and stack screened.

13. Clothing of employees should be kept in metal lockers.

14. Life-Saving—Provide adequate exits, ladders and fire escapes.

15. Water—Installation of a standard sprinkler system is highly recommended.

Interior stamplage of required size should be provided, and from 50 to 100 feet of 2-inch hose placed at each connection.

One water barrel and two fire pails should be placed to every 2500 sq. ft. floor space, each floor, barrels should contain at least 75 pounds of coarse salt to prevent water freezing.

16. Chemical Extinguishers—Install one approved 2½ gallon type chemical extinguisher to every 2500 sq. ft. of floor area, each floor, the non-freezing types of extinguishers are preferred.

Appoint one man in charge of fire apparatus and drill employees in the use of extinguishers and hose.

17. Watchman—Have inside watchman day and night under instruction to make frequent rounds looking for hot journals, unclear conditions and other fire hazards, do oiling, see that all fire apparatus is in proper place and condition and conduct visitors through building during day time.
Have outside watchman day and night reporting hourly to central station or local watch clock service. He may be sworn in as special police or deputy sheriff.

18. Visitors—Post "No Admittance" signs and admit no visitors except through office, and on a written pass, and allow none to go through the building except in company of the day watchman. Refuse admittance to all visitors at night.

M. J. CLEARY
Insurance Commissioner
and Ex-Officio State
Fire Marshal
Dated May 24th, 1917.

Why Pay the Peddler or Canvasser Twice These Prices?

You can save a good deal of money by buying your stock tonic at this store, instead of paying the peddler big, fancy prices for goods of unknown quality. Look at these prices for that old reliable and guaranteed stock conditioner and worm expeller—

DR. HESS STOCK TONIC

25 pound pail costs \$2.00
100 lb. drum costs \$6.50

Remember, we have no peddler's wagon and horse expenses to pay. That's why we can sell you Dr. Hess Stock Tonic at these rock-bottom prices.

Here is another point, Mr. Farmer, we want to emphasize, that is: Dr. Hess Stock Tonic is highly concentrated; it goes farther, as the small dose quantity proves.
Dr. Hess Stock Tonic is to put your animals in a thriving condition, make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms—otherwise you get your money back right here at our store.
We also handle

Dr. Hess Dip and Disinfectant
Dr. Hess Poultry Pan-a-see
Dr. Hess Instant Louse Killer

John Marx, Kewaskum, Wis.

HARNESS AND COLLARS.



Quality Harness, my own make, per set, \$50.00 and up. Our all leather Collars at \$4.00. Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Gloves and Mittens. Now when you can spare your harness, is a good time to have it oiled and repaired. I will oil team harness for 75c, if you take it apart and clean it, you also to buckle it up. If I do all the work I will oil same for \$2.00.

VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis

TOWN LINE—SCOTT

Too Late for Last Week.
Phil. Reilly was at Cascade last Tuesday.
Miss Martha Michaels spent Tuesday at Dundee.
Frank Beggan was a Waldo business caller Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schultz were Batavia visitors Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beggan visited Armstrong relatives Sunday.
Frank Mulvey of Sheboygan was a caller here several days last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cooney of Mitchell called on relatives here Sunday.
Miss Anna McBride of Milwaukee is visiting at the Ph. Fitzpatrick home.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wals and son Marvin visited friends and relatives at Port Washington.

ASHFORD

Mrs. Wm. Matel visited at Elmore Sunday.
L. Raffenstein spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.
Farmers in this vicinity are getting the land ready for potatoes.
Arnold Krudwig and Albert Schmitt spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.
Miss Mauch of Milwaukee visited friends here the forepart of the week.
Anton Tueck attended the funeral of Nick Ziemet at Marsfield Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jaeger Sr. and B. Serwe spent Sunday afternoon at Elmore.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD

A chill after bathing, cooling off suddenly after exercise and drafts give the cold germs a foothold that may lead to something worse. Safety requires early treatment. Keep Dr. King's New Discovery on hand. This pleasant balsam remedy allays inflammation, soothes the cough and repairs the tissues. Better be safe than sorry. Break up the cold with Dr. King's New Discovery before it is too late. At your druggist, 50c, \$1.00.

Quite Simple.

Jim Jones—"But how can I love my neighbor as myself, when his dog howls all night?" The Parson—"Why, very easy, brother Jones—very easy—just poison his dog!"—Punch.

Helps Keep Flowers Fresh.

It is said that sphagnum moss in the bottom of a vase used for cut flowers will keep the water fresh for some time.

Season for Rejoicing.

Righteousness tried by adversity has good grounds for gloating in its sorrow.—Ovid.

ONLY ONE

COMMENCEMENT DAY

There will be many birthday anniversaries, many Christmases, and many other occasions for the giving of presents, BUT ONLY ONE GRADUATION DAY IN A LIFETIME. Make it a Memorable Occasion, Make the Gift a Valuable One, also select it at the OLD RELIABLE JEWELRY STORE.

MRS. K. ENDLICH

Jeweler & Optometrist

KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

Bones Wanted

We buy Green or Dry Bones of every description

Also Scrap Iron and anything else you have to dispose of

Leave Orders at Wm. Ziegler's Kewaskum

S. Moses, Kewaskum, Wis.

Deutscher Advokat

BUCKLIN & GEHL

Lawyers

West Bend, Wis.

IN KEWASKUM

Wednesday of each week
Office 2d floor Bank of Kewaskum Bldg. Office hours
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Catarrah Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrah Medicine is taken internally and acts on the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrah Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrah Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.
50 Dm. regts. 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.