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Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XXII

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1917.

NUMBER 1

JUNIORS TO STAGE FINE CLASS PLAY

Junior Class of Local High School to Put On "Valley Farm" April 20th

The new feature of the school entertainment this year is that the program will consist of the grades only. In former years a short farce by the Junior class of the high school included a part of this program. This year however, the Junior class will produce the popular and clever play "Valley Farm" on Friday evening, April 20th.

The Juniors have been practicing hard for the past two months, and are showing some noteworthy talent for the production of this play. The play "Valley Farm" is selected from a list of plays usually given by the Senior classes and no doubt of the acts are passed in the course of the production of this play will be equally as good as the average Senior play. It is a play of modern society, primarily, but two try against a background of rural life and character. It is at times very emotional, but is relieved by plenty of humor. There is no strong individual part in the play, but all characters are equally important in the development of the plot. The plot hinges upon the conditions arising from the marriage of Hetty Holcomb, a pretty country girl, to Harold Rutledge, a wealthy young man from New York City.

The receipts derived from this play will be used towards the payment for the piano purchased at the beginning of the school year for the grammar room. The admission will be the same as the Senior plays, 15c, 25c, and 35c for reserved seats. The Kewaskum Quintette will furnish the music between acts and for the dance that will follow the play.

KOHLSPILLE

Paul Moritz, made a business trip to Campbellport Monday. A quilting bee was held at the home of Mrs. John Rilling Friday. Philip Roos of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Wm. Dahn family. Paul Moritz purchased a horse from Mich. Johannes near Kewaskum. Mr. and Mrs. John Rilling of Hartford are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Fred Metzner and Mrs. John Rilling spent Wednesday at West Bend. Miss Mary Schields spent Sunday with the Dwyer family at Nenno. Mr. and Mrs. John Diels visited with relatives at Woodland on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Brinkmann visited with relatives at Milwaukee for a week. Miss Annie Jaeger is spending her Easter vacation with her parents at Lomira.

Fred Meinhardt and family of Mayfield visited with the Jacob Meinhardt family Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Adam Kohl and Philip Schelling transacted business at West Bend Wednesday.

A few from here attended the auction, which was held on the Wm. Neizer farm at Addison Center. Rev. Schmeisser had the misfortune of being kicked by his horse. His many friends wish that he will soon be well again.

Quite a few relatives gathered at the home Mr. and Mrs. Fred Oth Sunday in honor of their sons' Elmore and Herbert, confirmation. Mr. and Mrs. Adam Kohl and son Helmut and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Endlich and son Byron visited with the August Renk family at Addison Center Sunday.

The choir of the St. John's congregation of Schleisingsville will give a concert at Walter Endlich's hall on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Everybody is invited.

On Reserve Corps

Some months ago, when the United States appeared to be ready for trouble with Mexico, Hoffman placed his name on the list of the Medical Reserve Corps. Recently when it began to look like other calls would be made on the United States forces, Dr. Hoffman received a request to notify the government how soon he could be ready to respond to a call for his services if he was needed. Dr. Hoffman is thus entitled to the rank of first lieutenant.—Hartford Press.

Amusements

Monday, April 9—Grand Easter ball. Opera House, Kewaskum. Music by the Kewaskum Quintette.

Wednesday, April 11—Home Talent Plays, "Blundering Billy" and "Hans von Smash," given by the Twin Dramatic Club in the E. F. U. hall, Beechwood, Wis.

Monday, April 16—Grand Opening Dance, Kirsch Bros. hall, St. Kilian. Music by Kofers' full orchestra.

LOCAL GIRLS STILL RETAIN THEIR LAURELS

Diminish The Championship Aspirations of The Milwaukee County Specials

In the last and final game of the season the local high school girls' basketball team trounced the strong Milwaukee County Specials to the tune of 21 to 0, in the local Opera House last week Friday evening. Judging from the overwhelming defeat the visitors suffered at the hands of the home five, it remains a mystery how the locals could lose to this team in a contest at Milwaukee a few weeks ago if they had received anywhere near an even break for a square deal. The Milwaukee five journeyed to this village with high ideals, that of defeating our girls and thus lay claim to the state championship, and the strong effort of winning they made in the early stages of the game plainly showed their views, but their hopes were soon shattered, for their strength in basket ball began to wither under the brilliant and splendid work of the locals defensive and offensive playing, forcing the visitors to resort to defensive playing only, thus preventing the locals from swamping them.

The victory gained by our girls last Friday evening, gives them a record of five years' basket ball playing without justly losing one single game. A record of which few schools in the Union can proudly boast of.

Home Lumber Company at West Bend Makes Improvements

The Home Lumber Co., is in line with other establishments when it comes to making improvements. The office has been enlarged, taking in a part of the adjoining store room. The new room thus created, separated from the office proper by a door, will receive a new and large safe. The remaining part of the room contains shelves for the business files. The larger office room has been improved by a picture window giving a pretty view of the northwestern part of the city. Another window is to be inserted. A new adding machine has been purchased to complete the thoroughly modern and elegant office outfit.

The firm also bought a motor truck which is just being fitted up with a platform and which will be used for delivering lumber. The yard which is entirely under cover is stocked with building material of all kinds, and everything is neatly and wisely arranged, so that it can be handled with the least amount of time and trouble on account of changes in the railroad yards, one of the sheds will probably have to be moved or changed.

The new manager of the yard, Frank Lauffer, is hopeful of a lively building season, as quite a number of plans for new residences have so far been submitted.—West Bend News.

Otto Lay of this village is interested in this company.

DUNDEE

Marion Gilboy spent Monday at Parnell. Otto Smith was a Fond du Lac caller Monday.

Bert Newton had a wood chopping bee Monday. E. Heagler was a business caller in Beechwood Tuesday.

Dr. B. O. Bendixon was a Campbellport caller Monday. P. Franey spent Tuesday and Wednesday at Fond du Lac.

Clen Brown and Paul Maska made a trip to Parnell Sunday. Herman Krueger made his usual trip to "Rocky Dublin" Saturday.

Mrs. A. Braun and son Joe called on relatives at Armstrong Monday. J. Crosby and H. Nimmman of Parnell were business callers here Tuesday.

Mamie Bowen has been engaged as teacher in the local school for the coming year. A number of people from Mitchell attended mass at the Sacred Heart church here Sunday.

Misses Erma Wittenberg and Cecelia Calvey of Five Corners spent Sunday at their home here.

RESULTS OF ELECTION IN THIS SECTION

All Village and Town Officers Having Opposition, Won Out by Narrow Margin

The election last Tuesday passed off very quietly, both in the village and town, in spite of the many oppositions on the ballots. Most of the candidates winning by a close margin. Wm. Ziegler defeated L. D. Guth for the office of President of the village. Lehman Rosenknecht defeated John P. Schaefer for Supervisor, while Gerhard Fellenz defeated August Schlarf for Chairman in the town.

Following is a complete summary of all election results in the various towns and villages in this community:
Roulet Marshall is elected Judge of Supreme Court, Charles P. Cary State Superintendent of Schools and Geo. T. Carlin County Superintendent of Schools of Washington County. The latter two had no opposition.

Village of Kewaskum.
President—Wm. Ziegler
Trustees—Geo. Kippenhar, Fred Martin, S. N. Asper.
Clerk—Edw. C. Miller.
Treasurer—Barney Demarest
Supervisor—Lehman Rosenknecht
Assessor—John Weddig
Constable—Fred H. Buss.

Town of Kewaskum.
Chairman—Gerhard Fellenz
Clerk—Adolph Habek
Treasurer—Fred Schaefer
Supervisors—A. B. Ramthun, Fred Klein.
Assessor—Albert Buss.
Justices of the Peace—Frank Van Epps, Louis Backhaus.
Constables—Wm. Bremser, Hy. Mueckherde.
Fritz Klein says that he ran so fast he could not catch up with himself.

Town Scott
Chairman—John Sauter
Supervisors—Wm. Theis, Chas. Bleck.
Clerk—Oswald Voigt.
Treasurer—Jacob Held
Assessor—Wm. Mueckherde.
Justice of the Peace—J. W. Liebenstein
Constables—Ed. Stahl, Robert Conrad, Otto Melus.
Pound Masters—Ed. Kretzinger, Frank Held, Aug. Bresswitz, Hy. A. Backhaus.

Campbellport Village.
President—J. Kleinhaus
Trustees for two years—Roy Wenzel, John Granger, Leo Serwe
Trustee for one year—Mat. Schlaefler.
Village clerk—John Kohler
Treasurer—Jake Schlaefler
Supervisor—Dr. P. E. Velmen
Constable—Arthur Guenther
Assessor—J. A. Pesch
Justice of the Peace—H. J. Paas
Eden Village.

President—Dr. J. E. McCarthy.
Clerk—Wm. Mahoney
Treasurer—Frank Sieflof
Assessor—Matt Diederich
Trustees—John Fitzpatrick, Geo. Bantz and Peter Flood.
Supervisor—R. E. Satter.
Constable—Tim Sammons.
Justices of the Peace—Edward Brown and Charles Hildebrand.

Town of Barton
Chairman—Peter Jansen.
Supervisors—Gerhard Knoeck, Henry Schmidt.
Clerk—Thos. Jordan.
Assessor—Peter Leinberger
Treasurer—Wm. Berend.
Justices—Wm. Duengel and Wm. Capelle.

Town of West Bend.
Chairman—John N. Peters.
Assessor—Steve Bauer, Wm. Rosenknecht.
Clerk—Matt. P. Weber
Assessor—John A. Johannes
Treasurer—Nic. Fellenz.
Justice—John Serwe.
Constables—Emil J. Mussel, P. Horn.

Town of Eden
Chairman—Geo. Treubach.
Supervisors—Peter Brown, M. T. Klotz.
Clerk—A. J. Hayes.
Treasurer—J. C. Huck.
Assessor—T. H. Smith.
Justice of the Peace—Herman Schultze.
Auburn.

Chairman—Peter Schroenten.
Supervisors—Herman Fick Steve Klein.
Clerk—Frank Schultze.
Treasurer—Chas. Bleck.
Assessor—John Binzel.
Justice of the Peace—Charles Schneider.
Constables—Hubert Binzel, Wm. Hess.
Ashford
Chairman—Kilian Strobel.
Supervisors—Joe. Serwe, Peter Till.
Treasurer—Math. P. Schill
Assessor—Nic. Stoffel.
Justice of the Peace—John C. Senn.
Constable—Henry Budehagen.
Wayne
Chairman—Ph. Schellingner.
Supervisors—John Ruplinger, Walter Endlich.
Clerk—Adam Kohl.
Treasurer—John Werner.
Assessor—G. O. German.
Justice of the Peace—John Gales
Constables—Chas. Brüssel, Heron Marohl.

Home Talent Plays

Given by "Twin" Dramatic Club, School Dist. No. 6 E. F. U. HALL, BEECHWOOD, WIS.

Wednesday Evening, April 11th

"BLUNDERING BILLY"

CAST OF CHARACTERS
Ezra Tuttle, a rich mine owner.....Norton Kaiser
Billy Butler, always in trouble.....Vincent Mulvey
Lieut. Griswold, from Presidio Reservation.....Frank Schultz
Sing Toy, a servant.....Dave Hanrahan
Hank Dibble, an old salt.....Adolph Glass
Dorothy Tuttle, Ezra's daughter.....Frieda Schultz
Clarissa Burnham, a guest at "The Stratmore".....Annie Koepke
Wovo San, a Japanese servant.....Rose Mulvey

Synopsis
Scenes at "The Stratmore" Alameda, Cal.
Act I.—Morning. Arrival of Ezra and Dorothy. Billy arrives. Engaged as secretary to Ezra. Meeting of Ezra and Clarissa. Arrival of Lieut. Griswold. Cold treatment by Dorothy. Billy's Blunders—Breaking pictures, losing \$1000. Excitement. Discovery.

Act II.—Afternoon. Jealousy of Griswold. Ezra's proposal. Billy's plot to win Dorothy. The sailing trip. Billy saved by his rival, the Lieutenant.

Act III.—Evening. Discharging of Billy. Hank's story of the rescue. Elopement of Dorothy and Billy. Errors in misjudgment of masquerading. Ezra's surprised at Dorothy and Billy's marriage.

"HANS von SMASH"

CAST OF CHARACTERS
Hans von Smash.....Edward Koepke
Mr. Batch.....Martin Krahn
Henry Dasher.....Walter Hammen
John Prettyman.....Dave Hanrahan
Suele Batch.....Mrs. Walter Hammen
Mary Batch.....Mrs. Martin Krahn
Katie, a servant.....Alma Schultz

Synopsis
Prologue: Hiring of Hans. The advice, "Think twice before you speak, look before you leap." "Look out for traps."
Act I.—"Hans determined to occupy this room." Taken for traps. "Queer friendship." "I tries dot." The scuffle. All a mistake.

REAL ESTATE DEALS OF THE WEEK

William Quandt of this village, purchased the general store of Ernest Ramthun at New Fane this week. Mr. Ramthun taking as part payment Mr. Quandt's residence property in this village. The new proprietor will take possession on April 16th. Mr. Ramthun expects to build a garage at New Fane and go into the automobile and plumbing business on a large scale. We extend our well wishes to the new proprietors and hope that success may attend them.

Last Wednesday Roentheimer & Day bought the John Hess farm of 120 acres, located about three miles northwest of Kewaskum. Consideration private. The farm is offered for sale at a reasonable price and on exceptional terms.

Modern Woodmen of County Meet at Jackson

A county meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America was held at Jackson Wednesday afternoon, April 4th. Those in attendance were: Frank Gere, Jackson; Solon Yahr and Geo. A. Weiss, West Bend; Chas. Gombert, Newburg; Ben Woog, and Max Grubbe, Boltonville; Geo. E. Brandt, Geo. H. Schmidt and Aug. Schurr of Kewaskum; Lawrence Lohr, R. J. Loew and C. J. Melius, Hartford and Adolph Eimermann of Richfield.

The meeting was called to order by Frank Gere of Jackson. Max Grubbe of Boltonville was chosen county chairman and Geo. H. Schmidt, county secretary. Several resolutions were also adopted at this meeting. The convention appointed Geo. H. Schmidt of this village as delegate to the State Convention to be held at Clippewa Falls on May 2nd, 1917, and Solon Yahr of West Bend as alternate. The next county convention will be held at Richfield upon call of the Head Clerk.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 25c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27th day of March, 1917.
D. M. Rosenheimer, Notary Public.
My Commission expires Dec. 28, 1919.

STATEMENT
of the ownership, management, etc., of the Kewaskum Statesman, published weekly at Kewaskum, Wis., required by the Act of August 24, 1912.
Name of Editor and managing Editor, D. J. Harbeck; Publisher and Business Manager, Arthur W. Schaefer, Kewaskum, Wis. Known bond holders, mortgages and other securities holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities, None.
D. J. Harbeck, Editor
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27th day of March, 1917.
D. M. Rosenheimer, Notary Public.
My Commission expires Dec. 28, 1919.

BOOST YOUR HOME TOWN SUGGESTIONS

Do Your Trading at Home and Thereby Benefit Yourself and Local Industries

Nowadays, our advantages are so many we are apt to discredit, or at least overlook, those conferred upon us by our own community. We are like the visitor who accepts the hospitality of a friend without any feeling of obligation or a desire to return the favor. The actual money value of our farms is largely determined by the distance they are from a good live town. That fact alone should set us thinking.

Now the community is made up of individuals. The implement dealer forms one of the units that makes up your town. He is a much more important factor than you think. Without him, you would lose many advantages which you now enjoy and your opportunities for improvement in farm operations would gradually decrease. The implement dealer provides an opportunity for inspecting the new and improved implements as they are developed. He is a pioneer, constantly bringing to your attention ways and means for decreasing your labor charge and increasing both your comfort and profits.

Without this opportunity farm equipment would deteriorate, because the means of comparison is lacking, you would soon be without proper experience in buying. Without the dealer's assistance and his guarantee you would not be warranted in buying new and untried implements. Your implement dealer is always at hand to render you reasonable assistance. Provide you with quick service in emergencies, furnish you repairs in case of accidents, and really these are the signal advantages and many others conferred upon you by the various dealers in your home town are taken as a matter of course, only to be missed when they are absent.

About the only difference between the almost worthless homestead of the pioneer and the farm of princely value in a well settled country is the environment—these same everyday, commonplace advantages.

VALLEY VIEW

Miss Bernice Johnson was a recent caller in Woodside. Miss Bernice Johnson spent Tuesday at Campbellport. Marvin Duell of Fond du Lac spent Sunday in this vicinity. George Johnson and Herman Rehorst had a wood bee Thursday.

John Ketter purchased a 40 acre farm from Barthol. Jaeger last week. Sheldon Tuttle of Auburn spent Saturday with relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Theresa Schommer called on friends at Campbellport Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Tuttle transacted business at Fond du Lac Saturday.

Willie Baumhardt and sister Ida were Campbellport callers Wednesday. Miss Bernice Johnson spent Saturday as a guest of friends at Hillside.

N. J. Klotz and Miss Martha Campbell called on friends at Eden Tuesday. Miss Clara Case of Fond du Lac is spending the week with relatives here.

Frank Welsh of North Ashford spent Monday evening with Harold Johnson. Miss Blanche Murray of Woodside spent Saturday and Sunday at her home here.

Mrs. Chas. Seefeld and sons John and Alvin were Campbellport callers Tuesday. Wm. Baunhardt and Miss Ethel Norton spent Sunday with friends and relatives in Auburn.

Misses Susie and Phoebe Jaeger spent Friday afternoon at the John-Mullen home in North Ashford. The "Hikers" were entertained by the Misses Jaeger at their home in North Ashford Sunday afternoon.

Married at Eden

Miss Esther Guell and Walter Seefeld were united in the bonds of matrimony at 2 p. m., at the German Salem Evangelical church, two miles east of Eden, Wednesday.

After the ceremony a bountiful supper was served to immediate relatives of the couple at the home of the bride in Osceola. Mr. and Mrs. Seefeld have left for an extended trip in the Dakotas.—Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

Wash and scrub yourself to beat the band, but don't forget your stomach, bowels and insides—Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea will clean them, quick and slick. Try it this Spring. 35c. Tea or Tablets—Edw. C. Miller.

OLD SETTLER OF COUNTY PASSES AWAY

Andrew Kraetsch, Formerly of Boltonville, Dies at Chicago. Was 84 Years of Age

Andrew Kraetsch, an old settler and Civil War veteran of this county, breathed his last at Chicago, where he had been staying with some of his children. Death came suddenly last Wednesday, March 28, 1917, as a result of a heart stroke. He expired two minutes later. His age was 84 years and five months.

Deceased was born at Winterbach, Germany, on Oct. 29, 1832. He arrived in this county on July 1, 1846, and settled in Richfield, where he remained for two years. In 1848 he removed to Fillmore, where he made his permanent home. He was married in the latter year to Emma Gerhardt who died in 1874. This union was blessed with eight children, of whom three are dead, namely: Edwin, Tuska and Emma. He leaves the following: Linda, Mrs. G. Bauch, Edmund and Rich, all of Chicago; Arthur on the homestead at Fillmore; and Henry of Turlock, Cal. In 1875 he again entered wedlock, this time with Mrs. Natalie Marbes who died on February 9, 1909. Of the children of this marriage, Ida and Robert preceded their father in death, and Ella, Mrs. A. E. Rudolph, of Campbellport survives. He also leaves three step sons, Louis and Chas. Marbes of Milwaukee, and Oscar Marbes of Boltonville, 17 grandchildren, one brother, Jacob Kraetsch of Boltonville and the following sisters: Margaret, Mrs. Wendel, and Miss Sophia Kraetsch of Boltonville, Henrietta Mrs. Bernhard of Plushing, Mich.; Kathryn, Mrs. Woz of Batavia, Mary, Mrs. J. Moehrl of Plymouth and Lillian, Mrs. George Groeschel of West Bend.

The funeral was held last Sunday at Fillmore, Rev. H. Erber conducting services at St. Martin's Evangelical church. Interment was made in the cemetery of that congregation. The deceased was a member of the Odd Fellows lodge of Fillmore, who attended the funeral in a body, and he also served in the famous Iron Brigade, Co. G, Seventh Wisconsin Regiment.

He was a man who filled his station in life with credit, and always giving the best of himself in him to his family, his community, and his country. His righteousness and sincerity gained for him the esteem of his fellow citizens, and his family requited his devotion with love. The memory of him will be kept alive by those that knew him best, the memory of a noble soul and a life that was worth living.—West Bend News.

Dies at Fond du Lac

Peter Zehren of the town of Ashford, aged 63, died at 9:30 o'clock Sunday night in Fond du Lac. Death was due to a cancer of the stomach.

Deceased was born on the old Zehren homestead, now owned by Henry Zehren. About two years ago he was taken sick with stomach troubles which developed into a cancer and six weeks ago he went to the St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac for treatment. Up to the time of going to the hospital, he lived with his sister, Mrs. Ellen Thelen.

He was well known in this vicinity having purchased grain here and at Ashford for many years and was respected for his honesty and integrity and beloved by everyone. All fell as though they had lost one of their best friends and neighbors.

He was unmarried and leaves three brothers, Henry of Ashford, Nick of Ashland, and John of Council Bluffs, Iowa; and three sisters, Mrs. M. Thelen of Ashford, Mrs. Louis Zimmerman of Wausau and Miss Katherine Zehren of Chicago.

The funeral was held Wednesday at 10 o'clock from St. Martin's church in Ashford. The Rev. A. Rossbach of Lomira officiated interment took place in the adjoining cemetery.—Lomira Review

Purchases Residence Property at Hartford

J. B. Day, for the firm of Rosenknecht & Day, last Monday purchased the residence property of Mrs. Martha Hostermann, located at 192 South Main street, consisting of a 57-foot frontage and running back 178 feet from the curb. Consideration private. Mr. Day who is a hustler is not contented to let real estate mould upon his hands, immediately sold the property the next day to Guy Chaplin, one of the present tenants, for a consideration of \$4,000. Mr. Chaplin will not make any changes to the property at the present time, using it primarily for residence purposes. He is buying the house with John Courtney.—Hartford Times.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for pain in the chest and lameness of the shoulders due to rheumatism, and am pleased to say that it has never failed to give me prompt relief."—Mrs. S. N. Pines, Batavia, N. Y.

PRESIDENT ASKS CONGRESS TO DECLARE STATE OF WAR

Says United States Must Assist in Bringing German Government to Terms, But Would Not Involve Others of Central Powers.

WANTS AN ARMY OF A MILLION MEN

Recommends Adoption of Universal Military Service, Co-operation With Entente Allies, Granting of Liberal Financial Credits and Use of Navy in Destroying Submarines.

President's Plea for War.

I advise that the congress declare the recent course of the imperial German government to be in fact nothing less than war against the United States; that it formally accept the status of belligerent which has thus been thrust upon it and that it take immediate steps not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defense, but also to exert all its power and employ all its resources to bring the government of the German empire to terms and end the war.

Washington, April 3.—President Wilson in his message to congress last night demands that the United States accept the gage of war thrown down by Germany; that the navy be put in a state of defense, particularly against submarines; that the army be increased by 500,000, making the total army over 1,000,000 fighting men; that 500,000 be raised in a universal training law and that the resources and finances of the nation be employed to further the common cause of this country with the entente allies to defeat Germany as soon as possible and end the war.

President Wilson spoke as follows: I have called the congress into extraordinary session because there are serious, very serious, choices of policy to be made, and made immediately, which it was neither right nor constitutionally permissible that I should assume the responsibility of making.

On the 3d of February last, I officially laid before you the extraordinary announcement of the imperial German government that on and after the first day of February it was its purpose to put aside all restraints of law or of humanity and use its submarines to sink every vessel that sought to approach either the ports of Great Britain and Ireland or any other port controlled by the enemies of Germany within the Mediterranean.

That had seemed to be the object of the genuine submarine warfare earlier in the war, but since April of last year the imperial government had somewhat restrained the commanders of its undersea craft in conformity with its promise then given to us that passenger boats should not be sunk, and that due warning would be given to all other vessels which its submarines might seek to destroy, when no resistance was offered or escape attempted, and care taken that their crews were given at least a fair chance to save their lives in their open boats.

Meager Precautions Taken. The precautions taken were meager and haphazard enough, as was proved in distressing instances after instances in the progress of the cruel and unmanly business, but a certain degree of restraint was observed.

The new policy has swept every restriction aside. Vessels of every kind, whatever their flag, their character, their cargo, their destination, their errand, have been ruthlessly sent to the bottom without warning and without thought of help or mercy for those on board, the vessel of friendly neutrals along with those of belligerents. Even hospital ships and ships carrying relief to the sorely bereaved and stricken people of Belgium, though the latter were provided with safe-conduct through the proscribed areas by the German government itself, and were distinguished by unmistakable marks of identity, have been sunk with the same reckless lack of compassion or principle.

I was for a little while unable to believe that such things would in fact be done by any government that had hitherto subscribed to the humane practices of civilized nations. International law had its origin in the attempt to set up some law, which would be respected and observed upon the seas, where no nation had right of dominion and where lay the free highways of the world.

By painful stage after stage has that law been built up with meager enough results, indeed, after all was accomplished, that could be accomplished, but always with a clear view, at least, of what the heart and conscience of mankind demanded.

Scruples Thrown to Wind. This minimum of right the German government has swept aside under the

plea of retaliation and necessity, and because it had no weapons which it could use at sea, except these, which it is impossible to employ as it is employing them without throwing to the winds all scruples of humanity or of respect for the understandings that were supposed to underlie the intercourse of the world.

I am not thinking of the loss of property involved, immense and serious as that is, but only of the wanton and wholesale destruction of the lives of noncombatants, men, women and children, engaged in pursuits which have always, even in the darkest periods of modern history, been deemed innocent and legitimate. Property can be paid for; the lives of peaceful and innocent people cannot be.

The present German submarine warfare against commerce is a warfare against mankind. It is a warfare against all nations. American ships have been sunk, American lives taken, in ways which it has stirred us deeply to learn of, but the ships and people of other neutral and friendly nations have been sunk and overwhelmed in the waters in the same way. There has been no discrimination. The challenge is to all mankind. Each nation must decide for itself how it will meet it.

The choice we make for ourselves must be made with a moderation of counsel and a temperance of judgment befitting our character and our motives as a nation. We must put excited feeling away. Our move will not be revenge or the victorious assertion of the physical might of the nation, but only the vindication of right, of human right, of which we are only a single champion.

When I addressed the congress on the 26th of February last I thought that it would suffice to assert our neutral rights with arms, our right to use the seas against unlawful interference, our right to keep our people safe against unlawful violence.

But armed neutrality, it now appears, is impracticable. The German government denies the right of neutrals to use arms at all within the areas of the sea which it has proscribed, even in the defense of rights which no modern publicist has ever before questioned their right to defend.

The intimation is conveyed that the armed guards which we have placed on our merchant ships will be treated as beyond the pale of law and subject to be dealt with as pirates would be.

Asks State of War. Armed neutrality is ineffectual enough at best; in such circumstances and in the face of such pretensions, it is worse than ineffectual; it is likely only to produce what it was meant to prevent; it is practically certain to draw us into the war without either the rights or the effectiveness of belligerents.

There is one choice we cannot make, we are incapable of making—we will not choose the path of submission and suffer the most sacred rights of our nation and our people to be ignored or violated. The wrongs against which we now array ourselves are not common wrongs; they cut to the very roots of human life.

With a profound sense of the solemn and even tragical character of the step I am taking and of the grave responsibilities which it involves, but in unhesitating obedience to what I deem my constitutional duty, I advise that the congress declare the recent course of the imperial German government to be in fact nothing less than war against the government and people of the United States; that it formally accept the status of belligerent which has been thrust upon it, and that it take immediate steps not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defense but also to exert all its power and employ all its resources to bring the government of the German empire to terms and end the war.

What this involves is clear. It will involve the utmost practicable co-operation in counsel and action with the governments now at war with Germany, and, as incident to that extension to those governments of the most liberal financial credits, in order that our resources may so far as possible be added to theirs.

Urges Universal Service. It will involve the organization and mobilization of all the material resources of the country to supply the incidental needs of the nation in the most

abundant, and yet the most economical and efficient way possible. It will involve the immediate full equipment of the navy in all respects, but particularly in supplying it with the best means of dealing with the enemy's submarines.

It will involve the immediate addition to the armed forces of the United States already provided for by law in case of war, at least 500,000 men, who would, in my opinion, be chosen upon the principle of universal liability to service, and also the authorization of subsequent additional increments of equal force so soon as they may be needed and can be handled in training.

Suggests Taxes Now. It will involve also, of course, the granting of adequate credits to the government, sustained, I hope, so far as they can equitably be sustained, by the present generation, by well-conceived taxation.

I say sustained so far as may be equitable by taxation, because it seems to me that it would be most unwise to base the credits which will now be necessary entirely on money borrowed. It is our duty, I most respectfully urge, to protect our people so far as we may against the very serious hardships and evils which would be likely to arise out of the inflation which would be produced by vast loans.

Must Supply Allies. In carrying out the measures by which these things are to be accomplished, we should keep constantly in mind the wisdom of interfering as little as possible in our own preparation and in the equipment of our own military forces with the duty—for it will be a very practical duty—of supplying the nations already at war with Germany with the materials which they can obtain only from us or by our assistance.

They are in the field and we should help them in every way to be effective there.

While we do these things, these deeply momentous things, let us be very clear and make it clear to all the world what our motives and our objects are.

Our object now is to vindicate the principles of peace and of justice in the life of the world as against selfish and autocratic power and to set up among the really free and self-governed peoples of the world such a concert of purpose and of action as will henceforth insure the observance of those principles.

Neutrality Not Feasible. Neutrality is no longer feasible or desirable where the peace of the world is involved and the freedom of its peoples, and the menace to that peace and freedom lies in the existence of autocratic governments backed by organized force which is controlled wholly by their will, not by the will of their people. We have seen the last of neutrality in such circumstances.

We are at the beginning of an age in which it will be insisted that the same standards of conduct and of responsibility for wrong done shall be observed among nations and their governments that are observed among the individual citizens of civilized states.

No Quarrel With People. We have no quarrel with the German people. We have no feeling toward them but one of sympathy and friendship. It was not upon their impulse that their government acted in entering this war. It was not with their previous knowledge or approval.

It was war determined upon as wars used to be determined on in the old, unhappy days when peoples were nowhere consulted by their rulers and wars were provoked and waged in the interest of dynasties or of little groups of ambitious men who were accustomed to use their fellow-men as pawns and tools.

A steadfast concert for peace can never be maintained except by a partnership of democratic nations. No autocratic government could be trusted to keep faith within it or observe its covenants. It must be a league of honor, partnership of opinion.

Only free peoples can hold their purpose and their honor steady to a common end and prefer the interests of mankind to any narrow interest of their own.

Does not every American feel that assurance has been added to our hope for the future peace of the world by the wonderful and heartening things that have been happening within the last few weeks in Russia? Russia was known by those who knew it best to have been always in fact democratic at heart. In all the vital habits of her thought, in all the intimate relationships of her people that spoke their neutral instinct, their habitual attitude toward life.

The autonomy that crowned the summit of her political structure, long as it had stood and terrible as was the reality of its power, was not in fact Russian in character, or purpose, and it now has been shaken off and the great, generous Russian people have risen in all their native majesty and might to the height of her forces that are fighting for freedom in the world, for justice, and for peace. Here is a fit partner for a league of honor.

Intrigued Against National Unity. One of the things that has served to convince us that the Prussian autocracy was not and could never be our friend is that from the very outset of the present war it has filled our unsuspecting communities and even our offices of government with spies and set criminal intrigues everywhere afoot against our national unity of counsel, our peace within and without, our industries and our commerce.

Indeed, it is now evident that its spies were here even before the war began; and it is unhappily not a matter of conjecture, but a fact proved

in our courts of justice that the intrigues which have more than once come perilously near to disturbing the peace and dislocating the industries of the country have been carried on at the instigation, with the support, and even under the personal direction of official agents of the imperial government accredited to the government of the United States.

Would Act at Convenience. But they have played their part in serving to convince us at last that the government entertains no real friendship for us and means to act against our peace and security at its convenience. That it means to stir up enemies against us at our very doors the intercepted note to the German minister at Mexico City is eloquent evidence.

We are accepting this challenge of hostile purpose because we know that in such a government, following such methods, we can never have a friend, and that in the presence of its organized power, always lying in wait to accomplish we know not what purpose, there can be no assured security for the democratic governments of the world.

We are now about to accept gage of battle with this natural foe to liberty and shall, if necessary, expend the whole force of the nation to check and nullify its pretensions and its power.

We are glad, now that we see the facts with no veil or false pretense about them, to fight thus for the ultimate peace of the world and for the liberation of its people, the German peoples included; for the rights of nations great and small, and the privilege of men everywhere to choose their way of life and of obedience.

The world must be made safe for democracy. Its peace must be planted upon the tested foundations of political liberty. We desire no conquest, no dominion. We seek no indemnities for ourselves, no material compensation for the sacrifice we shall freely make.

We are but one of the champions of the rights of mankind. We shall be satisfied when those rights have been made as secure as the faith and the freedom of nations can make them.

Just because we fight, without rancor and without selfish object, seeking nothing for ourselves but what we shall wish to share with all free peoples, we shall, I feel confident, conduct our operation on belligerents without passion and ourselves observe with proud punctilio the principles of right and of fair play we profess to be fighting for.

Defers Austria-Hungary Action. I have said nothing of the governments allied with the imperial government of Germany because they have not made war upon us or challenged us to defend our right and our honor. We enter this war only where we are clearly forced into it, because there are no other means of defending our rights.

It will be all the easier for us to conduct ourselves as belligerents in a high spirit of right and fairness because we act without animus, not in enmity toward a people or with the desire to bring any injury or disadvantage upon them, but only in armed opposition to an irresponsible government which has thrown aside all considerations of humanity and of right and is running amuck.

Hopes for Early Peace. We are, let me say again, the sincere friends of the German people, and shall desire nothing so much as the early re-establishment of intimate relations of mutual advantage between us, however hard it may be for them for the time being to believe that this is spoken from our hearts. We have borne with their present government through all these bitter months because of that friendship, exercising a patience and forbearance which would otherwise have been impossible.

We shall, happily, still have an opportunity to prove that friendship in our daily attitude and actions toward the millions of men and women of German birth and native sympathy who live among us and share our life, and we shall be proud to prove it toward all who are in fact loyal to their neighbors and to the government in the hour of test. They are, most of them, as true and loyal Americans as if they had never known any other fealty or allegiance. They will be prompt to stand with us in rebuking and restraining the few who may be of a different mind and purpose.

If there should be disloyalty it will be dealt with with a firm hand of stern repression, but, if it lifts head at all it will lift it only here and there and without countenance except from a lawless and malignant few. It is a distressing and oppressive duty, gentlemen of the congress, which I have performed in thus addressing you.

It is a fearful thing to lend this great, peaceful nation into war, into the most terrible and disastrous of all wars, civilization itself seeming to be in the balance. But the right is more precious than peace and we shall fight for the things which we have always carried nearest our hearts—for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own governments, for the rights and liberties of small nations, for a universal dominion of right by such a concert of free people as shall bring peace and safety to all nations and make the world itself at last free.

To such a task we can dedicate our lives and our fortunes, everything that we are and everything that we have with the pride of those who know that the day has come when America is provided to spend her blood and her might for the people that gave her birth and happiness and the peace which she has treasured.

God helping her, she can do no other

ARMED AMERICAN SHIP TORPEDOED; ELEVEN MISSING

U. S. Steamer Aztec Attacked by Submarine at Night.

SURVIVORS SAVED BY FRENCH

Captain and Others in Small Boat Picked Up by Cattle Ship—Search is Being Made for Others.

Washington, April 3.—French admiralty dispatches to the French embassy here announcing the sinking without warning of the first armed American freighter, Aztec, by a German submarine, said apparently Lieut. Fuller Graham and 12 American blue-jackets constituting the armed guard of the vessel, had been saved, but that 11 of the crew were reported missing.

Washington, April 3.—Eleven of the crew of the armed American steamer Aztec torpedoed without warning off the French coast are missing, according to a dispatch received at the French embassy. No complete list of the survivors of the ship was contained in the dispatch, which was garbled in transmission, and which mentioned two missing boats, after referring to the 11 men missing. The dispatch as given out by the French embassy read:

Gas Follows Explosion. "The French ministry of the navy has given the foreign office the following information:

"The steamer Aztec, 2,700 tons, armed, bound from New York to Havre, has been sunk without warning April 1 off Ouessant. The torpedo struck amidships, destroying the wireless apparatus and generating great quantities of asphyxiating gas. The first boat broke in two while being lowered. The second boat took off the captain and Lieutenant Fuller-Graham, the naval officer in charge of the ship's guard, and 15 men of the crew.

French Rescue Survivors. "The third boat took off the second officer and 15 men. Eleven men are missing. The boat with the captain was sighted by the French cattle ship Sirius and the Sirius took the survivors aboard. Searching for the others."

Secretary of the Navy Daniels said he had no official information as to the sinking of the Aztec, but he would make public the names of the gun crew aboard as soon as a complete list of survivors is received. The state department has asked for an immediate report on the sinking.

First Armed Ship Sunk. The Aztec was the first armed American ship to be sunk since the beginning of the German ruthless undersea boat campaign. Sixteen Americans were in the crew of the vessel and it is believed several of them perished.

The vessel had a cargo of the value of more than half a million dollars. The Aztec was formerly in the service of the Pacific Mail line.

FAVOR MILLIONS FOR WAR

Resolution Approved by House Appropriations Committee Asks House to Act on Big Revenue Bills.

Washington, April 3.—Within ten minutes after President Wilson had finished his address to congress Chairman John Fitzgerald of the appropriations committee introduced a resolution, which immediately was passed, calculated to give millions of dollars to the administration for war purposes. His resolution provides that within the next ten days the house shall, under a suspension of rules, take action on four great revenue bills—the sundry civil, general deficiency, army appropriation and military academy appropriation—all of which failed to pass the Sixty-fourth congress.

HELD FOR THREAT TO WILSON

A. E. W. Simmers of New Jersey, Said to Be German, Taken for Plotting to Kill President.

Camden, N. J., April 3.—Adolph E. W. Simmers of Woodbine, N. J., said to be a German, was held today under \$20,000 bail for a further hearing on Wednesday by United States Commissioner Jolliffe on a charge of threatening the life of President Wilson. No testimony was taken by the commissioner. Acting on instructions from Washington not to discuss arrests made during the international crisis, federal agents refused to make public any details in the case. Simmers was arrested by a Philadelphia agent of the department of justice Saturday.

ORDER OUT MORE GUARDS

Second Regiment, West Virginia, Fourth Virginia, and Battery Virginia Field Artillery Called.

Washington, April 3.—The following National Guard units were ordered out by the war department for general office duty: Second regiment, West Virginia; Fourth regiment, Virginia; Battery D, Field artillery, Virginia.

DRY FORGES GAIN IN BADGER CITIES

MADISON VOTES AGAINST SALOONS BUT "WETS" AGAIN CAPTURE SUPERIOR.

MARSHALL HAS SAFE LEAD

Early Returns Indicate His Re-Election as Supreme Court Justice Over Owen—Non-Partisans Win in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, April 4.—Early election returns indicate that Justice R. D. Marshall has been re-elected judge of the Wisconsin supreme court over Walter C. Owen. In Milwaukee county Marshall received 13,264 votes and Owen 10,270. Other reports from the state are scattering, but indicate that Mr. Marshall has a safe lead.

Interest has centered in the vote on the liquor question in many Wisconsin cities, towns and villages. The most notable victory for the "dry" forces was at Madison, the state capital, where saloons were voted out by a majority of about 400. This victory for the prohibition forces is somewhat offset by returns which show Superior, the second largest city in the state, to have swung from the dry to the wet column by a margin of 61 votes. Superior went dry last year and 100 saloons were put out of business.

Other notable victories scored by the prohibition forces were at White-water and Fort Atkinson, which have had saloons. Hudson and New Richmond, which have been dry, voted to have saloons. Large cities which were wet and remain so are Janesville, Beloit, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Kenosha and Waukesha. The Kenosha vote shows a majority of nearly 1,500 in favor of saloons.

Wet Towns Go Dry. Abram, Armstrong, Baldwin, Bayfield, Baraboo, Belmont, Clinton, Cobb, Delavan, Elroy, Fort Atkinson, Galeville, Glenwood, Hancock, Iron River, Ladysmith, Linden, Madison, Markesan, Mellen, Merton, Mondovi, Nekeosau, New Lisbon, Osseo, Park Falls, Pleasant Prairie, Reedsburg, Ridge-way, Schley, Sharon, Somers, Spring Valley, Stanley, Suamico, Waupun, Wausaukee, Whitewater, Wenocow.

Dry Towns Go Wet. Blanchardville, Browntown, Hudson, Lime Ridge, Menomonie, Muscoda, New Richmond, Platteville, River Falls, Superior, Westfield.

Dry Towns Stay Dry. Abbottsford, Almond, Augusta, Arkyle, Arlington, Black River Falls, Boscobel, Darien, Doylestown, Ellsworth, Elmwood, Fall River, Genesee, Gilmanson, Hammond, Hancock, Hollandale, Kendall, Lake Mills (town), Lake Mills, Lancaster, Little River, Lone Rock, Lodi, Milton, Mifflin, Merrimac, Merrillan, Oconto (Village) Oconto, Pardeeville, Randolph, Rice Lake, Sparta, Stiles, Townsend, Wauwatosa, Waupaca, Waupaca (town), Wautoma, Wilson, Withee.

Wet Towns Stay Wet. Alma Center, Amherst, Ashland, Bangor, Beaver Dam, Beloit, Bloomer, Burkhardt, Cashon, Cheseburg, Chipewa Falls, Crescent, Cuba City, Darlington, Delafeld, Eau Claire, Edgerton, Elkhorn, Fox Lake, Gillett, Genoa, Highland, Horicon, Independence, Janesville, Kenosha, Lake Geneva, Lavelle, Milton, Mineral Point, Monroe, Monroe (town), Norwalk, Oconomowoc (town), Oconomowoc (city), Oconto (town), Onalaska, Pembine, Portage, Rhinelander, Ripon, Rock, Rosendale, Shawano, Spring Green, St. Joseph, Stoddard, Three Lakes, Tomah, Waubesa, Waukesha, Washburn.

All socialist candidates for judges and school directors in Milwaukee county are defeated. The total vote was close to 30,000, of which 5,000 were cast by women.

VOTERS OPPOSED TO WAR

Majority at Monroe and Sheboygan Against Declaration "Under Existing Circumstances."

Monroe—Monroe, by a proportion of more than 10 to 1, voted against a declaration of war at the election here on Tuesday. One thousand forty-nine ballots were cast against a declaration "under existing circumstances," and ninety-six favored aggressive action by the United States. Nine hundred fifty-four opposed any action by congress.

Sheboygan—Sheboygan, one of the first cities in the United States to vote publicly on the question of the United States entering the European war, on Tuesday voted negatively. Of slightly less than ten thousand registered voters, 4,177 cast ballots. Seventeen voted in favor of this country entering the war.

Elope in a Box Car.

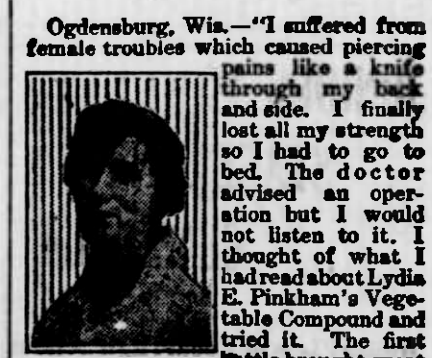
La Crosse—William Parker, aged 27 years, said to have a wife and two children in Peoria, Ill., and Grace Sturgis, 21 years old, also married, were taken out of a box car here. Parker was sentenced to jail.

Duluth Ousts All Saloons.

Duluth—Returns from 40 out of 49 districts here give prohibition a majority of slightly more than 1,000 votes. Dry forces claim a victory by 1,300 majority.

PAINS SHARP AND STABBING

Woman Thought She Would Die. Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Ogdensburg, Wis.—"I suffered from female troubles which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I had read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. ETTA DORRIS, Ogdensburg, Wis.

Physicians undoubtedly did their best, but with this case steadily and could do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

Slight Mistake. One day an old country dame went to visit her son, who was a medical student in a large college. While she was waiting at the door a young man wearing a white coat and apron came out. Going forward to him, she asked in a meek tone: "Are you a student coming out for a doctor?" "No, ma'am," answered the young man; "I'm a painter coming out for a smoke."

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Beautify Your Hair! Make It Soft, Fluffy and Luxurious—Try the Moist Cloth.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all. Adv.

More Nature Faking. "In your speech you talked about the dove of peace as if it were a war-like bird." "That's the modern idea," replied the orator. "The time has come when the dove of peace must be supplied with such defensive armament as sharp claws and a falcon's beak."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One Little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.—Adv.

Not the Same. Mr. Neverwed—Does your wife treat you the same as she did before you were married?

Mr. Peck—Not exactly. Before we were married when I displeased her she refused to speak to me.

A lemon squeezer operated by a small electric motor is a novelty designed chiefly for public places.

Why That Lame Back?

Morning lameness, sharp twinges when bending, or an all-day back-ache; which is caused enough to suspect kidney trouble. Get after the cause. "Help the kidneys. We Americans go it too hard. We overdo, overeat and neglect our sleep and exercise and so we are fast becoming a nation of kidney sufferers. 72% more deaths than in 1890 is the 1910 census story. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands recommend them."

A Michigan Case

Michael Rupp, 122 Walnut St., N. Lansing, Mich., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills several years ago for weak kidneys. My back used to ache and I could hardly keep up and around. The kidney secretions passed too frequently, too. I read so much about Doan's Kidney Pills that I tried them and the first box helped me. I continued using them and was cured."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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because it gives them
news of absorbing in-
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go looking about for
things they want—they
go to their newspaper
for information as to
where such things may
be found. This method
saves time and trouble.
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your wares to the atten-
tion of this community,
our advertising columns

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Substance**
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paper is that you and your
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it. The paper becomes a
member of the family and
its coming each week will
be as welcome as the ar-
rival of anyone that's dear.
It will keep you informed on
the doings of the community and
the bargains of the merchants
regularly advertised will enable
you to save many times the cost
of the subscription.

**HEART
OF THE
SUNSET**

By **REX BEACH**

Author of "The Spoilers," "The Iron
Trail," "The Silver Horde," Etc.

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CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

"So do I," Law declared quietly. "He
treated me like a hobo—sent me to the
kitchen for a hand-out. That sticks.
If I hadn't tamed down considerably
these late years, I'd have—wound him
up, right there."

From beneath his drooping lids
Ellsworth regarded the Ranger curi-
ously. "You have a bad temper, haven't
you?"

"Rotten!"
"I know. You were a violent boy.
I've often wondered how you were get-
ting along. How do you feel when
you're—that way?"

It was the younger man's turn to
hesitate. "Well, I don't feel anything
when I'm mad," he confessed. "I'm
plumb crazy, I guess. But I feel plenty
bad afterwards."

There was a flicker of the judge's
eyelids.

Dave went on musingly: "I dare say
it's inherited. They tell me my father
was the same. He was—a killer."

"Yes. He was all of that."

Dave lifted an abstracted gaze from
the Pullman carpet. "I hardly know
what I mean, judge. But you've had
ranches, haven't you? Didn't you
ever know that something you thought
was true wasn't true at all? Well, I
never felt as if I had had blood in
me. My mother was Mexican—"

"Spanish?"

"All right. Am I Spanish? Have I
any Spanish blood in me?"

"She didn't look Spanish. She was
light-complexioned, for one thing. We
both know plenty of people with a
Latin strain in them who look like
Anglo-Saxons. You were educated in
the North, and your boyhood was spent
at school and college, away from
everything Mexican."

"That probably accounts for it," Law
agreed; then his face lit with a slow
smile. "By the way, don't tell Mrs.
Austin that I'm a sort of college per-
son. She thinks I'm a red-neck, and
she sends me books."

Ellsworth laughed silently. "Your
talk is to blame, Dave. Has she sent
you 'The Swiss Family Robinson'?"
"No. Mostly good, sad romances
with an uplift—stories full of lances
at rest, and Willie-boys in tin sweaters.
The good women were always beau-
tiful, too, and the villains never had
a redeeming trait. It's a shame how
human nature has got mixed up since
then, isn't it?"

"Alaire Austin's romance is sadder
than any of those novels."

Dave nodded. "But she doesn't cry
about it." Then he asked gravely:
"Why didn't she pick a real fellow
who'd kneel and kiss the hem of her
dress and make a man of himself?"

"What's the matter with you?" queried
the judge. "Are you smitten with
that girl?"

Dave laughed. "Maybe! Who
wouldn't be? Why doesn't she divorce
that bum—she could do it easy enough
—and then marry a chap who could
run Las Palmas for her?"

"A man about six feet three or
four," he suggested the judge.
"That's the picture I have in mind."
"You think you could run Las Pal-
mas?"

"I wouldn't mind trying."
"You must never marry," firmly de-
clared the older man. "You'd make
a bad husband, Dave."

"She ought to know how to get along
with a bad husband, by this time."
The judge's face broadened in a
smile. "Thank heaven 'Young Ed' has
the insides of a steel range, and so my
pet client is safe from your mercenary
schemes for some years."

CHAPTER IX.

Longorio Makes Bold.

At La Feria Alaire discovered that
the federal deprivations had been even
greater than she had feared. Not only
had the soldiers taken a great many
head of cattle, but they had practically
cleared the ranch of horses, leaving
scarcely enough with which to carry
on the work.

Life in the roomy, fortresslike adobe
house was pleasant enough. Alaire
welcomed the change in her daily life.
Everything about La Feria was restful-
ly un-American, from the house it-
self, with its bare walls and floors, its
brilliantly flowering patio, and its
primitive kitchen arrangements, to the
black-shawled, barefooted Indian women
and their naked children rolling in
the dust. Even the timberless moun-
tains that rose sheer from the west-
ward plain into a tumbling purple-
shaded rampart were Mexican. La
Feria was several miles from the rail-
road; therefore it could not have been
more foreign had it lain in the very
heart of Mexico rather than near the
southern boundary.

In such surroundings, and in spite of
faint misgivings, it was not strange
that, after a few days, Alaire's unhap-
piness assumed a vaguely impersonal
quality and that her life, for the mo-
ment, seemed not to be her own. Even
the thought of her husband, Ed Austin,

**DAVE LAW ADMITS THAT HE IS SMITTEN WITH THE MIS-
TRESS OF LAS PALMAS—MRS. AUSTIN HAS A
STRANGE EXPERIENCE.**

Synopsis.—Mrs. Alaire Austin, handsome young mistress of Las
Palmas ranch, lost in the Texas desert, wanders into the little camp
of David Law, state ranger, lying in ambush for a Mexican murderer.
She is forced to stay for 24 hours, until Law captures his man, kills an-
other and escorts her home. "Young Ed" Austin, drunken wastrel, be-
trates his wife and makes insulting insinuations about the ranger. Aus-
tin is secretly in league with Mexican rebels and horse thieves. Mrs.
Austin encounters Gen. Luis Longorio, Mexican federal, when she
goes to La Feria, her ranch in Mexico, to collect war damages, and
Longorio, a bad man, falls in love with her. Dave Law kills a cattle
thief and suspects Ed Austin of criminal connections.

became indistinct and unreal. Then
all too soon she realized that the pur-
pose of her visit was accomplished,
and that she had no excuse for re-
maining longer. She was now armed
with sufficient facts to make a definite
demand upon the federal government.

The homeward journey was a rep-
etition of the journey out. Jose, as
before, was newsgatherer. Hour after
hour they crept toward the border, un-
til at last they were again laid out on
a siding for an indefinite wait.

The occasion for this was made plain
when an engine drawing a single car
to a pause, a tall figure in spot-
less uniform leaped to the ground and
strode to the waiting coaches. It was
Luis Longorio. He waved a signal to
the conductor, then swung aboard the
north-bound train.

The general was all smiles as he
came down the aisle, and bowed low
over Alaire's hand.

Dolores gasped and stiffened in her
seat like a woman of stone.

"Heaven be praised! You are safe
and well!" said the newcomer. "I
have blamed myself for allowing you
to take this abominable journey! I
have been in torment lest something
befall you. Every night I have prayed
that you might be spared all harm.
When I received word that you were
coming, I made all speed to meet you."

"Dolores and I are greatly in your
debt," Alaire told him.

"But you stayed so long!"

"There was more work than I
thought. General, you have ruined me."
Longorio was pained; his face be-
came ineffably sad. "Please! I beg
of you," he entreated. "I have ar-
ranged for reparation of that miser-
able mistake. I shall see that you re-
ceive justice. If the government will
not pay, I will. All I possess would
be too little to buy your happiness."

"You embarrass me. I'm afraid you
don't realize what you say," Alaire re-
mained cool under the man's protesta-
tions. "I have lost more than a thou-
sand head of cattle."

"We shall say two, three thousand,
and the government will pay," Longo-
rio asserted brazenly. "I will vouch
for your figures, and no one will ques-
tion them, for I am a man of honor."

"No! All I want—"

"It is done. Let us say no more
about the affair. Senora, I have thought
of you every hour; the duties that held
me in Nuevo Pueblo were like irksome
chains. I was in madness. I would
have flown to La Feria, but—I could
not."

"My husband will thank you for your
great courtesy to me," Alaire managed
to say.

But the mention of husbands was
not agreeable to one of Longorio's sen-
sitivity, and his face betrayed a
hint of impatience.

"Yes, yes," he agreed carelessly.
"Senor Austin and I must know each
other better and become friends."
"That is hardly possible at present.
When the war is over—"

"Bah! This war is nothing. I go
where I please. You would be sur-
prised to greet me at Las Palmas some
day soon, eh? When you tell your
husband what a friend I am, he would
be glad to see me, would he not?"

"Why, of course. But surely you
wouldn't dare—"

"And why not? I have made inqui-
ries, and they tell me Las Palmas is
beautiful, heavenly, and that you are
the one who transformed it. I believe
them. You have the power to trans-
form all things, even a man's heart
and soul. No wonder you are called
'The Lone Star.' But wait. You will
see how constantly I think of you."

Longorio drew from his pocket several
photographs of the Austin ranchhouse.
"Where did you get those?" Alaire
asked in astonishment.

"Ah! My secret. See! They are
badly worn already, for I keep them
next to my bosom."

"We entertain very few guests at
Las Palmas," she murmured, uncom-
fortably.

"I know. I know a great deal."

"It would scarcely be safe for you
to call; the country is full of Cande-
leristas—"

"Cattle!" said the officer, with a
careless shrug. "Did not that great
poet Byron swim across an ocean to
see a lovely lady? Well, I, too, am a
poet. I have beautiful fancies—songs
of love run through my mind. Those
Englishmen know nothing of passion.
Your American men are cold. Only a
Mexican can love. We have fire in
our veins, senora."

To these perfluvial protestations Do-
lores listened with growing fright; her
eyes were wide, and they were fixed
hypnotically upon the speaker; she pre-
sented much the appearance of a rabbit
charmed by a serpent. But to Longo-
rio she did not exist; she was a chat-
tel, a servant, and therefore devoid of
soul or intelligence, or use beyond that
of serving her mistress.

Thinking to put an end to these
blandishments, Alaire undertook to re-
turn the general's ring, with the pre-
tense that she considered it no more
than a talisman loaned her for the time
being. But it was a task to make Longo-
rio accept it. He was shocked, of-
fended, hurt; he declared the ring to
be of no value; it was no more than
a trifling evidence of his esteem. But
Alaire was firm.

It was an odd, unreal ride, through
the blazing heat of the long afternoon.
Longorio cast off all pretense and open-
ly laid siege to the red-haired woman's
heart—all without offering her the
smallest chance to rebuff him, the
slightest ground for open resentment,
so respectful and guarded were his
advances. When the train arrived at
its destination, his victim was well-
nigh exhausted from the struggle.

After a good night's rest, however, she
was able to smile at yesterday's adven-
ture. Longorio did not bulk so large
now; even these few hours had greatly
diminished his importance, so that he
appeared merely as an impulsive fore-
igner who had allowed a woman to
turn his head.

Once back across the river she dis-
covered that there were obstacles to
a prompt adjustment of her claim. The
red tape of her own government was
as nothing to that of Mexico. There
were a thousand formalities, a myriad
of maddening details to be observed,
and they called for the services of an
advocate, a notary, a jefe politico, a
jefe de armas—officials without end.
All of these worthies were patient and
polite, but they displayed a malarial
indifference to delay, and responsi-
bility seemed to rest nowhere. During
the day Alaire became bewildered, al-
most lost in the mazes of official pro-
cedure, and was half minded to tele-
graph to Judge Ellsworth.

Longorio by no means shared her
disappointment. On the contrary, he
assured her they were making splen-
did progress, and he was delighted
with her grasp of detail and her knowl-
edge of business essentials. At his
word all Nuevo Pueblo bowed and
scraped to her; he arranged for her
an elaborate luncheon in his quarters.

"You can never know what these two
days have been for me," the general
said as he and Alaire lingered over
their meal. "They will afford me some-
thing to think about all my life. It is
a delicious comfort to know that you
trust me, that you do not dislike me.
And you do not dislike me, eh?"

"Why, of course not. I have a great
deal for which to thank you."

General Longorio fingered his wine-
glass and stared into it. "I am not
like other men. I am a man of iron—
yes, an invincible soldier—yet I have
a heart, and a woman could rule me."

"You say you have a heart," Alaire
studied her vis-a-vis curiously as he
met her eyes with his mournful gaze.
"How is it that I hear such strange
stories about you, general?"

"Lies, all of them!" Longorio as-
serted.

"For instance, they tell me that you
shoot your prisoners?"

"Of course!" Then, at her shocked
exclamation, he explained: "It is a
necessity of war. Listen, senora! We
have twelve million Indians in Mexico,
and a few selfish men who incite them
to revolt. To permit the lower classes
to rise would result in chaos, black ar-
chery, indescribable outrages against
life and property. There is but one
way to pacify such people—extermi-
nate them! Mexico is a civilized na-
tion; there is no greater in the world;
but she must be ruled with an iron
hand. We shall drive all the traitors
into the sea, and Mexico shall have
peace. But I am not a bloodthirsty
man. No, I am a poet and a lover at
heart. As great a patriot as I am,
I could be faithless to my country for
one smile from the woman I adore."

Alaire did not color under the ardent
glance that went with this declaration.
She deliberately changed the subject.
"This morning while we were in the

office of the jefe de armas," she said,
"I saw a poor woman with a baby—
she was scarcely more than a child
herself—whose husband is in prison.
Every day she comes to plead with the
jefe de armas for her husband's life.
But he will not see her, and the sol-
diers only laugh at her tears."

"A common story! These women
and their babies are very annoying,"
observed the general.

"She says that her husband is to
be shot."

"Very likely! Our prisons are full.
Doubtless he is a bad man."

"Can't you do something?"

"Eh?" Longorio lifted his brows in
the frankest inquiry.

"That poor girl with her little, bare,
brown-eyed baby was pitiful," Alaire
leaned forward with an earnest appeal
in her face, and her host smiled.

"So? That is how it is, eh? What is
her name?"

"Inez Garcia. The husband's name
is Juan."

"Of course. These peladors are all
Juan. You would like to appear as
an angel of mercy, eh? Your heart is
touched?"

"Deeply."

"Bastante! There is no more to be
said," Longorio rose and went into
the next room, where were certain
members of his staff. After a time he
returned with a paper in his hand, and
this he laid before Alaire. It was an



"We Promise!" Eagerly Cried the Pair.

order for the release of Juan Garcia.
"The salvo conducts which will permit
Juan and his Inez and their Juanito to
return to their farm is being made out
now," he explained. "Are you satis-
fied?"

Alaire looked up wonderingly. "I am
deeply grateful. You overwhelm me.
You are—a strange man."

"Dear lady, I live to serve you. Your
wish is my law. How can I prove it
further?"

The strained, throbbing silence that
followed Longorio's last words did
more to frighten the woman than had
his most ardent advances. He would
have lingered indefinitely over the
table, but Alaire soon rose to go, ex-
plaining:

"I must finish my disagreeable task
now, so that I can go home tomorrow."

"Tomorrow!" her host cried in dis-
may. "No, no! You must wait—"

"My husband is expecting me."
This statement was a blow; it
seemed to crush Longorio, who could
only look his keen distress.

As they stepped out into the street,
in the gutter stood Inez Garcia with
her baby in her arms, and beside her
the ragged figure of a young man,
evidently her Juan. The fellow was
emaciated, his face was gaunt and
worn and frightened, his feet were
bare even of sandals, the huge peaked
straw hat which he clutched over his
brest was tattered, and yet in his eye
there was a light.

They had waited patiently, these
Garcias, heedful of Longorio's orders,
and now they burst into a torrent of
thanks. They flung themselves to
their knees and kissed the edge of
Alaire's dress. General Longorio en-
joyed this scene tremendously, and his
beaming eyes expressed the hope that
Alaire was fully satisfied with the mo-
ment.

"They look very poor," said Alaire,
and opened her purse; but Longorio
would not permit her to give. Extract-
ing a large roll of paper money from
his own pocket, he tossed it, without
counting, to Juan, and then when the
onlookers applauded, he loudly called
to one of his officers, saying:

"Oiga! Give these good friends of
mine two horses, and see that they are
well cared for. Now, Juan," he ad-
dressed the dazed countryman. "I have
one order for you: Every night of your
life you and your pretty wife must say
a prayer for the safety and happiness
of this beautiful lady who has induced
me to spare you. Do you promise?"

"We promise!" eagerly cried the
pair.

"Good! See that you keep your
word. On the day that you forget for
the first time Luis Longorio will come
to see you. And then what!" He
scowled at them fiercely.

"We will not forget," the Garcias
chorused.

The next installment covers
further exciting and extremely
distasteful advances on the
part of General Longorio. Alaire
begins to fear the Mexican.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

HOW DIFFERENT SHIPS SINK

Nearly Every Class or Design of Ves-
sel Has a Particular Way of
Going Down.

Nearly every class or design of ves-
sel sinks in a particular way. For in-
stance, the old type of single-bottom
steamers, with few or no bulkheads—
that is, in the modern sense of the
term—almost invariably founders on
more or less of an even keel, which
means that they sink level, and not
with their bow or stern up in the air,
London Tit-Bits says.

This is accounted for by the fact
that at whatever point the water may
enter, it practically finds its own level,
as there are no subdivisions to ob-
struct it.

Now, in the case of a modern ves-
sel, which is built with numerous sub-
divisions, it invariably happens that
she founders with her bow or stern high
out of the water; or else she sinks
with a heavy list, or cant, to one side
or the other. The reason for this is
that the bulkheads prevent the water
which enters the vessel from finding
its level; consequently, when one par-
ticular portion of the ship is full of
water, while the remainder is prac-
tically watertight, that part which is
water laden sinks first, owing to its
greater weight.

It is for this reason that such terri-
ble loss of life frequently occurs in
modern shipwrecks. Owing to the un-
even sinking, it is often found impos-
sible to lower the majority of the life-
boats, as they would fail to reach the
water.

MOVIES ARE PUT TO NEW USE

Orchestra Directed by Screen Repro-
duction of Noted Conductor
Handling Baton.

The latest in the fields of motion
pictures and music is a combination of
the two, in which the mechanical
processes of one are used to direct the
artistic processes of the other.

This is nothing more nor less than
the conducting of an orchestra by
means of the screen reproduction of a
noted conductor, handling the baton. It
has been tried in Chicago as an ex-
periment, with such compositions as
the overture for "William Tell," and
Mendelssohn's "Spring Song."

The system as tried out and found
acceptable consists simply of project-
ing on a screen in full view of the
orchestra, pictures previously taken
of an impresario conducting the com-
position to be rendered. It is claimed
that because the pictures are more
conspicuous to the musicians than the
man himself could be, it is easier for
them to follow his baton. The project-
ing machines are motor driven, this
enabling the operator to regulate them
to any speed desired and to maintain
it without breaks.

Seaplanes Fold Their Wings.

Owing to the large number of sea-
planes employed by the entente naval
forces in the present war, especially in
the waters of the near East, the Brit-
ish and French aircraft designers
have developed a special type of hy-
droplane provided with folding wings,
notes the Scientific American. This
feature results in a great saving of
space on board a warship or special
mother ship when a large number of
seaplanes are carried. The wings are
hinged to the fuselage so that they can
be swung back when the craft is to be
stored away, yet the seaplanes can be
made ready and equipped for sustained
service in the space of a few minutes
by the aviator and his corps of as-
sistants.

Smallest but Notable Kingdom.

Smallest in population among the
kingdoms of the world, "Hedjaz" car-
ries to the Arabic brain the idea of
"separation." The newly made king
rules indeed over a desolate land, and
about as many subjects as could be
accommodated in Bristol. But his
"kingdom" is nevertheless the richest
in the world, from the Moslem point
of view, since it holds the cities of
Mecca and Medina. Our illustrious
ally, lately a shereef, is in the way of
dignity; for he not only controls the
holy places, but being a direct des-
cendant of Mohammed, his post pos-
ed as the new caliph should become un-
challengeable.—London Chronicle.

Glass Gardens.

A few square feet of sunny ground
and a hotbed or cold frame, large or
small, will produce vegetables and
flowers weeks ahead of those who gar-
den without glass. A little glass adds
a wonderful amount of interest to the
garden and prolongs the season for
many weeks in the spring and in the
autumn. A good frame with sash will
last for years, and this is to be con-
sidered in buying good material at the
outset.

An Irresistible Call.

Hulda, the Swedish maid, had served
her mistress faithfully for a year,
when one day she announced her in-
tention of leaving:
"Why, Hulda, what is the matter?
Is the work too hard? Or don't you
like your wages?"
"De work be all right, an' de
wages be too, but de beau—he moost
have me."

Very Puzzling.

Eddie who had always attended a
Baptist Sunday school, was taken on
a visit to Sunday school at a Metho-
dist church. "Mamma, how is that?"
he said. "I thought you said this
was a Methodist Sunday school."
"So it is, my dear."
"Well, but, mamma, the lesson was
all about John the Baptist."—Chris-
tian Herald.

**MOTHER! LOOK AT
CHILD'S TONGUE**

If cross, feverish, constipated,
give "California Syrup
of Figs."

A laxative today saves a sick child
tomorrow. Children simply will not
take the time from play to empty their
bowels, which become clogged up with
waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach
sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated,
or your child is listless, cross, fever-
ish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat
heartily, full of cold or has sore throat,
or any other children's ailment, give a
teaspoonful of "California Syrup of
Figs," then don't worry, because it is

THE POULL MERCANTILE CO.

SPECIAL EASTER BARGAINS

50 Merchandise Bonds Until Easter

with every dollar worth you buy in any department. This means 50 bonds instead of 2 with every 10 cent purchase. (Except sugar, flour and produce.)

GROCERY SPECIALS

Fancy box apples, 2 for 5c, a doz. 25c
 Quart size ripe olives, a can. 25c
 15c stuffed olives, bottle. 10c
 Large Queen olives, bottle. 15c to 35c
 Yeast Foam, 3 packages for. 10c
 15c Household cookies, a lb. 11c
 Fancy tiny peas, a can. 19c
 No. 3 early June peas, a can. 15c
 West Bend sweet peas, can. 12c
 Jello, all flavors, pkg. 8c
 Monarch asparagus tips, can. 25c
 Monarch catnip, 25c size, a bottle. 19c
 Fancy pure lard, a lb. 23c
 Try Monarch coffee for your Easter dinner, 1 lb. can 35c, 3 lbs. for. 1.00
 Canned pumpkin, a can. 10c
 Fancy brick cheese, a lb. 25c
 Red cherries, a bottle. 15c and 10c

We will have a large line of fresh vegetables of all kinds, bananas, oranges, apples.

NEW EASTER MERCHANDISE.

Men's fine shirts. Plain and French cuffs. 89c
 Special values, each.

New Easter Ties.

You must see this line of pretty ties. Best values in town. 25c, 50c, 75c and 1.00

Men's Shoe Special.

Men's fine shoes, English toe, rubber sole and heel, regular 6.00 value, special a pair. 4.48

Ladies' New Waists.

We unpacked a select lot of new waists for Easter, special values at. 3.50, 3.00, 2.00, 1.50, 1.25

Bellemont Hats for men. Same hat at the same old price; all styles. 3.00

Men's wash ties. 15c and 25c
 New Spring caps. 50c to 1.50

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend Wisconsin

Sleeplessness and a Remedy

Sleeplessness may be a symptom of a serious nervous disorder, in which instance the sufferer should be under the treatment of a skillful specialist in nervous diseases. In other instances, it may be merely a sort of skittishness on the part of nerves which refuse to quiet down when it is time to go to sleep.

Many tricks have been invented and practiced to overcome the mental restlessness or to shut off the persistency of the mind's running in a channel which prevents. These are practically all based on the same principle, viz., fatiguing the mind so that it becomes anxious to rest as is a skittish colt after a long drive. Counting imaginary sheep, jumping over a fence, is a favorite stunt of this type. When the cause of sleeplessness is an overtired mind the counting plan, alone, will not work well as a rule.

The following plan seems to be a better one for the reason that it combines a rapid fatiguing process with a soothing one. The subject should assume as comfortable and fully relaxed position of the body as possible. He may begin his agreeable imaginative part by fancying himself, perhaps, reclining on the bank of a beautiful stream. From then on, he should "jump his mind" as rapidly as possible from one pleasant recollection to another.

By concentrated effort, he can, in a single minute, bring many flash recollections of things or occurrences which have affected him agreeably. Thus there will come brief thoughts of a drama, a game, a childhood prank, an almost forgotten playmate, a book, a fishing excursion and many other dreamlike memories. He must not let the mind linger on any of these at this stage but make it continue to travel from one thought to another at as near telegraphic speed as possible.

Soon, without the consciousness of the subject, there comes a time when the mind will rest upon some overwhelmingly pleasant, dreamy thought. The nervousness disappears and sleep comes the next moment. For the want of so simple a remedy as this, drug taking and bad mental habits have been formed. It is amazing how quickly and successfully the plan works, if the individual is not of the type who loves to be "afflicted."

CLEAR YOUR SKIN IN SPRING

Spring house cleaning means cleaning inside and outside. Dull pimply skin is an aftermath of winter inactivity. Flush your intestines with a mild laxative and clean out the accumulated wastes, easy to take, they do not gripe. Dr. King's New Life Pills will clear your complexion and brighten your eye. Try Dr. King's New Life Pills tonight and throw off the sluggish winter shell. At Druggists, 25c.

FOUR CORNERS

Mike Flanagan has purchased a new Ford car.

Vilace Ludwig passed through our burg Tuesday.

Marie Tuttle was a Campbellsport caller Friday.

Bert Newton was a caller at Campbellsport Friday.

Miss Gusta Polzean was a caller at Fond du Lac Friday.

Wm. Koehne was a business caller at Kewaskum Friday.

Miss Rosie Kaehne is visiting a few days at Mike Polzean's.

Emil Marquardt was a business caller at Campbellsport Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dell Fellar are visiting with the John Corbett family.

Mike Polzean Jr., and George Flynn are sawing wood for Lewis Mielke.

Mrs. Jake Bohlman called at the Leo Karlin home in South Eden on Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Polzean spent Wednesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Tunn at New Prospect.

Ranson Tuttle, Geo. Flynn, Andy Polzean, and Frank Bohlman and sister Delia spent Sunday afternoon with the James Cahill family.

Constipation and Indigestion. These are twin evils. Persons suffering from indigestion are often troubled with constipation. Mrs. Robert Allison Mattoon, Ill., writes that when she first moved to Mattoon she was a great sufferer from indigestion and constipation. Food distressed her and there was a feeling like a heavy weight pressing on her stomach and chest. She did not rest well at night, and felt worn out a good part of the time. One bottle of Chamberlain's Tablets corrected her trouble so that she has since felt like a different person.

DRESS UP FOR EASTER

Universal Displays of Apparel

To link beauty of design, richness of material and workmanship of the highest order with prices as low as we quote for these exquisite creations is a feat of which any store might justly feel proud.

Newest Coat Modes

In making your selection here you are assured of securing approved style and individuality. We are showing the newest of the new, featuring the most popular novelties. The materials employed are such as will combine utility and wearing qualities with the important dressy effect. Prices from \$6.50 to \$25.00.

DRESS UP for Easter! Fashion's call rings clear and insistent and personal pride demands that all of us respond in no uncertain manner. But we are dressing not alone for Easter, but for the whole season and every man and woman will agree that proper dress is the greatest confidence given imaginable, whether in business or social affairs. Take advantage of this carefully prepared event, that you may take your place in the happy well-dressed throngs on Easter morning.

The Separate Skirts

Not for many seasons has the demand for separate skirts been so pronounced as at the present time. To merit this demand we have assembled an array which merits approval from any and every standpoint. Come and see the attractive new models now on display. Prices from \$3.50 to \$12.00.

Easter Waists

Never, we believe, have lovelier waists been shown than those which have recently arrived for Easter shoppers. Large assortments of attractive, seasonable styles permit of every individual preference being satisfied—making selection now, especially gratifying. Prices range from \$1.00 to \$7.00.

Pick Brothers Company, West Bend

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Sales, Want Ads, For Rent, Etc., Under this heading, 5 cents a line straight. All notices of an advertising nature appearing among the Locals or on the Front Page will be rated at 10 cents per line.

FOR SALE—My 38 acre farm with personal property and good buildings, located at Schrauth's pond, Elmore, Wis. For further information inquire of Hy. Damm, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D. 31 4-1.

FOR SALE—16 to 12 head of choice thoroughbred Holstein cattle, including cows, heifers and bulls. Call on or write to P. D. Nigh, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D. 32 2-24-1f

WANTED—Man to work on farm. Inquire of John L. Gudex, Campbellsport, Wis. R. D.

FOR SALE—My General Store, Saloon and Dwelling.—F. Kleinhans, Elmore, Wis. 3-10-5.

FARM FOR SALE CHEAP—60 acres of good land with rehouse and barn, 40 acres under plow. For further particulars call on or write to E. W. Koch, Beechwood, Wis. R. D. 1, Kewaskum. 3-24-1

NOTICE—Beginning after Easter, I will grind feed on Saturdays only.—Clas. Muckerheide 3f.

For Sale—Early variety of potatoes. For further particulars call on Ed. Ferber, R. D. 32, Campbellsport, Wis. 4-7-2.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Barley.....1.18-1.22
 Wheat.....1.40-1.70
 Red Winter.....1.40-1.70
 Rye No. 1.....1.50
 Oats......60-62
 Timothy Seed, bd.....\$3.00-4.00
 Butter......40
 Eggs......25
 Unwashed Wool......38
 Beans......24
 Hides (all of skin).....15-18
 Cow Hides......15-18
 Honor......9
 Horse Hides......7.00
 Potatoes, new, sorted.....\$2.30-2.30

LIVE POULTRY
 Spring Chickens.....18
 Old Chickens.....14-15
 Roosters.....10-11
 Geese.....14
 Ducks.....15-16

DRESSED POULTRY
 Spring Chickens.....16-17
 Geese.....19
 Ducks.....20

DAIRY MARKET
 SHEBOYGAN
 Sheboygan, Wis., April 2—12 factories offered 814 cases long-horns on the call board today and all sold as follows: 156 at 23½¢, 62 at 25-5c, and 596 at 22c.

PLYMOUTH
 Plymouth, Wis., April 2—27 factories offered 3,580 boxes of cheese on the call board today and all sold as follows: 175 twins, 20%; 21 cases young Americas, 22½¢; 700 daisies, 21c; 406 at 21 1-8c; 550 at 21c; 200 double daisies, 21c; 813 cases longhorns, 22½¢; and 715 boxes of square prints, 22 1-8c. Prices show a slump of from ½c to 2c a pound since a week ago, due to the increased production and lessened demand.

Constipation and Indigestion. These are twin evils. Persons suffering from indigestion are often troubled with constipation. Mrs. Robert Allison Mattoon, Ill., writes that when she first moved to Mattoon she was a great sufferer from indigestion and constipation. Food distressed her and there was a feeling like a heavy weight pressing on her stomach and chest. She did not rest well at night, and felt worn out a good part of the time. One bottle of Chamberlain's Tablets corrected her trouble so that she has since felt like a different person.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
 State of Wisconsin,)
 Washington County Court,)
 In Probate
 Notice is hereby given that at the special term of the County Court, to be held in and for said county at the court house in the city of West Bend, in said county, on the third Tuesday of April, 1917, the following matter will be heard and considered:
 The application of Louis Nordhausen, executor of the last will of Ludwig Bunkelmann, late of the village of Kewaskum, in said county, for the examination, adjustment and allowance of his final account as such executor and assigning the residue of such other persons as are by the last will of said deceased entitled thereto.
 Dated March 20th, 1917.
 By order of the Court, P. O'MEARA, County Judge
 G. A. Kuechenmeister, Attorney
 (First publication March 24 1917)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
 State of Wisconsin,)
 Washington County Court,)
 In Probate
 Letters testamentary on said estate having been granted to B. H. Rosenheimer and an order allowing and limiting the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate, and fixing the time and place for examining and adjusting the same having been entered:
 Notice is hereby given, that creditors are allowed until the first Tuesday in August, 1917, to present their claims against said deceased to this court for examination and allowance; and that said court will on the third Tuesday of August, A. D. 1917, at the probate office in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said Johannas Casey, deceased.
 Dated April 4th, 1917.
 By order of the Court, P. O'MEARA, County Judge
 Bucklin & Gebel, Attorneys
 (First publication April 7, 1917)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
 State of Wisconsin,)
 Washington County Court,)
 In Probate
 Notice is hereby given that at the special term of the County Court, to be held in and for said county at the court house in the city of West Bend, in said county, on the third Tuesday of April, 1917, the following matter will be heard and considered:
 The application of Louis Nordhausen, executor of the last will of Ludwig Bunkelmann, late of the village of Kewaskum, in said county, for the examination, adjustment and allowance of his final account as such executor and assigning the residue of such other persons as are by the last will of said deceased entitled thereto.
 Dated March 20th, 1917.
 By order of the Court, P. O'MEARA, County Judge
 G. A. Kuechenmeister, Attorney
 (First publication March 24 1917)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
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 Washington County Court,)
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 (First publication March 24 1917)

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 Dated March 20th, 1917.
 By order of the Court, P. O'MEARA, County Judge
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 (First publication March 24 1917)

Have You Saved Your First \$100?

Men of big affairs, men who have attained success, claim that the first \$100.00 is always the hardest to save; that when the first \$100.00 has been saved and put to work earning interest for you the hardest milestones in the journey has been left behind.

What About You?

If you have saved your \$100.00 you are doubtless working hard to make it \$1000.00; if you have not saved \$100.00, why not? Don't wait until you have \$10.00 or \$20.00 or more before you open an account. Do it now with \$1.00. Then, make regular deposits of some small amount that you can spare—the result will surprise you.

3% Interest Paid on Savings

FARMERS & MERCHANTS STATE BANK Kewaskum

Capital \$25,000

"The Bank of the People and For All The People"



EXPERT CHEMISTS

watch every stage in the brewing of Lithia Beer. Master brewers, a modern plant, and imported hops and Wisconsin malt is what makes Lithia Beer different—it's in the flavor. 'Phone No. 9

West Bend Brewing Company,

West Bend, Wisconsin

BEECHWOOD

Art. Trapp bought a Ford car last week.

Mrs. Wm. Janssen visited Tuesday with Mrs. Albert Krueger.

Martin Hausner on business Tuesday to Kewaskum on business Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Reysen visited Wednesday with her mother at New Fane.

Wm. Janssen and Henry Dettmann car-telephones installed last week.

Mrs. J. Hammen and daughter visited with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Butzke Tuesday evening.

Mrs. H. Doman and two grand children visited with Mrs. A. W. Butzke Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Muenel and daughters Clara and Edna and Arno wenaouer spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Butzke.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Schultz and two children of Batavia, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hammen, Frank Schroeder and A. C. Hoffmann visited Sunday with Jake Hammen and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hintz entertained the following Sunday in honor of their son Arthur's confirmation. Mr. and Mrs. Clas Harter and sons Elton and Marlin, Miss Irene Hintz and Elsie Melius of Waldo; Sylvia, Dala and Laszeta Staeger, Nettie Klug, Irene and Anna Koepke, Messrs. John and Joe Liebenauer of Random Lake, Eddie Koepke, Arthur and Erwin Staeger, Milton Melius, Raymond and Monroe Stahl, George and Marvin Koch and Edgar Sauter.

MITCHELL

Wm. Bartelt sawed wood for Wm. Walls Tuesday.

Clyde King was a Beechwood business caller Friday.

Ang. Torke was a Plymouth business caller one day last week.

Miss Martha Michels is visiting at Port Washington this week.

Mrs. M. Michels was a social caller at the P. H. Reilly home Friday.

Mrs. T. H. Slattery and Miss Ferguson of Parnell were callers here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Walls were pleasant callers at the P. Seil home Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Devins have shipped their household goods to Unity, where they will make their future home on a farm.

WAYNE

About two inches of snow fell here Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Jac Kippenhan have recovered from their two weeks illness.

A number of farmers from here attended the monthly stock fair at Kewaskum last week Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kippenhan spent one day last week with his parents and other friends in the village.

Cheese-maker, Albert Weber and family of Kohlville spent Thursday evening with And. Martin Sr. and family.

A class of four children was confirmed in the local church here Sunday namely: Albert Martin Alfred Pirks, Ruth Zushke and Laura Jung.

BOLTONVILLE

Fred Stautz and family of West Bend spent Sunday here.

Miss Amanda Becker of Milwaukee is visiting her parents here.

Mr. Curtis and Miss Landgraf were callers at Batavia Saturday.

Mrs. C. Webster of Kaukauna is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rau.

Wm. Groeschel and son Arthur and Albert Pitschman spent Sunday at Random Lake.

Otto Plaum has sold his farm east of this village and will make his future home at Random Lake.

MIDDLE TOWN

John Jewson was a caller here Monday.

Oscar Bartelt was a business caller at Fond du Lac Saturday.

Miss Bernice Jacobitz was a caller at H. Bartelt's Tuesday.

Frank Burnett and family were callers at Campbellsport Friday.

Arthur Bartelt of Waucousta visited Wednesday evening with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jacobitz were business callers at Fond du Lac Monday.

Wm. Wach and family spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schultz.

Miss Adella Bartelt entertained a number of her friends at a quilting bee Thursday.

Miss Hazel Allen of Fond du Lac returned to her home after spending a few weeks at John Jewson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bartelt and family visited Sunday afternoon with the Wm. Schultz family.

Mrs. O. Bartelt went to New Prospect Tuesday to take care of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Bartelt, who is ill with rheumatism.

A number from here attended the services at the Dundee Luth. church Palm Sunday. A class of ten girls were confirmed.

WAUCOUSTA

Election passed off very quietly here Tuesday.

A. C. Buslaff was a Campbellsport caller Monday.

School closed Tuesday for a three day's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Wach were Campbellsport callers Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hodorf were callers at Campbellsport Thursday.

Dora and Carrie Buslaff spent Sunday at the Allen home in Eden.

John Flanagan of Eden spent a few days of last week at the farm here.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Ketter of Campbellsport were callers here Sunday.

Almon, Roema and Marie Buslaff spent Sunday with friends at Armstrong.

Mrs. Oscar Bartelt is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Bartelt at New Prospect.

Quite a number from here attended the confirmation exercises at the Dundee Lutheran church Sunday.

Mrs. Chris. Indermushle her three daughters and son of Juneau visited with the H. F. Pieper family over Sunday.

SOUTH EDEN

Ed. St. Mary was at the County Seat Monday.

Herman Rehorst is busy cutting wood this week.

Willie Baumhardt spent Sunday at Robt. Norton's.

John Seefeld was a Fond du Lac caller last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clas. Baumhardt were at Fond du Lac Thursday.

John and Tom Smith were business callers at Fond du Lac Saturday.

Mrs. F. Laide and daughter Emma were at Campbellsport Wednesday.

Misses Ethel Norton and Marie Koehne called on Ida Baumhardt Friday.

CEDAR LAWN

Leonard Gudex came up from Milwaukee Tuesday.

Samuel Gudex of North Osceola called here last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Hoerth visited at the County Seat last Monday.

August Hoerth had a wood sawing bee last Tuesday and Wednesday.

You Can Make Excellent Cake with Fewer Eggs

Just use an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

This applies equally well to nearly all baked foods. Try the following recipe according to the new way:

CREAM LAYER CAKE

Old Way

1 cup sugar
1/2 cup milk
2 cups flour
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
3 eggs
1/2 cup shortening
1 teaspoon flavoring

New Way

1 cup sugar
1/2 cup milk
2 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1 egg
2 tablespoons shortening
1 teaspoon flavoring

Makes 1 Large 2-Layer Cake

DIRECTIONS—Cream the sugar and shortening together, then mix in the egg. After sifting the flour and Royal Baking Powder together two or three times, add it to the mixture. Gradually add the milk and beat with spoon until you have a smooth pour batter. Add the flavoring. Pour into greased layer cake tins and bake in a moderately hot oven for twenty minutes. This cake is best baked in two layers. Put together with cream filling and spread with white icing.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes.

No Alum

No Phosphate

FUNERAL PARLOR

FRANK A. ZWASKA

UNDERTAKER
LADY ASSISTANT



AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital

2201 Center Street, Corner 22nd.

Milwaukee, Wis.

Phone Kilbourn 1318

Patent Silo Scaffold

WEASLER BROS., Mfrs.

We have a patent silo scaffold for building concrete or brick silos, malt house chimneys, etc. This scaffold is a time and money saver. This scaffold is now in process of manufacture at J. E. Barnes' shop, in Campbellsport. It is equipped with crank hoist—raised crank and three different safety clutches. All who are interested write or call on

WEASLER BROS.

Manufacturers

Campbellsport, Wis.

State of Wisconsin }
Washington County Court }
In Probate

Notice is hereby given that at the regular term of the county court, to be held in and for said county at the court house, in the city of West Bend, in said county, on the first Tuesday of May, 1917, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of George Terlinden for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Philip Terlinden, late of the Town of Wayne, in said county, deceased.

Dated March 29, 1917.

By the court, P. O'MEARA, County Judge

Backlin & Gehl, Attorneys
First Publication March 31, 1917.

Time Table—C. & N. W. R'y

NORTH BOUND
No. 36 3:30 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 118 12:15 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 132 9:04 a.m. daily except Sunday
No. 107 8:36 p.m. daily
No. 215 6:34 p.m. Sunday only
No. 141 8:42 a.m. Sunday only

SOUTH BOUND
No. 208 9:14 a.m. daily except Sunday
No. 210 12:39 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 214 2:04 p.m. daily
No. 218 5:47 p.m. daily except Sunday
No. 108 7:32 a.m. daily
No. 24 11:30 p.m. Sunday only
No. 220 7:24 p.m. Sunday only

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., April 7

—Subscribe for the Statesman

—Henry Oppenorth of Milwaukee was a business caller in the village Friday.

—A. A. Perschbacher received a car load of Chevrolet automobiles here Thursday.

—Miss Adela Gottsleben called on relatives and friends at West Bend Wednesday.

—W. F. Backhaus and wife spent Thursday at Milwaukee with relatives and friends.

—Wm. Martin and wife of West Bend visited with the John Martin family Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Belger of Boltonville were over Sunday visitors in the village.

—Werner Rilling of Milwaukee visited with the Werner-Endlich family last Saturday.

—Aug. Ramthun and wife of the town of Kewaskum were West Bend visitors Sunday.

—Herman Meilahn and wife visited with the Ernst Ramthun family at New Fane Sunday.

—Henry Ramthun and wife spent Sunday with the Rich, Kaniens family at West Bend.

—Mrs. Henry Schoofs and family of West Bend spent Saturday with her father, Peter Dricken.

NOTICE—Pabst double brew Beck beer will be on tap at Eberle's Buffet, for Easter.

—Mrs. Al. Schaefer and Miss Agnes Schaefer spent last week Thursday at Fond du Lac.

—Mrs. Hannah Burrow spent a few days this week at Milwaukee with relatives and friends.

—The Misses Belle Wiechman and Margaret Casey were Fond du Lac visitors Thursday.

—Mrs. Arthur Hansen and children of Milwaukee spent Sunday with the Brandtetter family.

—Mrs. James Murphy of Milwaukee spent last week Friday with the Ferd. Raether family.

—Miss Reimenschneider of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday with Rev. Greve and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Rosenheimer spent Tuesday with relatives and friends at Milwaukee.

—Mrs. Sebastian Pflum and daughters visited with relatives and friends at West Bend Monday.

—Math. Goring of West Bend spent a few days this week here with the Albert Oppenorth family.

—Mrs. Chas. Geidel and daughter spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schmidt at Milwaukee.

NOTICE—The barber shops of the village will be closed Monday evening, April 9th, from 5 o'clock on.

—Attorney Wm. O. Mellahn of Milwaukee visited with relatives and friends in the village Wednesday.

—William and Ewald Volms spent Tuesday with Miss Mayme Volm at the St. Agnes hospital at Fond du Lac.

—Emil C. Backhaus has leased his farm to John Braun and soon expects to become a citizen of our village.

—A crew of railway carpenters were here Thursday making repairs around the company's grounds.

—Miss Marie Klein and sister Ella visited a few days this week with Walter Schacht and family at Milwaukee.

—Ralph Kraetsch of Chicago spent a few days the forepart of the week with Dr. E. L. Morgenroth and family.

—Miss Irma Wittenberg of Dundee spent a few days of last week with the C. C. Schaefer and Chas. Weddig families.

—Prin. and Mrs. A. L. Simon and family left for Brillion Thursday to spend a few days with relatives and friends.

—N. W. Rosenheimer and wife were at Fond du Lac Thursday to call on Adolph Rosenheimer, who is at the hospital there.

—Mrs. John Holley returned to her home in Antigo after several weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. N. W. Rosenheimer.

—Clemence Reinders and Miss Florence Schmidt of the town of Barton were guests of the Anthony Schaefer family Sunday.

—Alten Altenofen, Theodore Schmidt and Miss Lydia Guth of Milwaukee spent a few days' vacation here with home folks.

—Harry Schaefer was a Campbellsport visitor Saturday, where he assisted the Campbellsport High School basketball team.

—A marriage license was issued this week to John Volm of the town of Kewaskum and Miss Apollonia Mueller of Kewaskum.

—R. S. Demarst desires to thank the voters of this village for the liberal support accorded him at the recent village election.

—Miss Erna Backhaus of Milwaukee is spending some time here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Backhaus and family.

—Joseph Schmidt of this village traded his 80 acre farm at Wabeno for a new house and lot at West Bend with Jos. M. O'Meara.

—Our village firemen met in regular monthly session Wednesday evening and the Hook & Ladder Boys met on Thursday evening.

—Walter Wiskirchen has bought out Frank Strube's interest in the Washington Hotel Buffet and will be the sole proprietor in the future.

—Another "Little German band" made its appearance on our streets last Saturday and made the welkin ring with German and American patriotic airs.

—Miss Agnes Schaefer returned last week from New Prospect where she had been in attendance upon Mrs. Wm. Bartelt in the capacity of nurse.

—Albert Krueger moved his household goods on the Edward Krause farm in the town of West Bend Tuesday which he rented for the coming year.

—J. W. Schaefer & Sons delivered two Overland cars, one to Mrs. Wiechmann of Barton, Tuesday and one to Mrs. August Butzlaff at West Bend Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Backhaus of the town of Kewaskum visited with relatives and friends at Woodland and Hustisford the latter part of last week.

—B. Hauschild of the town of Kewaskum had his hand quite badly cut recently by its coming in contact with a circular saw, which he was operating.

—John Thull and wife moved their household goods into the Mrs. Janssen residence on Wilhelm street, where they intend to make their future home.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Rimmel and daughter, Mrs. Fred Groth of Jackson were to Milwaukee Sunday, where they visited the Miller, Fraessel and Jokisch families.

—William Bunkelmann and wife of the town of Farmington moved into their residence on South Park street Monday which was recently purchased by Mr. Bunkelmann.

—Casper Klunke, the well known and influential businessman of Boltonville was a pleasant village caller Tuesday. This office acknowledges a very pleasant call.

—Fred Buddenhagen of Milwaukee stopped off here between train schedules Saturday. He was accompanied home by Mrs. Philip McLaughlin, who visited there over Sunday.

—John Schmidt and wife of St. Michaels boarded the train here Wednesday for Fond du Lac to call on Mrs. Schmidt's sister, Mrs. Regina Hoerig, who is at the St. Agnes hospital.

—We noticed in Wednesdays Evening Wisconsin that our bustling real estate dealer, J. B. Day, had made another donation to the Red Cross of the state in the form of a \$1500 check.

—Read the following changes of ad in this issue: Pick Bros., Co., Poul Mercantile Co., West Bend Brewing Co., Wm. Foerster, Weyman-Bruton Co., Wisconsin Brewers Ass'n, Kewaskum Amusement Co., Weasler Bros.

—Louis Schultz of Milwaukee returned home Friday, after spending a few days here with relatives and friends. Mr. Schultz wishes to notify his friends that he is located on the Port Washington Road near Fox Point.

—Mrs. Louis Meyer, Mrs. Frank Wollweber of Milwaukee and Fred Baumgartner and family of Kohlsville visited the Andrew Groth family Sunday. They also celebrated the christening of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Groth on that day.

—On last week Friday evening the local camp of Modern Woodmen of America, held their regular monthly meeting in the Templar's Hall, and initiated a class of fourteen new members. The local camp now has an enrollment of ninety-three members, and it is expected that the membership will be increased to 100 at their next regular monthly meeting in May. After the initiation a fine supper was served.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Wright received word from their daughter at Waterloo, Iowa, saying she had one more adventure to add to her experiences. This time it was a flood. The Cedar river overflowed on Friday night, March 23. Mr. and Mrs. Aagard and son, were taken from their home at 2:30 A. M. They were obliged to step from the door into a boat. The suspense was terrible, knowing everything was in danger. The water began to recede when it was 6 inches from the floors. So their furnishings were not damaged, and the houses had to be cleaned and fumigated, when they returned a week later.

We are now ready to supply you with

Van Brunt Seeders

New Idea, John Deere, I. H. C.

Manure Spreaders

PLOWS and all other farm machinery needed for your Spring Work.

L. ROSENHEIMER

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Metro Pictures

OPERA HOUSE

SUNDAY EVENING,

April 8th

Greater Love Hath No Man

Also a One-Reel Side-Splitting Comedy

Admission 15 and 5 cents

Show Starts Promptly at 8. Be There on Time

It improves the blood, cleans the stomach, regulates the bowels, helps the appetite, livens you up. You work better—feel better—look better. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, a real Spring tonic. 35c—Edw. C. Miller.

Applications For Loans.

We are glad at all times to confer promptly with depositors requiring loans. The application will be considered carefully, whether small or large, and passed upon without needless or vexatious delays.

The purpose of this Bank is to keep in close personal touch with depositors and to help them solve financial problems courteously, willingly and promptly. Bring your money to the Bank that Serves.

Bank of Kewaskum

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over \$70,000.00

"The Old Reliable Bank of Good Service"

Our New Line of Spring Dress

Goods, Hats and Caps

have arrived and are now ready for your inspection. Be sure and look over our excellent line before buying your Easter outfit.

We are closing out certain lines of Shoes at Bargain Sale Prices

Our full line of Sport Shirts and other Shirts for men and boys is exceptionally large.

Our complete line of Ladies', Misses', Children's, Men's and Boys' Summer Underwear just received and ready for you

Madam Grace Corsets are the best on the market

A. G. KOCH

Kewaskum, Wisconsin. Quality Merchandise

DON'T FORGET OUR MADE-TO-ORDER SUIT DEPARTMENT
Quality, Service and Satisfaction Guaranteed
Place Your Order for that Easter Suit Now

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now. No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

All Dry. The leader of one of the "dry" delegations from out in the state which came to the state capitol the day before the passage of the prohibition measure was explaining what a representative crowd of people he was directing.

HAD A CAPITAL OF \$400

In Six Years He Was Well Off

An Alberta farmer, who had borrowed from a loan company, in remitting to them the last payment on his mortgage, decided to give them the story of his experience, on a Manitoba farm. It was that of many another farmer, and for the benefit of those who contemplate a change the liberty is taken of reproducing it.

"I will give you here a brief summary of my experience since coming here six years ago. I was a new hand at farming, my trade being meat-cutting and butchering. My capital was \$400, which was a first payment on my quarter section (160 acres). Most of my stock, harness, implements, etc., were bought at sales, all "on time," necessarily. The buildings on the place were about as good as nothing and had either to be rebuilt or replaced entirely.

Wittenburg Wins Title. Appleton—Coming back with a whirlwind attack in the second half, after being beaten in the first period, 4 to 0, Wittenburg High School won the state title in the Lawrence basketball tournament from Monroe, 14 to 10. Grand Rapids defeated Appleton for third place, 18 to 11.

Seek Five-Cent Fare. Racine—A new association to be known as the Lake Park Improvement association has been formed by residents living south of Racine along the lake shore. They will work for a 5 cent fare on the Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha line instead of the 7 cent fare now paid.

Carpenter is Killed in Fall. Eau Claire—Ole Hanson Wahl, aged 71 years, a carpenter contractor was instantly killed when a scaffolding on which he was working collapsed. Peter Galde, another carpenter working with him was seriously injured.

Offices Are Abolished. La Crosse—Finding that the mothers' pension law eliminated much of the work of the poor superintendent's office, the county board abolished that office in the Second and Third districts of the county. S. L. Burdick will have charge of the entire county hereafter.

Plan Building Aeroplanes. Green Bay—A corporation with capital of \$25,000 will be formed to manufacture aeroplanes in Green Bay. Alfred W. Lawson, aeronautical expert of New York and Detroit, is organizing the company.

Tag Day a Success. Green Bay—Green Bay contributed \$2,200 to the Brown county Red Cross chapter as the result of a "tag" day. It was announced here. More than 100 girls, assisted by society women of the city, served as taggers.

Internal Revenue Shows Gain. Milwaukee—Internal revenue receipts for March were \$98,265.39, an increase of \$46,090.01 over March, 1916, according to figures announced by Collector Paul Hemmy.

Two Rivers to Have Guard. Manitowoc—The city of Two Rivers desires to be represented in the Wisconsin National Guard association, and has made application with the adjutant general for authority to recruit a company.

High School Teachers Resigns. Plainfield—Miss Beattie Williams, instructor in the Plainfield high school, has resigned on account of ill health. Miss Gertrude Gilsey of Beloit will succeed her.

BADGER STATE NEWS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN A FEW LINES.

FORM CO-OPERATIVE STORE

Wausau Residents Organize to Wage War Against the High Cost of Living—Capital Secured By Sale of Credit Cards.

Wausau—Eighty-five workers in this city, tired of the struggle against the increasing cost of living, have organized a co-operative store. A small store building was rented and stocked with groceries, flour, feed, meat and other provisions, sales are made to members only and the institution is more of a co-operative distributing headquarters than a regular store. The method of financing is peculiar, yet sound. Credit cards in denomination of \$2.50, \$5 and \$10 are issued to members on payment. The sale of these credit cards provides the initial or revolving capital with which goods are purchased.

May Return Road Funds.

Green Bay—If Senator Timothy Burke is successful in having a bill passed by the legislature, Green Bay and De Pere citizens, who contributed \$10,000 for a concrete highway along the state reformatory property, will be reimbursed. The state should pay for the portion of the road passing through its property, Senator Burke believes.

Ashtand—At a patriotic demonstration held here President Wilson and congress were endorsed. Senator Sanborn, state manager of Senator La Follette in the last presidential election, presided. Among the first five men to volunteer for the navy from this section were two Chippewa Indians.

Pastor Accepts Denver Call.

Kenosha—The Rev. Fred Ingley, for the last nine years rector of St. Matthew's church here and one of the best known members of the Episcopal ministry in the Milwaukee diocese has accepted a call to St. Mark's parish in Denver, Col. He will leave Kenosha May 1.

State Aid for Guards.

Green Bay—As an incentive to encourage enlistment, Senator Timothy Burke of Green Bay, as chairman of the committee on legislative procedure, enacting into law legislation providing for the care of families of Wisconsin men who may be called upon to bear arms.

Awarded Long Service Medals.

Kenosha—Capt. B. L. Smith, Lieut. Fred Peterson, Sergt. Fred Herrick and Private Al Hansen, all members of Company I, First Wisconsin infantry, have been awarded long service medals for over fifteen years of service in the guard.

Plan for Baby Week.

Kenosha—Business men have promised to co-operate by having appropriate displays for the "baby week" observance to be conducted in May by the club women of this city and Menasha. The undertaking is the first of its kind attempted here.

Hold Patriotic Meeting.

Stevens Point—A mass meeting to stimulate patriotism and also enlistments in the proposed cavalry troop here was held at the courthouse. Patriotic music and speeches were heard. Enlistments in the proposed troop have passed the 100 mark.

Would Form Military Company.

Neenah—Menasha citizens have forwarded a petition to Gov. Philipp for permission to organize a company of the Wisconsin National guard. About fifty members of Company I of Neenah are Menasha residents.

Vacation at the University.

Madison—Spring recess at the University of Wisconsin begins on Wednesday morning, April 11. Classes will be resumed on Wednesday morning, April 17.

Cows Are Being Tested.

Grand Rapids—The cow testing association recently organized in Wood county has commenced work. The services of a good tester have been engaged.

Assistant Fire Chief Retires.

Beloit—Assistant Chief E. G. Hunter, who has served Beloit as a fireman for thirty years, has been retired at half pay. His is the first retirement made here.

Woman Runs Neenah Newspaper.

Neenah—Clara A. Bloom, daughter of the late J. R. Bloom, now is managing editor of the newspaper her father published. Miss Bloom is a graduate of Ripon college.

Porkers Sell High.

Reedsville—The highest price ever received for young porkers was paid here when at the monthly cattle fair a farmer sold eleven young pigs for \$80.

Pythians Confer Degree.

Oconomowoc—About fifty members of the Watertown lodge, Knights of Pythias, were guests of the Oconomowoc lodge, conferring the rank of knight upon three candidates. The ceremonies were followed by a banquet at Pythian hall.

Bank at Tish Mills.

Manitowoc—A bank is to be opened at Tish Mills, with a capital of \$15,000. There are already sixteen banks in the county.

Plan Sunday School Meet.

Grand Rapids—The twentieth annual convention of the Portage County Sunday School association will be held here on April 13 and 14. J. L. Rogers of Neenah, Miss M. E. Bailey, Neenah, state secretary of elementary work; J. E. Christy of Waupaca and Judge F. W. Calkins of Grand Rapids will be speakers.

Merchants to Co-operate.

Menasha—Merchants of this city have forwarded articles of incorporation to Madison for the establishment of a wholesale house for the purchase of flour, feed and other staples. A site has been purchased upon which a building will be erected. A considerable saving will be effected, it is said.

Kenosha Wants Troop.

Kenosha—The military spirit has struck Kenosha and Alfred Terrell, president of the Kenosha Rifle club applied to the adjutant general for the organization of a troop of cavalry to be affiliated with the Wisconsin National Guard. Mayor Fennig has announced that he will call a meeting to aid the organization.

Decorated With Honor Cross.

Racine—Gene Houghton of Racine, who enlisted with a Canadian regiment at Winnipeg, Canada, at the outbreak of the European war, has been promoted to the rank of major and decorated with the military cross of honor, according to word received here. He is the first American in the British army to receive these honors.

Stage Corn Raising Contest.

Augusta—Boys from 10 to 18 years old of this city will soon compete for a \$50 prize in money and two scholarships for the young peoples' short course at Madison. The contest is to be conducted by the People's State bank of Augusta for the purpose of encouraging the raising of better corn.

Woodworkers Get Raise.

Oshkosh—An increase of 5 per cent in wages has been voluntarily given to its employes by the Foster Lath company, manufacturers of sash and doors. A better price for goods, the increased cost of living and an appreciation of past loyal service are given as reasons for the increase.

Tired of Waiting; Wants Divorce.

Oshkosh—The record for optimism is held by Mrs. Anna Vaughn of this city. She was married May 5, 1893, at Menominee, Mich., to Lamson Vaughn. Nineteen days later Mr. Vaughn departed. Mrs. Vaughn has waited in vain for twenty-four years and has finally filed a suit for divorce.

Compulsory Training Bill.

Changing it to make it effective in promptly raising armed forces, Senator Chamberlain on Monday virtually completed his universal compulsory military training bill. The chief change provides for registration and training this year of men between 20 and 23. In subsequent years men of 21, 22 and 23 years would be subject to training upon call of the president.

Provides Huge Army.

"In 1917 the president, even though he does not find it necessary to call out those of 21, 22 and 23 years, may require them to register and be examined. The men who have been or are being trained constitute the national army which is a reserve force liable to call to service in case of war or imminent danger therefore."

How many men a call upon those from 20 to 23 years of age would raise, Senator Chamberlain said, was phenomenal, but he estimated the number at between 1,500,000 and 2,000,000. He predicted that "if we should have to raise troops by compulsory service," and said a universal training plan would determine definitely the number of men available and those having the fewest responsibilities and dependents.

The general staff universal training bill was introduced in the house by Representative Kahn, California, and a bill identical with the Chamberlain measure was presented by Representative Caldwell of New York. Both measures will come before the house military committee on Wednesday.

Senator Lodge Has Fist FIGHT WITH PEACE CALLER

Washington, April 3.—Champ Clark of Missouri was elected speaker of the house of representatives of the Sixty-fifth session in a session of the house that was marked with sensations almost from the outset. The speaker defeated James R. Mann of Illinois.

Represents a Progressive.

The dramatic moment of the house organization preliminaries was the nomination of Champ Clark by Representative Thomas D. Schall, the Progressive Republican of Minnesota. The blind member was led to the center of the house by a page. His introductory remarks were of a patriotic nature, not disclosing the real object of his speech. He continued: "A state divided against itself in time of peace may stand, but today such a situation might be a serious menace. We should forego party advantages in a time like this."

The peril of today renders partisanship dangerous because it might be construed as a country presenting a divided front to the world. As an independent Progressive Republican, I have no hesitancy in saying how I must vote under the circumstances.

"Were my country not in the face of an international crisis, with the president and the senate Democratic, I would as a matter of party pride cast my ballot for the Republican candidate. He is able, alert, fair-minded. I should like to vote for him."

May Be Used Against Him.

"I realize that action I am about to take will be used to attempt my political death in Minnesota. "With my sightless eyes I would be of little service to my country on the field of battle, but I can use the light that God gives me to vote right today. I believe the president should have a Democratic senate and house behind him."

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"Does the gentleman place Mr. Clark in nomination for speaker?" asked South Trimble, clerk of the house, who was presiding.

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"Patriotism demands that the Democrats out to submit to a Republican organization of the house."

Shouts of "No," from the Democratic side interrupted him.

When he resumed it was to promise that "there will be no partisanship in the house," so far as the Republicans were concerned.

"What we need in this hour is a united country," he said. "We need the wisdom, the advice and the assistance of every American. This is no time to criticize the president, but it would be far better for the country if the president was compelled to consult Republicans as well as Democrats in this crisis."

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Mr. Lee was among those absent when the roll was called to determine a quorum. He showed plainly the effects of his illness when assisted to the floor by two attendants. Up until the last moment it was not thought he could be present. His presence, and the fact that four of the five independents who voted in the early stages of the roll call cast half their ballots for Speaker Clark made the Missouri man's election a certainty long before the roll call was completed.

CONGRESS TAKES QUICK ACTION ON WAR MEASURES

IDENTIC RESOLUTIONS RECOGNIZING HOSTILITIES IS INTRODUCED IN BOTH HOUSES.

CHAMP CLARK RE-ELECTED

Missouri Congressman Defeats James R. Mann for Speakership—Senator Chamberlain Prepares Compulsory Military Training Bill.

Washington, April 3.—Immediately after President Wilson finished his address to congress Monday night and left the capitol the senate and house reconvened and an identic joint resolution was introduced in both houses, declaring the existence of a state of war, and directing the president to employ all the resources of the country to carry on war against the imperial German government and bring the conflict to a successful conclusion.

Because of the opposition to the measure by Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee the resolution was introduced in the senate by Senator Martin of Virginia, the Democratic floor leader, Representative Flood, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, introduced it in the house.

The resolution follows:

Joint resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the imperial German government and the government and people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same: "Whereas, The recent acts of the imperial German government are acts of war against the government and people of the United States."

"Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that the state of war between the United States and the imperial German government which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and

"That the president be, and is hereby authorized and directed to take immediate steps not only to put the country in a thorough state of defense, but also to exert all of its power and employ all of its resources to carry on war against the imperial German government and to bring the conflict to a successful termination."

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Senator Chamberlain plans to introduce the amended bill at the first opportunity.

In explaining the important changes in the bill, Senator Chamberlain said: "In 1917 those 20 years of age, instead of 19 will be trained and if the president finds that the national defense so requires he may by proclamation also call out for training all those of the ages of 21, 22 and 23."

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Rector Accepts Call in West.

Kenosha—The Rev. Fred Ingley for the last nine years rector of St. Matthew's church here and one of the best known members of the Episcopal ministry in the Milwaukee diocese has accepted a call to St. Mark's parish in Denver, Col. He will leave Kenosha May 1.

Employes Get Five Per Cent Raise.

Oshkosh—An increase of 5 per cent in wages has been voluntarily given to its employes by the Foster Lath company, manufacturers of sash and doors. A better price for goods, the increased cost of living and an appreciation of past loyal service are given as reasons for the increase.

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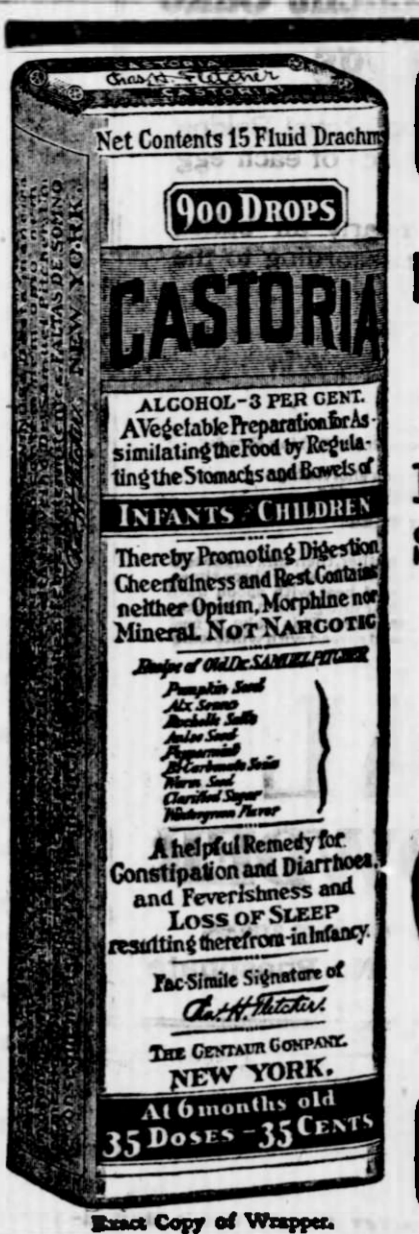
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CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hatcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA



Watch Your Colts

For Coughs, Colds and Distemper, and at the first symptoms of any such ailment, give small doses of that wonderful remedy, now the most used in existence. SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 the dozen of any druggist, harness dealer, or delivered by SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Gooken, Ind., U. S. A.

Mother Knew. A Voice—Mary! what are you doing out there? Mary—I'm looking at the moon, mother. Voice—Well! tell the moon to go home and come in off that porch. It's half-past eleven!

its Sort. "Do you think there will be much sport on this beauty show?" "Well, any profit on a beauty show ought to be a handsome one."

An onion or a potato is given away with every purchase by a New York drug store.

Even a tadpole can boast of his social position, for he is in the swim.

—but remember there is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

That is the Original Laxative Bromo Quinine This Signature on Every Box

Used the World Over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c. E. W. Grove

Matter of Geography. "Miss Howler says she learned to sing in Paris." "That may be; she certainly can't sing in this town."

Missouri has joined the list of states which maintain night schools for adults in rural regions.

WRIGLEY'S

A New and Tempting Taste:



As toothsome as the name implies.

The third of the WRIGLEY trio of refreshing, long-lasting confections.

Good for teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

Have it always with you—it's a boon to the parched mouth in hot work or on long auto trips.

The Flavor Lasts!

Chew it after every meal

Some people like to tell the truth when they become injured to the hardships it entails. On the ocean the swell makes people sick and some of the swells encountered on land have a similar effect.

Cheaper Land Clearing

The recent demonstrations of the University of Wisconsin proved that the cost of clearing land can be greatly reduced by better methods and the use of lower strength explosives.



RED CROSS FARM POWDER

Costs less than higher strength powder but does the same work if used right.

Our Farmers Bulletin No. B 597 describes and illustrates the successful methods developed at the demonstrations. Write for your copy—now.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. Wilmington, Delaware

Farm Hands Wanted

Western Canada Farmers require 50,000 American farm labourers at once. Urgent demand sent out for farm help by the Government of Canada.

Good Wages Steady Employment
Low Railway Fares
Pleasant Surroundings Comfortable Homes
No Compulsory Military Service

Farm hands from the United States are absolutely guaranteed against conscription. This advertisement is to secure farm help to replace Canadian farmers who have enlisted for the war.

A splendid opportunity for the young man to investigate Western Canada's agricultural offerings, and to do so at but little expense.

Only Those Accustomed to Farming Need Apply
For particulars as to railway rates and districts requiring labour, or any other information regarding Western Canada apply to

Gen. A. Ball, 123 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Mich. Canadian Government Agents

THE KITCHEN CABINET

The year's at the spring
And day's at the morn;
Morning's at seven
The hillsides dew pearled,
The lark's on the wing,
The snail's on the thorn,
God's in his heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

SOUR CREAM DISHES.

Sour cream should be held very precious in the minds of our cooks, for only a few tablespoonfuls added to a salad dressing improves the dressing, or it may make the foundation for a salad dressing.

Sour Cream Salad Dressing.—Beat the yolks of two eggs until light, stir in gradually half a cupful of thick sour cream, add a half teaspoonful of salt, a dash of pepper, two tablespoonfuls of tarragon vinegar and the well-beaten whites of the eggs.

Drop Cakes.—Beat two eggs, separating the whites from the yolks, to the yolks add one cupful of sugar; when well dissolved, add one cupful of rich sour cream to which has been added a half teaspoonful of soda, stir in 2 1/2 cupfuls of pastry flour (less if bread flour is used) and fold in the whites, beating well to incorporate all the air possible before folding the eggs into the mixture. Bake in well-greased gem pans, sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon and place a raisin on each as it goes into the oven.

German Crullers.—Beat two eggs without separating, add a half cupful of soda in a tablespoonful of water and add it to a half cupful of thick sour cream; add this to the egg mixture, with a teaspoonful of vanilla, half a grated nutmeg, and slowly stirring in three cupfuls of flour. The dough should be soft but free from stickiness. Roll out, cut into cruller forms and fry in deep fat. Turn several times in the fat to keep them uniform in shape. Sift powdered sugar over them when ready to serve. To shape them, cut them in three-inch squares and slit them two or three times; when fried they will be well rounded.

Plain Fruit Cake.—Take one cupful each of sour cream and sugar, one-half cupful of molasses, three cupfuls of flour, one cupful each of raisins and nuts, spice to taste, one-half teaspoonful of soda, salt and one beaten egg.

Make hay while the sun shines and you won't be so apt to make trouble when it rains.

SOME MEATLESS DISHES.

The use of cheese and various vegetable combinations with nuts and egg and milk mixtures will furnish sufficient fuel for a meatless diet, although we learn that any restriction in the diet is not advisable for any length of time, unless following a physician's orders.

As nuts are highly concentrated food, they need to be eaten sparingly, and above all things well masticated.

Mock Chicken Loaf.—Cook slowly two cupfuls of hominy grits, add a teaspoonful of salt and three pints of water; cook until the hominy is soft, at least three hours. Butter a mold and line it with the hot hominy; pack it firmly around the sides. In the center put the following: Moisten a cupful of wholewheat bread crumbs, with two cupfuls of hot milk, then add a half-cupful each of hickory nut meats and pecans, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, one teaspoonful of onion juice, mixed herbs and salt, a fourth of a teaspoonful of pepper, and two beaten eggs. Cover the top with a smooth layer of hominy. Place the mold in hot water and bake 30 minutes. Serve with nut sauce.

Bean Chops.—Soak a pint of dried beans or lentils overnight in cold water to cover; parboil and drain and cook in enough boiling water to cover until soft and broken, then rub through a sieve. To the pulp add two cupfuls of strained tomato to which a little soda has been added; two tablespoonfuls of melted butter or olive oil, one cupful of finely-crushed walnut meats, a little sage, one teaspoonful of salt, onion, parsley, finely mixed, a dash of pepper and one-half cupful of gluten flour; blend well and cook in a double boiler until thick, then add one well-beaten egg. Turn into a shallow dish and cool. When cold, form into chop shapes; place in a well-oiled dripping pan with butter or oil and brown in a quick oven. Have ready small pieces of macaroni and insert into each chop. Decorate with a frill on each if so desired.

Cucumber and Nut Salad.—Pare and slice two cucumbers; let them lie in ice water for an hour. Serve with half a walnut meat on each slice and pass French dressing well seasoned.

Prunes With Cereal.—Soak prunes overnight, then stew them in the water in which they were soaked, and when soft put them through a sieve. Place a heap of this pulp on a dish of well-cooked cereal and serve with cream and milk for the invalid's breakfast. This is an especially good dish for sick or well.

Amsterdam—A Berlin dispatch says the empress has sent her private jewels to a neutral country to be sold. The jewels are valued at a great sum.

MARKETS

Milwaukee, April 4, 1917.

Butter—Creamery, extra, 44c; prints, 45c; firsts, 38@40c; seconds, 25@27c; process, 32@33c; dairy, fancy, 38@40c.

Cheese—American, full cream twins, 23@23 1/2c; daisies, 24c; Young Americas, 24@24 1/2c; longhorns, 24 1/2@25c; limburger, fancy 2 lbs., 25@25 1/2c; brick, fancy, 23@23 1/2c.

Eggs—Current receipts fresh as to quality, 29@30c; seconds and cracks, 25@26c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, fancy, 21 1/2@22c; roosters, old 12c; fancy springers, 21 1/2@22c.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 2.11@2.15; No. 2 northern, 2.05@2.12; No. 3 northern, 1.75@1.95; No. 2 hard, 2.09@2.13

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.24@1.25.

Oats—No. 3 white, 67@69c; standard, 65@69c; No. 4 white, 67@68c.

Barley—No. 3, 1.37@1.39; No. 4, 1.31@1.37; rejected, 1.32.

Rye—No. 2, 1.69@1.70; No. 3, 1.66@1.69.

Hay—Choice timothy, 16.50@17.00; No. 1 timothy, 16.00@16.25; No. 2 timothy, 14.00@15.00; rye straw, 10.00@10.50.

Potatoes—Homegrown or Michigan, out of store, 2.25@2.50.

Hogs—Prime, heavy butchers, 15.25@15.40; fair to prime light, 14.50@15.00; pigs, 11.00@12.25.

Cattle—Steers, 7.25@12.00 feeders, 7.00@8.25; cows, 5.85@9.00; heifers, 6.00@10.75; calves, 12.50@13.50.

Minneapolis, April 4, 1917.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 2.11@2.13; No. 1 northern, 2.03@2.05; No. 2 northern, 1.98@2.05.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 1.20@1.21.

Oats—No. 3 white, 63@64 1/2c.

Rye—1.65@1.66.

Flax—2.93@3.00.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Chicago, April 3.
FLOUR—Spring wheat, special brands, in wood, \$10.50 per bbl.; hard spring wheat, patents, 35 per cent grade, in Jute, \$9.50; straight, in export bags, \$9.50; first clears, \$9.70; in Jute, second clears, \$7.90; 1.40; low grades, \$6.00@8.50; fancy soft winter wheat patents, in Jute, \$9.50; standard soft winter wheat patents, \$9.30; in Jute, fancy hard winter wheat, patents, \$9.50; in Jute, standard hard winter wheat, patents, \$9.40; in Jute, first clears, \$8.50@8.70; in Jute, second clears, in Jute, \$7.90@7.50; OATS—Strong, trade slow; No. 1, 1.10@1.15; No. 2, 1.05@1.10; No. 3, 1.00@1.05; No. 4, 95@100; No. 5, 90@95; No. 6, 85@90; No. 7, 80@85; No. 8, 75@80; No. 9, 70@75; No. 10, 65@70; No. 11, 60@65; No. 12, 55@60; No. 13, 50@55; No. 14, 45@50; No. 15, 40@45; No. 16, 35@40; No. 17, 30@35; No. 18, 25@30; No. 19, 20@25; No. 20, 15@20; No. 21, 10@15; No. 22, 5@10; No. 23, 0@5; No. 24, 0@5; No. 25, 0@5; No. 26, 0@5; No. 27, 0@5; No. 28, 0@5; No. 29, 0@5; No. 30, 0@5; No. 31, 0@5; No. 32, 0@5; No. 33, 0@5; No. 34, 0@5; No. 35, 0@5; No. 36, 0@5; No. 37, 0@5; No. 38, 0@5; No. 39, 0@5; No. 40, 0@5; No. 41, 0@5; No. 42, 0@5; No. 43, 0@5; No. 44, 0@5; No. 45, 0@5; No. 46, 0@5; No. 47, 0@5; No. 48, 0@5; No. 49, 0@5; No. 50, 0@5; No. 51, 0@5; No. 52, 0@5; No. 53, 0@5; No. 54, 0@5; No. 55, 0@5; No. 56, 0@5; No. 57, 0@5; No. 58, 0@5; No. 59, 0@5; No. 60, 0@5; No. 61, 0@5; No. 62, 0@5; No. 63, 0@5; No. 64, 0@5; No. 65, 0@5; No. 66, 0@5; No. 67, 0@5; No. 68, 0@5; No. 69, 0@5; No. 70, 0@5; No. 71, 0@5; No. 72, 0@5; No. 73, 0@5; No. 74, 0@5; No. 75, 0@5; No. 76, 0@5; No. 77, 0@5; No. 78, 0@5; No. 79, 0@5; No. 80, 0@5; No. 81, 0@5; No. 82, 0@5; No. 83, 0@5; No. 84, 0@5; No. 85, 0@5; No. 86, 0@5; No. 87, 0@5; No. 88, 0@5; No. 89, 0@5; No. 90, 0@5; No. 91, 0@5; No. 92, 0@5; No. 93, 0@5; No. 94, 0@5; No. 95, 0@5; No. 96, 0@5; No. 97, 0@5; No. 98, 0@5; No. 99, 0@5; No. 100, 0@5.

NEW YORK, April 3.
WHEAT—Higher, trade moderate; No. 1 red, 2.29; No. 1 northern, 2.41; No. 3 hard, 2.20.

CORN—Higher, trading slow, quotations nominal; No. 2 yellow, 1.37 1/2; No. 3 yellow, 1.38; No. 3 mixed, 1.32.

OATS—Strong, trade slow; No. 2 white, 77 1/2; standard, 77c; No. 3 white, 76 1/2; No. 4 white, 76 1/2@76c; ungraded, 77@82c.

LIVE STOCK.
Chicago, April 3.
CATTLE—Good to choice steers, \$11.50@12.50; yearlings, good to choice, \$10.75@12.50; fair to good steers, \$9.50@11.50; stock cows, \$7.00@10.00; good to choice heifers, \$8.00@10.50; canners, \$6.00@8.50; butchers' calves, \$4.50@8.25; butcher lambs, \$14.00@15.25; good to prime calves, \$12.00@14.00.

HOGS—Prime light butchers, \$15.00@15.50; fair to fancy light, \$14.00@15.25; medium weight butchers, \$13.00@14.50; stock hogs, \$10.00@12.00; heavy packing, \$14.50@15.50; pigs, fair to good, \$11.00@12.50; atter, \$10.50@12.50.

SHEEP—Yearlings, \$12.00@14.00; fair to choice ewes, \$9.00@12.00; wethers, fair to choice, \$11.00@12.00; clipped ewes, \$10.00@10.50; western lambs, \$14.50@15.25; feeding lambs, \$14.00@15.25; native lambs, \$14.00@15.25; shorn lambs, \$11.50@12.50.

East Buffalo, N. Y., April 3.
CATTLE—Market active; prime steers, \$12.00@12.25; butcher grades, \$6.75@11.50.

CALVES—Market active, 50c lower; cull to choice, \$6.00@15.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market active; choice lambs, \$15.50@15.90; cull to fair, \$12.50@15.25; yearlings, \$11.00@14.25; sheep, \$5.00@12.75.

HOGS—Market 10c lower; Yorkers, \$12.25@15.25; pigs, \$12.50@13.00; mixed, \$15.00@15.75; heavy, \$15.50@15.90; roughs, \$13.00@14.00; slags, \$11.00@12.00.

Copenhagen—Dispatches from Berlin announce the death of Gen. Max von Prittwitz and Gaffron. Gen. von Prittwitz at the war's beginning, was intrusted with command of the army defending East Prussia.

London—Nineteen young women carpenters have left for France, where they have contracted to remain for the duration of the war in employment mainly connected with the building of barracks for the British army.

Washington—Gold holdings of the United States treasury on April 2 were the greatest in the world's history, the total in gold and bullion being \$3,044,309,202.

Amsterdam—A Berlin dispatch says the empress has sent her private jewels to a neutral country to be sold. The jewels are valued at a great sum.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

TOUCAN BIRD.

"I wish you would tell me why you are so queer," said a little Fairy to the Toucan Bird.

"Don't you like me?" asked the Toucan Bird.

"Oh, yes," said the Fairy.

"But you said I was queer."

"You are queer. But I like queer things—at least some queer things and you are one of them. It would be very dull indeed if everything were just the same. We need queer creatures to make things interesting."

"Well, I'm glad of that," said the Toucan Bird.

"And are you going to tell me about yourself?" asked the Fairy.

"What shall I tell you—why I am queer? I can't very well tell that—because to my mind I'm not queer. Now you are queer to me because you are so different."

"We both have wings," said the Fairy, for she was a little afraid that the toucan bird might be hurt because she had called him queer.

"Our wings are very different, though," said the Toucan Bird. "And we speak differently. It's strange that I can understand you. I can't understand children."

"That's because I'm a fairy. We can always be understood. We love birds and animals and know all their languages."

"How nice!" said the Toucan Bird.

"But you're not telling me why you are queer—even though you are so nice."

"Thank you, thank you," said the Toucan Bird. "I'm very glad I'm nice. I'm still more glad that you like me. I've always wanted to be liked by a fairy." And he stuck his head way out as he said so.

"Won't you tell me then?" said the little Fairy coaxingly.

"You see, the trouble is I can't tell you why I'm queer, when I don't think I am."

"Perhaps you will answer my questions then," said the Fairy.

"That I will be delighted to do," said the Toucan Bird.

"Then why do you shoot your head way out as you fly about? It seems as if your neck were so much longer than it is, and no one can think of your body when you shoot your head out so very far. Often I've thought maybe you hadn't a body as all I've noticed is your head. Perhaps not so much your head as your long beak. It's such a very long beak. Is that why you are named toucan?"

"No," said the Toucan Bird. "I am given that name, and all my family have the same name because of our shrill voices and queer cries. And if you want to know more about us we



"It's Such a Long Beak."

live in a country far, far south. We make our nests in holes. Does that interest you?"

"Yes," said the Fairy, "it certainly does. But still I must know why you put your head forward and stick your bill so far out when you are flying about. That is what makes you so queer—that, and the fact that you have such a long bill."

"I will tell you," said the Toucan Bird. "You see it's always well to have one's beak ahead. Then we won't miss anything good to eat. Suppose we walked or flew backwards. Then our tails would always arrive first and maybe by the time our beaks got there, nothing would be left to eat."

"Are you so fond of food then?" asked the Fairy.

"We like it—but that is not the only reason."

"Tell me some more," said the Fairy. "We see with our heads."

"Don't you see with your eyes?" asked the Fairy.

"Of course, of course," said the Toucan Bird. "But our eyes are in our heads. We can't shove our eyes ahead of us—but we can shove our heads and our eyes go too! Isn't that a fine reason? We see everything so quickly then."

"It's a splendid reason," said the Fairy, "and one that I had never thought of."

"And," added the Toucan Bird, "our bodies always follow—but it's with our eyes we see and with our beaks that we eat. So we hurry with our heads and our bodies come along after—not too much after, though!"

And as the Fairy watched the Toucan Bird flying around shooting his head out in such a queer way she thought of his excellent reasons for doing so!

Poultry Hints.
"Why is the rooster always called the kind of the flock?"
"That's easy. The hens are merely lay members."

W. L. DOUGLAS

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"How did he get to be a college president?"
"By degrees."

SWAMP-ROOT STOPS SERIOUS BACKACHE

When your back aches, and your bladder and kidneys seem to be disordered, remember it is needless to suffer—go to your nearest drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is a physician's prescription for diseases of the kidneys and bladder.

It has stood the test of years and has a reputation for quickly and effectively giving results in thousands of cases.

This prescription was used by Dr. Kilmer in his private practice and was so very effective that it has been placed on sale everywhere. Get a bottle, 50c and \$1.00, at your nearest druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. Write, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccines, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. Producing Vaccines and Serums under U. S. License The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., Chicago, Ill.

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YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

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