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VOLUME XX

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1915.

NUMBER 36

WIFE OF WEST BEND EDITOR PASSES AWAY

MRS. JOSEPH HUBER OF WEST BEND DIES SUDDENLY ON WAY HOME FROM MOVING PICTURE SHOW. HEART FAILURE THE CAUSE

FUNERAL TO BE HELD ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON

We are obliged, with profound sorrow, to chronicle the news of the death of Mrs. Joseph Huber, wife of Editor Joseph Huber of the West Bend News, which occurred suddenly on Thursday evening while going home from a moving picture show, being accompanied by her daughter, Lulu. When about a block from her home, Mrs. Huber suddenly took sick and was obliged to

sit down on a nearby lawn. Medical aid was at once summoned, but before the doctor arrived, she had passed away. She was in her forty-eighth year. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence. To the bereaved family we extend our deepest heartfelt sympathy. A fitting obituary will appear in our next issue.



DEATH OF ALDERMAN HERMAN W. KRAHN

KEWASKUM ALDERMAN AND BUSINESS MAN PASSES AWAY THURSDAY NOON AFTER A LINGERING ILLNESS OF SEVERAL MONTHS DURATION

FUNERAL TO BE HELD ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Was Born and Raised in Kewaskum. Merchant Tailor by Trade. He Also Was a Member of The Village Fire Department, Modern Woodmen and Kewaskum Brass Band

About 11:30 a. m., Thursday, May 13th, the spirit of Herman W. Krahn passed away from this earth to the Great Beyond. Death being due from chronic bright disease and chronic heart disease, of which he has been a sufferer for the past three months. Up to the last week there were still hopes of rallying, but since then it was an open secret that his time was short, although his friends were hoping against hopes. He was in his fifty-fourth year.

That he stood within the good graces of his townsmen is evident from the fact that he held the office of Village Trustee for several years, being at present an appointee caused by the vacancy of a member, who removed from the village. He was a good useful citizen, whose inspiring life will be remembered by all. Mr. Krahn was a member of good standing in the local branch of the Modern Woodmen of America.

He was born on August 26, 1860, having resided here ever since. He was married to Mollie Schmidt in the year 1884. Their union was blessed with one daughter, Goldie, who preceded him in death five years ago. He is also survived by his mother, two brothers, Charles of this village and William of Milwaukee; three sisters, Mrs. Philip Meinhardt, and Emma, Mrs. Albert Stark of Milwaukee; and Ida, Mrs. Rosier Demerest of this village; and one grand child, Grace Krahn. Mr. Krahn was one of Kewaskum's most popular businessmen, and an excellent type of the good sturdy progressive citizen. He was a moving spirit amongst his fellow men. His long business career brought him in touch with

large number of people who confided in him freely and were never disappointed. As a businessman he was a tailor and barber. Mr. Krahn was thoroughly public spirited. He was among the first to arouse interest in the incorporation of this village and organization of the Kewaskum Fire Department. He was enrolled in the latter as one of its members since the organization. He always took an active and earnest interest in its welfare. The funeral will be held on Sunday at 2 o'clock from the residence with services in the Ev. Peace church and interment to be made in the congregation's cemetery. Rev. F. Mohme will officiate. To the bereaved relatives we extend our deep profound sorrow.

CORRESPONDENCE

WAYNE

John Werner hauled some hay to Kewaskum Wednesday.

A number of people with autos visited friends in our burg this week.

Wm. Foerster will grind feed on Saturdays only until further notice.

John Honeck of West Bend is visiting with the Charles Bruessel family.

Mrs. John Petri visited relatives and friends at Milwaukee last week Thursday.

Henry Spoerl is on the sick list with a severe cold. We hope he will soon recover.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kippenhan spent the forepart of the week with their children at Schleisingerville.

Wm. Kippenhan took his folks to Allenton Sunday afternoon to take the train for Schleisingerville.

Wm. Struebing and family and his folks visited relatives and friends at Elmore last Sunday afternoon.

John Struebing and family of Elmore spent Sunday with the Charles and Wm. Struebing and Henry Brandt families here.

Wendel Petri took his mother, his sister Lyda and his cousin Frieda to Kewaskum in their auto last Sunday afternoon to visit relatives and friends.

Mr. Seidensticker and son of West Bend called here on his saw mill crew Saturday evening. They will do some sawing for Mr. Wiese two miles southwest of Kohlsville.

Al Hartwig of Milwaukee and W. Foerster of here, agents for the Imperial auto Co., were successful in selling nearly one-half dozen cars to different farmers around here.

Wm. Foerster, Albert Hartwig, Ralph Petri, Art Martin and Wm. Bachman were business callers at West Bend Tuesday evening. Wm. Bachman stayed at West Bend to work with the carpenters this summer.

Wm. Foerster, Arthur Martin, Henry and Peter Gritzmacher and Charles Bruessel were at Milwaukee one day last week to get an Imperial car that Mr. Foerster sold to Peter Gritzmacher. Mrs. Wm. Petri accompanied them as far as West Bend to visit with the Dr. Wm. Hausmann family.

Attend the Moving Picture Show at Kewaskum Sunday evening. The program is a hummer. Tell your friends to go with you.

BOLTONVILLE

Mrs. J. Kraetsch is visiting at Milwaukee.

C Klunke purchased another horse last week.

Arbor Day was observed in our school last Friday.

O. Morbus will start sawing lumber at Boltonville this week.

Chas. Stautz and family were visitors at Batavia last Sunday.

W. Donath and family spent Sunday at a christening at J. Donath's.

Earl Wescott and family called on relatives and friends here on Sunday.

Miss Grace Roe of Batavia visited her grandma, Mrs. Wendel, Monday.

Chas. Groeschel and daughter of Kewaskum called on relatives here Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. J. Frohmann and daughter Mrs. A. Wogo were Kewaskum callers last Tuesday.

Quite a number of our young people attended the prom at Kewaskum last Friday night.

Miss Alice Ryan was removed to the hospital at West Bend last Saturday, where she was operated for appendicitis.

To Oil The Streets

The following named councils of their respective cities and villages in our immediate vicinity have the past few weeks voted to oil the streets of their respective cities and villages, namely: Beaver Dam, Mayville, Hartford and Campbellsport. The latter named village on Monday evening purchased an oil sprinker and material. Work of getting the streets in condition for the work has already commenced. It is expected that all work will be completed within the next few weeks.

Lomira Review has the following to say about oiling streets: "The work of giving the streets of the village their annual sprinkling with oil will be started this week. Several of the streets were treated last season and the trial proved so satisfactory that many more of the streets will be sprinkled."

The question of oiling the streets of this village is at present before the village board. It is expected that final action will be taken at the next regular monthly meeting, the first Monday in June. The Editor has been informed, through reliable source, that all of the members of the board are in favor of this process. They should, however, receive the support of the entire village in this movement. By taking favorable action it will not only mean that dust will be prevented from arising from ordinary travel traffic, but also prevent damage to all adjoining property and best of all preserves the streets.

Library Notes

The following books have been added to the library:

Andy at Yale by Stokes
Watermelon Peter by Gordon
Books, book of Stamp Collecting by Armstrong.

House With the Silver Door by Tappan.

Boy Scouts Roll of Honor by Wood.

Freshmen Friends by Quirk
Dramatic Stories for Reading by Skinner
Story Hour Readers—1, 2, 3 by Coe.

In The Tree Tops,
In The Land of Hunters by Curtis.

The Nightingale by Stoothoff,
Christopher Quares by Percy
James Brebner—A bundle of baffling crime puzzles and strange disappearances; but an alert Scotland yard detective helped by the uncannily ingenious deductions of a white-haired old professor of philosophy ferrets out the answers one by one. There is a love story too.

The Salamander by Owen Johnson. A girl of the present day in revolt, adventures, eager and unafraid without standards, homelies or religious; with a passion to explore but not to experience, and a curiosity fed by zest of life.

ST. KILIAN
Mrs. Frank Simon is on the sick list.

Hugo Schultz of Milwaukee called here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Strachota spent from Saturday till Tuesday at Chicago.

Alfred Schoetz of Boltonville spent Saturday and Sunday with the Oscar Bartelt family.

Mrs. Victoria Kuhler left Tuesday for Chicago to visit with her daughter for a few weeks.

Pat Darmody and family, John Murphy and sister Mary and Robt. McCullough and family attended the Schmitt-Dwyer wedding at Menno last Tuesday.

Mrs. Danuel Schrauth and daughter Francis and Mrs. Frank Plasz left Saturday to attend the wedding of the former's son Joseph, who was married at Medford on Tuesday.

Wenzel Peter and Jos. Bonlauger recently purchased a new Imperial car from Wm. Foerster of Wayne, while Wm. Boegel purchased a new Ford car from Albert Klein of Lomira.

GRANDMA GROESCHEL DIES

Mrs. M. Groeschel Passes Away at The Home of Her Daughter at Boltonville Last Tuesday Afternoon

Mrs. M. Groeschel, aged 72 years, 5 months and 19 days, passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Louis Geidel at Boltonville last Tuesday afternoon. Death being due to old age. Deceased had been in failing health for the past six months.

Mrs. Groeschel was born in Spergau, Germany, on November 22nd, 1842. When a girl of 10 years old she immigrated to this country with her parents. On September 22nd, 1860 she was joined in wedlock to Mike Groeschel at Port Washington. Soon after their marriage they went to house keeping on a farm near Fillmore. Their union was blessed with six children, five of whom still survive. Her husband preceded her in death several years ago.

Mrs. Groeschel was very well known both in the town of Farmington and in this village. She for several years, every winter would make her home here with her daughter, Mrs. N. J. Mertes and family. She always was a kind and loving wife and mother and a devoted christian.

The surviving children are William and Mrs. Emma Geidel of Boltonville; Herman on the homestead near Fillmore; Amelia, Mrs. N. J. Mertes and Charles of this village.

The funeral was held yesterday, Friday morning at 9 a. m., from the residence of Mrs. Emma Geidel at Boltonville, with services in the Lutheran church at Fillmore and interment in the congregation's cemetery. Rev. Erber officiating.

To the bereaved relatives we extend our profound sorrow. May she rest in peace.

Mrs. Geo. Lutz Dead

Mrs. George Lutz, nee Sophia Wehling passed away in death at her home in Melrose, Wis., May 3rd, 1915, after a five weeks illness of heart failure.

Deceased had reached the age of seventy years, nine months and six days. Miss Sophia Wehling was born in Moeckenberg, Germany on May 27, 1844. At the age of nine years she immigrated to this country with her parents, settling at Wayne, Wis., until her marriage to Mr. Geo. Lutz March 1st, 1862, when she went to live with her husband at Melrose, Wis. Their union was blessed with thirteen children of which six survive namely: Andrew and Ella, Mrs. Wm. Schepke at Melrose; George at Natawaka, Kan., John, Louis and Carrie at home; besides she leaves to mourn her death thirteen grand children and four brothers. Her husband preceded her in death in March 1911.

The funeral was held Thursday May 6th, from the Methodist church at Melrose, Wis., interment being made in the adjoining cemetery. Rev. Taylor of Melrose officiating.

Fire at Schleisingerville

The residence of Jos. Rosenheimer in the village of Schleisingerville was considerably damaged by fire last Friday night. The efficient work of the Schleisingerville fire department saved the building from total destruction. It seems as though the fire started from a defective chimney, or in a flue in the basement and quickly spread to the roof. The flames were first noticed by an engineer on a Soo train pulling through the village. He sounded an alarm and awoke the citizens from their slumbers. The loss by water is said to be greater than that caused by the flames.—West Bend News.

TOPAY VISIT TO KEWASKUM

Fond du Lac Businessmen to Visit Village on Wednesday, May 19. Will Have Dinner Here

It has been officially announced that the Fond du Lac Businessmen association has included Kewaskum as one of the places to be visited by their members during their trade tours of the neighboring villages and cities of Fond du Lac. The date set for to visit Kewaskum is Wednesday, May 19th. They will make this place their stop for dinner. From here they go towards Fillmore thence back northward and arrive at their homes again that evening.

On their trip here they will carry banners advertising the Fond du Lac county fair and also distribute other advertising matter pertaining to their city. How many will make the trip we have as yet not been able to ascertain.

At The Movies

"The Friend," two reel drama, A Tragic Story of a Man's Idea of Personal Loyalty, for Sunday evening, May 16th.

CAST:
Grant Keeler Charles E. Ray
Bruce Livingston W. W. Campbell
Daisy Edwards Enid Markey

Grant Keeler, a wealthy young artist and society leader, unable to find a model to his liking, advertises for one. Daisy Edwards, who has lost her position as a salesgirl, applies and is accepted. Grant and Daisy fall in love with each other, but Grant becomes engaged to a girl of his own social set and Daisy bravely releases him. An uncle leaves Daisy three thousand dollars, and by hard work, aided by her small fortune, she becomes a successful miniature painter, patronized by society. Bruce Livingston, who calls at her studio for his sister's portrait, falls in love with the attractive artist, and when they become engaged he tells his friend, Grant Keeler, of his fiancée. Grant calls on Daisy and demands that she tell Livingston that she was formerly his model and in love with him. She protests that she had given Keeler his chance without a murmur, and why will he not give her hers? Grant will not promise, and after considerable mental struggle, he decides that it is his duty as Livingston's friend to tell the truth. Bruce is maddened with jealousy, refuses to listen to Daisy's pleadings and leaves her. The girl is broken hearted. She seeks forgetfulness in a whirl of false gaiety. At the end of a year she drowns herself.

The above two reel drama, the Mutual Weekly, the Miner's Peril and an Incompetent Hero, will be shown at the Movies on Sunday evening, May 16th. Do not miss it.

Former Kewaskum Boy Weds

On Wednesday, May 12, 1915 at 8:15 o'clock a. m., Mr. Benjamin Smith, son of Mrs. Jos. Grittner of this village was united in marriage to Mrs. Josephine Janusz of 777 Garden St., Milwaukee, Wis., at the St. Stanislaus church. A dinner was served at the home of the bride after which Mr. and Mrs. Smith left for a wedding journey to important places of interest in the state.

Mrs. Jos. Grittner, Mrs. Wm. Ziegler and Roman Smith of here attended the wedding. The bride is a stranger to us, while the groom is well known here as a popular, industrious young man having lived here with his mother for many years.

We extend best wishes for success and happiness to the newly married couple.

JUNIOR PROM A SUCCESS

The Affair Given by The Juniors of The Local High School Was The Social Event of The Season

The Junior Prom given by the Juniors of the Local High School at the South Side Park hall last week Friday evening was a social as well as a financial success. Over 80 couples were present.

The hall was very beautifully decorated with the class colors, red and white, which was the result of hard labor by all members of the class. The gowns worn by the female sex also played an important part. The music furnished by the Kewaskum Quintette could not have been excelled.

At midnight all joined in a Grand Supper March, led by Principal and Mrs. A. L. Simon. After supper dancing was resumed.

A large number from West Bend Campbellsport, North Fond du Lac and Boltonville were present.

The Juniors are to be complimented upon the efforts they made in making this affair a success, and they are to be congratulated that they were successful, both financially and socially. They have also helped towards making this an annual affair.

Amusements

Sunday, May 16—Grand May ball at Wm. Hess hall, New Fane. Music by McKinnon's harp orchestra.

Moving Picture show in Kewaskum Opera House, on Sunday evening, May 16th. Five reels of high class pictures will be shown. Admission 10 and 15 cents. Do not miss seeing the pictures.

Monday, May 24—Grand Opening dance in the South Side Park hall, Kewaskum. Music by the Kewaskum Quintette.

Grand May Ball in Mrs. Chas. Koch's hall at Beechwood on Saturday evening, May 29th. Music by McKinnon's Harp orchestra, the orchestra that pleases everyone. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Sunday, June 6—Grand dance in North Side Park hall. Music by Gibson's Harp orchestra of Appleton.

Grand dance in Henry Wittberg's hall at Dundee on Sunday evening, June 13th. Music by the Ladies orchestra of Milwaukee. Everybody is invited to attend.

CEDAR LAWN

Alfred Ludwig visited his parents at Waucousta last Sunday.

Samuel and George Gudex visited friends at Elmore last Sunday.

B. P. Jaeger of North Ashford visited his brother Adam Jaeger last Sunday.

Ulrich Guntly and family of El visited his brother, Adam Jaeger family last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Sackett of Fond du Lac passed through here in their auto last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Gudex visited with the Wm. Rauch family at South Ashford last Sunday.

Leonard Gudex left last Saturday for Madison, where he has a position with the Nicholas and Shepard company.

Paul and Jake Blume of Marshfield, who own and operate one of the largest wooden ware plants in the state passed through here last Friday on their way home from Kenosha, where they purchased a large auto truck, which they will use in delivering their manufactured goods. The Blume brothers are well and favorably known in this section having formerly lived here.

—Fine job printing is a specialty of the Statesman. Give us a trial.

320 Acre Farm at Auction

Farm at auction in Beadle Co., South Dakota, 45 miles northwest of Madison, S. D.

This is the best lay out you can wish for; a 320 acre farm 1/2 miles from town Yale or Ocola near the Great Northern Railroad, 215 acres under plow (could all be plowed), rest hay land and pasture. Farm has good buildings worth over \$4000, a nine room house, full basement, barn 60 x 60 feet, granary, tool shed, chicken and hoghouse, everlasting well with windmill pump and tank. Has rural route, good telephone connection and located only 1/2 mile from German Lutheran church and school. Why pay high prices when you can buy here at your own price. Come to Huron, the evening before the auction meet me at Eagers hotel close to the Great Northern depot and in the morning we can leave for Yale at 6:15 to inspect the farm in the forenoon. At 2:30 p. m., it will be placed at auction sale.

W. E. Kinney, Auctioneer.

For particulars write to Christ Tischhauser, sales manager, Madison, South Dakota.

"The Czar's Spy"

Readers of the STATESMAN, who are fond of a story of thrilling adventure and mystery, will certainly be satisfied with the new serial, "The Czar's Spy," which we have secured. It commences in the issue of May 22. William Le Queux is the author of this fascinating story dealing with international robberies and sinister methods employed by the Russian secret service system. The author has not over looked the fact that a love story makes any tale more appetizing, and has therefore included this essential. But the best way to judge the quality of "The Czar's Spy" is to read it. If you do not thoroughly enjoy every installment we shall miss our guess.

U. S. Weather Forecast

Weather forecast for the week beginning Wednesday, May 12, 1915: Generally fair weather is indicated during the week except that local showers are indicated early in the week over the extreme Northwest. Temperature will be moderate with a rise Wednesday over the extreme Northwest.

Submarine Sinks Lusitania

A complete account of the sinking of the Cunrad line steamer Lusitania by a German submarine boat off the coast of Ireland is given to the STATESMAN readers on another page of this issue. The report gives details of the disaster that cost more than a thousands lives, and which places the relations between this country and Germany in a grave situation.

AMONG OUR NEIGHBORS

The state board of control on Friday decided to use 250 convicts of the state prison at Waupun, on public road building in Dodge, Fond du Lac and Winnebago counties this season. The convicts will be divided into ten camps of twenty-five men each. The experiment of employing convicts on highway work in Wisconsin has begun last fall.—Hartford Press.

Rev. P. J. Bertram, who was assistant at St. Mary's Catholic church in Burlington, Wis., during the pastorate of his uncle, the late Rev. John A. Bertram, has been appointed chaplain of St. Rose's orphan asylum in Milwaukee and has commenced his labors at that institution.—Hartford Times.

A live tarantula has been on display at Wilke Bros. store the past few days. The insect evidently came in a bunch of bananas. Mr. Wilke saw the cat playing with something on the floor. Upon investigation he found it to be a tarantula. He placed it in a glass and kept it for exhibition purposes.—Port Washington Pilot.

The Slinger Amusement company of Schleisingerville, has been incorporated with a capital stock of \$1,000. The incorporators are August Storck, Dr. Alvin J. Klettli, Dr. P. M. Kauth, Arthur R. Klug, Edward Roschke and others.—Hartford Times.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Wash and scrub yourself to clean the hand, but don't forget your stomach, bowels and insides—Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea will clean them quick and slick. Try it this Spring. 35c Tea or Tablets—Edw. C. Miller.

ANTI-TREATING BILL PASSES ASSEMBLY

SALE OF LIQUOR FOR CONSUMPTION OF FAMILY IS NOT PROHIBITED.

KILL ONE DAY OF REST ACT

Smith Measure Providing for One Day of Rest in Seven was Defeated in the Assembly by a Vote of 48 to 28.

Madison, May 12, 1915.

The assembly passed the Heden bill prohibiting "treating" to intoxicating liquors. A motion made by Assemblyman Hansen of Manitowoc to kill the bill was lost, 29 to 47.

The bill provides that treating shall not be allowed in places where intoxicating liquors are sold and requires the keeper of the place to post a sign reading, "Public treating of intoxicating liquors is forbidden by law."

The bill provides that the sale of liquors to any person for the consumption of members of his immediate family shall not be prohibited.

One Day of Rest Bill Killed.

The assembly killed the Smith bill providing for one day of rest in seven for employees in industrial and mercantile establishments.

Two senate bills were killed; one providing that the office of any person holding a county, city or school district office shall be declared vacant on the conviction of the incumbent for a criminal offense growing out of the administration of his office, and a bill repealing the law relating to the publication of notices of sale of real estate under execution.

The Monk bill, prohibiting pandering, was ordered to a third reading. The Potts bill, extending the time for payment of county and state taxes by local and county treasurers from the first Monday in February to the first Monday in March, was ordered to a third reading.

Amend Embalming Bill.

The assembly amended the Hambrecht bill relating to the practice of embalming and the transportation of dead bodies by providing that no one should be licensed as an embalmer unless he had at least an education equal that given in the eighth grade of the common and parochial schools.

Secretary Gettle of the railroad commission was the author of the so-called jitney bill. This statement was made on the floor of the senate by Senator Bray, discussing a bill giving the commission power to regulate the speed of interurban cars.

Raise for Judges Refused.

The bill coming from the judiciary committee of the senate and raising the salary of the judges of the Civil court in Milwaukee from \$3,000 to \$3,500 was killed. By a vote of 8 to 17 the bill was refused engrossment.

Senator Martin said judges should go to county boards to obtain increases in salary.

The teachers' retirement fund is not self-sustaining, was a statement made by Senator Chabourn, speaking for his bill for an investigation of all pensions. The Culbertson bill as amended calls for a committee to investigate the question of pensions at an expense not to exceed \$5,000. The bill was sent to the finance committee on motion of Senator Ackley.

Among the bills engrossed by the senate, was that bringing fraternal insurance companies more under control of the insurance commission and that relating to organization of domestic Lloyd's associations.

The Monk bill for a state police department was indefinitely postponed as was the Baxter bill, regulating child labor.

Fair Fund Repeal Delayed.

The senate narrowly escaped a row over the Bradley bill repealing an appropriation of \$255,000 to the state board of agriculture. The bill is recommended for indefinite postponement, but there was a disposition on the part of the senate to argue the matter, so in order to avoid delay the bill was laid over until later.

The Bray bill giving the industrial commission authority to pass on the reasonableness of hospital and doctor's bills in cases of dispute was engrossed. The Stevens bill granting saloon licenses to hotels was reconsidered and re-referred to the committee on state affairs. The joint resolution calling upon the city of Madison

to supervise building on State street so that that street may some day be made a proper approach to the capitol, was adopted.

The Hambrecht bill providing for the compulsory use of the Dunn coupon ballot at all general and primary elections was referred to the calendar on motion to reconsider.

Income Tax Change Saved.

The bill from the excise and fees committee, which prohibits persons on the black list from entering saloons, was ordered engrossed. The Grell bill, which raises exemptions of a single person subject to income tax to \$1,200 and of a man and wife to \$1,600 was saved from indefinite postponement by means of substitute amendments.

Bill introduced by the assembly included the Barwig bill to vacate cemeteries in Waupun, the Mulberger bill, relating to fish and game; the bill relating to the discharge of persons accused of misdemeanor who had satisfied the plaintiffs, the Stevens bill, for closed season for pickering in Forest county; and several bills which had come in from the senate committee on judiciary.

Senator Bennett of Viroqua introduced a bill in the senate amending the state highway aid law to provide for construction of highways under the county unit instead of the state unit system and providing that the state shall pay one-third of the cost of such highway improvements if they are approved by the state consulting engineer. State aid for any one year is limited to \$500,000. The bill appropriates \$15,000 annually, to pay the state expenses of administering the law and the salary of the state consulting engineer, who is to receive \$4,000 a year. The county commissioners, who are to be paid by the several counties, are each to receive a salary of \$1,000 a year. The bill in the main follows the Michigan state highway aid law.

Jitney Legislation at Madison.

The jitney has invaded the legislature. It came in a mysterious manner. A bill was introduced from the senate committee on judiciary which claimed to be a measure regulating the granting of franchises by cities and villages. It provided that no franchise to use streets should be granted by any city or village until the franchise had been submitted to the railroad commission. A permit is held to be the same as a franchise. It was some time before members of the railroad commission were aware that the jitney was liable to be unloaded onto them. One of the commissioners in looking over the bill one day was struck with the idea that this meant jitneys and began to study the bill further.

Some railroad men who were charged with being at least godfather to the bill denied the impeachment, but admitted that with a few amendments the bill might be able to cover the problem of jitney regulation. Since that time it has been rumored that a substitute amendment had been prepared which covers the jitney problem. The ones who are worrying now are members of the railroad commission, who see in the passage of the bill if it should pass, that their work will be doubled, at least in annoyance, if nothing else.

LITTLE INCREASE IN BOARD

Chadbourne Hall at U. of W. Crowded—Seven Years Ago Dormitory Life Was Frowned Upon.

Madison—Seven years ago board could be secured in the Chadbourne hall dining room, University of Wisconsin, for \$3.75 a week. Room rent was also cheaper than at present. Today it costs \$4.50 a week for meals in the dormitory dining room. Rooms can be secured at an average of \$2.50.

But seven years ago Chadbourne hall was in disfavor. Today, accommodations are in demand. Even with the addition of the new dormitory, Barnard hall, the demand can not be satisfied. Wisconsin women are always given the preference and practically fill the halls.

THOMAS H. M'ELROY DIES

Well Known Newspaper Man Passes Away—Published First Two Cent Daily.

WHITE GRUB TO BE HERE THIS YEAR

EXPERT ISSUES WARNING TO FARMERS OF PEST'S GREAT-EST ACTIVITY.

FINDS TWO TO SQUARE FOOT

Immense Damage Is Feared to Crops—No Means of Extermination Is Known—Feeds on Any Root.

Madison—Farmers of Wisconsin are being warned against white grubs and the damage they cause by their sharp jaws and omnivorous appetites.

This warning is being sent out by Prof. J. G. Sanders of the department of economic entomology and chief nurse-inspector of the University of Wisconsin. Prof. Sanders has just returned from Grant county, where he says he found an average of two of these grubs to the square foot.

"When it is considered that when corn is planted in hills, say three feet apart, and in rows an equal distance, giving each hill of corn nine square feet," he said, "it will be seen this means eighteen of these grubs to the hill. How long that hill will last after the grubs start work is only a matter of the size of the hill. Its ultimate destruction is unavoidable.

"I wish to warn the farmers of the state against using land devoted to sod crops last year for bill crops this year. This is the year of greatest activity of the three year grub, and if corn, tobacco, potatoes and other bill crops are planted on ground where the June bug laid its eggs last year they will be utterly destroyed.

"Almost every kind of root is fit food for these grubs. They have even been known to attack the roots of fruit trees when other food was denied them."

Prof. Sanders then explained the life history of the grub. He says the eggs were laid early last spring and the larvae did comparatively little damage. Burrowing deep into the ground, they withstood the winter weather and this spring came up to the surface to feed on tender roots.

BOY IS BURNED TO DEATH

Six Year Old Lad Sets Fire to Little Brother's Clothes—His Own Ignite.

Sturgeon Bay—Frank, 6 year old son of Charles Wallinger, died of burns received when playing with a fire brand. He was terribly burned from the hips up.

While his mother left the house and he arose to start a fire in the kitchen stove. After he had lighted it he took a torch and, going into the house, set fire to his baby brother's clothes and to the bed in which he was lying.

Frank's own clothes caught fire, and he ran from the house into the back yard, screaming for help.

The Rev. F. Schumann, who was driving past the house, came to his help, wrapping him in a robe and extinguishing the flames. Mr. Schumann ran into the house just in time to save the baby from burning to death.

This is the second of Mrs. Wallinger's children who have died as a result of burns. Less than two years ago Frank set fire to the house and the little one burned with it.

DAVID ROSE IS BANKRUPT

Former Milwaukee Mayor Places Liabilities at \$37,513.13 and Assets at \$36,400.

Milwaukee—Former Mayor David S. Rose filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in federal court here. The liabilities were given at \$37,513.13 and the assets at \$36,400.

Among the assets were included real estate valued at \$20,000; 60,750 shares of stock in the Twin Buttes Mining and Smelting company, valued at \$1 a share; fifty shares of stock in the Milwaukee Auditorium, valued at \$500. The wearing apparel was listed at \$200, library books at \$100 and office furniture at \$100.

Among the secured credits are the First National bank, Milwaukee, with notes of \$11,650; Hollett, Sauter & Henkel, Chicago, with notes of \$15,000; Moses M. Meyers, Chicago, \$9,168.

The unsecured claims were in small sums from a number of local and out of town creditors.

Will Meet in Marshfield.

Grand Rapids—Marshfield in Wood county has been selected for the meeting of the state organization of D. A. R. in October.

Examine Pupils Gratis.

Rhinelander—Working in conjunction with the Visiting Nurse association and the school board, physicians and dentists of Rhinelander will make free medical and dental inspection of students during May.

Lumber Firm is Started.

Shawano—This city is to have a new retail lumber yard, three men coming here from Wausau to start the same. It will be known as Retail Lumber and Supply company.

Auto Injures Aged Man.

Racine—Conrad Fox, 80 years old, one of the best known residents of this city, was seriously injured when the buggy he was driving was struck by an automobile, and he was thrown violently to the pavement.

Mondovi Man is Moderator.

Mondovi—At the annual convention of Congregational churches of the Eau Claire association, held in this city, the Rev. Arthur E. Fraser of New Richmond was chosen moderator.

CHIEF JUSTICE DIES

JOSEPH G. DONNELLY PASSES AWAY AFTER SHORT ILLNESS.

Born in Milwaukee Jan. 4, 1856—Spent Four Years in Mexico as U. S. Consul General.

Milwaukee—Judge Joseph G. Donnelly, chief justice of the civil courts, died following an illness of one week. He was stricken while on the bench and had to be removed to his home, where the end came.

Perhaps no Milwaukeean was better known than Judge Donnelly. As an after dinner speaker he had a wide reputation, possessed of a native wit that was ever ready for any occasion.

Born in Milwaukee, Jan. 4, 1856, he was educated in the schools of the city and lived all his life here with the exception of four years in Mexico, where he served as United States consul general.

Appointed by Cleveland. He was graduated from St. Gall's academy in 1871, taught school for six years, and was appointed register of probate in 1877 by Judge John E. Mann. He held this position until 1893, when he was appointed Mexican consul by President Grover Cleveland. In 1881 he was admitted to the bar, and following his return to Milwaukee in 1898 entered the practice of law.

In 1898 he was democratic candidate for congress and in 1901 candidate for district judge. He served as school commissioner from 1877 to 1879. When the civil courts were created Judge Donnelly was one of the first judges elected, and was honored by his fellow judges by being elected chief justice. He was re-elected upon the completion of his first term.

In 1877 he married Miss Lois Smith, Wauwatosa, daughter of Capt. Avery Smith, pioneer settler. He was once president of the Milwaukee Bar association, and was a member of the Milwaukee Athletic club, the City club and the Old Settlers' club.

Judge Donnelly is survived by his widow and six children. Emmett A., practicing attorney; Mrs. Robert Smith of Baltimore; Elizabeth, deputy clerk of civil courts; Theodore, teacher in West Division high school; Jeanette, who is at home, and Ruth, a student at the University of Wisconsin.

PLANNING A WARM WELCOME

Wausau to Play Host to G. A. R. Veterans at Annual Encampment on June 14.

Wausau—The people of Wausau are aiding members of Cutler post, No. 55, G. A. R., in planning a warm welcome for veterans who attend the forty-ninth annual encampment, which convenes in Wausau on June 14 for three days.

According to plans of the arrangement committee, about 1,000 veterans are expected to be present, besides thousands of other men and women of the allied organizations.

Commander Samuel A. Cook of Neenah held a conference with the local committee arranging a tentative program. He said he had visited many posts in Wisconsin since the first of the year, and at every place the cry is "On to Wausau!" Mr. Cook stated that the veterans look forward to the encampment, and he believes that the attendance will eclipse that of any encampment in the last five years in spite of the fact that their ranks are fast thinning.

NAMES SISTER IN DIVORCE

La Crosse Woman, Seeking Separation, Says She Was Happy Until Relative Arrived.

La Crosse—Lee Shoemaker and his wife Maude were nicely settled in La Crosse with their two children when the wife's sister Gladys arrived from Kirksville, Mo., for an extended visit. Now Mrs. Shoemaker has brought suit for divorce, naming the pretty sister as his affinity. Shortly after the arrival of the sister, the wife cites, the husband began turning over his pay check to the visitor. Instead of his helpmeet, who was thereupon obliged to seek work to support herself and two children. She claims she submitted to this condition until Mr. Shoemaker became so unruly as to smash the furniture and dishes, when she sought a lawyer and papers were filed, asking divorce and alimony, and scoring her sister.

Plan Hospital Benefit Concert.

Neenah—Arthur Stueck, pianist, and Mae Esther Peterson, soprano, will appear here in a joint recital on the evening of May 17. Their appearance will be the musical event of the season here. The concert will be for the benefit of the Theda Clark hospital.

Fish Let Through Dam.

Baraboo—Thousands of fish which came up the Wisconsin river on their spring run and were checked by the big dam at Prairie du Sac were let through the locks by game warden Cranson.

Vote to Build \$25,000 Church.

Oconomowoc—St. Paul's Lutheran congregation at Oconomowoc has voted to erect a \$25,000 church building this summer on the property recently purchased on Lake and Pleasant streets.

Former Church Burns.

Oshkosh—The former St. John's English Lutheran church building was destroyed by fire. The estimated loss is \$2,000. The building was sold recently and was being reconstructed into flats.

Put on Night Shift.

Florence—The Florence Iron company has received orders to put on a night shift and the order took effect immediately. Forty men were added to the pay roll.

Diele Abteilung ist für die Familienglieder, welche am liebsten Deutsch lesen.

Der Mittelpunkt des Interesses an den Vorgängen auf den verschiedenen Kriegsschauplätzen hat sich wieder einmal verlohnen und ist von Dänen nach Westen abgedreht. Vor einer Woche noch konzentrierte sich alles Interesse auf die Karpaten, heute konzentriert es sich auf Glandern und die belgisch-französische Grenze, wo die Deutschen einen mächtigen Vorstoß begonnen haben, einen so mächtigen, daß die Alliierten wieder einmal von der Sorge erfüllt sind, daß der deutsche Ansturm einen Durchbruchversuch nach den französischen Spaltenorten bedeute.

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Die deutschen Truppen sind gleich im ersten Vorstoß auf das südliche Ufer des Jherfals bei Jheron gelangt. Nach den Meldungen dauert der siegreiche Vormarsch fort und im Sturm erobert wurden die Ortschaften St. Julien, Krummer, rüden die Deutschen gegen Grafenstapel vor. Allerdings lagen sowohl französische als auch englische Berichte, daß der Vormarsch der Deutschen bereits aufgehalten sei, während aber diese Berichte in ganz allgemeinen Ausdrücken gehalten sind, geben die deutschen Berichte ganz genau die Namen der eroberten Ortschaften an, so daß, wenn man auch von den sonstigen Verlogenheiten der Berichte von Paris und London und der Wahrhaftigkeit jener aus Berlin abstrahiert, die deutschen Nachrichten unter allen Umständen glaubwürdiger erscheinen.

Die englischen Berichte über diesen Teil des Kriegsschauplatzes fahren noch immer fort, die canadischen Truppen zu rühmen, die sich anfänglich hätten zurückziehen müssen, dann aber mit solcher Wucht vorgestoßen sind, daß sie fast alle verlorenen Terrain und sogar die bereits verlorenen Gefehde zurückeroberet hätten. Canada wird überdies mit Glückwünschen aus England. Die Absicht, die darin liegt, wird sofort klar, wenn man hört, daß Canada nun auch sofort beschloßen hat, weitere Truppenkontingente nach Europa zu schicken. Die Canadier sind in diesem Falle die Maife, die sich mit Speed fangen lassen.

Verlin. Das Armeehauptquartier veröffentlichte folgenden offiziellen Bericht: Mit rühmlichen Ansturm rückten unsere Truppen längs des Rheins vor, die sich bis zu den Ufern südlich von Bingen und südlich von Douon hinzieht. Gleichzeitig forcierten sie ihren Weg nach einem erbitterten Kampfe über den Kanal von Ipern bei Steenstraete und Det Sas, wo sie sich am westlichen Ufer des Kanals etablierten. Die Ortschaften Rangemard, Steenstraete, Det Sas und Piffen wurden erobert.

Die Deutschen halten Rierne besetzt, am Westufer des Jherfals besetzt. Die Franzosen haben behauptet, daß sie es zurückeroberet hätten. Auch das am südlichen Ufer des Kanals eroberte Terrain ist in unseren Händen geblieben. Die Zahl der von unseren Truppen eroberten Kanonen ist auf 45 gestiegen, davon vier englische.

Nordwestlich von Zonnebeke dauern die deutschen Angriffe fort. Wir haben mehr als 100 Canadier gefangen genommen. Die Gesamtzahl der Gefangenen beträgt mehr als 5000. Darunter befinden sich Belgier, Engländer, Türken, Hindus, Franzosen, Canadier, Juden und Algerier.

In der Champagne, nördlich von Reuilly, wurden zwei französische Angriffe zurückgeschlagen. Auf den Höhen der Wasn machten die deutschen Angriffe auf verschiedenen Gebirgshäufen Fortschritte, bis die Höhe westlich von Les Eparges im Sturm genommen werden konnte. Mehrere hundert französische Soldaten wurden gefangen genommen. Auch mehrere Maschinengewehre haben wir erbeutet.

In den Bergen haben die Deutschen Hartmanns Weckertoff zurückgenommen. In dem Gebiet um den Weig machten wir 11 Offiziere und 479 Mann von den Franzosen zu Gefangenen und erbeuteten sechs Millionenwerter und vier Maschinengewehre.

Waldbände unter Kontrolle.

Philadelphia. Die Waldbrände, welche in vielen Teilen von Pennsylvania und im südlichen New Jersey wütheten, sind zum größten Theile unter Kontrolle. Niedergehende kräftige Regenwässer erleichterten die Bekämpfung des Feuers. Die hinterlassenen aus dem Unabgängigkeitstages bekannten Lagergründe von Valley Forge, Pa., mit Washington's einzigen Hauptquartier, worin sich viele wertvolle Gedächtnisse befinden, schienen ernstlich lang von den Flammen bedroht, die ihnen auf eine Weile nahe kamen, wurden jedoch von dem Feuer nicht merklich ergriffen.

MARKET REPORTS

Butter—Creamery extras, 27 1/2c; prints, 25 1/2c; firsts, 25@26c; seconds, 23@24c; renovated, 22@22 1/2c; dairy, fancy, 25c.

Eggs—Current receipts fresh as to quality, 17@19 1/2c; recandied, extras, 20@21c; seconds, 14@15c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 16c; roosters, 11c; springers, fancy, 17 1/2c.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 1.52@1.53; No. 2 northern, 1.50@1.51; No. 3 northern, 1.53@1.54; No. 1 velvet, 1.51@1.52.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 52 1/2@53 1/2; standard, 53 1/2; No. 4 white, 52 1/2@53 1/2.

Barley—No. 3, 76c; No. 4, 75 1/2@76c; Wisconsin, 75@76c.

Rye—No. 1, 1.15.

Potatoes—Wisconsin or Minnesota, red stock on track, 28@30c; white stock, 30@32.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, 15.50@16.50; No. 2 timothy, 13.00@14.00; clover and clover mixed, 12.50@14.50; red top mixed, 11.00@13.00; rye straw, 8.25@8.50.

Hogs—Good heavy butchers, 7.35@7.45; fair to best light, 7.20@7.50; pigs, 5.75@6.50.

Cattle—Butcher's steers, 6.75@8.25; feeders, 4.00@5.75; cows, 3.00@6.50; heifers, 5.00@7.00; calves, 7.50@8.25.

Chicago, May 12, 1915.

Hogs—Light, 7.25@7.70; heavy, 6.90@7.50; rough, 6.90@7.05; pigs, 6.25@6.90.

Cattle—Native steers, 6.65@9.00; western steers, 5.85@7.70; cows and heifers, 3.10@6.85; calves, 6.50@9.45.

Minneapolis, May 12, 1915.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 1.55 1/2; No. 1 northern, 1.50 1/2@1.55 1/2; No. 2 northern, 1.46 1/2@1.52 1/2.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 70 1/2c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 50 1/2c.

Rye—No. 2, 1.12@1.16.

Flax—1.96 1/2@1.98 1/2.

WISCONSIN NEWS BRIEFS.

Ashland—After being shut down all winter, the Schroeder sawmill has started operation for the 1915 season. The buzz of the saws and the clanging of the machinery were pleasant sounds to the 150 men who have been out of work many months. The reopening of the mill is welcomed by merchants as well as workmen, as it is expected to help general business conditions materially. There are enough logs on hand to keep the mill running some time, at least until falls begin to arrive.

Oconto—Demands of men employed by the Holt Lumber company's shingle shop, here, were taken as a basis to organize a union, brought about a sharp struggle between the union men and nonunion workers at the plant. After an altercation between the two forces, Archie Grandeaue, Elmer Lett, John Kaufman, Spencer Crane and George Freward were arrested and fined \$3.80 each.

Wausau—The boys of the Rotary club and other citizens, joined in a "Good Roads Day," when the west side Merrill road was taken as a clearing of stone, dragged and conditioned for better travel. The road will be improved for nine miles. The Good Roads club of Marathon county is now planning to hold similar working days on other main highways into the city.

LaCrosse—Phillip Schnell, proprietor of a brickyard, is defendant in a suit for \$1,000 for the death of his son. The suit is brought by his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Phillip Schnell, Jr., whose complaint declares her husband was required to work in a boiler room, the floor of which was strewn with nails. His death was caused by lockjaw, said to have been occasioned by stepping on a rusty nail.

Eau Claire—Mrs. A. Schulz, 75 years old, was instantly killed by the North Coast limited at Augusta, twenty-four miles east of here. She stepped off a local train and started up one of the double tracks on the way to her home, six miles from the village. She walked into the path of the limited, which followed the local.

Neenah—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Security bank, recently organized in Neenah, the following directors were named: F. M. Reed, Mary E. Miner, M. J. Wolcott, G. H. Livernash, A. H. Darrow. Officers are: President, F. M. Reed; vice president, M. J. Wolcott; cashier, G. H. Livernash. The new bank will open May 15.

Green Bay—Thomas Gleason, city electrician, was electrocuted while helping to install electric wiring for a new ice machine at the Rahr brewery. Gleason put his hand on the starting box and received the full charge of 440 volts. A pulmotor was used without success. Mr. Gleason was 33 years of age.

Racine—A leak in a gas-main crossing the trunk sewer being constructed in West Racine, resulted in a considerable blaze when a match was dropped nearby. The street blazed for a considerable time after the gas had been turned off.

Neenah—Mrs. Florence Lee, school nurse and truant officer two years, has resigned. It was through her efforts that a tuberculosis camp was established here the last two summers.

Neenah—Thirty-two young people will comprise the 1915 graduating class of the Kimberly high school in this city.

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Hogs—Good heavy butchers, 7.35@7.45; fair to best light, 7.20@7.50; pigs, 5.75@6.50.

Noah played a great game. He drew pairs and got a full house. Drink Denison's Coffee. Always pure and delicious.

Many a man who would steer clear of a graveyard after dark is not afraid of a tank full of spirits. The Pessimist.

Payton—A bachelor is a man who has been crossed in love. Parker—Yes, and a married man has been double-crossed.—Life.

Paw Knows Everything. Willie—Paw, what does paying the piper mean? Paw—Settling a plumbing bill, my son.

A Tale Often Told. "Society is just now afflicted with a new species of bore." "Still another?" "It's the young woman who tells everybody she meets how the war in Europe prevented her from finishing her musical education."

AFTER SUFFERING TWO LONG YEARS Mrs. Aselin Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Minneapolis, Minn.—"After my little one was born I was sick with pains in my sides which the doctors said were caused by inflammation. I suffered a great deal every month and grew very thin. I was under the doctor's care for two long years without any benefit. Finally after repeated suggestions to try it we got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking the third bottle of the Compound I was able to do my housework and today I am strong and healthy again. I will answer letters if anyone wishes to know about my case."—Mrs. JOSEPH ASELIN, 605 Fourth Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and today holds the record of being the most successful remedy we know for women's ills. If you need such a medicine why don't you try it? If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Next, clean, or ornamental, convenient. No odor. No stings. No harm to anything. Will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or direct from Harold Somers, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. CANCER (Pamphlet) sent free. No money or pain. All work guaranteed. Write to Dr. Williams, 200 University Avenue S. W., Minneapolis, Minn.

ELKHART LAKE WOMAN FINDS SWIFT RELIEF

Mrs. Briesko Gets Wonderful Results From Remedy.

Mrs. W. C. Briesko of Elkhart Lake, Wis., after long suffering from derangements of the stomach and digestive tract, tried a dose of May's Wonderful Remedy. The results she had long hoped for came quickly—with the first dose. In a letter she told of her experience: "Am writing to let you know that your medicine has done me a lot of good. I have two more bottles to take. I have passed between five and six hundred accretions varying in size from a pea to a large hickory nut. I feel a whole lot better now. I am going to have my mother try your wonderful remedy." May's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your druggist now and try it on an absolute guarantee—if not satisfactory money will be returned.—Adv.

Jobless Turn to Gold Mining. How to provide for the army of the unemployed, thrown out of work because of the business depression resulting from the European war, is naturally a much more serious problem in the British colonies than anywhere else outside of the continent of Europe. The city of Edmonton, Canada, has found at least a partial solution. The city of Edmonton, Canada, has found at least a partial solution. The city of Edmonton, Canada, has found at least a partial solution.

Dog Hero Saves Little Girl. Little Elsie Perry, daughter of C. L. Perry of Wilson, N. C., was saved from the fangs of a rabid dog by the bravery of Mr. Perry and the constant playmate of little Elsie. While playing in front of her home the little girl was attacked by a large dog, which came running down the street. Her playmate, much smaller than the attacking dog, threw himself on it, and battled grimly, until the little girl escaped into the house. The canine hero was terribly bitten in the encounter, and when it was learned that the strange dog had rabies, the hero had to be shot, as physicians said it was certain he would go mad. He was buried with the highest honors.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE for the TROOPS Over 100 packages of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes, are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front because it relieves the feet, gives instant relief to corns and bunions, hot, swollen, aching, tender feet, and makes walking easy, sold everywhere. See, try it TODAY. Don't accept any substitute. Adr. He's Got It. "Doctor, I'm afraid I've an attack of spring fever and ague." "Indeed? How does it affect you?" "My temperature goes up when I start for business, and when I get there I feel like shaking work." Proof. Will—So you think she loves you? Ned—Of course! She accepts everything I give her!—Judge. YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book or the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago. Push of the hoggish variety does not always promote lasting popularity. It is easy to size up egotism that is not causing our own skulls to bulge.

Up-to-Date Tailored Gown of Serge



A street suit, cut on conservative lines, which manages to be up to the minute in its style, deserves more than a passing glance. The attractive suit shown here accomplishes these things and compels attention because of its excellence. There is every reason for buying good material in suits that must stand much wear, and every reason to expect them to outlast a single season and come in handy for "knockabout" wear a second season. In the suit pictured, made of serge, the skirt is moderately wide with the fullness laid in broad plaits at each side. It is a little longer than ankle length and finished with a three-inch hem. It is cut with a high waist line, to be worn without a belt, and is fitted about the hips. The jacket is cut with straight lines like a box coat and is confined in a high waist line by a narrow belt of the material. The front shows a small cutaway with a little "V"-shaped vest in it, having its point at the bust line. There are no revers, but the neck is finished with a collar of silk, wired to roll gracefully. The belt fastens with a plain metal buckle and is cut at the front to simulate two little pockets with flap fastenings. These are finished with a small metal button. Three of the same kind of buttons finish the narrow turned-back cuffs that are outlined with a piping of the serge. When the material for a suit of this kind is bought it is a good idea to buy an extra yard, so that when the time for altering or remodeling comes this will be available for changes in style and the replacing of cuffs, collar or sleeves. Worn with this comfortable street suit are equally comfortable and smart low shoes over which tan-colored spats appear. In summer weather these are left off. The strictly tailored sailor hat with black crown and sand-colored brim is trimmed with cotton of hazy straw set over flat loops of ribbon.

Useful Hint. When a tie or ribbon becomes wrinkled or creased it may in a minute be made as smooth and as fresh as new by slightly dampening the wrinkled spot and then wrapping the tie or ribbon around a clean, lighted electric bulb. CREAM OF HIGHEST QUALITY Can Be Produced With but Little Labor or Expense—Principles Involved Are Simple. One of the most common causes of poor quality butter is the lack of immediate, thorough cooling of the cream after separation. The dairy division of the United States department of agriculture has made a careful investigation of conditions on a large number of dairy farms, and the data obtained show that, if properly cooled, cream of the best grade can be produced with but little extra labor or expense. The principles involved are very simple and are easily understood. A liberal use of ice which has been stored in winter to be used the following summer is one of the requirements for the solution of the poor butter problem. Farmers who already are delivering good products to the creamery usually have provided for themselves a convenient source of supply for the ice, suitable houses for storing the ice and ice water tanks for the immediate cooling of the milk and cream. In parts of New England, although the dairymen often hold cream on the farm four days in the summer and seven days in the winter, they deliver practically all their product while sweet. After it reaches the creamery it is pasteurized and shipped a distance of from 50 to 300 miles, and may still be sold in these remote localities in the form of sweet cream.

Bonnetlike Hats Popular for Children



Although so great a variety of shapes has been designed for children, those that suggest the bonnet have outdistanced all others in point of popularity. But little variations in shape, and clever new ideas in trimming, save these pretty and childish bits of headwear from becoming monotonous. Two of the best ideas in trimming are shown in the picture given here. In the bonnet at the left, the crown is sloping, higher at the front, and the brim curves up both at the back and front, suggesting the poke bonnet of blessed memory. It is trimmed with white ribbon having a picot edge in color and buds made of satin, with long stems trimmed in a wreath effect about the hat. A bow of the ribbon is posed at the front and tucked flat to the crown. The shape at the right is a familiar "mushroom" model of hemp braid pressed with ridges over the crown, extending from front to back and from side to side. These are placed in the shape by way of variety and add nothing to its attraction. Details. June roses and forget-me-nots form a wreath for trimming, and bobbed each day a length of ribbon in brown or some other dark color is folded and sewed to the hat, resting both on the crown and brim. These shapes come in all colors and are held to the head with elastic cord which is concealed by the hair. Many of the prettiest hats for mid-summer wear have been made of point d'esprit or plain net shirred over wire frames. Others are of net draped over light-colored silk, and fine white embroidery is used in the same way. Frills of lace or net made of finer side platings form the brims and fall prettily about the face. JULIA BOTTOMLEY. Grapes Are Chic. As usual in the spring of the year, the fruit of the vine appeals to fashion. Grapes are immensely chic, not only on spring millinery, but in the form of corsage ornaments on evening gowns. A lovely little dance frock of white tulle over silver green pussy willow silk has bunches of pale, translucent grapes on the shoulders and at the girle. Very smart, on the other hand, is a spring urban of black milan trimmed with black and green grapes and black velvet leaves. With this hat is worn an entirely new veil of sheer black mesh appliqued with green and bronze velvet leaves. The pattern is so delicately applied, and so soft in color that the effect is very beautiful.

Enter the Full Skirt. Foreign fashion experts say that the prompt acceptance of the full skirt by American women has made its success certain. Paris had such models ready just before the outbreak of the war, but the best London dressmakers did not think the women of England were ready for so novel and radical a change. From the light skirts of the last few seasons to a skirt six yards around is about as revolutionary a change as is possible. Why couldn't the fashion makers have stopped about half way? The change would be acceptable to manufacturer and merchant, but, as a London couturier points out, it will fall hard upon many women who, because of the financial stress of the war, hoped to make last year's dresses serve for this spring and summer. Why not do so anyway?—Lottie's. Reason for Existence. What do we live for if not to make life less difficult to each other?—George Eliot.

DAIRY FACTS

VACATIONS FOR DAIRY COWS

Six Weeks Rest is None Too Long for Animal to Rest Between Lactation Periods. It is fairly well understood that the dairy cow should be given a vacation or a rest between lactation periods. The longer the rest up to a certain point the better it is for the cow. Ten and one-half months continuous milking out of every twelve is all that can be reasonably expected. It is claimed that it is as hard on a cow



Jersey Cattle on Pasture.

to produce a liberal yield of milk daily as it is for a horse to work at hard labor all day. When this is fully understood the necessity for a few weeks' rest on the part of the cow becomes evident. Furthermore, the cow during seven or eight months of the milking period is carrying and developing a calf, which is a further drain on her system. If she is given a few weeks to repair her worn-out body tissues and to store up a little excess fat she will give more in the entire year, than she would milking continuously. If not given a rest before calving, she begins a new lactation period at a lower level of production, and will maintain a lower level through the entire time. Six weeks is none too long for any cow and if she is badly run down ten or twelve weeks will be better.

One of the most common causes of poor quality butter is the lack of immediate, thorough cooling of the cream after separation. The dairy division of the United States department of agriculture has made a careful investigation of conditions on a large number of dairy farms, and the data obtained show that, if properly cooled, cream of the best grade can be produced with but little extra labor or expense. The principles involved are very simple and are easily understood. A liberal use of ice which has been stored in winter to be used the following summer is one of the requirements for the solution of the poor butter problem. Farmers who already are delivering good products to the creamery usually have provided for themselves a convenient source of supply for the ice, suitable houses for storing the ice and ice water tanks for the immediate cooling of the milk and cream.

The harness illustrated is the accompanying cut has been found satisfactory in preventing cows from milking themselves. A smooth pole extends between the fore legs to near the udder, and is suspended by two straps over the back, one around the flank and by a light chain to the halter. The cow wearing such a device will find it impossible to reach far enough to cheat her master. Bull Pen is Essential. The bull pen is a necessity on every farm. It is unwise and injudicious to allow the bull to run at liberty with the cattle. Influence of Dairy Bull. The dairy bull has an influence on the heifers of the entire herd, while the cow influences one calf each year. Time Well Spent. Time spent in weighing the milk from each cow is as well spent as the time the storekeeper puts in keeping his books. Sure to Succeed. The man who owns good cows and likes their company, is sure to succeed in the dairy business. Fundamental Necessity. Certainly is the fundamental necessity in dairying. Don't guess at results but know what you are doing.



CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The cook is happy, the other members of the family are happy—appetites sharpen, things brighten up generally. And Calumet Baking Powder is responsible for it all. For Calumet never fails. Its wonderful leavening qualities insure perfectly shortened, faultlessly raised bakings. Cannot be compared with other baking powders, which promise without performing. Even a beginner in cooking gets delightful results with this never-failing Calumet Baking Powder. Your grocer knows. Ask him. RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

His Overtime. "I see you claim one hour's overtime, Bill," said the master of the mill. "How's that? I thought no one worked overtime this week." "Bill passed a horny hand across his mouth." "Quite right, gov'nor," he replied. "One hour's me due." The master regarded him suspiciously. "Come, when was it?" he inquired. "Last Thursday," responded Bill. "I was sent up to your own 'ouse to 'elp shake the carpets." "Yes; I remember that distinctly," cut in the boss; "but you got off at six sharp." "Ah, that's true, gov'nor, as far as it goes," assented the man; "but your missus give me a 'alf a meat pie to 'ake 'ome, an' that there hour is for bringin' the dish back!"—Sallie Herick, Ontario.

Accounting for French. Bacon—I see expert French butter tasters claim they can perceive the flavor of the soil over which cattle feed. Egbert—Must have sort of a taste of sbrapnel now. The Language. "So Jaggs is getting tight again." "Yes; he ought to be ashamed of such loose conduct." A Too-Thick Oil! A Too-Thin Oil! A Non-Durable Oil! A Gritty Oil!

Dead Cylinders! Smoky Plugs! Wear! Carbon! Lubricating Troubles—and their cure! The Standard Oil Company is making a motor oil that has done away with all common lubricating troubles. Seven years ago their experts placed this new but tested oil on the market. 1,100 gallons were sold the first year. Then motorists found out. 1909's demand was for 33,000 gallons—1910's was for 1,118,400. In 1914 nearly 7,000,000 gallons were used in the Middle West alone. Polarine has gained in sales an average of a million gallons yearly simply because its use eliminated the annoyance and delays incident to unsuitable lubricating oils. Hundreds of thousands of good cars have been saved from the scrap heap by its use. Use it in your motor. See what it does. Polarine maintains the correct lubricating body at every motor speed and temperature. It is produced by experts, with the help of perfect facilities, in the largest plant of its kind in the world. STANDARD OIL COMPANY (AN INDIANA CORPORATION) Chicago, U. S. A. Use RED CROWN GASOLINE—Extra Heat Units in Every Gallon Mean Extra Power, Speed and Mileage.

Lubricating Troubles—and their cure! The Standard Oil Company is making a motor oil that has done away with all common lubricating troubles. Seven years ago their experts placed this new but tested oil on the market. 1,100 gallons were sold the first year. Then motorists found out. 1909's demand was for 33,000 gallons—1910's was for 1,118,400. In 1914 nearly 7,000,000 gallons were used in the Middle West alone. Polarine has gained in sales an average of a million gallons yearly simply because its use eliminated the annoyance and delays incident to unsuitable lubricating oils. Hundreds of thousands of good cars have been saved from the scrap heap by its use. Use it in your motor. See what it does. Polarine maintains the correct lubricating body at every motor speed and temperature. It is produced by experts, with the help of perfect facilities, in the largest plant of its kind in the world. STANDARD OIL COMPANY (AN INDIANA CORPORATION) Chicago, U. S. A. Use RED CROWN GASOLINE—Extra Heat Units in Every Gallon Mean Extra Power, Speed and Mileage.

Canada is Calling You to her Rich Wheat Lands. She extends to Americans a hearty invitation to settle on her FREE Homestead lands of 160 acres each or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than ever. Canada wants you to help to feed the world by tilling some of her soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think what you can make with wheat around \$1 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming is fully as profitable a farm industry as grain growing. The Government this year is asking farmers to put increased acreage into grain. Military service is not compulsory in Canada but there is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service. The climate is healthful and agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Geo. A. Hall, 123 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Mich. Canadian Government Agents

900 DROPS CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hutchins In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hutchins In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Kirschbaum GUARANTEED ALL WOOL HAND-MADE TAILORED **Clothes**

POULL'S MAY BARGAINS

Our Clothing Sale was such a big success that we have decided to continue it for another week. We need more room for the changes that we are planning.

15.00 Suits at..... 11.85
20.00 Suits at..... 13.85
25.00 Suits at..... 17.50
5.00 Slip on Coats at..... 3.50
9.00 Balmacaens..... 6.95

50 Men's and Young Men's Suits, size 33 to 38 only, former value to \$18, at **5.00**

Use Perfection Oil Stoves—\$7.50, \$10, \$15 up to \$27.50
No Smoke, No Dirt, No Heat. Every Stove Guaranteed

We Give Merchandise Bonds Free With Every Purchase

The POULL MERCANTILE CO.

WEST BEND, WISCONSIN

CORRESPONDENCE

ELMORE

Mrs. Helen Schill was a caller in Kewaskum Monday.

Frieda and Adella Spradow spent Sunday with Nora Wilke.

Joseph Schield of Marshfield was a caller in our burg Sunday.

Amandus Mueller spent Sunday evening with Geo. Scheid family.

Miss Emma Voltz of Five Corners was a village caller Wednesday.

Mrs. Martin Haessly spent Thursday with relatives at Kewaskum.

Leander Flinch of Marshfield spent Monday and Tuesday here on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Flasch and family spent Sunday at the Chris Becker home.

Wm. Schill left for Kaukauna Wednesday where he is employed for the summer.

Mrs. Mike Weiss and children spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Anna Straub.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Scheid spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilke and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Boegel of St. Kilian spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boegel.

Mr. and Mrs. Math Schill and daughter Agnes of Ashford were callers here Monday.

Mrs. Albert Bonesho and Mrs. Joe Butchic of Ashford were village callers Saturday.

Daniel Schrauth and daughter Francis of St. Kilian were callers in our burg Saturday.

Mrs. Philip Beisler of St. Kilian was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Haessly Sunday.

Mrs. Jacob Guntly and son Ulrich spent Sunday with the Wm. Sena family at St. Kilian.

A number of young folks from here attended the dance at Kewaskum Sunday evening.

Mrs. Frank Kleinhaus spent Sunday evening with the J. H. Kleinhaus family at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jaeger Sr. of Ashford spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Helen Schill.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kloeke of Campbellsport spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Streubing.

Miss Estella Mathieu is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Kleinhaus at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Haessly and son Victor spent Sunday with the Christ Schmalz family at Theresa.

Mrs. Andrew Beisler and son Raymond of St. Kilian called on the Frank Kleinhaus family Sunday.

Misses Rose and Sophie Strobel and brothers Lee and Raymond of St. Kilian spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kleinhaus.

A dance will be given at Krueger's hall here Saturday evening, May 15. The Kewaskum Concertina band will furnish the music. Everybody come.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Streubing and family and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Streubing autored from Wayne Sunday to spend the day with the Christ Streubing family.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ Mathieu and family of South Elmore are Mr. and Mrs. Mathieu and daughter Marcelle spent Sunday with the Frank Mathieu family.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Breseman of Wayne and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Becker and family of Kewaskum, Lena Harber and Nora and Ella Geidel spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel.

Attend the Moving Picture Show at Kewaskum Sunday evening. The program is a hummer. Tell your friends to go with you.

Removes blackheads, clears the blood, brightens the eye, sweetens the whole system, beautifies from the inside. Nothing helps make a pretty face, winsome smile, as Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Try it tonight 35c—Edw. C. Miller.

—Our country correspondence hat is extensive. It gives all the county news.

FILLMORE

W. G. Crass made a business trip to Milwaukee Friday.

A Weirich made a business trip to Milwaukee Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Albinge made a business trip to Milwaukee Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jones of West Bend are visiting with the Wm. Crass family.

Karl Wittig spent the forepart of the week at Port Washington and Thiensville.

A number of our young folks attended the dance at Waubesa, Sunday evening.

Fred Goldammer is the proud owner of a Reo which he purchased from Ed. Claus of Fredonia.

Mrs. John Donath and children and Mr. and Mrs. Erhardt made a business trip to West Bend Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Bremser and son of Batavia and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Binder and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Geidel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klessig and daughter of Kewaskum and Mrs. Ernst Grohke and daughter called on Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Crass Sunday.

A number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pemohay Sunday evening to help celebrate the former's birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Albinge and Frank Birkholz and family made a pleasure trip to Wayne and West Bend in the former's car Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Geidel and daughter arrived here Friday from Chicago to visit with the former's parents, Friday. Mr. Geidel returned home Sunday, while his wife will remain for some time.

CASCADE

Miss Evah D. Lammers spent on Wednesday in Sheboygan.

Chas. Schreiber was a business caller in Plymouth Tuesday.

Willie Nimmernann of Parnell was in Cascade on business Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Buss took an auto ride to Plymouth Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Burke and family were in Cascade Tuesday.

James Reiley and family took an auto ride to Holland Sunday.

A number of young folks of Cascade attended the dance at Walde Friday evening.

Miss Jessie Salter of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday with doctor H. G. Salter and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lammers and Mr. and Mrs. August Guntto took an auto ride to Fond du Lac Sunday.

Miss Bertha Nimmernann trained nurse of Milwaukee is spending a few days at Cascade with her mother, Mrs. Carl Nimmernann.

ST. MICHAELS

Father Beyer is able to be up and around to attend to his duties again.

Adam Roden is building a Silo. Landvatter's crew from Fillmore are doing the work.

Miss Ida Schiller is visiting with Frank Miller and children at Barton for a few weeks.

Jos. Thensch of Milwaukee arrived here Thursday for a visit with relatives and while staying with his son Jake suffered a stroke of paralysis Saturday night. Hopes for his recovery are slight.

Attend the Moving Picture Show at Kewaskum Sunday evening. The program is a hummer. Tell your friends to go with you.

BEECHWOOD

Mr. J. H. Reysen in recovering from an attack of gall stones.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Stahl were to Kewaskum on business Monday.

Wm. Janssen and Dan Warden marketed live stock to Adell on Monday.

Tobias Heberer and Mrs. Oscar Muench transacted business at Kewaskum Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hoffman and son Ralph spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Reysen and family.

NEW PROSPECT

Wm. Bauman was a caller here Sunday.

Fred Manske called on friends here Sunday.

Verna Romaine called on friends here Thursday.

Wm. Jandre purchased a new Ford car last week.

Arthur Glass was a pleasant caller here Sunday.

John Gatzke was a pleasant caller here Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilhelm autored to Campbellsport Saturday.

Leo Gilboy and gentlemen friends autored here Sunday.

Ethel Romaine spent Sunday afternoon here with relatives.

Herman Bauman hauled potatoes to Kewaskum this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bennie Romaine drove to Campbellsport Friday.

Wm. Hennings and son Earl were pleasant callers here Sunday.

Krueger Bros. accompanied by Mr. Bilgo were callers here Sunday.

Michael Polzean and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lunn.

Mr. and Mrs. Shellhouse passed through here Sunday enroute to Campbellsport.

Charles Schneider of New Fane is working for Otto Pfingston the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller spent Saturday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Jandre.

Peter Uelmen and family autored to Dundee Sunday, they attended church while there.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gatzke drove through here Sunday enroute to Beechwood.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Rinzel was buried from St. Mathew's church Thursday.

August Stern and daughter, Mrs. Scholtz, were business callers at Kewaskum Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller of Milwaukee are visiting with their mother, Mrs. Catherine Tuttle, also with Mr. and Mrs. Marion Tuttle.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartelt and daughter Cordell, Mrs. A. Krueger Mr. and Mrs. Joe Uelmen spent Sunday with Mrs. A. Krueger and family.

Paul Feuerhammer drove to Campbellsport Friday. Paul is getting more work than he can handle, but is making a good attempt to please his customers.

Edward Stahl, Herman Jandre and J. F. Walsh chased the limy tribe until a late hour Saturday night they all wore a smile when they returned indicating success.

R. Dettman and crew moved to the Mr. Riley home to saw lumber for a new building, the boys are missed here as they made every thing lively during their short stay.

Wm. Jandre and son Walter, Richard Dettman and J. F. Walsh were given an auto ride to Campbellsport Thursday, it was a lucky day for J. Pesch and R. Dettman as they sold an auto to Mr. Jandre.

Wm. Gatzke gave his niece, the Misses Arndt, in company with Mr. and Mrs. S. Butake a joy ride in his automobile Sunday. They called here and gave uncle William many compliments for their ride.

Saturday night a crowd of young people from Beechwood drove in with their automobile and for a while they held an open air concert on the square, but as the night air was rather chilly and not good for trained voices they were admitted into J. F. Walsh's and by the sound that echoed through the walls it appeared as if some of the boys sang soprano, others alto and the remainder sang alto. Nevertheless boys you are alright come again and do it some more.

Attend the Moving Picture Show at Kewaskum Sunday evening. The program is a hummer. Tell your friends to go with you.

—The Statesman has a circulation that makes it a very desirable medium for advertisers.

KOHLVILLE

Mr. John Rilling is on the sick list.

Henry Metzner made a business trip to West Bend Saturday.

John Streubing of Elmore was seen in our burg Sunday.

Harold Luecke and Victor Bauer are reported to be quite ill.

Edward Gutzjahr made a pleasure trip to Ashford Sunday.

Philip Illian sold his property to William Bartelt for the sum of \$8,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Endlich of Addison Center visited with their son here Monday.

Miss Elsie Gutzjahr returned to West Bend after spending a week with her parents.

John Wolf sold his span of ponies to Adolph Benedum and intends to buy an auto.

The Kohlville Volunteer Fire Co., held its regular monthly meeting last Saturday evening.

Quite a few from here attended the May Ball at Allenton Tuesday and all reported a good time.

Miss May Shields, teacher of Dist. No. 8, closed her school on Tuesday and left for her home Wednesday.

Frank Bartelt of here and Wm. Bartelt of Matoon, Wis., who is visiting here, were to Mayville on business Saturday.

Mrs. Paul Moritz returned home from West Bend after an operation of her tonsils. We hope that she will soon recover.

Landvetter and Seidenstecker moved their sawmill from Campbellsport to the Mike Weise farm one mile south of here, where will be busy sawing lumber for the next few days.

While blasting stumps last week Chas. Sell had the misfortune to be struck by a piece of wood in the face which nearly resulted in the loss of one eye, outside of receiving a few bad cuts in the face he escaped injury.

ALLENTON

Jacob Endlich was a Milwaukee visitor Tuesday.

Otto Sufner transacted business at Milwaukee Tuesday.

Tom Cullura made a business trip to Fond du Lac Monday.

Mrs. Peter Emmer visited friends at Milwaukee last Tuesday.

Mrs. John Rilling visited friends at Milwaukee last Tuesday.

Wm. Langenecker was a business caller at Milwaukee Monday.

John Ruf sold Ford cars to Peter Boden and Jos Marx this week.

Miss Frances Ruplinger of St. Kilian is visiting relatives here since Monday.

Mrs. Mich Schaefer of Hartford is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Albert Endlich.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Metzner of Kohlville visited with E. Schultheis' and family Sunday.

Marie Strupp returned to Hartford Sunday after visiting the past week at her home here.

Dwyer-Schmidt Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Ellen Dwyer of the town of Wayne and Edward Schmidt of Hartford was solemnized at the St. Peter and Pauls church at Neno, Tue. day, May 11th. Rev. Joe. Gabriels officiating.

The Misses Mary Dwyer, sister of the bride acted as maid of honor and Miss Lillian Sterr, cousin of the groom as bridesmaid. The groom was attended by Nicholas Sterr, cousin of the groom and Edward Dwyer, brother of the bride. The bride wore a gown of white messaline silk, trimmed with embroidered net and carried a bouquet of white and pink carnations. Miss Mary Dwyer, maid of honor wore a light blue silk dress and carried pink and white carnations. Miss Lillian Sterr, bridesmaid wore a pink silk dress and carried white carnations. After the ceremony an entertainment was held at the home of the bride's parents with only nearest relatives present. The young couple will reside at Hartford where the groom is employed at the Kissel Car Co.

Some Forms of Rheumatism Curable

Rheumatism is a disease characterized by pains in the joints and in the muscles. The most common forms are: Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Rheumatic Headaches, Sciatic Rheumatism and Lumbago. All of these types can be helped absolutely by applying some good liniment that penetrates. An application of Sloan's Liniment two or three times a day to the affected part will give instant relief. Sloan's Liniment is good for pain, and especially Rheumatic Pain, because it penetrates to the seat of the trouble, soothes the afflicted part and draws the pain. Sloan's Liniment is all medicine. Get a 25c bottle now. Keep it handy in case of emergency.

—Leo Harter of Auburn is a visitor at Wabeno. He made the trip in his Ford auto.

—Fred Belger of the town was a Fond du Lac caller Thursday.

—Miss Casilda Urban was a Milwaukee visitor last Saturday.

PICK BROTHERS CO.

WEST BEND, WISCONSIN

Room sized rugs of highest quality at our **MAY SALE CUT PRICES.** These are rare opportunities

9 ft. x 12 ft. Genuine Axminster Rugs, reg. 25.00 val., now **19.50**
9 ft. x 12 ft. Genuine Brussels Rugs, reg. 22.00 val., now **18.95**
9 ft. x 12 ft. Seamless Velvet Rugs, reg. 23.00 values, now **17.85**
9 ft. x 12 ft. Seamless Tapestry Rugs, reg. 15.00 values, now **11.95**
8 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. Seamless Tapestry Rugs, regular \$16.00 values, now **11.95**
9 foot x 9 foot 6 inches, all wool Scotch Rugs, regular \$12.00 values, now **8.95**
8 foot 3 inches x 10 foot 6 inches Axminster Rugs, regular \$20.00 value, now **15.75**

GARMENTS AND LADIES' SUITS

Our new low prices will clean up; sell out our stock quickly.

Women's 15.00 Suits now **\$2.95**
Women's 20.00 Suits now **\$4.95**
Women's 25.00 Suits now **\$6.95**

Thursday, Friday Saturday

REMNANT SALE

HEALTH

EXTENSION DIVISION
HEALTH INSTRUCTION BUREAU
14 S. MARSHFIELD ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Great Gain Recorded

Dr. Louis Frank, a member of one of Milwaukee's pioneer families, has completed a medical history of Milwaukee which is of great interest and value to the people of the entire state.

To my mind, nothing in Dr. Frank's book is more illuminating than the tables in which he shows of what diseases the people died, year by year, for the past forty years. As a part of this study he has completed a table showing most important causes of death for the last twenty years as compared with the preceding twenty.

Today, as you frequently see in reports from Health Departments, pneumonia and tuberculosis are the most frequent causes of death, whereas from 1870 to 1891 convulsions and intestinal diseases of childhood headed the list. During the last twenty years, convulsions is tenth, due to more intelligent feeding and care of infants. Whereas smallpox ranked fourth as the cause of death from 1870 to 1891, it was fifteenth. Better quarantine secured this increased safety. Meningitis was relatively much less important in the last twenty years than it was in the preceding twenty years. Typhoid and measles somewhat less.

Diphtheria changed its position from fifth in the early period to eleventh in the latter period. Antitoxin is mainly responsible for this decrease. Scarlet fever was seventh from 1870 to 1891; from 1892 to 1914 it was eighth. Better quarantine secured this increased safety. Meningitis was relatively much less important in the last twenty years than it was in the preceding twenty years. Typhoid and measles somewhat less.

The most abrupt jumps upward in the second period from the positions occupied in early period are made by Kidney disease from seventeenth to sixth; from fourteenth to fifth; heart disease from tenth to third; and pneumonia from sixth to first.

Dr. Frank's table is not built on actual increase or decrease in numbers, but upon change of position. Obviously, therefore, when smallpox drops from near the top of one column to the bottom of its parallel column, it has had to crowd more common diseases nearer the head of the list. Nevertheless, this table gives a point and generally confirmation to the truth recently pointed out in this column, that the common diseases of early life are growing less and the degenerative diseases of adult life are increasing.

The above gains offer encouragement to, and great promise from increasing intelligent care of infants; antitoxin in all cases of diphtheria and membranous croup; and enforcing quarantine in all cases of scarlet fever.

MAN TAKES HIS OWN MEDICINE IS AN OPTIMIST

He has absolute faith in his medicine—he knows when he takes it for certain ailments he gets relief. People who take Dr. King's New Discovery for an irritating Cold are optimists—they know this cough remedy will penetrate the linings of the throat, kill the germs, and open the way for Nature to act. You can't destroy a Cold by superficial treatment—you must go to the cause of the trouble. Be an optimist. Get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery today.

—Have your posters printed at this office. We do good work, give prompt service and charge reasonable prices.

Lithia Beer gives strength for the day's work. At 10:30 try a bottle of Lithia Beer; it will rest and strengthen you for the morning's work just half completed.

Lithia Beer contains just the elements the tired housewife needs.

Order a case to-day—Telephone No. 9.

WEST BEND BREWING CO.

WEST BEND, WISCONSIN

HAVE YOU VOTED IN OUR MOST POPULAR GIRL CONTEST?

If you own a Parker Pen, you can cast a vote for ever penny it costs. If you don't own one, buy a Parker Pen while the contest is on and your vote counts double. Remember the kind **THE PARKER LUCKY-CURVE FOUNTAIN PEN.**

If you own one, VOTE AT ONCE. If not buy one and get in line. Ask us for contest rules. Results of voting are posted in our window every morning. Stop and see who's ahead.

MRS. K. ENDLICH The Leading Jeweler **KEWASKUM, WIS**

DON'T THINK

that it is to your interest to buy Inferior Harness. Get the kind that Val. Peters makes and you will not be deceived. A full line of them now on hand at prices consistent with the present leather market. Collars and Sweat Pads of all sizes and prices, Curry Combs and Brushes, Axle Grease and Whips at

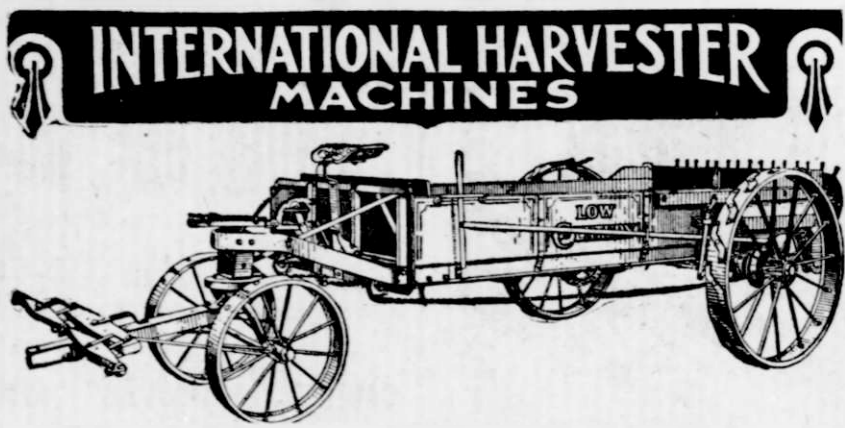
VAL. PETERS' KEWASKUM, WIS.

WHOLE FAMILY DEPENDENT

Frank W. Bucklin
LAWYER
Opera House Block, West Bend
In Kewaskum Office to J. Schmidt Bldg

—Don't correspond on plain paper. Printed is much nicer and costs little or no more. See the Statesman.

—Advertise in the Statesman.



Here's the Low 20th Century The Machine You Should Own

OF all spreaders we could handle, we have chosen to sell the Low 20th Century manure spreader, because we have found, as you will find, that it is all-around the most satisfactory machine on the market.

A. G. KOCH, Kewaskum, Wis.

AT THE MOVIES

Sunday Evening, MAY 16

Show Starts at 8 o'clock Sharp

"THE FRIEND"

A tragic story of a man's idea of personal loyalty.

"THE MINER'S PERIL"

In which the resourcefulness and ready wit of a plucky Mexican girl make a strong climax.

"THE MUTUAL WEEKLY"

Incidents of the present European war.

"INCOMPETENT HERO"

A one-reel side splitting comic

Remember the Date Sunday, May 16th

Pictures Every Sunday Evening

ADMISSION

Adults 15c Children 10c

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

GEO. H. SCHMIDT, Editor & Proprietor

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., May 15

Time Table—C. & N. W. R. Y.

Table with columns for North Bound and South Bound, listing times for various routes.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

L. D. Guth was a Fond du Lac visitor Sunday. Otto Lay was a Fond du Lac visitor Tuesday.

George Knoebel and children of Milwaukee visited with the C. C. Schaefer family Sunday. Ed. Kreutzinger and family of Beechwood visited with the John Weddig family Sunday.

Frank Heppel was a business caller at Fond du Lac Monday. Lehman Rosenheimer was a Milwaukee visitor Wednesday.

When in need of Choice Cut flowers for weddings, funerals, parties or for any purpose; leave your orders at the Delicatessen store, Phone No. 74.

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LET US FIGURE WITH YOU ON YOUR Potato Planter, Corn Drill, Corn Planter, Hay Loader, Manure Spreader, Disc Harrow. STAR COW STALLS We carry a supply of stalls on hand and can deliver them to you the day you buy L. ROSENHEIMER, Kewaskum, Wis.

Will Bear Watching As a general rule it will pay to watch the fellow who is trying to sell you something that will make you rich quick. Bank of Kewaskum Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Do Not Buy Stanchions or Stalls until you have seen the Morgenroth kind, manufactured at Kewaskum (a home product). DR. E. L. MORGENROTH, Kewaskum, Wisconsin

MRS. K. ENDLICH Carpet Weaver Kewaskum, Wis. FOR SALE As I intend to go into a farm, I will sell my Blacksmith shop, House and 50x175 foot lot. Price and terms reasonable.—BERNARD MUELLER, Sankville, Wis.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT. DAIRY MARKET MILWAUKEE Milwaukee, May 11—Cheese—Twins 14 1/2 at 15c; dairies 15 at 15c; longhorns 15 at 15c; young Americas 14, 15 at 15c; lumberger fancy new 2 lbs 1 1/2; 1 lb; 1 1/2; 17c; Swiss, new block 15c; loaf 19 at 20c; Brick fancy at 14c. PLYMOUTH Plymouth, Wis., May 11—On the Plymouth central cheese board offered 1,573 boxes of cheese. They were all sold as follows: 426 cases square prints, 15c; 309 boxes dairies, 15c; 246 boxes dairies, 15 1/2c; 20 boxes young Americas, 15c; 737 boxes longhorns, 15c.

ASKS UNITED NATION

PRESIDENT URGES ALLEGIANCE TO HIGH IDEALS OF ALIEN-BORN IN SPEECH.

HUMANITY IS ABOVE ALL

Wilson Says Example of America Must Be Not Merely of Peace Because It Will Not Fight, But Peace Because It is Healing and Elevating.

Philadelphia, May 12.—President Wilson gave to a gathering of 4,000 naturalized Americans on Monday night the first intimation of what course the United States government will pursue in the situation resulting from the loss of more than 100 American lives on the Lusitania.

He spoke by implication, but his hearers interpreted his remarks as meaning that while the United States would remain at peace it would seek to convince Germany of the injustice to mankind of the tragedy of last Friday.

"America," said the president, "must have the consciousness that on all sides it touches elbow and touches heart with all nations of mankind. The example of America must be a special example, and must be an example not merely of peace because it will not fight, but because peace is a healing and elevating influence of the world, and strife is not."

"There is such a thing as a man being too proud to fight. There is such a thing as being so right that it does not need to convince others by force that it is right."

These remarks precipitated a tumult of applause and patriotic enthusiasm, attended by a waving of thousands of small American flags. The president made no direct reference to the Lusitania tragedy, but the audience did not hesitate to read the application of his statement.

Introduced by Mayor Blankenburg, who spoke in distinctly German accent, a welcome and appeal for a single allegiance to the United States, the president carried forward the idea of the welding of foreign blood in the makeup of America by pointing out the true goal of right American citizenship to be a loyalty not to the country of one's birth but to the land of one's adoption.

"While you bring," he said, "all countries with you, you come with a purpose of leaving all other countries behind you—bringing what is best of their spirit, but not looking over your shoulder or seeking to perpetuate what you leave in them. I would not certainly be one who would suggest that a man cease to love the place of his origin."

"It is one thing to love the place where you were born and another thing to dedicate yourself to the place where you go. You can't be an American if you think of yourself in groups. America does not consist of groups. A man who considers himself as belonging to a national group is not yet an American."

"My advice to you is to think first not only of America but to think first of humanity, and you do not love humanity if you seek to divide humanity in jealous camps."

Some of the passages in his speech which the crowd applauded most loudly were these:

"I am sorry for the man who seeks to make personal capital out of the passions of his fellow man."

"He has lost the touch and ideal of America, for America was created to unite mankind by the passions that lift and unite and not by the passions that separate and debase mankind."

"The man who seeks to divide man from man, group from group, interest from interest in the United States is striking at its very heart."

"I was born in America. You dreamed of what America was to be, and I hope you brought the dreams with you. No man who does not see visions will ever realize any great enterprise."

There was a tremendous ovation as the president finished his speech. Because of the present status of international affairs, extraordinary precautions had been taken to guard the president during his stay in Philadelphia. Seven hundred and fifty policemen had been detailed for this duty.

On his return trip from the hall the president rode for three miles along streets almost solidly lined with cheering people. Frequently he raised his hat and bowed. Automobile horns sounded a steady chorus. In the Broad street station of the Pennsylvania railroad several thousand people cheered as the president stepped aboard his private car. He smiled and waved his hat to them. Soon afterward the president retired.

MISSION KEPT SECRET

OLNEY AND CRANE APPOINTED UNDER PEACE TREATY.

Presumed Chicago Man Is to Go to Petrograd and the Massachusetts Statesman to France.

Washington, May 10.—Charles R. Crane of Chicago has been appointed by Secretary Bryan as one of the commissioners under the Bryan peace treaty with Russia, which was signed last October. He will go abroad on a special mission for the state department. It is presumed he is to go to Petrograd. But all information as to the object of his mission is denied at the state department and refused by Mr. Crane.

Former Attorney General Richard Olney of Massachusetts has been named by the state department a commissioner under a similar peace treaty with France. It is not known whether Mr. Olney is to be sent to France on any special mission in connection with his appointment.

Secretary Bryan conferred with Mr. Crane as long as to plans for his work abroad. Later Mr. Crane saw the president. He denied information as to the character of the conversations, the nature of his special mission or to what country he was going. There was a rumor that Mr. Crane might go to China. It was based on the fact that Minister Paul S. Rehnsh is returning to this country from Peking. The reported amicable agreement reached by Japan and China as to their contentions makes this unlikely.

It is more probable that Mr. Crane is to go to Russia. The recent repeal of the commercial treaty between the United States and Russia, carrying with it the cancellation of passport privileges, has been a vexatious subject.

BATTLE IS ON FOR LILLE

French Capture Three Towns and Advance Three Miles, While the Germans Fight the British.

London, May 10.—Taking advantage of the fact that the Germans are devoting all their efforts to the desperate effort to capture Ypres and drive the British back in Belgium, the French have launched a vigorous campaign for the recapture of Lille, which beautiful city, the pride of northern France, has been held by the Germans ever since their first sweep through France last August.

The villages of La Targette and half of the town of Neuville St. Vaast were captured, according to French official communiques, and the advance in some places was as great as three miles. More than two hundred prisoners and six cannon were taken.

UNCLE SAM STICKS TO JOB

Man Wanted in New Jersey Four Years Taken by a Chicago Deputy.

Chicago, May 11.—M. J. Brock, who has eluded the federal authorities for four years, after forfeiting a bond of \$1,500 in Jersey City, N. J., was arrested the other night in the Stratford hotel by Deputy United States Marshal Thomas Hennebery. It is said that Brock was arrested in New Jersey for alleged use of the United States mails to defraud in establishing agencies in various parts of the state for a typewriter company and collecting fees. Shortly after the bond of \$1,500 was given for Brock he disappeared. A secret search for him had been in progress since.

NO CRUISE FOR U. S. FLEET

American Warships Will Not Pass Through Panama Canal This Year, Says Secretary Daniels.

Washington, May 13.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels virtually admitted on Tuesday that the Atlantic fleet would not pass through the Panama canal this year. He declined, however, to discuss plans for another cruise until he should have definitely decided that the Pacific trip would be impossible. "The matter of coal is very serious. We would have to carry it all in colliers."

SUBMARINE SUNK BY TURKS?

British Admiralty Says Constantinople Claims Australian Craft Was Lost in Dardanelles.

London, May 13.—The admiralty in a statement on Tuesday says: "The Turkish official statement reports that the Australian submarine AE 2 was sunk at the entrance of the Sea of Marmora and the crew of three officers and twenty-nine men were made prisoners. "There is no confirmation of this report in the hands of the admiralty."

Won't Free Dynamiter.

Boston, May 13.—The petition of Werner Horn for release was denied, Judge Morton holding that the defendant's attempt to destroy the bridge at Vanceboro, Me., was not an act of war.

Ferris Vetoes Boxing Bill.

Lansing, Mich., May 13.—A bill to legalize ten-round boxing matches in Michigan was vetoed on Tuesday by Governor Ferris. "I disapprove the boxing commission bill," said the governor.

Leo Frank to Die June 22.

Atlanta, Ga., May 12.—Leo M. Frank, convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan at the National Pencil factory here two years ago, was sentenced to be hanged June 22 by Judge Ben Hill in the criminal court.

1,150 PERISHED BY SINKING OF LINER LUSITANIA

Ocean Greyhound Sent to Bottom by German Submarine Off Coast of Ireland.

100 AMERICANS DIE

Lusitania Takes Final Plunge in Fifteen Minutes After Being Struck by Torpedo—Many Killed and Injured by Explosion.

London, May 12.—Eleven hundred and fifty persons, according to latest official figures, lost their lives in the sinking of the Cunard line steamship Lusitania, which was torpedoed by a German submarine off Old Head of Kinsale, Ireland, Friday afternoon. Of the 188 Americans on board, more than 100 are believed dead.

The bodies of Charles Frohman, the theatrical manager; Dr. F. S. Pearson of New York, and Charles Plamondon of Chicago, have been recovered. Officially given up as dead are: Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, multimillionaire; Charles Klein, playwright; Justus M. Forman, playwright; Elbert Hubbard, writer, and Mrs. Elbert Hubbard.

Living All Accounted For. Although the Cunard officials suggest that there may be few survivors of the Lusitania not yet reported, suffering from injuries at some lonely fishing hut or farmer's cottage, this hope finds no reflection in official circles. There it is declared the living are all accounted for. The latest available figures show:

Dead, passengers and crew, 1,150. Saved, passengers and crew, 767. Of the latter, 465 were passengers and 302 were members of the crew. There is much complaint that the Cunard officials have made no systematic effort to recover bodies. They have been at the scene of the wreck only twice. And they have made no effort to cruise well out from the coast where outgoing and incoming vessels report the presence of many bodies wearing lifebelts.

Disaster Is Sudden.

The Lusitania was steaming along about ten miles off Old Head Kinsale, on the last leg of its voyage to Liverpool, when a submarine suddenly appeared, and so far as all reports go, fired two torpedoes without warning at the steamer. One struck it near the bows, and the other in the engine room. The powerful agents of destruction tore through the vessel's side, causing terrific explosions. Almost immediately great volumes of water poured through the openings and the ship listed.

Boats which were already swung out on the davits, were dropped overboard and were speedily filled with passengers, who had been appalled by the desperate attack. A wireless call for help was sent out and immediately rescue boats of all kinds were dispatched from the neighboring points along the coast and Queenstown.

Sank in 15 Minutes.

But within fifteen minutes, as one survivor estimated, and certainly within half an hour, the Lusitania had disappeared. Where Great Britain's fastest merchant vessel went down—Old Head Kinsale—is a landmark that has brought joy to many travelers, as it always stood as the sign from shore that the perils of the voyage across the Atlantic were at an end. The line, whose boat has been that it has never lost a passenger in the Atlantic service, has now lost the ship that dodged the lurking enemy off Nantucket light the day after the war was declared, and later started the world by flying the stars and stripes.

Scores Thrown From Boats.

Scores of the Lusitania's passengers, many of them women and children, after being placed in lifeboats, were dragged down with the ship when it sank, because the boats could not be lowered. Survivors attribute this fault to inefficiency among the crew. Ropes fouled, some of the boats were chopped away, overturning when they struck the sea, and hurling the occupants into the water. Some fell from a height of forty feet, others could not be released and were dragged down.

Handling of Ship Criticized.

Survivors, both Americans and British, who have arrived in London, severely criticized the manner in which the Lusitania was handled, both by the admiralty and officials of the

"PURE PIRACY," SAYS T. R.

Former President Roosevelt Makes Emphatic Comment on Torpedoing of Lusitania.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 8.—When informed Friday night of the sinking of the Lusitania, Col. Theodore Roosevelt made the following statement to the Associated Press: "I can only repeat what I said a week ago, when in similar fashion the American vessel Gulfight was destroyed off the English coast and its captain drowned. I then called attention to what I had said two months previously when the Germans established the war zone and announced that with mines and submarines they would commit the deeds that since they have actually committed, and that these deeds could be regarded otherwise than as pure piracy. "This represents not merely piracy, but piracy on a vaster scale of murder than any old time pirate ever practiced. This is the warfare which destroyed Louvain and Dinant and hundreds of women and children in Belgium. It is warfare against innocent men, women and children, traveling on the ocean and to our fellow country women, who are among the sufferers. "It seems inconceivable that we can refrain from taking action in this matter, for we owe it not only to humanity but to our own national self-respect."

Avoid False Moves.

No false move should ever be made to extricate yourself out of a difficulty or to gain an advantage. There can be no pleasure in playing with a person once detected in such unfair practices.—Benjamin Franklin.

Two Belts.

"The belt worn by Napoleon at the battle at Waterloo shows that his girth was 42 inches. Some belt, eh?" "Yes, but not a circumstance to the belt that Wellington gave him."

LOCATION OF LUSITANIA DISASTER



The Above Map Shows Where the Giant Cunarder Was Torpedoed and Sent to the Bottom by a German Submarine, With the Loss of Hundreds of Lives, Including Many Americans. The Drawing Also Shows Where the American Oil Steamer Gulfight Was Torpedoed.

GERMANY SENDS NOTE OF REGRET

OFFICIAL COMMUNICATION ON SINKING OF LUSITANIA RECEIVED AT WASHINGTON.

SHIFTS BLAME TO BRITISH

Kaiser's Foreign Office Holds That Cunard Liner Carried War Material and Could Not Be Treated as Merchant Vessel.

Berlin, via London, May 11.—The following dispatch has been sent by the German foreign office to the German embassy at Washington:

Please communicate the following to the State Department: The German government desires to express its deepest sympathy at the loss of lives on board the Lusitania. The responsibility rests, however, with the British government, which through its plan of starving the civilian population of Germany has forced Germany to resort to retaliatory measures.

In spite of the German offer to stop the submarine war in case the starvation plan was given up, British merchant vessels are being generally armed with guns and have repeatedly tried to ram submarines, so that a previous search was impossible. They cannot, therefore, be treated as ordinary merchant vessels. A recent declaration made to the British parliament by the parliamentary secretary in answer to a question by Lord Charles Beresford said that at the present practically all British merchant vessels were armed and provided with hand grenades.

Besides it has been openly admitted by the English press that the Lusitania in previous voyages repeatedly carried large quantities of war material. On the present voyage the Lusitania carried 5,400 cases of ammunition while the rest of the cargo also consisted chiefly of contraband.

If England, after repeated official and unofficial warnings, considered herself able to declare that that boat ran no risk and thus light-heartedly assumed responsibility for the human life on board a steamer which, owing to its armament and cargo was liable to destruction, the German government in spite of its heartfelt sympathy for the loss of American lives, cannot but regret that Americans felt more inclined to trust to English promises rather than to pay attention to the warnings from the German side. (Signed.) FOREIGN OFFICE.

JEFFERY TELLS OF RESCUE

Kenosha, Wis., Automobile Manufacturer Had Remarkable Escape When Lusitania Went Down.

Kenosha, Wis., May 12.—Charles T. Jeffery, president of the Thomas B. Jeffery company, has told to Kenosha people in a special cable the story of his remarkable escape from death in the sea after the sinking of the steamer Lusitania. He says: "I was in the smoking room of the Lusitania when the explosion took place. It shook the whole ship as a train might shake if the locomotive was suddenly stopped and back into it. "There was no panic then or any other time. I went down to another deck to see what was happening there. But there was no commotion. "I went down to my cabin. There were not many people in the alleysways with lifebelts. Others were going for them. I had an air life preserver of

Course Laid Out For Liner.

London, May 12.—The liner Lusitania following the course laid out for it by the British admiralty when it was torpedoed by a German submarine off the south coast of Ireland Friday afternoon. Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, admitted in the house of commons that warnings had been sent to Captain Turner of the Lusitania, together with instructions as to the course to follow. Captain Turner had received both and acknowledged them.

Removal of President.

No president of the United States was ever removed from his high office. The attempt was made to remove President Andrew Johnson, but it failed by one vote, and Johnson served out his full term.

How Girls View Them.

One writer says that a freckle "is a wild flower the sun has placed on their cheeks." That is a pretty thought, but many girls will continue to regard the freckle as a thorn in the flesh.—Toledo Blade.

Ocean's Richest Prize.

Sperm whales are the richest prize of the ocean, yielding spermaceti from the cavities in their heads, ivory from their lower jaws and rich yellow oil from their sides.

GERMANY IS BLAMED

CORONER'S JURY FIXES RESPONSIBILITY FOR DISASTER.

Captain Turner Declares He Was Warned That Submarine Was in Path of Liner.

Kinsale, Ireland, May 12.—The verdict rendered by the coroner's jury which investigated the deaths resulting from the torpedoing of the Lusitania follows: "We find that the deceased met death from prolonged immersion and exhaustion in the sea eight miles south-south-west of Old Head of Kinsale on Friday, May 7, 1915, owing to the sinking of the Lusitania by torpedoes fired by a German submarine. "We find that this appalling crime was committed contrary to international law and the conventions of all civilized nations. "We also charge the officers of said submarine and the emperor and government of Germany under whose orders they acted, with the crime of wholesale murder before the tribunal of the civilized world. "We desire to express sincere condolences and sympathy with the relatives of the deceased, the Cunard company and the United States, many of whose citizens perished in this murderous attack on an unarmed liner. "Capt. Turner of the Lusitania, appeared before the coroner and was questioned. The coroner asked him whether he had received a message concerning the sinking of a ship off Kinsale by a submarine, Capt. Turner replied that he had not, and that his first warning of the attack on the Lusitania came when he saw the approach of the Torpedo. "Captain Turner was asked whether he had received any messages in regard to the presence of submarines off the Irish coast. He replied in the affirmative. "Without twenty-four hours' delay this country should and could take effective action by declaring that in view of Germany's murderous offenses all commerce with Germany shall be forthwith forbidden and all commerce of every kind permitted and encouraged with France, England and the rest of the civilized world."

Britons Wreck German Shops.

Liverpool, May 10.—The attacks upon German shops which began yesterday were renewed last night as the result of the fury aroused by the sinking of the Lusitania.

Exchange Bars Teutons.

Liverpool.—The board of directors of the Cotton association passed a resolution setting forth that no established German or Austrian shall henceforth be permitted to enter the cotton exchange.

Riots Cause Bar Closing.

Liverpool.—Owing to the continued anti-German rioting here, which threatened to get beyond control of the authorities, all saloons were ordered closed at 6 o'clock.

Attack Is Denounced.

Buenos Aires.—La Nacion publishes editorially an energetic protest against the torpedoing of the Lusitania without previous warning. It declares that this act was an outrage against the rights of neutrals and has aroused the conscience of humanity.

Fat Trade.

"Jinks doesn't look like a literary man. But he says he makes his living by his pen." "So he does. He raises pigs."—Baltimore American.

U. S. DENOUNCES UNDER-SEA WAR

PRESIDENT WILSON WILL DEMAND THAT GERMAN ATTACKS ON MERCHANT SHIPS CEASE.

CABINET APPROVES NOTE

Kaiser's Government to Be Held to Account for Death of American Citizens, Says Document—Explanation Asked.

Washington, May 12.—Germany has asked Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to notify the United States that submarine commanders have been specifically instructed not to harm neutral ships which are not engaged in hostile acts in the war zone, and that Germany will pay for damage sustained by such ships.

Washington, May 12.—President Wilson will enter a vigorous protest to Germany and will insist on an explanation of the series of incidents connected with the submarine war waged around British Isles which resulted in the deaths of American citizens.

The president after three days of study in solitude, came to this decision last night and submitted his draft to the members of the cabinet. It was unanimously approved. This decision, reached by President Wilson tonight, marks the first step in the policy which will be pursued by the United States as a result of the sinking of the Lusitania with the loss of more than 100 American lives.

The Kaiser's government also will be asked to explain the sinking of the Falaba, causing the death of Leon C. Thrasher, an American; the torpedoing of the Gulfight, and the attack by German airmen on the American steamship Cushing.

In firm and unmistakable terms, according to those familiar with the document, the president, after voicing the intense feeling of the United States over these happenings, demands, in the name of international law, that Germany adhere to the established rules of maritime warfare.

Demands Safety for Passengers.

Unarmed merchant vessels, carrying non-combatants, must be visited and searched when encountered on the high seas, says the note, and passengers and crew be transferred to a place of safety before any prize is destroyed.

The document to be sent to Germany points out that the Teutons will be held to strict accountability for any attacks on American vessels or deaths of American citizens. It is said the United States denies the right on the part of Germany to carry on such methods of warfare and states that the mere giving of official notice of an intention to commit an unjustifiable act does not make it lawful.

The events which follow if Germany refuses to comply with the expressed wishes of the note, would not be discussed by members of the cabinet tonight.

Roosevelt For Drastic Action.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 12.—Former President Roosevelt Tuesday night pleaded for prompt action by the United States on account of the Lusitania disaster, commenting on President Wilson's speech in Philadelphia. Mr. Roosevelt was particularly interested in that part of the president's speech in which the latter referred to "such a thing as a man being too proud to fight," and "a nation being so right that it does not need to convince others by force that it is right."

"The 150 babies drowned on the Lusitania, the hundreds of women drowned with them, and the American ship, the Gulfight, which was torpedoed, offer an eloquent commentary on the actual working of the theory that it is not necessary to assert rights and that a policy of blood and iron can with efficacy be met with a policy of blood and water. "Germany now offers to stop the practice of murder on the high seas if we will not abandon further neutral rights, which by her treaty she has solemnly pledged to sell if we exercise without molestation. "Without twenty-four hours' delay this country should and could take effective action by declaring that in view of Germany's murderous offenses all commerce with Germany shall be forthwith forbidden and all commerce of every kind permitted and encouraged with France, England and the rest of the civilized world."

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PARROT & CO HAROLD MACGRATH Author of The Carpet from Bagdad, The Place of Honeymoons, etc.



CHAPTER XVIII—Continued.

He saw her walk bravely the length of the dining-room, out into the office. What a misfortune! Argument was out of the question. Elsa was not a child, to be reasoned with. She was a woman, and she had come to a woman's understanding of her heart.

He possessed the deep understanding of the kindly heart, and his one thought was Elsa's future happiness. Could he save her from the day when she would learn Romance had come from within? No. All he could do was to help find the man.

He sent five cablegrams to Saigon, to the consulate, to the principal hotels—the most difficult composition he had ever attacked. But because he had forgotten to send the sixth to meet the packet boat, against the possibility of Warrington changing his mind and not landing, his labor was thrown to the winds.

Meantime Elsa stopped at the office desk. "I left a note for Mr. Warrington who has gone to Saigon. I see it in his key box. Will you please return it to me?"

The clerk did not hesitate an instant. He gravely returned the note to her, marveling at her paleness. Elsa crushed the note in her hand and moved toward the stairs, wondering if she could reach her room before she broke down utterly. He had gone. He had gone without knowing that all he wanted in life was his for the taking. In her room she opened the note and through blurred vision read what she had so happily inscribed the night before. "Paul—I love you. Come to me. Elsa." She had written it, unashamed.

She flung herself upon the bed, and there Martha found her. "Elsa, child, what is it?" Martha cried, kneeling beside the bed. "Child, what has happened?" Elsa sat up, seized Martha by the shoulders and stared into the faithful eyes. "Well, I love this man Warrington and he loves me. But he has gone. Can't you see? Don't you understand? Have you been as blind as I? He is Paul Ellison, Arthur's brother, his twin brother. And they obliterated him. It is Arthur who is the ghost, Martha, the phantom. Ah, I have caused you a good deal of worry, and I am going to cause you yet more. I am going to Saigon; up and down the world, east and west, until I find him. Shall I go alone, or will you go with me?"

Then Martha did what ever after endeavored her to the heart of the stricken girl—the mothered her. "Elsa, my baby! Of course I shall go with you, always. For you could not love any man if he was not worthy."

Then followed the strangest quest doubtless ever made by a woman. From Singapore to Saigon, up to Bangkok, down to Singapore again; to Batavia, over to Hongkong, Shanghai, Peking, Manila, Hongkong again, then Yokohama. Patient and hopeful, Elsa followed the bewildering trail. She left behind her many puzzled hotel managers and a host of agents; for it was not usual for a beautiful young woman to go about the world, inquiring for a blond man with a parrot. Sometimes she was only a day late. Muffy cablegrams she sent, but upon her arrival in each port she found that these had not been called for. Over these heart-breaking disappointments she uttered no complaint. The world was big and wide; he it never so big and wide. Elsa knew that some day she would find him.

In the daytime there was the quest; but at night the interminable hours of inaction, the spaces of time in which she could only lie back and think. Up and down the coasts, across islands, over seas, the journey took her, until one day in July she found herself upon the pillared veranda of the house in which her mother had been born.

CHAPTER XIX. The Two Brothers. From port to port, sometimes not stepping off the boat at all, moody, restless and irritable, Warrington wended his way home. There was nothing surprising in the fact that he never inquired for mail. Who was there to write? Besides, he sought only the obscure hotels, where he was not likely to meet any of his erstwhile fellow passengers. The mockery and uselessness of his home-going became more and more apparent as the days slipped by. Often he longed to fly back to the jungles, to James, and leave matters as they were. Here and there, along the way, he had tried a bit of luxury; but the years of economy and frugality had robbed him of the ability to enjoy it. He was going home. . . . to what? Surely there would be no welcome for him at his journey's end. He would return after the manner of prodigals in general, not scriptural, to find that he was not wanted. Of his own free will he had gone out of their lives.

His first day in New York left him with nothing more than a feeling of foreboding and oppression. The expected exhilaration of returning to the city of his birth did not materialize. So used to open spaces was he, to distances and the circle of horizons, that he knew he no longer belonged to the city with its Himalayan gorges and canyons, whose torrents were human beings and whose glaciers were the hearts of these. A great loneliness bore down on him. For months he had been drawing familiar pictures, and to find none of these was like coming home to an empty house. The old life was indeed gone; there were no threads to resume. A hotel stood where his club had been; the house in which he had spent his youth was no more. He wanted to leave the city; and the desire was with difficulty overcome.

Early the second morning he started downtown to the offices of the Andes Construction company. He was extraordinarily nervous. Cold sweat continually moistened his palms. Change, everywhere change; Trinity was like an old friend. When the taxi cab driver threw off the power and indicated with a jerk of his head a granite shaft that soared up into the blue, Warrington asked: "What place is this?"

"The Andes building, sir. The construction company occupies the top floor."

"Very good," replied Warrington, paying and discharging the man. From a reliquary of the Dutch, an affair of red brick, four stories high, this month had sprung. With a sigh Warrington entered the cavernous doorway and stepped into an "express elevator." When the car arrived at the twenty-second story, Warrington was alone. He paused before the door of the vice-president. He recalled the "old man," thin-lipped, blue-eyed, eruptive. It was all very strange, this request to make the restitution in person. Well he would soon learn why.

He drew the certified check from his wallet and scrutinized it carefully. Twelve thousand, eight hundred dollars. He replaced it, opened the door, and walked in. A boy met him at the railing and briskly inquired his business. "I have an appointment with Mr. Elmore. Tell him that Mr. Ellison is here."

The boy returned promptly and signified that Mr. Elmore was at liberty. But it was not the "old man" who looked up from a busy man's desk. It was the son; so far, the one familiar face Warrington had seen since his arrival. There was no hand shaking;



"A Man Like You Wasn't Made for Idleness."

there was nothing in evidence on either side to invite it. "Ah! Sit down, Paul. Let no one disturb me for an hour," the young vice-president advised the boy. "And close the door as you go out."

Warrington sat down; the bridge builder whirled his chair around and stared at his visitor, not insolently, but with kindly curiosity. "You've filled out," was all he said. After fully satisfying his eyes, he added: "I dare say you expected to find father. He's been gone six years," indicating one of the two portraits over his desk.

It was not at the "old man" Warrington looked longest. "Who is the other?" he asked. "What? You worked four years with this company and don't recollect that portrait?"

"Frankly, I never noticed it before," Warrington placed the certified check on the desk. "With interest," he said. The vice-president crackled it, ran his fingers over his smooth chin, folded the check and extended it toward the astonished wanderer. "We don't want that, Paul. What we wanted was to get you back. There was no other way. Your brother made up the loss the day after you . . . went away. There was no scandal. Only a few of us in the office knew. Never got to the newspapers."

"Yes. I have often wondered where you were, what you were doing. You and your brother were upper-classmen. I never knew Arthur very well; but you and I were chummy, after a fashion. Arthur was a little too bookish for my taste. Didn't we use to call you Old Galahad? You were always walloping the bullies and taking the weaker chaps under your wing. To me, you were the last man in the world for this business. Moreover, I never could understand, nor could father, how you got it, for you were not an office man. Women and cards, I suppose. Father said that you had the making of a great engineer. Fierce place, this old town," waving his hand toward the myriad sparkling roofs and towers and spires. "Have to be strong and hard-headed to survive it. Built anything since you've been away?"

"In Cashmere." To have thrown away a decade! "Glad you kept your hand in. I dare say you've seen a lot of life." To the young man it was an extremely awkward interview. "Yes; I've seen life," dully. "Orient, mostly, I suppose. Your letter about the strike in oil was mighty interesting. Heap of money over there, if they'd only let us smart chaps in to dig it up. Now, old man, I want you to wipe the slate clear of these ten years. We'll call it a bad dream. What are your plans for the future?"

"Plans?" Warrington looked up blankly. He realized that he had made no plans for his future.

"Yes. What do you intend to do? A man like you wasn't made for idleness. Look here, Paul, I'm not going to beat about the bush. We've got a whopping big contract from the Chinese government, and we need a man to take charge, a man who knows and understands something of the yellow people. How about a salary of ten thousand a year for two years, to begin in October?"

Warrington twisted the check. Work, rehabilitation. "Could you trust me?" he asked quickly. "With anything I have in the world. Understand, Paul, there's no philanthropic string to this offer. You're pulled through a devil of a hole. You're a man. I should not be holding down this chair if I couldn't tell a man at a glance. We were together two months in Peru. I'm familiar with your work. Do you want to know whose portrait that is up there? Well, it's General Chetwood's, the founder of this concern, the silent partner. The man who knew kings and potentates and told 'em that they needed bridges in their back yards. This building belongs to his daughter. She converted her stock into granite. About a month ago I received a letter from her. It directly concerned you. It seems she learned through the consul general at Singapore that you had worked with us. She's like her father, a mighty keen judge of human nature. Frankly, this offer comes through her advice. To satisfy yourself, you can give us a surety bond for fifty thousand. It's not obligatory, however."

Elsa Chetwood. She had her father's eyes, and it was this which had drawn his gaze to the portrait. Chetwood, and Arthur had not known any more than he had. What irony! Ten years wasted . . . for nothing! Warrington laughed aloud. A weakness seized him, like that of a man long gone hungry.

"Buck up, Paul," warned the good Samaritan. "All this kind of knocks the wind out of you. I know. But what I've offered you is in good faith. Will you take it?"

"Yes," simply. "That's the way to talk. Supposing you go out to lunch with me? We'll talk it over like old times."

"No, I haven't seen . . ." "To be sure! I forgot. Do you know where they live, your mother and brother?"

"No. I expected to ask you." The vice-president scribbled down the address. "I believe you'll find them both there, though Arthur, I understand, is almost as great a traveler as you are. Of course you want to see them, you poor beggar! The Southwestern will pull you almost up to the door. After the reunion, you hike back here, and we'll get down to the meat of the business."

"John," said Warrington, huskily, "you're a man."

"Oh, piffle! It's not all John. The old man left word that if you ever turned up again to hang on to you. You were valuable. And there's Miss Chetwood. If you want to thank any body, thank her." Warrington missed the searching glance, which was not without its touch of envy. "You'd better be off. Elmore called as soon as you can." Hustle offered his hand now. "Gad! but you haven't lost any of your old grip."

"I'm a bit dazed. The last six months have loosened up my nerves." "Nobody's made of iron."

"I'd sound hollow if I tried to say what I feel. I'll be back a week from today."

"I'll look for you." As the door closed behind Warrington, the young millionaire sat down, scowling at a cubby hole in his desk. He presently took out a letter post-marked Yokohama. He turned it about in his hands, musingly. Without reading it (for he knew its contents well), he thrust it back into the cubby hole. Women were out of his sphere. He could build a bridge within a dollar of the bid; but he knew nothing about women beyond the fact that they were always desirable.

A few monosyllables, a sentence or two, and then, good day. The average man would have recounted every incident of note during those ten years. He did not admire Warrington any the less for his reticence. It took a strong man to hold himself together under all these blows from the big end of fortune's horn.

Paul was a born engineer; Arthur had entered the office as a makeshift. Paul had taken eight thousand one day, and decamped. Arthur had refunded the sum, and disappeared. Elmore could not understand, nor could his father. Perhaps some of the truth would now come to light. Somehow, Paul, with his blond beard and blonder head, his bright eyes, his tan, his big shoulders, somehow Paul was out of the door. He did not belong to the times

And Elsa had met him over there; practically ordered (though she had no authority) that he should be given a start anew; that, moreover, she would give his bond to any amount. Paul was a man, a big man, and that was the sort needed in the foreign bridge building. He rolled down the top of his desk and left the building. He was in no mood for work.

The evening of the third day found Warrington in the baggage car, feeding a dilapidated feather-molting bird, who was in a most scandalous temper. Rajah scattered the seeds about, spurned the banana-leaf, tilted the water cup and swabbed generally. By and by, above the clack-clack of wheels and rails, came a crooning song. The baggageman looked up from his waybook and lowered his pipe. He saw the little green bird pause and begin to keep time with its head. It was the Urdu lullaby James used to sing. It never failed to quiet the little parrot. Warrington went back to his Pullman, where the porter greeted him with the information that the next stop would be his. Ten minutes later he stepped from the train, a small kitbag in one hand and the parrot cage in the other.

He had come prepared for mistake on the part of the natives. The single smart cabman lifted his hat, jumped down from the box, and opened the door. Warrington entered without speaking. The door closed, and the coupe rolled away briskly. He was perfectly sure of his destination. The cabman had mistaken him for Arthur. It would be better so. There would be no after complications when he departed on the morrow. As the coupe took a turn, he looked out of the window. They were entering a driveway, lined on each side of which were chestnut trees. Indeed the house was set in the center of a grove of these splendid trees.

Warrington went up the broad veranda steps and pulled the old-fashioned bell cord. He was rather amazed at his utter lack of agitation. He was as calm as if he were making a call upon a casual acquaintance. His mother and brother, whom he had not seen in ten years! The great oak door drew in, and he entered unceremoniously.

"Why, Marse At'hub, I d'nt see yo' go' out!" exclaimed the old negro servant. "I am not Arthur; I am his brother Paul. Which door?" Pop-eyed, the old negro pointed to a door down the hall. Then he leaned against the banister and caught desperately at the spindles. For the voice was not Arthur's.

Warrington opened the door, closed it gently and stood with his back to it. At a desk in the middle of the room sat a man, busy with books. He raised his head. "Arthur, don't you know me?" "Paul!"

The chair overturned; some books thudded dully upon the rug. Arthur leaned with his hands tense upon the desk. Paul sustained the look, his eyes sad and his face pale and grave. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

COME TO RESCUE OF BRUIN

Threatened With Extinction, Brother Bear Has Found That He Has Some Friends.

Since the "bear flag" days bruin has been an accepted symbolic representative of the Golden State. He occupies a place on its great seal, and, indeed, has become a sort of institution. When he is not working at his more dignified job he engages in picking up acorns, acting as scavenger about mountain camps and making an occasional raid upon farms in the hills. He has come to be known, in private life, as a rather amiable and lazy fellow, if undisturbed, and indeed it may be claimed for him that he has a host of friends.

But bruin, in the wild, has come close to the great divide. For many years he has made sport for the hunter during the summer, and for the trapper at all seasons. Nowadays there are not very many of him. Extinction is imminent. He is about to go the way of many another distinguished brute.

A Siskiyou county legislator has rushed to his relief with a bill prohibiting the killing of bears during the summer and eliminating at all seasons the trapping privilege. A like measure, it is said, is finding its way into numerous western legislatures and is being supported rather than opposed by sportsmen. It is their hope that bruin will be able to maintain his place in the sun.—Los Angeles Express.

Fixing the Crime. It was only a nice friendly kind of a "sing-song" at the hydro, but just because it was free expectations ran high, and the critics were in full force. The young man who rose to sing "The Maiden Fair With Golden Hair" had the best intentions in the world, but somehow he was not up to what is called "concert pitch." Indeed, he was very much below it, and after making two or three attempts he had to capitulate and resume his seat at the back. Then the benevolent-looking chairman rose.

"Ladies and gentlemen, there is not a word to be said against the young gentleman. He did his best, and what can man do more? He deserves our thanks for his willingness to come forward. But I do think that the person who asked him to sing should be shot."

New Field for Women.

The opening of new avenues of profitable endeavor for women is a matter of considerable importance, and the Maxwell Motor company of New York is making an effort to utilize them as saleswomen. In a recent communication the president of the company says: "I believe that there is room for women in the automobile business. Women have proved to be good saleswomen and demonstrators in other lines. We believe that they will be particularly successful with automobiles, and we are going to take the trouble to find out whether we are right or wrong."

Norman, Okla., May 13.—Dr. B. E. Ward, a well-known physician, was taken from the county jail here by twelve masked men and lynched. His body was found suspended from a tree two miles from town.

Mob Lynch Physician.

London, May 11.—The Lusitania is the twenty-ninth vessel to be sunk or damaged in the first week of May in the German war zone about the British Isles. Most of these vessels were torpedoed by German submarines.

LONG CABINET MEET

PRESIDENT AND HIS ADVISERS DISCUSS THE LUSITANIA DISASTER.

WHITE HOUSE IS SILENT

All Who Took Part in Session Refuse to Make Any Comment—Germany Says Submarines Will Not Harm Neutral Vessels.

Washington, May 13.—The cabinet was in session nearly three hours on Tuesday—the longest meeting held in several months. None of the members would deny that the Lusitania incident had been discussed, but all refused to make any comment. The demagogue generally of the cabinet members was grave and reserved. At the White House no intimation was forthcoming as to whether the president had decided on a course, but there was every indication that the president had decided not to allow any intimation of his plans to leak out until he is ready to make an announcement. White House officials declared there was nothing to be said at present to elaborate the statement made public at the White House Saturday.

President Wilson made it clear that his policy on the Lusitania tragedy is not yet formed and that his speech in Philadelphia is not to be construed as indicating what that policy will be. The president at the present time had nothing to add to what he said on Sunday, and he refused to say whether the United States had communicated with the German government regarding the torpedoing of the Lusitania.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador to the United States, delivered to Secretary of State Bryan the note from the German government made public in Berlin, expressing the regret of that government at the loss of American lives in the sinking of the Lusitania.

Germany, through Ambassador Gerard, notified the United States that submarine commanders had been specifically instructed not to harm neutral vessels not engaged in hostile acts, and that Germany would pay for damages to such ships in the war zone.

Neutral ships carrying contraband will be dealt with, the announcement says, according to the rules of naval warfare. If neutral ships are accidentally damaged in the war zone, Germany will express its regret and pay damages without prize-court proceedings.

The German government justifies its submarine warfare on the grounds that England is threatening to starve the civilian population of Germany by prohibiting neutral commerce in foodstuffs and other necessities.

RUSSIANS OUT OF HUNGARY

Austrian Troops in Pursuit Have Crossed Frontier and Carpathian Ridge, Says Vienna Report.

London, May 11.—The last of the Russians have been driven out of Hungary, according to the Austrian official report. Austrian troops in pursuit have crossed the frontier and the Carpathian ridge.

Desperate fighting continues in western Galicia and, according to Vienna, the Russians are being forced back along a front of more than 125 miles from the Vistula to the Uzsok pass.

East of Uzsok pass violent battles also are developing. Here, Vienna claims, the Russians have been driven across the Dniester, 3,500 of the czar's forces falling into the hands of the Teutons.

Official admission is made by Petrograd of the fall of Lbav to Land forces under General von Hindenburg with co-operation by German naval forces.

AIR RAID ON PARIS FAILS

French Aeroplane Scouts Force Zeppelin to Change Its Course—Flies Back to Own Lines.

Paris, May 13.—An attempt by a Zeppelin airship to carry out another raid on Paris was defeated Tuesday night by the aerial patrol guarding the city. A Zeppelin approached the city shortly after seven o'clock from the northeast. When it was over Dammarville, about ten miles northeast of the city, it was sighted by aeroplane scouts who immediately gave chase, forcing the dirigible to change its course. It flew off in a northwesterly direction and then turned again to the east, making for its own lines.

No War Move Against China.

Tokyo, May 11.—The Japanese government announced that the naval and military movements in connection with the Chinese situation had been canceled.

France's Wheat Supply.

Paris, May 12.—The French government estimates the stock of wheat in France at 6,000,000 bushels. It is understood that contracts have been placed abroad, chiefly in the United States, for 4,000,000 bushels.

Not Afraid of Submarines.

New York, May 12.—Announcement was made at the White Star line office that only two of the forty persons who had engaged passage on the liner Cymric, a British vessel, had cancelled their reservations.

Submarines Cause Terror.

London, May 11.—The Lusitania is the twenty-ninth vessel to be sunk or damaged in the first week of May in the German war zone about the British Isles. Most of these vessels were torpedoed by German submarines.

Kills Wife, Boy and Self.

Devils Lake, N. D., May 11.—Alex. Herman, aged thirty, strangled to death his wife and Roy Pinley, aged eleven, and then hanged himself on a farm near here. The crime was discovered by Senator Hyland.

Pian Leper Colony.

Alton, Ill., May 11.—The Illinois state board of administration is planning to establish a colony for the 100 lepers it is claimed are living in the state of Illinois. Doctor Sewell is to have charge.

TRY TO KILL GARZA

TROOPS ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE MEXICAN PRESIDENT.

Soldiers Clash, and Fifty Are Reported Killed—General Estrada Slain in Brawl.

Washington, May 11.—An attempt to assassinate Roque Gonzales Garza, the convention provisional president of Mexico, was made by troops led by General Barona, former military commander of Mexico City, according to dispatches reaching here from the Mexican capital. Barona's troops were repulsed after severe fighting, with losses to both sides.

According to the report, the attack on the residence of President Garza began at three o'clock in the morning. The troops of General Garza met those of General Barona along the Alameda and serious fighting ensued. When General Barona's forces retreated they left thirteen dead and two wounded, while two of General Garza's soldiers were killed. One of the latter was General Estrada.

San Antonio, Tex., May 11.—Fifty persons were killed in disorders in Mexico City, which began as the result of a brawl between rival Mexican generals at a dance, according to a telegram from Vera Cruz.

Antonio Barona, a Zapatista general, according to the message, shot and killed General Francisco Estrada, chief of staff of General Gonzales Garza, convention provisional president of Mexico. Soldiers of the two generals became involved in a fight in the street and fifty persons were killed, the message added.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Chicago, May 11.—Martin Bell, 1126 Townsend street, is in the habit of walking in his sleep. Frequently he has awakened while walking, pajama clad, in the street. Early the other morning he started on such a stroll. A mortar box thirty feet below his bedroom window caught him and neighbors found Bell sitting on the box laughing.

Tiflis, May 10.—American missionaries in the vilayet of Van, where the Armenians appear to be weakening after a fierce resistance against attacking Turks and Kurds, are reported in grave danger. Eleven hundred American boys and girls and thirty American citizens have taken refuge there.

Little Rock, Ark., May 12.—W. R. Fisher, Ashley Ward and Andrew Holmes White were sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Angus Neely, an aged negro, near Wrightsville, December 15, 1914. The evidence was circumstantial and robbery was given as the motive.

New York, May 12.—Joseph DeLong, the oldest man in Brooklyn, died at the age of one hundred and two.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 12.—Johnny Kilbane, the featherweight champion, defeated Mel Cogan of Brooklyn in three uninteresting rounds at the Broadway Sporting club.

Chicago, May 12.—P. J. Fitzpatrick, seventy, member of a wealthy Irish family, was found dead in his room here, asphyxiated accidentally, according to the belief of the coroner. Doctor Fitzpatrick was once a surgeon on an English steamship.

CARBOLIC ACID FAMINE NEAR

United States Soon to Be Destitute of Antiseptic as Result of the War.

Chicago, May 11.—The United States faces a famine in carbolic acid. The simplest and most popular antiseptic in use in hospitals throughout the world will be an unknown quantity in America if the European war continues six months longer.

Already the value of the drug has increased tenfold and only a few hospitals in the country have sufficient on hand with which to continue for a year or longer. Many hospitals are out of the antiseptic entirely and they are unable to get it at any price. This is true particularly of the Presbyterian hospital in Chicago, which a few days ago discontinued the use of carbolic acid as an antiseptic.

MOTHERS TO GET PENSIONS

Pennsylvania Legislature Appropriates \$800,000 to Be Distributed by Board of Woman Trustees.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 10.—An appropriation of \$800,000 for mothers' pensions, to be distributed by a board of woman trustees, is hailed by the women of Pennsylvania as the best piece of child-welfare legislation ever passed by any state in the Union. In recognition of Governor Brumbaugh's great interest in the new legislation, the women tendered him a reception on Mother's day, in Pittsburgh.

Rangers Kill Two Mexicans.

Alpine Tex., May 13.—Two Mexicans of a band of twelve smugglers were killed and others wounded in a fight with Texas rangers, below Bouquillas. Nearly one hundred stolen cattle were recovered.

Prof. Karl Lamprecht Dead.

Leipzig, Germany (via Berlin and London), May 13.—The death was announced here on Tuesday of Prof. Karl Lamprecht, professor of history in the University of Leipzig. He was born in 1856.

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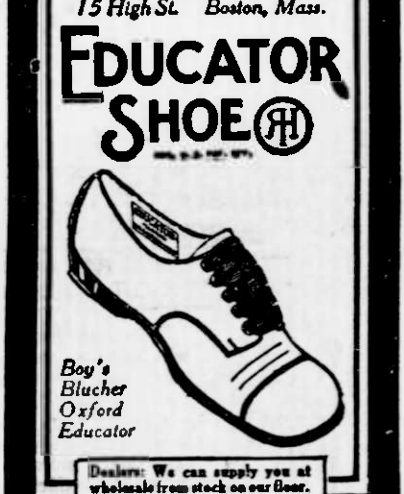
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Corns

bunions, falling arches, ingrowing nails, calluses—all come from bones bent by wearing narrow, pointed shoes. Wear Educators and Nature will take care of free your feet from these ills. For the whole family, \$1.35 to \$5.50. But be sure EDUCATOR is branded on sole—unless so marked they're not the genuine orthopedically correct Educators, made only by RICE & HUTCHINS, Inc. 15 High St. Boston, Mass.



Buy's Blucher Oxford Educator. Dealers: We can supply you at wholesale from stock on our floor. R. & H. Chicago Co. Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 20-1915. An engagement ring is a girl's idea of a round of pleasure. Drink Denison's Coffee. Always pure and delicious. It makes some men almost as mad to have people tell lies about them as it does if they tell the truth. Her Objection. "So Maude has come back from the front as a Red Cross nurse?" "Yes, indeed. She said if she did all the horrid things they wanted her to do, she would have been a perfect eight whenever the photographers for the papers came around. So she quit."

Fathoms Deep. The boy yawned over his geography. "How deep is the ocean?" he inquired, pointing to the center of the Pacific. "Thousands of fathoms, my son—thousands."

"Well, how much is a fathom?" "A fathom is—er—er—are you looking at the Pacific? Well, your Uncle Karl years ago was shipwrecked in the Pacific and the pirates came out after him, and the cannibals—but I'm too busy now to tell you the story. Run along to bed."

Enjoying Life in Trenches. A soldier writes back: "Life in the trenches is fairly enjoyable if you know how to appreciate it." "Yes, indeed; life is worth while anywhere, if you make the best of it. The trenches offer peculiar opportunities for enjoying life. Living from minute to minute is intense, conscious living, replete with satisfaction. Every minute is as precious as though it was going to be the last. And the values of contrast heighten the zest for breathing. Just to be alive is keen joy in the trenches, surpassed only by the joy of living remote from the trenches."

Between the blonde young woman on the other side of the car and her stout neighbor next to the left there intervened a space of perhaps four inches in width. Clinging to the strap just in front of the blonde young woman was a cheerful individual whose uncertain footing was, it seemed, not wholly due to the jolting and jerking of the common carrier. Presently he fastened an ingratiating smile upon the young woman. "Madam," he murmured, "if you'd deign sit down in that plache there by my I'd—I'd vote for woman suffrage."

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THE GOOD JUDGE SEES AN OLD GROUGH.

COLONEL, SOMEBODY'S BEEN JOSHING THAT OLD CHAR. SEE HOW SORE HE LOOKS.

YOU'RE RIGHT, JUDGE. HE STUFFS HIS MOUTH SO FULL OF CHAWIN' AND SPITTIN' NO ONE WANTS HIM AROUND. HE DOESN'T KNOW ABOUT THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW.

IT'S just possible that a lone man or two hasn't heard that a little of the *Real Tobacco Chew* gives more satisfaction than a big wad of the old kind. But they switch over quick when they learn about it—and then they tell their friends about the merits of the *Real Tobacco Chew*.

A little chew of pure, rich, mellow tobacco—seasoned and sweetened just enough—cuts out so much of the grinding and spitting.

THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW IS NOW CUT TWO WAYS!!
W-B CUT IS LONG SHRED. RIGHT-CUT IS SHORT SHRED.

Take less than one-quarter the old size chew. It will be more satisfying than a mouthful of ordinary tobacco. Just take a nibble of it until you find the strength chew that suits you, then see how easily and evenly the real tobacco taste comes, how it satisfies, how much less you have to spit, how few chews you take to be tobacco satisfied. That's why it is *The Real Tobacco Chew*. That's why it costs less in the end. The taste of pure, rich tobacco does not need to be covered up. An excess of licorice and sweetening makes you spit too much.

Notice how the salt brings out the rich tobacco taste!!

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50 Union Square, New York

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Why throw away money by knocking them in the head or selling them for a dollar or two at birth when they can be raised or vealed WITHOUT MILK at a fraction of the cost of feeding milk. You profit both ways selling the milk and still have the calves.

The Best Milk Substitute to Use is

Ryder's Cream Calf Meal

The most successful milk substitute on the market—the standard of perfection. Thousands of farmers are using it and cannot say enough for it. It is NOT a stock food—it is a complete food that long experience has proved to be right for rearing calves. It contains all the nutrition of milk prepared in the most digestible form and is sold on a money back guarantee to give results.

100 lbs. equal to 100 gallons milk. Try it on your calves.

John Marx, Kewaskum

a weeks visit at Shawano.

C. R. Van De Zande, returned to Madison Monday, after spending a few days at his home here.

Charles Cole who visited here with relatives the past several weeks left for St. Charles, Minn.

Quite a number of the young people attended the Junior Prom at Kewaskum last Friday evening.

Mrs. Valera and daughter Goldfern of Chicago, arrived here Sunday evening, to visit her mother, Mrs. Mead.

Mrs. Mary Mead suffered a stroke of paralysis Saturday evening, but at the present writing she is getting along nicely.

Mrs. Merrill Thompson and daughter Mary, and Miss Fern Smith of Thompkins, Wyoming, arrived here last Thursday evening for an extended visit with relatives.

At a meeting of the village board last Monday evening, it was decided upon to purchase a sprinkler and a quantity of oil. It is expected that the oiling of streets in the village will begin about the tenth of June.

Attend the Moving Picture Show at Kewaskum Sunday evening. The program is a hummer. Tell your friends to go with you.

NENNO

Quite a number of here attended the dance at Allenton last Tuesday all reported a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Zimmel of Allenton were at the home of the latter's parents last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Mathilda Wolf, who spent a few days with her brother at Milwaukee returned home last Friday.

The carpenters are busy working at the John Steger residence, which will be finished in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Ph. Schellinger and Miss M. Schellinger of Kohlsville were pleasant callers here Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Zieglerbauer were the guests of the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs. Bert Theisen last Sunday.

The marriage of Charles Winterhalter Jr., to Miss Flora Vogel was announced in church for the first time last Sunday.

The Misses Nora and Amelia Hefter and brother Willie from Byron were the guests of Louis Gundrum and family last Sunday.

Paul Wolf and Anna Schellinger went to St. Kilian last Sunday, where they spent the day with the latter's sister, Mrs. Ed. Moser and family.

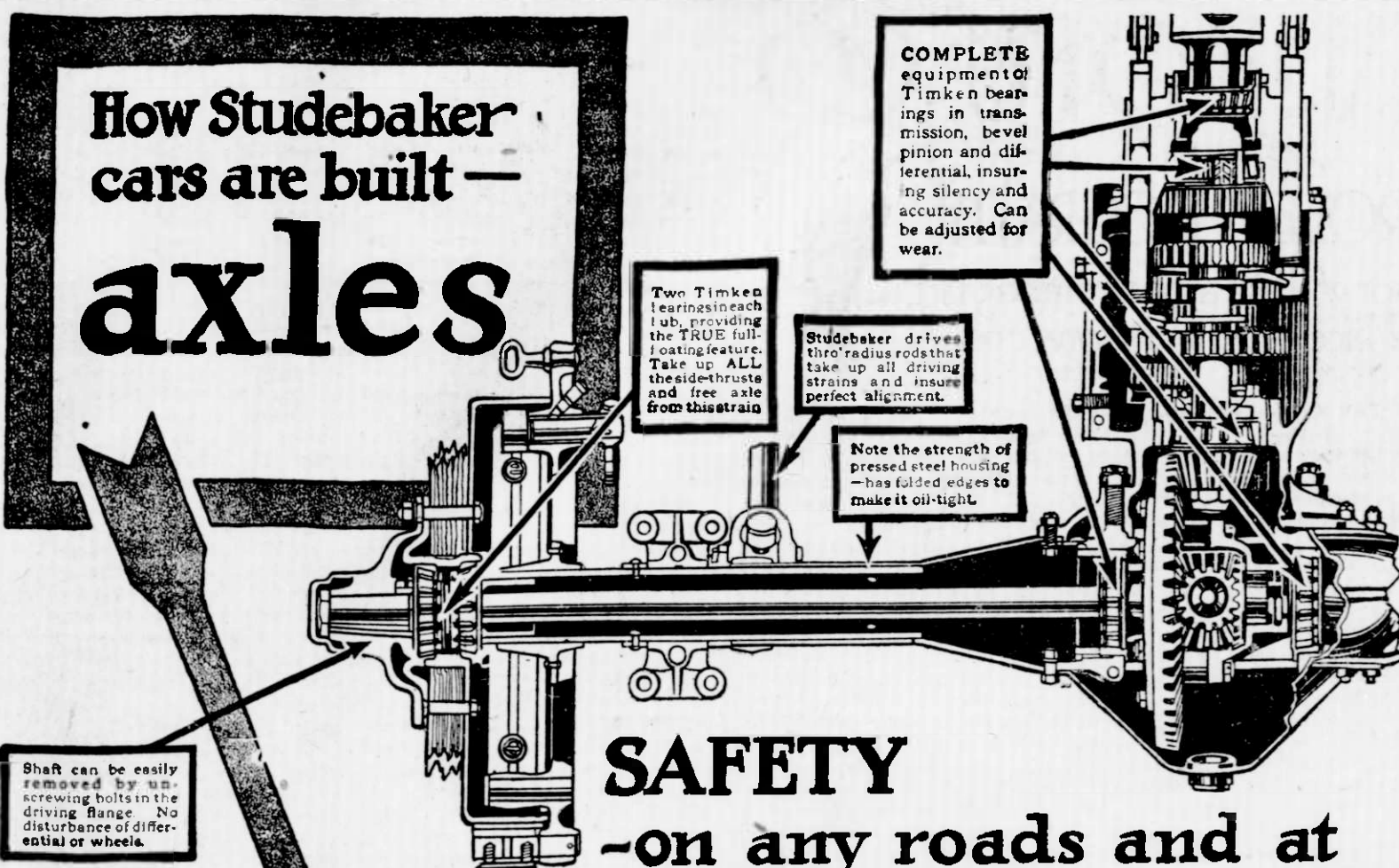
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Weber from Knowles were the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Math Bath and family last Wednesday evening.

The dance held at John Zingsheim last Tuesday, May 11th was largely attended the music furnished by Pitzschler's orchestra of Theresa was appreciated by everybody.

A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gobel, in honor of the former's birthday last Sunday. The evening was spent in dancing and playing games.

Miss Gretchen Kress, teacher of District No. 3, finished her term of eight months school Wednesday, May 5th, and returned to her home at West Bend, where she will spend the summer with her mother.

A very quiet wedding took place at the home of Mrs. Otto Derge when her daughter Martha was married to Martin Goetz of Theresa at the Luth. Emanuel church in town Herman last Wednesday afternoon. Only near relatives being present.



SAFETY
-on any roads and at any speeds.

Can't be too careful, you know, about the rear axle on your car. For the simple reason that on it depends the life of the car—and sometimes the life of the folks that ride in it.

For you take one of the cars that uses the old-style and less expensive "semi-floating" types or perhaps a "three-quarter floating" type of axle that makes the axle shaft do EXTRA work—and if that shaft ever breaks, OFF flies the wheel. And you can imagine what that means.

So you owe it to yourself to study this FULL-floating Rear Axle Studebaker builds for Studebaker Cars—and to see what other car offers as good a rear axle as the Studebaker.

Notice its simplicity—how EASY it is to get at—and then, most of all, its SAFETY. That axle shaft is made so strong that, slender as it is, you can swing a 75-ton locomotive from it. And yet, as the illustration shows, the axle is so designed that if the shaft ever did break, the wheel can't come off. For the car rides on the axle housing—NOT on the axle shaft. And even the side-thrust that comes when your car turns a corner fast or skids, is taken up NOT by the shaft, but by TWO Timken bearings on the housing. So that the only thing the shaft has to do is to turn the wheels. Costs much more to manufacture such a rear axle. But it's SAFER. And

Studebaker Features

- Electric Lighting and Starting—FULL-Floating Rear Axle—Timken Bearings—Safety Tread Rear Tires—One-man Type Top.

Studebaker ROADSTER, \$985
Studebaker FOUR, 985
Studebaker LIGHT SIX, 1385
Studebaker SIX, 7-passenger, 1450
F. O. B. Detroit

Because it's a
Studebaker

you find this SAFETY-insuring axle on every Studebaker that's built. But why not come in and see it? That's the only way to appreciate the simplicity of its design and how easily the shaft can be removed, and how EASY it is to get at the differential. And besides, we want you to ride in a Studebaker and KNOW the comforts and the conveniences that are built into its every detail. Can you come tomorrow? If not, write for the Studebaker Rear Axle Book.

GEO. KIPPENHAN'S GARAGE, KEWASKUM

Consult

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ABOUT YOUR EYESIGHT

Will be

REPUBLICAN HOUSE, KEWASKUM, WIS.

Every 2nd Wednesday of Month
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Wm. Leisring EXPERT OPTOMETRIST
222 Grand Ave., Milwaukee
At Home Office every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

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In the former Mich. Heindl Stand.

All kinds of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children always carried in stock.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

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Granite, Marble, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Flue Lining, Sewer Pipe, Coping, Lime and Red Brick of All Kinds.

BUILDERS OF STONE AND CEMENT SIDEWALKS

West Bend, Wisconsin

CAMPBELLSPORT.

E. F. Martin lost a valuable cow last week.

E. J. Arimond Sundayed with his family here.

Leo Hoffman of Milwaukee spent over Sunday here.

Mike Degehardt was a Kewaskum caller Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Reed was a Kewaskum caller Monday.

Pat Wahlen of Eden was here on business Tuesday.

Mrs. D. N. Walters visited at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

Mrs. Platt Durand was a Fond du Lac caller Monday.

E. Campbell was a Fond du Lac business caller Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joan Tunn of New Prospect spent Tuesday here.

Otto Cole of Milwaukee spent last Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. H. J. Wild and son Henry spent Tuesday at Fond du Lac.

John Enright was a business caller at Fond du Lac Monday.

Mrs. F. Damm of Fond du Lac called on friends here Tuesday.

H. H. Warden transacted business at Fond du Lac Tuesday.

C. L. Uthus spent Saturday and Sunday at his home in Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Pape spent last Sunday with relatives at Fond du Lac.

Dave Present of West Bend spent several days here on business.

Mrs. Diener of Chicago is visiting her brother L. M. Brown, this week.

Louis Petri left for Marion last Sunday to make his future home there.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kuechel visited friends at Farmington last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Tyler visited with relatives at Fond du Lac last week Friday.

Alfred Van De Zande is carrying mail on R. 3 this week for carrier L. M. Brown.

Philip Guenther and Rev. Wm. Zenk spent Sunday afternoon at Fillmore and Fredonia.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Jewson of Fond du Lac called on friends and relatives here last Sunday.

Paul Koenig and Aug. Braum returned from St. Kilian, where they spent two weeks.

P. M. Schaefer returned home Tuesday morning after serving on the jury at Fond du Lac.

Mrs. Henry Seering and daughter returned home last week after

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

Counties Will Cooperate in Crop Demonstrations

At least eighteen of the state and county farms of Wisconsin will be used this season as crop and live stock demonstration stations.

The work, which will be carried on under the direction of the Board of Control and the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin, will consist of practical demonstrations in the management of soils, the growing of crops and the handling of live stock.

C. F. Norgard, superintendent of Farmers' Institutes and the superintendents of the respective farms have been placed in charge of this important demonstration campaign. A feature of this season's work will be the demonstrations conducted by F. H. Scribner, formerly connected with the United States Dairy Division.

Following is a list of the institutions cooperating: State Hortatory, Green County, C. M. Bowron; Green County, C. M. Bowron; Northern Hospital, Winnebago, A. A. Bachlor and A. Sherman; Chippewa County Asylum and Poor Farm, Chippewa Falls, F. O. Bible; Columbia County Asylum and Poor Farm, Wausau, S. C. Cushman; Eau Claire County Asylum and Poor Farm, S. E. Horel; Manitowoc County Asylum and Poor Farm, Manitowoc, Otto Drees; Marinette County Asylum and Poor Farm, Peshtigo, R. M. Smith; Sheboygan County Asylum and Poor Farm, Sheboygan, H. A. Arpke; Richland Center, L. T. Johnson; Washington County Asylum and Poor Farm, West Bend, J. Homrig; Sauk County Asylum and Poor Farm, Reedsburg, C. Christensen; Trempealeau County Asylum and Poor Farm, Whitehall, J. McKivergin; Monroe County Asylum and Poor Farm Sparta, J. F. Mooney; Vernon County Asylum and Poor Farm, Viroqua, C. E. Butters; Waupaca County Asylum and Poor Farm, Wausau, C. M. Cole; Indian School Farm, Tomah, C. L. Campbell.

The dates of these meetings will soon be announced in these columns.

ASHFORD

Miss Belle Thelen was the guest of Miss Francis Berk last Sunday.

Henry Mauel of Elmore called on his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Mauel.

Mrs. M. Thelen and daughter Belle spent Tuesday at Campbellport.

Wm. Sturm and son John and Oscar Jirschele autoed to Lomira last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kieffer of Lomira spent Sunday with Peter Hilbert and family.

Miss G. Weidner of Milwaukee spent a few days with Mrs. L. Bollen and family.

Arnold Kudwig and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Al Schmitt at Elmore.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Berg and daughter called on Mr. and Mrs. Mike Hall last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. E. Thelen and daughter Veronica visited Sunday with Leo Serwe and family at Campbellport.

WAUCOUSTA

Will Ilting of Forest spent Sunday here.

H. Dennert of Fond du Lac was a caller here Tuesday.

Dora and Carrie Buslaff went to Fond du Lac Tuesday.

A. C. Buslaff made a business trip to Fond du Lac Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schultz of Eden were callers here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Tunn of Campbellport were callers here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Schellbas and family of Dundee called on friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hackbath of Milwaukee are spending a few days with their daughter, Mrs. A. Schultz.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kohler and daughter Delores and Mr. and Mrs. E. Sook and son Elmer from Campbellport called on friends here Sunday.

WHITE MAN WITH BLACK LIVER

The Liver is a blood purifier. It was thought at one time it was the seat of the passions. The trouble with most people is that their Liver becomes black because of impurities in the blood due to bad physical states, causing biliousness, Headaches, Dizziness and Constipation. Dr. Kier's New Life Pills will clean up the Liver, and give you new life. 25c at your Druggist.

Spray Fruit Trees to Insure Better Crop

Now is the time to spray cherries and plums. Apple trees will be ready to spray in a short time. Delay now means loss that can never be repaired. Plum and cherry trees are attacked by the curculion, defined by one Wisconsin horticulturist as a "hump-backed bug with a mean disposition". Apples are despoiled by scab and worms. With prompt attention during this period many of these fruit pests can be killed.

Trees should not be sprayed while in full bloom, but just before the blossoms open and just after they fall. Bordeaux mixture and arsenate of lead are most used in Wisconsin.

Here are a few concise directions prepared by the horticultural department, University of Wisconsin, which may be followed in spraying fruit trees this spring.

Apples—Spray with fungicide, either lime sulfur or Bordeaux and with arsenate of lead when the blossoms show pink. Add nicotine sulfate (1 part to 700 of water,

HILL'S STORE NEWS

"Hitch to the House of Hill's"

This Store is Aglow With the Story of New Spring and Summer Fashions

—Suits, Coats, Dresses, Millinery, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Embroidery, Bags, Neckwear, Laces, Veils, Shirt Waists, Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics—surely a wonderful gathering of the styles as comes only at the beginning of a season is now here, and it would seem that as Spring draws nearer, the passing satisfaction of the exposition of the charmingly, smoothly, stylishly fashions have won the confidence of the ladies of the community, and the unmisgivable leadership for HILL'S STORE. The Hill Mark of Quality is to be seen in every Suit, Coat, Hat, Silks, Gloves, Laces, Dress Fabrics, Etc., Etc. A Visit to Fond du Lac and this Store is well worth your time.

HILL BROS. DRY GOODS CO.

"The Heart of Fond du Lac"

FOND DU LAC, WISCONSIN

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if plant lice are thick. Repeat within three to seven days, as the petals have fallen. This should be followed ten days later with the same spray, and on late varieties once more about July 15 to 20, depending upon the section of the state and the season. The same calendar is applicable to plum trees.

Cherry—It is not necessary to spray cherries for scale insects. Bordeaux is preferable to lime sulfur as a fungicide on cherries. Just before the blossoms open, spray with fungicide and arsenate of lead. Apply the second spray when the calyx or shuck of the flower falls, and again two or three weeks later. A fourth spray should be given as soon as possible after the fruit is picked.

Grapes—Bordeaux about June 10 and July 1. Other applications

may be made if fungus diseases appear. Kerosene emulsion or nicotine sulfate if leaf hopper or other sucking insects are troublesome.

Bordeaux is made by mixing 4 parts copper sulphate or blue vitriol, 5 parts lime and 50 parts water. Arsenate of lead spray mixture is composed of 3 pounds of the paste arsenate of lead or a pound and a half of the powdered arsenate to 50 gallons of water.

It enriches the blood, strengthens the nerves, cleanses the stomach, regulates the bowels, helps the appetite, livens you up. You work better—feel better—look better. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, a real Spring tonic. 35c.—Edw. C. Miller.

—Read the Statesman, it will interest you.