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# Kewaskum Statesman.

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VOLUME XX

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, OCT. 17, 1914.

NUMBER 6

## OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

### Why Stay on The Farm

There are two classes of the rural population that are trending toward. The one is the ambitious youth who want to see the most and do the most in life. They look to the city for large life and opportunity. The other class is those who have made good and past middle life go to the city to find happiness.

Why should these two classes stick to the farm?

The youth should stay on the farm because practical tilling of the soil today offers larger opportunities than any other vocation or profession. Farming shows well in the criterion of good business. The financial returns for scientific agriculture measures up well with any other business.

Farming is a home work and builds up family interest and companionship. The family live together. The work is congenial and broadening. It calls for the development of the whole man. There is scope for the keenest intellect, the most stalwart of physical form and the most sensible and controlled moral life. You can bring the most highly cultured life into profitable and enjoyable use on the farm.

Finally the critical test of a vocation is its opportunity for service to humanity. Here farming is supreme. The farmer feeds the world.

Why should those who have made good stay on the farm?

This can be answered in a single sentence. Because it is material, mental, physical and moral suicide for the well to do farmer to retire to the village or city. If he has been a real farmer he is a part of the farm and country life. His interests are in the country. He delights in the growing crop, he admires the thrifty flock and herds. His mind has been broadened, his senses refined; therefore he cannot find satisfaction in the "two by four" city lot or the gossip of the street. Taken from a life of regular physical activity and given no motive for exertion he soon fails in health. He finds his farm income that has to be divided with a tenant, insufficient to meet the increased demand of city life. People have expected large help from the rich farmer coming to town to live. If he measures up to these expectations he must have millions. If he does not meet these demands he is a "right wad."

Released from responsibility and from his natural position as head and leader, the moral restraints are loosened and it takes a strong man to hold himself to the highest standard of thinking and action.

The germs of this disease of retiring get into the system early. Many young couples start out with the avowed purpose to drudge and skimp and save on the farm so as to get enough ahead to retire on. A cure for this is to start the farm with the right ideals. Aim to make a suitable place to live the whole life. Make it yield life as well as a living. Build your home permanent. Have in your plan provision for old age, comforts and leisure. These ideals can be realized on the farm for farm folk much better than by their moving to town.

### First in Dairy, Cows

The later figures of the United States department of agriculture show that the state of Wisconsin has many thousands more dairy cows than New York, the next in order. In addition it is shown that while the number of dairy cows is increasing in Wisconsin it is dropping in New York.

There is room in the upper counties for another million of cows, or to nearly double the number in the state.

### More Silos and Increasing Faster

Wisconsin has more silos than any other state and that number is being increased more rapidly than those of any other state. Some one has asked: Do silos pay? Perhaps the best assurance that they pay is in the fact that the farmers with silos show the greatest prosperity.

### NOTICE

The undersigned hereby notify all those cutting, trespassing or hunting on their lands to keep off or they will be dealt with according to law. 9-19-14.

Gust Magritz,  
Herman Ramel,  
Henry Fick,  
John Klug,  
Mrs. H. Klug,  
Wm. Fick.

## GETS 3,000,000 TO SIGN DIETZ PETITION

Leslie Dietz, Son of "Outlaw of Cameron Dam" Now Seeks Aid of President Wilson

Leslie Dietz went into the New York World office Friday night after a tramp of 11,000 miles during which time he has visited every state in the union and obtained 3,000,000 names to a petition to President Wilson asking for the pardon of his father, John E. Dietz, who is serving a life term in the state prison in Waupun, Wis.

In the summer of 1912 Leslie Dietz started out with his petition to the president. To get his 3,000,000 signatures Dietz first traveled west, always going by foot. In every town he sought and got signatures to his petition. Also he got letters from mayors and other men of prominence. Not once during his long trip has he asked or received charity.

During his travels he has received letters from Congressmen and United States senators. In his possession he has a number of these addressed to President Wilson.

He arrived in Baltimore during the Star Spangled Banner celebration and there, in one day, he says he got the signatures of twenty-nine governors to his petition.

When his journey at last was ended and he crossed from New Jersey over to New York and landed at the foot of Cortlandt street he did lose his nerve. He felt the big petition was weighing heavily on him. He inquired his way to the postoffice and mailed the petition to the President.

"Now I want to take the personal letters I have to him," said Dietz. "How am I to get there? Why walk. It's merely a stroll from here to Washington. I'll be there soon now, and I believe the President will see me, and after he hears the real story of why John Dietz became a bandit I believe he will open the prison gates for him.—Evening Wisconsin.

### Must Attend School

1. All children between the ages of 7 and 14 must attend school not less than 120 consecutive days unless prevented by sickness; 150 days of irregular attendance will not meet the requirements of law.

2. The same provisions extend to children between ages of 14 and 16 unless regularly employed. Children of the above ages loitering about the streets during school hours will be deemed to have violated the law.

3. All children coming under the provisions of the law must enroll during the first month of school. Violations of the law are punishable by a fine not to exceed \$50 with costs of prosecution or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months at the discretion of the court, or both.

Teachers are compelled by law to report violations. Parents should see to it that their children attend school regularly and satisfy the requirements of the law.

Inability on the part of the parents to make the child attend school makes the child liable to be protested against as an incorrigible and committed to the state reform or industrial school.

### Real Estate Transfers

Last Wednesday, October 14th, a deal was made whereby John Brunner sold his livery barn house and lot in the village, to the Western Brothers of St. Bridgets. Consideration private. Mr. Brunner had been in the livery business here for the past seventeen years. The new proprietors will take possession of the business on next Tuesday, October 20. The retiring livery man is as yet undecided as to his future. We wish to extend our best wishes for success to the new proprietors.

This week A. A. Perschbacher sold twelve feet of land south of his blacksmith shop to L. Rosenheimer, who in turn traded said land and fourteen feet in the rear of the furniture store with Edw. Miller. Mr. Miller will move his furniture store on said land in the spring to make room for the widening of the road to the Rosenheimer addition. The terms of sale and exchange are private.

## "GERMAN DAY" AT WEST BEND A BIG SUCCESS

Surpasses The Greatest Expectations of Those Who Arranged it. Rev. Mohme of This Village Makes a Hit

A large audience, filling every seat in Strube's large hall at West Bend last Sunday afternoon listened to the exercises arranged by Concordia Society No. 37, G. U. G., for the celebration of the "German Day". It was a most generous response to the call of a number of our German-American citizens, and the success of the affair really surpassed all expectations.

The first speaker was Rev. F. Mohme of Kewaskum. As a public speaker he was a revelation to many of us. We do not believe that there is any man in the county, who like he has caught that spirit and that sacred enthusiasm which today lives in the entire German nation. He is a most eloquent, fervent, perfect German speaker. He alluded to the fact that nine tenths of the county's population are German, or of German extraction, and he believed that like him many rise in the morning with their first thought of the fatherland and its situation in its present gigantic struggle for existence, and go to bed in the night with a fervent prayer for its victory. A week ago he said they prayed in the churches for peace, and it would have been just as righteous to pray for the victory of right and justice. The speaker attacked the two main accusations hurled at Germany by ignorant or bribed Anglo-American editors, that the kaiser is a "war lord" and his ideal militarism, and that the German government is an "autocracy". He showed by historical facts that Germany for forty-four years lived in peace with all the world, while Russia, England and France during the same time had several wars each on their hands. The kaiser tried to keep peace as long as he possibly could, and when war came he had the entire people back of him. He himself is at the front and his sons are with him, two of whom have been wounded, while the Czar had to go to Moscow to be safer, and King George wisely stays at home and the Prince of Wales could not yet go to war, because his uniform was not ready. The speaker mentioned the forging of the German ultimatum to Belgium by some Belgian or other miscreants which alone can account for the fierce hatred shown in that country for the Germans who wanted nothing unreasonable. The most remarkable instances were cited by him to show that Germany was not the attacking but the attacked side, and he gave several anecdotes to illustrate the greatness and heroism of Germany in her present struggle. As to autocracy he reminded of the fact that the Germans have their reichstag and their landtag which makes the laws, that since 1848 and 1870 much of the old rubbish of the government has been cleared away, that in Germany today the welfare of the people is the supreme law and that it is only a few days since that the former ex-secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Chas. Nagel resigned to an American editorial in a newspaper that he only wished this country had as democratic a government as Germany has. A people with such tremendous strength, which only a just cause can impart, and with such high ideals of life at stake can never be really conquered. The speaker carried the audience and was often interrupted by applause.—West Bend News.

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### Amusements

Saturday evening and Sunday afternoon, Oct. 17 and 18.—Grand duck and goose tournament at Mrs. John Guth's place, Kewaskum. Everybody invited.

Sunday, Oct. 18.—Grand duck and goose tournament at William Hess' place, New Fane.

Sunday, Oct. 18.—Grand Closing dance at the North Side Park hall. Good music will be furnished. Everybody invited.

Sunday, Oct. 25.—Grand poultry tournament at Chas. Bruessel's place, Wayne. Everybody invited.

Sunday, Oct. 25.—Grand basket ball dance in Groeschel's Opera House. Everybody should attend and help boost for the basket ball team.

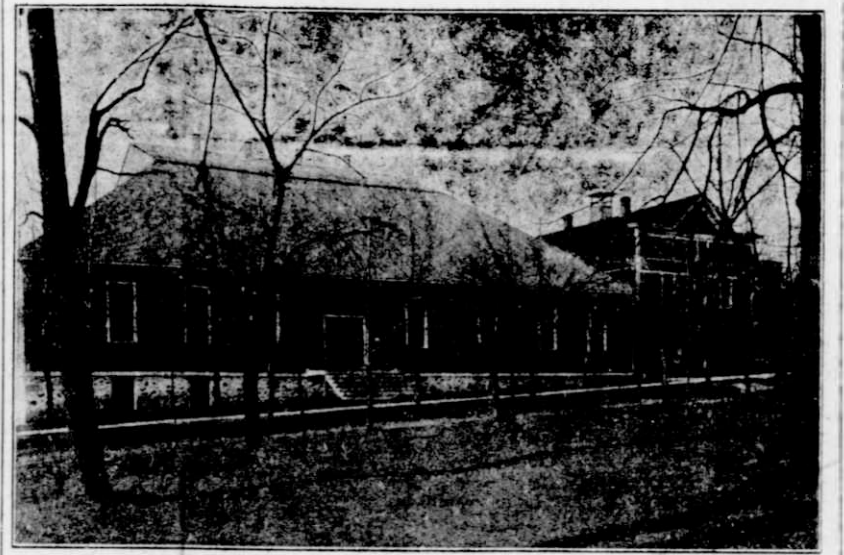
Sunday, Nov. 8.—Grand Threshers' dance in Groeschel's hall given by the Bath threshing crew. Music by John Roden's orchestra.

## SUFFERS A SECOND LOSS BY FIRE EARLY THURSDAY MORNING

FRANK STRUBE'S PLACE AT WEST BEND IS A VICTIM OF THE FLAMES FOR THE SECOND TIME WITHIN A YEAR

### THE FAMILY ESCAPES IN THEIR NIGHT CLOTHES

Fire Was Noticed at About 5:15 O'clock Thursday Morning. Fire Spread Rapidly. Building is a Complete Wreck



This village was stirred on Thursday morning with excitement upon hearing the news that Frank Strube's hall at West Bend fell a victim of a fire for the second time within a year. The fire was first noticed at 5:15 a. m., and in a short time the whole building was in flame. Heroic efforts were made to save the building, but only being able to save part of the dwelling which is greatly damaged. The loss sustained by Mr. Strube is heavy. From reports received the place is insured for \$6000. This will no way pay the loss.

The origin of the fire is unknown but is supposed to have started some where between the hall and saloon part. Mr. Strube and family barely escaped, being forced to flee in their night clothes.

Mr. Strube is a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Schaefer of this village. He is very well known and all his friends greatly extend their deep sympathy in their heavy loss. What Mr. Strube's future intentions are as to the re-erection of the place we have been unable to ascertain.

### Obituary

Mrs. Lucia Fell, aged 76 years, mother of Mrs. Mat. Schmit of this village, passed away in death at her home in Ashford on Thursday, October 8th, at 10:45 a. m. Mrs. Fell had not been feeling well since last May, death resulting from old age.

Miss Lucia Schmitz was born in Luxemburg, Germany in 1828. In 1852 she was united in marriage to Nicholas Fell, and immigrated to this country in 1855 settling in St. Louis, Mo. In 1857 they came to their present home at Ashford where she resided up to the time of her death.

Twelve children were born to them of whom only five survive, namely: Mrs. Mathias Schmit of Kewaskum; Mrs. Mary Seller of Lincoln, Ill.; Nic and Math Fell of Wausau; and Peter Fell of Ashford. Besides these she leaves twenty-two grand children and one great grand child to mourn her demise.

The funeral was held from the St. Martin's church at Ashford last Thursday, October 8th at 10 o'clock a. m. Rev. Theodore Touler officiating. Interment was made in the congregation's cemetery.

Mrs. Fell was of a kindly disposition, was always a good christian and dearly beloved by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She will be greatly missed by a large circle of friends and especially by her family to whom she was greatly attached.

The sorrowing relatives have our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of bereavement.

### High School Notes

Miss Manila Klessig was on the sick list last week.

"Test week" is no fun, just take our word for it.

Trene and Louis Ogenorth were absent from school Monday.

Edward Campbell of Wayne entered High School Monday morning as a Freshman.

Alfred Seefeld came back to school Wednesday after an absence of about three weeks.

### Library Notes

The state books have been returned and another set will be here shortly.

"The Turmoil" a novel written by Booth Tarkington is now being published in Harper's monthly magazine.

"Diary of the Green Van" by Leona Dalrymple is a story that won ten thousand dollars for the author. This book is on the rent shelf.

## DROWNED IN LITTLE CEDAR LAKE MONDAY

Joe Theisen of Schleisingerville Meets Tragic Death in The Waters of Little Cedar Lake

Another drowning accident occurred last Monday afternoon, when Joseph Theisen of Schleisingerville lost his life at Little Cedar Lake.

Mr. Theisen in company with Walter Storck and Charles Steger, all of Schleisingerville, went fishing at Little Cedar Lake last Monday. At 2 in the afternoon when midway between Federie's resort and the Dernel cottage on the south end of the lake their boat capsized. Storck and Steger were able to save themselves by swimming to shore, but Theisen, being unable to swim, was drowned. Word was immediately sent to Sheriff Benike, who hurried to the scene. The body was found in about eight feet of water and brought to shore and later conveyed to his home.

The unfortunate young man was about 30 years old. For a number of years he has been conducting the former saloon and hotel at Schleisingerville. He is survived by his widow, nee Nora Kaiser and three children, the oldest of which is about four years.

The funeral took place Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from St. Peter's Catholic church in Schleisingerville. Interment was made in the cemetery of that congregation.—West Bend News.

### HOTEL ARRIVALS

The following registered at the local hotels the past week:

#### HOME HOTEL

D. E. Sullivan, Henry Ogenorth, F. E. Darling, A. Radke, Mrs. A. Radke, F. H. Schuppman, J. Smaller, J. Schwaie, G. W. Church, F. Z. Collins, L. Austin, E. J. Edler, Milwaukee; S. M. Schaefer, Chicago; A. Nigh, Oconomowoc; J. H. Mack, Fond du Lac; W. J. Morris, River Forest, Ill.

#### REPUBLICAN HOUSE

H. A. Maxey, H. C. Rothe, C. J. Sautee, M. L. Schmidt, Fond du Lac; Dan Warden, Chas. McDou, hel Beechwood; Paul Koernigs, Campbellsport; J. W. Herrington, Madison; J. W. Anaeker, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Faber, Fred Schuett, J. R. Gregg, L. Foerster, Wm. Leissring, Edw. C. Bollkow, W. B. Mowland, R. J. Daggett, Portage, Fred Jung, Theresa; A. R. Lewis, A. C. Smith, D. Frazier, J. C. Prosser, N. F. Ohring, Chicago; J. B. Day, Hartford; Ben Feld, Plymouth; J. A. Welsh, Mayville; J. W. Bonslett, McHenry, Ill.; F. W. Bucklin, West Bend; John Armstrong, Sheboygan; N. J. Altenhofen, Cedarburg; F. Baumann, Oshkosh; Andy McGovern, Art Bud, dephagen, Barton.

### NEW PROSPECT

John Ketter is visiting with John Tunn this week.

L. Terry is building the foundation for the local cheese factory. Get busy boys and hunt up the cow bells for you will need them very soon.

Lloyd Romaine left for a trip through the western states on Thursday.

The duck tournament at J. Welsh's place Sunday was largely attended.

Miss Goldie Romaine of Fond du Lac was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Romaine Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eldon Romaine of Milwaukee visited with Mr. and Mrs. B. Romaine Saturday and Sunday.

Joe Smith Sr. and daughter, Mrs. Al. Harrington attended the wedding of Miss Olive Smith at Milwaukee.

The Misses Hattie, Dora and Carrie Buslaff of Waucousta were the guests of Miss Rosalie Uelmen Friday.

Mrs. Otto Pffingsten and daughters Nina and Myrtle of Oshkosh spent from Friday until Sunday with the former's husband.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Uelmen and daughters Genevieve and Arline were the guests of the P. Uelmen family from Friday until Sunday.

FOR SALE.—Well matched black team of colts, coming 3 years old in spring and weighing 1200 lbs. apiece. These colts are sound and gentle. Inquire of Geo. Kibbel, Route 3, Kewaskum, Wis.—Advertisement. 10-4-14

—A copy of the Statesman sent to an absent friend is better than a weekly letter. Subscribe for it.

## AMONG OUR NEIGHBORS

Louis Ray, a young man employed in road work near Kewaskum was seriously injured one day last week. The young man was driving a sixteen horse team attached to a road scraper and in endeavoring to make a turn, the strain broke a beam on the scraper, which struck him and threw him a great distance in such a manner that several ribs were broken, his jaw crushed, skull fractured and he was injured internally. He was hastily removed by automobile to the St. Nicholas hospital here. It is said that his home is in Michigan City, Ind.—Sheboygan Correspondent in Plymouth Review.

Six Wisconsin postoffices were swung into the presidential appointment class Thursday according to the announcement from Washington D. C. Hereafter the party in power will appoint postmasters at the salaries indicated: Grafton, \$3000; Eagle \$1000; Norwalk \$1000; Suring \$1100; Turtle Lake \$1300; Wisconsin Veteran's Home \$1100. A few weeks ago civil service examinations were held in this county for all fourth class postoffices in the county and Grafton was among the number. Now the appointment will be made by Congressman Burke.

Judge C. A. Fowler of Fond du Lac has rendered a decision sustaining the jury's verdict in the case of Emelia Enderle vs. Leo and Albert Glander. The plaintiff in the action sued for \$750 and interest amounting to \$297, alleging that the money had been paid the defendants by Anna Glander and was due the plaintiff. The jury found for the plaintiff and the defense asked for a new trial. It was on motion by attorneys that the court rendered its decision affirming the jury's verdict.

Mrs. Joseph Deonovich of Hori-con, accused of attempting to kill her husband two months ago, by attacking him with an axe, a knife and a revolver while he was sleeping, came up for trial at Juneau last week Wednesday, and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. The verdict was a great surprise, considering the report of the attack when the affair occurred.

Nic and Willie Hilbert made a hunting trip Sunday.

Mrs. John Schill of Edgar spent the forepart of the week here with relatives.

Mrs. T. L. Johnson and daughter Lottie of South Eden visited in our burg Sunday.

Misses Agnes and Frieda Beisler of Milwaukee are spending with friends and relatives here.

German Brothers, the well known hunters of St. Kilian made their annual hunting trip through here to Byron and Eden.

Agnes Schill was agreeably surprised on her 18th birthday anniversary last Friday evening. All report having had a good time.

On October 25th the Dramatic club will present a german play "Eine Lustige Einguartierung" an entirely new production. It is sure to please all theater goers.

Tuesday evening October 20th, Groeschel's hall, F. W. Bucklin of West Bend, candidate for District attorney, without opposition, will discuss the topics of the day. All are invited.

Thursday evening, October 22nd at Frank Wietor's hall at Wayne, E. G. Gehl will be the speaker.

Tuesday evening, October 27th at Jos. Uelmen's place at St. Michaels, E. G. Gehl will address the audience.

Friday evening, October 30th in the M. W. A. hall at Boltonville, E. G. Gehl speaker.

Rolland Pieper of Juneau visited relatives here Saturday.

A. C. Buslaff made a business trip to Campbellsport Wednesday. Fred Antler of Oconto Falls spent Saturday with relatives and friends here.

Otto Steiner and son Jose of Lorima were callers here the latter part of the week.

Hattie, Dora and Carrie Buslaff spent Friday with the Peter Uelmen family at New Prospect.

—Fine job printing is a specialty of the Statesman. Give us a trial.



The Ambition of Mark Truitt

By HENRY RUSSELL MILLER

Author of "THE MAN HIGHER UP," "HIS RISE TO POWER," Etc.

(Copyright, 1913, by The Bobbs-Merrill Company)

SYNOPSIS.

Mark Truitt, encouraged by his sweet-heart, Emily, and his native town, to seek his fortune. Simon Truitt tells Mark that it long has been his dream to see a steel plant...

CHAPTER XX.

The Red Glow.

Henley did not know what an impetus he had given with his "Pick out the thing you want most and fight until you get it." Mark had not sought out Kazia...

"Kazia, if you should happen to invite me to breakfast—" "Oh, will you? Come soon. I—I am always waiting for you." But as he turned away from the telephone, something caught in his throat...

not far out, but though they paddled swiftly, their light craft was tossing like a cork before they reached shore. They made their landing, dragged the canoe to safety and fled to the cabin just as a wall of green and darkness swept down upon them.

city accepted the explanation, "are only for public consumption, though I—being in the public eye, so to speak—may rarely ignore them. So you, too, are from our city, Mrs. Whiting?" Kazia admitted it.

set that go. There are company matters I wish to discuss with you, and this seems an opportune occasion." The men regarded each other steadily for a moment.

MARKET REPORTS Milwaukee, Oct. 14, 1914. Butter—Creamery extras, 29c; prints, 30c; frsts, 27 1/2@28c; seconds, 24@26c; renovated, 24@25c; dairy, fancy, 27c.



"Can It Be—Of Course, It Is Truitt."

original rival in beneficence, a cloud no bigger than a man's hand had crept above the horizon. And if that cloud grew bigger, not MacGregor but Quinby himself might be eclipsed...

GOT THE ORDERS TWISTED

That Part of Case Clear to Great Detective, but He Was Silent as to the "Influence."

NOT WORRIED BY CAPTIVITY

Porpoises in New York Aquarium Seem by Their Antics to Be Enjoying Themselves.

BADGER NEWS NOTES

Superior—Chinese buried in Twin Ports' cemeteries are to find a resting place in burying grounds of the land of their nativity. Hun Toy, agent of the Chinese Combined Benefit society, is arranging for the exhumation of bodies, which are to be sent to San Francisco and held there until the number gathered from various parts of the United States totals enough to warrant chartering a boat to carry them to Hongkong.



On a Jutting Point They Found a Deserted Cabin.

CHAPTER XXII.

The Cleft Stick.

In Canada's capital, thinking themselves still safe, Mark had persuaded Kazia to stay over two days, that they might have one last uninterrupted bed together. It was a mistake, an anticlimax.

NOT WORRIED BY CAPTIVITY

Porpoises in New York Aquarium Seem by Their Antics to Be Enjoying Themselves.

NOT WORRIED BY CAPTIVITY

Porpoises in New York Aquarium Seem by Their Antics to Be Enjoying Themselves.

NOT WORRIED BY CAPTIVITY

Porpoises in New York Aquarium Seem by Their Antics to Be Enjoying Themselves.







# NEW FALL MERCHANDISE IS READY

## The Right Underwear for Men is STALEY'S

2-piece and union. It's better every year.  
Two-piece garments at 1.00, 1.50, 1.75 and 2.00  
Union suits at 1.00, 2.00, 3.00 to 5.00

## Men's Gloves and Mittens

Large display of fine and heavy Gloves and Mittens; look them over. 50c, 1.00 up to 2.00 a pair

## Holeproof Hosiery.

Fine Cassimere for fall and winter wear. A pair, 35c; box of 6 pairs, 2.00, with 6-months' guarantee.

## Rubbers Are Here.

Complete line of Rubbers for the entire family, plain, storm and buckle arctic.

## JULIA MARLOWE SHOES

### FOR WOMEN

For comfort, wear and style they lead them all.

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00

A PAIR

New line of Buckingham Skirts for young girls and women—\$5.00 to \$8.50

New Winter Caps for men and boys—50c to \$1.50

## New Wool Blankets

Strictly first quality, full size, all wool, pretty patterns, at 5.00 to 7.50

## Wool Blankets—Seconds

Will wear as good as firsts, 3.50 to 4.95

## Snyder Hosiery

You can buy this well known home product at our store. A pair—  
Children's, 40c to 60c  
Misses', 60c to 70c  
Ladies', 75c to 90c  
Men's gray and black, 60c

## Bath Robe Blankets

With cord to match. Good patterns, at 2.25 to 2.75

## Bath Robe Cloth

Heavy material in pretty patterns. A yard, at 39c

**BOERNER BROTHERS**  
MERCANTILE COMPANY,  
THE HOME OF HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES

# October Remnant Sale

Thursday, Friday, Saturday,  
October 15, 16 and 17.

This will be the biggest Remnant Sale we have ever had. Every department will offer its odd lots and short lengths at very low prices. Be sure to come.

**FASCINATING, FASHIONABLE & "CHIC"** are the new Fall garments we are showing. Graceful in design and stunning in appearance. All the new and fashionable fabrics are shown. We invite your critical comparison of our values.

**Warner's Rust Proof Corsets**  
for Comfort, Style and Durability.  
We have a style to fit you

**School Shoes.**  
You practice economy by buying the best footwear for yourself and children. We offer the largest selection of high grade shoes at very reasonable prices.

# Pick Brothers Company

West Bend, Wisconsin

## KEWASKUM STATESMAN

GEO. H. SCHMIDT, Editor & Proprietor

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Kewaskum, Wis., Oct. 17

## EDITORIAL

"War in the East! Peace in the West! Thank God for Wilson. This is the war cry that is carrying the Democrats to victory this fall."

While the Democrats of Wisconsin are harmonious and united in this campaign the Republicans are split badly by factional fights and every attempt to heal the old sores is proving a failure.

With one breath the Philipp organs say the Blaine candidacy doesn't amount to a hill of beans and with the other they abuse the Boscobel bolter with their best line of adjectives. It is to laugh.

That riot at the university of Wisconsin may serve to open the eyes of the people to the startling fact that the taxpayers of this state annually pay out nearly \$600,000 for the support of non-residents.

Gov. McGovern is the man whose administration was made famous by the organization of taxpayers' league to protest against outrageous extravagance. Future historians will find some rich material in this period.

If you wish to uphold President Wilson, vote for M. E. Burke for Representative and Paul O. Husting for U. S. Senator. THEY WILL work with Wilson. Also remember Judge Karel for Governor. He is a strong endorser of the Wilson administration.

Loyal supporters of President Wilson who do want to see him embarrassed in any manner while he is using every effort to keep the United States out of the maelstrom of war that is devastating Europe will vote for the Democratic candidates for congress.

In talking about Mr. Philipp being the citizens' and taxpayers' candidate the Milwaukee Sentinel overlooks the fact that Judge Karel began the fight against oppressive taxation two years before Mr. Philipp and appreciative citizens are not going to forget it when they go to the polls in November.

**The Mayville Meeting**  
When Judge John C. Karel returned to Milwaukee from Mayville where he addressed a Democratic meeting he was asked concerning the story printed in a Milwaukee Sunday paper saying the meeting was a failure and that less than 150 persons were in attendance.

"That report was absolutely untrue," said Judge Karel. The meeting was a grand success, and there were between 600 and 700 persons present. Teams and automobiles brought in the farmers for miles around Mayville and the town people turned out enthusiastically to welcome their fellow

citizen, Senator Paul O. Husting. The great crowd and the enthusiasm with which it greeted Senator Husting demonstrated the high esteem with which he is held in Dodge County and shows that the people of that section are giving hearty support to his candidacy for the United States senate. The meeting convinced me and everyone else who attended it that Senator Husting is one of Dodge county's most popular sons.

"I am at a loss to account for the misrepresentation regarding the attendance at the gathering. We have been taught to expect abuse from the editors of the opposition press but these publishers ought to report political meetings fairly if they wish to make good their assertions that they are newspapers. Subscribers to newspapers are entitled to the truth and when they do not receive it they are being defrauded. It is to be sincerely hoped that we shall not witness such another case of misdirected partisanship during the remainder of the campaign as has been shown in this Mayville affair."

### Bob Cuts Loose

There is weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth in the camp of Philipp, Pfister and Plutoeracy.

There will be no LaFollette support for the Stalwart candidate for Governor, but bitter, unrelenting warfare. In the current issue of his weekly, Senator LaFollette places himself squarely on record of endorsing the independent candidacy of John J. Blaine of Boscobel. Senator LaFollette makes it plain that he desires everyone of his faithful supporters to rally at once to the Blaine standard. This means that a great mass of Republican voters will not support the nominee of the party. Senator LaFollette says that Mr. Philipp is "not the representative of the well settled progressive policy of the people of this state" and calls attention to the fact that Philipp was made the Republican candidate by a minority vote of about one-third, the remainder of the Republican vote being divided among five other candidates known as progressive.

Senator LaFollette described Mr. Philipp as an old-time supporter of railway and other corporate interests. He again alludes to him as the "stand-pat" candidate who obtained his nomination "with the old time Stalwart vote of 45,000."

Bob gleefully alludes to the fact that his enemy McGovern received less than one-third of the Republican votes polled. Senator LaFollette insists that he is not a boss and to prove his assertion says:

"Had I been in any sense a boss or in control of a political machine in Wisconsin, the orders of which were issued and obeyed in accordance with political machine methods, does anyone suppose for a moment that there would have been five progressive Republican candidates in the field inviting defeat by a divided vote?"

### The Democratic Press

For two years the Milwaukee Journal has used every ingenious distortion at its command to spread a belief that Hon. Wm. J. Bryan did not mean what he said when, in his Milwaukee speech, he urged all Democrats to vote

the Democratic state ticket. This year, WITH THE SAME NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR, The Journal prints conspicuously in its news columns, under the heading "Bryan Coming" the following dispatch by a staff correspondent:

Washington.—Secretary Bryan will speak in Milwaukee at a night meeting Oct. 28, to be held by the Wisconsin Democracy IN AID OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.—Port Washington Star.

As one interested in the election of Karel and of Husting, we don't see how anything more suspicious could have occurred at this time than the introduction into the campaign of John J. Blaine of Boscobel as an independent candidate for governor of Wisconsin.—Waupaca Record Leader.

Philipp was nominated on a platform condemning the whole McGovern administration. With the nomination of McGovern, on his record as governor, it was plain to the platform builders that they must build a structure that would face both ways. In the second paragraph of their new platform they "commend the present administration," that is the McGovern administration that made taxes high and the administration which the Philipp people have been condemning all summer.—Sauk Co. Democrat.

As a result of this new phase of the entering of John J. Blaine as Progressive candidate, we find the Republican party hopelessly divided and if there was ever a time when Democratic success seemed assured, it is now.—Shoebogans Press.

### Congressman Cline Corners Republicans

The House of Representatives consists of 290 Democrats and 127 Republicans. What support did these important (the tariff, currency trust and other administration) measures receive from the Republican party? It must be admitted that these measures are party platform measures; if they did not have real merit, they would have been opposed by the united opposition. What is the record?

Seven Republicans (and Progressives) voted for the Underwood tariff bill.

Thirty-eight Republicans voted for the currency bill.

Forty-seven Republicans voted for the anti-trust (Clayton) bill.

Only 12 Republicans voted against the trade commission bill. Republicans ought to stop criticizing the Democratic administration or stop voting for its measures. There are some Republicans who profess to believe that there is a chance to return to power in the November election. I want to submit a few interrogatories to that class of Republicans who place the welfare of the country above party:

Do you want to return the Republican party to power and reinstate Cannonism? You know what will happen if the Republicans elect the next House.

Do you want to repeal the Underwood Tariff bill and substitute the Payne-Aldrich law? Do you want to repeal the new currency system and turn your fiscal affairs back to Wall street to manage for you again. Do you think the anti-trust

islation ought to be repealed and the Morgan-Rockefeller combination once more given a free hand?

Are you satisfied with the income tax law that saves you a hundred millions a year in your taxes.

Do you not believe that the United States senators ought to be elected by the people.

Are you anxious to repeal the parcel post law and go back to the express companies that robbed you for years with excessive charges?

Is the old soldier satisfied with the Sherwood pension law?

Does he want to trust the Republican party to legislate for him that disappointed him for fourteen years?

Does the Spanish-American soldier have any complaint of a Democratic Congress that provided a pension for his wife and minor children if he should be taken from his family?

Is union labor willing to repudiate the party that protected it with legislation and return to power that party that turned a deaf ear to its appeal? If you are satisfied with this progressive legislation, why should you take the chance of a change?—From speech by Congressman Cline, of Ind., in H. of R.

### CEDAR LAWN

Leonard Gudex visited his sister Charlotte over Sunday.

Paul Schanaman is suffering from quinsy at this writing.

Henry Rauch of Ashford called on friends here last Sunday.

Albert Tripp of Mitchell made a business trip here last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Raulf of Lomira visited friends here last Sunday.

Herman Schultz of Milwaukee transacted business here last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Gudex made a trip to Waucousta last Sunday.

John L. Gudex attended to business matters at Kewaskum last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Majerus of Parnell visited the former's mother here last Sunday.

A small bridge is about to be constructed near the Aug Schanaman farm this week.

The wet weather has delayed all kinds of farm work, potato digging is at a standstill.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Krueger of Ashford visited with the Adam Jaeger family last Sunday.

A. J. Kraemer who spent a few days with his brother P. A. Kraemer and family returned to Fond du Lac last Saturday.

Alfred Eichstaedt autoed here with Rose Rauch last Sunday. They were returning home from New Prospect where they attended the dance last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Kraemer attended the celebration of the 10th marriage anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Yankow at the Yankow brothers home near Campbellsport last Sunday.

### DUNDEE

Oscar Marquardt leased the Chas. Baetz farm.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Simon visited at Mike Tunn's the past week.

Roy Hennings of Fond du Lac called on relatives here last week.

Henry Haback of Kewaskum spent Sunday at the Henning home.

Mrs. Chas. Jandy and daughter Inna spent last week in Milwaukee.

Tim Murphy of Milwaukee is spending a few weeks with relatives here.

G. Mc Dougal and Chas. Jandy transacted business in Fond du Lac last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Kellner of Random Lake spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Haegler.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gernity of Mitchell spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mangan.

A large number from here attended the duck and goose tournament at New Prospect last Sunday.

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. Koepke who died last Saturday, was held at the Lutheran church last Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Schaper and daughter of Milwaukee are spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Gerling and Miss Amelia Mayer of Milwaukee spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Jandy making the trip in their auto.

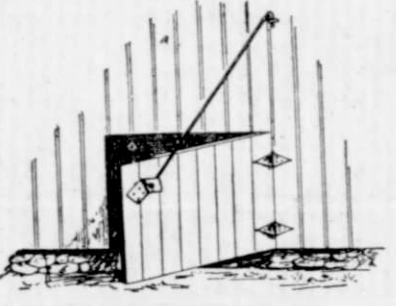
Henry Mangan has a crew of masons and carpenters at work erecting a residence on the lot north of his home on Second St. It will be a modern improvement to the city.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A good 60 acre farm, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Wayne and 3 miles south of St. Kilian. For particulars inquire of Peter Steichen, 1553 - 20th St., Milwaukee, Wis. 9-25-tf

### KEEP HEAVY DOORS IN PLACE

Iron Rod Used as Brace Will Prevent Sagging on Hinges—Illustration is Self-Explanatory.

To prevent heavy doors from sagging on their hinges an iron rod is used as a brace. Take a piece of strap iron bent at right angles, with holes punched through for bolts and brace



Prevents Sagging Doors.

rod. Then a three-eighths or one-half inch iron rod which hooks in eye on one side of building. The screw eye must be secured in post or rafter tightly in a direct line with hinges, then hook in rod, tighten top and the door cannot sag.

### THREE ESSENTIALS FOR COW

Pure Water and Air and Reasonable Amount of Exercise Are Needed for Proper Development.

(By L. M. BENNINGTON.)

Some of the leading dairy authorities may argue as they may, but many good dairymen believe that the time is past when a man with an ordinary degree of intelligence should advocate the practice of putting the cows in the stable in the fall and compel them to remain there until spring.

This practice may not prove detrimental to the individuals during the one generation that is so managed, but how about the succeeding generation and their progeny? Will they not be weakened?

The very first law of animal health is pure water and pure air and a reasonable amount of exercise, and no animal can be properly developed in all of its organs and functions unless it is provided with these three essentials.

### Hillside Crops.

Records of crops will show that the trees grown on the hillside or at the top of elevations have a greater percentage of crop years than those in the hollow. This condition is primarily due to the air drainage or to difference of temperature between the low ground and that a few feet higher up. Experiments have shown that on still, frosty nights there has been a difference of 15 degrees in as many feet between the bottom of a ravine or hollow and the top nearby.

### The Compost Heap.

A few old fence rails, built together in a square in the garden will hold all the rubbish that is fit for decomposition. Add to it the weeds from the garden and manure and all ashes from the house. Pour the wash water over it and allow it to pack thoroughly. It will be of value for next spring, while it concentrates now all the waste refuse and prevents the hens from broadcasting it again.

### Fresh Air for Horse.

Do not attempt to secure warmth in the stables by banking windows and closing everything up tightly. The horse is a breathing animal and needs fresh air, but it should be supplied without exposure to drafts.

### Expensive Laziness.

It saves a lot of work to dump the corn for cattle on the ground and let them dig it out of the dirt at their convenience, but it is a mighty expensive form of laziness.



Our busy brewers are here every day turning out that delightful beverage Lithia Beer. They are very busy too—because more people are daily learning of the wonderful food and medicinal value of Lithia Beer. That's why we urge you to try it. Telephone No. 9.

## WEST BEND BREWING CO.

WEST BEND, WISCONSIN

## Engagement Rings.

It's a matter of taste with a man whether he prefers a blonde or a brunette for his wife, as it is also a matter of taste whether he chooses a Diamond, a Pearl, a Sapphire or an Opal to present to his fiancée as an Engagement Ring.

We have all kinds of precious stones, set in many beautiful designs and combinations to suit all tastes, all fancies and all purses, that are gems of the jewelers' and goldsmiths' art.

MRS. K. ENDLICH The Leading Jeweler KEWASKUM



## FLY NETS AND LAP ROBES.

Did you ever stop to consider the amount of horse flesh you are saving by getting a Fly Net for your horse? You can get a single net at 1.25 and up, a pair of team nets at 3.00 and up at Val. Peters'. All kinds of Harness and Collars at price consistent with the present leather market. Pads and Whips at

VAL. PETERS' KEWASKUM, Wis.

Keep Your Stomach and Liver Healthy  
A vigorous stomach, perfect working liver and regular acting bowels is guaranteed if you will use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They insure good digestion, correct Constipation and have an excellent tonic effect on the whole system—Purify your blood and rid you of all body poisons through the bowels. Only 25c at your Druggist.

**Frank W. Bucklin**  
LAWYER  
Opera House Block, West Bend  
In Kewaskum  
—The Statesman has a circulation that makes it a very desirable medium for advertisers.



Time Table—C.&N.W.R'y

Table with 2 columns: Train No. and Time. Includes North Bound and South Bound schedules.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Erwin Koch was a Milwaukee caller Monday. Mrs. August Bilgo spent Monday at Fond du Lac. Edwin Miller was a Milwaukee visitor one day last week.

Arthur Nenz and family and Mrs. C. F. Nenz of Milwaukee visited with Mrs. C. Oeder and family from Friday until Sunday afternoon.

At the annual meeting of the Badger Firemen's Association held at Jackson last Sunday it was decided to hold the 1915 tournament at North Milwaukee.

FALL & WINTER GOODS. We are showing a bigger and better line of Fall and Winter Goods than ever before. Our assortment is large. All goods were bought before the rise in prices, and you get the benefit.

Extra Heavy Stock in Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Woolen Blankets, Men's and Boys' Coats and Shoes. All departments are filled to their capacity.

L. ROSENHEIMER KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

BOLTONVILLE Miss Theresa Enright of Chicago is visiting relatives here. Ed. Woog of Random Lake was a village caller Saturday.

ELMORE Louis Sabisch moved onto the Jake Haessly farm Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. M. Weiss and family spent Sunday with Otto Backhaus a family.

WAYNE A large number of autos were in our burg Sunday. Mr. Moll and family of Cascade spent Sunday with Wm. Abel and family.

ST. KILIAN Mrs. Ph. Strobel left Wednesday on a brief visit with relatives at Hartford. Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Kral last Saturday a baby girl. Congratulations.

HERMAN W. MEILAHN UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER LADY ASSISTANT WHEN DESIRED

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

A Thousand to One. Ever think about this? There seems to be a thousand ways to spend money to one chance to make it.

Bank of Kewaskum Kewaskum, Wisconsin

FURNITURE PIANOS

SEWING MACHINES

Our Cookies Just Like Mother's! Munchin' One With Omar.

"Yum, Yum!" Kiddies Know! ROMAN SMITH PROPRIETOR OF THE KEWASKUM BAKERY KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN



ERLER & WEISS, DESIGNERS OF AND DEALERS IN MARBLE & GRANITE MONUMENTS.

MRS. K. ENDLICH Carpet Weaver Kewaskum, Wis.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT. Harley... Wheat... Potatoes...

Apply Sloan's Freely for Lumbago. Your attacks of Lumbago are not nearly so hopeless as they seem.



SEARCHING FOR SPIES IN BELGIUM



Since the discovery of German spies in sacks supposed to contain vegetables, the Belgian soldiers run their bayonets through all packages and bundles on wagons passing along the roads.

ANTWERP TAKEN AFTER SIEGE OF ELEVEN DAYS

King and Army Retreat to Ostend when the Germans Enter the City.

BRITISH AIDED THE DEFENSE

Three English Naval Brigades Helped Belgians—Kaiser's Forces Expected to Advance on Ostend—Airships Drop Bombs on French Capital—Minor News of the War From Various Points.

London, Oct. 13.—The capture of Antwerp by the Germans is to be followed by an attack on Ostend, according to information received here from The Hague.

Messages which arrived in London said a large force of Germans was marching on the seashore resort to which the larger part of the Belgian and British troops retreated after they had been forced to give up the defense of the temporary capital of the nation on Friday.

King Albert of Belgium and practically all of the national officials are in Ostend. The Germans, it is said, hope to make them prisoners. The queen is in England, having taken a steamer from Antwerp when it was seen that the fall of the city was inevitable.

The reports that King Albert had been wounded persist. Persons who saw the king with his troops on Friday state that he had one arm in a sling.

Siege Lasted Only Eleven Days. Paris, Oct. 12.—The forts surrounding Antwerp and the city are now in complete possession of the Germans, but the greater part of the Belgian army has escaped.

It took the Germans just 11 days to capture one of the strongest fortresses in the world.

An official admission that the British participated in the defense of Antwerp is contained in the admiralty announcement that three naval brigades with heavy guns had been sent there during the last week of the German attack.

The announcement adds that in the retreat from Antwerp two of the British brigades reached Ostend safely.

The other, however, was cut off to the north of Lokeren (a town of East Flanders, 12 miles northeast of Ghent), and 2,000 of the men were interned in Holland.

The retreat of the Belgian army was accomplished successfully.

The losses of the British naval brigades probably will be less than three hundred out of a total of 3,000 men.

The fall of Antwerp is evidence that even the most powerful forts are no match for the colossal howitzers which the invaders have successfully employed against every fortified place that stood in their way.

These huge guns open gaps through which the besiegers find an entrance for their field artillery and infantry.

The Germans, after shelling the city itself for many hours, making it untenable, entered the town through the suburb of Berchem, to the east. They had made a breach in the outer line of forts, some of which were destroyed by the big guns and others blown up by the defenders.

The Germans followed similar plans in dealing with the inner belt of forts and at the same time threw shells into the city which set off many places.

placed by a white flag, indicating surrender.

Belgian Army Escaped.

A few forts continued to hold out, and it was not until eleven o'clock in the morning that the Germans, according to their own official report, were in complete possession of the city and fortresses.

When they arrived they found that the Belgian field army and at least part of the garrison had anticipated them, and, like the king and royal family, had escaped.

The death toll resulting from the attack on and defense of Antwerp has not been compiled, and probably the full details never will be known; but all accounts describe it as terribly heavy.

The Germans, although their big guns cleared a path for them, had to sacrifice many lives in crossing the rivers and canals and in driving out the defenders, who held the intrenchments to the last.

Refugees Flock to London.

Crowds of refugees arrived in London. Most of them left Antwerp Thursday night, and their accounts of the attack are confused.

The Belgians themselves besides destroying the forts, blew up steamers at the docks and set fire to the petrol stores and everything that could be of use to the invaders.

They also took away what the transports could carry.

Berchem, where the military and other hospitals, the orphanage and some public buildings are situated, is reported to be entirely destroyed.

Even if this is an exaggeration, it must be badly damaged, as it was burning at least two days.

The Antwerp railway stations also made marks for the shells from the big guns, but according to some of those who remained in the city the cathedral, although hit by shells, is only slightly damaged.

Germany has imposed a fine of 20,000,000 pounds sterling (\$300,000,000) on Antwerp as a war indemnity.

A dispatch from The Hague says that according to trustworthy information from Belgium the Germans are advancing swiftly toward Ostend with the object of capturing the Belgian king, queen and government officials.

It is said the queen has left for England. A dispatch from Rotterdam, Holland, says King Albert and the main Belgian and British forces reached Ostend safely in their retreat from Antwerp.

READY TO TAKE OFFENSIVE

Entire German Front Preparing for Move, the Kaiser Believes Will Be Decisive.

London, Oct. 13.—The whole German front is preparing to take the offensive again along a battle line no less than three hundred miles long.

German cavalry has advanced within thirty miles of Ostend; Ghent, according to a dispatch to the London Star from Rotterdam, has been captured by the invaders.

Uhlans, screening a heavy Prussian force, have been encountered all through the territory west of Lille.

These are maneuvers covering the establishment of the new Belgium battle line reaching out from and connecting with the German right wing in France.

Attack Renewed on Oise. Between Arras and the Oise the enemy has renewed his attacks with increasing fury; the plateau north of Soissons continues to be the scene of vigorous offensive movements by the Kaiser's forces, and Verdun, for eight weeks under almost incessant fire from the German guns, now is to be made the target of the monster howitzers that reduced Antwerp.

Belfort, too, is to be battered by the monster siege guns.

The fall of Antwerp was essential to the consummation of far greater and more stupendous plan of campaign being initiated by the German staff, if for no other reason than that it signalled the crushing of Belgium, making three-quarters of the kingdom solidly held by the Kaiser; it eliminated Antwerp as a thorn in the side of Germany, and lastly and most important, it released 130,000 men and the besieging army's big guns, making them available for active operations against the more formidable opponent in

France which the Kaiser could not move.

This force under General von Beseler, it is expected, will shortly swing in the southwesterly direction, seeking a junction with the army under General von Boehm, who is supporting von Kluck just over the border.

Signal for General Attack. The attempt of this Antwerp attacking army to effect this junction in its westward movement toward the coast will be the signal, military experts here believe, for a general attack along the whole German battle front.

The French general staff has anticipated this strategy and during the past week is reported to have concentrated sufficient troops at Ostend, including the newly arrived British forces, the Canadian regiments who are reported to have arrived there, and the Belgians, who have come to Antwerp, to be ready to meet the new German front.

The greatest activity in France aside from the cavalry movements west of Lille occurred in the region of La-signy, Roye, Lens and Arras. The heaviest fighting took place at Lens, where repeated assaults by the Germans were repulsed with great losses, according to the French official communiqué.

The French war office also reports progress in the engagement being fought on the plateau before Soissons, on the right bank of the Aisne, and to the east and southeast of Verdun. In the Vosges the Germans essayed numerous night attacks in the region of Bau-de-Sapt, north of St. Die, with no success. They were forced to retire.

German Official Statement. London, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to Reuter's from Berlin says the German general staff issued this statement covering operations in the east:

"In the eastern theater we repulsed in the north all attacks of the First and Tenth Russian armies on October 9 and 10. The Russian outflanking efforts by way of Schirwindt (East Prussia) equally were repulsed and the Russians lost 1,000 prisoners.

"In South Poland the advance guards of our armies have reached the Vistula. Near Grojec, south of Warsaw, we captured 2,000 men of the Second Siberian army corps.

"The Russian official communication about a great Russian victory at Augustow and Suwalki (Russian Poland) are invented. The fact that no official Russian communication has been published about the tremendous defeats at Tannenberg and Interberg (both in East Prussia) vouches a lack of reliable official information."

More Bombs Dropped on Paris. Paris, Oct. 5.—A German aeroplane made another bomb raid on Paris. No one was killed and little damage was caused by the explosives. The daring pilot was chased by French aviators, but escaped.

About mid-afternoon a Taube aeroplane circled over the city, dropping six bombs. Two of the explosives fell between two railroad trains that were about to pull out of the Northern railroad station. The missiles did not explode, and later were found imbedded in two feet of earth. The railroad trains were crowded with passengers.

Other bombs fell in the Rue Pouchet, on the Boulevard Benaires and on the Boulevard Clichy, but did no damage.

A bomb dropped at St. Ouen did not explode. This missile fell within a short distance of a large paint factory, where there is a gasoline tank with a capacity of 80,000 gallons.

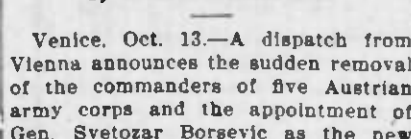
GENERAL NEWS OF THE WAR

Austrian Commanders Removed From the Field—Russian Cruiser Sunk by German Submarines.

Venice, Oct. 13.—A dispatch from Vienna announces the sudden removal of the commanders of five Austrian army corps and the appointment of Gen. Svetozar Borsevich as the new commander of the third army.

The commanders dismissed are Gen. Baron Giesl von Gieslingen of the Eighth army corps; Gen. Kolosovary von Kolosvary of the Eleventh army corps, and Gen. Meixner von Zwellenstann of the Seventh army corps, and the commanders of the Sixth and Seventeenth corps.

TURCOS NOT ALWAYS PITILESS



That the French Turcos are not always the ferocious savages they have been called is evidenced by this photograph, in which some of them are seen caring for a wounded German soldier.

trot throughout the crooked streets of Sedan, the men uttering repeated cheers, and everywhere throwing the inhabitants into a panic of fear. With the cries of 'The lancers! The lancers!' the citizens fled to their houses and barred windows and doors behind them.

"Straggling soldiers who happened to be in the streets, threw their guns away and joined in the flight. Count Wedel fired with his revolver at a number of persons who still retained their guns and these hastily threw

their weapons away. At one street corner the count suddenly encountered a detachment of 30 French infantrymen, who opened a rapid fire on the patrol. One noncommissioned officer fell, both he and his horse struck by several bullets. Sergeant Janssen, who regularly rode beside Count Wedel, and who had characterized himself by great fearlessness, gave the patrol, which was 30 paces in the rear, the signal to halt, and the little group retired at a sharp gallop, under a steady fire from the houses.

Wounded Sheriff Dead. Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 13.—Former Sheriff J. M. Henshaw, who was shot through the head by an assassin several days ago, died of his wounds. Two arrests have been made, but there is no proof as to the assassin.

Suspected Leprosy Arrested. Reno, Nev., Oct. 12.—A Mexican giving the name of Velasquez, but believed to be Jose Pavano, who apparently is suffering from leprosy, was arrested. He admitted being where a case was reported.

The newly appointed commanders are General Arz, Sixth corps; General Criesler, Seventh corps; General Scheuchemstuel, Eighth corps; General Lubieck, Eleventh corps, and Gen. Kritex, Seventeenth corps. It is officially stated that the commanders retired on their own request because of reasons of health. The newspapers of Vienna make no comment on the changes.

Russ Cruiser and 568 Men Lost. Petrograd, Oct. 14.—It is officially announced that a German submarine torpedoed and sank the Russian armored cruiser Pallada in the Baltic sea. Of the Pallada's crew of 580 men 568 were lost.

The Pallada was attacked by the submarine while she was in the act of pursuing a Dutch ship in the Baltic, evidently to board her and ascertain her destination and cargo. The Pallada went to the bottom at the first attack.

The submarine then turned upon two of the Pallada's sister ships, which were cruising near by. The cruisers opened fire on the German boat and it plunged under the surface and disappeared.

Russ Flee From Przemysl. London, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegraph company says:

"A telegram from Vienna states it is officially announced that the Austrian rapid advance has relieved Przemysl, Galicia, of the Russians. The Austrians have entered the fortress at all points and where the Russians attempted resistance they were beaten. The Russians fled in the direction of the River San, attempting to cross at Sniava and Lenayak, where a great number were captured."

The Austrians also claim victories over the Russians at Lancut and Dnyow, in Galicia.

Germans Rout French Cavalry. London, Oct. 14.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegraph company from Berlin, by way of Amsterdam, gives the following statement issued by the German general staff: "Our cavalry completely routed a French cavalry division west of Lille and near Hazebrouck we inflicted severe losses on another French cavalry division. Until now the engagements on the front in the western theater did not lead to a decision."

"About the booty at Antwerp no reports can be made."

Kaiser Rushes Troops to France. London, Oct. 14.—Three German army corps (129,000 men) have been released from the siege of Antwerp and are being rushed to France, says a dispatch from the Belgian capital.

Belgians Reach Holland. The Hague, Oct. 14.—A dispatch to the Nieuwe Courant from Hulst, Holland, quotes a Belgian officer as saying that the total number of Belgian and British soldiers who have crossed from Belgium into Holland is about 26,000.

German Armies in the Field. Romo, Oct. 12.—From reliable information it is learned that German forces at present engaged consist of 54 army corps, 27 of the line troops and 27 of reserves, totaling 2,200,000 men and distributed as follows:

Belgium	24
France	6
Thorn-Craoow	13
East Prussia	13
In addition there are 1,500,000 territorialists garrisoned in Germany. Half a million recruits are expected to be fully trained by November.	

More Aid From Australia. London, Oct. 12.—The official press bureau tonight announced that the British war office had accepted the offer made by Australia to send over another light horse brigade with a field ambulance corps.

Russian War Report. Petrograd, Oct. 12.—The following official statement was issued tonight by the chief of the general staff:

"On October 11 fighting began on the left bank of the Vistula, in the direction of Ivangorod and Warsaw. There is no change at other points on our front."

Prussian War Casualties. London, Oct. 13.—The 44 lists of losses in the Prussian army, which have been published, contain a total of 211,000 killed, wounded and missing. They lists do not include losses among the Bavarians, Saxons and Wurtembergians.

MENACE MEXICO CITY

ZAPATA FORCES ATTACK SUBURBS OF THE CAPITAL.

Reign of Terror Follows Until They Agree Not to Turn Guns on to City.

Mexico City, Oct. 14.—An attack Saturday night on San Angel, Xochimilco, and other suburbs of Mexico City by adherents of Emiliano Zapata, caused a reign of terror in the capital.

The suspense was relieved when it was officially announced that Zapata's followers had agreed to cease all fighting until the termination of the peace conference between the northern and southern constitutionalist generals at Aguas Calientes. The troubles in the suburbs were satisfactorily adjusted.

The invaders entered San Angel at seven o'clock Saturday night, and heavy firing was begun. The telephone operators were compelled to flee from the exchange, making communication between the suburbs and the city proper difficult.

The government immediately impressed a number of the striking street car motormen into service and rushed 1,500 men with artillery to San Angel to re-enforce the garrison there. Fighting in the streets between the invaders and the defenders followed.

Xochimilco was surrounded by the Zapata men, and re-enforcements also were rushed to that place on tram cars which were impressed into service.

The authorities of Mexico City expressed fear of a general attack, and families living in Coyacan and Mixcoac began moving into the city.

The feeling of intense suspense in the capital, however, was allayed when the official statement gave assurances that Mexico City would not be attacked.

FLASHES OFF THE WIRE

Port Riley, Kan., Oct. 13.—Arizona's National Guard team won the national division rifle competition "L" that ended here. Arizona, 3,514; United States army, 3,500; Kansas N. G., 3,472; Indiana N. G., 3,423.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Innes of Eugene, Ore., were jointly indicted on charges of murdering Neils, Elops Dennis and Miss Beatrice Neils, both of Atlanta, Ga., and of conspiracy.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 12.—The legislature has defeated the bill creating the Bank of Texas, which had a proposed capital stock of \$25,000,000. The measure was primarily for the relief of the cotton producers.

Stockholm, Cal., Oct. 12.—Following a long debate on Friday afternoon the California State Federation of Labor went on record as opposed to the minimum wage for women and minors amendment.

London, England, Oct. 12.—General Grandi, minister of war in the Italian cabinet, has resigned. The resignation was the result of newspaper criticism of the work done in his department.

Genoa, Italy, via Paris, Oct. 12.—Several cases of plague have been reported at Saloniki, and as a result 11 steamers that were to sail from here for that port have suspended their departure.

TO PROTECT OUR EXPORTERS

Utterance of President Wilson Gives Big Impetus to American Foreign Trade.

Washington, Oct. 14.—In one of the most important utterances since the beginning of the European war President Wilson gave a tremendous impetus to American foreign trade, and incidentally to the expansion of the American merchant marine.

The president said that the United States is prepared to protect to the utmost the rights of shippers of American exports when such goods are being transported in vessels flying neutral flags. This is an assurance of protection from confiscation by belligerents of the following classes of exports:

Grain, meat, and other food and all other conditional contrabands of war consigned to any destination in neutral countries or to belligerent countries for the consumption by non-combatants only.

Arms, munitions, horses, and other absolute contraband of war consigned to neutral countries and not for the use of the present belligerents.

If the policy announced by the president is carried out the United States will insist that justice be done the shippers of American goods in neutral vessels which may be seized by a belligerent.

283 Vessels Built in U. S. Washington, Oct. 13.—There were 283 sailing, steam and unrigged vessels of 56,510 gross tons built in the United States during the three months ending September 30 last, according to the bureau of navigation.

Pitcher Hurt in Auto Crash. St. Louis, Oct. 13.—Earl Hamilton, pitcher for the St. Louis Americans, and five girls were injured seriously—several of the girls probably fatally—in an automobile accident on the East side of the Eads bridge.

Wounded Sheriff Dead. Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 13.—Former Sheriff J. M. Henshaw, who was shot through the head by an assassin several days ago, died of his wounds. Two arrests have been made, but there is no proof as to the assassin.

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UHLANS MADE DARING RIDE

German Lieutenant and Twelve Men Penetrated into Sedan and Caused Panic.

Berlin.—The second extended report issued by the general staff describes a scouting expedition of First Lieutenant Count Wedel, who, at the head of his regiment of uhlans rode, August 25, from Bouillon toward Sedan, charged with discovering whether the latter place was occupied by the en-

emy. The account says: "French troops already had marched through Sedan and crossed the Maas. Notwithstanding the fact that German troops had been fired upon frequently by remnants of the French troops and also from the windows of houses, Count Wedel, accompanied only by two uhlans, rode on toward Sedan. At the entrance to the city he encountered a patrolling party of three-quarters of the king's light, augmented by his own regiment, whom he ordered to join him. With these 12 men Count Wedel rode at a brisk

troop throughout the crooked streets of Sedan, the men uttering repeated cheers, and everywhere throwing the inhabitants into a panic of fear. With the cries of 'The lancers! The lancers!' the citizens fled to their houses and barred windows and doors behind them.

"Straggling soldiers who happened to be in the streets, threw their guns away and joined in the flight. Count Wedel fired with his revolver at a number of persons who still retained their guns and these hastily threw

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# WORLD'S SERIES WON BY BOSTON

BRAVES BREAK RECORDS IN  
CLIMB TO WORLD'S  
CHAMPIONS.

## TAKE FOUR STRAIGHT GAMES

Not Since the National Commission Took Charge of These Contests in 1905 Had This Feat Been Achieved.

### RESULT OF SERIES.

First Game—Boston, 7; Philadelphia, 1; pitchers, Rudolph and Bender.  
Second Game—Boston, 1; Philadelphia, 0; pitchers, James and Plank.  
Third Game—Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 4; pitchers, Tyler and James, and Bush.  
Fourth Game—Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 1; pitchers, Rudolph and Shawk, and Pennock.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 14.—The Boston National league completed the most sensational record in modern professional baseball by defeating the Philadelphia Americans in the fourth and final game of the world's series at Fenway park on Tuesday by a score of 3 to 1.

Beginning with their rush from last place in the senior league in the middle of July the Braves have broken traditions and records in the national sport with speed and abandon during the last three months. They emerged late Tuesday afternoon champions of the universe, leaving a trail of startling surprises and upsets in their wake which it will be hard to duplicate in years to come.

Last but far from the least of their accomplishments was the overthrow in four consecutive games of the world famous baseball machine of Connie Mack, with its \$100,000 infield, home run heroes and corps of skilfully blended veteran and youthful pitching stars.

To crush completely and decisively the great combination which has represented Philadelphia in the American league in recent years is honor enough for any rival baseball club, but the Braves did even better, for they established a new world's series record by winning in succession the four games necessary to clinch the title.

Not since the national commission assumed charge of these annual inter-league contests in 1905, has this feat been achieved until Tuesday. Several clubs have won four out of five games, and in the early days of the Temple cup and National league vs. American association, straight victories were chronicled. In 1884 Providence defeated the Metropolitans three straight.

Connie Mack, the Athletics' leader, is the only manager who has won three world's championships and he appears to have stumbled over the mystic fourth, just as Managers McCraw, Jennings, Chance and Mack have all failed to win four league occupants in a row.

## MOVE CAPITAL TO HAVRE

Belgian Government Removed From Ostend to French Soil—Third Move Since Fall of Liege.

London, Oct. 14.—The headquarters of the Belgian government were transferred to Havre on Tuesday. With the exception of King Albert, who remains at the head of the army, the minister of war, the members of the cabinet with other government officials and the diplomatic corps left Ostend by steamer for the French port, where they will carry on the affairs of state and where hospitality has been offered them by the French government.

The American and Spanish ministers, both of whom still are at Brussels, are the only diplomatic representatives accredited to Belgium remaining in that country.

This is the third move of the Belgian capital since the Germans silenced the forts of Liege. The government first moved from Brussels to Antwerp; thence to Ostend, and on Tuesday across the line to Havre. This final change followed quickly upon the German westward advance, which was begun immediately after the fall of Antwerp.

Boers Start Revolt.  
London, Oct. 14.—The rebellion of a section of the Dutch element in south Africa, which broke on Tuesday with the suddenness of a bolt from the blue, is the first warning note that has marred the harmony of the British empire since the outbreak of the war, and it has momentarily diverted attention from the arena near the heart of the empire.

## GERMANS SWEEP POLAND.

London, Oct. 14.—With the exception of Warsaw, the Germans are reported to be in occupation of practically all of Poland, indicating an advance of more than 100 miles into Russian territory.

## NEW PAPAL STATE SECRETARY.

Rome, Oct. 14.—Cardinal Pietro Gaspari has been appointed papal secretary of state to succeed the late Cardinal Ferrata. He was proclaimed a cardinal in 1907.

## STRANDED AMERICANS RETURN.

Copenhagen, Oct. 13, via London, Oct. 14.—The steamer Frederick VIII, sailed on Tuesday for New York, taking the last party of Americans who have been stranded here. The vessel was crowded.

## ARMISTICE AT TSING-TAU.

Tokyo, Oct. 14.—The Japanese and Germans have agreed to an armistice and have ceased fighting temporarily around Tsing Tau while the dead and wounded are removed.

## SENEGALESE CAVALRYMEN TAKING REFRESHMENT



INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

## PRESIDENT POINCARE VISITS HIS TROOPS



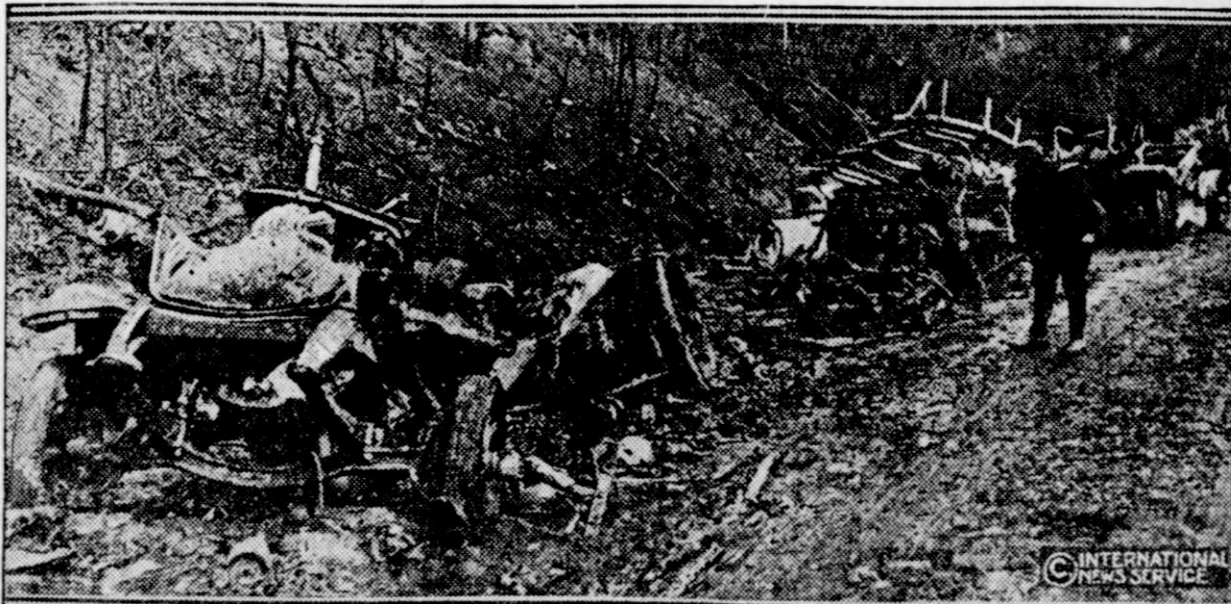
President Poincare paid a visit to his army on the battle front recently and is here shown (bearded man with soft hat) inspecting some of the hard-fighting soldiers of France.

## BERLIN WOMEN FEEDING CHILDREN OF SOLDIERS



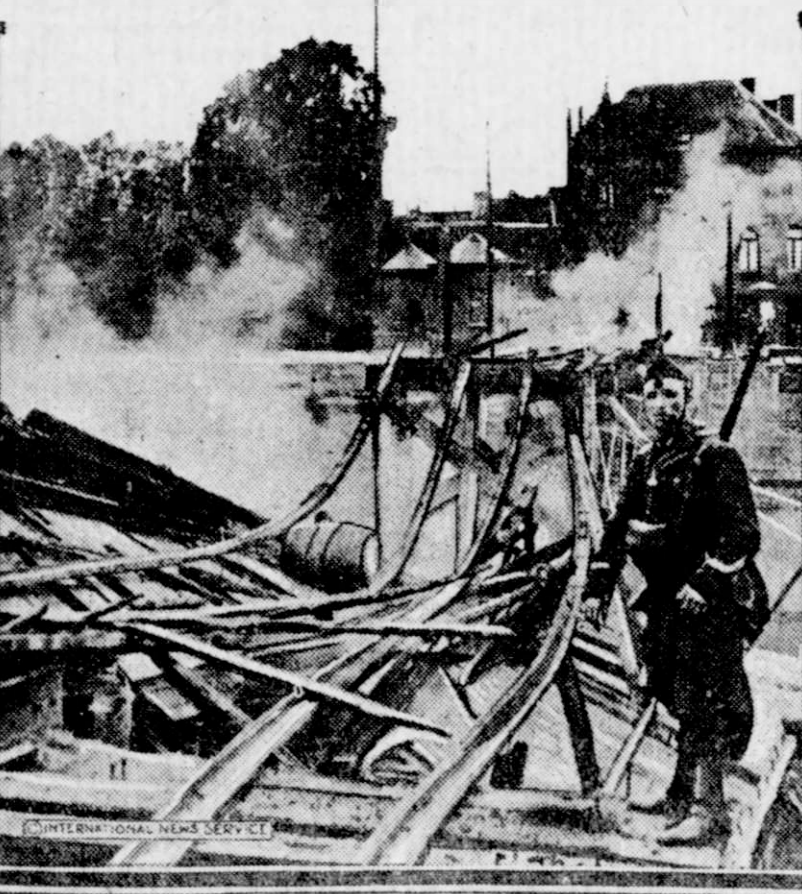
Scene in Berlin showing the children of men who are fighting for the fatherland, being fed by the Berliner Frauen Unterstuetzungs Verein (Berlin Ladies' Relief society).

## GERMAN MOTOR TRAIN DESTROYED BY FRENCH



This German motor train was attacked by French dragoons in the forest of Villers-Cotterel and utterly destroyed.

## HAMPERING THE GERMAN OPERATIONS



This is the way the Belgians destroyed the railway which was the German line of communication between the army in France and Brussels.

## WOUNDED ALGERIAN FIGHTER



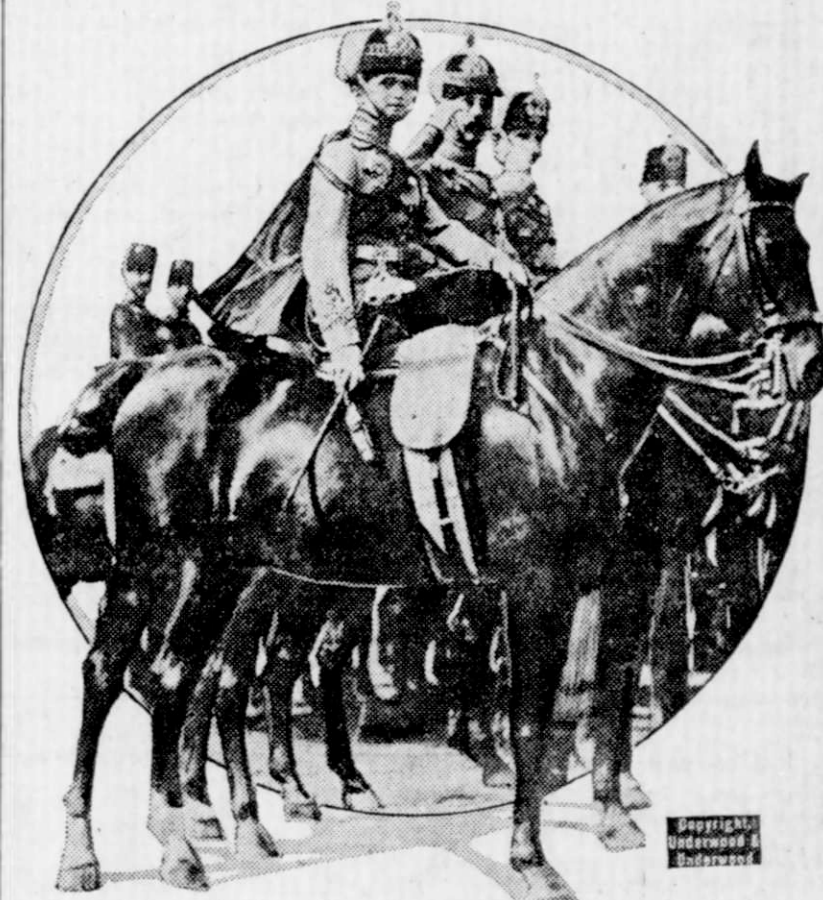
This Algerian, who was wounded in the battle of the Aisne, is a type of the soldiers which France brought over from her possessions in Africa.

## KING VICTOR EMMANUEL



King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, it is believed, would like to help the allies against Germany, and especially against Austria, and the popular demand for the adoption of such a course has been insistent in Italy.

## CZAR'S DAUGHTER INSPECTS HER REGIMENT



Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the czar, inspecting the regiment of cavalry of which she is the colonel, before its departure for the front.

## RUSSIAN GUN INTERESTS GERMANS



German soldiers and others in Berlin examining a peculiar machine gun captured from the Russians.

## BOUQUET FOR THE FIGHTER



German soldier receiving a bouquet from a loyal frau as he is marching through the streets of Berlin on his way to the scene of battle.

## GREAT BRITAIN'S AVIATION STRATEGISTS



Grubame White (center), in charge of the aviation forces of Great Britain, and Lieutenant Porte (right), who was to have attempted the transatlantic flight in the America, in consultation.

## BERLIN SHOWS GREAT ENTHUSIASM FOR THE WAR

In a letter from Berlin which has been sent to the New York Sun some interesting facts are given about the situation in Germany. Excerpts from the letter follow:

"There is not a soul who is not glad this war is on, and every one does all he can for the fatherland. Young people travel by the hour, even days at a time, through entire Germany, visiting one regiment after another, begging to enlist. When turned away because the regiments are full, they try secretly to enter the barracks and so get to the front. Very old men in large numbers entreat officers to accept them, and if too old or weak, they put on their old uniforms of 1870 and drill the recruits, teaching marching and shooting. Every day we see over a hundred such volunteers, commanded by an aged captain, going through drills and all sorts of evolutions, lasting the whole day.

"There is no increase in the cost of living here; nearly everything remains at the former prices; the police watch that no dealer asks more than the regular prices set by law. Coal is not dear. The railroads, subway, elevated, omnibus, all are running on schedule time, and everywhere there is the greatest quiet and order. Theaters are open, masons are building houses, the trees and parks and flower gardens are all cared for as usual, and if one did not know there was war he would not realize it."

The Moscow hospital, the largest in Europe, employs over 900 nurses.

## SOME FACTS ABOUT PRZEMYSL AND CRACOW

Przemysl was founded in the eighth century, and rose to some importance with a population of 50,000 in the Middle Ages, until both its importance and most of the population were annihilated in the seventeenth century by inroads of Tartars from the South, Cossacks from the East, and Swedes from the North. The town, says the New York Times, is picturesquely situated on the River San, about 140 miles east

of Cracow by rail. On the hill above the town are the ruins of the old castle said to have been built by Casimir the Great. In 1874 the Austrian government began to fortify the place, and from 1880 to 1900 spent \$5,000,000 on the works. These consist of 12 permanent forts with double the number of lunettes looking toward the north and east. Cracow, 70 years ago the capital of a short-lived Polish republic, borders

on Prussian, Austrian and Russian dominions, where they meet in the fertile valley of the Vistula. Like most of the larger towns of Galicia (it has a population of 70,000) it was founded with a view to its natural fortifications. Today the old castles of the Polish kings and the old walls overlook a series of 15 modern fortifications on the hills below them. The castle serves as barracks and the walls are used as a rampart. In 1846 Cracow became incorporated with the crown lands of Austria.





THE NIGHT WATCHMAN THROWS LIGHT ON THE SUBJECT

**DON'T** take a big chew. Just a nibble will satisfy you, because "Right-Cut" is the Real Tobacco Chew.

Taste it, smell it—see how different it is from ordinary tobacco.

By the time you've used up half a pouch you'll be telling your friends about it, same as the men you hear talking about it now.

Pure, rich, sappy tobacco—seasoned and sweetened just enough.

Take a very small chew—less than one-quarter the old size. It will be more satisfying than a mouthful of ordinary tobacco. Just nibble on it until you find the strength chew that suits you. Tuck it away. Then let it rest. See how easily and evenly the real tobacco taste comes, how it satisfies without grinding, how much less you have to spit, how few chews you take to be tobacco satisfied. That's why it is *The Real Tobacco Chew*. That's why it costs less in the end.

It is a ready chew—fine and short shreds so that you won't have to grind on it with your teeth. Grinding on ordinary candied tobacco makes you spit too much.

The taste of pure, rich tobacco does not need to be covered up with molasses and licorice. Notice how the salt brings out the rich tobacco taste in "Right-Cut."

One small chew takes the place of two big chews of the old kind.

**WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY**  
50 Union Square, New York

BUY FROM DEALER OR SEND 10¢ STAMPS TO US

**Furniture That Has Individuality**

and which appeals to feminine as well as masculine taste is a contributing essential to a happy home. We have a good variety of suits and individual pieces. Patent rockers, Morris chairs, lounges, and other luxurious pieces faultlessly fashioned by master-craftsmen and made from the finest woods in every prevailing variety.

**Edw. Miller**  
LICENSED EMBALMER  
Kewaskum, Wisconsin

**SPECIAL!**

Get our special prices on Corrugated Steel Galvanized Roofing.

**H. J. LAY LUMBER CO.**  
KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

**GROCERIES**

**JOHN MARX**  
Kewaskum, Wis.

**FLOUR and FEED**

**CAMPBELLSPORT.**

J. Dickmann spent Tuesday at Milwaukee.

John Theisen was a Kewaskum caller Tuesday.

Chas. Van De Zande was a Kewaskum caller Tuesday.

M. Farrell was a Milwaukee business caller Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Burnett were Fond du Lac callers Monday.

H. Franks of Milwaukee transacted business here last Friday.

R. Robling was a business caller at Fond du Lac last Saturday.

A. W. Bisset of Fond du Lac transacted business here Monday.

Miss M. Pellenz visited with relatives at Fond du Lac last Saturday.

Fred Bammel of Fond du Lac was a business caller here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Scheid spent a few days at Golden Corners.

John Hendricks Jr., left Tuesday on a business trip to New York.

Ed. Westerman of St. Bridgets visited with relatives here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Strat Hendricks called on friends at Fond du Lac Monday.

Aug. Wrucke who visited here for a few days left for Horicon Monday.

Elmer Knickel of Granton spent Monday and Tuesday here with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sullivan spent Monday and Tuesday at Milwaukee.

Mrs. H. Ward and daughter of Milwaukee called on friends here last Sunday.

F. Haskins made a business trip through the northern part of the state Tuesday.

Ala Scotti, who was employed in the Tony Hilbert barber shop, left for Minneapolis.

Mrs. Byron Glass and Miss Dierschmidt were Fond du Lac visitors Monday.

Paul Chesley, who is attending Ripon College spent last Sunday here with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Youmans of Fond du Lac visited relatives in the village last Sunday.

Mrs. David Knickel and son William and Mrs. Wm. Knickel autted to Green Lake Sunday.

Gladys Wrucke of Oshkosh and Miss Edna Wrucke of Clintonville spent Saturday and Sunday here with their parents.

Rev. Douglas gave a very interesting lecture at the M. F. Church Sunday evening in the interest of the Anti-Saloon League of Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Tank and son and Mr. and Mrs. Emil Tank and children of Watertown spent Sunday afternoon with A. Scheurmann and family.

Frank Curran purchased an interest in the Seering Bros. store and hereafter the firm will be known as Seering and Curran.

John Seering, who sold his interest to Curran, left for Bonduel with his family.

The Hoffman's Cornet Band will celebrate the 25th anniversary of its organization on the 31st day of this month. They will give a concert in the afternoon, followed by the Firemen's play, "The Confederate Spy" at the Opera House in the evening.

The sad news of the death of Miss Jane Jones of Green Lake was received here Sunday evening. The cause of her death was blood poisoning, and had been sick only a few days, therefore, her death comes as a great shock to relatives and friends. She was about 18 years of age, and is the second oldest daughter of Rev. and Mrs. R. H. Jones. They lived at Campbellsport the past year and about a month ago moved to Green Lake where Rev. Jones was appointed pastor of the M. E. Church. She leaves to mourn her early departure her grief stricken parents, and three sisters, Mariam, Bernice and Ruth, all at home.

The remains were brought here Tuesday morning on the 9:44 train and the funeral services were held at the M. E. Church, Rev. T. J. Reykald pastor of the local church officiating, assisted by Rev. W. Hall of Fond du Lac, Rev. Dunkley of Mayville and Rev. Roberts of South Byron. Interment took place in Union cemetery. The floral offerings were large, which spoke of the high esteem in which the deceased was held.

The pall bearers were six of her friends, John Hughes, Gilbert Trentlage, Charles Seering, William Knickel, Patrick Kelley and Mr. Spencer.

Among those from away who attended the funeral were Rev. Walter Hall of Fond du Lac; Mrs. Frank Hendricks and son, Miss Flora Hendricks, Mrs. Peter Van Blarcom, of Fond du Lac; Rev. and Mrs. Roberts and daughter of South Byron and Rev. Dunkley of Mayville.

**Scientific Doctors**

Some time back a patient visited an eminent specialist. The consultation required about fifteen minutes of the specialist's time. The fee was \$50. The patient was scandalized and indignant.

A month later he stated that this was the lowest fee he ever paid. He had previously spent hundreds of dollars without benefit. The last man didn't guess. He knew.

The term "scientific" is very commonly misunderstood. To most people it conveys a suggestion of heaviness and prosiness. "Scientific" really means knowing and not guessing. It is much more convenient for most people to guess than it is to get facts. That is one of the reasons why there is so much unscientific medicine practiced.

It must not be gathered from this that any criticism is being made of physicians which is not applicable quite as much, or more to other occupations. Consider agriculture as one example. In spite of the splendid scientific farming that has been taught by the university, relatively little real scientific farming is being done. Scientific Wisconsin farmers have developed strains of farm animals and bred grains which have attracted the attention of the entire country. Thousands upon thousands of dollars have been put into the pockets of the students who have followed the lead of the pure scientists.

In how many factories is there scientific shop management? One could carry the illustrations into every field, but it is not necessary. At first all scientific discoveries and methods have been considered impractical by those who have most needed exact knowledge of facts. In the end science is found to be extremely simple and more easily comprehended than vague speculation. The main reason why there are not more scientific physicians is because the public supports so many superstitions that make it difficult for really scientific men to live.

Scientific agriculture makes more money for farmers. Scientific shop management makes more money for manufacturers. Scientific accounting makes more money for merchants and financiers. Gradually fathers and mothers are learning that employing physicians who know instead of guess is economical. The fee of the latter class of physicians for a single visit is usually higher, but there are apt to be fewer visits.

**What a Man Can Do**

The fine agricultural display in the front windows of the Ruth Bros. department store, affords an excellent illustration of what a man can do with the soil of northern Wisconsin. The display referred to came from a farm just over the Douglas county line in Bayfield county. Charles Chramosta, an iron worker by trade, is the owner of the farm and the raiser of the products on exhibition.

With reference to fine agricultural products it is sometimes said that they are raised by experimenters who can afford the time and money necessary to raise exhibition products which could not be raised under normal conditions, and that the cost of production is greater than the market value. That view is not possible with reference to this display.

Mr. Chramosta arrived at Iron River, Bayfield county, nine years ago with his wife and six children after having worked for sixteen years in a Chicago iron foundry. When he arrived he had only eleven dollars in cash. He bought a piece of land all on time, no cash down, and went to work. Of course he had to work for wages as opportunity offered, to earn subsistence, but he found time to work on his land to get things started. Now he is a prosperous farmer with horses, cattle and hogs, chickens, etc., and the products he is getting from the soil can be judged by the display, which includes in much variety wheat, oats, corn, beans, peas, apples, mushrooms, pumpkins, squash, onions, artichokes, turnips, peppers, cabbage, mustard, pieplant, speltz, carrots, beets, flax, clover, timothy, bluegrass, hops, tomatoes, celery, caraway, wormwood, balm, calvia, millet, saffron firebush, June grass, etc.

Evidently times have changed with Mr. Chramosta since nine years ago. Meantime the number of his children has increased from six to ten. The northern Wisconsin farms agrees with the children.—Superior Telegram.

**Good Business Opportunity**

Geo. Petri of Wayne, Wis., offers his mercantile business for sale. This includes besides his store building and clean stock of merchandise, eight acres of good farm land with buildings. Will consider a trade on farm or city property and will make the terms of payment reasonable. If interested write or telephone Geo. Petri, Wayne, Wis.—Adv. 6-2-tf

**WOMAN DIRECTS HOME PURCHASES**

Quick to Recognize Genius and Sensible Men.

**HER WEAKNESS AS A BUYER**

Her Susceptibility to Bargains—Women Have More Strength in Their Looks Than We Have in Our Laws. Men Allude to Them as Weaker Vessels.

[Copyrighted, 1914, by Thomas J. Sullivan.] Women have more strength in their looks than we have in our laws and more power by their tears than we have by our arguments. Women are quick to recognize genius and to listen when wisdom speaks. They may chatter in the presence of fools, but know and appreciate the value of earnest, sensible men.

It is assumed that the Almighty made man as his masterpiece, and conceived being that he is, man accepted this statement as a piece of truth.

That the earth and all it contains were made for his special benefit, that woman was created solely for his comfort, that the sun was made to give him light by day and the moon to enable him to find his way home at night, that the heavens were hung with a resplendent curtain of stars and the planets sent whirling through space in a majestic dance about the god of day simply to afford him matter for wonder and amusement—ideas of this sort evince an egotism that can only be accredited to man.

Masterpieces indeed! Why, God made man and, finding that he could not take care of himself, made woman to care of him, and she is discharging her heaven ordained duty in an artistic and capable manner.

**Are Women the Weaker Vessels?**

Men are fond of alluding to women as "the weaker vessels," and Pope calls man the "great lord of things." Men rule with a rod of iron the creatures of the earth, the sea and the air. They hurl defiance in the face of kings and presidents. They tread the ocean's foam beneath their feet, they harness the imperial thunderbolts to the jaunting electric car and even succeed in mounting the storm and flying upon the wind, but the bravest of them tremble and lie like Cretans when called upon by their wives to explain some of their extravagant purchases, and for this reason many men delegate their wives as the official "family shoppers" and thereby shift the responsibility to them.

**More Good Sense Than Men.**

Women have more good sense than men. They have fewer pretensions, are less implicated in theories, and judge of values more from their immediate and involuntary impressions on the mind and therefore more truly and naturally. It is said "men have sight, women insight." For these and many more reasons women make better shoppers than men.

Women regulate their purchases altogether by the amount they have to spend, men by the amount of credit they can get. Women like to put their money where it will do the most good, men where it will make the greatest show. Men are usually "broke," women very seldom. All of which goes to show that women are the "stronger vessels" after all.

**Women Are Prone to Bargains.**

Woman's weakness as a purchaser lies in her pronounced susceptibility to bargains. No man ever followed freedom's flag for patriotism with half the enthusiasm that woman will trail the red, white and blue that constitute the banner of the bargain counter. And therein lies her temptation. This trait of woman's nature is recognized by the mail order and retail catalogue houses to the extent that nearly all of their misleading circulars and pictorial catalogues are addressed to the women. And the women, true to their natures, respond with many orders.

**Their Spirit of Loyalty.**

But if women are prone to bargain they are also possessed with the sense and spirit of loyalty to their own town and community when once they come to a full realization of the injury they are working both to themselves and their home merchants by sending their money away to some large corporation in a big city for goods that they can buy as cheaply and of much better grade at home and without the inconvenience necessitated by long delays when ordering from out of town merchants.

**The Slogan of Woman.**

Women not only make the home worth while, but they make the local town, the countryside and the whole community worth while. Wherever there is found a movement on foot for the uplift and betterment of community interests and conditions woman's power and woman's influence can always be found behind it. Woman's slogan is, "Purity of home, purity of community and the home town and home merchant forever."

**Hopeless Lung Trouble Cured**

Many recoveries from Lung Troubles are due to Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-Honey. It strengthens the Lungs, checks the Cough and gives relief at once.—Mr. W. S. Wilkins, Gates, N. C., writes: "I used Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-Honey in a case given up as hopeless and it effected a complete cure." Get a bottle Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-Honey. If your cough is dry and hacking let it trickle down the throat and you will surely get relief. Only 25¢ at your Druggist.

**HERE IS YOUR CHANCE**

JOIN THE KEWASKUM STATESMAN PICTURE PUZZLE CONTEST VALUABLE PRIZES.



PICTURE PUZZLE NO. 6

My answer to Puzzle No. \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

This is a contest of skill and judgement open to everyone. Three prizes will be given absolutely free by this paper, viz. **First, \$25; Second, \$10; Third, \$5.** The puzzles will be printed one each week for Twenty weeks. Every contestant will be permitted to submit as many sets of answers as he wishes but each set must contain only one answer to each picture. All answers must be neatly written or printed on coupons published in this paper and must have the name and residence of the contestant on each coupon. Any or all members of a family may enter the contest. In case there are no complete sets of correct answers, prizes will be awarded to the persons submitting the greatest number of correct answers. In case of a tie awards will be made on the basis of neatness and accuracy. All employees of this paper and their families are absolutely barred from participating in this contest. Under no circumstances send answers until the end of the contest, then arrange them in sets, in numerical order, and send them all in together. Bowers, the artist, the only person who knows the correct answers, has personally placed them under seal which will be broken in the presence of witnesses. The prizes will be awarded **One week after close of contest.** Guide Books that contain among others the correct answers to all pictures, including back numbers containing coupons, may be had at this office, price **40 cents.**



**Big Ben should be in every farmer's home**

You men who live on the farm have got to be heavy workers. And if you are heavy workers you require heavy sleep and lots of it. For heavy sleep is heavy work's reaction and it's not always easy for the heavy sleeper to get up without help.

That's where Big Ben comes in. He makes it easy every morning.

Big Ben is a truth-telling and reliable alarm clock.

He gets you up, he never fails. You're always up on the dot if he's in the sleeping room.

See him in my window next time you come to town. Hear him greet you Good Morning. He is well worth meeting, indeed.

**\$2.50**

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EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT GLASSES FITTED  
OFFICE HOURS: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 2 to 5 p. m. Sunday 10 a. m. to 12 m. Telephone G 2780.  
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In the former Mich. Heindl Stand.  
All kinds of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children always carried in stock.  
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.  
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At Home Office every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

(Advertisement.)  
—If you want to buy a farm or if you want to sell a farm call on or write to J. B. Day or Adolph Rosenheimer the local real estate man. 1914.