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Kewaskum Statesman.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 SINGLE COPY.....\$.05
 THREE MONTHS..... .50
 SIX MONTHS..... .75
 ONE YEAR..... 1.50

VOLUME XVI.

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, JAN. 14, 1911.

NUMBER 18.

STOVES and RANGES



If you are in the market for a Stove or Range don't fail to call and examine my large assortment. All the leading Stoves and Ranges are carried in stock. A full line of stove repairs always on hand.

NIC. REMMEL
Foundry & Machine Shop
 Kewaskum, Wisconsin



LET US FURNISH YOUR HOME FOR YOU

We handle a complete line of Furniture, Rugs, Lace Curtains or Shades, Sewing Machines, Pianos or Graphophones

WE TRY TO PLEASE

MEILAHN & SCHAEFER

KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

Undertaking and Embalming

A MOST RELIABLE PLACE

to purchase Good Jewelry, is the place where you know of whom you are buying—you have the assurance of a business reputation and guarantee that goes with every sale. Every article purchased at Endlich's proves its worth and the reliability of the store, and the customer always comes again. It is our idea of storekeeping to make people satisfied; they come again—they send others—we think it pays.

MRS. K. ENDLICH
 "THE JEWELER"

EDWARD MILLER

(Successor to Frank Zwasehka)

DEALER IN

FURNITURE, PIANOS, AND ORGANS

SEWING MACHINES.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING

(A Licensed Embalmer Employed)

Picture Framing and all kinds of Repairing Done on Short Notice.

Have Your Horseshoeing and Repairing Done by Grosskreutz & Backhaus

DUNDEE, WISCONSIN.

THEY ARE EXPERTS IN THIS LINE.
 ONCE SERVED, ALWAYS SERVED.

TWO WILLS FILED IN PROBATE COURT

Mrs. Fredericka Etta Leaves Property to Two Sons and Granddaughter.

(Fopd du Lac Commonwealth)
 The will of Fredericka Etta, who died December 15 at her home in the town of Auburn, was filed for probate Monday morning. The deceased leaves personal property to the value of \$2,500, all of which is left to two sons J. F. Etta and Julius W. Etta and one grandchild, Violet Marie Etta, daughter of a deceased son, Andrew Etta.

The deceased states in the will that she intentionally omitted to make provisions in her will for two other sons, Herman Giese and William Deckenlieber, for the reason that each has already received a full and equitable share. J. F. Etta and J. W. Etta reside at Kewaskum, Violet Marie Etta resides at West Bend; Herman H. Giese resides at Coleman, Wis., and William Deckenlieber lives at Cascade, Wis. The will is dated November 14 and is witnessed by Charles Coffman and E. F. Liepert.

PENHALLOW WILL FILED.
 Rosa Penhallow, who died Dec. 18 at her home in the town of Osceola, left an estate valued at \$2,600 according to the will which was filed in probate court Monday morning. There are three heirs mentioned. The sum of \$100 is left to a daughter, Emma Bohlan, of Campbellsport, an equal amount to a daughter Clara Hofschried, of Grand Rapids, the sum of \$200 to a son, Louis Penhallow, of Oshkosh and the remainder of the estate to the husband, Casper Penhallow. No provision is made for a daughter, Hattie Sook, Campbellsport. The will is dated July 23, 1910, and is witnessed by E. C. Kraemer and H. P. Loehr.

Change Money Order Rates.
 Postmaster A. G. Koch has received a circular letter from the postal department at Washington, stating that a new system of fees will be charged for money orders issued on international terms beginning February 1, 1911.

The new system will mean that certain rates will be charged to the following named countries: Austria, Belgium, Cape Colony, Bolivia, Costa Rica, Denmark, China, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Siberia, Lixenburg, New South Wales, New Zealand, Orange River, Colony, Peru, Queensland, Portugal, Russia, Salvador, South Australia, Switzerland, Tasmania, Transvaal, and Uruguay.

Mail Carrier Has Accident.
 John Muehlies, rural mail carrier on route 5, out of this village encountered hard luck last Tuesday while covering his route. He was unfortunate in having three tip overs and a runaway. The latter occurred near Fred Buddenhagen's place when the horse started away at a break-neck speed. However it did not run far. As it was accustomed to the route it stopped at the next patron, Otto Dorn, and waited for its master. The cutter was slightly damaged.

Two Derailments.
 Two derailments in two days is the record which happened at Eden station this week. One was early Sunday morning, a big class "Z" engine jumped the track and delayed traffic for five hours all passenger trains being delayed on the Lake Shore division until the track was cleared. The other happened Monday morning when a box car got off the rails and delayed traffic for two hours.

Annual Meeting.
 Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Kewaskum Mutual Fire Insurance Company for the election of two directors and the transaction of such other business as may be lawfully brought before said meeting, will be held at the office of said company in the Village of Kewaskum on the third Thursday, being January 19th, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated at Kewaskum, Wis., January 9, 1911.
 JOSEPH SCHMIDT, Secretary.

New Dodge County Judge.
 Gov. McGovern announced Saturday afternoon that he had appointed R. F. Davison of Beaver Dam to succeed the late Frank M. Lawrence as county judge of Dodge county.

REHEARING DENIED

Mutuals Win Last Fight in This State by Supreme Court's Decision.

The supreme court last Tuesday denied a rehearing in the case of nine Mutual Fire Insurance companies of this state vs. the Wisconsin Central railroad company.

This means that the litigation is ended as far as Wisconsin is concerned, and that the only court of appeals remaining in which to continue the fight is the United States Supreme court. The supreme court a few months ago sustained the contention of the insurance companies and gave them a judgment. The action was brought about by the burning of Auburndale, Wis., where it was alleged the fire started by a Wisconsin Central locomotive which was being carelessly operated. The insurance companies became subrogated to the rights of the insured and started suit to recover what money was paid out on losses.

Justice Barnes wrote a dissenting opinion in the recent issue, in which he declared the importance of the suit is not measured by the amount of the judgment. He declared that the decision favoring the insurance companies favored an unlimited field of litigation in Wisconsin, and that the decision in the present case would have a far reaching effect.

The plaintiffs were the Campbellsport Mutual, Kewaskum Mutual, Theresa Mutual, Beaver Dam Mutual, Sheboygan Falls Mutual, De Forest Mutual and Hortonville Mutual Fire Insurance companies.

(Official Publication.)
Report of the Financial Condition of the BANK OF KEWASKUM
 located at Kewaskum, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 7th day of January, 1911, pursuant to call by Commissioner of Banking.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	202,662 75
Overdrafts.....	4,371 41
Bonds.....	15,321 25
Due from approved reserve banks.....	34,532 33
Time certificates of deposit.....	4,428 68
Checks on other banks and cash items.....	271 18
Cash on hand.....	2,764 37
Total.....	\$286,071 97
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$15,000 00
Surplus fund.....	5,500 00
Undivided profits.....	1,206 09
Individual deposits subject to check.....	24,028 15
Time certificates of deposit.....	215,519 68
Savings deposits.....	15,789 05
Total.....	\$286,071 97

State of Wisconsin, ss
 County of Washington, ss
 I, B. H. ROSENHEIMER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
 B. H. ROSENHEIMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1911.
 (Notarial Seal.)
 GEO. H. SCHMIDT, Notary Public.
 (My com. expires Mar. 24, 1912.)

Correct Attest:
 A. L. ROSENHEIMER, { Directors,
 JOSEPH SCHMIDT, }

(Official Publication.)
Report of the Financial Condition of the CITIZENS STATE BANK
 located at Kewaskum, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 7th day of January, 1911, pursuant to call by Commissioner of Banking.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$ 99,947 00
Overdrafts.....	375 45
Furniture and fixtures.....	2,750 00
Due from approved reserve banks.....	17,577 59
Checks on other banks and cash items.....	178 46
Cash on hand.....	10,743 25
Total.....	\$131,791 75
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 15,000 00
Surplus fund.....	1,250 00
Undivided profits.....	611 89
Dividends unpaid.....	50 00
Individual deposits subject to check.....	28,504 21
Time certificates of deposit.....	78,864 57
Savings deposits.....	12,541 08
Total.....	\$131,791 75

State of Wisconsin, ss
 County of Washington, ss
 I, H. E. HENRY, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
 H. E. HENRY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1911.
 (Notarial Seal.)
 A. G. KOCH, Notary Public.
 (My com. expires Nov. 12, 1911.)

Correct Attest:
 C. C. HENRY, { Directors,
 F. M. SCHELER, }

Owns One Half Interest.
 Isadore Marx and family of Milwaukee arrived here last week Friday to make this village their future home. At present they are living with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Marx, but as soon as a suitable place can be secured they will move into same. Mr. Marx now owns one half interest in the local Mills, having obtained said half from his father. He will give his entire time to the interest of the mill, being general manager.

Old Settlers' Dance a Success.
 The Old Settlers' dance held in Groeschel hall last Saturday evening was a decided success, both financially and socially about 70 couples partaking in the merriment. Dancing was indulged in until 3 a. m. An elegant supper was served at midnight by Mrs. Chas. Groeschel, which was greatly appreciated. The Kewaskum Quintette furnished the music for the occasion.

Arrested for Burglary.
 The recent burglarizing at the railroad depot at Jackson has led to the arrest of Edward Leopold of that place. Sheriff Schoenbeck went to Jackson Friday evening and took the prisoner with him. He was bound over to the circuit court under bail of \$1,000.—Hartford Times.

NOTICE
 Wm. Fick, town treasurer of the town of Auburn, will collect taxes at the following places:
 January 17th at Mrs. J. Schiltz's place, New Fane.
 January 18th at John Rinzell's place, New Prospect.
 January 19th at John Naughton's place, Campbellsport.

URGED TO MAKE CAMPAIGN

J. F. Cavanaugh is Considering the Making of a Campaign for County Superintendent at the Coming Election.

Friends of Mr. J. F. Cavanaugh principal of the local high school are urging him to announce himself as a candidate for the office of county superintendent of Washington county at the coming spring election in place of F. W. Bucklin, whose term expires. Mr. Cavanaugh at present is undecided what he will do, he nevertheless is giving the proposition his thorough consideration and expects to come to some decision next week. It is expected and hoped by his many friends that he will make the campaign, he ought to have the entire support of the whole county as a more able and qualified man for the position could not be secured. He is a man that whatever duty he takes, fills it to the best of the peoples interest.

At the Alhambra Theatre.

Milwaukee theatre goes, and in fact, patrons of the playhouse throughout Wisconsin, are looking forward with a great deal of expectancy to the only appearance in the state of the Shuberts' mammoth 20-scene spectacular revue, "Up and Down Broadway," with a cast of 120 people headed by Eddie Foy and Emma Carus, which comes to the Alhambra theatre for a limited engagement of five performances, starting Sunday night Jan. 22.

The production and cast, by the way, is the same as seen at the Casino Theatre, New York, during the long run of the piece. In size "Up and Down Broadway" is said to be "bigger" than "The Midnight Song."

The book is by Edgar Smith, who begins the ball rolling on Mt. Parnassus, where the High Brow Club has its headquarters. Momus, janitor of the club, which role is played by Mr. Foy, is sent to Broadway to introduce Shakespeare into the theatres. But poor Momus is weak of flesh. Soon after his arrival he accepts a place as headliner at the Tabloid Theatre, and it is there that his fellow High Brow find him when they come in search of their fallen brother. The part admirably suits Mr. Foy. Likewise Miss Carus is "fitted like a glove." Her role is that of Melpomene, queen of tragedy.

The play is made up of a series of brilliant scenes and magnificent ensembles. The chorus, one of the largest ever seen at the Casino, numbers 75 boys and girls. Barney Bernard, Vida Whitmore, Melissa Ten Eyke, James Diamond, Phyllis Gordop, Oscar Schwartz, and others.

There will be but one matinee performance, and that on Wednesday when popular prices will rule, with the best seats sold for 1.00. Prices evenings will range from 25 cents to 1.50. Mail order reservations are now being made for the big event.

West Bend Wants Tournament.

The West Bend Skat club have circulated printed matter throughout the state the past week boosting said city for the next summer skat tournament of the Wisconsin Skat League. Whether or not they will be successful in getting the summer tournament will be decided upon at the annual meeting of the League at Milwaukee on Sunday morning, January 29th. As our neighboring city will make a bid for the tournament, we hope they will be successful, in getting it. Figure on Kewaskum voting for West Bend. Our Representative will surely be on hand.

A Good Average.

G. Carl Baetz of Hulsburg writes that he believes it might interest some of our readers to learn how his hens are doing in the matter of eggs. He states that his barred Plymouth Rocks laid 7581 eggs from the first of January last year to Dec. 31, an average of 145.50 for each hen.—Hartford Press.

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MARRIAGES OF THE WEEK

Two Popular Young People United in the Holy Bonds of Matrimony.

HARTER-VOLK
 The marriage of Miss Alma Harter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Harter, residing four miles north of this village in town Auburn, to John Volk of Wabeno, took place at the Holy Trinity church here Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. Rev. Ph. Vogt performing the ceremony. The bride was attired in beautiful gray traveling suit with hat to match and carried bridal roses. Laurene Remmel, a cousin of the bride, who wore a pretty gown of tan silk, was bridesmaid. She carried carnations. Alfonso Harter, brother of the bride was groomsmen.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Laura Schaefer, in this village, at which only near relatives were in attendance.

The bride is one of the town of Auburn's most charming young ladies. She is very popular and her charming ways always makes the friendship of everyone she meets. The groom who is a stranger in this locality is one of Wabeno's most prosperous young men. During his short stay he became acquainted with a number of people, who speak very highly of him.

The bridal couple left the same day on the 3:26 P. M. train for Wabeno, where they will be at home to their many friends after Feb. 1st. The Statesman extends to the couple the best of wishes for a very happy and prosperous married life.

MUEHLEIS-FENSTERMACHER.

A very pretty wedding took place last Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Muehlies in this village, when Rev. Reichert of Batavia, united in marriage Miss Luella Muehlies of this village and Oscar Fenstermacher of Cedar Bluffs, Neb. The ceremony was witnessed by only immediate relatives. The bride wore a blue traveling suit and carried violets. The house was beautifully decorated with ferns and carnations.

The bride is the youngest daughter of John Muehlies. She is well known to our many readers. She is very popular with those who know her and highly esteemed generally. She is also an accomplished young lady possessed with a kind and jolly disposition. The groom is not very well known here, but it is said he is a most estimable young man. He formerly resided at Boston. He is a rural mail carrier out of Cedar Bluffs.

The young couple left on the 2:32 P. M. train for their future home at Cedar Bluffs, Neb., where they will be at home to their many friends after February 15th. The Statesman extends to the newly married couple.

The Farmers' Institute.

We are publishing herewith the program of the Farmers' Institute which will be held in Groeschel's hall on January 26-27. The institute will be conducted by W. F. Stiles, Lake Mills, and assisted by M. Michaels of Peebles; Supt. Geo. McKerrrow, Madison, and A. E. Hirst, Madison, of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey.

The Farmers' Institute is a school for farmers and their families. Be sure to attend the meeting; bring all your family with you and urge your neighbors to attend.

Engage in the discussions freely. The humblest man's experience counts for as much as any other man's, provided it contains a helpful lesson. Farmers' Institute bulletin No. 24 will be distributed free prior to the first session. Be on hand to get a free book.

The program is thus follows:
THURSDAY
 Morning Session, 10 o'clock
 Soil Conservation Mr. Stiles
 Tuberculosis Supt. McKerrrow
 Afternoon Session, 1:30 o'clock
 Silo and Silage Mr. Michael's
 Good Feeding Supt. McKerrrow
 Good Cows Mr. Stiles
 Evening Session, 7:30 o'clock
 Musical and literary program prepared by the local committee, Farmers and Education Mr. Stiles

FRIDAY
 Morning Session, 9:30 o'clock
 Crop Rotation Mr. Stiles
 Clover and Corn Mr. Michael's
 Clean Dairies Mr. Stiles
 Afternoon Session, 1:30 o'clock
 Alfalfa Mr. Michael's
 Creameries Mr. Stiles
 Roads Mr. Hirst

STARTLING GROWTH OF DAIRY PRODUCTS

AGGREGATE VALUE FOR PAST YEAR WAS \$79,900,000 SAYS STATE COMMISSIONER.

WISCONSIN IS UNSURPASSED

Commissioner J. Q. Emery's Report Lays Stress Upon Showing at the National Dairy Show, Where Badger Products Won Big Awards.

Madison.—In the biennial report of the work of the Wisconsin dairy and food department commission, Commissioner J. Q. Emery shows the amazing statistics that the dairy business of the state, in the form of milk and its products, amounts to the stupendous sum of \$79,900,000 annually.

There are 1,928 cheese factories, 1,005 creameries, eighty-eight skimming stations and nineteen condenseries in the state. The number of cows contributing to these cheese factories, creameries and condenseries is 1,256,315. The total number of cows in Wisconsin for the year 1909, as given in the year book of the United States department of agriculture, is 1,506,000.

Showing the evolution of the dairy business in Wisconsin from its beginning, Mr. Emery draws a contrast with the conditions as they existed when the cow, the strawstock, the farmer's wife, the dasher churn and the country grocery store, brought an income to the farmer and his wife of 5 to 10 cents per pound for the product, taken in brown sugar at 25 cents a pound and other things in proportion. The cows freshened in March or April, ran at large, and were dried off in November or December. There was no winter dairying.

"Contrast present conditions in Wisconsin with those of the beginning of the industry," exclaims the commissioner. "Where there were at that time no cheese factories, no creameries, no skimming stations, no condenseries, there are now known to be in Wisconsin 1,928 cheese factories, 1,005 creameries, eighty-eight skimming stations and nineteen condenseries. The manufacture of butter has been transferred from the farm to the modern Wisconsin creamery. The manufacture of cheese has been transferred from the pioneer farm to the modern Wisconsin cheese factory. The oldtime native, scrub, no-purpose cow, poor and plastered on both flanks and hips with filth, is being superseded by clean, well kept, high grade or pure bred, special-purpose cows of the dairy breeds—not only profitable to the owner, but beautiful and highly attractive to every beholder."

Mr. Emery calls attention to the showing made by Wisconsin at the Fourth National Dairy show in Chicago, when makers from the Badger state won first prize and gold medal for butter made from gathered cream, first and second prizes and gold and silver medals for market milk; first prize and gold medal for market cream; first prize in the creamery patrons' contest, and many honorable mentions, and he declares the conviction that Wisconsin dairy products are unsurpassed by any state in the union.

Much of the report discusses the enforcing of the pure food laws. For the biennial period, June, 1908, to June, 1910, there were 400 convictions, with penalties varying from \$25 to \$75 and costs.

STATE FISHERIES REPORT

Supt. Navin Shows Total Catch for Year as 28,886,966 Pounds—Department Spent \$33,887.75.

Madison.—The total Wisconsin catch for 1910, according to the report of Supt. James Navin, department of fisheries, was 28,886,966 pounds of a market value of \$855,791.74. The boats used are valued at \$347,481 and nets \$338,019.86.

The United States bureau contributed to Wisconsin waters a total of 46,106,840 eggs, fry and fingerlings. The department expended \$33,887.75, which includes improvements and maintenance of six hatcheries and the expense of salaries of Supt. Navin and his assistants, transportation and distribution of fish.

To Press Action on Land Case. Washington.—Congressman J. J. Esch of Wisconsin has introduced and will press for action during the present session a bill to adjust the long-standing controversy between the United States and the state of Wisconsin respecting swamp lands within the state.

Early Day Mail Carrier Dies. Alma.—Fred Hepp, one of the earliest settlers of Buffalo county, who carried mail by team on the ice between La Crosse and Fountain City in the early fifties, is dead at the age of 80.

Klitz Must Face Murder Charge. Jefferson.—John Klitz, charged with the murder of John F. Shannon, this city, was bound over to the circuit court for trial. Application for bail will probably be made.

HARLOWE IS ON RAIL BOARD

Governor McGovern Appoints Milwaukee Man to Succeed Prof. Meyer on Commission.

Madison.—Gov. Francis E. McGovern has announced the appointment of David Harlowe of Milwaukee, for seventeen years traffic manager of the Allis-Chalmers company, as a member of the state railroad commission to succeed Prof. B. H. Meyer.

Mr. Harlowe was appointed for a term of four years, beginning Feb. 1, at a salary of \$5,000 a year. Prof. Meyer was recently appointed a member of the interstate commerce commission by President Taft. It has always been understood here that Mr. Harlowe was offered a place on the commission by Gov. La Follette, but at that time he felt that he could not accept it. His appointment, by reason of his special qualifications and full sympathy with the idea of federal and state control of transportation companies, maintains the high character which the commission has always commanded in the public mind.

MILWAUKEE HAS BAD FIRE

Six-Story Plant of Andrae Electrical Company Consumed With Loss of Over \$250,000.

Milwaukee.—One of the most dangerous fires fought by Milwaukee firemen for many years started in the six-story brick office, warehouse and salesroom of the Julius Andrae & Sons company, electrical supplies, 118-120 Sycamore street, and burned four hours, destroying the building and contents, causing a loss of about \$250,000.

For a time it was feared the entire district east of the electrical plant to the river was in danger of burning and all the downtown fire apparatus was brought into service.

Eighty tons of wire were stored on the fourth floor of the building at the time the fire started. When this crashed through the flame-weakened beams it carried with it practically every other floor to the basement.

TUBERCULIN TEST OPPOSED

Owner of Cattle Killed by Inspectors in Kenosha County Prepare Petition to the Legislature.

Kenosha.—Farmers of Kenosha county are protesting bitterly against the operation of the law for the testing of their herds for tuberculosis, and they claim that some of the best herds in the county are being disintegrated and ruined by inspectors. In the last two weeks 200 cattle have been ordered slaughtered, and the farmers are preparing a petition to the legislature asking for the repealing of the law. The farmers claim that the law is unjust to them and that many of the cattle ordered killed are healthy. They assert that the animals most affected with the disease do not respond to the tuberculin test.

Delegates to Tariff Association.

Madison.—Gov. McGovern has appointed these delegates to attend the meeting of the National Tariff Commission association to be held in Washington Jan. 11 and 12: H. E. Miles, Racine; Horace E. Sledman, Berlin; H. J. Clark, Richland Center; William George Bruce and August Vogel, Milwaukee; A. A. Washburn, Horicon; George C. Wetherby, Eau Claire; Thomas Torrison, Manitowoc; B. C. Walter, Appleton; Eli Winch, Marshfield, and O. G. Kinney, Colfax.

Students to Publish Paper.

Madison.—The short course agricultural students will publish a weekly paper. Plans for its publication have been completed by W. E. Nebbe, a graduate of Purdue, who is also president of the class of 1911. The publication will be in the form of a newspaper, containing local and alumni news as well as general articles by faculty members.

Plans Civil Service Reports.

Madison.—A comprehensive system of reports, by which the civil service commission will be able to follow intelligently the progress of state employes in the various branches of the service, is being worked out by Secretary F. E. Doty of the commission. Such a system is already used in several state institutions.

Tobacco Warehouse Burned.

Janesville.—Fire of a mysterious origin totally destroyed the tobacco warehouse and contents, including, it is believed, several hundred cases of tobacco belonging to Abel Fisher, a brother of Assemblyman Grant U. Fisher. The loss is estimated at from \$40,000 to \$60,000.

Will Ask State Aid.

La Crosse.—State aid for counties constructing hospitals for tuberculosis victims will be provided for in a bill which is to be introduced into the legislature by La Crosse legislators.

Cuts Throat With Razor.

Green Bay.—George Lenz, an engineer employed by the American Wood Work Machinery company, cut his throat with a razor and died. He had been despondent over ill health.

1911 LEGISLATURE BEGINS ITS WORK

FORTY-NINTH SESSION OF WISCONSIN ASSEMBLY OPENS AT MADISON.

INGRAM IS CHOSEN SPEAKER

H. C. Martin Named as President Pro Tem. of Senate—Routine Work Is Transacted Quietly—One Contest Filed for Assembly Seat.

Madison.—The legislative session of the Wisconsin legislature of 1911 was opened promptly on time at 12 o'clock noon, Jan. 11, in both houses. In the senate Chief Clerk F. E. Andrews called that body to order and Chief Clerk C. E. Shaffer of the assembly performed the same duty for that body.

It was a very quiet opening. The senate chamber precludes anything like a crowd and over in the assembly the galleries were thinly peopled, quite in contrast to the opening of the session of 1909. The chief interest, however, seemed to center in the bigger body. The assembly was beaten out in the work of organizing by the senate, which elected the officers chosen in the republican caucus and adjourned until the following day in honor of the memory of former Senator James H. Stout.

The assembly got no farther than the signing of the oath at the morning session, the election of officers being thrown over to the afternoon session. The caucus nominees of the republicans were elected by a strict party vote.

Assemblyman Charles A. Ingram was elected speaker by a vote of 58 to 29 by William J. Bichler (dem.), 11 for Frederick Brockhausen, one for Chris Pickart, and one for E. J. Berner. Assemblyman Ingram voted for "William Jennings" Bichler, Mr. Brockhausen for Mr. Berner and Mr. Bichler for Mr. Pickart.

In compliance with the results of the caucus, the senate elected Senator Harry C. Martin of Darlington president pro tem; F. M. Mylie of Morrisonville, chief clerk, and C. A. Leicht of New Lisbon, sergeant-at-arms.

After the signing of the roll in the assembly the notice of contest of the seat of Peter Nelton, democrat, Trempealeau county, by K. K. Hagerstad, republican, from the secretary of state, was read. Nelton's name was put on the democratic ticket notwithstanding his failure to receive the necessary 20 per cent in the primary. It is claimed, and the contest will be based on this ground.

SECOR'S WILL IS MISSING

Relatives of Late Racine Manufacturer Search in Vain for Document Dividing \$400,000 Estate.

Racine.—Racine relatives of Martin M. Secor, who died suddenly, are seeking the will which Mr. Secor had drawn about seven years ago, disposing of an estate believed to be worth \$400,000.

The will was drawn by Peter B. Nelson, who at the time was mayor of the city. After the will had been drawn up Mr. Secor placed it in his pocket, intending to later place it in a safety deposit vault. Whether he did so is not known, but the will could not be found.

Wisconsin Postmasters Named.

Washington.—The president sent the following nominations of Wisconsin postmasters to the senate: Fred R. Helmer, Clinton; James McGinty, Darlington; Thomas Hill, Spring Green; William Landolt, Wauwatosa; Clayton G. Morgan, Oakfield; Iron River, Mich., Robert H. Barnum.

Ask Another Appropriation.

Appleton.—Petitions have been circulated and will be forwarded to Senators Stephenson and La Follette and Congressman Kuestermann, asking an additional appropriation of \$15,000 for the federal building here.

Woman Seeks Office in Wood County.

Grand Rapids.—The first woman to run for political office in Wood county is Miss Maud Searis, candidate for county superintendent at the coming election.

New Desks for Legislators.

Madison.—New steel desks have been placed in the state assembly halls. They are slightly smaller than the old ones and a decided improvement.

Injuries Fatal to Veteran.

Racine.—Joseph Wolf, aged 71, died at a hospital from injuries sustained by being struck by a street car at Lakeside. Mr. Wolf was a civil war veteran and a member of the G. A. R.

Davison Succeeds Judge Lawrence.

Madison.—Gov. McGovern announces the appointment of Charles M. Davison of Beaver Dam to succeed the late Frank N. Lawrence as county judge of Dodge county.

CALL ELECTION VOID

COMMITTEE PROBING CHARGES AGAINST SENATOR STEPHENSON FILES ITS REPORT.

CHARGE LAW WAS VIOLATED

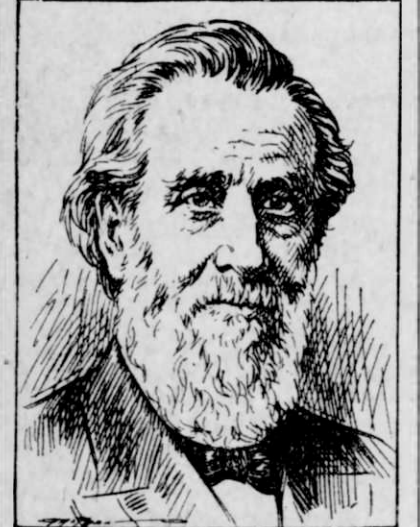
Gist of Findings Is That Election Was Gained Through "Corrupt Practices and Bribery"—Stephenson Is Charged With Knowledge of Acts.

Madison.—Declaring that United States Senator Isaac Stephenson's nomination in the primary and election to the senate by the legislature in 1908 is null and void because of bribes, attempted bribes, and corrupt practices by himself and agents, and recommending prosecution by state and county authorities, the legislative committee filed its report with Gov. McGovern.

The report is a bitter attack on Senator Stephenson and every one connected with his campaign for the senate in 1908.

Mr. Stephenson is charged with full knowledge of the manner in which his campaign was conducted and the purposes for which his money was expended.

The report is signed by S. M. Marsh, chairman, Neillsville; Paul Husting, Mayville, and Thomas Morris, La Crosse, and as a minority re-



ISAAC STEPHENSON United States Senator From Wisconsin.

port of the joint investigating committee appointed by the 1st legislature which exonerated Stephenson, as well as a special committee appointed by the same legislature. When charges were first brought against the junior senator the legislature appointed a joint investigating committee, composed of five representatives and three senators. The majority report, made by the five assemblymen, cleared Stephenson, while the senators, who were in the minority, withheld their report and were named as a special committee to carry on further investigations.

FARMER IS KILLED BY SON

Shooting Follows Family Quarrel at Rice Lake—Boy, Under Arrest, Will Plead Self-Defense.

Rice Lake.—Peter McCann, a farmer living near this city, was shot and instantly killed by his 19-year-old son Walter.

The two had been quarrelling and McCann had choked the boy and torn his shirt nearly off when the boy got away, secured a revolver and shot his father through the heart.

It appears from statements made by neighbors that McCann had been quarrelsome for years. The son is nearly crazed since the shooting, despite the fact that the entire community sympathizes with him. He is subject to fits and moans and sobs continually.

Pioneer Declared Insane.

Oshkosh.—Perlan Sempel, a pioneer lumberman, has been adjudged insane, but objections have been filed and have been taken under advisement by the county court. Mr. Sempel, it is said, was arrested for the sending of threatening letters to W. H. Hay, a well known banker.

Uniforms for Capitol Police.

Madison.—The capitol police and night watchmen hereafter are to be uniformed. Bright blue, natty suits are to be furnished the guardians of the statehouse.

Former Mayor Murdered.

Washburn.—Ex-Mayor Dan McBeath, this city, but of late years of Spokane, Wash., was murdered at Springdale, Wash., by a Cielian laborer. McBeath since leaving this city has been engaged in the lumbering business.

Governor Suspends Prosecutor.

Madison.—Gov. McGovern suspended Lieut. J. C. Mars, district attorney of Forest county, because of charges brought against him.

MARKETS

Quotations for January 12, 1911.

MILWAUKEE MARKETS

Dairy BUTTER—Creamery—Extras, 29c; prints, 30c; firsts, 26c@27c; seconds, 24c@25c; renovated (process), 24c@25c. Dairy—Fancy, 25c.

CHEESE—American full cream; Twins, 14@14½; daisies, 15@15½; young Americas, 14½@15c; longhorns, 14½@14¾c; low grades, 11@12c; Limburger, new, 13½@13¾c; brick, choice, new, 13½@13¾c; Swiss, 14@15c.

EGGS—Current receipts, fresh, as to quality, 26@30c; recandled, extras, 36@38c; seconds, 15@17c; April No. 1, recandled, 24@25c.

Grain

WHEAT—No. 1, northern, 1.09@1.10½; No. 2, northern, 1.07@1.08½; No. 1, durum, 92½@93½c; No. 2, do, 91½@92c; No. 3, do, 87@88c; No. 2, hard winter, 1.00@1.02c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 93@98c; medium, 92@93c.

CORN—No. 3, yellow, 46½@46¾c; No. 4, yellow, 45½c.

OATS—No. 3, white, 33½@34c; standard, 34@34½c.

Live Stock

CATTLE—Butchers' steers, 4.75@6.75; heifers, 3.75@5.25; cows, 4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, 3.50@5.00; calves, 7.50@9.35.

HOGS—Good, heavy butchers, 8.00@8.05; fair to best, light, 7.70@8.00; pigs, 7.50@7.90.

SHEEP—Native, 5.75@6.25; ewes, 3.25@4.00.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Live Stock

CATTLE—Beeves, 4.65@7.00; western steers, 4.25@5.90; stockers and feeders, 3.65@5.70; cows and heifers, 2.55@6.25; calves, 7.00@9.25.

HOGS—Light, 7.80@8.10; mixed, 7.80@8.10; heavy, 7.80@8.10; rough, 7.80@7.90; good to choice heavy, 7.80@8.10; pigs, 7.50@8.10; bulk of sales, 8.00@8.05.

SHEEP—Native, 2.50@4.45; yearlings, 4.60@5.70; lambs, native, 4.75@6.50.

Dairy

BUTTER—Steady; creameries, 21@28c; dairies, 19@24c.

EGGS—Weak; receipts, 4539 cases; at mark, cases included, 18½@21½c; firsts, 29c; prime firsts, 31c.

CHEESE—Steady; daisies, 15@15½c; twins, 13@13½c; Young Americas, 15@15½c; long horns, 15½@15¾c.

Wisconsin News Notes.

Neenah.—Carl Jung, city treasurer of Neenah, is dead of pneumonia.

Waukesha.—Henry E. Blair, for four years postmaster here, has been reappointed by President Taft.

Beloit.—Plans for the removal of the Economy Motor Car company's plant to this city from Joliet, Ill., are practically completed.

Eau Claire.—John Braun, 48, a track inspector of the Soo line, was killed by a train. Braun lived at Fall Creek, and leaves a widow and seven children.

Manitowoc.—An explosion in the heating plant of the Turner Opera house, wrecked the plant, damaged the building and caused a serious loss. The accident was due to frozen water pipes.

Manitowoc.—The city's recent action establishing a workhouse and stone pile, bids fair to be annulled by a decision of the county board, allowing but one meal per day for vagrants taken into custody.

North Brandon.—The Commercial hotel here was robbed of \$20 in cash and several bottles of sealed liquors. The proprietor of the hotel is a deputy sheriff of Forest county, and was in the hotel at the time.

Neenah.—The plant of the Standard Oil company, damaged to the extent of \$3,000 by fire, will be rebuilt of fireproof material. Three large tanks, containing thousands of gallons of gasoline and kerosene, were attacked by the fire.

Oshkosh.—A jury has been drawn for the trial of Cora Edwards, charged with shooting William Eberling of Green Bay, at Neenah. This is the only criminal case on the calendar and is attracting interest in the Fox valley.

Madison.—The manufacture of granulated sugar from cane pulp, experimental operations in which process have been going on at the plant of the United States Sugar company in Fair Oaks, has been demonstrated as practicable and successful beyond the hopes of the promoters. So important is the project in the eyes of the owners that it is planned to resume these operations in the spring.

Wausau.—The United States experimental and pulp station here has begun operations. The first experimenting will be on jack pine.

Plainfield.—The large farmhouse of David Laut, one and one-half miles north of this town, was destroyed by fire together with all the household goods.

Wautoma.—Bean's hotel in this village has been sold to E. A. Weeks of Grand Rapids, Wis. E. A. Bean, the former proprietor, has conducted this hostelry for twenty-five years. The consideration was \$15,000.

FOOD VALUE OF MILK

CONTAINS MATERIALS WHICH CHILDREN NEED FOR GROWTH.

One Quart of Cow's Milk Supplies Practically as Much Protein and Energy as Three-Quarters of Pound of Beef.

It is a commonplace saying that milk, or, to be more specific, cow's milk, is a perfect food. This may be taken to mean that it contains, first, materials which children need for growth; second, material which young and old alike need for the repair of their bodily machinery; and, third, materials which both need for fuel, i. e., to provide with heat and with the energy necessary for work. It should not be understood, however, to mean that it has these ingredients in such proportions that it can serve satisfactorily as an exclusive food for a grown person or even for a child. Though it is the best substitute for mother's milk, it must be "modified" more or less before it can be used even for infant feeding with good results.

It is likewise a commonplace saying that milk is a cheap as well as a nutritious food. Just at present, with prices of all kinds of foods rapidly changing, it is not so easy as it once was to make the comparisons that are necessary to show which particular foods are really cheap, but while the prices of food materials vary, the composition of most of them remains unchanged, and it is always possible to compare their nutritive values. A quart of milk supplies practically as much of both protein and energy as three-quarters of a pound of beef of average composition or eight average eggs, and can generally be bought for less money. In case milk is eight cents a quart, beef 20 cents a pound, and eggs 24 cents a dozen, ten cents spent for milk will buy a little more protein and much more energy than ten cents spent for beef or ten cents spent for eggs. Thus, while other animal foods than milk (meat, eggs and cheese) are desirable to give variety to the diet it may be assumed that milk may be used as an economical substitute for any one of them.

Of the vegetable foods, many (flour, for example) are found to be much cheaper than milk, when both price and nutritive value are taken into consideration, and, as a matter of fact, they always form the greater part of the bulk of human food; but of the animal foods which are usually combined with the vegetable foods, milk is one of the cheapest.

In spite of the fact that milk is recognized as a nutritious and a cheap food, there seems to be a general tendency to think of it not as a possible substitute for other more expensive foods, but rather as an addition to the bill of fare. To illustrate, milk is frequently used as a beverage without the reduction of the amount of meat or other proted foods served. From the point of view of the need of the body, this may be considered extravagant and the serving of a glass of milk or of a bowlful of soup or of such desserts as custards and baked milk, or the use of generous quantities of milk or white sauce on vegetables, offers an opportunity to cut down the allowance of meats and eggs.—Caroline L. Hunt.

METHOD OF CLARIFYING FAT

Objectable Flavors Can Be Removed From Fat by Means of Potatoes.

Excepting where the purpose of clarifying fat is to remove flavors, a good method to follow is to pour boiling water over the fat, to boil thoroughly, and then to set it away to cool. The cold fat may be removed in a solid cake and any impurities clinging to it may be scraped off, as they will be found at the bottom of the layer. By repeating this process two or three times a cake of clean, white fat may be obtained.

A slight burned taste or similar objectionable flavor often can be removed from fat by means of potatoes. After melting the fat, put into it thick slices of raw potato; heat gradually. When the fat ceases to bubble and the potatoes are brown, strain through a cloth placed in a wire strainer.

Genesee Chocolates.

As the college girls are doing it: Boil for five minutes a cupful and a half of granulated sugar, half a cupful of milk, a teaspoonful of butter and two squares of chocolate. Then take from the fire, flavor with vanilla, stand the pan containing the sirup in a pan of cold water and work in four or five tablespoonfuls of confectioners' sugar, molding the mass with the hands into balls. When the balls are cold dip them one by one into melted chocolate and drain on wax paper. The mixture should be of a creamy consistency as will allow it to be molded.

Pineapple Cocktails.

One-half dozen oranges, one lemon, one pineapple, two bananas, two cups (about) powdered sugar, Maraschino cherries to garnish. Cut oranges in half and carefully remove pulp so that halves may be used for cocktail cups. Save juice and add to lemon juice. Cut pulp of oranges in small pieces, removing all membrane. Pare and pick pineapple in pieces with a fork. Cover with powdered sugar. Slice bananas. Pile fruit in layers in orange cases. Cover with juice and garnish with Maraschino cherries.

CORRESPONDENCE

ST. MICHAELS.

Joe Uelmen is harvesting his supply of ice this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Strobel of Milwaukee are visiting with Hubert Fellenz and family.

Mrs. J. J. Schiller and Miss Ida Schiller spent Thursday with the former's sister, Mrs. H. W. Schoofs, at West Bend.

Last Friday occurred the annual meeting of the local congregation, nothing was arranged however only it resulted in the locking of the church doors by the officers.

NEW PROSPECT.

John Rinzel put up a supply of ice this week.

Miss Katie Becker spent Sunday with Selma Becker.

Miss Clara Becker spent the past week with Mrs. Ed. Koelen.

Our boys want to play Basketball but they have a hard time finding their match.

Miss Mary Schaefer of Oshkosh visited with the Peter Uelmen family a few days last week.

Miss Matie Uelmen left for a few weeks visit with relatives and friends at Oshkosh and Green Bay.

BOLTONVILLE.

Miss Mary Meisner of Duluth is visiting at her home here.

Mrs. Louis Geidle of Elmore visited relatives here Thursday.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Roe, who was quite ill is again recovering.

Miss Irene Moths of Silver Creek is learning dressmaking of Miss Sophia Kraetsch.

John Balthazard of Milwaukee and Paul Kurtz of Cascade visited friends and relatives here last week.

Ed. Woog will hold a dance at the M. W. A. hall next Saturday evening, Jan. 14. A large attendance is expected.

Some of our villagers attended the funeral of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Oehler at Elmore last Wednesday.

ST. KILIAN.

Our saloonkeepers have cut their ice the past week.

Miss Sophia Strobel of Milwaukee is home since Saturday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartzler last week a baby girl. Congratulations.

Miss Balbina Strobel returned to Auburndale last week Saturday after spending the holidays at home.

The Misses Estella Klotz and Marie Husting of Campbellspoint were guests of the S. Strachota family the latter part of last week.

The dance at Geo. Ruplinger's Wednesday was fairly well attended. Kloepffel's Orchestra of Neenah was very pleasing to the crowd.

Andrew Beisbier lately bought 50 acres of land from his mother, Mrs. W. Beisbier and expects to build a new residence on same this coming season. This 90 acres is just half of Mrs. Beisbier's farm.

BEECHWOOD.

Wm. Koepke Sr. is on the sick list.

Otto Brandenburg was a Kewaskum caller Saturday.

Mrs. J. H. Reysen spent Saturday evening with Mrs. Albert Sauter.

Dr. Geo Brandt of Kewaskum was a professional caller here Tuesday.

Dr. K. Baur attended a Medical meeting in Milwaukee Wednesday.

Walter Reysen is digging a well for Mrs. Daniel Hoffman this week.

Mrs. Daniel Hoffman visited Monday afternoon with Mrs. Mary Koch.

Charles Miller of Royalton, Minn. visited friends here Monday and Tuesday.

John Hintz and wife visited Sunday and Monday with August Schultz and family in Mitchell.

Wm. Mattes and wife and Albert Koepke of Dundee spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Koepke.

John Held returned home Saturday from Milwaukee where he had been in a hospital several weeks. Mr. Held is feeling good.

—A delinquent subscriber was dying and the editor dropped in to see him. "How do you feel?" asked the pencil-pusher. "All looks bright before me," gasped the subscriber. "I thought so," said the editor. "You'll see the blaze in about ten minutes."

Are Doctors Any Good?

Foolish question! Yet some people act as if a medicine could take the place of a doctor! The best medicine in the world cannot do this. Have a family doctor, consult him frequently, trust him fully. If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds, we would not offer it to you. Ask your doctor. No alcohol in this cough medicine. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

If we did not believe doctors endorsed Ayer's Pills for constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, we would not offer them to you. Ask your own doctor about this.

WAYNE.

Albert Kuehl transacted business at Allenton Saturday.

John Murphy transacted business at Kewaskum Saturday.

Sam Hawig transacted business at Allenton Monday afternoon.

Geo. Kibbel transacted business at Kewaskum Monday afternoon.

A party was held at the home of Chas. Mertz last Friday evening.

Wm. Struebing transacted business at Kewaskum Saturday afternoon.

John Gales Sr. transacted business at Kewaskum Monday afternoon.

Louis Foerster transacted business at Kewaskum Tuesday afternoon.

John Mathieu and son did some painting for David Coulter last week.

Miss Lizzie Mises of Allenton is visiting with John Hawig and family.

Jac. Hawig and family called on relatives and friends at St. Anthony Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Struebing of Elmore called on Hy. Brandt and family Tuesday.

Miss Ella Guenther went to Milwaukee last week, where she is learning dressmaking.

Frank E. Conner and Emel Bartelt transacted business at Kewaskum Saturday evening.

Miss Ella Brandt of Fond du Lac returned home last week to spend a few days with her parents.

Quite a number from here attended the Old Settler's dance at Kewaskum Saturday evening.

Rob. Backhaus, the live stock buyer of Kewaskum transacted business in our burg Tuesday.

By. Brandt of Iron Ridge is visiting with John Brandt and family and other friends since Monday.

Agnes, Lucy and Hy. Schmidt Jr. visited with relatives and friends at Knowles last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Christian Struebing and son Albert of Elmore called on Hy. Brandt and family last Saturday.

Andrew Knoebel left for Minnesota last week, where he will visit relatives and friends for a few weeks.

Rosa and Martha Gales left for Milwaukee Monday afternoon to visit relatives and friends for a few days.

Freda and Clarence Petri visited with their grand parents east of Kohlsville from Saturday until Tuesday.

Hy. Schmidt and family received the new's Saturday that a baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Becker at Milwaukee. Congratulations.

ELMORE.

Miss Susie Schill of Milwaukee is visiting here.

Wm. Senn and mother visited a few days with relatives at Ripon.

Mrs. Mary Kleinschay left last Tuesday for Fond du Lac to visit relatives.

Louis Foerster and brother Wm. of Wayne were business callers here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Struebing visited last Wednesday with the Hy. Brandt family at Wayne.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Hy. Kleinschay at Fond du Lac last Friday a baby girl. Congratulations.

Mrs. Frank Kleinhans left Monday for Marion on account of the serious illness of her little niece.

Miss Lizzie Gantenbein of St. Kilian visited a week here with her sister Mrs. E. Reinhardt and family.

Andrew Schrauth and lady of Fond du Lac spent Sunday and Monday here with the former's parents.

Charles Corbett of Dundee and Lawrence Hurlgen of Duplainville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Mathieu Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Struebing spent Tuesday and Wednesday at Kohlsville with the And. Endlich family, on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Endlich.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

STATE OF WISCONSIN. COUNTY COURT FOR WASHINGTON COUNTY. In Probate. In the matter of the estate of William Koepke, deceased. Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to Mary Koepke of the town of Kewaskum, in said county, and an order allowing and limiting the time for creditors to present their claims against said estate, and fixing the time and place for examining and adjusting the same having been entered. Notice is hereby given that creditors are allowed until the third Tuesday in July, 1911, to present their claims against said deceased to this court for examination and allowance, and that said court will on the third Tuesday of August A. D. 1911, at the court house in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust all claims so presented against the said William Koepke, deceased; and that said court will on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1911, at the court house in the city of West Bend, in said county, examine and adjust claims for necessary funeral expenses, expenses of last sickness of decedent and debts having a preference under the laws of the United States, which shall have been presented within sixty days after the date hereof. Dated January 3rd, 1911. By order of the Court, Kuechenmeister & Barney, P. O'MEARA, Attorneys. County Judge, 4w (First publication Jan. 7, 1911)

WANT ADS

—Legal papers for sale at this office. tf
 —Notary Public work done at this office. tf
 —Highest price paid for Cast scrap iron at Remmel's foundry. tf
 FOR SALE.—Show cases cheap if taken at once. Inquire at this office. tf
 WANTED.—Indian relics, will pay the highest price. Joe Eberle, Kewaskum Wis. 3t
 FOR SALE.—A good 2 year old colt. Inquire of Louis Backhaus, Kewaskum, R. D. 5. tf
 WANTED.—To borrow, \$600 on good security, first mortgage. Inquire at this office. tf
 —Buy your religious goods at the former Geo. H. Schmidt Book Store. Everything at a bargain. tf
 WANTED.—Ten men to cut wood, good wages. Inquire of Charles Mirtz, Kewaskum, R. D. 1. 2t
 FOR SALE.—A young holstein bull six months old. Inquire of Wm. Stagy, Kewaskum Wis. 2t
 NOTICE—I have some high bred Chester White Pigs for service. Inquire of John Simon, Campbellspoint, R. D. 31, one mile west of Wayne. tf
 FOR RENT.—The former Adolph Rosenheimer residence on Fond du Lac Ave. in the village of Kewaskum. Inquire of Newton Rosenheimer, Kewaskum, Wis. tf
 STRAYED.—A yellow Shepherd dog strayed to my place about two weeks ago. Owner may receive same by calling at my place and paying the expenses.—Andrew Straub, Ashford, Wis. tf
 FOR SALE.—An 80 acre farm with a new barn and a six room house. 40 acres under cultivation, balance timber. Farm is located in town Auburn, known as the old Simon farm. Will sell on yearly installments with a low rate of interest. Inquire of Steve Ketter, Kewaskum, Wis., R. D. No. 1. 1t

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Barley	90¢@92
Wheat	85¢@90
Red winter	85¢@90
Rye, No. 1	70¢@75
Oats	30
Butter	24¢@26
Eggs	32
Unwashed wool	23¢@25
New Potatoes	30¢@33
Beans	2.00¢@2.25
Hay	14.00¢@18.00
Hides	8¢@9
Honey	10¢
Apples	1.00¢@1.50
Red Clover seed, per 100 lbs.	9.00¢@11.00
White "	9.00¢@11.00
Alsike "	9.00¢@15.00
Hickory Nuts	per bu. 1.50¢@1.75

LIVE POULTRY.

Spring Chickens	12 1/4
Hens	12
Old Roosters	8
Ducks	13

DRESSED POULTRY

Chickens	12 1/4
Ducks	15
Geese	14

DAIRY MARKET.

ELGIN.
 Elgin, Ill., Jan. 9.—Butter—Steady at 29c. a lb. Output, 574,600 lbs.
PLYMOUTH.
 Plymouth, Wis., Jan. 9.—On the call board on Tuesday thirty-nine factories offered 2,528 boxes of cheese. 125 boxes of squares passed, the balance sold as follows: 100 boxes squares at 15c; 75 boxes squares at 14 1/2c; 30 boxes twins at 13 1/2c; 538 boxes daisies at 15 1/2c; 5 boxes daisies at 15 1-8c; 133 cases young Americas at 15c, and 995 cases horns at 15c.

BIG CUT SALE

ODDS AND ENDS AND SURPLUS STOCK MUST GO

We want to clean up our stock of Winter Merchandise and Odds and Ends in every department of our store. We need the cash and we need the room. Our prices are the "move-quick" kind.

\$5.00

at this price we have put out a lot of Men's Suits and Young Men's Overcoats that sold for as \$15.

BOYS' OVERCOATS

for boys from 8 to 16 years, reduced to \$3.45.

Our entire stock of Men's 1.50 Caps all this season's stock 95c.

Girls' \$1.00 Tam O'Shanter's.....39c
 Girls' 50c Tam O'Shanter's.....17c
 Children's Toques.....9c

\$5.00

at this price we have put out a lot of Ladies' and Misses' Coats that sold at from \$10 to \$20.

Pride of Omaha Flour

guaranteed to please, per sack, \$1.40

Badger Dairy Feed

will make your cows yield more milk. Try a sack, \$1.25

Visit our Basement for big 5c, 10c and 25c bargains in Crockery and Glassware

Delineator two years for \$1.50

Boerner Brothers

MERCANTILE COMPANY, WEST BEND

PICK BROTHERS CO.

WEST BEND, WISCONSIN

Our Big Sacrificing Cloak Sale Starts Jan. 12

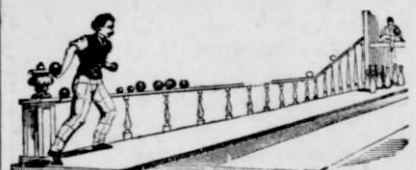
Every Women's, Misses' or Childs' garment will be sold. Cost prices are disregarded; a complete clean up of this season's goods is our object. You are offered your choice of our big garment stock at the largest price sacrifice ever given by us. Remember that these garments at the prices we have them marked will sell quickly. Come early to avoid disappointment.

Furs also Reduced in Price

JOS. EBERLE

PROPRIETOR OF THE

BOWLING ALLEYS



ALSO PROPRIETOR OF THE

Farmers Hotel

BOARD BY THE DAY OR WEEK. GOOD STABLE ROOM.

Dealer in Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Etc.

KEWASKUM. WISCONSIN

RUBBERS--RUBBERS

WE CARRY EVERYTHING IN RUBBERS.

FOOTWEAR

Also carry a large line of Felt Goods, such as Jersey Leggings, Overgaiters, Sheepskin Socks, Cork and Hair Insoles. Large assortment of warm lined shoes for Men and Women.

Repairing on Short Notice.

Mich. Heindl

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

Kewaskum Statesman.

SATURDAY, JAN. 14, 1911.

C. & N. W. RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

GOING NORTH		Kewaskum	Campbellport
No. 105	.....	3:25 p. m.	3:35 p. m.
No. 113	.....	12:15 p. m.	12:25 p. m.
No. 121	.....	9:15 a. m.	9:31 a. m.
No. 127	.....	8:25 p. m.	8:38 p. m.
No. 143	.....	6:34 p. m.	6:48 p. m.
No. 141	.....	8:50 a. m.	9:08 a. m.
GOING SOUTH		Kewaskum	Campbellport
No. 106	.....	9:45 a. m.	9:51 a. m.
No. 110	.....	12:18 p. m.	12:24 p. m.
No. 114	.....	2:32 p. m.	2:38 p. m.
No. 126	.....	6:08 p. m.	6:14 p. m.
No. 136	.....	7:36 a. m.	7:54 a. m.
No. 124	.....	10:52 p. m.	10:42 p. m.
No. 120	.....	7:28 p. m.	7:18 p. m.
No. 116	.....	5:30 p. m.	5:20 p. m.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Oats, hay and shelled Corn at Nic Marx.

—Big reduction on Ladies coats at L. Rosenheimer's.

—Ben. H. Mertes was a West Bend caller Wednesday.

—Remnants of every description on sale at L. Rosenheimer's.

—Alex Klug was a Campbellport caller Sunday evening.

—The G. U. G. held installation meeting Monday evening.

—Mrs. P. H. Meinhardt visited this week with her family at Milwaukee.

—Lorenz Guth of West Bend was a business caller in the village Tuesday.

—Albert Engle of Missouri is now employed at the local roller mills as miller.

—Mrs. Wm. Kloke of Campbellport was a village visitor here Tuesday.

—Mrs. Dr. Kari Hausmann visited with her sister at Fond du Lac Wednesday.

—Get a cutter now. Prices have been reduced to move them.—L. Rosenheimer.

—Dr. Carl Hausmann and wife were the guests of West Bend relatives Sunday.

—John Strobel and Chas. Meinecke Sr. were at West Bend on business Tuesday.

—Wm. Krahn of Milwaukee spent the latter part of last week here with relatives.

—Kilian Strachota and brother John spent Saturday and Sunday at Fond du Lac.

—William Doms was at Campbellport Thursday where he transacted business.

—Henry Braun of Campbellport transacted business in the village last Wednesday.

—Mrs. Eva Janssen and son Ben transacted business at the county seat last Tuesday.

—Miss Emma Dorn of Milwaukee visited relatives in this vicinity Saturday and Sunday.

—Arthur Buss of Milwaukee is spending a few days here with relatives and friends.

—Peter Mies visited with his wife and other relatives at Fond du Lac Sunday and Monday.

—There will be services in the German M. E. church to-morrow, Sunday, at 10:30 A. M.

—Support the local High School Basketball team by attending the game next Friday evening.

—Emil Ramel and wife and Pau Moldenhauer attended the funeral of a relative at Jackson Sunday.

—Basket ball next Friday in Groeschel's hall. Cedarburg High School vs Kewaskum High School.

—Hugo Goldschmidt and wife were the guests of Milwaukee relatives and friends a few days this week.

—Miss Lillian Kumrow returned home Monday after spending a week with friends at Random Lake and Milwaukee.

—Miss Matilda Mayer was at Milwaukee the fore part of the week, where she visited with relatives and friends.

—Miss Emma Strobel was the guest of her sister Mrs. Frank Zwasehka and family at West Bend on Monday.

—Mrs. John Tiss spent from Saturday until Monday at Milwaukee, where she visited with relatives and friends.

—Miss Nellie Mc Cullough of Milwaukee spent the forepart of the week here with her parents and other relatives.

—Mrs. Louis Schaefer and son Wilbur of Juneau arrived here Tuesday for a weeks visit with the Wm. Schaefer family.

—Julius Urban left Monday for Milwaukee, where he has accepted a position as fireman for the International Harvester Co.

—Ben Smith of Milwaukee arrived here last Tuesday for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Joe Grittner and other relatives.

—Ben. H. Mertes was elected assistant cashier of the Citizens State Bank at their annual meeting held Wednesday afternoon.

—John Breseman, who has been visiting at Milwaukee for a few weeks returned to his home in town Wayne last Monday.

—Henry Oppenorth, secretary of the Milwaukee Mutual Fire Insurance Company was a business caller in the village Tuesday.

—John Klein Sr. and wife were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Walter Schacht and family at Milwaukee last Saturday and Sunday.

—Dr. N. E. Hausmann and wife were at Milwaukee last Wednesday, where the former attended a meeting of the Brainard Medical society.

—The Kewaskum Concertina band will give a dance in Koch's hall at Beechwood tomorrow, Sunday evening. They extend a cordial invitation to all.

—Chas. Eckeslip, a contractor of Plymouth was killed Tuesday morning at said city by a Milwaukee passenger train. The unfortunate man had reached the age of 58 years.

—At the young ladies cinch club held at the home of Miss Edna Schmidt last Tuesday evening prizes were awarded as follows: First Miss Alice Henry; consolation, Mrs. Otto E. Lay.

—The adjourned meeting of the county board, for the purpose of acting on the matter of a combination of the county asylum and poor house, will be held at West Bend Jan. 17th.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Weddig received the sad news Sunday of the death of the latter's mother, Mrs. Henry Kreitzinger of Beechwood. The funeral was held at the latter place on Thursday afternoon.

—W. C. Bruesser, who is a Corporal in the United States Army being stationed at Boston, Mass. and who spent a few weeks furlough with relatives at Boltonville, boarded the train here Monday to return to his station.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Strube and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Zwasehka of West Bend attended the Old Settlers dance here last Saturday evening. The latter together with her family also remained in the village on Sunday to visit relatives.

—Chas. Miller and son of Royaton, Minnesota visited friends and relatives in this village the fore part of the week renewing old acquaintances. Chas. is to be remembered as the party who owned a store at Beechwood a few years ago. He also favored this office with a most pleasant call.

—Sergt. W. C. Bruesser of Co. 124, Fort Andrews, Mass., who has been visiting a few weeks with his parents near Boltonville being on a furlough, called on friends in this village while enroute back to his camp. While in the village the Sergant subscribed to the Statesman Mr. Bruesser speaks well of the army.

—Robert Davies, who has been employed in this vicinity for a number of years, left Monday for Juneau, where he will at present be employed in an auto factory. Early in the spring. Mr. Davies in company with another party, expect to erect a garage at said city. That they will meet with success there is no doubt as Mr. Davies is an expert gasoline engine man and has all the business qualifications necessary. Good luck to you Robt.

KOHLVILLE.

Farmers and saloonkeepers are busy harvesting their ice these days.

—Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Schellinger visited Sunday with the Albert Schellinger family near Neno.

—Chas. Struebing and wife of Elmore visited Tuesday and Wednesday with the Andrew Endlich family.

—Mrs. Andrew Endlich Sr. is seriously ill with gall stones, Dr. Stye is attending her. We hope for a speedy recovery.

—Mrs. Ph. Illian was tendered a surprise party on Monday afternoon in honor of her forty second birthday anniversary. All present report a good time.

Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers to The Kewaskum Statesman are earnestly requested to keep in mind the regulation of the post office department regarding newspapers and keep their subscriptions paid up. While the amount of annual subscription is a small item to the subscriber, it is of considerable importance to the publisher under the present rule of the government.

If you have any little potatoes, the hens can make good use of them. Boil them up soft, and feed a ration now and then.

CHRISTMAS SEAL REPORTS SHOW EXCELLENT GAINS

First Estimates of Sale Borne Out by Returns Now Reaching Milwaukee Headquarters—Jan. 14 is Last Day.

The early return received by the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis association show an excellent proportional gain in the sale of Christmas seals during the 1910 campaign over the preceding year and it is believed that the first estimate of 3,250,000 sales will be confirmed.

Forty six out of a possible 475 towns have reported and paid for \$2,039.71 worth of seals this year, as against \$1,275.74 last year. The apparent gain is cut down, however, by the fact that a larger number of towns participated this year than last year. Out of a possible 400 rural schools, 101 have reported cash sales of \$531.31. Partial Milwaukee returns in cash now \$3,733.15 which will probably be increased by \$4,000.

The actual cash received by the association up to the end of last week was nearly \$6,000. None of the larger cities have reported. Campaign managers are being urged to make returns before Jan. 14th, the last day on which sales, to be counted in the award of prizes, must be in the hands of the association.

“What will be done with this money?” is a question frequently asked. Many people do not understand why the association does not spend this fund on patients who have the disease instead of on the source of the trouble.

There are at least 10,000 cases of consumption in Wisconsin today. If the association had spent last year's fund of \$23,000 in relief work it would not even scratch the surface. If the association had \$20,000 a year to spend, each case could receive only \$2, which would do the patient no good worth mentioning and would do absolutely nothing toward preventing the disease. These figures take no account of the amount it would require to distribute the \$20,000 equally among the 10,000 patients. The purpose of the association is to root out the cause of the disease rather than to try to relieve the effects of it.

Bowling Notes.

The Holy Jumpers jumped into first place Monday evening by defeating the Statesman two out of three games. Result.

HOLY JUMPERS			
Klug	.....	160	136 153-449
J. Eberle Sr.	.....	190	182 153-525
E. Koch	.....	150	161 170-481
H. Olwin	.....	123	138 132-413
W. Eberle	.....	169	173 201-543
Total	.....	792	790 829-2411
STATESMAN			
Schmidt	.....	156	173 154-483
Wollensak	.....	162	156 116-434
Harbeck	.....	176	123 152-451
Henry	.....	204	192 165-561
Schaefer	.....	137	134 149-420
Total	.....	835	778 766-2379

The Neverslips are beginning to slip it over all the teams. Thursday evening they took two out of three games from the L. R.'s, score

NEVERSLIPS			
Endlich	.....	148	130 111-389
Gilson	.....	170	171 128-469
Urban	.....	154	129 121-404
J. Eberle Jr.	.....	128	136 174-438
Mayer	.....	139	183 128-450
Total	.....	739	749 662-2150
L. R.'S.			
Klumb	.....	133	131 114-378
N. Rosenheimer	.....	121	141 148-410
L. Rosenheimer	.....	165	126 170-461
B. Rosenheimer	.....	128	122 114-364
Lay	.....	126	137 134-397
Total	.....	673	657 680-2010

Among the two hundred bowlers the past week were: W. Eberle, 204, 201; E. Koch, 228; S. Wollensak, 200; Geo. H. Schmidt, 211; H. E. Henry, 204.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED

The L. R.'s of this village do hereby officially accept the challenge of the Klim Bin bowling team of West Bend for a bowling match to be bowled in this village on Tuesday evening, January 17th at 8 o'clock.

WAUCOUSTA

A. C. Buslaff went to Campbellport Wednesday.

Taxes will be collected here on Thursday, January 19th.

A. F. Klinking of St. Cloud was a business caller here Tuesday.

J. J. Carberry of Fond du Lac transacted business here Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. E. Bixby attended the funeral of Mr. Breitengross at Fond du Lac Sunday.

January Clearance Sale Now On

Our inventory shows our stock too large in Ladies' Coats and Furs. To move this stock quick, prices are sharply reduced.

Ladies' Long Coats
Latest Styles and Patterns.

Coats formerly sold at \$25.00	Now going at \$20.50
Coats formerly sold at 20.00	Now going at 17.25
Coats formerly sold at 19.00	Now going at 15.50
Coats formerly sold at 16.00	Now going at 13.00
Coats formerly sold at 14.00	Now going at 11.50
Coats formerly sold at 12.00	Now going at 10.50
Coats formerly sold at 10.00	Now going at 7.75

MISSES' COATS.

\$ 9.00 Line, beautiful styles, selling now at.....\$5.00
10.00 Line, beautiful styles, selling now at.....\$5.50

Ready Made Skirts.

Regular 7.00 skirts, now...5.50
Regular 5.00 skirts, now...4.00
Regular 4.75 skirts, now...3.90

50 per cent Reduction on a large lot of out of style Coats. LADIES' FURS GREATLY REDUCED.

9.50 Fur Sets, going now at.....	7.50	13.00 Sable Fox Scarf, very long, going at.....	10.00
6.00 Fur Sets, going now at.....	4.75	10.00 Japanese Mink Scarf, very long, at.....	8.50
2.00 Muffs, going now at.....	1.25	9.00 Beautiful Collarettes, very long, at.....	7.25

BIG REMNANT SALE ON NOW IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

L. ROSENHEIMER

Statement of the condition of the
Bank of Kewaskum
OF KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN
at the close of business January 7th, 1911.

Resources	Liabilities
Loans and Discounts, \$207,034.16	Capital, \$15,000.00
U. S. and other bonds, 15,321.25	Surplus and undivided profits, 12,708.09
Cash on hand & due from b' nks, 63,716.56	Deposits, \$258,363.88
\$286,071.97	\$286,071.97

A. L. ROSENHEIMER, President.
M. ROSENHEIMER, Vice-President.
B. H. ROSENHEIMER, Cashier.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.

A CHECK BOOK

A check book does not burn a hole in your pocket like the actual money. Signing your name to a check makes you think. You don't spend a check as readily and carelessly as you spend ready cash. An account at our bank would tend to restrict your spending. Try an account with us and pay all your bills with checks. We will gladly give you a check book. If you will try this for one year you will be surprised at the money you will save and you may then smile at all your troubles. Make your bank account grow. It is recording your history and telling a truthful story of your success. Open an account with us today. Drop a little into the bank every week and its rapid growth will surprise you.

Citizens State Bank
Kewaskum, Wisconsin

PRECAUTIONS.



"I mustn't color my lips tonight, for I'm sure to sit out half a dozen dances with Charlie, and he's such a boy for kissing."

STUBBORN ECZEMA ON HANDS

"Some nine years ago I noticed small pimples breaking out on the back of my hands. They became very irritating, and gradually became worse, so that I could not sleep at night. I consulted a physician who treated me a long time, but it got worse, and I could not put my hands in water. I was treated at the hospital, and it was just the same. I was told that it was a very bad case of eczema. Well, I just kept on using everything that I could for nearly eight years until I was advised to try Cuticura Ointment. I did so, and I found after a few applications and by bandaging my hands well up that the burning sensations were disappearing. I could sleep well, and did not have any itching during the night. I began after a while to use Cuticura Soap for a wash for them, and I think by using the Soap and Ointment I was much benefited. I stuck to the Cuticura treatment, and thought if I could use other remedies for over seven years with no result, and after only having a few applications and finding ease from Cuticura Ointment, I thought it deserved a fair trial with a severe and stubborn case. I used the Ointment and Soap for nearly six months, and I am glad to say that I have hands as clear as anyone."

"It is my wish that you publish this letter to all the world, and if anyone doubts it, let them write me and I will give them the name of my physician, and the hospital I was treated at." (Signed) Miss Mary A. Bentley, 93 University St., Montreal, Que., Sept. 14, 1910.

Long Time Coming.

Real College Boy (waiting for his change in department store)—This suspense is simply maddening. Emerald! Hadn't you better start a tracer after my change?

Saleswoman (meanly, but sweetly)—Just like money from home, isn't it, Archibald?—Drake Delphic.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoagland*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Your tracts to the Hottentots may count for little compared with your acts to your own washerwoman.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Brings relief and money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROV'S signature on each box. Etc.

Avoid pushing to the front by going back on your friends.

PROMINENT ODD FELLOW

Bad Case of Catarrh and Other Complications. Fully Restored by Peruna.

Mr. Chas. L. Sauer, Grand Scribe, Grand Encampment I. O. O. F., of Texas, writes from San Antonio, Texas:

"Nearly two years ago I accepted a position as secretary and treasurer of one of the leading dry goods establishments of Galveston, Texas. The sudden change from a high and dry altitude to sea level proved too much for me and I became afflicted with catarrh and cold in the head, and general debility to such an extent as to almost incapacitate me for attending to my duties."

"I was induced to try Peruna, and after taking several bottles in small doses I am pleased to say I was entirely restored to my former normal condition and have ever since recommended the use of Peruna to my friends."

Ask Your Druggist for a Free Peruna Almanac for 1911.

The MAN in LOWER TEN BY MARY ROBERT RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY M. G. KETTNER

Lawrence Blakeley, lawyer, goes to Pittsburgh with the forged notes in the Bronson case to get the deposition of John Gilmore, millionaire. A lady requests Blakeley to buy her a Pullman ticket. He gives her lower 10 and retains lower 10. He finds a drunken man in lower 10 and retires in lower 9. He awakens in lower 7 and finds his clothes and bag missing. The man in lower 10 is found murdered. Circumstantial evidence points to both Blakeley and the man who stole his clothes. The train is wrecked and Blakeley is rescued from a burning car by a girl in blue. His arm is broken. The girl proves to be Alison West, his partner's sweetheart. Blakeley returns home and finds he is under surveillance. Moving pictures of the train taken just before the wreck reveal to Blakeley a man leaping from the train with his stolen grip. Investigation proves that the man's name is Sullivan. Mrs. Conway, the woman for whom Blakeley bought a Pullman ticket, tries to make a bargain with him for the forged notes, not knowing that they are missing. Blakeley and an amateur detective investigate the home of Sullivan's partner. From a servant Blakeley learns that Alison West had been there on a visit and Sullivan had been attentive to her. Sullivan is the husband of a daughter of the murdered man. Blakeley's house is ransacked by the police. He learns that the affair between Alison and his partner is off.

CHAPTER XXVII.—Continued.

And when the endless meal was over, and yards of white veils had been tied over pounds of hair—or is it, too, bought by the yard?—and some eight ensembles with their abject complements had been packed into three automobiles and a trap, I drew a long breath and faced about. I had just then only one object in life—to find Alison, to assure her of my absolute faith and confidence in her, and to offer my help and my poor self, if she would let me, in her service.

She was not easy to find. I searched the lower floor, the veranda and the grounds, circumspectly. Then I ran into a little English girl who turned out to be her maid, and who also was searching. She was concerned because her mistress had no dinner, and because the tray of food she carried would soon be cold. I took the tray from her, on the glimpse of something white on the shore, and that was how I met the girl again.

She was sitting on an overturned boat, her chin in her hands, staring out to sea. The soft tide of the bay lapped almost at her feet, and the draperies of her white gown melted hazily into the sands. She looked like a wraith, a despondent phantom of the sea, although the adjective is redundant. Nobody ever thinks of a cheerful phantom. Strangely enough, considering her evident sadness, she was whistling softly to herself, over and over, some dreary little minor air that sounded like a Bohemian dirge. She glanced up quickly when I made a misstep and my dishes jingled. All considered, the tray was out of the picture; the sea, the misty starlight, the girl, with her beauty—even the sad little whistle that stopped now and then to go bravely on again, as though it fought against the odds of a trembling lip. And then I came, accompanied by a tray of little silver dishes that jingled and an unmistakable odor of broiled chicken!

"Oh!" she said quickly; and then, "Oh! I thought you were Jenkins." "Timeo Donnos—what's the rest of it?" I asked, tendering my offering. "You didn't have any dinner, you know." I sat down beside her. "See, I'll be the table. What was the old fairy tale? 'Little goat bleat; little table appear!' I'm perfectly willing to be the goat, too."

She was laughing rather tremulously. "We never do meet like other people, do we?" she asked. "We really ought to shake hands and say how are you."

"I don't want to meet you like other people, and I suppose you always think of me as wearing the other fellow's clothes," I returned meekly. "I'm doing it again; I don't seem to be able to help it. These are Grangers that I have on now."

She threw back her head and laughed again, joyously, this time. "Oh, it's so ridiculous," she said, "and you have never seen me when I was not eating! It's too prosaic!" "Which reminds me that the chicken is getting cold, and the tea warm," I suggested. "At the time, I thought there could be no place better than the farm-house kitchen—but this is. I ordered all this for something I want to say to you—the sea, the sand, the stars."

"How alliterative you are!" she said, trying to be flippant. "You are not to say anything until I have had my supper. Look how the things are spilled around!"

But she ate nothing, after all, and pretty soon I put the tray down in the sand. I said little; there was no hurry. We were together, and time meant nothing against that age-long wash of the sea. The air blew her hair in small damp curls against her face, and little by little the tide retreated, leaving our boat an oasis in a waste of gray sand.

"If seven maids with seven mops swept it for half a year Do you suppose, the walrus said, that they could get it clear?" she threw at me once when she must have known I was going to speak. I held her hand, and as long

but that you were unhappy, and that I had no right to help you. God knows, I thought you didn't want me to help you."

She held out her hand to me and I took it between both of mine. No word of love had passed between us, but I felt that she knew and understood. It was one of the moments that come seldom in a lifetime, and then only in great crises, a moment of perfect understanding and trust.

Then she drew her hand away and sat, erect and determined, her fingers laced in her lap. As she talked the moon came up slowly and threw its bright pathway across the water. Back of us, in the trees beyond the sea wall, a sleepy bird chirruped drowsily, and a wave, larger and bolder than its brothers, sped up the sand, bringing the moon's silver to our very feet. I bent toward the girl.

"I am going to ask just one question."

"Anything you like." Her voice was almost dreary.

"Was it—because of anything you are going to tell me that you refused Richey?"

She drew her breath in sharply. "No," she said, without looking at me. "No. That was not the reason."

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Allison's Story. She told her story evenly, with her eyes on the water, only now and then, when I, too, sat looking seaward, I thought she glanced at me furtively. And once, in the middle of it, she stopped altogether.

"You don't realize it, probably," she protested, "but you look like a—a war god. Your face is horrible."

"I will turn my back, if it will help any," I said stormily, "but if you expect me to look anything but murderous, why, you don't know what I am going through with. That's all!"

The story of her meeting with the Curtis woman was brief enough. They had met in Rome first, where Alison and her mother had taken a villa for a year. Mrs. Curtis had hovered on

done that kind of thing before. And —well, I have paid up, I think."

"What sort of looking chap was Sullivan?" I demanded. I had got up and was pacing back and forward on the said. I remember kicking savagely at a bit of water-soaked board that lay in my way.

"Very handsome—as large as you are, but fair, and even more erect." I drew my shoulders up sharply. I am straight enough, but I was fairly sagging with jealous rage.

"When mother began to get around, somebody told her that I had been going about with Mrs. Curtis and her brother, and we had a dreadful time. I was dragged home like a bad child. Did anybody ever do that to you?"

"Nobody ever cared. I was born



"Did You Marry Him?" I Demanded. "No," she said, without looking at me. "No. That was not the reason."

an orphan," I said, with a cheerless attempt at levity. "Go on."

"If Mrs. Curtis knew, she never said anything. She wrote me charming letters, and in the summer, when they went to Cresson, she asked me to visit her there. I was too proud to let her know that I could not go where I wished, and so—I sent Polly, my maid, to her aunt's in the country, pretended to go to Seal Harbor, and really—went to Cresson. You see I warned you it would be an unpleasant story."

I went over and stood in front of her. All the accumulated jealousy of the last few weeks had been fired by what she told me. If Sullivan had come across the sands just then, I think I would have strangled him with my hands, out of pure hate.

"Did you marry him?" I demanded. My voice sounded hoarse and strange in my ears. "That's all I want to know. Did you marry him?"

"No." I drew a long breath. "You—care about him?"

She hesitated. "No," she said finally. "I did not care about him."

I sat down on the edge of the boat and mopped my hot face. I was heartily ashamed of myself, and mingled with my abasement was a great relief. If she had not married him, and had not cared for him, nothing else was of any importance.

"I was sorry, of course, the moment the train had started, but I had wired I was coming, and I could not go back, and then when I got there, the place was charming. There were no neighbors, but we fished and rode and motored, and—it was moonlight, like this."

I put my hand over both of hers, clasped in her lap. "I know." I acknowledged repentantly, "and—people do queer things when it is moonlight. The moon has got me to-night, Alison. If I am a boor, remember that, won't you?"

Her fingers lay quiet under mine. "And so," she went on with a little sigh, "I began to think perhaps I cared. But all the time I felt that there was something not quite right. Now and then Mrs. Curtis would say or do something that gave me a queer start, as if she had dropped a mask for a moment. And there was trouble with the servants; they were almost insolent. I couldn't understand. I don't know when it dawned on me that the old Baron Cavalcanti had been right when he said they were not my kind of people. But I wanted to get away, wanted it desperately."

"Of course, they were not your kind," I cried. "The man was married! The girl Jennie, a housemaid, was a spy in Mrs. Sullivan's employ. If he had pretended to marry you, I would have killed him! Not only that, but the man he murdered, Harrington, was his wife's father. And I'll see him hang by the neck yet if it takes every energy and every penny I possess."

I could have told her so much more gently, have broken the shock for her; I have never been proud of that evening on the sand. I was alternately a boor and a ruffian—like a hurt youngster who passes the blow that has hurt him on to his playmate, that both may bawl together. And now Alison sat, white and cold, without speech.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Leaves Pennies in Church. A Boston clergyman, commenting on the large number of cents in the average church collection, said that when on a recent Monday he had offered a newsman outside the subway station a 5-cent piece in payment for a newspaper she threw up her hand, remarking:

"Why is it that men never have pennies on Monday morning? It is the only day in the week I have trouble making change."

"My good woman," replied the clergyman, the reason is that on Sunday they leave their pennies in church."



She Was Sitting on an Overturned Boat.

pers?" she asked, looking directly at me for almost the first time.

"Not yet. We hope to."

"The police have not interfered with you?"

"They haven't had any opportunity," I equivocated. "You needn't distress yourself about that, anyhow."

"But I do. I wonder why you still believe in me? Nobody else does."

"I wonder," I repeated, "why I do!" "If you produce Harry Sullivan," she was saying, partly to herself, "and if you could connect him with—Mr. Bronson, and get a full account of why he was on the train, and all that, it—it would help, wouldn't it?"

I acknowledged that it would. Now that the whole truth was almost in my possession, I was stricken with the old cowardice. I did not want to know what she might tell me. The yellow line on the horizon, where the moon was coming up, was a broken bit of golden chain; my heel in the sand was again pressed on a woman's yielding fingers; I pulled myself together with a jerk.

"In order that what you tell me may help me, if it will," I said constrainedly. "It would be necessary, perhaps, that you tell it to the police. Since they have found the end of the necklace—"

"The end of the necklace!" she repeated slowly. "What about the end of the necklace?"

I stared at her. "Don't you remember"—I leaned forward—"the end of the cameo necklace, the part that was broken off, and was found in the black seaskin bag, stained with—"

the ragged edges of society there, pleading the poverty of the south since the war as a reason for not going out more. There was talk of a brother, but Alison had not seen him, and after a scandal which implicated Mrs. Curtis and a young attaché of the Austrian embassy, Alison had been forbidden to see the woman.

"The women had never liked her, anyhow," she said. "She did unconventional things, and they are very conventional there. And they said she did not always pay her—her gambling debts. I didn't like them. I thought they didn't like her because she was poor—and popular. Then—we came home, and I almost forgot her, but last spring, when mother was not well—she had taken grandfather to the Riviera, and it always uses her up—we went to Virginia Hot Springs, and we met them there, the brother, too, this time. His name was Sullivan, Harry Pinckney Sullivan."

"I know. Go on."

"Mother had a nurse, and I was alone a great deal, and they were very kind to me. I—I saw a lot of them. The brother rather attracted me, partly—partly because he did not make love to me. He even seemed to avoid me, and I was piqued. I had been spoiled, I suppose. Most of the other men I knew had—"

"I knew that, too," I said bitterly, and moved away from her a trifle. I was brutal, but the whole story was a long torture. I think she knew what I was suffering, for she showed no resentment.

"It was early and there were few people around—none that I cared about. And mother and the nurse played cribbage eternally, until I felt as though the little pegs were driven into my brain. And when Mrs. Curtis arranged drives and picnics, I—I slipped away and went. I suppose you won't believe me, but I had never

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN

Women suffering from any form of illness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and I find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."—Edward A. Marx, Albany, N. Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripes. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Due Precautions. In a town in Georgia there was an old preacher whose knowledge of the world was not wide nor deep, but who conceived it to be a place where, if one should trust his fellow men, he should at the same time keep an eye on his own interests.

One hot day he pulled off his coat and preached a vigorous sermon, under the pines, in his shirt sleeves. At the close of the open-air service one of his admirers approached him and said, regretfully:

"I don't suppose that you knew that the editor of one of the big New York Sunday papers was here when you pulled off your coat."

"I reckon I knew it well, for I'd been told of it," said the preacher, calmly. "I don't believe he's as bad as he might be, and anyway, I put my coat on the chair close by and had it right under my eye all the time."—Youth's Companion.

A Christmas Criticism. Orville Wright, discussing flying in New York, said to a reporter:

"The French claim to make the best machines, but our foreign order books tell a different story."

"Our foreign order books give the game away like the little Dayton boy at the Christmas tree. He got from the tree at this treat a pair of trousers, and, waving them around his head, he electrified the entire Sunday school by shouting in a loud and joyous voice:

"Oh, ma, these pants must be new. Pa never had a suit like that."

Suggested Too Much. Old Rocksey—Why did you quarrel with your count, my dear?

Miss Rocksey—He called me his treasure and it sounded altogether too suggestive.—Smart Set.

For Breakfast Post Toasties

A crisp, dainty food that pleases young and old.

Wholesome Economical Convenient

Serve with cream or milk (hot or cold).

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

IS A MANDATE FROM THE PEOPLE

Governor so Characterizes Suggestions to Legislature.

IMPORTANT REFORMS URGED

Perfecting Primary Law, an Effective Corrupt Practices Act, Home Rule for Cities, and Initiative, Referendum and Recall Recommended for Consideration.

Madison, Wis.—Governor McGovern, in his inaugural address, declares that few legislatures have convened in Wisconsin with equal opportunity for doing good. Many legislative matters of the very highest importance, upon which there is practical unanimity of opinion, have been considered and await only enactment into law.

The problems presented by the growth of monopolies and trusts and the displacement of the small manufacturer are discussed by the governor and the necessity for curative legislation along lines that will protect the interests of both capital and labor. The governor says: "Accusation and recrimination concerning existing conditions should now come to an end. This was once a necessary phase in the development of present issues, but it is no longer. The people now want action. They must have results. In all governmental affairs the newly awakened public conscience demands a square deal. In response to this imperative demand you, gentlemen of the legislature, should accomplish much during this session. The great mass of men all political parties, are in substantial accord as to the lines upon which you should proceed. Let me most earnestly urge upon you the necessity of taking up this work and completing it without unnecessary delay."

Primary Election Law.

The primary law, according to the governor, has been frequently tested and the arguments against its adoption are now seen to be without merit. Some defects, however, are now apparent. Concluding this subject the governor says: "The principal weakness in the law is that under it nominations may be made by the vote of a mere plurality. In many cases this has been the cause of majority of the voters of a party. Generally speaking, majority rule wherever practicable has been regarded as a fundamental tenet in the government of public bodies and voluntary political associations. It is not secured by the primary law in its present form.

"Existing political conditions greatly emphasize this defect. Never was there dependence in politics more marked. Many good citizens now vote for men rather than for parties, and are more deeply interested in political ideas and legislative programs than in party organization or partisan candidates. As a result, conflict of opinion within each party is now often more intense than between the parties, and a constant but almost imperceptible shifting and interchange of membership is taking place. Thus the real lines of political cleavage frequently run, not parallel to conventional party boundaries, but across them. In this situation it has become very important that the nomination of party candidates and determination of what shall constitute party principles may be made honestly and fairly and free from strategy or subterfuge.

"As the law now stands there is danger that whenever the majority wins or faction of any party is represented by a number of candidates in a primary campaign, a compact, cohesive and well drilled minority may defeat it.

"This is a condition which should not be permitted to continue. It flows from a defect in the present law which may be remedied in large measure at least, if not completely by permitting voters at the primary election to name their second choice candidate for each office. The value of majority nominations may in dead at times prove inestimable. I earnestly recommend the enactment of such a law."

Corrupt Practices Act.

The excessive use of money in political campaigns is declared by the governor to be an unqualified evil and one that has apparently increased with each succeeding year. On this subject he says: "Lavish expenditure of money through political channels for the purpose of influencing elections is a debauching and corrupting influence which has grown in prominence and baleful significance with each succeeding campaign. In any form this practice is demoralizing; but it becomes intolerable when it reaches the point of lawlessness and extravagance. Repeatedly single candidates and political committees have expended vast sums of money, some times more than a hundred thousand dollars, most of which was designedly employed to mislead the voters and bring the issues pending before them. As the law now stands every candidate for public office, whether he likes it or not, is placed at the mercy of the power of money, to annex to their possessions some desirable public office."

To remedy this condition of affairs the governor urges the enactment of an effective corrupt practices act. He says: "Such a law should provide for publication by the state and at public expense of necessary information concerning the qualifications of candidates at all primary and general elections. It should place an absolute limit on the amount of money which may be spent by or on behalf of any candidate for public office, this amount to depend in each case, of course, upon the importance of the office and to bear some fair relation to the salary incident thereto; it should provide that no money whatever may be spent in political campaigns except for certain purposes which should be enumerated in the law; it should require a strict system of public accounting of all money disbursed in political campaigns in order to avoid evasion, and to the end that every dollar spent may readily be traced from the original contributor to the ultimate recipient; it should prohibit all political activity whatever on either primary or general election day; and it should compel compliance with its provisions by rigorous penalties, including imprisonment and disqualification of candidates for public office."

Workmen's Compensation Act.

The executive declares that a demand has grown up for a more enlightened and humane system of compensating workmen injured in the course of their employment. He says: "Losses due to industrial accidents to workmen now fall in the first instance on the injured employee or in case of death upon his widow and orphan children. This burden can be shifted to the shoulders of the employer and thus upon society as a whole only by means of a law suit. As the law now stands, in order to prevail in such an action, the plaintiff must show that the injury for which he seeks redress was due to the negligence

of the employer. Even then his action may be defeated by showing that he was guilty of contributory negligence no matter in how slight degree, that the accident was due to the ordinary risks of the employment which the law says he assumed when he went to work, or that it was due to the fault of a fellow servant. Tested by these rules probably in over fifteen per cent of these personal injury cases does a valid right of action exist.

"The present system which bases the right of recovery in these cases upon litigation should so far as possible be abolished altogether and a system of just, prompt and certain compensation of all wage-earners injured in the course of their employment should be substituted for it.

"It seems to me that of all plans thus far put in operation, the German system is the best. It is compulsory and requires no contribution from employees in accident cases. So long as the conditions of the state and nation remain as they are, any system of workmen's compensation established here, unlike that of Germany, cannot be compulsory, but must be optional or elective. I have no objection with this exception and in the face of constitutional difficulties, the ingenuity of the legislative mind will find a way for the enactment of a statute which will do for us substantially what the German law has accomplished."

Conservation of Natural Resources.

"The conservation of the natural resources of the state is a question of vital public interest. It is a comparatively new subject, having received but little attention until a few years ago. The general movement in favor of conservation, nation-wide and all-embracing as it now is, has found expression in this state in a more sober and sensible attitude relative to the preservation of the fertility of the soil, the care of our forests and the utilization of our water powers. The time has come, therefore, for the adoption of a definite general policy in Wisconsin concerning these subjects to take the place of the special and sporadic legislation characteristic of the past."

Income Tax.

Governor McGovern recommends that the proposed sixteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, which confers on congress the power to enact an income tax law, be approved, and that a state law taxing incomes be enacted. The enactment of such a law, the governor says, will compel men of great wealth who now in a measure escape performance of their public obligations to contribute their just share toward the support of the government. Concluding this subject the executive says: "To what extent an income tax may become a substitute for our present personal property tax, or any part of it, probably time alone and experience in the administration of such a law can tell. Until we have had such experience, it may be well to proceed with caution. In the matter of the immediate abolition or reclassification of the present personal property tax."

Telephone Companies.

The state treasurer reports that under the present method of taxing telephone companies on their gross earnings, fifty-eight companies paid no tax whatever last year, while forty-five other companies paid less than one dollar each. The satisfactory results obtained by the taxation of railroads, street car and telegraph companies on an ad valorem basis, seem to the governor to justify an extension of the ad valorem system to all telephone companies in the state. In this way these companies will be taxed upon a basis just and fair to all and many thousands of dollars will be added to the public revenues.

Initiative and Referendum.

The great task of the time is how to make and keep the government a really representative of the people. The initiative, referendum and the recall have been proposed as effective means for accomplishing this result, says the governor. They have evoked the thoughtful attention of the entire country, and in the recent campaign in this state received the endorsement of all political parties.

Concluding an exhaustive discussion of these measures, the governor says: "These measures, intended as they are to bring the government closer to the people and make it more flexible in instrument in their hands for the promotion of the public welfare, cannot be introduced in Wisconsin by mere legislative enactment. Under the constitution of this state, all legislative power is vested in the senate and assembly, and any attempt to confer such power or any part of it, upon others, even upon the people themselves, without an appropriate amendment to the constitution would be ineffectual. Believing, I do, in the wisdom and practicability of these reforms, I most earnestly urge the passage of a joint resolution by this legislature for the submission to the people of an amendment to Section 1, Article 4, of the constitution of this state, so drawn as to permit the exercise by the people of the powers to which I have here referred.

The governor next takes up the subject of home rule for cities. On this subject he says: "Every consideration of good citizenship, efficient local administration and wise public policy suggests a change in this regard, and the enactment of legislation which will confer upon cities full powers of local self-government, including the right to adopt the initiative, referendum and recall."

Good Roads.

The governor urges the creation of a state highway commission to supervise and assist counties and towns in the work of road building. He says: "The state commission should have ample authority to protect the state's interests, and should be provided with adequate funds so that all work done with state aid may be properly inspected before it is finally accepted. This state aid should be one of real cooperation between the state and its subdivisions not only in a financial way but also in the matter of supervision and organization of forces in the actual construction of roads."

The value of the legislative reference department of the Free Library commission is pointed out and more liberal financial support is urged.

The governor urges the passage of a law authorizing the publication of the revised statutes as soon after the close of each session of the legislature as possible.

On the subject of public health the governor says: "Boards of health, public hygiene laboratories and other similar agencies should be so provided and equipped at public expense as to give assurance of a

high and steadily advancing standard of usefulness in the prevention of disease, the study of sanitation and the protection of health and life."

Stock and Bond Law.

The stock and bond law enacted in 1907 has been so construed by the supreme court as to limit the scope of inquiry which the railroad commission may institute where public service corporations desire to issue stocks and bonds. The evidences of indelicacy, and money only to an ascertained amount of the legal capacity or competency of such corporation to issue these securities. So construed, this law is of little value. It should be amended without delay so as to give the commission the broadest powers of investigation possible.

"Over-capitalization of corporations, commonly called 'stock-watering,' is a most mischievous evil, with far-reaching consequences. The manifest purpose of the legislature in enacting Chapter 576 of the laws of 1907 was absolutely to prohibit it, so far as public service corporations are concerned. This purpose should be effectively accomplished now by the enactment of a law which will clearly define the powers of the commission and extend its authority in the ways herein suggested."

The governor points out that the enactment of an employees' compensation law will require the organization of a state board or commission as a tribunal to settle disputes in accident cases. This board, he says, should be organized as to work in co-operation with the bureau of labor.

Education.

The question of education is always one of fundamental importance. It should be treated as liberally as possible. The various agencies and institutions now engaged in educational work in Wisconsin are all parts of a single system. They are nothing to gain by dissension. Unity and jealousy among them is as illogical as it will ultimately prove unprofitable. The common schools cannot be built up by tearing the university down and the university cannot be built up by tearing the common schools down. And so of the relation of the high schools to both the common schools and the university. And so of the normal schools and the academy and the college. They are all agencies of the same state having one great object and depending for financial support upon the same people.

The common schools are now the weakest part of the entire system. Country schools, especially, have not kept pace with city schools. The country schools need better attendance, better instruction and better supervision. The country observers maintain that at the present time, in about half the country schools of Wisconsin, all of these essential factors are lacking and that in all of them supervision is far from satisfactory. Consolidation of country schools has, according to the governor, resulted in great improvement in efficiency. Better supervision and higher wages for teachers are subjects upon which the governor takes a decided stand. Liberal support of the university is also urged.

The New Capitol.

"The Capitol commission informs me that since the legislature was last in session the construction of the Capitol has progressed as rapidly as the funds appropriated for this purpose have become available.

"The work completed since the last session includes the east wing designed for the Supreme Court, the State Library, the offices of the governor, the attorney general, and some of the departments. There have also been completed the heat light and power plant and the tunnel connecting it with the Capitol.

Financial Statement.

"I am informed by the secretary of state that at the end of the fiscal year, 1910, there was a balance on hand in the general fund of \$2,000,000. Two years before this fund showed a balance of \$1,155,291.92. The receipts for the fiscal years 1909 and 1910 were \$12,631,494.85, and the disbursements during the same period were \$10,631,202.93. The balance on July 1, 1910, to January 1, 1911, were \$2,469,715.92, and the disbursements during the same period were \$2,773,725.81. The balance in the general fund, therefore, on January 1, 1911, was \$245,989.11. It is to be borne in mind that these figures relate only to the condition of the general fund.

Important Measures First.

In concluding the governor says: "In recommending the legislative reforms here recommended has already been overwhelmingly approved by the voters of the state. Its enactment, therefore, should not be delayed.

"Fundamentally this demand is for an increasingly enlightened appreciation of the rights of the average man. It is a call for a return to the ideal of equity before the law in both business and politics.

"I have urged upon your attention strongly just this and nothing more."

"These suggestions come to you not as the personal views of any individual but as the views of the legislature, of every department of government, but in a very real sense as a mandate from the people themselves and they should, so far as possible, be given precedence upon your calendars and in your consideration. Let other bills wait until the main business of this session has been transacted and these most important measures have been heard upon their merits, free from any interest or influence which may surround other proposals of less general significance. In this way, I believe, business may be best expedited and justice done and this the 80th session of the legislature of Wisconsin concluded, as I trust it may be, at an early date."

"A short, business-like and therefore comparatively inexpensive session is alike desirable from the standpoint of your individual convenience and the public welfare. The order in which the bills to come before you shall be taken up will have much to do with the length as well as the success of your labors."

"If all the bills which are before you are of preparation and a time for action. There is seed time and harvest. In other years, and largely by other hands, the ground was broken and the grain planted for the coming year. It is the duty of legislative harvest which now waits to be garnered by you. It is a high privilege to have been called to the service of the state at this time and under these circumstances. In the language of our forefathers, 'It is the duty of the citizen to be great honor indeed to have had part, however humble, in the achievement possible during this legislative session. The pages of our history, the most important chapters written since the days of the civil war. Fellow citizens of the senate and assembly, I am confident that in our opportunities, may be so fortunate also in the use we make of them."

FLAX IS PROFITABLE

Wonderful Paying Proposition in Western Canadian Prairies.

So much is heard of the wheat, oats and barley grown in the prairie lands of western Canada, and so much has been told of the wealth to be made out of the raising of cattle on the succulent and rich grasses of those fertile plains, that a most important product has been almost lost sight of, Flax. Recent press reports advise us that on one of the last boats to clear from Fort William (at the head of Lake Superior) for Buffalo, there were 241,000 bushels of flax valued at \$583,220, and on another boat leaving the same day there were 283,000 bushels valued at \$720,000. There has been a big demand for Canadian flax this season, and the lake movement has been very heavy. Flax is always a sure crop, and gives to the farmer who is anxious for quick return after getting on his land, the chance he is looking for. There is opportunity for thousands yet, on the free homesteads of 160 acres, and many of these are available within short distance of the lines of railway that are already built or under construction, either on the main line or branches. Besides these free grant lands there is an opportunity to purchase from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

The display of western Canada's grains in the straw as well as threshed grains and grasses recently made at St. Louis was an excellent demonstration of what the country can do. It proved splendid as an illustration of the resources of that vast prairie country, which during the past year has again proven its ability to produce excellent yields of wheat, oats and barley—and flax. Not only this, but the splendid herds of cattle are a source of large revenue. There is a fund of information to be had by reading the Canadian government literature, copies of which may be had free by applying to your nearest Canadian government agent.

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The next time you feel that swallowing sensation, the sure sign of sore throat, gargle Hamlin's Wizard O! immediately with three parts water. It will save you days and perhaps weeks of misery.

There's one little satisfaction when a man falls sick, it makes his wife repent of her ill treatment of him. Don't work the game too often, however.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

The reason the biggest advertiser his one idea so vigorously is that it is his whole stock in intellectual trade.

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Cures all humors, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, cures paleness, nervousness, builds up the whole system.

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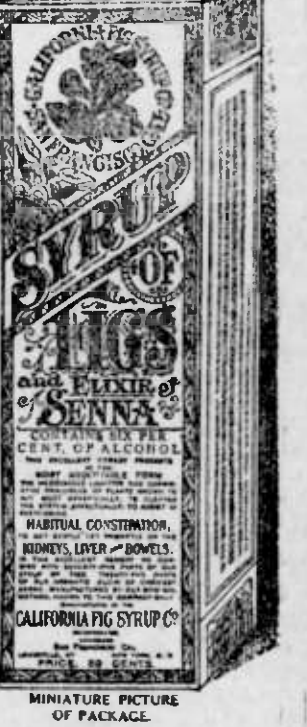
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My name is _____ P.O. _____
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\$100.00 for an Idea

Swift & Company issue every year a calendar illustrated in colors. Swift's Premium Calendar for 1911 is entitled "The Courtships of American Poetry." It contains reproductions of four beautiful paintings—"John Alden and Priscilla," "Hiawatha and Minnehaha," "Maude Muller and the Judge," "Evangeline and Gabriel."

We want an idea for our 1912 Premium Calendar. Send 10 cents in coin, or stamps, or one cent from a jar of Swift's Beef Extract, or 10 Wool Soap wrappers for the 1911 calendar, or you may see what is wanted, then send in your idea for the 1912 calendar.

For the best idea submitted and adopted we will pay March 1st, 1911, \$25.00 cash, \$20.00 3rd, \$15.00 4th, \$10.00 5th and 6th, \$5.00 7th to 11th, \$2.00 12th to 21st, \$1.00. Ideas must be in by February 15th to be considered. Send for Swift's Premium Calendar for 1911 to-day. You will have to have it to get the idea. Address Swift & Company 4161 Packers' Ave., Chicago, Illinois

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE \$3, \$3.50 & \$4 SHOES FOR MEN BOYS' SHOES, \$2.00, \$2.50 AND \$3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD. If you don't take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and give you your carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made the superior workmanship and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why Dollar for Dollar I guarantee My Shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other \$2.00, \$2.50 or \$3.00 shoes you can buy. Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years; that I make and sell more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the United States? Quality counts. It has made W. L. Douglas a household word everywhere. CAUTION! Name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, 148 State St., Brockton, Mass.

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Two delightful cruises leaving New York February 25 and March 28, 1911 BY THE S.S. Mollie TO Spanish Main, West Indies, Panama Canal, Bermuda, etc. Two cruises of 28 days duration \$150 from New York. One cruise, 16 days, \$85 up. Also cruises to the Orient, South America and Around the World.

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What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heart-burn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach growl or burp, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, less, torpid liver with indigestion, or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at these will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of native American medicinal plants. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Props., Buffalo, N. Y.



County Board Proceedings.

Regular Session of 1910

RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

RESOLUTION NO. 1.
Resolved, by the board of Supervisors of Washington County that the chairman of this Board and the county clerk, be, and they hereby are authorized and instructed to issue a county order for each of the accounts allowed during the present session of the board and for all appropriations made not otherwise provided for.

Resolved further, that the clerk be, and the same is hereby authorized to correct any and all clerical errors that he may find in writing up the proceedings of this session.
Anton Mueller

RESOLUTION NO. 2.
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washington County, Wis.

Resolved, by the Board of Supervisors of Washington County, Wis., that the committee on printing be and the same is hereby instructed to receive sealed bids for the county printing up to Tuesday, Nov. 22, 1910, at 2 P. M. Said bids shall include all publishing of the proceedings of the county board; all tax lists and notices of the county clerk and the county treasurer and the printing and furnishing of court calendars, not exceeding 200 in number; all blanks that are used by the county officers; also tax rolls, assessment rolls, tax stub receipt books, personal property assessment blanks and money blanks, book form road warrants and crop report books and 200 copies of the report of the supervisor of assessment in pamphlet form. All blanks and books to be of good quality of paper. Printing for the superintendent of schools to be excepted.

Resolved further, that separate bids be received for publishing all lists, notices and proceedings of the county board, tax notices of the county clerk and county treasurer, and that contracts for doing the same be let to the lowest bidder; the committee however reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

John Muehleis

RESOLUTION No. 3.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washington County:
Resolved, by the board of Supervisors of Washington County, that the sum of six hundred (\$600.00) dollars is hereby appropriated for janitor's salary.

John Muehleis

RESOLUTION NO. 4.

Resolved, by the Board of Supervisors of Washington County, Wisconsin, that there be and that hereby is appropriated out of any County funds not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two hundred (\$200.00) dollars for printing, postage and stationery in the office of County Superintendent of Schools, for the year beginning January 1, 1911; it being provided that one half of the amount appropriated shall not be available until July 10, 1911.

Christ Reis

RESOLUTION NO. 5.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washington County.
Resolved, by the County Board of Supervisors of Washington County, that it be made a special business in the first session of said board on Wednesday, Nov. 23rd, 1910, to elect the following officers to wit:
Superintendent of public property, a superintendent of the poor, a trustee of the insane asylum, a supervisor of assessment, and a court house janitor.

John Wilger

RESOLUTION NO. 6.

Resolved, by the County Board of Supervisors of Washington County, that no claims against said county will be allowed at this session of the County Board, unless such claims are filed with the county clerk on or before next Wednesday, Nov. 23rd, 1910.

Anton Mueller

RESOLUTION NO. 7.

Resolved, by the County Board of Supervisors of Washington County, Wisconsin, that there be and there hereby is appropriated out of any county funds not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred and twenty-five (\$125.00) dollars to be used in defraying the expenses of the diploma examination in accordance with the plan adopted in this county; it being understood that no extra compensation shall be given to the Coun-

ty Superintendent of Schools for his services in connection with said examinations.

Franz Eder

RESOLUTION NO. 8.

Resolved, by the County Board of Supervisors of Washington County, Wis., that there be and hereby is appropriated out of any money not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$1,800.00 to the Superintendent of Public Property fund for the use of the Superintendent of Public Property, to meet the necessary expenses.

Phillip Schelinger

CAMPBELLSPORT.

Mrs. J. Wenzel Sr. is on the sick list.

Mike Hall was a St. Kilian visitor Sunday.

Kilian Strobel spent Sunday at West Bend.

Ed Gross was a Fond du Lac caller Sunday.

J. A. Hendricks was in Fond du Lac Tuesday.

M. L. McCullough spent the day at Fond du Lac.

Mike Farrell was a Fond du Lac caller Tuesday.

Steve Bonesho is laid up with a sprained ankle.

E. F. Martin moved into his new house Saturday.

John Flynn of Milwaukee spent Sunday at home.

Olaf Anderson returned Saturday from Gillett.

Emmet McEvoy called on West Bend friends Sunday.

W. J. Sullivan was at Eden last Tuesday on business.

Frank Ritter of Fond du Lac was a caller here Tuesday.

Emil Wenzel of Oshkosh called on relatives here Monday.

Clarence Hendricks of Milwaukee was in the village Tuesday.

Ed. Burchardt of Oshkosh visited here Saturday and Sunday.

J. Wenzel Jr. was at Oshkosh on business Monday and Tuesday.

Joseph Schlaefler has returned home from his visit at Antigo.

Hiram Peck of Milwaukee spent Sunday here with the Cole family.

Earl Bixby has been appointed substitute mail carrier on route 32.

Philip Guenther put a phone in E. F. Martin's new residence Monday.

Do not forget there will be music at the Roller Rink tonight Saturday.

Wm. Schoofs of West Bend transacted business in the village Monday.

Atty' W. W. Hughes of Fond du Lac was a village caller Wednesday.

Mrs. H. F. Sackett of Fond du Lac visited friends in the village Tuesday.

Miss Josephine Bonesho returned home Saturday from a visit at Gillett.

Ed. Flanagan of Milwaukee spent Sunday here with friends and relatives.

John Wiskirchen of West Bend was a business caller here Wednesday.

Mrs. C. Trost of Kewaskum is visiting her sister Mrs. J. Ferber this week.

John Zuccaro and J. P. Schlaefler spent Monday at the county seat on business.

The M. W. A. and R. N. A. held a joint installation at the I. O. O. F. hall Monday.

Steve Gavin of Fond du Lac was the guest of the J. E. Ward family over Sunday.

A large crowd enjoyed the roller skating at Boeckler's hall Saturday evening.

Moving pictures will be presented at the Roller Rink to-morrow, Sunday, evening.

Quite a number from here attended the dance at St. Kilian last Wednesday evening.

Miss Josephine Bonesho has returned home after visiting friends at Gillett for a few days.

Mrs. Louis Schaefer and little son of Juneau visited the Wm. Kloke family here for a few days.

The U. S. Senate has confirmed the appointment of Platt Durand as postmaster of the village.

Mrs. Schlaefler returned to her home in Wausau Friday evening, after a few days' visit here with relatives.

Miss Kate Burchardt returned to Milwaukee Sunday evening, after spending several weeks here with her parents.

John H. Paas had several of his Plymouth Rock pullets at the poultry show at Milwaukee and captured first prize.

Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock a meeting of all members of the German Reformed congregation was held at the church.

The Mesdames Joe Meixensperger, Henry Powers and Jac. Johann and daughter were Fond du Lac visitors Wednesday.

William Martin and Jacob Meyer were the only mail carriers out of six from this office, who made their entire routes Monday.

Mrs. R. Jones returned to her home in Almond Friday after spending a few days here with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Hughes.

The morning flyer due here at about 6:19 was delayed here about an hour Monday morning on account of several cars of a freight being derailed at Eden.

The marriage of Miss Kathryn Brennan to William McBride took place at St. Matthew's church last Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. Fr. July tied the nuptial knot.

There has been a change made in the evening mail service, which took effect Thursday. Hereafter the mail will be dispatched on the 5:23 P. M. train instead of 5:50 as heretofore, so have all mail in the postoffice by 5 o'clock.

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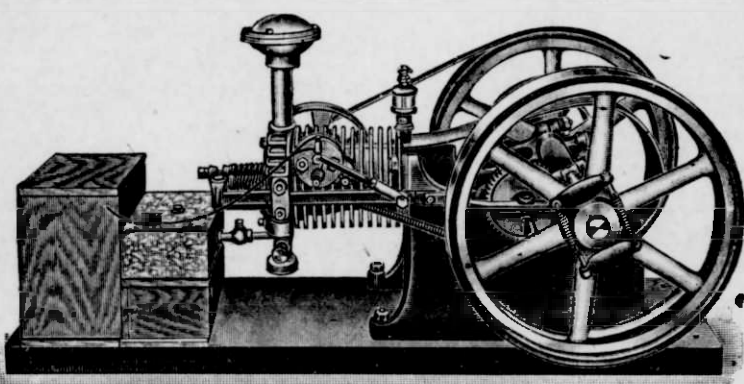
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